

### HOME CIRCLE COLUMN.

#### COLUMN DEDICATED TO TIRED MOTHERS AS THEY JOIN THE HOME CIRCLE.

If you intend to do yourself better than you ever don't take one.

If you have an idea that you are too good for a plain dinner, remain a bachelor.

A trade is a good thing to have; it is better than gold—things a large premium. But to make a premium, the trade must be perfect, no silver plated affair. Determine in your mind to be a good workman, of let the job out. Learning a trade is different from eating mush and milk—mechanical education does not slip down without chewing. Never slight your work never. Every job you do is a sign. Poor signs are against success.

The matron who appears before the members of the family in a shabby, soiled wrapper and makes the excuse, if needed she takes the trouble to make one at all, that "it is so much more comfortable," has little ideas of the possible consequences of such a course. Could she but realize that her dress is an evil example to her daughters and productive of consequences that will reach far beyond her span of life; that her husband and sons cannot fall to draw comparison between her dress and that of the ladies they meet in other homes, and that these comparisons cannot fail to decrease their respect for her, she might be induced to give more attention to her personal appearance.

Mothers sometimes say when a child shows a vile temper and shirk a good deal, that it would endanger his life to punish him; perhaps so, but you still more endanger his future if you don't punish him. Many a gallow's tragedy is beginning on the mother's lap, we wish we could write it in imperishable glowing letters on the walls of every home—obedience obedience! Obedience to law—to household law; to parental authority; unquestioning, instant, exact obedience. Obedience in the family obedience in the school. Wherever, from the beginning, from the first glimmering intelligence in the child there is expression of law, let there be taught respect for it and obedience to it. It is the royal road to virtue, to good citizenship, it is the only road.

We know that music is pleasant and home is not home where there are no songs or sweet harmonies; but a knowledge of the piano will not help a woman discharge her wifely duties, and a smattering of French or an ability to wait gracefully will do but little towards preparing a palatable dinner for a husband when he comes home hungry.

Society at the present day demands that girls shall be what they call accomplished; and to fulfill this demand the mothers of Christendom teach their daughters that a knowledge of all that belong to life's duties at home is not one of

the requirements, this manual labor must be consonant with drawing room cultivation. And so their lily hands slip idly over the piano keys; they wait in the most approved style; sip a little French or German, quote poetry—and society says they are accomplished. Doubtless they are, and by-and-by, as all modern fashionables do, they win a husband.

Let us say to you, young man, that pluck wins more battles than luck. Wishing is the easiest way in the world to get a poor living. Looking for the fortunate star to rise is like standing on the ocean's strand waiting and watching for wealth-laden ships to come over the sea that never "put out." Wishing brings a small income, and the tax on it are enormous.

Never in the history of any country in any age, has there been such a mighty work before the youth of our land as there is today; and we might say never were young men so ignorant of it and unfitted for their work as each one wants the other to see the boat while he catches the fish.

Profanity never did any man the least good. No man is the richer, the happier, or wiser for it. It commends no one to any society. It is disgusting to the refined; abominable to the good; insulting to those with whom we associate; degrading to the mind; unprofitable, needless and injurious in society. Young men don't be profane.

When a man has established a home with a wife and children, the most important duties of his life have fairly begun. The errors of his youth may be obliterated, the faults of his early days may be overlooked, but from the moment of his marriage he commences to write an irrefragable history; not by pen and ink, but by deeds, by which he must ever afterwards be reported and judged.

Setting a young man afloat with money left him by his relatives, is like tying a bladder under the arm of one who cannot swim; ten chances to one he will lose the bladder and go to the bottom. Teach him to swim and he will not need the bladder. Give your child a good education. See to it that his morals are pure, his mind cultivated and his whole nature made subservient to the laws which govern man, and you will have given what will be of more value than the wealth of the Indies. You have given him a start which no misfortune can deprive him of.

Don't forget mother when picnics and good times are in order. Don't let her do all the hard work. And boys, treat her to some fresh air every day behind that newly-broken coil.

#### SMALL FARM WANTED.

Want to rent a small farm, 5 or 10 acres, within a mile of Louisa. House with at least five rooms. Will pay cash rent. Possession wanted by March 1st. Leave particulars at this office.

Silver mesh bags, toilet sets, manure sets, at Conley's.

### WEST VIRGINIA NEIGHBORS.

#### NEWS FROM COUNTIES JUST ACROSS THE RIVER IN WEST VIRGINIA.

West Virginia now stands second in the rank of coal-producing States of the Union, Pennsylvania naturally holding the lead which it has acquired during the past century. It is particularly interesting to notice that the tonnage has grown to such proportions it now holds during a comparatively few years.

The quality of its coal is in the first rank for fuel, and has been therefore sold to many places in the United States and abroad for this reason. Not only is the tidewater tonnage a large one but there is also a very extensive business being done to States beyond the borders of the Mountain State. Naturally as consumption has increased there has been a generous business done by the railways traversing this State such as the Norfolk and Western, Chesapeake & Ohio, in large part the Baltimore & Ohio, the West Virginia Central, Coal & Coke, Kanawha & Michigan and the Virginian. All help to exploit and make known the use and value of the fuel produced in the State. At the same time there is considerable transportation by the Kanawha River waterway.

The 1911 production will without doubt be more than 65,000,000 tons which shows quite an increase despite the reported depression in business in general.

The first records of coal produced in West Virginia are had for the year 1862, and from the table above it will be seen that there was what was considered at that time a large increase by the time the year 1879 passed by, and the tonnage at present is far beyond what was expected, and the growth has been wonderful, for there is more coal produced in one day at the present time than during the whole of the earlier years, and, in fact, the output for one month at present is more than the tonnage produced in a years time a little more than 29 years ago. While it ranks second among the coal-producing States of this country it produces more coal than any country in the world outside of the United States except Great Britain and Germany.

The coal territory of the State is naturally divided into three prominent fields, the Northern, the New River-Kanawha and the Pocahontas. The Northern field comprises the Fairmont and Upper Potomac districts, served, respectively, by the Baltimore & Ohio and the Western Maryland roads. The New River and Kanawha fields, with their tributary districts, are served by the Chesapeake & Ohio, the Kanawha & Michigan and the Virginian railways. The Pocahontas field, with its several subordinate districts, is served by the Norfolk and Western, and to a slight extent by the Virginian Railway.

#### PROGRAM

For the Quarterly Meeting to be held with the Freewill Baptist Church, Sandy City, Boyd county, Ky., beginning on Friday before the fourth Saturday and Sunday in January, 1912:

1. The best methods to promote true religion, Rev. W. M. Suddith.
  2. The evils which exist among us and how to get rid of them, Rev. Carter.
  3. The unity of the ministry in doctrine and discipline, Rev. H. B. Conley.
  4. The state of Christian fellowship in the ministry, Revs. Isaac Griffith and John E. Conlye.
  5. The manner, time and place in which the minister can best devote his time, Revs. Naaman Borders and George Adams.
  6. The two witnesses and who were they, Revs. G. H. Young and H. W. Williams.
  7. How to maintain or keep fellowship in the churches, Revs. Judd Borders and Emmet Dills.
  8. Bible sanctification, Revs. Geo. Lyons and John Kestep.
  9. The religion of to-day as compared with apostolic religion, Revs. Jesse Hampton and Paris Vanhousse.
  10. What are the conditions of salvation according to the Bible.
  11. What was the apostles' church covenant?, Revs. James Vanhousse.
- ISAAC GRIFFITH, Charley, Ky.

#### STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Louisa National Bank to elect Directors for the ensuing year will be held at its banking house Tuesday, Jan. 9, 1912, 10:00 o'clock a. m. M. F. CONLEY, Cashier.

Old papers for sale at this office \$200 per hundred.

### So Tired

It may be from overwork, but the chances are its from an inactive LIVER.

With a well conducted LIVER one can do mountains of labor without fatigue.

It adds a hundred per cent to ones carrying capacity.

It can be kept in healthful action by, and only by

## Tutt's Pills

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

MILTON R. JOHN'S CORN

I planted this corn on the third day of June but I intended to plant it on a rich white clover sod but the ground got so hard it could not be plowed then I planted it on a poor sandy piece of ground that had been planted in water melons last year. I had the ground turned and also dragged it as soon as it was plowed this put the ground in very good condition. I planted four feet one way and three feet in the row I hoed it one time and plowed it the first time with a five tooth cultivator and next time with a double shovelled plow and the next time with the cultivator and it was very dry and it had no rain for a long time after it was laid by but it grew fine after the rain did come and where the manure was put in the mellow hills is where these fine ears was grown and other places where the corn was planted it made a small ear and some places it did not make any ear at all. This shows that it takes rich land to make corn this corn is mixed another white corn was planted by it and earlier than this corn next year I am going to plant one acre four feet wide and stake every one foot in the row this makes 30 rows with 200 stakes in a row this makes 19000 stalks of corn.—Milton R. John.

#### Report of the condition of THE LOUISA NATIONAL BANK, at Louisa, in the State of Kentucky, at the close of business Dec. 5, 1911.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$180 710 61
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	3 938 45
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	1 000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits	
U. S. Bonds on hand	500 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	18 080 90
Bonds, Securities, etc	7 500 00
Banking house, Furniture, and Fixtures	
Other real estate owned	
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	830 21
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies, and Savings Banks	5 431 81
Due from approved Reserve Agents	46 981 23
Checks and other Cash Items	1 168 49
Notes of other National Banks	190 00
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels, and Cents	314 16
Specie	10 328 69
Legal-tender notes 7,990.00	18 328 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	2 500 00
Total	\$337 457 86
LIABILITIES:	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 50 000 00
Surplus fund	12 000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	4 271 09
National Bank notes outstanding	
Due other National Banks	942 33
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	29 93
Individual deposits subject to check	216,217.52
Demand Certificates of deposit	2,007 70
U. S. Deposits	1 000 00
Postal Savings Deposits	
Total	\$337 457 86

State of Kentucky, County of Lawrence, ss: I, M. F. Conley, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. M. F. CONLEY, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of Dec. 1911. P. H. VAUGHAN, Notary Public. My commission expires Jan. 12, 1914. Correct-Attest: R. L. VINSON, F. H. YATES, L. H. YORK, Directors.



### REMEDY FOR LIVER TROUBLE

Generally Caused by Indigestion Brought on by Irregular and Improper Feeding of Fowls.

Generally speaking, liver troubles follow acute indigestion. This indigestion may be brought about by irregular feeding or being fed on one kind of grain too long, dirt and sour feed, with a poor supply of grain. To withhold the feed a long time and then allow it in over amount is one of the most fruitful sources of digestive disorders.

Drinking water which has been contaminated with filth, or which has stood in a warm place or in the sunshine until it has become putrid; exposure to draughts, cold rains, or damp roosting quarters, particularly during the molting season, are all conducive to indigestion.

If any one of these conditions surrounds your fowls, change them, putting them in light, dry houses and giving them wholesome, nutritious food. In very bad cases give daily five grains of rhubarb and every day one grain of calomel. Give them plenty of grit and charcoal. Charcoal is one of the best purifiers for the system of either fowl, animal or man.

The liver is one of the most important organs of the body, furnishing bile, one of the principal digestive fluids. It also assists in some of the most necessary chemical changes which occur in the blood. It is therefore an easy matter for it to become deranged from the causes that produce indigestion.

Indigestion of the liver is quickly followed by death unless immediate relief can be given. The symptoms are a yellow appearance of the skin and yellow or slightly bloody evacuations.

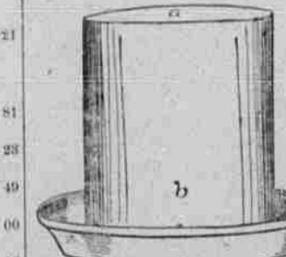
One of the chief indications of this disorder is lameness, especially of the right leg, and when this shows itself you may be pretty sure that inflammation of the liver is going on. The treatment of birds so affected is not profitable unless they are very valuable for breeding or exhibition purposes. The remedy is one-half to one grain of calomel to begin with, followed by 20 grains of Epsom salts and 2 grains of bicarbonate of soda, after 12 hours. Naphthol or benzo-naphthol may be given twice a week to disinfect the intestinal canal.

When the sick bird is considerably improved, give green food, tonics of raw beef, and allow the bird free exercise in the open air. The disease is not contagious, but the cause that produced it in one bird may affect the whole flock.

#### FOUNTAIN IS SELF-FEEDING

Water Tank for Large Fowls Easily Can Be Made Out of Gallon Vegetable Tin Can.

I made a drinking fountain for large fowls out of a gallon vegetable tin can. One end was melted off, and a hole, b, punched in the side within



Self-Feeding Drinking Fountain.

two inches of the top. It was then filled with water and a milk pan inverted over it and turned upside down. Water will flow in pan till it reaches the hole in the can, says a writer in the Farm and Home. Using a deep pan prevents getting it full of dirt.

Nationality of Eggs. Is it possible to tell the nationality of an egg by inspection? The question is raised in acute form by the evidence given by the presentation of a Lancashire, England, firm for selling Russian eggs as Irish, which resulted in acquittal. The experts varied, as even experts will. One confidently pronounced the eggs in question Russians nearly five weeks old; another said they were second class Russians; a third specified the south of Russia. On the other hand, experts for the defense were equally positive that nobody could tell the birthplace of an egg from external examination. One witness said that when eggs were bad their nationality was indeterminate. On the whole, one is bound to come to the conclusion that the average purchaser of eggs must take their nationality upon trust.

Science of Feeding. The feeding of fowls has become as much a science as has the feeding of dairy or beef cattle. Poultrymen have their balanced rations for their fowls. They feed especially for egg production, growth and fattening purposes. The farmer too often feeds for convenience and relies on corn to produce all the above requirements, hence the poor results on many farms. "Variety is the spice of life" in the poultry yard as well as with the

### CAIN & THOMPSON, Attorneys-at-Law.

LOUISA, KENTUCKY. Will practice in all courts in Lawrence and Martin counties, Ky., and in Wayne county, W. Va.

### DR. A. P. BANFIELD, CATLETTSBURG, KY.

In office 11 the time. Lives in office building. Practice—Ear, Eye, Nose and Throat.

I have furnished rooms for patients who have to remain for treatment or operation.

### L. D. JONES, D. M. D. DENTIST

Office over J. B. Crutcher's store. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

### TIP MOORE, Attorney at Law,

Louisa, Kentucky. Collections in Eastern Kentucky given special attention.

### DR. G. T. EPLING, DENTIST.

Rooms 503 and 504 Robson-Prichard Bldg. Phone 633. Office Hours:—9 to 11:30 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m.; Sunday, 10 to 11:00 a. m. HUNTINGTON, W. VA.



### N. & W. Norfolk & Western

Effective June 11, 1911.

Lv. Fort Gay (Central Time.) 1:15 A. M. Daily—For Kenova, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Columbus, Pullman Sleeper to Cincinnati and Columbus. Connections via Chicago and St. Louis for the West and Northwest.

1:04 P. M. Daily—For Columbus, Cincinnati and intermediate stations. Pullman Sleeper. Cafe Car to Columbus. Connects at Cincinnati and Columbus for points West.

Lv. 2:02 A. M. Daily—For Williamson, Welch, Bluefield, Roanoke, Lynchburg, Norfolk, Richmond, Pullman Sleeper. Cafe Car.

2:00 P. M. Daily—For Williamson, Welch, Bluefield, Roanoke, Norfolk, Richmond, Pullman Sleeper to Norfolk. Cafe Car.

Train leaves Kenova 8:25 A. M. Daily for Williamson, via Wayne, and leaves Kenova for Portsmouth and local stations 5:47 P. M. Daily, and leaves Kenova 6:00 A. M. Daily for Columbus and local stations.

For full information apply to W. B. BEVILL, G. P. A. M. F. BRAGG, T. P. A., Roanoke, Va.

### Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.

Schedule subject to change without notice.

Effective July 9, 1911. Local trains leave Louisa, south-bound 7:54 a. m. week days, and 5:54 p. m., daily. North bound, leave Louisa 9:24 a. m., daily, 3:54 p. m., week days. Arrive Ashland 10:35 a. m., daily, 5:20 p. m., week days.

To Lexington, Louisville and West. Leave Ashland 1:05 p. m. 4:45 a. m., daily. Local, week days to Lexington, 10:40 a. m. To Cincinnati and West. Leave Catlettsburg, express, daily, 4:22 a. m., 6:02 a. m., 12:42 p. m. Locals 5:29 a. m. week days, 12:26 p. m., daily.

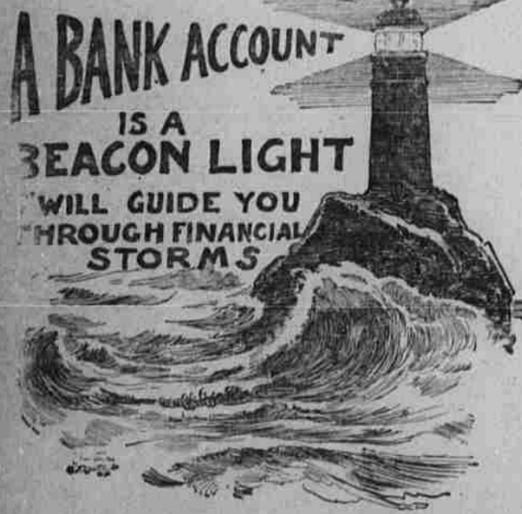
Leave Ashland, express, daily 4:37 a. m., 6:15 a. m., 1:00 p. m. Locals, 5:55 a. m., daily, 12:42 p. m., daily.

Fastbound, Main Line. Leave Ashland, express daily, 3:38 p. m., 1:01 a. m., 12:38 a. m. Local, daily to Huntington, 12:46 p. m.; runs to Hinton week days. Local, week days, to Huntington, 3:45 p. m.

S. J. JUSTICE, Agent, Louisa, Ky.

#### FARM FOR SALE.

300 acres fine bottom and hill land at mouth of Cherokee, 3 miles from Blaine town, on road to Wobsville, 7 miles from railroad. Railroad surveyed through farm and sure to be built. 50 to 60 acres very rich bottom. 12 to 25 acres overflows with backwater in winter or spring, but no crop destroyed by water for 33 years. Yield 50 to 80 bushels corn per acre. 200 acres cleared and in grass crops. 100 acres in timber, to keep up place 50 years. school half mile, graded school miles away. Water and spring every field 3 coal banks on to 4 feet. Good neighborhood for selling, health failed farm running down since I apply to F. R. Moore, Louisa or go look for yourself. Also, 260 acres 4 miles from Blaine. Good building roads, and good hill land, some tom. Near best college in Pine neighborhood, school half mile distant. Prices reasonable.



A BANK ACCOUNT IS A BEACON LIGHT WILL GUIDE YOU THROUGH FINANCIAL STORMS

With money in the bank you are in position to weather any storm that may arise. Also, to take advantage of the good opportunities that present themselves occasionally.

Make OUR Bank YOUR Bank.

M. G. Watson, Pres. M. F. Conley, Cashier. A. G. Snyder, V. Pres. G. R. Burgess, Asst. Cashier. THE LOUISA NATIONAL BANK. J. F. Hackworth. F. H. Yates. Dr. L. H. York. R. L. Vinson.

CORNER OF MAIN STREET, LOUISA, KY.