

BIG SANDY NEWS.

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Friday, September 18, 1914.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

- For U. S. Senator (Full Term) J. C. W. BECKHAM. For U. S. Senator (Unexpired Term) JOHNSON N. CAMDEN. For Congress W. J. FIELDS. For Congress, Tenth District, F. T. HATCHER, of Pike.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

H. C. SULLIVAN FOR COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY. We are authorized to announce H. C. SULLIVAN, of Lawrence county, as a candidate for the nomination for Commonwealth's Attorney for the 32nd Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

G. W. CASTLE FOR COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY. G. W. Castle, of Lawrence county, announces his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for Commonwealth's Attorney for the 32nd Judicial District, primary election in August 1915, earnestly requesting the support of all Democrats of the district.

JOHN M. WAUGH as a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney of the 32nd Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party in the primary of August, 1915.

W. D. ONEAL, JR., as a candidate for the nomination for Circuit Judge of the 32nd Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

JUDGE M. M. REDWINE as a candidate for Circuit Judge of the district composed of Lawrence, Elliott, Carter and Morgan counties, subject to the action of the Democrats in the primary election the first Saturday in August, 1915.

Big Sandy River.

The statements from Washington through the public press about the waste of money on Big Sandy river improvement are very unfair. The whole truth should be told. The original project called for 21 dams. This system was recommended by the United States engineers after surveys and careful investigations extending over several years. Those who made this investigation and mapped out these plans were men of ability and experience, the peers of those now in charge. They did not contemplate that five dams out of a plan of 21 would be able to make a satisfactory showing. They would have advised, no doubt, if asked such an unreasonable question, that five dams would not produce results sufficient to justify the expenditure. Where is there an enterprise that would pay only 25 per cent of the necessary equipment? Give the Big Sandy the 21 dams and she will show satisfactory returns and be a great feeder to the Ohio river's slackwater system on which millions are being spent. Give us three fourths of the dams originally proposed and we will prove the wisdom of the improvement, regardless of the railroad lines.

There are two very apparent reasons why the five dams are not handling much tonnage. One is that the slackwater reaches barely one coal mouth of the river. All of the best coal field lies on above that. The engineers who planned this system never dreamed that it would stop at the edge of the coal field and be condemned as a failure because it was not showing heavy tonnage.

The other reason is that it never has been possible for boats and barges to get out of the Big Sandy and into the Ohio and never will be until the dam now being built between Catlettsburg and Ashland in the Ohio shall have been completed.

So what could be expected in the way of traffic under such conditions? No fair man would for a moment contend that any test is possible as the matter now stands. The one coal company now within reach of the slackwater would be using it if the barges could be taken out into the Ohio. If the system reached even half way into the real coal field there would be an immense amount of transportation handled in this way. The money already expended on Big Sandy is spoken of in that report as wasted. If it is ever wasted the waste will be chargeable to the men who are condemning the project and stopping the improvement at this stage—less than one-fourth completed. Of course it is a waste to stop now. But when the Ohio system is completed and the railroad in this narrow valley proves its inability to meet anything near the demands of the engineering department and the members of the Congressional committee will wake up to the fact that the original plans should be carried out. The Big Sandy improvement is meritorious and if completed would justify the claims and expectations of its friends.

Organization of Farmers.

The farmers near Louisa have with-in easy reach the best markets to be found anywhere. All they need to do is to produce what these markets demand and organize a selling agency to handle the products to the best advantage. The two large coal fields near here will use all the garden truck that can be grown in this vicinity and

will pay good prices for it. The business men of Louisa should go to work systematically within the next thirty days to help our farmers plan for next year. We can help them to market all they grow, and they will be willing to produce the stuff if assured of selling it. Associations for this purpose are successful elsewhere and can be made so here.

Messrs. Beckham, Camden and Fields will make their campaign this fall on national issues. The indorsement of the great record made by President Wilson will be the chief duty of our citizens in November. He has already accomplished enough to place him in the front rank of our greatest Presidents, and these troublous times in Europe are giving him new questions of grave importance to settle almost every day. He is meeting every emergency promptly and with the greatest wisdom.

Maine elected a Democratic Governor and Legislature last Monday. The Congressional delegation was re-elected exactly as it now stands. "As Maine goes, so goes the country" is a familiar political adage. The result is a decided indorsement of President Wilson.

Many counties in Kentucky are starting "moonlight" schools for the benefit of adult illiterates. It is a great work and every county in the State should follow suit without delay. It is no longer an experiment. Wonderful results have already been attained.

So far as the NEWS believes or can ascertain, every Democrat in Lawrence county will vote for Beckham and Camden for United States Senator, long and short term. Whatever may have been their preferences before the primary they are in line for the nominees.

LUKE McLUKE SAYS

The reason why a woman sheds tears when she reads about the poor benighted Hottentots who wear rings in their noses is because she never feels dressed up unless she has a couple of half pound donkeys hanging from the holes in her ears.

Even if you don't have to pay to get in, it isn't a safe bet that you won't have to pay to get out.

Half the trouble with this world is that people are busy handing out advice that they won't take themselves.

It is funny that the kind of man a woman has occupying her air castles never looks anything like her husband. Cheer up. If you had money enough to buy everything you wanted you would have dyspepsia so badly that all you could absorb would be toast and water.

The reason a woman is a woman is because she would rather pay \$1.98 for an article and get a two-cent premium with it than pay \$1.50 for the same article without the premium.

The reason why they call him the "best man" at a wedding is because he goes away single after the ceremony. Mother Jones came pretty close to telling the truth when she said that a woman can "raise all the hell she wants to without having a vote."

A good wife who is a good mother doesn't do any raving about "equal rights" because she knows that her husband regards her as his superior.

Lots of the old-fashioned boys who wanted to become pirates have grown up and gratified their ambitions without seeing a ship.

What has become of the old-fashioned tad who believed that cigarettes were made out of cigar butts?

And then there is the kind of fellow who can't order a meal in a restaurant until he has found out what the other fellows are eating.

A self made man too often erects a skyscraper head on a bugaloo body.

You never can tell. Lots of girls who act like doves can eat like ostriches.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

WATSON DECLARES U. S. MUST FIGHT TO RETAIN TRADE.

Washington, Sept. 1.—That the United States will acquire a great deal of the commerce of other nations may be engaged in warfare but that it may become necessary to defend that commerce later by force of arms, and that preparations of all kinds looking to the possibility of war in the future should be made is the opinion of former Senator Clarence W. Watson, of Fairmont, Va., who reached Washington today, after some thrilling experience in several of the countries of Europe.

Senator Watson was in Austria when war was declared. He sped on to Germany and was there when war was declared. Here he was held on suspicion of being an English spy. Because he was traveling in an English automobile, but after a few hours detention he was permitted to proceed and passed through Belgium and Holland to England, whence he returned to New York on a British liner. In all those countries he witnessed the mobilization of troops and said today that the United States, in his opinion, could not mobilize an army the size of Germany's inside of three years.

Senator Watson, who is chairman of the board of directors of the Consolidation Coal Company, says a great increase in the exportation of coal from the United States followed the coal strikes in England and Wales. American coal, he said, was shipped at that time to Egypt, Greece, Italy, Turkey, Argentina and Brazil and most of the business was retained after the end of the English strikes. He said not only in coal but in all other lines of commerce the United States, when it once gets its products introduced as the present war will give us a chance to introduce them, can count on retaining the greater part of the business so acquired. It is his belief that this commercial supremacy of America as a result of the European war may cause jealousies on the part of some of the nations which will lose business to us and may endanger the peace of the United States, unless at the same time we are acquiring in the commerce we are preparing for emergencies that may arise by engaging our army and navy and training our young men for military careers.

Daniel Kegley, age 49, died Sunday at Ibox, Elliott county, of cancer of the stomach.

WONDERFUL NEW WEAPON USED BY THE GERMANS.

Krupp Mortar Most Miraculous and Powerful Gun Ever Invented.

If Germany wins the war it will not have been might but science that conquered. It will have been the science of warfare, such as other nations have known and practiced, though not so well, but, above all, it will have been the science of artillery, for the pinnacle of German war science is the 16.5-inch Krupp mortar, the most miraculous and powerful weapon designed in the history of war.

The Krupp mortar is the one unique and astonishing product of this month of fighting.

Mentioned by thousands, the Krupp mortar is known only by a few. The gun was invented eight years ago, but only those in the confidence of the Krupps know who the inventor is.

For eight years the Krupps worked at the secret while guarding it with rigorous precautions. This year they perfected it. This mortar fires the largest and most dangerous projectile ever shot from a weapon. In making it no single workman worked on more than one small piece, and one vital part of its machinery was made in Austria.

What was done at Liege and Namur and which may soon be done at Antwerp and Paris was this: At some distance from a fort a space was cleared and a great mortar set in a concrete bed occupying a circle with a radius of 100 feet. Behind the mortar and outside this circle was a tunnel leading to a subterranean chamber. The great mortar was sighted, the projectile was set in place and then the gunners retired to their underground chamber. Here they pressed a button and the mighty shot was fired.

The explosion was terrible. Any one within 50 feet of the gun at the time of the explosion would be killed. Even men in the neighboring armies complained of headaches and toothaches from the jar.

The projectile pierced through one, two and three ordinarily impenetrable walls and buried itself in a fourth. Here it lay silent many seconds, then exploded like a volcano, bringing to the ground in ruins every stone which had stood upon another.

Each shell costs \$2,500. What it contains the Krupps only know. It is taken to the battlefield in pieces and assembled by the highest paid and most trusted of the Krupp engineers. It is aimed and loaded by them, and not one member of the Artillery Corps in the Kaiser's army has anything to do with it.

COM. NEWMAN URGES LARGER WHEAT ACREAGE.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 18.—In the September crop report, made public today, Commissioner of Agriculture J. W. Newman urges farmers to plant a larger acreage of winter wheat and to bear in mind that the demand for draft animals and meat will continue for a long time after the war ends.

The report follows: "Just as we issued a crop report as of August 1, general rains began falling throughout the State. These rains have been reasonable for the last month and not excessive. It is difficult to believe that such a change in conditions could be made within thirty days. The farmers and livestock men of the State are rejoicing over the improved conditions, and a comparison of this month's report with that of last month is made to show what a great change has taken place through the State within the last month.

Average Crop of Corn.

"No one is surprised at the outcome of tobacco as a result of the rains. Tobacco is a weed and can give indications of almost a complete failure, and with reasonable weather make a fine crop. It must not be forgotten, however, that the acreage of tobacco is greatly reduced and the stand imperfect. The greatest surprise is the improvement made in corn. Kentucky will have an average crop of corn, although a month ago it looked like it would be a very short crop. As one report says: 'The rains have made good ears of corn out of stubbins.'

"In this connection it seems advisable to call the attention of the farmers of the State to the fact that every indication points to a high price for food stuffs for next year. The United States Government authorities, the railroads and commercial bodies of the country are encouraging the sowing of a large acreage for winter wheat. The European war will undoubtedly cause the grain and livestock produced in America to bring good prices during the next few months, if not for several years. We, therefore, urge all farmers to increase their wheat acreage, and to use bone meal or acid phosphate on their wheat lands. There are but few acres in Kentucky that are not short in their supply of phosphoric acid, 200 to 300 pounds of bone meal or acid phosphate an acre for wheat will usually prove a profitable investment. Rye, barley and winter oats will save corn, and should be sown as quickly as possible.

Sow Crimson Clover and Save Fertilizer Bills

The indications are that prices of fertilizer the coming season will be much higher than usual, owing to the fact that the supply of fertilizer materials will be largely cut off on account of the European war. This should cause farmers everywhere to put land in crops that will save fertilizer bills. Nothing will do this better than Crimson Clover. It is unquestionably one of the best soil-improvers that can be put in, and wherever it is grown, it gives largely increased crops of corn, cotton and tobacco.

We have secured more liberal supplies of Crimson Clover than was expected and will be able to sell at much more reasonable prices than was anticipated.

WOOD'S CROP SPECIAL gives full and interesting information about the fertilizing value of Crimson Clover; also about other seeds for Fall sowing. Write for Crop Special and prices of any seeds required.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

We Announce Our Fall Fashion Show Thursday and Friday September 24th and 25th. We cordially invite you to attend our Fall Fashion show on Thursday and Friday the 24th and 25th. We promise you a display worth your while of the season's favored models in suits, coats, dresses and millinery, the popular dress fabrics, silks and trimmings are here in profusion. It is a show worth coming to see. The Living Models. On Saturday, September 26th, from 10 till 12 o'clock and from 2 to 4 o'clock we will hold a special display of the most attractive modes in suits, coats, dresses and millinery. These will be shown on living models brought from New York City for this purpose. The Anderson-Newcomb Co. On Third Avenue Huntington

possible. All roughness possible should be saved and well cared for in order to save the feed bill for corn.

Outlook For Livestock.

"The State has not been so free of hog cholera for several years. Farmers will do well to keep their brood sows and to increase their number of sheep. Pork and mutton prices will unquestionably be high. If the war continues any length of time, wool will be much higher next year than this. The agents for European governments are busy buying horses and mules at the present time. Prices have not materially advanced, but with the war lasting for a few months, it is reasonable to expect cavalry and artillery horses, as well as mules, to very materially advance in price.

"The tobacco grower will rejoice over the determination of the Federal Reserve Board to accept notes secured by warehouse receipts on tobacco to the extent of 75 per cent. of the value of the crop from bank members of the Federal Reserve Association.

"Taken as a whole the Kentucky farmer has every reason of looking to the future with a hopeful feeling. Every indication is that peace and prosperity is in prospect for him."

LOCAL OPTION ELECTIONS TO BE HELD IN KENTUCKY.

Local option elections will be held this month in 15 of Kentucky's 23 wet counties.

Monday, Sept. 21, elections to determine whether or not intoxicating liquors may be sold in licensed saloons will be held in Christian (Hopkinsville), Daviess (Greenboro) and McCracken (Paducah), the names in parenthesis being those of the principal cities in each county, and Monday, Sept. 28, in Henderson (Henderson), Bourbon (Paris), Bell (Middleboro), Boone (Burlington), Carroll (Carrollton), Clark (Winchester), Anderson (Lawrenceburg), Montgomery (Mt. Sterling), Mason (Maysville), Fayette (Lexington), Shelby (Shelbyville) and Scott (Georgetown).

The tight wet counties in which the question is now to be submitted are Boyd (Ashland), Campbell (Newport), Kenton (Covington), Jefferson (Louisville), Franklin (Frankfort), Nelson (Bardonia), Marion (Lebanon) and Meade (Bardonia). Frankfort business men were able to prevent the submission of the question in Franklin county this month, but a petition has been put into circulation calling for an election to be held December 2.

The dry forces will next year, if their present plans are carried out, carry their campaigns into all of the remaining wet counties, with the exception of Jefferson, Kenton and Campbell, and this will be followed by an attempt to elect a majority of the next General Assembly to insure the adoption of a measure submitting to a vote of the people a constitutional amendment that will permit of the adoption of state-wide prohibition.

RESOLUTIONS ON DEATH OF JOHN C. C. MAYO.

The following resolution was adopted by the Democratic State Central and Executive Committee at its last meeting at Louisville:

WHEREAS, the Hon. John C. C. Mayo, while occupying the position of National Committeeman of the Democratic party in the State of Kentucky, died May 11th, 1914, and

WHEREAS, by such death the Democratic party of Kentucky lost one of its most valiant soldiers and the citizenship of the State one of its most progressive, able and efficient citizens. Therefore, be it resolved, by the State Central and Executive Committees of the Democratic party of Ken-

tucky, in joint session assembled this day, that in the death of John C. C. Mayo, a loss to the party has been sustained and that the State of Kentucky has lost a man who by devotion of a life time was, in a large measure, responsible for making the rugged Empire of Eastern Kentucky to blossom like a rose, and the commemoration of those left to fight the battle of Democracy is extended to the many friends of this man in Kentucky and elsewhere and the sincerest sympathy of each member of the committee is extended to his immediate family by reason of a loss sustained.

Be it further resolved that the secretary of these committees be directed to send a copy of these resolutions to the family of the deceased Kentuckian and furnish copies to the press.

JIM H. SPRADLIN, Ch'n. J. K. WELLS. W. A. BERRY.

HAPPY WOMEN

Plenty of Them in Louisa, and Good Reason for It.

Wouldn't any woman be happy. After years of backache suffering. Days of misery, nights of unrest. The distress of urinary troubles. When she finds freedom. Many readers will profit by the following.

Mrs. Sarah Pigg, Louisa, says: "I suffered from symptoms of kidney trouble, all of which were painful and annoying. My back ached and I could hardly endure the dull, heavy pains. I was weak and tired and had no ambition. I had nervous headaches and dizzy spells and was annoyed by the kidney secretions. Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my notice and procuring a box at the Louisa Drug Store, I began using them. They regulated the kidney action and rid me of the suffering. The cure has been permanent. All I said about Doan's Kidney Pills when I recommended them before, still holds good."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Pigg had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Glenwood Stock Farm

GLENWOOD, KENTUCKY. V. B. SHORTRIDGE, Proprietor.

Pure herd of registered Shorthorn Durham Cattle direct from the Blue Grass section.

Chief of the herd is "Perfection," No. 352799. Service offered at \$2.00.

"Ideal Beau," No. 354432, eight-months-old red bull, has been sold, and will be taken to W. E. Robinson's farm on Little Fork in Elliott county.

Will have thoroughbred for sale right along. Farmers requested to inspect our herd.

Saddles & Harness. When you need a Saddle, Bridle, set of Harness, or any part of equipment in this line, give us a chance to show you what we have. We are anxious to put up our qualities and prices against anybody else's line. Snyder Hdwe. Co. LOUISA, KENTUCKY.

STATE TO MAKE DETERMINED FIGHT AGAINST HOOKWORM.

The State of Kentucky is making a determined war on the disease called hookworm and is using every possible means to cure it where it exists and to prevent its spread.

To assist in its eradication tests must be made on the human body to find out who has the disease, and to this end the various county health officers, at the request of the State Board of Health, have been obtaining small quantities of bowel contents from children in every county in the State. Dr. A. W. Bromley, Lawrence county health officer, has procured and sent to the State bacteriologist 170 specimens.

The disease, the chief source of which is filth and a lack of sanitation, exists in this and adjoining counties, and the people should be taught how to avoid the malady.

LAWRENCE FARMER BUILDING A GOOD SILO.

Jeff Collinsworth, an enterprising farmer at Cadmus, this county, is doing what several hundred others in this county should do. He is building a silo. This is probably the most profitable investment a farmer can make. For wintering cattle and milk cows there is nothing that equals silage in results or in low cost. Other parts of the country are thoroughly awake to this great enterprise.

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