



Let's Us Good Folks Stick Together



I'm mighty glad I was born a real Southerner. Just suppose I had been an Eskimo, or an Indian, or something with rings in my nose and ears!

Yes, sir—I am good and proud of my Southern birth. My mother is from Virginia and my father is from the Carolinas. I was born and raised down here among you all.

I wish you could see my home—it is so clean and bright and cheery and wholesome—the finest, whitest, healthiest tobacco factory in all the world.

I am called SOVEREIGN—King of Them All! But my middle name is Smoke, friend—and all over the South my loyal friends are with me, because

**You Folks of the South KNOW good blood!
You Folks of the South KNOW good tobacco!**

I want you all for my friends—every one of you. Give me a chance—see how I make good. And don't forget—

I am guaranteed by *The American Tobacco Co.* —Buy me. If you don't like me return me to your dealer and get your money back. I have said it. A Southern gentleman is known the world over for keeping his word, and I have given you mine.

Sovereign Cigarettes

FOR THE GENTLEMAN OF THE SOUTH
"King of Them All"

NEWS OF GENERAL INTEREST FROM THE WORLD AT LARGE

That a crisis in the war is coming in the next few months, but that the conflict will be long continued, was the statement made by the Earl of Derby yesterday in urging the nation to "stick it out."

The Rev. G. R. Buford, of the Moore Memorial Presbyterian church at Atlanta and formerly of Louisville, was shot and killed when he entered a residence in answer to a woman's screams.

Senator Fletcher yesterday made an

attack on the plan to substitute a lump appropriation of \$25,000,000 for the \$39,000,000 Rivers and Harbors Bill.

Senator Weeks, of Massachusetts, yesterday introduced a substitute for the Administration Revenue Bill, providing for a \$760,000,000 bond issue.

MONDAY.

The Germans in the Miramont sector of the Aisne front in France have striven hard to regain the positions taken from them by the British on Saturday, but their attempts were fruitless, according to the British War Office. Attacking in waves, the Germans came under the concentrated fire of the British guns and were swept back to their trenches, suffering heavy casualties. At no place did the attacking forces reach the British line, and the British suffered no casualties. The British captured 750 officers and men. Trench raiding operations and artillery duels still continue on various sectors

of the front in France and Belgium. In Champagne near Ripont, according to Berlin, the French have actively shelled the Germans in the positions captured from the French last week, but have been unable to launch infantry attacks owing to the terrific artillery reply of the Germans.

Official circles in Vienna do not regard the situation between the United States and Austria-Hungary entirely hopeless. Efforts by the American Embassy to maintain friendly relations are believed to be indications that a severance of diplomatic relations is not to be expected immediately, that there is not the slightest chance of the Government's yielding in the least, so far as the principle is involved, from unrestricted submarine warfare as declared by Germany.

Sunday passed quietly in Havana as far as revolutionary activities were concerned, only a few minor brushes between rebels and Government forces being reported from isolated places. With Ciego de Avila in its hands and communication with that point re-established, the Government probably is concentrating its forces for an attack on Santiago de Cuba, which city is still in the hands of the rebels.

With the end of the Sixty-fourth Congress but two weeks off, Administration leaders are concentrating their energies to the enactment of revenue and national defense legislation. Much long-pending general legislation must give way to appropriations and measures that relate to the preparation of the nation for eventualities which may grow out of the diplomatic reach with Germany.

Fourteen L. & N. conductors who brought an injunction suit against O. C. officers to prevent the calling of a

strike in September, at a time when a nation-wide strike seemed inevitable, will be placed on trial this morning before the Monon division of the order. The penalty for bringing suit against the order without first exhausting all resources within the order is expulsion.

Gen. von Ludendorff, Field Marshal von Hindenburg's chief of staff, is Germany's real "boss" now. Except in a few military matters his power is supreme. He is said to have been responsible for the inauguration of recent changes in economic policies, and his influence is even felt in foreign relations.

A German official communication announces the sinking during one day by a single submarine of 51,800 tons of Entente vessels—an auxiliary cruiser of 20,000 tons, two auxiliary cruisers, or transport steamers, of 13,600 tons each, and one transport of 4,600 tons.

The loss of four steamers, three British and one Italian, was reported in Sunday's dispatches. The total tonnage of the U-boat victims is more than 12,000 tons.

The Marquis de Potestad-Fornari, half-nephew of Gen. Robert E. Lee, died in Geneva, Switzerland, according to a message received by his son in Baltimore.

Two navy officers who were in an observation balloon in Florida when it became free from its moorings, drifting 165 miles into Alabama before making a landing.

Seniors at Pennsylvania State University, who have taken military training, have been asked to take the examination for officers in the Marine Corps.

A company of Guardsmen is guard-

ing Lube Martin, in jail at Murray, Ky., awaiting trial for the murder of Policeman Guthrie Duguid.

Gov. E. C. De Baca, of New Mexico, died yesterday, said to be due to a trip from California to take the oath of office.

An Owensboro woman was run over twice by the same automobile yesterday, both legs being broken.

The old age fund of the Episcopal church has passed \$5,000,000.

TUESDAY.

Maj. Gen. Frederick Funston, commander of the Southern Department, died at San Antonio, Tex., last night, a few minutes after he collapsed in a hotel where he had gone with a party of friends. Attending physicians said the cause of death was acute indigestion. Gen. Funston had just finished dinner when he fell unconscious. He was 61 years old, and had been a prominent figure in the military history of the United States Army since his capture of Aguinaldo in the Philippines. Since Gen. Funston has been in charge of all troops on the Mexican border, his work has been unusually hard, he having frequently been on continuous duty for twenty-four hours.

On the Iraq front, in Asiatic Turkey, the British and Turks have been engaged in hard fighting at Sannai Yat, about twelve miles northeast of Kut-el-Amara. In their onslaught the British captured front line Turkish positions at two places, respectively on frontages of 350 and 540 yards. Their tenure of the positions was short lived, however, for the Turks, in two heavy counter attacks, forced the British right wing back upon its original line. The left wing continued the struggle of attempting to hold back the Turks until near nightfall, when it also fell back covered by the barrage fire of the British guns.

While recognizing opposition in both houses of Congress to the President's plan of asking for authority to use power to protect American lives and ships at sea, Administration leaders feel certain that the power will be granted if Mr. Wilson seeks it. It is believed that the President will not go before Congress until a few days before the session closes.

London reports that on the front in France the British carried out a successful raid east of Socher, while Berlin reports attempted British advances southwest of Messines and north of Armentieres resulted in failure. The artillery duels between the French and Germans on several sectors of the Verdun front have again become quite severe.

Many Americans now are leaving Germany by way of Switzerland, according to a report from Copenhagen, where about 400 citizens of the United States are stranded. A number, who home are likely to be thrown upon have been unable to obtain funds from public relief unless some arrangements can be made for their departure.

That Germany was slow in awakening to the desirability of making a favorable impression upon neutral countries, was shown by its military censorship eventually modified to some extent, according to an Associated Press correspondent, leaving Berlin with Ambassador Gerard.

The Federal Trade Commission, while withholding its decision upon the request of a large group of paper manufacturers to have a commission named to fix news print prices, is understood to favor the suggestion of such commission.

Debate on the Administration bill to punish espionage, violations of neutrality and conspiracies by agents or sympathizers of foreign governments was concluded in the Senate and its passage is expected to-day.

The Chancellor of the British Exchequer has announced to the House of Commons that the subscriptions to the new British war loan amount to at least £700,000,000 exclusive of contributions from banks.

The Army and Navy Bureau chiefs have been instructed to compile immediately an exact appraisal of the regular fighting forces of the country for the information of President Wilson.

William B. Clover, a St. Paul publisher and former Gov. Port. of New Jersey, were nominated by President Wilson as members of the Federal Trade Commission.

FAMILY AVOIDS SERIOUS SICKNESS

By Being Constantly Supplied With Theodor's Black-Draught.

M-Duff, Va.—"I suffered for several years," says Mrs. J. B. Whitaker, of this place, "with sick headache, and stomach trouble."

Ten years ago a friend told me to try Theodor's Black-Draught, which I did, and I found it to be the best family medicine for young and old.

I keep Black-Draught on hand all the time now, and when my children feel a little bad, they ask me for a dose, and it does them more good than any medicine I've ever tried.

We never have a long spell of sickness in our family, since we commenced using Black-Draught.

Theodor's Black-Draught is purely vegetable, and has been found to regulate weak stomachs, aid digestion, relieve indigestion, colic, wind, nausea, headache, sick stomach, and similar symptoms.

It has been in constant use for more than 70 years, and has benefited more than a million people.

Your druggist sells and recommends Black-Draught. Price only 25c. Get a package to-day.

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Office hours from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.

Schedule subject to change without notice

Effective January 3, 1915.

Local trains leave Louisa, southbound, 7:32 a. m., week days and 8:22 p. m., daily.

North bound, leave Louisa 10:00 a. m., daily; 6:10 p. m., week days. Arrive Ashland 11:25 a. m., daily; 7:34 p. m., week days.

To Lexington, Louisville and West

Leave Ashland 1:30 p. m., 4:10 a. m., daily. Local, week days to Lexington, 10:20 a. m.

To Cincinnati and West.

Leave Ashland, express, daily, 4:00 a. m., 1:15 p. m. Local, 1:00 p. m., daily. Express, 7:10 a. m.

Eastbound, Main Line.

Leave Ashland, express, daily, 5:50 p. m., 1:05 a. m. Local daily to Huntington, 1:03 p. m., runs to Hinton week days. Express 12:02 p. m.

J. N. MARCUM, Agt. Louisa, Ky.

N. Y. W. Norfolk & Western

Effective Nov. 22, 1914.

Lv. Fort Gay (Central Time.)

No. 2—1:18 a. m., Daily—For Kenova, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Columbus. Pullman Sleepers to Cincinnati, Chicago and Columbus. Connection via Chicago and St. Louis for the West and Northwest.

No. 15—1:05 p. m., Daily—For Columbus, Cincinnati and intermediate stations. Pullman Sleeper. Cafe car to Columbus. Connects at Cincinnati and Columbus for points West.

Lv. 2:00 a. m., Daily—For Williamson, Welch, Bluefield, Roanoke, Lynchburg, Norfolk, Richmond, Pullman Sleepers. Cafe Car.

1:55 p. m., Daily—For Williamson, Welch, Bluefield, Roanoke, Norfolk, Richmond. Pullman Sleeper to Norfolk. Cafe Car.

Train leaves Kenova 5:25 a. m.—Daily for Williamson, via Wayne, and leaves Kenova 6:45 p. m., for Portsmouth and local stations, and leaves Kenova 5:50 a. m. Daily for Columbus and local stations.

For full information apply to W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traff. Mgr. W. C. SAUNDERS, Genl. Pass. Agt. ROANOKE, VA.

REAL ESTATE

J. P. GARTIN, Louisa, Ky.

General Dealer.

I buy and sell Real Estate of all kinds. Also, will handle property on commission. If you want to buy or sell town or country property, call on me.

FIRE INSURANCE

I am prepared to write insurance on any insurable property in Louisa and on all good DWELLINGS AND BARNS IN THE COUNTRY and a limited number of stores not too far from Louisa.

I have the agency for the following companies:

HENRY CLAY CO. OF KY.
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Will appreciate any business you may give me.

AUGUSTUS SNYDER

CANCER CAN BE CURED.

I am not a practicing physician, but if you do not believe I can cure your cancer, write to the people that I have cured:

Lafe Vanhose, Paintsville, Ky.
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Mrs. John Akers, Louisa, Ky.
Mrs. D. M. Fairchild, Ass. Ky.
Mrs. J. H. Hay, Louisa, Ky. 1-23-14.

H. HUFF,
R. 1, Box 87, Fort Gay, W. Va.

A FEW FACTS ABOUT COUGHS AND COLDS THE PUBLIC SHOULD KNOW

Whether this Cold will prove a simple catarrh of the nose and throat or but short duration and mild character; whether dread Pneumonia, with its sharp and fatal sting, shall be the sequence; or whether the blighting blast of the White Plague shall sit spectre-like upon its victim no one can foretell; hence the great importance of treating all colds, however mild, promptly and energetically. In urban populations the services of a skilled physician is always within call, but in rural districts, distance and inclement weather often act together to forestall the doctor's timely aid, so that valuable time is in this way lost. It was particularly for this latter class of sufferers that MEINHARDT'S GERMAN COUGH REMEDY was invented. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

