

AMERICAN REPUBLICAN AND BALTIMORE DAILY CLIPPER

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, BY BULL & TUTTLE, No. 134 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.

VOLUME XI.—No. 128.

THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 28, 1844.

PRICE ONE CENT

THE AMERICAN REPUBLICAN & BALTIMORE CLIPPER is furnished to subscribers, by careful carriers, at only six and a quarter cents per week—payable to the Carriers only, at the end of each week. The Clipper will also be sent, by mail, to distant subscribers, at the rate of Four Dollars per year—payable, always, in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
1 square, 1 time, \$0.50
1 square, 1 month, \$4.00
1 do. 2 do. 0.75 1 do. 2 do. 7.00
1 do. 3 do. 1.00 1 do. 3 do. 10.00
1 do. 4 do. 1.25 1 do. 4 do. 13.00
1 do. 5 do. 1.50 1 do. 5 do. 16.00
1 do. 6 do. 1.75 1 do. 6 do. 19.00
1 do. 7 do. 2.00 1 do. 7 do. 22.00
1 do. 8 do. 2.25 1 do. 8 do. 25.00
1 do. 9 do. 2.50 1 do. 9 do. 28.00
1 do. 10 do. 2.75 1 do. 10 do. 31.00
1 do. 11 do. 3.00 1 do. 11 do. 34.00
1 do. 12 do. 3.25 1 do. 12 do. 37.00
1 do. 13 do. 3.50 1 do. 13 do. 40.00
1 do. 14 do. 3.75 1 do. 14 do. 43.00
1 do. 15 do. 4.00 1 do. 15 do. 46.00
1 do. 16 do. 4.25 1 do. 16 do. 49.00
1 do. 17 do. 4.50 1 do. 17 do. 52.00
1 do. 18 do. 4.75 1 do. 18 do. 55.00
1 do. 19 do. 5.00 1 do. 19 do. 58.00
1 do. 20 do. 5.25 1 do. 20 do. 61.00
1 do. 21 do. 5.50 1 do. 21 do. 64.00
1 do. 22 do. 5.75 1 do. 22 do. 67.00
1 do. 23 do. 6.00 1 do. 23 do. 70.00
1 do. 24 do. 6.25 1 do. 24 do. 73.00
1 do. 25 do. 6.50 1 do. 25 do. 76.00
1 do. 26 do. 6.75 1 do. 26 do. 79.00
1 do. 27 do. 7.00 1 do. 27 do. 82.00
1 do. 28 do. 7.25 1 do. 28 do. 85.00
1 do. 29 do. 7.50 1 do. 29 do. 88.00
1 do. 30 do. 7.75 1 do. 30 do. 91.00
1 do. 31 do. 8.00 1 do. 31 do. 94.00
1 do. 32 do. 8.25 1 do. 32 do. 97.00
1 do. 33 do. 8.50 1 do. 33 do. 100.00
1 do. 34 do. 8.75 1 do. 34 do. 103.00
1 do. 35 do. 9.00 1 do. 35 do. 106.00
1 do. 36 do. 9.25 1 do. 36 do. 109.00
1 do. 37 do. 9.50 1 do. 37 do. 112.00
1 do. 38 do. 9.75 1 do. 38 do. 115.00
1 do. 39 do. 10.00 1 do. 39 do. 118.00
1 do. 40 do. 10.25 1 do. 40 do. 121.00
1 do. 41 do. 10.50 1 do. 41 do. 124.00
1 do. 42 do. 10.75 1 do. 42 do. 127.00
1 do. 43 do. 11.00 1 do. 43 do. 130.00
1 do. 44 do. 11.25 1 do. 44 do. 133.00
1 do. 45 do. 11.50 1 do. 45 do. 136.00
1 do. 46 do. 11.75 1 do. 46 do. 139.00
1 do. 47 do. 12.00 1 do. 47 do. 142.00
1 do. 48 do. 12.25 1 do. 48 do. 145.00
1 do. 49 do. 12.50 1 do. 49 do. 148.00
1 do. 50 do. 12.75 1 do. 50 do. 151.00
1 do. 51 do. 13.00 1 do. 51 do. 154.00
1 do. 52 do. 13.25 1 do. 52 do. 157.00
1 do. 53 do. 13.50 1 do. 53 do. 160.00
1 do. 54 do. 13.75 1 do. 54 do. 163.00
1 do. 55 do. 14.00 1 do. 55 do. 166.00
1 do. 56 do. 14.25 1 do. 56 do. 169.00
1 do. 57 do. 14.50 1 do. 57 do. 172.00
1 do. 58 do. 14.75 1 do. 58 do. 175.00
1 do. 59 do. 15.00 1 do. 59 do. 178.00
1 do. 60 do. 15.25 1 do. 60 do. 181.00
1 do. 61 do. 15.50 1 do. 61 do. 184.00
1 do. 62 do. 15.75 1 do. 62 do. 187.00
1 do. 63 do. 16.00 1 do. 63 do. 190.00
1 do. 64 do. 16.25 1 do. 64 do. 193.00
1 do. 65 do. 16.50 1 do. 65 do. 196.00
1 do. 66 do. 16.75 1 do. 66 do. 199.00
1 do. 67 do. 17.00 1 do. 67 do. 202.00
1 do. 68 do. 17.25 1 do. 68 do. 205.00
1 do. 69 do. 17.50 1 do. 69 do. 208.00
1 do. 70 do. 17.75 1 do. 70 do. 211.00
1 do. 71 do. 18.00 1 do. 71 do. 214.00
1 do. 72 do. 18.25 1 do. 72 do. 217.00
1 do. 73 do. 18.50 1 do. 73 do. 220.00
1 do. 74 do. 18.75 1 do. 74 do. 223.00
1 do. 75 do. 19.00 1 do. 75 do. 226.00
1 do. 76 do. 19.25 1 do. 76 do. 229.00
1 do. 77 do. 19.50 1 do. 77 do. 232.00
1 do. 78 do. 19.75 1 do. 78 do. 235.00
1 do. 79 do. 20.00 1 do. 79 do. 238.00
1 do. 80 do. 20.25 1 do. 80 do. 241.00
1 do. 81 do. 20.50 1 do. 81 do. 244.00
1 do. 82 do. 20.75 1 do. 82 do. 247.00
1 do. 83 do. 21.00 1 do. 83 do. 250.00
1 do. 84 do. 21.25 1 do. 84 do. 253.00
1 do. 85 do. 21.50 1 do. 85 do. 256.00
1 do. 86 do. 21.75 1 do. 86 do. 259.00
1 do. 87 do. 22.00 1 do. 87 do. 262.00
1 do. 88 do. 22.25 1 do. 88 do. 265.00
1 do. 89 do. 22.50 1 do. 89 do. 268.00
1 do. 90 do. 22.75 1 do. 90 do. 271.00
1 do. 91 do. 23.00 1 do. 91 do. 274.00
1 do. 92 do. 23.25 1 do. 92 do. 277.00
1 do. 93 do. 23.50 1 do. 93 do. 280.00
1 do. 94 do. 23.75 1 do. 94 do. 283.00
1 do. 95 do. 24.00 1 do. 95 do. 286.00
1 do. 96 do. 24.25 1 do. 96 do. 289.00
1 do. 97 do. 24.50 1 do. 97 do. 292.00
1 do. 98 do. 24.75 1 do. 98 do. 295.00
1 do. 99 do. 25.00 1 do. 99 do. 298.00
1 do. 100 do. 25.25 1 do. 100 do. 301.00
1 do. 101 do. 25.50 1 do. 101 do. 304.00
1 do. 102 do. 25.75 1 do. 102 do. 307.00
1 do. 103 do. 26.00 1 do. 103 do. 310.00
1 do. 104 do. 26.25 1 do. 104 do. 313.00
1 do. 105 do. 26.50 1 do. 105 do. 316.00
1 do. 106 do. 26.75 1 do. 106 do. 319.00
1 do. 107 do. 27.00 1 do. 107 do. 322.00
1 do. 108 do. 27.25 1 do. 108 do. 325.00
1 do. 109 do. 27.50 1 do. 109 do. 328.00
1 do. 110 do. 27.75 1 do. 110 do. 331.00
1 do. 111 do. 28.00 1 do. 111 do. 334.00
1 do. 112 do. 28.25 1 do. 112 do. 337.00
1 do. 113 do. 28.50 1 do. 113 do. 340.00
1 do. 114 do. 28.75 1 do. 114 do. 343.00
1 do. 115 do. 29.00 1 do. 115 do. 346.00
1 do. 116 do. 29.25 1 do. 116 do. 349.00
1 do. 117 do. 29.50 1 do. 117 do. 352.00
1 do. 118 do. 29.75 1 do. 118 do. 355.00
1 do. 119 do. 30.00 1 do. 119 do. 358.00
1 do. 120 do. 30.25 1 do. 120 do. 361.00
1 do. 121 do. 30.50 1 do. 121 do. 364.00
1 do. 122 do. 30.75 1 do. 122 do. 367.00
1 do. 123 do. 31.00 1 do. 123 do. 370.00
1 do. 124 do. 31.25 1 do. 124 do. 373.00
1 do. 125 do. 31.50 1 do. 125 do. 376.00
1 do. 126 do. 31.75 1 do. 126 do. 379.00
1 do. 127 do. 32.00 1 do. 127 do. 382.00
1 do. 128 do. 32.25 1 do. 128 do. 385.00
1 do. 129 do. 32.50 1 do. 129 do. 388.00
1 do. 130 do. 32.75 1 do. 130 do. 391.00
1 do. 131 do. 33.00 1 do. 131 do. 394.00
1 do. 132 do. 33.25 1 do. 132 do. 397.00
1 do. 133 do. 33.50 1 do. 133 do. 400.00
1 do. 134 do. 33.75 1 do. 134 do. 403.00
1 do. 135 do. 34.00 1 do. 135 do. 406.00
1 do. 136 do. 34.25 1 do. 136 do. 409.00
1 do. 137 do. 34.50 1 do. 137 do. 412.00
1 do. 138 do. 34.75 1 do. 138 do. 415.00
1 do. 139 do. 35.00 1 do. 139 do. 418.00
1 do. 140 do. 35.25 1 do. 140 do. 421.00
1 do. 141 do. 35.50 1 do. 141 do. 424.00
1 do. 142 do. 35.75 1 do. 142 do. 427.00
1 do. 143 do. 36.00 1 do. 143 do. 430.00
1 do. 144 do. 36.25 1 do. 144 do. 433.00
1 do. 145 do. 36.50 1 do. 145 do. 436.00
1 do. 146 do. 36.75 1 do. 146 do. 439.00
1 do. 147 do. 37.00 1 do. 147 do. 442.00
1 do. 148 do. 37.25 1 do. 148 do. 445.00
1 do. 149 do. 37.50 1 do. 149 do. 448.00
1 do. 150 do. 37.75 1 do. 150 do. 451.00
1 do. 151 do. 38.00 1 do. 151 do. 454.00
1 do. 152 do. 38.25 1 do. 152 do. 457.00
1 do. 153 do. 38.50 1 do. 153 do. 460.00
1 do. 154 do. 38.75 1 do. 154 do. 463.00
1 do. 155 do. 39.00 1 do. 155 do. 466.00
1 do. 156 do. 39.25 1 do. 156 do. 469.00
1 do. 157 do. 39.50 1 do. 157 do. 472.00
1 do. 158 do. 39.75 1 do. 158 do. 475.00
1 do. 159 do. 40.00 1 do. 159 do. 478.00
1 do. 160 do. 40.25 1 do. 160 do. 481.00
1 do. 161 do. 40.50 1 do. 161 do. 484.00
1 do. 162 do. 40.75 1 do. 162 do. 487.00
1 do. 163 do. 41.00 1 do. 163 do. 490.00
1 do. 164 do. 41.25 1 do. 164 do. 493.00
1 do. 165 do. 41.50 1 do. 165 do. 496.00
1 do. 166 do. 41.75 1 do. 166 do. 499.00
1 do. 167 do. 42.00 1 do. 167 do. 502.00
1 do. 168 do. 42.25 1 do. 168 do. 505.00
1 do. 169 do. 42.50 1 do. 169 do. 508.00
1 do. 170 do. 42.75 1 do. 170 do. 511.00
1 do. 171 do. 43.00 1 do. 171 do. 514.00
1 do. 172 do. 43.25 1 do. 172 do. 517.00
1 do. 173 do. 43.50 1 do. 173 do. 520.00
1 do. 174 do. 43.75 1 do. 174 do. 523.00
1 do. 175 do. 44.00 1 do. 175 do. 526.00
1 do. 176 do. 44.25 1 do. 176 do. 529.00
1 do. 177 do. 44.50 1 do. 177 do. 532.00
1 do. 178 do. 44.75 1 do. 178 do. 535.00
1 do. 179 do. 45.00 1 do. 179 do. 538.00
1 do. 180 do. 45.25 1 do. 180 do. 541.00
1 do. 181 do. 45.50 1 do. 181 do. 544.00
1 do. 182 do. 45.75 1 do. 182 do. 547.00
1 do. 183 do. 46.00 1 do. 183 do. 550.00
1 do. 184 do. 46.25 1 do. 184 do. 553.00
1 do. 185 do. 46.50 1 do. 185 do. 556.00
1 do. 186 do. 46.75 1 do. 186 do. 559.00
1 do. 187 do. 47.00 1 do. 187 do. 562.00
1 do. 188 do. 47.25 1 do. 188 do. 565.00
1 do. 189 do. 47.50 1 do. 189 do. 568.00
1 do. 190 do. 47.75 1 do. 190 do. 571.00
1 do. 191 do. 48.00 1 do. 191 do. 574.00
1 do. 192 do. 48.25 1 do. 192 do. 577.00
1 do. 193 do. 48.50 1 do. 193 do. 580.00
1 do. 194 do. 48.75 1 do. 194 do. 583.00
1 do. 195 do. 49.00 1 do. 195 do. 586.00
1 do. 196 do. 49.25 1 do. 196 do. 589.00
1 do. 197 do. 49.50 1 do. 197 do. 592.00
1 do. 198 do. 49.75 1 do. 198 do. 595.00
1 do. 199 do. 50.00 1 do. 199 do. 598.00
1 do. 200 do. 50.25 1 do. 200 do. 601.00

was such as must greatly endear it to the hearts of all intelligent and consistent patriots; and the continuance and legitimate operation of those institutions will depend in no small degree upon the manner in which the people of this country shall meet the responsibilities and discharge the duties of the sacred day.

Resolved, That the increasing conviction which is manifested in various parts of our country of the duty and utility of remembering the Sabbath and keeping it holy, the consequent discontinuance of secular business, and the increase of the numbers who assemble to acknowledge the Author of the blessings, are, in our view, tokens good to the country, and ought to encourage all to give to the observance of this day, the sanction of their habitual example.

Resolved, That we witness with great pleasure the influence which many Editors, not only of religious but the secular press of our country, are exerting in favor of the Lord's Day, and trust that their labors will be duly appreciated by the patriots of all classes, and meet a generous response from the hearts of the people.

The resolutions were read through for information. On motion it was decided that they should be taken up and read separately for the action of the Convention. The clerk accordingly read the first resolution; and upon the chair rising to take the sense of the Convention in reference to it, Mr. Richard Lemmon, of this city, submitted a proposition that the resolution be recommitted, with instructions to substitute the term "Lord's Day," instead of "Sabbath." This motion gave rise to considerable debate; Messrs. Lemmon and Magruder, of Va., advocated the motion, upon the ground that the term used in the resolution commended the keeping of the seventh day, or Jewish Sabbath, the day upon which the Creator of all things finished his labor; while the term "Lord's Day," as proposed to be substituted, recognized the first day to be kept holy, in commemoration of the birth of Christ. The proposition was opposed by Messrs. Chambers and Binard, of Pa., Edwards, of N. Y., Child and Healy, of this city, and Mahu, who assumed the position that the Convention had not been called for the purpose of discussing the merits or demerits of the question whether the present Sabbath should be abolished or not, but simply to devise such means as would most likely secure a more general observance of the day commonly recognized as the Sabbath. The discussion was continued up to the hour for taking a recess, one o'clock, when the Convention was dismissed.

AFTERNOON.
The Convention met again at 3 o'clock, and opened by prayer, by the Rev. Dr. Nutt, of N. York.

The question pending, being upon the proposition to recommend, after a few remarks from Dr. Hill, of Va., it was laid upon the table. The original resolution, as submitted by the committee, was then adopted.

The remaining resolutions were also adopted, without debate. After the fifth resolution was read, however, Messrs. Powell, Edwards, Stillman, Williamson, and Longmire, gave some highly interesting statements in reference to what they knew of the suspension of operations among railroad, canal, and stage companies, on the Sabbath; and the discontinuance of merchants in shipping on that day; of vessels declining to leave port; and of the wonderful change in public opinion, in the States of Pennsylvania and New York, in favor of suspending all similar operations on that day.

The Standing Committee then reported the following, as the seventh resolution:

Resolved, That in a free country, where general intelligence and virtue, are essential to the purity and permanence of civil institutions—the observance of the Sabbath is peculiarly necessary, in order to secure that respect for the laws, which is essential to public tranquility, on which the safety of property, and character, and life, and the appropriate enjoyment and use of the blessings depend.

Upon the reading of this resolution, Mr. H. Lemmon, (who had just come into the convention) rose, and renewed his opposition to the phrasing of the resolution; in recognizing the Jewish Sabbath as the proper day to observe Christian rights. It was replied to by Messrs. Atwood, Edwards, and others. Mr. Magruder, of Va., next got the floor, and spoke in opposition to the term Sabbath, as used in the resolution, declaring that the scriptures gave no power to enforce its observance as established under the Jewish dispensation. Mr. M. having remarked, that it was his afforded time, he could show that "it is a natural impossibility for the Christian world to keep the Sabbath," some evident tokens of disapprobation to the sentiment was manifested throughout the convention.

Mr. Campbell, of Pa., arose, amid some confusion, and advocated the resolution.

Dr. Thos. E. Bond, of this city, said he was of opinion that the Convention had not met to discuss any theological question, or to settle any difference of opinion which might have agitated Christian communities, in reference to the proper day to be kept holy; but to do all in its power to preserve more sacredly the Sabbath, as generally recognized. Therefore, to prevent any further discussion, he moved the previous question.

The chairman (Hon John Q. Adams) rose and said he desired to state why he had not called the gentlemen to order who had so ardently pressed their claims to force their especial views before the Convention. The gentlemen had used no indecorous language, though their opinions were, he had thought, at variance with the great body of the Convention; and as money was necessary for the purpose, he would therefore offer the following resolution:

The Convention then took a recess from 5 until 7 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.
The convention was called to order by the President at 7 o'clock. Prayer by the Rev. Dr. Eddy, of N. Jersey.

Dr. Justin Edwards, chairman of the standing committee, informed the convention that he was instructed to say, that as the convention had proceeded a short hand reporter to report the proceedings in extenso, it was their desire to have them printed in pamphlet form for the use of the members and also for gratuitous circulation, and as money was necessary for the purpose, he would therefore offer the following resolution:

Resolved, That a collection be now taken up,

from the members of the convention and friends of the Sabbath, for defraying the expense of printing the proceedings in pamphlet form.

The collection was accordingly taken up, and the amount received was \$61.33.

Dr. Edwards read letters from the clerk of the Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad Co., in answer to questions propounded to him, by the Baltimore Society, for the better observance of the Lord's day. The letter was of a character that gave great satisfaction to the friends of the Sabbath. The letter stated that the cars did not run on the Lord's day, either for the transportation of merchandise or passengers; in consequence, the travelling on Saturday and Monday was much greater than on other days. Since labor had been abolished by that road on the Sabbath, the morals of the workmen and laborers in their employment had greatly improved. The company give the same wages for six days' labor, as they formerly did for seven. Letters were also read from Ex-Governor Vroom, of New Jersey, and Justice Hornblower, of the same state, stating their regrets that they cannot attend the sittings of the Convention.

The letters were eloquent, and contained statistics of much value to the Convention. Judge Hall, of Delaware, read a paper to the Convention written by himself, also containing much valuable information. The paper stated that a law existed in the state of Delaware, imposing a fine of four dollars for the desecration of the Sabbath.

The Rev. J. G. Hamner read letters from the Rev. Dr. Schmuecker and Chancellor Walworth of New York, regretting that imperative official duties compelled one, and indisposition the other, from being present and participating in the deliberations of the Convention. The letters contained information of a character similar to the others.

At this stage of the proceeding, the standing committee, through their chairman, requested the members of the convention to make any statements that they thought would further the interest of the cause. In accordance with this request, Mr. Henderson, of Uniontown, Pa. took the floor and commenced a statement.

The above embraces the proceedings up to 8 o'clock last evening, at which hour the Reporter was compelled to leave in order to insure their insertion in our whole edition.

[COMMUNICATED.]

A PAIR OF FRIENDS AND A PAIR OF CANVAS-BAGS. Mr. James Morris, of Howard District, near Skyesville, was visited last week by two very cherished friends, who, upon their arrival, found their host furnished in a very unusual manner for an inland table, with the servants of the house, on going into the wood yard that morning, observed a wild duck, which he secured and took into his master. Strange to say, it proved to be a canvas-bag; and whilst Mr. Morris was remarking upon this extraordinary circumstance, another duck of the same kind was brought in, which in attempting to fly from the wood-heap, struck itself against the garden fence, and fell, and was thus secured. These ducks were released from their fastenings, placed in a large tub of water—about which they moved freely—and fed on celery that was thrown them. Doubting the possibility of rearing them, Mr. Morris had them killed by a penitence of the brain. On examining their bodies after they were picked, not an appearance of a bruise was visible, except a very trifling discoloration on the breast of the one that had flown against the pailings. Soon after his friends arrived; they lamented that the ducks had been killed, but very philosophically concluded to enjoy what they could not revive.

[For the American Republican.]
Messrs. Editors.—I have copied, for your paper, an extract from Jefferson's Notes on Virginia, on the subject of foreign immigration. It will be seen, that this great man foresaw the taint which our republican institutions and feelings were likely to receive from an excessive importation of aliens. He looked to the evil with an apprehension that well might alarm his ardent love of American liberty.—But, had he anticipated that these foreigners were to vote in national masses, and thus control the destinies of his country, he would, no doubt, have shuddered at the prospect, and more strongly have condemned the policy.

It is now a grave question, and one that calls for all the good sense, coolness, and resolution of purpose which characterize our people. It is one into which no party feelings should enter. It is truly and universally an American question—not a democratic one, not a whig one. Let all unite, then, as they would in time of war, to meet and conquer the evil.—If congress will not adopt some general measure, then the state legislatures must interpose, with such powers as are reserved to them.

There is one amendment to the election law of Maryland, which can be made at the next session. It is, to allow no naturalized citizen to vote, unless he has resided in the state twelve months, he having been a citizen during the whole of said twelve months. This would place this class of citizens on a footing of equality with native citizens of other states, who cannot vote until they have resided twelve months in Maryland. It would also have the salutary effect of preventing that indolent rush for naturalization, which precedes all our important elections. Much of fraud also would be obviated, as the courts, instead of being overwhelmed with a crowd of applicants, would have time to examine and test the right to the great privilege of becoming an American citizen.

AMERICUS.
Extract from Jefferson's Notes on Virginia.
"Here I will beg leave to propose a doubt. The present desire of America is to produce rapid population by as great importations of foreigners as possible. But is this founded in good policy? But are there no inconveniences to be thrown into the scale against the advantage expected from a multiplication of numbers by the importation of foreigners? It is for the happiness of those united in society, to harmonize as much as possible in matters which they must necessarily transact together. Civil government being the sole object of forming societies, its administration must be conducted by common consent.—Every species of government has its specific principles. Ours perhaps are more peculiar than those of any other in the universe. It is a composition of the freest principles of the English constitution, with others derived from natural right and natural reason. To these nothing can be more opposed than the maxims

of absolute monarchies. Yet, from such we are to expect the greatest number of emigrants. They will bring with them the principles of the governments they leave, imbibed in their early youth; or, if able to throw them off, it will be in exchange for an unbounded licentiousness, passing, as is usual, from one extreme to another. It would be a miracle were they to stop precisely at the point of temperate liberty.—These principles, with their language, they will transmit to their children. In proportion to their numbers they will share with us the legislation. They will infuse into it their spirit, warp and bias its directions, and render it a heterogeneous, incoherent, distracted mass. I may appeal to experience during the present contest, for a verification of these conjectures. But, if they be not certain in event, are they not possible, are they not probable? Is it not safer to wait with patience 27 years and three months longer, for the attainment of any degree of population desired or expected. May not our government be more homogeneous, more peaceable, more durable? Suppose twenty millions of republican Americans were thrown all of a sudden into France, what would be the condition of that kingdom?—If it would be more turbulent, less happy, less strong, may we believe that the addition of half a million of foreigners to our present numbers would produce a similar effect here? This refers to a previous estimate, that if foreigners were to be admitted in any number of 200,000, were imported in one year, the only effect would be to double the stock twenty-seven years sooner than it would be done, by the natural increase of the native population.

[For the American Republican.]
A BONE FOR JOHN BULL.
Messrs. Editors.—As an offset to John Bull's "cut direct," given to Brother Jonathan, he is known and remembered, that the Government of the United States have always paid to the last dollar of indebtedness; and that of all the nations of Europe, Great Britain stands infamously pre-eminent, as the only nation that has repudiated a large public debt, under the auspices of one of their Kings, in days of yore, reigning "by the grace of God."

We tell John Bull, that his puppers, ignoramuses, and felons, sent to this country, have corrupted a portion of our citizens, and they have only followed the example set them by Old England. The stigma of reputation will stick to England as long as grass grows and water runs. It won't do for the pot to call the kettle lead names. FRANKLIN.

THE BUREAU OF THE SCHOOLS. A Mr. Mann, in Boston, has got himself into battle with a number of school-masters there. The dispute is in some way connected with the practice of flogging and exercising a severe authority in schools. The school-masters seem to be for the whip, and Mr. Mann appears to give it to them pretty thoroughly. The practice of flogging in schools is a relic of barbarism.

INAUGURATION. Thos. G. Pratt, Esq., Governor elect of Maryland, will be inaugurated on the first Monday in January next. Francis R. Shunk, Esq., Governor elect of Pennsylvania, will be inaugurated on the third Monday in January next.

BOSTON EXPORTS. The value of the exports from Boston last week was \$265,140.

DECEASED. The N. York papers announce the death of Samuel Stevens, Esq., long and worthily connected with the municipal affairs of that city.

EXCUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
Subscribers having been informed by respectable persons that some individual or individuals are engaged in vending in the Eastern part of the city an article which they palm off as my Vegetable Bitters, and which is sold at a low price, and against such impostors, I have no one in any part of the city engaged to sell my medicines, and persons may rest assured that when any article is offered to them bearing my name it is a counterfeit, as the genuine contains a receipt for it, and only to be found at my store, No. 38 BALTIMORE STREET, near Centre Market. Persons should be very particular in getting the genuine article, as the spurious may, as it has done in several instances, produce great injury to those who use it. L. GUILLET.
L. GUILLET, who has extended his liberal support since his arrival in the city, and he is happy to believe that they have been productive of much good wherever used.

THE VEGETABLE BITTERS are known to be a most effectual cure for Dyspepsia, Bowel Complaints, Bilious Fever, Ague and Fever, Rheumatism, general debility, &c.

THE COUGH DROPS are recommended as one of the most certain cures for Colds, Coughs, &c., to be found. They have been used by nearly every family in the city, and their success has been unprecedented. They have also, in several cases, arrested that fell disease, Consumption, and restored the individuals to perfect health. In addition to the many certificates published in the papers of the day, he has in his possession a number from most respectable individuals, all testifying to the virtues of these medicines, and which can be seen at his store.

HIS ANTI-BILIOUS DROPS are also acknowledged to be a most excellent remedy for bilious complaints. They are extensively used and pronounced one of the best family medicines now before the public.

In addition to the above, he has many other MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS, of his own manufacture, together with a great variety of PERFUMERY—catalogues of which can be seen at his store, and which he warrants to be equal to any in the city.

No. 38 (formerly 36) Baltimore street, Between Frederick and Harrison streets, And near Centre Market.

N.B. Remember the No. (38) as the genuine articles are for sale at no other place in Baltimore. 803-29-24

Cheapest Newspaper in the World! ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR. FOR THE PEOPLE OF THE U. STATES.

THE publishers of the American Republican and Baltimore Clipper, in view of the unbounded circulation which that paper has attained in the city and vicinity of Baltimore, have determined to extend its circulation generally throughout the country, at the very lowest rate. The Weekly Clipper is published every Saturday Morning, at the very low rate of ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. It contains all the INTERESTING MATTER OF THE Six Daily Papers, without the advertisements, a Review of the Markets, &c. &c. An Independent Newspaper, supporting American Republican principles, and speaking freely and independently of all things, should find a place in every Family circle.

Subscribers must in all cases, pay the postage on their letters, or have them franked by the postmaster. Any person, or other person, who would send us Five Dollars, free of postage, will be entitled to sixty copies; or in other words, for a remittance of \$5, free of postage, we will direct six copies weekly for one year, to any address ordered.

No paper will be sent in any case for a longer period than ordered and paid for in advance, without respect to persons. Postmasters are allowed by law to frank letters to newspaper publishers, and will forward orders for the Weekly Clipper, if they are respectfully requested to do so.

Single copies at the counter, with or without envelopes, 4 cents each.

Persons desirous of subscribing will please direct their orders, post paid, to BULL & TUTTLE, Baltimore, Maryland.

THE TEETH! THE TEETH!
The subscriber tenders his thanks for the liberal patronage he has received since his residence in Baltimore, and continues to perform all operations in DENTAL SURGERY (containing the latest improvements in the science) at one third less than the usual rates. He invites those who are afflicted with bad Teeth to give him an early call. The high charges heretofore established having precluded many from submitting their Teeth to Dental operations, an opportunity is now offered to all who have their Teeth put in good order, as the charges shall suit all who may favor him with a call.

All operations warranted to prove beneficial, or no charge made.

P. P. SOUTHCORN, Dentist, No. 25 Fayette st., 3d door from North.

DENTISTRY—VALUABLE DISCOVERY
WHY WILL YOU suffer with the Tooth-ache when you can have it effectually and enduringly cured by calling on DR. STINSON, 51 HANOVER ST., 3 doors north of Pratt. He has an entire new preparation, which will cure it in