AMERICAN REPUBLICAN, AND BALTIMORE DAILY CLIPPER.

E PLURIBUS UNUM

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, BY BULL & TUTTLE, No. 134 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.

VOLUME. XII.—No. 66. TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1845. PRICE ONE CENT

☞THE AMERICAN REPUBLICAN & BALTIMORE CLIPPER is furnished to subscribers, by careful carriers, at only *six and a quarter cents* per week—payable to the Carriers only, at the end of each week.

The Clipper will also be sent, by mail, to distant subscribers, at the rate of *Four Dollars* per year—payable, always, in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

1 square,	1 time,	$0.50	1 square,	1 month,	$4.00
1 do.	2 do.	0.75	1 do.	2 do.	7.00
1 do.	3 do.	1.00	1 do.	3 do.	10.00
1 do.	1 week,	1.75	1 do.	6 do.	16.00
1 do.	2 do.	2.75	1 do.	1 year,	30.00

Ten lines or less make a square—if an advertisement exceeds ten lines, the price will be in proportion.

All advertisements are payable at the time of their insertion.

☞THE WEEKLY CLIPPER, a large Family Newspaper, containing all the select matter of the daily, is published every Saturday morning, at the low price of $1.00 per annum.

☞All papers sent by mail, are *discontinued* the day on which the advance payment expires.

[From the Portland Argus.]

THE HORRORS OF MILLERISM—TRIAL OF ISRAEL DAMMON.

We have seen a report of the trial of a man who is termed Elder Dammon, at Dover, in this State, commenced the 17th ult., before Moses Sweat and Seth Lee, Esqs. The trial developes most shocking particulars, and convinces us more fully than before, that town and city authorities should interfere and arrest these sensual and demoralizing proceedings. They are as bad as the worst days of that arch scoundrel and fanatic, Cochran, who "led silly women captive," and despoiled the domestic peace of many a peaceful and respectable family. A part of the evidence we have omitted, it being too gross for publication.

Dammon was charged with being a vagabond, a common railer and brawler, neglecting to support his family, &c. He plead *not guilty*, and numerous witnesses were examined during the time of trial, which lasted two days. Some of the witnesses testified that they saw nothing improper, and others detailed what they saw—showing that the conduct of prisoner and his associates was abominable. To this point J. W. E. Harvey testified that he had attended their meetings two days and four evenings.—First meeting lasted eight days; have known Dammon six weeks; Dammon, White and Hall were leaders.

Dammon said the sinners were going to hell in two days. They were hugging and kissing each other; Dammon would lay on the floor, then jump up; they would frequently go into another room. Dammon has no means to support himself that I know of. The meeting appeared very irreligious; have seen him sit on the floor with a woman, his arms around her. The room they went into was a back room, don't know what was in it; I was in two rooms where there was a fire. In the back room they said the world's people must not go. Dammon said the meeting was to be a private meeting and they wanted no one to come in unless they believed as he did in the Advent doctrine. I did go to them; I went to satisfy myself what was done. I had no hostile feelings against them. Prisoner lived on his followers.

Wm. C. Crosby testified. He was at the meeting on Saturday night, from about 7 to 9 o'clock. There was a woman on the floor who lay on her back with a pillow under her head; she would occasionally arouse up and tell a vision which she said was revealed to her. They would at times all be talking at once, hallooing at the top of their voices;—some of them said there was too much sin there. After the cessation of the noise, Dammon got up and was more coherent; he complained of those that came there that did not believe in the advent doctrine. At one time Dammon said there were hogs there not belonging to the band, and pointed at him and said, I mean you, sir. Subsequently he addressed him again, said, you can't drive us out of town; he stared him in the face, and said, I am an honest man, or I could not look you in the face, and you have hell's brass or you could not look me in the face.—Dammon said if he was owner of the house, he would compel all unbelievers to leave it; they were sitting and laying on the floor promiscuously, and were exceedingly noisy. By spells it was the noisiest I ever attended. He had seen them in groups hugging and kissing each other. Once saw Elder Hall with his boots off, and the women would go and kiss his feet.—One girl made a smack, but did not hit his foot with her lips. Hall said, 'He that is ashamed of me before men him will I be ashamed of before my father and the holy angels." She then gave his feet a number of kisses.

Lotion Lambert testified that he attended a meeting one evening lately, and that Dammon was very abusive; calling all other denominations liars, murderers, &c. A woman was present, who pretended to have visions, and who was blasphemously called the *Imitation of Christ*. She was said to be from Portland. Her name was Ellen Harmon. She told Mrs. Woodbury she must be baptised or go to hell. Mrs. W. concluded to be baptised. A Miss Dorinda Baker, of Orrington, figured largely. She told Lambert he was the devil and would go to hell. She subsequently went into the bed room with a man, whom they called Elder White, and when they came out they were hugging each other. Miss Baker then went to one Doore, and kissed each other. This night. they went to the water and baptized. The visionist, Miss Harmon, lying on the floor several hours—from 7 to 1 o'clock, that night. Part of the time Dammon lay on the floor, on his back. Elder White said if the Almighty had any thing to reveal, he revealed it to Miss H. She acted as mediator.

Deacon James Rowe testified that prisoner stood up in the floor and said, While I stand here, men nor devils cannot hurt you. He had known him for 20 to 30 years, and his character was good till recently.

Jere B. Green testified that in the meeting he attended, he saw men wash women's feet, &c. Elder D. was the presiding Elder. He saw Dammon kiss Mrs. Osborn.

Eben Trundy testified that prisoner told him he must live on them that had property, and if God did not come, then they must all go to work together.

The first witness offered by the defence, was James Ayer, Jr. He denied that a man went into the bed room with Miss Baker. He is an adventist, and said it was a part of their faith to kiss each other—and that they had Bible authority for it. He admitted that prisoner had no other business than to attend meetings.—Dammon admitted he had a spiritual wife, and was glad of it. He understood Miss Harmon had a vision at Portland, and was travelling through the country relating it.

Job Moody, one of the brethren, affirmed that prisoner had repeatedly urged upon them the necessity of quitting all labor. He affirmed that D's character was good. As for himself, he had been serving the Lord and hammering against the devil of late.

George Woodbury affirmed he believed in Miss Harmon's visions, because she told his wife's feelings correctly. It was his impression that prisoner kissed his wife. Believed the world will come to an end within two months; prisoner preaches so. This is the faith of the band. It was said, and he believed, the sisters Harmon and Baker's revelations as much as though they came from God. Sister Harmon said to his wife and the girls if they did not do as she said, they would go to hell. His wife and Dammon passed across the floor on their hands and knees. Some man did go into the bed-room. Heard brother Dammon say the gift of healing the sick lay in the church.—Dammon advised us not to work, because there is enough to live on until the end of the world.

Others of the band testified to prisoner's good character, and one (Morrison) that they sat on the floor in order to convene more people.

Thomas Proctor testified that prisoner confessed to him that Miss Baker had an exercise in the bed-room, and he went in and helped her out.

Elder Flavel Bartlett, testified that prisoner did not belong to the Free-will Baptist church, and was not in fellowship with them.

Joseph Knights, of Garland, testified that he attended one of Dammon's meetings at Garland. He behaved well till meeting was over, and then he fell to kissing and hugging a girl. In Garland, it is common report that he is a disturber of the peace.

Much other testimony was received, pro and con, of a similar character, and the prisoner opened his defence. He cited Luke 7, 36; John 13, last chapter in Romans. Phillipians 4th; 1st Thes. 5th chap. J. S. Holmes assisted him in his defence. C. L. Chandler and H. O. Morrison argued the cause for the State.

Prisoner again arose, and read the 50th and 126th Psalm. He argued that the day of grace had gone by, that the believers were reduced, but that there were too many yet, and that the end of the world would come within a week.

The prisoner was sentenced to ten days in the House of Correction; from which sentence he appealed.

On Tuesday, after the trial was concluded, and while the Court was waiting for the counsel to come in, prisoner and his witnesses asked permission, and sung that hymn, by John Craig, beginning—

"While I was down in Egypt's land,
I heard my Saviour was at hand;
The midnight cry was sounding,
And I wanted to be free,
So I left my former brethren
To sound the jubilee."

These scenes are not enacted at Atkinson, only. In this city, we are informed, "gross deeds" are enacted by one section of these fanatics—for there are two: one worshipping with propriety at Beethovan Hall, the other at private houses. The latter hold to kissing, washing each others' feet, &c. Many of these were once respectable, happy, and comfortably situated.

MR. GOUGH'S TEMPERANCE LECTURES. A writer at Alexandria, to a Northern paper, thus eloquently refers to the lectures on temperance by Mr. Gough:

Well, I have heard at length the Temperance lecturer—John B. Gough. He arrived in Washington, from Baltimore, the latter part of last week, and after addressing crowds at the Capitol, visited us on Tuesday, and spoke in the Lyceum Hall, a spacious room, on Tuesday and Wednesday nights. On Wednesday afternoon, the Second Presbyterian Church was filled with ladies, to whom by previous appointment he delivered an address on the power of female example and exertion in the cause of Temperance. Our expectations, it must be confessed, were high in regard to him, but they have been well sustained. The first night presented a regular *jam;* it was therefore determined that the people should have an opportunity of testifying, in a small way, their sense of the value of Mr. Gough's labors on the succeeding night. The price of admission to his eloquence was accordingly fixed at 12 1-2 cents, and behold the hall was crowded more densely than before! After prayer, Rev. Mr. Marsh, the laborious and indefatigable Secretary of the American Temperance Union, arose, and in an appropriate speech of some few minutes, adverted to the character and the triumphs of this cause, glancing at the progress of the past, and the prospects of the future. Having happily prepared the way for his young coadjutor, Mr. Gough now rose, a youth of pale countenance, bordering even on pensiveness, personally a stranger to us all, and burdened with a reputation for eloquence, which it seemed difficult for him much longer to carry. But oh, that conciliatory exordium! Was it the power of nature, or was it the perfection of art?—There was art in it, but it was learned, not in the school of the Rhetorician, but of Nature. It was indeed an ingenuous disavowal of all claim to the character of an instructor, or to the gifts of a well furnished public speaker.—As to education, his audience had doubtless enjoyed advantages superior to himself, he said, since he had never been at school. This deference to his audience, composed of the flower of an intelligent city, combined with the unaffected modesty of his demeanor in all things touching himself, opened a clear way for the march of his oratory. We were now prepared to go with him into any field he might select. The wand of the magician began to exert its influence, the magician himself the while seeming to be unconscious of the waxing powers of his enchantment.

He began by touching some of the finer chords of that instrument which God has strung within us all, and the responsive echoes truly told it was not in vain. He appealed to that love and sympathy which *little children* naturally excite in our bosoms, when we behold them in a state of suffering. A child with a broken limb—a child drowning—a child burning—a child in any condition of distress, instantly awakens sympathy and meets deliverance if deliverance be possible. But who cares for the child of the drunkard? Then came forth one of his paintings of that home scene the principal figures of which are such a father, and such children, the former the cruel author of the most aggravated sufferings of the latter, whom God had designed he should protect, cherish and bless with a father's blessing.—And after executing this part of the pictorial group, with a celerity that left little time for reflection on the manner in which the work was done, and not much less for brushing away the tears that would start unbidden, he proceeded to other moral combinations, and threw such a sunshine over the picture, as soon dried up those decoy symbols of inward emotion. He in fact led the sensibilities off into a region, where he took the liberty of shaking them with such fits of laughter, as seemed almost to awaken a doubt of the identity of the man, who had swung through the whole octavo of human emotion, with a versatility of conception and a rapidity of execution truly surprising. There sat grave divines—astute lawyers—acute physicians—calculating merchants—young and eager clerks—dignified matrons—beautiful maidens—stern fathers, and fond mothers—garrulous boys, and sprightly girls—plain mechanics, and rough watermen—genteel wine-drinkers, and shabby tiplers,—and if there be any other condition of humanity, it had its representatives,—all under the spell of this young charmer, who charmed so wisely; alternately elevated by the grand, thrilled with the horrible, dissolved with the tender, enchanted with the beautiful, and all this without a plan or a purpose on the part of the speaker, except to try to rescue the fallen from the pit and the mire of intemperance, and invigorate the principles of those who stand on firm ground. His testimony is that of a deep and bitter sufferer under this wo. The sentiments he utters come from the depths of a heart once riven with the reiterated shocks of adversity, but now bound up with the gentle, healing hand of the Comforter.

Mr. Gough speaks warmly of his adopted State, Massachusetts, and recounts many interesting portions of the history of temperance in that intelligent and patriotic commonwealth. I love too, to hear him speak of his mother, so poor, yet so pious: a wandering exile in this world, yet engraving unalterable truths and undying recollections on the memory's heart of her fond and only son; himself launched on the rough sea of this world unprotected and unprovisioned, driven about by its storms, finally stranded on the rocks of intemperance, and at the last gasp of his fevered and fitful life, snatched as if by miracle from the jaws of an untimely grave and the horrors of a miserable suicide. It is a fine picture thus far developed in the character of this youth, that the excess of his popularity does not seem to have impaired that inward sense of humiliation in the review of his past life, which along with his gratitude for redeeming mercy he expects to carry with him to the repose of the grave.

[Reported for the American Republican.]

METHODIST PROTESTANT CONFERENCE.

MONDAY, March 17th. This body met this morning at nine o'clock, pursuant to adjournment, and was opened with reading a portion of Scripture, and prayer by the Rev. John Elderdice, of New Market Circuit. The President, Rev. Eli Hinkle, presided.

The minutes of Saturday were read and approved.

The committee on itinerancy and orders submitted a long report, which was laid on the table at present.

The Conference then went into an election for Conference Steward, which resulted in the re-election of the Rev. Wm. Collier.

An election for the standing district committee then took place, which resulted as follows: Dr. John S. Reese, Josiah Varden, W. C. Lipscomb, ministers. Wesley Starr, Hon. T. B. Hopper and W. King, laymen.

Rev. Wm. Collier moved a suspension of the rules, so as to offer the following preamble and resolution:

Whereas, It is necessary to adopt some new measures for the better support of the Itinerancy.

Resolved, That a committee of five laymen be appointed to prepare and report a plan, for the furtherance of this object.

The rules were suspended and the resolution adopted. The following laymen comprise the committee: Wesley Starr, Abram Jones, William King, William Linthicum, and Isaac Schriver.

The following preamble and resolutions were then offered by the Rev. J. K. Nichols:

Whereas, It is made the duty of the respective quarterly Conferences, to allow married preachers laboring among them, in addition to their quarterly allowance, such sums as in their judgment are necessary to meet family expenses—and whereas, some of the quarterly Conferences not only fail but refuse to make such extra allowances, while others are prompt and liberal in their appropriations, and thus great inequality, not to say injustice, is had in the distribution of the funds of the Annual Conference. Therefore

Resolved, That a committee be appointed by this Conference to take into consideration, such cases of delinquency, and name such amounts as in its judgment should have been appropriated to meet the family expenses of the brethren concerned, for which amounts they shall have claims upon the Conference funds, as in other cases of delinquency.

Resolved, That the appointment of this committee be incorporated among the standing rules of the Conference.

After some little discussion, the resolutions were, on motion of the Rev. Levi R. Reese, laid upon the table for the present.

The Conference then went into an election for the committee of Appeals. The duty of this committee is to examine and report on the cases of ministers who feel themselves aggrieved, with the fields of labor assigned to them by the President.

The election resulted in the choice of the following gentlemen: Josiah Varden, Dr. John S. Reese, J. G. Wilson, ministers; Wesley Starr, W. C. Lipscomb and Ulyssis Ward, delegates.

The names of the ministers were then called over, to ascertain if any had objection to become itinerants for the present conference year. Two or three only objected, and those upon the score of delicate health.

The Secretary read a communication from the colored Methodist Protestant church of Philadelphia, which, on motion, was, for the present, laid on the table.

A motion was made to take up the report of the committee on itinerancy and orders; pending which, the Conference at half-past twelve o'clock adjourned. Prayer by the Rev. Thos. M. Wilson.

EVENING SESSION.

The Conference met at 2 o'clock, and was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Stier.

The Rev. Ulysses Ward offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the President be requested to read out the appointments to-morrow, (this day,) at 3 o'clock, p. m.

The report of the committee on itinerancy and orders, was then resumed from the morning session.

The following gentlemen were received into the itinerancy: Wm. D. Hamilton, Henry Rowan, W. S. Wright, John McClelland.

The following gentlemen were elected to Deacon's orders: Henry D. Moore, Henry Rowan, James M. Haynes, Henry T. Zollicoffer, Wm. Dale.

The Rev. James Elderdice was elected to Elder's orders.

The Rev. Abel Mitchell was elected to Deacon's orders and left in the hands of the President.

Several applications to be admitted into the itinerancy were on the recommendation of the committee on itinerancy and orders, left in the hands of the President for his action.

The Rev. Alfred Baker asked for, and received a supernumerary relation to the Conference.

At this stage of the proceeding, (and before all the recommendations from the committee on itinerancy and orders had been disposed of,) the Rev. Levi R. Reese rose and asked the attention of the Conference, and the members of the Church generally, to a new life of the Rev. John Wesley, lately published in Philadelphia, by Wm. S. Stockton. The work is written by Dr. Whitefield. About fifty copies were subscribed for on the spot by members of the Conference.

After the transaction of some business of an unimportant character the Conference adjourned until this morning, at 9 o'clock.

We are requested to state that the Rev. S. K. Cox will preach this evening in the Church, corner of Pitt and Aisquith sts.

Methodist Episcopal Conference. This ecclesiastical body met yesterday morning, in the Monument street church, pursuant to adjournment. Bishops Waugh and Janes presided.—The business of the day (if published) would be of but little interest to our readers, as the whole session was principally occupied in receiving reports from ministers relative to the Conference collections taken up in their respective circuits and stations. A small portion of the session was devoted to an examination of the statistics of the church. What little debate has sprung up in the Conference so far, has been characterised by the most Christian spirit, which we hope may continue throughout their protracted session. The Conference adjourned about one o'clock, to meet again this morning.

(Reported for the American Republican.)

PROCEEDINGS OF CITY COUNCIL.

MONDAY, March 17, 1845.

FIRST BRANCH.

The President laid before the branch a communication from B. C. Presstman, Esq., city counsellor, in answer to an order asking his opinion in reference to the liability of the stock of certain city banks to taxation, and explanatory of the decision of the U. S. Supreme Court upon that subject. Read and ordered to be pruited.

Mr. Browning called up the bill from the Second Branch prohibiting the smoking of segars and pipes upon the streets. It was rejected.

Mr. Purviance called up a resolution appropriating $700 for extra services rendered by Geo. G. Belt, Esq., while acting as city counsellor. Passed.

Mr. Browning called up a resolution appropriating $2,477.03 to the use of J. B. Seidenstricker, late collector, for fees on collections for 1841. Passed.

Mr. Breck called up a resolution appropriating $50 to Wm. Thomas, for placing a patent pump at the corner of Calvert and Baltimore streets. Passed.

Mr. Hudson submitted a preamble and resolution providing for the insurance of property against loss from fire by the city. Read.

Mr. Leonard called up the preamble and resolution denunciatory of the action of the late Legislature in passing the Stamp Act, the Canal bill, and the bill for dividing the city into twenty wards. The question pending being upon the motion of Mr. Walsh to take the question upon the three specifications in the preamble separately. Mr. Leonard spoke in strong terms of disapprobation of the action of the Legislature, and against the division. He thought the action in reference to the division of the city was in violation of chartered rights, and of every principle of propriety, political and social. It might so happen that such a division would be made as to defeat the will and wish of the dominant political party of the city, and thus place in its councils a majority in opposition to them.

Mr. Walsh considered the Stamp Act as unconstitutional, and thought it would be so pronounced when tested before a legal tribunal; but, in reference to the Canal bill, he could not consent to denounce its passage, upon grounds of principle as well as policy. The division of the city into twenty wards, he favored, because it would so divide the population as to prevent the assembling of large masses of people about the places of voting, deterring the religious and quiet citizens from exercising the elective franchise. He disclaimed all party feeling.

Mr. Harker spoke in favor of the entire preamble and resolution.

After some remarks, by Mr. Purviance, in opposition, the Branch adjourned.

SECOND BRANCH.

Mr. Bolton submitting a resolution calling upon the commissioners for estimated cost of erecting a Clerk's office in the centre square of Hanover market. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Lauderman, the commissioners were directed to furnish an estimate of the cost of repairing Broadway, between Alice Ann and Fleet sts.

Dr. Collins, from the committee on education, reported favorably upon propositions for erecting suitable buildings for the use of female public high schools in the western part of the city, and female public school No. 1.—Read.

The resolution from the First Branch, authorising the payment of $300 to officer A. G Ridgely, for the arrest of Henry McCurry, convicted of murder, was passed.

After the reception and reading sundry matters from the other Branch, this Branch adjourned.

A SNOW STORM. The East has been visited by a snow storm, which has interfered somewhat with the mails. At Providence the snow was eight inches deep.

DAILY LINE TO THE SOUTH,
VIA NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, VA., WELDON and Wilmington, N. C., to Charleston, S. C. thence to New Orleans. Also to Raleigh and Fayetteville, N. C. via Weldon to Raleigh Railroad, and also to Richmond and Petersburg, to the Sulphur Springs, and West by Lynchburg Canal Lines.

The Baltimore Steam Packet Company and Portsmouth and Roanoke Rail Road Company, respectfully inform the travelling public that the Chesapeake Boats are now in superior order and unsurpassed in the United States, consisting of the

GEORGIA, Capt. COFFEY,
HERALD, Capt. RUSSELL—and
JEWESS, Capt. SUTTON.

And the late repairs of the Portsmouth Railroad with new rails being completed, enables those companies to offer to travellers a cheap, comfortable, safe and expeditious line to the South—running the following schedule, avoiding the possibility of 24 hours detention at Weldon which is often the case by the line via Washington.

SCHEDULE:

Leaves Spear's wharf, Baltimore, daily (except Sunday) at 4 o'clock, P. M. in one of the above boats. Arrives at Portsmouth at 7 A. M. Leave at 8 A. M. Arrive at Wilmington next day at 12 M. and Charleston, S. C. at 7 next morning.

☞Passengers by those routes will find much more comfort, expedition and economy, with no trouble in exchange of baggage, and no loss of sleep, will certainly induce Travellers to take those routes.

FARE REDUCED,

INCLUDING MEALS ON BOARD THE BAY BOATS.

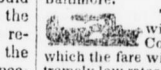
From Baltimore	to Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va.		$6
do	do	to City Point and Richmond, "	6
do	do	to Weldon, N. C.	9
do	do	to Charleston, S. C.	21

☞Passengers for this Line will please hand their checks to our Agent in the Cars, or to the Norfolk Steamboat Porter, (Norfolk boat labelled on his hat,) in the ticket office yard, who will attend to their baggage and conduct them to the boat.

T. SHEPPARD, Agent,
mh6-tf Baltimore Steam Packet Company.

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARE,
AND INCREASED ACCOMMODATION

In consequence of the liberal support with which the BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON STAGE LINE has met, the Proprietors have determined to increase their stock, and will, until further notice, run THREE comfortable and expeditious nine Passenger Coaches daily, in each direction, between Washington and Baltimore.



They have also made arrangements with the Steamboat and Rail Road Companies, South of Washington, by which the fare will be reduced to the following extremely low rates, viz:

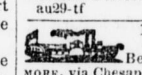
For through tickets from	Baltimore to	Richmond,		$5.00
do	do	do	Petersburg,	5.50
do	do	do	Weldon,	7.50
do	do	do	Charleston,	18.50
Fare between Baltimore and Washington,				1.50

As the Coaches will leave Baltimore immediately on the arrival of the Cars from Philadelphia, and leave Washington immediately on the arrival of the Steam boat from the South, and perform the trip in *five hours*, passengers will reach Baltimore or Washington nearly or quite as early by this conveyance as by the Railroad Line, and will be set down, free of extra charges, at all the principal Hotels, or any other reasonable distance in the city.

Passengers by this Line are delivered on board the Steamboat at Washington, free of any extra charge, and reach Richmond or any point south of it, at the same time, and at *two dollars and fifty cents less fare*, than by the Rail Road line.

The public may rely on skillful and accommodating drivers, and every attention to their comfort. For seats, or further information, apply at the Stage Office, opposite the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Depot, Pratt st. next door to the Green House, and two doors west of Whitman's Hotel.

au29-tf JACOB PETERS & CO



ERICSSON STEAMBOAT
TRANSPORTATION LINE

Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE, via Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, DAILY, (Sundays excepted,) from No. 19 South Wharves, Philadelphia, and from No. 3 Light street wharf, Baltimore.

The Boats of this line are all of the first class and in complete running order, one or more will leave each city DAILY, arriving the following morning in time to connect with the Northern and Eastern and Southern and Western Lines.

☞All merchandise consigned to the agents in either city, will be forwarded free of commission or storage. A. GROVES, Jr., Agent, Philadelphia.
fe25-y E. G. HARRIS, Agent, Baltimore.

TWICE A DAY.

PHILAD. WILMINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD—MORNING TRAIN.

The MORNING TRAIN, carrying the United States Mail leaves Pratt-st. Depot (except Sundays,) at 9 o'clock, A. M. Passengers arrive in Philadelphia at about 3½ o'clock, and in full time for the evening lines for New York.

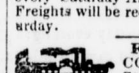
☞In connection with this train, a SECOND CLASS CAR will be run in order to accommodate passengers at a less rate than in the other cars. *Tickets for the second class car at $2.50, must be procured at the office before starting*, otherwise full fare will be charged by the Conductors.

The EVENING MAIL TRAIN leaves the Pratt-st. Depot after the arrival of the Cars from the South and West, at 8 o'clock, P. M. through in 7 hours.

☞The return trains leave Philadelphia respectively at 8 A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M., and reach Baltimore at 2½ and 11 o'clock, P. M.

mh7-tf A. CRAWFORD, Agent.

FOR FREDERICKSBURG, VA., AND THE USUAL LANDINGS ON THE RAPPAHANNOCK RIVER. The Steamer RAPPAHANNOCK, Captain NOAH FAIRBANK, will leave Hughes' Quay, for the above places, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, the 8th of March, at 5 o'clock, and will continue to leave every Saturday Afternoon throughout the season.—Freights will be received on board on Friday and Saturday.



FOR PONGOTEAGUE, ACCOMAC CO., E. S. OF VA. The Steamer RAPPAHANNOCK, Capt. NOAH FAIRBANK, will touch at Pongoteague, Accomac Co., E. S. of Va., on her trips to and from Fredericksburg as heretofore, and will continue to leave on every Saturday Afternoon throughout the season.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
S. M. SHOEMAKER, Agent,
mh6 Office Hughes' Quay.

BEDS! BEDS!! BEDS!!!

SUPERIOR FEATHER BEDS, to be had at the Great Feather Emporium and Bedding Mart, (new No.) 37 SOUTH CALVERT STREET. Also on hand and made to order, Hair, Husk, Moss, Manilla, Palm Leaf, Wool, Cotton and Straw MATTRESSES and PALLIASSES, made in the best manner and of the best Ticking, at the *lowest prices*.

UPHOLSTERING done in all its branches.

FEATHERS, cured and uncured, sold by the bag in large or small quantities. Hotels, Boarding houses, Ships and Steamboats, supplied at wholesale prices. Old Feather Beds and Curled hair Mattresses renovated at the shortest notice. For good articles call at the favorite Stand, two doors below the Mechanical Engine House, South Calvert street.

n26-tf WILLIAM P. SPENCER.

$100 REWARD. Ran away from the subscriber, living near Upper Marlborough, Prince George's county, Maryland, on the 17th instant, negro boy HENSON JOHNSON, about five feet seven inches high, light copper color, his face little pitted from being poisoned; the under part of one of his great toes is cut off; eighteen years of age; his clothes, when he left home, consisted of a brown box-coat, cassinet pantaloons, striped shirt; he may change them, as he has other clothing. It is probable he may be in Washington or Georgetown, where he is very well acquainted. I will give twenty-five dollars if taken in this county, fifty in the District of Columbia or the adjoining counties, and one hundred dollars if taken in any other State. In either case he must be secured, so that I may get him again.

fe5-tf WILLIAM J. BERRY.

GARDEN! GARDEN!!

TO THE LADIES! Ladies who wish to enjoy themselves in the healthful exercise of Gardening can be supplied with small GARDEN TROWELS, HOES, RAKES, &c., by calling at our Furnishing Ware House, where everything *New, Economical and Useful* in our line can be had on the *most reasonable* terms.

JAMES CORTLAN & SON,
No. 18 Baltimore street,
mh6 Head of Centre Market.

SECRET DISEASE

CURED IN FROM 1 TO 3 DAYS OF NO CHARGE MADE. Apply to *DR. JOHNSTON* of the LOCK HOSPITAL, North Frederick street, Two Doors from Baltimore street, where may be obtained the most speedy remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, pain in the Loins, affections of the Kidneys, and every other symptom of

A CERTAIN DISEASE.

How terrific is even the contemplation of the ravages of this disease, when from neglect to consult a skilful physician, or from ignorant and improper treatment, the constitutional symptoms make their appearance—the throat becomes ulcerated, the nose diseased, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, the bones affected, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing on with frightful rapidity till at last the palate of the mouth is distroyed, the bones of the nose decay and fall in; the victim of this horrid disease become an object of pity, until the last scene of the drama winds up and death drops the curtain by hurrying the unhappy patient to an untimely tomb.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Those whose constitutions have been injured by a certain pernicious practice may be soon restored to perfect health by applying to Dr. Johnson, either personally or by letter. Dr. J. has seen cases that were sufficient to appal the heart and harrow up the soul of all who were not used to the observation of such terrible sights.

Should this meet the eye of any who are suffering from the above affection, let them fly immediately to Dr. Johnston, who stands ready to relieve them; and from his extensive practice in the first Hospitals of Europe and America, he guarantees a speedy cure, no matter how bad the case may be.

It is proper here to observe that Dr. JOHNSTON is not at present engaged in the practice of medicine through pecuniary necessity—he having, by the decease of a relative, fallen heir to a fortune—but thro' an ardent desire to benefit his suffering fellow creatures, to pour like the good Samaritan, oil into their wounds, and particularly to relieve those who suffer from a disease for which the world feels no pity.—Again it must be remembered that the object of Dr. Johnston in offering his services for the relief of the miseries of mankind, is not through pecuniary necessity. Hence no charge will in any case be made unless the Patient is cured.

SURGICAL OPERATIONS on the Eye, such as for Squinting, Cataract, &c. Also those for Deformity of the Limb, such as Club Foot, &c., performed on the Poor *free of charge*.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

Take notice, on the right hand side of N. Frederick street, going from Baltimore street, 2 doors from the corner. Observe the name.

☞Advice to the Poor GRATIS.
All LETTERS must be PAID. f10

SHOE BLACKING, of very superior quality, and warranted to improve by age, for sale in any quantity at *reduced prices*, by
C. WISEMAN, Druggist,
fe3-2m Opposite the Fountain Hotel, Light-st.

REMOVED. The subscriber has removed his stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 13 to 9 SOUTH CHARLES STREET, (a few doors below Canfield & Brother's,) where can be found a fine assortment of CUT GLASS; FRENCH CHINA, both white and gold band; English CHINA, white and painted. Also, the best assortment of CANTON CHINA in the city.

fe26-2w JOSEPH S. HASTINGS, JR.

☞STRAAS! STRAAS!!☜
THE FRENCH IMITATION OF DIAMONDS.

THESE beautiful BREASTPINS, which excel the diamond for brilliancy, are just received and for sale by
GABRIEL D. CLARK,
Water street, second door from Calvert.

For 3 or $4, a Pin can be procured which looks as well as a diamond at $100. Gentlemen in want of handsome breastpins, can find them in great variety of different patterns. fe18

STEEL PEN INK. This Ink has been produced by the chemical combination of a new material with the Galate of Iron. It is fluid in its nature, and permanent in color, flows freely from the Steel Pen, and therefore supplies that which has been a desideratum to the user of that instrument. By its combining readily with paper of any surface, it is suited to free and rapid writing, and may be used with any kind of metalic or quill pen. Manufactured by Hogan & Thompson, Philadelphia. Just received and for sale by PARSONS & PRESTON,
Booksellers, Stationers and Blank Book manufacturers, No. 151 Pratt street, adjoining the Rail Road Depot. mh4

BREASTPINS, BRACELETS, &c.

PINK RED TOPAZ AMETHIEST, set handsomely in gold. Ladies who want a handsome BREASTPIN or BRACELET, at a very low price, will please call on G. D. CLARK, Water-st., second door from Calvert, where a general assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY and SILVER WARE are offered for sale. ☞Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange. fe18

CURE FOR WORMS.

A SAFE and effectual remedy for this distressing complaint in children will be found in HALLOCK'S WORM CANDY, which is offered to the public as an improved and agreeable mode of taking the most valuable medicines used by physicians, to destroy and expel Worms from the human system. The most frequent symptoms of worms are, picking of the nose, paleness of the countenance, grinding of the teeth during sleep, fœtid breath, variable appetite, acrid eructations, and pains in the stomach, dry cough, emaciation of the body, and sometimes convulsive fits. When these symptoms are exhibited in children, rest assured they have worms, and as a remedy, give Hallock's Worm Candy—the medicines composing which are such as every physician approves of, and is in the daily practice of recommending; being presented in this form as the most ready mode of administering to children. Each package contains three rolls of Candy—each roll being a distinct preparation—to be given at intervals. Price 12½ cents.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at
ISRAEL J. GRAHAME'S
Drug and Chemical Store,
N. E. Corner of Baltimore and Eutaw-sts.

☞Where also may be had, Hallock's improved CASTOR OIL CANDY, or an easy mode of giving Castor Oil to children.

N.B. Special care given to the MEDICAL PRESCRIPTION business. ja17-tf

THE OLD CITIZENS' BANK,
MARKET STREET,
BETWEEN CHARLES AND ST. PAUL-STS.
No. 161, NOW No. 196.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and customers, that he has completed his FALL and WINTER Stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, selected with special care and judgment, from the best markets, comprising all the necessary variety of Goods in his line. He feels a confidence in recommending his present stock to his patrons, from the advantageous circumstances under which they have been selected.

☞Having in my employ the best workmen, my customers may feel confident in having their orders executed in the best style, and at the shortest notice.

d3 WILLIAM ROGERS.

NO. 151 PRATT STREET,
BOOK & STATIONERY WAREHOUSE.

Town and Country School Books.
Miscellaneous Books.
Theological Works.
Family Bibles, Prayers, Hymns, &c. &c.
BLANK BOOKS of every description manufactured and sold as cheap as they can be purchased in any market.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC STATIONERY.
English and German Slates.
Cap, Letter and Bill Paper, very low.
Bonnet Boards; Wrapping Paper; Ink; Quills;
Steel Pens; Ink Stands; Wafers; Sealing Wax;
Gold and Silver Pencil Cases, &c. &c. For sale by
ARSONS & PRESTON,
Booksellers and Stationers and Blank Book Manufacturers, No. 151 Pratt street, adjoining the Rail Road Depot. fe27

BLACK AND COLORED VELVET RIBAND. I have just received a fresh assortment of the above article in browns, greens, mazarine Blues, scarlet and drabs. Call and examine for yourselves.

J. M. HAIG'S
Fringe Factory, 121 Baltimore street,
mh1 [F] 4 doors above South.

TABLE CLOTHS AND COVERS. Just received a splendid assortment of Table Cloths and Covers, viz: Fine and superfine Brown Linen. Very Rich French Embossed Cloth Covers, new patterns—at low prices, wholesale and retail.

B. H. RICHARDSON & CO.,
No. 223 Baltimore street,
mh7 [AR] 3 doors below Charles.