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THE NEWSPAPER.

Who meets us in the morning
As soon's we ope the door,
What's twisted round the handle,
Or lying on the floor.
The Paper!

And when our toil is over,
And comes the lonely night,
Who drives the weary hours away
And fills us with delight.
The Paper!

Who tells what's done in Congress,
And of their great debates,
Who speaks about the Yankee tricks,
And of the market rates.
The Paper!

Who talks about our rivers,
As how they've lately risen,
Of ships gone out of port,
And rogues that's sent to prison.
The Paper!

Who publisheth the bans abroad
Of many a lovely pair,
Who talks of street improvements
And what they lately were.
The Paper!

Who speaks about our Yankees
The Mexicans who fight,
Who tells of all their movements,
And argues who is right.
The Paper!

What is it that loafers read,
And read it every day,
When sitting in the bar room,
And ne'er the Printer pay.
The Paper!

A TALE OF HORROR.

MASSACRE OF THE NESTORIAN CHRISTIANS.

We learn, says the New York Courier, through the correspondence of the London Morning Chronicle from Constantinople, that another terrible massacre has occurred among the Nestorians. In his letter bearing date Nov. 7, he says that the fact of such an event having occurred, was known at Constantinople, but great pains were taken to conceal the particulars. In his letter of the 9th, he gives further details. About a month before, Beder Khan Bey, knowing that the efforts of the Turkish Government to thwart his designs must prove futile, collected various detachments of troops under the command of the Beys of Haikarai and Bevari, and himself taking command of a large body of Kurds, marched into the country of the Nestorians. Knowing that he would meet with no resistance, he divided his force into small bands, and sent them in various directions to fall on the defenceless Nestorian villages. Of the result of this expedition, the correspondent gives the following details:

Thirty-six of these villages at the least, have been thus made the scenes of the most harrowing wholesale murders. To speak of their having been sacked, plundered and burnt to the ground, would be to draw attention to an incident of small importance in the face of the greater horrors which these bloody barbarians committed. Men, women and children crying for mercy; the women and children, in the agonies of terror, were put to death by every species of torture which cruelty could invent. Happy were those who were shot, or who fell by the sword, who had not their bowels ripped out of them while living, or who were not impaled amidst the shouts and laughter of the murderers. Two of the bishops of the Nestorians, if not more, were impaled, and several of the priests. What impaling is, I suppose your readers to understand. But that was not the worst torture that was inflicted. Children were torn from their mothers, who were obliged, screeching, to look on, put in the most shocking manner to death. The mothers afterwards were sacrificed. The youth of both sexes underwent sacrifices which cannot be mentioned, before their throats, in disgust and satiety, were cut.

The pen refuses to record more of these atrocities, though I might go on, and allude to abominations of cruelty, and worse than cruelty, which call for a retribution as nearly equal to their bestial ruthlessness in severity as can be inflicted. *Three thousand of the Nestorians have perished in this massacre, on the lowest calculation.* This most extensive slaughter took place at a large village, or township, called Bias, where Beder Khan Bey was himself present. Here the two bishops were impaled, and from this place were sent the three hundred heads (*pickled*) to the Pacha of Moussoul, with the insulting message, that if the Porte *presumed* to molest the sender, he would send to Constantinople, instead of Nestorian, Turkish heads enough to make a pyramid.

Whilst these things were happening, a council, over which the Nestorian Patriarch, who had escaped from Moussoul, presided, was held at a town called, if I recollect aright, Artchy, one of the principal Nestorian settlements.—Here it was determined that, as resistance was vain, the whole people of the Nestorians should emigrate, without an hour's delay, into Persia, where a numerous body of their countrymen are settled on the banks of the Lake of Oroomiah.

The execution of this design was, however, difficult, perilous and disastrous. The fugitives were obliged to leave behind them all their property; most of them crossed the mountains in straggling, frightened, wretched bands. But one corps of emigrants, stronger than the others, commanded I am told, by the patriarch, was attacked on their passage by the soldiers of Beder Khan Bey. After an obstinate conflict, in which many fell on both sides, the Nestorians gained the victory.

But the whole mountain district of Kurdistan, on the Turkish side, is at this moment filled with houseless, famished wanderers, hiding themselves in dens and caverns, under all the worst circumstances and guises of misery, from their pursuers. Beder Khan Bey swore, before he started on his expedition, with all the solemnities of his creed, before two Imaums, that he would exterminate the whole Nestorian people; and all of them who have not strength to reach Persia will certainly experience the full realization of this oath.

The Constantinople correspondent of the London Herald gives further particulars of this calamity, the leading facts of which there is no room to doubt. The Herald's account is as follows:

Advices of the 15th Oct. have just reached us, stating that Beder Khan Bey had attacked the Nestorian Christians of Bias, and had put to the sword some 200 of those whom he had taken prisoners. He then sent Mahmoud Khan (one of his satellites,) with the heads of his prisoners, as a token of defiance to Tayar Pacha of Moussoul, who was advancing against him, with 12,000 men, and was encamped at "Elkosh," about 36 miles from Moussoul.—The embassy, fearing to approach the town, loaded ten mules with his horrid trophies, and drove them into the town with a letter couched in language of the strongest abuse. On the 7th of Oct., Tayar Pacha marched againt them and unfortunately took as guides spies of Beder Khan Bey, who conducted the Turkish army to the valley of Koshmerek, the heights being occupied by the Kurdish rebels.

On the morning of the 8th, the Kurdes rushed down from the mountains, and falling on the Turkish army unexpectedly, threw them into the greatest disorder and confusion. Tayar Pacha, however, rallied his men, and a severe engagement took place, the consequences of which are not precisely known. It is said, however, that the Turkish army had been worsted, leaving 700 killed on the field of battle. It is likewise rumored that 3000 prisoners have fallen into the hands of Beder Khan.

The Nestorians under the head of a mountain bishop, Mar Johanna (who is supposed to be a Russian agent, having been at Tiflis,) fearing the consequences of the effects of this disaster, fled into the mountains of Djeb el Tak. They were preparing to cross the frontier, to take refuge among the Persians of Ormian, where the Nestorians already number 35,000 subjects to Persia.

It is further said that Mar Shimoun, the former Nestorian patriarch, had fallen into the hands of the Kurdes.

INTERESTING FROM THE ARMY—*Doings at Monterey—Rumors, &c.* We find the following interesting intelligence from the Army, in the New Orleans Delta, received yesterday:

It was our pleasure yesterday, to hold a conversation with Dr. Wilson, of Col. Woods' Texas Rangers. He arrived here on the steamship Alabama, on Monday evening, and is one of the last persons from Monterey—having left there on the 25th ult. Sickness was abating in the camp, and the wounded, generally speaking, were rapidly recovering. Gen. Butler was among those whose convalescence was most slow. Gen. Worth, with about 1200 men, was at Saltillo, where he found very comfortable quarters. By the way, a good story is told of old "Rough and Ready," who accompanied Gen. Worth's Brigade to Saltillo, in connection with the march into that place. As they approached within a few miles of it, they were met by a courier from the Alcade, or chief governor of the city, who presented to the General a very formidable looking despatch. A halt was called, and the General's interpreter was ordered to give a translation of the document. It opened with an expostulation of the injustice of the war on the part of the Americans—alleged that it was prosecuted for the purposes of conquest, rapine, and plunder—protested against the further advance of the General's forces—threatened him with the retribution that must follow, and —— but the General stopped the translator in the middle of a sentence, with —"Are you through, sir?" "No," was the reply, "I have not read half of it, yet."

"O, I'll hear no more of it," said the General; "March!" He ordered the bugler to sound the advance, and again the column was in motion.

The number of men fit for active duty at Monterey at the present time, is about 3000.—Of these, one regiment is quartered in the city—the remainder are encamped at the Walnut Springs.

From the representations which Dr. Wilson makes to us, Gen. Taylor *cannot* advance with his forces from Saltillo to San Luis Potosi.—The Mexicans, in their retreat, performed the march at a great sacrifice of life: the Americans cannot accomplish it—first, because the enemy would let the water out of the tanks, and thus deprive them of this necessary element of existence; next, because they could find no provisions on the way—a distance of 250 miles—and, because it would amount to an almost absolute impossibility, to convey the necessary forage and provisions over the mountains in the line indicated. There would seem to be no probability, then, that a junction can be formed with the two wings of our army at San Luis Potosi—the one marching from Tampico, the other from Monterey to Saltillo—which report has been saying, is to be the movement.

A report, circulated along the Rio Grande, was, that Santa Anna had challenged General Taylor to meet him with 30,000 men, in pitched battle, between San Luis Potosi and Saltillo. "Rough and Ready" replied, that so soon as he would have 10,000 efficient men under his command, he would meet him anywhere, whatever might be the strength of his forces.

A few days before Dr. Wilson left Monterey, an express arrived there from Gen. Wool, at Monclova. It is not his present purpose to join Gen. Taylor. In this decision, he is guided by the instructions or advice of the latter. Col. Harney and his dragoons are at Chihuahua, into which they marched without firing a gun.—Indeed, they were cordially welcomed, and got from the authorities a decent "blow out" into the bargain.

The regular army at Monterey conduct themselves with great order and regularity: not so, always with the volunteers. They and the Mexicans too often get into difficulties, and homicides follow. On the day before Doctor W. left the camp, the body of a member of the Louisville Legion was found in a position which showed that he had been violently murdered. His comrades buried him, and the next day, the Doctor heard, when he reached Camargo, they sallied out and killed several Mexicans. He further heard, that for this, Gen. Taylor had ordered them back from the camp, with a strong reprimand, either to Lanares or Camargo. The 4th regiment of Illinois volunteers, which had marched from Camargo to Matamoras, on their way to Tampico, were ordered back, probably, to take the place of the Kentucky Legion, or possibly to repel some threatened attack on Camargo. Whatever the motive, they were, at least ordered to countermarch from Matamoras. The report at Matamoras, was, that Gen. Ampudia had been tried by a military court, at San Luis Potosi, for his conduct at Monterey, and ordered to be shot!

SEGARS. The Rochester Advertiser says that 4,962,800 segars are annually made in the factories of that city. Estimating them worth two cents a-piece, the value would be $99,256.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED. The nominations of Mr. Bancroft, as Minister to England, and of Mr. Clifford, as Attorney General, were confirmed by the U. S. Senate on Tuesday.

FIRE IN PHILADELPHIA. A fire broke out in a large store house on Market st., Philadelphia, on Wednesday morning, which did considerable damage. The Philadelphia Sun says:

The part of the building in which the fire was first discovered was occupied by Messrs. Lindsay & Blackiston, book binders—the rooms immediately beneath by Messrs. Lea & Blanchard, book publishers; and the lower stories by Thomas, Cowperthwait & Co., also book publishers. It was confined entirely to the part of the building in which it originated, and destroyed much valuable machinery, besides a great number of costly books, both bound and in sheets. Among the latter is the entire edition of a work upon which so much labor and money has been expended—the United States Exploring Expedition. The loss of Messrs. Lea & Blanchard, and Thomas, Cowperthwait & Co., is considerable—the result of damage to their property by water. The insurance upon the whole is sufficient to cover the loss.

NEW YORK EXPENSES. At a meeting of the Board of Aldermen in New York on Monday evening, the Comptroller presented his annual estimate of receipts and expenses, and asked for immediate use during January and February; the sum of $1,180,000, to meet bonds and interests due, and contingent expenses. He asks, among other items for the year $297,000, for the almshouse; $40,000 for county contingencies; $135,000 for *cleaning* streets; $171,424 for lighting city; and $479,000 for police, besides $200,000 for salaries.

The total amount to be raised by tax is $1,732,624, for city expenditures, and $803,738, making a grand total to be raised by tax of $2,343,624 for the payment of interest on city stocks. He estimates the receipts from water rents at $225,000, and $150,000 for rents of real estate.

FATAL FRACAS. A fracas of a serious nature took place a few days since at Ravenswood, Queen's county, (L. I.) between two parties of men, one numbering 15, the other only 3, in relation to the ownership of a stone quarry; the latter were assaulted and beaten so terribly that one of them named Ross Kerney is said to have died of the wounds; while another named John Shendon is dangerously hurt, and the third much injured. The assailants have been pursued to New York city, and several of them arrested.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT BUFFALO. There was a destructive fire at Buffalo on Wednesday. The large store of Messrs. G. B. Walbridge & Co., wholesale produce and commission merchants, Main street, and the two stores adjoining have been destroyed by fire. Walbridge & Co.'s loss is said to be $19,000—covered by insurance. The loss of the others is put down at $11,000—partially insured. Mr. Henry Bishop, a book-keeper to Messrs. Walbridge & Co., is missing, and it is generally feared that he has perished in the flames.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE. An address before the alumni of this institution, at the ensuing commencement, may be expected from William H. Tuck, Esq., one of the graduates of 1827. Dr. Humphreys, the President of the College, is staying for a few days at the Exchange Hotel in this city, where, we understand, he would be happy to see any of the alumni.

MARRIAGE AND DEATH. Mr. David Bain, of Bath, Steuben county, N. Y., who was married to Miss Eliza Wallington, on Wednesday evening last, died on Thursday (the next) night. He retired to bed that evening in ordinarily good health, and during the night his young wife awoke and found him dead by her side. He was about 40 years of age.

MORTALITY ON SHIPBOARD. The ship Ligona, from Bremen, arrived at New York on Tuesday, after a passage of 113 days. She started with 312 passengers, of whom 34 died on the passage. The Pontiac also arrived, 63 days from Liverpool; during the passage there were 19 deaths on board, and the captain was obliged to navigate the vessel nearly the whole passage with only six men.

TREATY WITH THE ZOLLVEREIN. The Courier des Etats Unis, states that the Prussian Minister to the United States, the Baron Gervet, returned in the Cambria. This gentleman is said to be charged with a mission whose object is a renewal of the treaty between the U. States and the Zollverein. This proposition acquires double importance at this juncture, in consequence of the expected rupture of the treaty between England and the German Commercial Union.

By virtue of the existing monopoly England has the exclusive right to import into the Zollverein sugar and rice, and the consequence of the rupture would be the formation of advantageous treaties with the free cities, Holland and America.

TRADE ON THE CANAL. The Georgetown Advocate says the following are the receipts by the Canal at that place since Sunday last: Wheat, about 11,700 bushels; Flour, 17,600 barrels; Corn, 2,400 bushels; Apples, 1,600 barrels, besides Whiskey, potatoes, bran, shorts, &c., seed, lumber, hoop poles, hay, eggs, bacon, empty flour barrels, (new) &c.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A JUDGE. The Harrisburg Telegraph states that on Wednesday morning the Hon. Wm. McClean, former Associate Judge of Adams county, but of late years a Clerk in the Office of the Auditor General, while engaged in purchasing marketing, suddenly dropped down, and was taken into the Washington Hotel, where he soon expired without exhibiting any signs of consciousness. No pulse could be discovered after he fell.

ITEMS OF NEWS. The legislature of South Carolina adjourned on Friday last.——An ourang outang, which had been exhibiting at Petersburg, Va., died on Sunday.——A man named Geo. Kirk was crushed to death at Louisville on Thursday, by the falling of the flooring of Mr. Allen's pork house.——Charles Talbott, who was stabbed recently on the Louisville race course, has since died.——The citizens of Pittsburg have contributed nearly $1,000 for the use of the volunteers from that city.——There are 4,000 teetotal temperance men in Charleston.——A boat, containing five colored men, capsized near Charleston last week, and all hands were drowned.——Judge McLean, of Harrisburg, died few days ago.

EMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES. Six month ago, 7,000 tailors were out of employ in London. They had a meeting and the tailor's societies agreed to assist all who would go to America. To effect this, a passage ticket to America was furnished for £2 10s., which cost the companies £3 10s. A large portion of these tailors have already reached this country. By the last steamer we received information that 3,000 stone cutters are out of employment in England. These knights of the hammer will be here in April. In addition, it is believed, that 200,000 emigrants will leave Ireland next spring and summer for the U. States.—Preparations are making on a large scale to assist all who wish to leave the Emerald Isle.

LATER FROM RIO JANEIRO. Advices from Rio Janeiro to the 29th of October, have been received at New Orleans. The U. S. frigate Saratoga, bound to California, put back to Rio, in distress on the 28th, having shipped a heavy sea in a gale of wind off Cape Horn, in which she lost all her quarter boats, split sails, damaged spars and started her deck and stern frame. The U. S. ship Independence was to sail from Rio on the 30th, destination unknown. Capt. Smith, of the bark Kennebec, fell dead on the deck of his vessel, in that port, on the 28th, while conversing with his wife.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

A Cowhiding Match. Quite an interesting rencontre came off in a store in Baltimore, not far from Charles street, yesterday morning.—Two young gentlemen, who stay in different stores, one in a store not far from the above latitude, have had a difficulty, and meeting a few nights since in Liberty street, at a public house, after some words, one made an attack on the other, but friends interfering, they were separated without being satisfied. The one who was attacked in Liberty street, procured a cowhide yesterday morning, and went to the store, in Baltimore, near Charles street, where the other was engaged behind the counter. He placed a note before him, in which certain acknowledgments were made, and demanded that he should sign it; when, on his refusing, the party with the cowhide gave the other a complete dressing off; not, however, without having a thumb nearly bitten off in the scuffle with his antagonist. They were again separated, and thus the difficulty rests, until another opportunity shall occur to give vent to their pent-up combativeness. The scene in the store yesterday morning is represented to have been ludicrous in the extreme, and will be the theme of many a merry jest for a long time to come. We respectfully suggest to both parties to procure a cowhide, and repair to some quiet spot, take off their coats, &c., &c., and he that stands fire the longest be declared the victor. It would be an exceedingly interesting exhibition

The Visiting Dragoons. The Frederick Hussars, Capt. Edward Schley; Ringgold Dragoons, Capt. Doub, and Potomac Dragoons, Maj. Harris, commanding, all started for home yesterday morning, and carry with them the best wishes of our citizens. They all expressed themselves highly gratified with their visit.

That Cap. We understand that "that cap" which was awarded to a visiting corps from Philadelphia, by an old fireman on Wednesday, has been carefully packed up and will be sent on immediately. The Philadelphians purpose placing it in their Armory as a relic of the past, and we doubt not but that it will be handed down to not only the "second" but the "third corps."

Cutting with a Knife. An altercation took place on Wednesday night at a German tavern near the Bel-Air Market House, between two men named Hamilton Winn and Asbury Walters, in which the latter was severely cut in several places by a knife in the hands of the former. Winn was promptly arrested by officers League and Gamble, and confined in the Middle District Watch House until yesterday morning when a preliminary examination took place before Justice Kennard. He was released on security for a further hearing, to take place on Saturday morning.

Case for Court. John Hall, for assaulting and beating Joseph Hunter, was arrested yesterday by officer Potter, and in default of security, committed to jail to appear at Court by Justice McAllister.

The Fund for Kelly. The Ringgold Committee yesterday morning deposited in the Franklin Bank of Baltimore, the sum of $305 32, on special deposite to the order of Col. Bouldin, Col. Kane, and Patrick Kelly, for the use of the latter, being a part of the fund raised for Kelly's use. When the collections are completed, we understand, the fund will be invested in City Stock.

Sale at the Exchange. Messrs. Cannon, Bennett & Co., auctioneers, sold yesterday at the Exchange, the steamboat Rappahannock—U. S. Marshal's sale—for the sum of $1,400; Robert Taylor, Esq, purchaser.

Discharged. Neal Shields, whose arrest we have previously noticed for brutal treatment of his wife, was yesterday discharged from custody by Justice Egerton. His wife, who is in the Hospital, is now considered out of danger, but refuses to testify against him, and there being no other evidence of her ill-treatment, the Justice was compelled to release the husband. It is a pity that sufficient evidence could not be obtained to punish him as he deserves.

BALTIMORE LOCK INFIRMARY,
No. 15 E. PRATT STREET,
seven doors east of the Bridge.

The oldest Institution in Baltimore for the cure of the secret disease.

DOCTOR HARRIS.
(SUCCESSOR TO DR. HITZELBERGER,)

Challenges the world to produce a cure more certain speedy and permanent than he now offers to the afflicted. His recent extensive medical tour has put him in possession of the grand scientific secret, of not only eradicating the lurking poison of venerial venom, but of restoring the shattered constitution to its pristine vigor. Dr. H. confidently assures the victims of venereal disease that he can, in an unparalleled short space of time, restore the patient to perfect health without resorting to the nauseous and deleterious drugs too often administered by quacks.

IMPOTENCY, from whatever cause arising, and its sources are various, Dr. H. pledges himself to remove permanently and effectually, restoring to their full vigor the virile powers. Those addicted to the solitary vice, or who may be suffering from former indulgence a prostration of mental and physical energies, would find it much to their interest to apply either by letter (post paid) or in person, to Dr. H., in whom they may place the most implicit confidence, for honorable secrecy and efficient aid. Office hours from 6 A. M. to 11 P. M. ap14-tf

IT NEVER FAILS!!
DR. CULLEN'S
INDIAN VEGETABLE PANACEA.

PERSONS afflicted with Scrofula, Kings' Evil, Cancer, Erysipelas, Old Sores, Ulcers, Tetter, Mercurial Diseases, or any other complaints arising from impurities of the Blood, are requested to read the following testimonials, in proof of the wonderful properties of the above named medicine.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

We, the undersigned, having visited Mr. Isaac Brooks, Jr. at the office of Messrs. Rowand & Walton, 376 Market street, Philadelphia, consider his case the most remarkable one we have ever witnessed or heard of. His disease was SCROFULA, and terrible must have been his twelve years' conflict with the destroyer!

His PALATE, the ENTIRE ROOF of his MOUTH his NOSE, UPPER LIP, and lower lid of the RIGHT EYE have been destroyed, his FACE *nearly eaten up*, and part of the JAW BONE carried away. And yet we can give no description of his case.

Mr. B. informs us that in January last, the whole interior of his mouth, as well as most of his face, was a mass of deep and painful ulcers!

On the 14th of January last, he commenced taking Dr. CULLEN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PANACEA, which checked the disease in a few days, and from that time the cure has progressed without intermission.

New flesh has supplied the place of the deep ulcers, and though badly disfigured, his face is sound, and his general health is restored.

We are assured that in the treatment of Mr. Brooks' case, no MERCURIALS, Ointments, or CAUSTIC applications have been used,—in fact, the PANACEA ALONE has wrought this wonderful change.

David Smith, Bucks co, Pennsylvania; Charles L Rowand, Meadville, Crawford co. Pennsylvania; J W Jones, M D South Second-st. Philadelphia; Jacob Lee, Pemberton, N Jersey; E W Carr, 440 N Fourth, above Poplar-st, N Liberties; S McCullough, Lancaster, Pennsylvania; R M Maddock, 28 N Eleventh-st, Philadelphia; G W Appleton, M D 46 South-st do; Timothy Caldwell, Marion co, Missouri; Daniel Yeakel, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia co, Pa; John Barnes, 390 High-st. Philadelphia; William Steeling, M D Camden, New Jersey; William Hale, 378 Hight-st, Philadelphia; J H Potter, Manufacturer of Mineral Teeth, 109 S Ninth-st Phila; L A Wollenweber, Ed Phila Democrat, 227 N 3d st, do; Geo W Metz, Brush maker, 317 Market-st do; Ezra Carr, 159 Chestnut-st do; A D Gillette, Pastor of Eleventh Baptist Church, Phila; John Bell, Erie-st, Phila, (North American office;) Aaron Sands, 164 Catharine-st, Philadelphia; Daniel McGinley, Kessler's Alley, do; Andrew Sweaton, Camden, New Jersey; R H Evans, West Phila; Richard R Young, Gilder, 409 Market-st, Phila; John W Ashmead, 60 South Sixth st, do; T S Wagner, Lithographer, 116 Chestnut-st, do; B J Kensil 123 S Eleventh-st, do; Peter Sken Smith, Editor Native Eagle, do; Joel Bodine, Glass manufacturer, Williamstown, N Jersey; William Steely, Farmington, Van Buren co, Iowa; L B Coles, M D Boston, Mass; Russel Canfield, Physiologist, Phila; Thomas P S Roby, M D Harrisburg, Pa; Peter Wright, 259 Market st, Phila; James W Newlin, 103 Filbert-st, do; John Good, 174 Spruce-st, do; William Urie, Pastor St Paul's M E Ch Catharine-st, do; John Chambers, Pastor 1st Indep Ch Broad st, do; T L Sanders, Publisher of Pledge and Standard, do; F P Sellers, Editor Olive Branch, Doylestown, Bucks co. Pa; John Coates, Printer, 11th and Market-st, Phila; Jacob Frank, Editor American Sentinel, do; C Guilou, Counsellor, 39 S 4th st, do; L A Godey, Publisher of the Lady's Book, do; D S Keifer, Editor American Republican, Lancaster, Pa; H C Foncesmith, Emporium of Health, do; A Wilson, M D No 8 Cedar Row, Phila; Levi Brick, New York; J B Atkinson, Camden, N Jersey.

The above named gentlemen, (constituting but a small portion of those who have visited Mr. Brooks at our office in Philadelphia, and would certify to the same facts if necessary) are well known, and their high standing in society precludes the idea of their lending their names to carry on an imposition.

As additional testimony in proof of the extraordinary curative powers of our Panacea, we give a few of the many certificates in our possession, the truth of which can be testified by writing to the individuals, who, (with the exception of Mr. Maxwell, who is in New York) may be found where they resided when the certificates were given.

And here we say, without the fear of contradiction, that we have not found a case of Scrofula or other disease for which we recommend the Panacea which the medicine has not speedily arrested.

We have at this time a multitude of patients under treatment, all of whom are doing well. Among them is one of CANCER, which was pronounced by physicians *beyond the reach of Surgical* assistance, but from all appearances will be cured in a few months.

Sold wholesale and retail by the proprietors, ROWAND & WALTON, 376 Market st, Phila. Also, in Baltimore by N. N. Robinson, corner of Gay and Saratoga streets; Kinsloe & Toy, 28½ Marsh Market Space; James Stansbury, No. 237 Broadway, Fell's Point; Gorden & Tubman, No. 152. West Pratt st.

THE ONLY REMEDY
FOR THE WOMB DISEASE
EVER DISCOVERED BY ANY!

Nature and Nature's Laws, laid hid at night.
God said let Nature and Delaney be, and all's right
Like Chaos, mouldering, saved I now arise,
Justice, Justice to honest merit, I prize.
When the best of skill pronounced I must lose my life,
By R. Delaney's No. 1 and Panacea, I am now a mother and a wife!

Signed, CATHARINE MARIA QUINN,
Endorsed by E. W., Note Book 50,
sealed Gratitude.

SOOTHES, HEALS, AND PERFECTLY SAFE.
IMPORTANT CARD.

TO HEADS OF FAMILIES AND DELICATE FEMALES, having the Womb Disease and gravel, severe Cough, first stages of Consumption, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Piles, Cholics, Rheumatics, severe Agues, spleen or Fleurisy, Impurities of the Blood, Worms, habitual Head-ache, &c.

Also, his MIXTURES for Croup and Spasms by worms; saves a child's life in five minutes, &c. Females, treated for dropsy for years, have been relieved of huge worms and restored to health by but one bottle of my No. 1. To remove delicacy, Mrs. Delaney will receive personally sealed notes, and in return will give a statement, with honest certificate, No. of address, &c. P. S. I do hereby guarantee the cure of the whole of this card. Security given at any merchant's office in this city, sealed by the Author, endorsed by the County Court, Mayor, and 13 Magistrates, with letters and references from the highest testimonials.

Its character for curing the Yellow Fever in Mobile, established by Capt. Robinson, No. 59 Thames street, signed and witnessed by Col. N. Brewer, Magistrate—is no less than my bottle No 1, curing the most dangerous Cholera Infantum, Diarrhœa and Flux. So much so, I guarantee the worst of Cholera. These are honest facts that have been published, signed by Capt. Wm. C. Wright, of schr Allegany; Capt. J Turner; Mr. Wm. Montgomery, (old town.) ☞ Satisfaction.

I guarantee a sworn certificate for Agues, &c., for every day in the year, sealed by the Mayor and County Court seal.

Reference to Mr. James Johnston; Ormdo ff & Co.; Messrs. Mills & Co and James Givan, Esq, Merchants. John C. Holland, Esq, Gay street, D Connan, Marsh Market Space. ☞ Community at large.

☞ Indian Vegetable No. 1 Panacea and Rheumatic Extract Solution, Blood Purifier (no matter the cause,) and Worm Destroyer. For sale by the Author,

ROBERT J DELANEY,
125 1m* No. 34 Lombard street, Baltimore.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL,

WHERE may be obtained the most speedy remedy for Gonorrhœ, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, pain in the Loins, affections of the Kidneys; also those peculiar affections which arise from *a certain practice of youth*, and which, if not cured renders marriage impossible, and in the end destroys both mind and body. This remedy will also cure Impotency, and every symptom of a

SECRET DISEASE.

A CURE WARRANTED, OR NO CHARGE MADE
IN FROM ONE TO TWO DAYS.

Office No. 1 *NORTH FREDERICK STREET*, on the right hand side going from Baltimore-st., 2nd door from the corner—right opposite the Police office. Be particular in observing the name on the door and window, or you will mistake the place.

DR. JOHNSTON,

a distinguished graduate from one of the first Colleges in the United States, which may be seen by his Diploma; also, a member of the Royal College of Surgeons and Licentiate of the Apothecary's Hall, London; and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the first hospitals of Europe and America, viz: those of *London, Paris* and *Philadelphia*, may be consulted on all diseases, but more particularly

A CERTAIN DISEASE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing on with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to "that bourne whence no traveller returns." To such, therefore, Dr. JOHNSTON pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable secrecy; and, from his extensive practice in the first hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently recommend a safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this horrid disease, owing to the unskillfulness of men, who by the use of that deadly poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send the unfortunate sufferer to an untimely grave, or else make the residue of his life miserable.

GONORRHŒA AND GLEET CURED, by the most speedy and the most pleasant remedy known to no other physician. It requires no restraint of diet, or hindrance from business—it is mild, safe and efficacious, eradicating every symptom of this affection, without causing other diseases, such as STRICTURE and AFFECTIONS OF THE BLADDER and PROSTRATE GLAND, which impurics and quacks so often create their noxious drugs and filthy infections.

STRICTURES—when there is a partial suppression of urine, accompanied with uneasiness in the parts, or a frequent desire to make water, it is called *Stricture*. Yet this disease may exist, and none of these symptoms be perceptible, or if at all, they are so slight as to pass unnoticed; hence, we find thousands laboring under this affection who are entirely unconscious of it—such persons become weak in the parts, seldom *have children*, and in the later stages of this complaint are incapable of enjoying *Marriage*—their systems become deranged, particularly the stomach, inducing symptoms of dyspepsia; also affections of the *mind*, peculiar fits of melancholy, &c. &c. which may end in some dreadful *disease* of the nerves, and will either cause a premature death or else make the rest of life miserable. To such persons, Dr. JOHNSTON offers the most speedy remedy that can be obtained in the *United States*.

☞ Read Dr. J.'s Treatics on Veneral, etc. etc.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Young men who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school—the effects of which are nightly felt even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all the prospects and enjoyments of life by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

Should reflect that a sound and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospect hourly darkens to the view—the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection, that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

CONSTITUTIONAL DEBILITY.

Dr. J. addresses young men and all who have injured themselves by private & improper indulgences.

IMPOTENCE—WEAKNESS OF THE GENITAL ORGANS.

Loss of virile power is the penalty most frequently paid by those who give a loose rein or license to their passions. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful effects that may ensue. Although impotency occurs from stricture, deposites in the urine, gravel, and from numerous other causes, yet the abuse of the sexual organs, by excessive venery or self-pollution; particularly the latter is the more frequent cause of it. Now who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreating the species is lost sooner by those who practice the *solitary vice* than by the prudent. Besides, by premature impotence the digestive functions are deranged, and the physical and mental powers weakened by a too frequent and too great excitement of the genital organs. Parents and guardians are often misled, with respect to the causes or sources of disease in their sons and wards. How often do they ascribe to other causes the wasting of the frame, idiotcy, madness, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, derangement of the nervous system, cough and symtoms, indicating consumption, when the truth is that they have been caused by indulging in a pernicious, though alluring practice, destructive to both mind and body.

INVOLUNTARY SEMINAL EMISSIONS.

Of this distressing disease, which is the common result of the above mentioned *secret habit*, but a very brief description for many reasons, can be given here. The complaint comes on gradually. It begins by a too hasty discharge of semen in copulative and passionate dreams. Such emissions being too hasty, have no power, while the erections are feeble, imperfect and soon over. As the disorder grows worse, the discharges or emissions become more easily excited and frequent, often brought on by lascivious ideas, or by merely touching the part. In this deplorable case, the emissions take place without any pleasure and without erection, and in this debilitated and sensitive state of the organs the direful effects of pollution so ruinous to health, take place day and night. Pale, emaciated, and weak, the unhappy victim of artificial gratification complains of pain in the head and back, has a languid look, dimness of sight, flushing of the face when spoken to, lowness of spirits, and a vague dread of something, often starting with terror at a sudden sight or sound. He also loaths society, from an innate sense of shame, and feels a dislike to all bodily and mental exertion.—Distressed, and his mind fixed upon his miseries, he slyly searches every source tha promises relief. Ashamed to make known his situation to his friends, or those who by education, study, and practical knowledge, are able to relieve him, he applies to the ignorant and designing, who fleece him of his pecuniary substance, and instead of restoring him to health leave him to sigh over his galling disappointment; the last scene of the drama winds up with mania, catalepsy, epilepsy or some terrible disease of the nerves and death drops the curtain, hurrying the unhappy patient to an untimely tomb, where his friends totally ignorant of the real cause.

ALL SURGICAL OPERATIONS PERFORMED.

N. B. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately either personally or by letter.

ALL LETTERS must be POST PAID.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

☞ Advice to the Poor GRATIS.

TAKE NOTICE. DR. JOHNSTON has had a greater practice in the above affections than any physician in the U. S. He also possesses an advantage over all others, from the fact of his having studied in the great Hospitals of both Europe and this country, viz: those of England, France, Spain, Russia, Denmark, &c. and the Hospitals of Philadelphia. Thousands in Baltimore can testify that he cured them after every other means had failed. Unnumerable certificates could be given, but delicacy prevents it—for what man or respectability would like his name exposed—none—besides there are so many persons without knowledge or character who advertise these things with false hopes, that no one would lend it. 23