DAILY COMMERCIAL.

BALTIMORE, MD.

Board of Trade.

Committee of Arbitration for April.

S. P. TOWNSEND,
A. FULLER CRANE, JOHN WEEKS,
JOS. O. FOARD, J. G. RAMSAY.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Sales at the Baltimore Stock Board.

April 16, 1866.

FIRST BOARD.

American Gold.			Balt. & Ohio R. b'ds.		
10,000	...	s10 flat 125¼	1,000	...	... '80 94½
5,000	...	s5 flat 125¾	100	...	... 75 94½
5,000	...	s10 flat 125¾	Nat. Exchange Bank.		
5,000	...	125¾	50 shs	...	1.00
5,000	...	125¾	Baltimore City 6's.		
5,000	...	s15 flat 125¾	500 ... 75 opg		96¼
5,000	...	125¾	Baltimore Chrome.		
10,000	...	s10 flat 125¾	500 shs	...	b30 .80
U. S. 7-30's.			400 shs	...	b30 .80
1,400	...	1st series s 100¾	100 shs	...	b30 .80
600	...	... 100¾	American Gas Coal Co.		
700	...	... 100¾	950 shs	...	.85
600	...	3d ... 100¾	500 shs	...	.95
1,000	...	... 100¾	500 shs	...	.95
U. S. 10-40's.			300 shs	...	.95
2,000	...	92¼	Mineral Hill Min. Co.		
Marine Bank.			200 shs	...	.70
36 shs	...	32			

SECOND BOARD.

American Gold.			Baltimore City 6's.		
1,000	...	small 125¾	1,400	'80	99
1,300	...	125¾	Bare Hill Min. Co.		
544	...	125¾	500 shs	...	b30 1.00
U. S. 5-20's.			500 shs	...	b2 .95
5,000	...	2d issue 104¼	Baltimore Chrome.		
U. S. 7-30's.			1,500 shs	...	b30 .80
1,500	...	3d series 100¾	100 shs	...	b30 .80
10,000	...	... 100⅝	700 shs	...	.75
$3,000	...	1st ... 100⅝	500 shs	...	b30 .75
Virginia 6's.			Mineral Hill Min. Co.		
10,000			100 shs	...	.70

Prices of Stocks and Bonds in New York

BY TELEGRAPH.

Furnished by Leonard J. Tormey & Co., Stock and Bill Brokers, No. 22 South Street.

April 16, 1866.	1st Board	2d Board	5 P. M.
U. S. Coupons, 1881	105	105	.....
U. S. 5-20's old	104¼	104¼	.....
U. S. 5-20's, new	104¼	104¼	.....
U. S. 7-30's 1st series	100¾	100¾	.....
U. S. 1 year Certificates	.....	.....	.....
Gold	125¾	125¾	125¾
Tennessee 6's	90½	90	.....
North Carolina 6's	84	.....	.....
Missouri 6's	73½	73½	.....
Canton Company	52½	52½	52¼
Cumberland	44	43½	43¾
Quicksilver	54⅝	56⅝	.....
New York Central	92¾	92½	93⅛
Erie	72¾	73	74
Erie Preferred	.....	.....	.....
Hudson	108½	108½	.....
Reading	104⅞	103⅞	104
Michigan Central	103	103	.....
Michigan Southern	79¼	79¼	.....
Illinois Central	114¾	114¾	.....
Cleveland and Pittsburg	79¾	81⅝	82
Chicago and N. Western	26¾	26¾	26½
" Preferred	55½	55¼	55¾
Cleveland and Toledo	103¾	103½	.....
Chicago and Rock Island	119	119½	121
Mil. and Prairie du Chien	.....	.....	.....
Fort Wayne	90½	91½	91½
Alton and Terre Haute	33	33	.....
Ohio and Miss. Cert	26	26	.....
Tone of Market	Weak.	Strong.	Strong.

MONDAY, April 16, P. M.

Gold was fairly active again to-day but ¼ to ½ ⅌ cent. lower than on Saturday, the sales, which were mostly at the first Board, being made at 125¼@125¾, seller 5 and 10, and 125⅜@125¾ cash. It closed regular way at 125¾ bid, 126¼ asked. The transactions at both Boards sum up upwards of $50,000.

Governments were also good and steady, and for all issues the market was strong. Five-Twenties were higher, selling at 104¼, and closing at 104@104¼ bid for the issues of 1864 and 1862. Seven-Thirties sold at 100¾ for first and second series, and 100⅝@100¾ for third, and closed firm at 100¾ bid for first and second, and 100⅝ for third series. Ten-Forties improved ½ per cent., a lot of $2,000 selling at 92¼. For certificates 99½ was bid, but no sales were made.

State bonds were in some demand, and sales were made of $10,000 Virginia inscribed 6's at 42, an improvement of ¼. For Virginia coupon 6's 67 was bid, and 69 asked; North Carolina's closed at 83 bid, 84 asked; Missouri's at 72½ bid; Tennessee's at 88 bid, and Georgia's at 100 bid. In City securities Baltimore 6's there was some demand, and one or two lots were sold at 96¼ for 1875's for the opening, and 99 for new 1890's.

Nothing was done in Railroad shares, but Baltimore and Ohio closed at $108 bid, $110 asked, ex-dividend, and Central Ohio at $22 bid, $25 asked. In Railroad bonds we notice sales of one or two lots of Baltimore and Ohio 1875's and 1880's at 94½. Bank stocks were in some demand, and sales were made of 50 shares National Exchange at $100, and 36 shares Marine at $32.

In the miscellaneous list there was a fair business done, Baltimore Chrome being the most active stock, sales of some 4,000 shares being made. It opened at 80 cts, but declined to 75 cts, and closed at 79 cts bid, 75 cts asked. Bare Hill declined 5 cts, opening at $1, and closing at 95 cts, American Gas Coal advanced 5 cts, selling at 85@95 cts, and Mineral Hill sold at 70 cts.

The New York stock market has been feverish and unsteady during the day. The rain in the morning caused the street to become almost deserted and few operations were noticed before Boards. The disposition to buy the leading stocks rather predominated, and the prices of dividend paying securities were slightly advanced from the close on Saturday. Erie, New York Central, Hudson and Rock Island were active at brisker demand, and improved ½ to ¾ per cent., while Illinois Central, Michigan Southern and Mariposa were lower. Prices fluctuated throughout the day, but the general business of commission houses was extremely dull, there being very little outside speculation going on.

Erie advanced to 73½, receded to 73 at one o'clock, and at the close was quoted at 73¾. The great decline in this stock has induced the belief that a reaction is at least *probable* and purchases have been made to-day under that conviction. The present unsettled condition of the market, however, renders it alike unsafe to be either *long* or *short* of this stock, and more than ordinary caution should mark operations either for an advance or decline. The continued ease in the money market, the general inactivity of many branches of trade, force large amounts of unemployed capital into the grand vortex of Wall street, and still favor the action of stock combinations who only want the opportunity of again working their "*cornering*" schemes to advantage. The "*uruus major*" has been subjected to a severe "squeeze" lately, and it will take some time to obliterate the remembrance of the past fortnight. The "*bulls*" fully appreciate the necessity of this element in the market, and are buoying a few stocks, in the hope of inducing a large "bear" interest once more, but 'short" contracts are becoming less frequent, and in many cases, closed from day to day. It will require a considerable advance from present limits to again tempt heavy sales on "*seller's option.*"

Hudson, after opening at 109 became weak, and closed at 108¾. Reading sold at 104¼ in the morning, and declined to 104 in the afternoon. Rock Island was well sustained, selling at 119 at eleven o'clock, it steadily advanced to 119½ at half-past two, after which, on the announcement of 40 per cent stock dividend being declared subject to a call of 20 per cent. in cash, it sold at 120¾, and at half-past five was quoted at 121. Quicksilver continues in its upward course, selling at 56¾ at the last board.

State Bonds were extremely dull and lower than on Saturday. Tennessee's and Missouri's, each declined ½. North Carolina's changed hands at 83¾ to 83½, and a small lot of Virginia sold at 68.

Government Bonds were firm at a slight advance. Five-twenties ruling at 104¼. Gold was firm and in good demand. Opening at 125⅞, it advanced to 125⅞ at the close. Its scarcity is again becoming perceptible, and 1-16 has been paid in most cases for use.

Money continues abundant, and from the appearance of the bank statement this afternoon, there are no prospects of any immediate stringency. The Deposits have increased four millions, and the Legal Tenders two and a half millions while the Loans have increased less than one and a half millions. The circulation has increased nearly half a million, while the Specie line has been decreased a corresponding amount. There has been less application for call loans, and money has been freely offered at 5 ⅌ cent.

The New York *Times* says:

"We respectfully call the attention of the President of the Erie Company, Mr. Robert H. Berdell, not only to the discrepancy in the Bank comparison, but to the current rumors on the street, that some of his own employees, as well as his model director, Mr. Daniel Drew, are talking down the business and credit of the road, if indeed they are not profiting from his unseemly example."

Upon which, the *Tribune* remarks;

The *Times* is too modest in its request. What the public, and especially parties loaning on Erie Common stock want to know, is what has been done with the proceeds of the loan made in England by Mr. Pearson, and how the road stands with Mr. Drew in regard to loans on the Common stock. If the 14,000 shares said to have been released by payments out of the foreign loan have been hypothecated anew, the fact should be made known. The floating debt of the road is stated to be as much as $3,000,000, to say nothing of unpaid laborers. This point Mr. Berdell can settle by giving the facts up to April 1. This corporation in bonds, stock and leases now represents the enormous sum of *sixty-two millions of dollars*, equal at 7 per cent, to an annual payment of $4,340,000. Upon the Common stock the corporation has been paying 8 per cent, which has been called earnings, though in reality taken from borrowed money. The company has evidently a sorry statement to make, and one quite as bad as it has ever presented.

The *Tribune* also says:

The foreign advices in regard to Government stocks have become of importance as affecting the money market and merchants, and, in connection with the negotiations of the Treasurer. At 70 in gold, with the premium on the latter at 26, the price in New York is 8 per cent, above the London quotations, a difference which will attract bonds enough home for re-sale to keep quotations from advancing here. A return of bonds sufficient to depress 5-20's materially would disturb National Banks, which are expanded unduly, and not in a position to protect their circulation.

The shipments of specie from the port of New York last week and during the year to date compare as follows with the exports during the same period in 1864 and 1865:

	1864.	1865.	1866
Fifteenth week	$1,036,704	$188,900	$122,628
Previously reported	9,575,312	5,153,102	5,754,795
From Jan 1 to date	$10,612,016	$5,342,002	$5,877,423

The Detroit *Commercial Advertiser* gives the following account of the number of steamers and vessels on the lakes in 1865:

	No.	Tonnage.	Valuation.
Steamers	151	55,811	$2,105,000
Propellers	289	94,092	4,339,000
Barkentines	156	66,529	1,963,200
Brigantines	74	21,874	418,800
Schooners	1,108	220,385	5,521,000
Total	1,778	468,691	$14,347,500

BALTIMORE MARKETS, April 16.

COFFEE.—After we left the market on Saturday the balance of the cargo of the "Wavelet" (4,000 bags Rio) was sold, on private terms, understood however to be 12¾ cts gold in bond. To-day, with the exception of a lot of some 50 bags Rio at 25 cts currency, there have been no sales. Prime and choice Rio is held firmly at 20½@21 cts gold, and common to good do ranges from 17 to 20 cts gold. We quote Laguayra at 20¾@21¾ cts gold, and Java at 27½@28 cts gold.

FLOUR.—There is still a good inquiry for Flour from the local trade, and the market continues very firm in tone, especially for the better grades. There are however very few desirable lots of Flour offering, and we have heard of no sales worth mentioning to-day. We quote as follows: Howard Street Super at $8.50@9; do Extra at $9.50@10; do Family at $12.50@13.50; Western Super at $8.25@8.75; do Extra at $9.25@9.75; do Family at $12@13.25; City Mills Super good to choice at $8.50@9; do standard Extra at $9.50@10; do high grade Rio Extra at $12@12.50 ⅌ bbl. Patapsco, Reservoir, and other choice brands of Baltimore high grade Family and Extra are selling to the trade at $15.50 for the former, and $13.50 ⅌ bbl for the latter. Rye Flour may be quoted at $4.25@4.50, and Corn Meal at $3.50@3.60 ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN.—There was no Wheat at market to-day and consequently we have no sales to report. Wheat is much wanted, and good lots sell very readily at high figures. Corn was in good demand, and white was slightly better in price, some 7,500 bushels selling at 80@82 cts, the latter figure being an advance of one cent per bushel on the outside price of Saturday. Of yellow some 5,000 bushels sold at 79 cts, but about 1,000 bushels brought 80@81 cts, that sold at the latter figure being of very superior quality. Oats were active at a very marked advance on previous quotations. There were some 3,000 bushels received, and sales were made of 500 bushels at 58 cts, and of some 2,000 bushels at 59@60 cts, these figures being an advance of 4 to 5 cts on previous quotations.

MOLASSES.—We hear of no transactions to-day in Molasses, but we still quote as follows, viz: Cuba clayed at 40@45 cts; do Muscovado at 45@50 cents; English Island at 45@55 cts, and Porto Rico at 50@70 cts.

PROVISIONS.—The market to-day has been quiet, but the feeling in it continues steady and firm. There has been no further movement in Bulk Meat, but we quote it at the same figures as on Saturday: viz: 11½@11¾ cts for Shoulders, and 14@14¾ cts for Sides. Bulk Hams may be quoted at 17½ cts. Bacon is in fair jobbing demand, and steady at 12¾ cts for Shoulders, and 15¾ cts for Sides, but no sales of moment have been made to-day. Bacon Hams we quote as ranging from 20 to 23 cts. We hear of no transactions to-day in Lard or barreled Pork, but we quote Lard at 18¼@18¾ cts for Western in bbls and tierces, and 20¼ cts in kegs, and barreled Pork at $26.50 for Mess, and $27 ⅌ bbl for prime Mess.

RICE.—We notice sales to-day of 60 tierces Carolina Rice on private terms. We quote at 9½@9¾ cts for Carolina, and 11½@12¼ cts for Carolina.

SUGARS.—Sugars remain quiet but steady, at unchanged prices. We have only to report to-day, sales of 20 hhds good grocery Cuba at 11¾@12 cts. We continue to quote as follows, viz: at 10¼@10⅝ cts for fair to good refining, and 11@12½ cts for fair to prime Cuba; 11@11½ cts for fair to good Porto Rico, and 12¼@13¼ cts for prime to choice do.

REFINED SUGARS.—We still quote as follows, viz:—Hard Crushed at 14½ cts; White Soft Crushed at 14½ @15 cts; C and C Extra at 14@14¼ cts; and Yellow at 13@13½ cts.

SEEDS.—There is but little inquiry for Cloverseed, and we have no sales to report to-day. It is held at $5.75@6, but buyers are not offering over $5.50 ⅌ bushel for the best lots. Timothy Seed is scarce and is selling at retail at $4.50 ⅌ bushel. Flaxseed we quote at $2.50@2.55 ⅌ bushel.

SALT.—Liverpool is in large supply and dull, with a declining tendency. Ground Alum is selling in jobbing lots at $1.85; Marshall's and Worthington's Fine at $3.25, and other less known brands at $3.10 @3.20 ⅌ sack. Turks Island is in light supply and firm at 60 cts ⅌ bushel.

WHISKY.—We quote Whisky nominal at $2.25@2.26 ⅌ gallon for city and Western, with some small sales at the latter figure.

Cotton.

The net receipts of Cotton at New Orleans for the week ending April 6, were 15,838 bales, against 17,057 bales the previous week.

The receipts at Mobile for the week ending Friday evening, April 6, were 6,841 bales, against 7,571 the previous week, making the total receipts at that port since the 1st of September last, 369,457 bales.

The following are the total receipts at the several ports for the current commercial year, commencing September 1, 1865:

At Galveston and Texas ports to March 30	Bales 146,137
New Orleans, net receipts to April 6	575,271
Mobile, to April 6	369,457
Apalachicola, to March 17	101,823
Savannah, Ga., to March 30	181,361
Charleston, S. C., to March 30	72,634
Total receipts at these ports since Sept. 1, '65	1,446,683

Stock of cotton on hand at the ports above at the dates named:

At Galveston and Texas ports, March 31	Bales 13,458
At New Orleans, April 6	178,029
At Mobile, April 6	74,229
At Apalachicola, March 17	12,269
At Savannah, Ga., March 30	19,000
At Charleston, S. C., March 29	4,527
Total	301,475
Stock on hand last week	329,311
Decrease for the week	18,836

There appears to be some discrepancy in the quantity at Savannah, about 3,000 bales.—*Cin. Gazette.*

Pittsburg Petroleum Market, April 14.

Crude—The market for crude was comparatively quiet to-day, the reported sales falling considerably short of those on Thursday, but prices have undergone no material change, ranging from 12½ to 13½, mostly, however, at 13. The demand was apparently restricted somewhat, most of the orders having been filled yesterday, and, besides, buyers generally held off in order if possible to weaken the market a little. Sales of 380 bbls, in lots, at 13½ 500 in bulk, at 13; 450 (44 gravity,) at 12½; and 3,000 bbls to be delivered in May and June, on private terms; and 2,000 bbls, to be delivered within the next twenty days ⅌ Philadelphia, at 21, packages included. Telegrams from Oil city to-day report crude dull at that point, at $4 to $4.25 ⅌ bbl.

Refined—There is still considerable inquiry for bonded oil, but refiners do not seem disposed to contract at the figures named, and consequently we have but comparatively few transactions to record; sale of 2,000 bbls in two different lots, to be delivered in Philadelphia in April, May, June and July, seller's option, at 44 cts ⅌ gallon. There is also some inquiry for oil delivered on the cars here, but in the present excited and unsettled condition of the market, it is simply impossible to give quotations, in the absence of sales. Refined continues dull and neglected, being restricted almost wholly to supplying the immediate wants of the local trade.

Boston Cotton Goods Market, April 14.

The demand for Cotton Goods continues active. Stocks in first hands are very small, and consequently many styles are scarce. We have still three months for spring sales, and the consumers have not yet commenced buying. Standard Sheetings have been selling at 25c. Medium and fine brown and bleached goods remain the same as at last week, with considerable sales, and all desirable goods continue to be sold close up to the quotations. A considerable of the active demand, with the present small stocks, imparts a very firm tone to the market, and close buyers are now taking advantage of this state of things and laying in goods in anticipation of some into movement. Brown Drills are firm at 26c., with steady sales. Cottonades continue in demand at full prices. In Jeans, Stripes, Ticks and Denims there is no material change, with steady sales. Prints are in active demand, and are being distributed freely by agents. The advance in some styles last week was rather premature, and has not been maintained, although some styles are still held firm, owing to a very light stock on hand. Pacific have been selling at 19½@20c; Cocheco at 19½; American and Dunnell at 19c, and Allen at 18c. Ginghams have been selling at 23@25c, and in fair demand. Delaines continue to be sold close up with an active demand, but prices are hardly so firm. We quote Pacifics at 25@26c for Delaines and Armurac, and 26c for Challies. The Manchester Print Works quote Delaines at 24c, with no stock on hand, and the Hamilton Delaines are selling at an advance of 1c ⅌ yard. The Pacific Lawns have been in fair demand at 26½c.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, April 16.—Cotton firm at 37@38 cts. Flour has advanced 10@15 cts for State; sales of 13,000 bbls State at $8.65@8.20; Ohio $8.70@11.35; Western $8.95@8.30; Southern flour has advanced 10@25 cts; sales at $9.40@15.75. Wheat has advanced 1@2 cts; sales of 78,000 bushels; Chicago Spring $1.68; Milwaukie Club, $1.70@1.72½; white Canada $2.50@2.70. Corn dull and nominally unchanged. Pork heavy—mess $26. Lard steady at 16½@19¾ cts. Whisky dull. Groceries dull. Naval stores dull. Freights drooping. Gold 125¾.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

PHILADELPHIA, April 16.—Beef Cattle is one cent higher; sales 1,800 head at 12@18 cts as per quality. Sales 7,000 Sheep at 7@8 cts ⅌ lb gross. Cows have advanced; sales at $45@60 ⅌ head for Springers. Hogs are unchanged; 1,7000 head sold at $13@14.50 per 100 lbs. nett.

Philadelphia Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, April 16.—Flour is firm; super $6.25 @$7; extra, $7.25@8.25. Wheat is quiet and unchanged. Corn is quiet; yellow $86@90 cts. Coffee is quiet; Rio 20@20½ cts in gold. Sugar and molasses are unchanged. Whisky is steady; Pennsylvania $2.25@2.28; Ohio $2.28.

Cincinnati Markets.

CINCINNATI, April 16.—Flour is in good demand and advancing; sales at $7@7.25. Wheat is unsettled and prices higher. Corn is in good demand at 52@53 cts. Whisky is firm at $2.22. Provisions are quiet.

Imports—Coastwise.

New Orleans—Steamship Cuba.—4 hhds. tobacco, L. W. Gunther; 3 trunks, J. McCormick; 13 pkgs. sundries, sundry persons.

Savannah—Steamship North Point.—30 bales cotton, W. Kennedy; 4 do. do., Clark, McDonald & Co.; 16 do. do.; 40 do. do. yarn, J. B. Andrews; 2 coils rope, L. M. Beebee & Bro.

Imports—Foreign.

St. Jago de Cuba—Brig Water Witch.—258 hhds. sugar, 60 boxes do., Kirkland, Chase & Co.; 100 bbls do., Fisher Bros. & Co.

Havana—Steamship Cuba.—500 boxes sugar, Woods, Weeks & Co.; 1,403 do. do., 1 case sweetmeats, 1 case cigars, Spence & Reid; 40 do. do., 3 bbls., Garmendia & Ybarra, 1 case do., N. L. Barnes; 18 do. do., 5 cases sweetmeats, Fisher Bros. & Co.; 1 do. cigars, Darby & Co.; 2 bbls. do., 1 case do., C. Morton Stewart; 1 do. do., W. M. Collins; 2 do. sweetmeats, James Corner & Sons; 1 do. do., Andrew Reid; 1 box sugar, 1 bbl. do., 3 boxes mdse., 2 bags coffee, 1 demijohn mdse., F. W. Elder.

Exports—Foreign.

Cuba—Schooner Jonas Smith—2,604 shooks and heads, 10 boxes pork, 14,389 bbls. lard, 2,000 gallons coal oil.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF BALTIMORE.

MONDAY, April 16, 1866.

Arrived.

Steamship Cuba, Rollins, from New Orleans 4th instant, and Havana 11th—sugar, segars, &c, and 27 passengers, to H M Warfield & Co.

Steamship North Point, Smith, for Savannah, 12th inst—cotton, &c, to Jas B Andrews; 15th, at S A M, passed off the Capes, a bark going out; off New Point, a bark and a brig bound to sea, and a brig bound up; off No Point, a bark bound up and a brig at anchor; also a herm brig, wind N E; off Cedar Point, a bark bound up; off James Point, another, and two herm brigs; off Poplar Island, a bark; and off Thomas Point, bark May Queen, from Rio Janeiro, all bound up.

Steamer Thomas E Cahill, Norris, from Alexandria—to C Worthington.

Steamer Express, Ryther, from Alexandria—to A Needham & Sons.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, from Norfolk—to M N Falls.

Steamer George Leary, Blakeman, from Norfolk—to J Birckhead, Jr.

Steamer John R Thompson, McKaig, from New York—mdse to J A Shriver.

Steamer Richard Willing, Cundiff, from Philadelphia—mdse to J A Shriver.

Steamer State of Maryland, Travers, from Richmond—to J Brandt, Jr.

Schr James Brophy, Packard, from Wilmington, N C—mdse to Hopkins & Janney.

Schr Etna, Gavett, from Norfolk—light to R M Heslen.

Schr Marcena Munson, Dayton, from New York—to Rose & Lyon—salt to John Greacen, Jr.

Schr Montezuma, Low, from Norfolk—fish to Bigelow & Sargent.

Schr Julia Smith, Briggs, from New York—salt to Kerr & Bro.

Cleared.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, Norfolk—M N Falls.

Steamer George Leary, Blakeman, Norfolk—J. Birckhead, Jr.

Steamer Fanny Cadwallader, Pierson, New York—J A Shriver.

Steamer Henry L Gaw, Iler, Philadelphia—J A Shriver.

Schr Jonas Sparks, Sedgely, Matanzas—Stirling & Altemus.

Schr Mary S Lunt, Brown, Salem, Mass—Phillips & Maitland.

Below.

Brig Water Witch, Knight, from St Jago de Cuba 27th ult—to S H Travers—sugar to Kirkland, Chase & Co.

Sailed for Baltimore.

Steamship Kalorama, Denkin, sailed from Charleston 14th instant, for Baltimore.

Steamship Cumberland, sailed from Charleston 15th instant, for Baltimore.

Memoranda.

Steamship Worcester, Bain, hence at Queenstown, 1re, 31st ult, and Liverpool 1st inst.

Steamship Agnes, Brown, cleared at New York 14th for St Thomas.

Steamship Cuba, Rollins, at this port, from New Orleans and Havana, in company with steamship Peruvian, for Liverpool, 12th, off Careysfort Reef, exchanged signals with steamship Liberty, hence for Havana. The Cuba made the passage in 4 days and 5 hours.

Steamer State of Maryland, from Richmond passed on the Horse Shoe on Sunday afternoon, brigs Chattanooga, Water Witch, Caster, Chesapeake, and another showing signal, with letters O T in it, all at anchor.

Bark New Light, Brown, cleared at Savannah 11th inst, for New York.

Havana—In port April 11th, steamers Guiding Star, from New Orleans for New York, next day: Cortes, from Boston; Manhattan, from Vera Cruz, for New York; Stars and Stripes, from Philadelphia; Columbia, from New York.

Brig Waredale, Molseed, from Guantenamo, arrived at Philadelphia 15th inst.

Schr Pierre, Nobasque, where from or bound, not stated: short of provisions and water; was supplied by steamship Cuba, at this port, from Havana.

Schr Lynchburg, Welbert, hence at Savannah 11th.

Schr Flying Scud, McNamar, hence at Charleston 12th instant, had heavy weather, was ashore near Fort Sumter, and sprung a leak.

Schr C Norton, Barker, from Orlam for Baltimore, arrived at New York 14th.

Schr Nadah, Johnson, from Baracoa, arrived at Philadelphia 15th inst.

Schrs L B Cowperthwaite, Free Wind, Maria Jane, C Purves, Ida A Jayne, Sarah J Hoyt, and Ida Lee, all from New York for Baltimore, were at Lewes, Del, 13th instant.

Steamer North Point, Smith, at this port, from Savannah, made the run from wharf to wharf in 68 hours.

[By Telegraph to News Room.]

Bremen—Arrived prior to 5th inst, Rus brig Aalto, Quickstrom, from Baltimore, via Falmouth, Eng.

Portland—Cleared April 14th, schr Lucy A Orcutt, Butler, for Baltimore.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 16.

THE UNION ASSOCIATION OF NEW ORLEANS.

The Union Association of New Orleans held their first public meeting in that city on the 3d of June, 1862, and resolved to hoist the United States flag on the following Saturday. The President of the Association was authorized to appoint a committee of 34 to perform the duty, but after appointing several who declined, it was resolved to call the volunteer committee, which was done, and thirty-four came forward and registered their names as willing to undertake the hazardous task. Under the influences of anonymous and threatening letters which were received by nearly every member of the committee, six or seven were intimidated and did not serve, but the remaining 27 ascended to the top of the City Hall and hoisted the flag. On the 19th of February of the present year, the members of this volunteer committee authorized Dr. James Ready to carry the flag to the city of Washington, to present it to Major Gen. Butler, and to request him to deposit it in some suitable place among the archives of the Government.

General Butler, in reply to the letter of Dr. Ready, said: "As the first sacrilegious hand was laid upon the flag in the revenue service of the United States, at the opening of the rebellion in Louisiana, I recommend that your association deliver to the Secretary of the Treasury, to be held in custody of this flag, the first fruits of returning fealty to the Union in Louisiana."

The Secretary of the Treasury, in acknowledging the receipt of the flag, says it is supposed to be the first Union flag raised by the citizens of any one of the States recently in rebellion, after the commencement of hostilities." He adds:

"To all true citizens of the United States the Stars and Stripes are always an object of affectionate interest and pride. They are associated with much that is dear and honorable to them as a people, and are now doubly-prized as they have become again the flag of the entire Union. When the flag now presented to the Treasury Department was first raised in the Crescent city, another flag had been surreptitiously substituted for the old one in eleven States of the Republic, except where it floated at the few points held by the Government forces, or at the head of the Union column. No man dared openly to acknowledge fealty to it throughout a large portion of the national domain.

"The raising of this flag was the first proclamation of returning loyalty in the State of Louisiana. When it was for the first time publicly unfelded, the Government was engaged with a gigantic rebellion, the first effective blow against which was given in the capture of New Orleans, following the most brilliant naval achievements upon record. The great rebellion has now been crushed. The national banner has been again raised, and throughout the length and breadth of the land. May we not indulge the hope that it will soon be honored and loved as of yore, even by those who madly attempted to dishonor it, and float over a people united in sympathy and good fellowship, as they must be in Government and destiny.

"Return, my dear Sir, to the association you represent, my sincere thanks for presenting the flag to the Treasury Department. It will be carefully preserved as a memento of the great trial through which the nation has safely and honorably passed, and of the part the gallant little band who first gave it to the breeze. It will be preserved, not as a reminder of the triumph of one section of the country over another, but of those Union over those who attempted to dismember it. Not of a victory of the North over the South, but of Constitutional liberty and Republican institutions, in the great struggle of the Government for the maintenance of both.

"I am, very truly yours,

[Signed.] H. MCCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

TO DR. JAMES READY, Washington, D. C.

TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCE.

The following official order has just been issued in relation to pay and transportation allowances to officers mustered out of the volunteer service:

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJ'T GENL'S OFFICE,
Washington, April 13, 1865.

1st. Officers of the regular army, when mustered out of service under commissions as volunteers, will be allowed full pay and allowances of their grade in the regular army, during the time they are authorized to wear the uniform and accoutrements prescribed in lieu of their subsequent to their muster out of the volunteer service, except in cases where they receive leave of absence in ordinary form, on their own application, when the usual regulations will apply which govern pay and allowances of officers on leave.

2d. Such officers, when not furnished transportation in kind, will be allowed mileage from the place where they are mustered out of the volunteer service to the station of their regiments or company, or places where first assigned to duty after muster out.

3d. Officers of the volunteer service, under the Veteran Reserve Corps, when mustered out of service or relieved from duty, or ordered to their homes to await further orders, are entitled to transportation allowances from the place where they are thus relieved from duty to the place they were first mustered into the United States service.

4th. The officers of the volunteer who service are ordered to their homes preparatory to being mustered out of service, are to be considered as "changing station," and are entitled to allowances as provided for in paragraph III, United States Army Regulations.

By order Secretary of War,

E. D. TOWNSEND, A. A. G.

REMANUFACTURE OF TOBACCO.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has issued a circular pertaining to the remanufacture of tobacco as follows:

By direction of the Secretary of the Treasury the privilege of re-working or re-manufacturing of old and damaged tobacco, with the payments of duties, only upon the increased weight, which, by a late circular of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, was limited to the 15th of April, 1866, is hereby extended to all parties now engaged in the business and having old stock on hand, purchased with the intention of being to re-working the same, until the first day of May, proximo. But no tobacco, purchased on or after the 15th of April, inst., will be allowed to be re-worked without the payment of the same stamp duty as like descriptions of tobacco made from new material.

TEMPORARY LOANS.

The assistant treasurer of the United States at New York, Philadelphia and Boston, and those designated depositories at Baltimore, have to-day been instructed by the Secretary of the Treasury to discontinue receiving deposits on account of temporary loans for clearing house balances, after the 20th instant, or and after May 1st, 1866, from which date all certificates outstanding and unpaid will carry 4 per cent. interest per annum. On said 1st day of May and until further notice, said assistant treasurers and designated depositories will receive deposits in lawful money, and issue therefor Clearing House certificates, payable on demand in legal-tender notes with interest at 4 per cent. per annum.

TRIAL OF THE COMMANDANT OF THE SAULSBURY PRISON.

It is already known that Major Gee, the commandant of the Saulsbury prison (N. C.), was indicted by a military court at Raleigh. Last week a motion was made on the part of the accused to quash the proceedings. The Judge Advocate read an order from the War Department to suspend the ministerial acts of the officers detailed to sit on the Commission, which order being dated subsequently to the President's proclamation, he held to be tantamount to an order to continue the trial.

The court decided against the motion, when the accused sued out a writ of habeas corpus before a judge of the Superior Court of that State, which was served on General Ruger, commanding the Military Department of North Carolina, to have Major Gee before him on Saturday last. Intelligence received from Raleigh to-night, states that the writ was granted, but General Ruger refused compliance. It was argued by the prisoner's counsel on Saturday, that the United States was not represented. A decision is reserved until the 28th instant.

NOMINATIONS.

The President this afternoon nominated to the Senate for confirmation, Henry F. Stansberry, of Ohio, as Assistant Justice of the United States Supreme Court in the place of Justice Catron deceased. This and the nominations of Henry A. Smith, as Collector of the port of New York, and Samuel G. Courtney as United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, were referred to appropriate committees as usual on such occasions.

RECONSTRUCTION.

It is stated that the Joint Committee on Reconstruction will meet on Saturday to make up their final report.

[COMMUNICATED.]

THE CHOLERA.

[From Chapman's Principia, vol. 1.]

That the cholera is but slightly infectious is seen in the fact that those who do not from fear, have no more than ordinary exposed. This fact is confirmed by its frequent sudden disappearance, after a few individual cases, without spreading, from places where it was usually supposed to attend the first visitation, had been chiefly dissipated by its precious prevalence at those places.

The effect of this fear or panic is illustrated by an Eastern adage, in which the cholera, on leaving a city, is represented as being accused of having murdered 30,000 persons; and as replying, "It is false; I only killed 3,000—fear killed the other 27,000."

I do not advance this adage as proof that during the prevalence of the cholera, *precisely nine cases out of ten* are the result of fear, but as the adage had its origin in that section of the globe where the cholera first appeared, where its ravages have the longest continued and most destructive, and where experience of the malady, in all its phases, had the best chance for mature, correct decision, it is probable that the adage was designed to give an effective idea of the vast preponderance of fear over every other cause in the spread of the malady, as based on observation and experience.

I would suggest as preventatives clean locations, well supplied with light and air; and the free use of lime, in whitewashing, &c. And in cases of the cholera, the use of such remedies, internally and externally, as supply electricity most abundantly and permanently to the blood, as camphor, &c., (not omitting such as absorb or neutralize the rapidly forming carbonic acid in the system, as magnesia, chemical, &c.) For all remedies, internal or external, which have been found most efficacious in this malady, abound with native or artificial electricity. W. H.

The Late Dan'l S. Dickinson—Funeral at Binghampton.

The closing obsequies of the late Daniel S. Dickinson were concluded at Binghampton, N. Y., on the 15th inst. He was buried in accordance with the rites of the Episcopal Church.

The funeral took place at the home of the deceased, known as "The Orchard," and was witnessed by over six thousand people. The funeral procession was composed of many distinguished and prominent gentlemen from all sections of the country—the members of the bar, the village authorities, the Masonic fraternity and the firemen. Special trains ran on both the Erie and Syracuse Railroads for the accommodation of the relatives and friends of the deceased. The body of the lamented statesman was deposited in a quiet little cemetery on the outskirts of the village, known as Spring Grove.

COLORED SCHOOLS IN WASHINGTON.—The Rev. Mr. Kimball, of the Freedmen's Bureau, Superintendent of the education of the freedmen in children within the Department of Washington, has just rendered a report to General Howard, in which it is shown that there are at present 12 day schools in the city, with 115 teachers and an average attendance of 4,756 pupils. Of the whole number in attendance, 5,383 can read, and 2,394 are able to write. In addition to the day schools, which are wholly supported by the contributions of benevolent Northern Aid Societies, there are 15 night schools, 24 Sunday schools, and six industrial schools, all of which are well attended.

—On Friday a man was run over by a train on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad, and cut entirely in two. Name unknown.

HOTEL ARRIVALS