THE DAILY EXCHANGE.

VOL. I--NO. 121. BALTIMORE, TUESDAY, JULY 13, 1858. PRICE TWO CENTS

BOARD OF TRADE.

Committee of Arbitration for the month of July.

CHARLES R. PEARCE,
GEO. SLATER, | THOS. ARMSTRONG,
HIRAM WOODS, | WM. R. PENNIMAN,

Monetary and Commercial Review.

BALTIMORE, July 12, 1858.

The principal business at the Stock Board to-day was in Baltimore and Ohio Railroad shares, of which 1400 were disposed of at $57⅞@58 regular way; $58@58¼ seller's option 60 days; $58¼ buyer 30, and $58½@58¾ buyer 60 days, closing steady at $58 bid, $58¼ asked cash; $58¼ bid, $58½ asked, buyer's option 60 days, an advance of ½ on Saturday's rates. In Northern Central there was nothing done; $17⅞ was bid. $18 asked regular way, same as the previous day.

Baltimore City 6's were quiet, but rates have improved. The only sales to-day were $1,000 1886's at 98½@99, an advance of ¼. For old 1890's 100 was asked. There was some movement in Railroad bonds. Baltimore and Ohio 1885's were ¼ better, with sales of $7,000 at 83 cash, 83½ buyer 60 days. Northern Central 1885's were steady. $7,500 selling at 62. Springfield Mining Company has fallen off ⅛ since last transactions, with sales to-day of 1,600 shares at $2¼. Canton is without any movement, with $18 bid. Nothing doing in Bank shares; they continue firm.

The aggregate of the transactions at the Board to-day was about $96,000.

At New York to-day the market was steady at improved prices. Virginia 6's advanced ½; Erie ⅜; New York Central ⅜; Panama ¼; Cleveland and Toledo ⅞; Michigan Southern 1¾.

The New York *Times* of to-day says:

The foreign trade for the past week at the port of New York shows an import entry of $2,456,860, including the Foreign Dry Goods table. The comparison is with $9,215,537 entered same time last year, being the first regular week after the holiday of the operation of the New Tariff. The export clearances of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods were $1,286,382, as against $1,112,879 same week last year. The Export of Specie, $564,080, as against $1,184,115 same week in 1857. The specie balances in the Sub-Treasury on Saturday afternoon stood $5,342,247, against $5,819,988 at the close of the previous week. The specie movements of the week have not been important, as in favor or against the Bank reserve, and the averages to be made up this afternoon are not likely to show a material variation from the last Specie line of $35,830,232.

We annex a comparative statement of the Foreign Imports at New York for the week and since Jan. 1:

For the Week.	1856.	1857.	1858.
Dry Goods	$2,701,919	$4,435,000	$736,221
General Merchandise	2,201,068	4,782,537	1,720,989
Total for the Week	$4,902,987	$9,215,537	$2,456,860
Previously Reported	107,577,327	115,577,415	60,006,271
Since January 1	$112,480,314	$124,792,952	$62,463,131

We annex a comparative statement of the Exports, exclusive of specie, from New York to foreign ports for the week and since Jan. 1:

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Total for the Week	$1,226,230	$1,112,379	$1,286,382
Previously reported	37,952,831	37,471,019	31,287,017
Since Jan. 1	$39,159,661	$38,583,893	$32,573,399

The exports of specie from this port for the week ending this day, and for the year 1858, were as follows:

Steamer Persia, Liverpool, Gold Bars	$503,227 34
Steamer Persia, Liverpool, English Silver	648 56
Steamer Persia, Liverpool, Sovereigns	6,305 00
Steamer Ariel, Havre, Gold Bars and Foreign Gold	52,900 00
Steamer Ariel, Havre, American Gold Coin	1,000 00
Total for the week	$ 564,080 90
Previously reported	12,536,786 79
Total, 1858	$13,100,867 69

The *Tribune* says:

There is quite an active demand for Treasury Notes, partly for parties who will have duties to pay in the coming sixty days. The rates are improving. We hear of sales of about $200,000 to-day at 30@37⅜ cts. premium for 4¾ per cent., 12½@15 cts. for 4½ per cents., and a few 5 per cents. at 60@65 cts. premium. The supply offering is quite limited.

SALES AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

MONDAY, July 12, 1858.

$600 Balt. 6's	'86..98½	50 shs. B.&O.R.		s60..58¼	
400 " "	'86..99	400 "	"	b60..58½	
3000 B.&O.RR.bds.	'85	175 "	"	..58	
	b60..83½	100 "	"	b30..58¼	
4000 " "	'85..83	200 "	"	b60..58¾	
7500 N.C.RR.bds.	'85..62	50 "	"	b30..58¾	
1600 shs. Sp. M. co.	..2½	50 "	"	b2..58	
25 shs. B.&O.RR.	..57⅞	150 "	"	b30..58¼	
150 " "	s60..58	50 "	"	..58	

Prices and Sales of Stocks in New York.

BY TELEGRAPH,
Through WM. FISHER & SON, Stock and Bill Brokers, No. 22 SOUTH STREET.

	1st Board.	2d Board.
Virginia 6's	93½	93½
Missouri 6's	85	85
Illinois bonds	87¾	00
Canton Company	19	00
Erie Railroad	19¾	19¼
New York Central Railroad	85	84¾
Reading Railroad	46¼	46⅛
Panama Railroad	104½	104½
Cleveland & Toledo RR	35½	35¼
Rock Island	76	00
Michigan Southern RR	24¼	00
Cumberland Coal Co	00	00
Harlem	00	00
Hudson	00	00
La Crosse & Milwaukee RR	00	00
Milwaukee & Miss	00	00
	Market Steady.	Steady.

BALTIMORE MARKETS

MONDAY, July 12.

EXCHANGE.—There has been a moderate business done for Wednesday's steamer. Rates on London are pretty well maintained, but Continental bills have gone off slightly. We quote Bankers' bills on London at 109¾@109¾; Commercial do. 109@109¼; Paris 60 days' sight 5f. 11¼; do. short sight 5f 07½; Antwerp 5f.12½; Amsterdam 41¼@41½; Bremen 79@79½; Hamburg 36½@36¾; Cologne 72¾; Frankfort 41½@41¾.

COFFEE.—There has been a good inquiry, with sales of 120 bags musty Rio at 9¾@10 cts., 600 bags medium at 10@10½ cts., and 900 bags fair to prime at 10¾@11¾ cts. Holders are firm at 10½@10¾ cts. for fair Rio, 11@11¼ cts. for good, and 11½ cts. for prime; Laguayra in lots at 11½ cts., and Java at 15@16 cts. The stock is about 16,000 bags.

FLOUR.—The market exhibited very little animation to-day, and we have only to note sales on 'Change of 100 bbls. Howard street Super at $4.37½, 100 bbls. Howard Street Extra at $4.87½, and 125 bbls. choice do. at $5.25. Ohio Super was quiet at $4.37½, and do. extra at $4.75@$5. City Mills Super at $4.25, and extra at $5@5.50. Baltimore ground Family is selling at $7@7.50 and extra at $6@6.50. Rye Flour is quiet at $3.37½@3.50, and Corn Meal at $3.37½ for Country, and $3.75 for City.

GRAIN.—The offerings continue very light, being in the aggregate to-day only 17,000 bushels. There was a better supply of white Wheat at market, the offerings reaching 9,600 bushels, nearly all of which was new crop; while there were only 700 bushels red. The character of the new crop thus far is very good, being well prepared, and better cured than has been the case heretofore; the grain has not filled so well however, which is probably owing to the intense heat just previous to harvesting.—Sales of prime old white were made to-day at 115 cts.; new sold at 115@125 and 130 cts. for good to prime and choice. There were no sales of red reported; we quote it at 105@110 cts. for good to choice old, and 115@125 cts. for new. Wheat was wanted to-day, but the market was dull, by reason of buyers and sellers not being able to agree upon terms, the millers, in view of the relative price of flour, maintained that the price asked was too high. Corn was in very limited supply, there being only 1,100 bushels white and 1,500 bushels yellow at market. White was brisk and steady, all selling at 80 cts.; yellow sold at 82@83 cts. Oats were dull, with offerings of 4,400 bushels.—1,200 bushels Maryland brought 33@39 cts. for fair to strictly prime. We quote Virginia at 33@35 cts., and Pennsylvania at 38@40 cts. There was no Rye on 'Change, but we note a sale from store of 500 bushels Pennsylvania at 75 cts.

MOLASSES.—We are without any transactions to note. The market is quiet but steady, at 27@29 cts. for Cuba Muscovado; 24@25 cts. for clayed; 28@31 cts. for English Island; 38@40 cts. for New Orleans; and 30@34 cts. for Porto Rico.

PROVISIONS.—We have no movement of consequence to note to-day. There is probably a little better feeling in the market, otherwise there is no essential change. In Bulk Meat we have heard of no transactions; we continue to quote Shoulders at 5½ cts., and Sides and Hams at 7½ cts. Sales of Bacon are confined to the jobbing trade, and we note a sale of 20 hhds. Shoulders at 6 cts., and some 30 hhds. Sides at 7¾@8 cts. Hams are selling at from 9 to 12½ cts. for plain to fancy sugar cured. Beef is selling in small lots at $16 for Mess, Baltimore packed, and $13 for No. 1 do. Western at $14 for Mess and $12 for No. 1. Lard is firm, with sales of 100 tierces and 25 bbls. Western at 11 cts.

RICE.—No transactions to note. Holders are steady at 3¾@3¾ cts. fair to prime.

SUGAR.—There continues to be a good inquiry, with sales to day of a cargo of Brazil Sugar, per bark Sappho, consisting of 4000 bags brown at $7, and 1800 bags white at $9, for refining; and a cargo of 187 hhds. 12 tierces and 26 bbls. Cuba to a neighboring market at $7 round. The local trade demand has been inactive and unimportant. The market is firm at $6@$6.75 for refining grades Cuba, Porto Rico and English Island; $7.25@7.75 for fair to good Porto Rico and New Orleans, $7.75@8.25 for prime and choice do., $7@7.25 for fair to good Cuba, and $7.50@7.75 for prime do.

SALT.—Sales are making from store to a fair extent at 80@85 cts. for Ground Alum; 130 cts. for Marshall's and Jeffry & Darcy's Fine; 140 cts. per sack for Ashton's do., and Turk's island at 20 cts. per bushel.

WHISKEY.—Sales to-day of 150 bbls. Ohio at 25 cts., and 100 bbls. City at 24½ cts. The market is firm, with a light stock.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

COFFEE FROM RIO.

The exports of Coffee to the United States from Rio de Janeiro, from May 1, 1857, to May 1, 1858, are as follows:

To New Orleans,	bags,	275,028
To New York,	do.	247,942
To Baltimore,	do.	225,473
To Philadelphia,	do.	120,593
To Boston,	do.	13,566
To Charleston,	do.	2,816
To various other ports,	do.	80,611
Total to United States in 1857-58,	do.	996,029
do. do. 1856-57,	do.	1,206,312
do. do. 1855-56,	do.	1,153,393
Decrease of exports from Rio to United States this year, compared with 1856-57,		240,283
Decrease of exports from Rio to United States this year, compared with 1855-56,		186,364
Total exports from Rio to all parts of the world:		
From May 1, 1857, to May 1, 1858,	bags,	1,907,562
From May 1, 1856, to May 1, 1857,	do.	2,460,011
From May 1, 1855, to May 1, 1856,	do.	2,160,464

THE FISHERIES.

A correspondent at Marblehead writes to us that the fishing schooner Florence, (Samuel Hooper, master,) arrived on Thursday last, from the Western Banks, with 15,000 fish. She brings good reports from some of the fishing fleet with whom she spoke on her homeward passage.—*North American and U. S. G.*

CHARLESTON MARKET.

July 10.

COTTON.—The sales this morning amounted to 200 bales, at from 10½@13 cents.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Cotton is unsettled. Flour is firm—sales of 16,500 bbls.—State $3.80@$3.85; Ohio $4.60@$4.70. Southern $4.45@$4.70. Wheat is active—sales of 98,000 bushels—Western red 100@102 cts.; white 103@108 cts. Corn is dull—sales of 39,000 bushels—white 81@88 cts.; yellow nominal at 87@88 cts. Pork is dull—Mess $16.65@$16.75. Lard is firm at 10½@11½ cts. Whiskey is dull at 23@23½ cts. Sugar closed buoyant—Porto Rico 6¾@7⅞ cts.; Muscovado 6½@7½ cts. Spirits Turpentine heavy at 44@44½ cts. Rosin is dull at $1.65. Rice is steady at 3@3¾ cts. Freights are firmer—Cotton to Liverpool 3-16@7-32.

NEW ORLEANS, July 10.—Cotton—Sales to-day of 700 bales. Prices are easier, but the quotations unchanged. Molasses—Sales of 100 gallons of prime at 27c. Flour—Good and ordinary superfine quotes at $3,70. Corn—Sales of prime at $75c Pork quotes at $16 for Mess. Bacon—Sides quotes at 8c., and are advancing. India Bagging has advanced ¼c.

CHARLESTON, July 10.—The sales of Cotton on Friday amounted to 1100 bales, ranging at 9@12⅞c.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Flour is dull. Wheat declining; sales of 60@68c. Corn quiet, and sales at 47c. Oats dull. Shipments to Buffalo—No flour; 28,000 bushels of wheat, and 26,000 bushels corn. Receipts—2200 bbls. flour; 58,000 bushel wheat, and 26,000 bush. corn.

CINCINNATI, July 10.—Flour—Extra brands are firm, but there is little demand for common. Whisky—No sales. Provisions—Buyers and sellers do not agree.

IMPORTS AT BALTIMORE.

FOREIGN.

SAGUA LA GRANDE—*Brig Allston.*

183 hhds. sugar, 20 trcs. do., 50 hhds. molasses—James I. Fisher & Sons.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, JULY 12.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Thomas Swann, Ramsay, — hours from New York—mdse to A. C. Hall. (Arrd. Saturday.

Brig Allston, Carlson, before reported at quarantine from Sagua la Grande. Towed up by Haswell.

Schr. Adeline Townsend, Townsend, from Boston—ice to T. J. Cochran & Co.

Schr. Metis, Crane, from Norfolk—ballast to Kelsey & Gray.

Schr. Old Zack, Bowen, from Richmond—ballast to W. Rhoads & Son.

Schr. Elijah Sheddon, White, from Alexandria—ballast to Rose & Lyon.

Schr. Ospray, Bragg, from Washington, N. C.—naval stores to J. Corner & Sons.

Schr. Mary Ellen, Hutchinson, from Richmond—ballast to Rose & Lyon.

AT QUARANTINE.

Brig Allston, Carlson, 10 days from Sagua la Grande—(all well)—sugar and molasses to J. I. Fisher & Sons.

Brig Albatross, from West Indies.

CLEARED.

Steamer Thomas Swann, Ramsay, New York—A. C. Hall.

Steamer John S. Shriver, Dennis, from Philadelphia—mdse. to J. A. Shriver.

Brig Wappoo, Carver, Boston—Morrell & Randall.

Schrs. M. M. Freeman, Nickerson, Portland—Heslen & Rogers.

Schr. Lacon, Bearse, New York—Morrell & Randall.

Schr. Wm. Tyson, Whelden, Wareham—Morrell & Randall.

Schr. Sarah L. Hill, Conery, Boston—Kelsey & Gray.

Schr. Dorety Haines, Reeves, Norfolk and Petersburg—J. Sullivan.

Schr. John H. Jones, Corliff, Harlem, N. J.—Jas. Sullivan.

SAILED.

Bark Clintonia Wright, White, Montevideo, in tow of the steamtug Hercules.

Bark Daniel Webster, Ryder, Boston.

Brig Rover's Bride, (Br.) Gerrior, Harbor Grace, N. F., in tow of steamtug Tigress.

Brig Viator, Ellis, Boston.

Schr. Geo. W. Snow, Richardson, Boston.

ARRIVALS FROM BALTIMORE.

Brig R. C. Dyer, Turner, Boston, 9th inst.

Brig L. T. Knight, Griffin, Boston, 9th inst.

Schr. Carleton Jayne, Tyler, New York, 10th inst.

Schr. Anna Hayward, Dickins, New York, 10th inst.

Schr. Wm. Bacon, Tyler, Norwich, 6th inst.

Schr. Sea Gull, Howland, Providence, 8th inst.

Schr. Iris, Robinson, Washington, N. C., 6th inst.

CLEARANCES FOR BALTIMORE.

Steamship Joseph Whitney, Howes, Boston, 10th inst.

Steamship Westernport, Berry, New York, 10th inst.

Brig Louisa, Teague, Boston, 10th inst.

Schr. S. G. King, Andrews, Alexandria, 10th inst.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Rattler, Thompson, for New York, cleared at New Orleans, 9th inst.

Brig Macassar, (Br.) Whipple, from Baltimore for Glasgow, was spoken, 14th ult., no lat., &c.

Brig Hannah Balch, Matthews, for Baltimore, about ready, was at Eastport, 8th inst.

Schrs. Daniel Brown, Heald; Iram Smith, McGivern, and Wm. Mason, Staples, all for Baltimore, sailed from Fall River, 8th inst. The latter arrived at Newport next day.

Schr. Wild Pigeon, Millikin, for Baltimore, sailed from Providence, 9th inst.

Schr. Robert F. Stockton, Cranmer, for Baltimore or Philadelphia, sailed from Providence, 9th inst.

Schr. Marcelia, Tracey, from Calais for Baltimore, sl'd from Newport, 8th inst.

Schr. A. L. Hyde, Anderson, from Windsor for Baltimore, sailed from Eastport, 2d inst.

EASTERN PORTS.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Arr. barks Corinthian, Port au Prince; Indian Belle, Cardenas; Sultana, Smyrna; Emma Cushing, Sagua; brigs Proteus, do.; Bion Bradbury, Nuevitas; Roseland, Palermo; Beatrice, Havana; schrs. W. H. Titcomb, St. Jago; Kasbec, Port au Prince; Spencer, Jamaica.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—Arr. ship Westmoreland, Liverpool; bark Irma, Maracaibo; schr. J. C. Marshall, Eleuthera:

BOSTON, July 10.—Arr. bark Tom Corwin, Cienfuegos; schr. Col. Lester, Jacksonville.

SOUTHERN PORTS.

ALEXANDRIA, July 10.—Arr. brig Whitaker, Windsor.

WILMINGTON, June 10.—Cl'd schrs. Myrover and S. N. Smith, New York.

CHARLESTON, July 9.—Arr. brig Australia, Boston; schrs Eliza & Rebecca, Philadelphia; Francis Satterly, New York. Cl'd schrs. D. B. Warner and Manhasset, New York.

SAVANNAH, July 8.—Arr. brig Northman, Boston; schrs. Target, New York; W. L. Topes, Philadelphia.

NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—Cl'd (per tel.) ships Berkshire, London; Prince of Wales, Liverpool; Russel, Havre; Mount Vernon, Loghorn; Indiana and Rattler, New York.

MOVEMENT OF OCEAN STEAMERS

FROM UNITED STATES.

Ships	Leave	For	Date.
Arabia	Boston	Liverpool	July 14
City of Wash'n	New York	Liverpool	July 15
Borussia	New York	Hamburg	July 15
Star of the West	New York	Aspinwall	July 20
Africa	New York	Liverpool	July 21
Fulton	New York	Havre	July 24
Canada	Boston	Liver'l via Hal'x	July 28
Kangaroo	New York	Liverpool	July 29
North Star	New York	Havre	July 31

TO ARRIVE.

Fulton	Southampton	New York	June 30
North America	Liverpool	Quebec	June 30
Canada	Liverpool	Boston via Ha'x	July 3
Austria	Southampton	New York	July 4
Asia	Liverpool	New York	July 10
Glasgow	Glasgow	New York	July 10
Indiana	Liverpool	Quebec	July 14
Europa	Liverpool	Boston via Hal'x	July 17
Hudson	Bremen	New York	July 17
Hammonia	Southampton	New York	July 18
Vanderbilt	Southampton	New York	July 21
Persia	Liverpool	New York	July 24
Arabia	Liverpool	Boston	July 31

Legal Notices.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore City, letters of administration on the estate of JAMES CANBY, late of Wilmington, Delaware, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers, on or before the 13th day of December next: they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 10th day of June, 1858.

SAMUEL CANBY,
WILLIAM CANBY,
je11-law4w* Administrators.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore city, letters of administration on the estate of HORATIO GATES ARMSTRONG, late of said city, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, or her attorney, Robert C. Barry, Esq., No. 4 Courtland street, on or before the 9th day of January next; they may, otherwise, by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand, this 8th day of June, 1858.

MARY ARMSTRONG,
je16-law4w Administratrix.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Baltimore City, letters of administration, de bonis non, on the estate of ROBERT BARRY, late of the said city, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 27th day of July next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 25th day of June, 1858.

W. W. GLENN,
je28-law4w Administrator, D. B. N.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT THE subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore city, letters of administration, de bonis non, on the estate of DAVID A. BARRY, late of the said city, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 27th day of July next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 25th day of June, 1858.

W. W. GLENN,
je28-law4w Administrator, D. B. N.

THE AMERICAN HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION *vs.* JESSE ROBERTSON.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR BALTIMORE CITY.—June 22d, 1858.—Ordered that the sale made and reported by John Carson, Trustee in the aforegoing cause be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shewn on or before the 15th day of July next. Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some daily newspaper published in the city of Baltimore, once a week for three successive weeks before the said 15th day of July, 1858.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $400.

W. H. H. TURNER, Cl'k.
je-23-law3w]True copy, test, W. H. H. TURNER, Cl'k.

HENRIETTA COOK *vs.* HENRY COOK.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF BALTIMORE CITY.

The object of this suit is to procure a divorce, *a vinculo matrimonii* by the complainant.

The bill states that on or about the 22d day of February, 1858, Henrietta Cook, the complainant, intermarried at Baltimore City with the defendant, and that she had lived with him but a few days, when he deserted her without making any provision for her support; that the said defendant has repeatedly declared his intention to abandon her entirely; the bill further charges that the defendant has since her marriage committed adultery.

It is thereupon, this 17th day of June, 1858, adjudged and ordered that the complainant, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in this city once in each of four successive weeks before the 17th day of July next, give notice to the said defendant of the object and substance of this bill, and warn him to appear in this Court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 17th day of October next, to answer the premises and show cause, if any he has, why a decree ought not to pass as prayed.

Z. COLLINS LEE.
je22-law4w Test.—GEO. E. SANGSTON, Cl'k.

BRENNER *et al. vs.* McPHERSON AND WIFE.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR BALTIMORE CITY, July 2d, 1858. Ordered, that the sale made and reported by JOHN STEWART, Trustee, for the sale of the property mentioned in the proceedings in the above cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shewn on or before the 26th day of July next, Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Baltimore, once in each of three successive weeks before the said 26th day of July next.—The report states the amount of sales to be $875.

W. H. H. TURNER, Cl'k.
y3-law3w] True copy, test, W. H. H. TURNER, Cl'k

LATEST NEWS.

TELEGRAMS

RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE DAILY EXCHANGE.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., July 12.—The steamer Canada, from Liverpool with dates to the 3d inst., arrived off Cape Race to-day.

The news is not of much importance. The bill allowing the House of Commons to admit Jews as members passed a second reading in the House of Lords by 40 majority.

Parliament would be prorogued before the end of July.

There is nothing important from France.

The Spanish Ministry have resigned, and a new Cabinet has been formed by General O'Donnell as Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Senator Douglas at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Senator Douglas was received this evening with great display. At one o'clock a committee of four hundred, from Chicago and the adjoining counties, proceeded to Michigan City, and there met Judge Douglas, and escorted him to this city. The arrival of the train was greeted with the firing of cannon and the cheers of the people. A procession was formed, and conducted him to the Tremont House, where he was welcomed in a brief speech, in behalf of the citizens, by Chas. Walker, President of the Board of Trade.

Mr. Douglas, after returning thanks for the magnificent reception, reviewed the action of the last Congress on the Kansas bill. He extolled the Crittenden bill as honest, and as the very best proposition for the practical illustration of popular sovereignty. He claimed that the struggle with Lecomptonism was for the integrity of principle. That struggle was triumphant, and Lecomptonism was virtually abandoned by its friends, and had been defeated forever. He had opposed the English bill, although practically it sent back the Constitution to be accepted or rejected by the people, because the manner as well as the form of that submission was at variance with every just principle of popular government. It was a submission of the Constitution to the people, with the threat that if they did not accept a Slave Constitution, its 35,000 inhabitants should not come in as a Free State until it had 93,000. He could never countenance such a discrimination between free and slave States. The best energies of his mind had been several years devoted to the great principles of the rights of the people of the Territories to frame their own fundamental laws, and he intended to devote all his future life to the same doctrine. He contended that the compromise measures of 1850 were founded on that principle, and were carried out in the Kansas-Nebraska bill. He affirmed the Cincinnati platform and reaffirmed President Buchanan's inaugural. He regretted to see, however, a political party of this country determine not to acquiesce in this law of policy.

The Republican Convention recently assembled at Springfield nominated Mr. Lincoln as his (Douglas') successor to the Senate, to repudiate the doctrine of popular sovereignty. He (Lincoln) proclaimed that Congress, and not the people of the Territories, had the right to establish the domestic institutions of the Territories. Lincoln endorsed not only this doctrine, but proclaimed a line of policy which was incompatible with the existence of the Union, for he declared that the Union, divided into an equal number of free and slave States, cannot endure.—Mr. Douglas showed the dangerous tendency of this doctrine, and said that it invited and proclaimed a war of extermination—one section against the other. He regarded it as subversive of the fundamental principles upon which our complex system of government rested.

He denied that a uniformity of local policy and of domestic institutions in the different States was either desirable or even possible; on the contrary, he held that our political system rested upon the theory and the practice of a dissimilarity of local policy and of domestic institutions in the different States. Our forefathers clearly perceived that the kind of domestic institutions which would suit New Hampshire would be totally unfit for the rice plantations of Carolina. Hence they adopted a constitution which provides that each State should be sovereigh and supreme within its own limits, on the supposition that they would be as diversified as States as they were numerous. Thus it would seem, the diversity and dissimilarity of the domestic institutions of the sovereign States are the cardinal principles underlying the whole system of our government. Its strength, harmony and adaptation to the wants and interests of the people all depended upon the right of each State to form and regulate its own internal policy without reference to its similarity or dissimilarity to other States. Repeated uniformity is neither desirable nor possible. If possible, how can it be obtained? There is but one process through which it can be accomplished, and that would be to abolish the State Legislatures, convert the government into one consolidated empire, investing Congress with full power to adopt police regulations, regulate internal policy, and adopt domestic institutions for all the States. Let this be done and there would be uniformity. Then the States would be either all free or all slave States. Then the negroes could vote everywhere or nowhere.

Then our glorious confederation of thirty-two sovereign States would be merged into one consolidated empire, and the uniformity of despotism would reign triumphant throughout the land. Mr. Douglas proceeded to answer Mr. Lincoln's crusade against the Supreme Court, on account of the Dred Scott decision. He could sanction no crusade, he said, against the highest judicial tribunal in the land, nor yet was he prepared to yield obedience to the law; as expounded by that Court. He did not agree with Mr. Lincoln, that it was a great wrong to deprive a negro of the rights of citizenship. He did not believe they were ever intended to be citizens. Our government was founded on a white basis, and was created by white men. True humanity required that negroes and other inferior races should be permitted to enjoy only such rights and privileges as they were capable of exercising, consistent with the good of society. Mr. Douglas adverted to the necessity of maintaining the organization of the Democratic party. While there might be differences of opinion with respect to the true construction of particular articles of the creed, party toleration, he said, must be indulged. There should be no proscription of sound Democrat because of such differences. Government office holders and Republicans acting in unison for the purpose of defeating the regular Democratic nominations, would be like the Russians at Sebastopol, who kept on firing, without caring which they hit, French or English.

Mr. Lincoln was present, and heard Mr. Douglas throughout.

Fireworks were discharged in several parts of the town during the delivery of Mr. Douglas' remarks.

The number of persons in attendance was variously estimated at from 15,000 to 25,000.

Later from Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—The bark Brilliant brings advices from Vera Cruz to the 6th inst. Business there was still prostrate. The health of the citizens was good, but the vomito was prevalent among the troops.

A violent earthquake occurred at the City of Mexico on the 18th of June, killing fifty persons.

The British and French had advised their countrymen to pay the forced loan under protest, but the American Minister opposes the demand, and has asked for his passports, while awaiting instructions.

Gens. Vidaurri and Garza were marching upon the capital.

Echegaray had retreated to Jalapa, and Osollos was shut up in San Luis Potosi.

Gen. Salas had been recalled from exile by Zuloaga.

The decree for the forced contributions was being rigidly enforced.

Advices from Yucatan are to the 30th June. Government had imposed a duty of 50 cents per barrel on foreign and domestic flour from the 1st of August. An earthquake had occurred at Minititlan.

The Telegraphic Cable Fleet.

ST. JOHN, N. F., July 12.—The steamer Blue Jacket, from Liverpool, passed Cape Race this morning. She reports that she saw on the 24th ult a large and small steamer, both British, in lat. 51° 32′ north; longitude 32° west. The same evening she saw a large steamer bearing down towards the others, but could not make out whether she was English or American. The weather was hazy, with a heavy westerly swell. It continued moderate and thick till the 3d, when strong gales from the south-west set in.

From Utah.

ST. LOUIS, July 12.—A letter from an officer in the army writing from General Johnston's camp, Bear River, dated June 16, says the army would resume its march on the 17th. General Johnston had received an express from the Peace Commissioners informing him that the army would be peaceably received, but he did not feel any increased confidence in the Mormons, and the army was kept in readiness to repel treachery. In a proclamation issued to the people Gen. Johnston says the army is as ready now to afford assistance as it was to oppose when there was rebellion. The troops are in fine condition.

Departure of the City of Baltimore.

HALIFAX, July 11.—The screw steamship City of Baltimore, having repaired damages, sailed from this port at noon to-day (Sunday) for Liverpool. Weather clear, with a light south wind.

Movements of Troops.

ST. LOUIS, July 10.—Two hundred troops from Carlisle Barracks arrived here yesterday, and were immediately transferred to the steamer Silver Keel, to proceed immediately to Fort Leavenworth.

Fire in Worcester, Mass.

WORCESTER, July 10.—A fire broke out this afternoon in Nathan Washburn's extensive iron tire and rail rolling mills, in this city. Loss about $5,000; no insurance. Work will be delayed about a week.

The Weather.

BOSTON, July 11.—From 10 to 3 o'clock to-day was the warmest for several years. The thermometer ranged from 95 to 100 in the shade. At 4 p. m., heavy showers commenced, and continued till evening.

Cancemi Sentenced to be Hung.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Cancemi was to-day sentenced to be hung for the murder of policeman Anderson.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

OUTRAGEOUS ASSAULT.—A most brutal outrage and attempted murder was perpetrated on Sunday, the 4th instant, in the vicinity of Franklintown, Baltimore county. A man by the name of John Taylor, who keeps a store and tavern on a road leading from Wethered's factory to Franklintown, had a misunderstanding with Mr. James Wolfington a few days previously in reference to a settlement between the parties for some work done by Wolfington for Taylor. On Sunday morning Taylor sent his son, a youth about sixteen years of age, to the residence of Wolfington with the request that he desired to see him. Mr. W. obeyed the summons and repaired to the house of Taylor. He was received very kindly and invited in, but as soon as he entered the premises Taylor locked the door and commenced a most violent and brutal assault upon him. Mr. W. defended himself as well as he could and warded off the blows of his assailant. Taylor called upon a man by the name of Patrick Sennit alias Philip Trimble to assist him and directed his son to bring his pistols. An attempt was made to thrust Mr. W. into the cellar, but seeing that things were becoming desperate, he made a successful effort, and freed himself from his assailants.—Whilst he was running from the house Taylor fired two pistols at him, but fortunately they did not do him any injury. The whole party was subsequently arrested by Joshua Barnes, and held to bail in the sum of $2,000 by Justice Moke for their appearance at Court. It was in evidence at the examination that a cheese knife and the pistols had been got in readiness by Taylor to be used upon Mr. Wolfington during the attack, and if he had not escaped at the moment he did, the probability is that he would have been murdered by his assailants.

FOR NIAGARA FALLS.—Arrangements have been made by the Northern Central Railroad Company, by which tickets to visit Niagara Falls and return, will be issued at the low rate of $13, thus putting it within the ability of nearly every one to visit this stupendous work of Nature, and witness the beautiful and romantic scenery on the route. An easy ride of seventeen hours over a good road will transfer the traveler from the sultry heat under which we are suffering in a crowded city, to the cool atmosphere of a more northern latitude, and as the distance traversed by this route is some 200 miles less than by the way of New York, we feel assured it will commend itself to popular favor.

DEATH FROM DROWNING.—A young man by the name of Michael Pusley was drowned whilst bathing in the Spring Gardens on Sunday morning. He was in company with three young men in a row boat near the draw of the new bridge, and jumped into the water and was not seen afterwards. An effort was made to recover his body, but it is supposed that it was washed through the draw, the current at that point being very strong. The parents of the young man reside on Schroeder street.

TRIAL OF THE NEW STEAM FIRE ENGINE.—A trial of the new steam fire engine *Island Queen*, will be made this evening at 6 o'clock, at the corner of Sharp and Baltimore streets, when her capacities for throwing water will be fully tested. She will receive her supply of water from the new plug erected at that locality, a short time since, by the First Baltimore Company.

PROPERTY SALE.—Wm. Hamilton, auctioneer, yesterday sold, on the premises, three brick houses situated on Johnson street, for $469; they were purchased by Mr. Brenneman. He also sold four ground rents of $15 each to Mr. Turner, for the sum of $684.

HOUSE OF REFUGE.—It is said that William R. Lincoln, of Maine, has been appointed to a position in the House of Refuge. He was superintendent in the reform school in that State, and resigned that position for his new appointment.

Fires.

About half-past six o'clock on Sunday afternoon, fire was discovered in the second story of a house on West Baltimore street, between Pearl and Pine streets. The flames were speedily arrested, and but slight damage was done to the building. The building is owned by the estate of Mr. Hart, and is in the occupancy of several families. The origin of the fire is attributed to the defective construction of the building.

Shortly before ten o'clock on Sunday night, an alarm of fire was sounded in consequence of the explosion of an ethereal oil can in the grocery store of Mr. John Gehring, on the corner of Pearl and Mulberry streets. The flames from the burning fluid communicated with the building and stock of goods and occasioned damage to the extent of about $100. The loss is covered by insurance in the office of the National Company.

The alarm of fire between eight and nine o'clock yesterday morning was occasioned by the burning of a chimney on McCulloch street, between Preston and Biddle streets. The house is occupied by Mr. Gurth. No damage resulted from the burning.

Police Intelligence.

A juvenile pickpocket by the name of John Hogg was arrested yesterday morning by detective policeman Tayman, and conducted to the office of the Sheriff for the purpose of being committed to prison on a bench warrant.—He had