THE DAILY EXCHANGE.

VOL. VI---NO. 857. BALTIMORE, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1860. PRICE TWO CENTS.

A VOICE FROM SOUTH CAROLINA.
Another First Premium for
NEWMAN, BRO & SONS'
PIANOS.
The South Carolina State Fair, held at Columbia, S. C., November 16th, 1860, awarded our Pianos the first premium,
A GOLD MEDAL,
making three "Gold Medals" for our instruments inside of thirty days.
Those in want of a superior first-class PIANO for Christmas presents, should call and examine our stock, at our branch Warerooms, No. 225 West Baltimore street, near Charles street.
SIGN OF MINIATURE PIANO.
☞A call is solicited. Terms liberal.
n26-3t NEWMAN, BRO. & SONS.

BOARD OF TRADE.
Committee of Arbitration for month of November.
SAMUEL HURLBUT.
B. S. LONEY, | EDWARD L. PALMER,
W. G. BANSEMER, | JOHN S. DICKINSON.

Monetary and Commercial Review.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 26, 1860.

The Stock market here was considerably firmer in tone to-day than on Saturday, and most of the leading securities were higher, but at New York there was a heavy decline in stocks, and as our market sympathizes with that, it is quite probable that stocks may be lower hereto-morrow. In the condition of financial affairs we have nothing whatever new to note. The New York banks continue nominally to pay specie, and as a consequence Exchange is in their favor. There is however a good deal of New York Exchange offering, and rates for it vary materially, the quotations to-day having ranged at from 5 down to 1 per cent.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad advanced to day $2, and Northern Central ¼ a dollar per share. Of the former stock there were 292 shares sold all for cash at $60@61, and the sales of the latter reached 400 shares at $17¼@18 cash, and $18¼ buyer 60 days. Baltimore and Ohio left off at $61 bid, $61¼ asked, and Northern Central closed at $17¾ bid, $18 asked regular way. For Railroad bonds there was some inquiry, and sales were made of $2,000 Baltimore and Ohio 1885's at 80¼, and $2,000 Northern Central 1885's at 60. Northern Central 1885's left off at 60½ bid, 65 asked, Baltimore and Ohio 1885's at 80 bid, 80¼ asked, and the 1862's (or the extra dividend bonds) at 69 bid, 65 asked. City 6's continue to improve, and we note a further advance in them to-day of 1 to 1¼ per cent. Sales were made of some $6,300 at 97@97¼ for 1875's and 99½@99¾ for 1890's. A small lot of 1890's was also sold at 100, and they closed at 99¾ bid, 100 asked. 1875's left off at 97¼ bid, and for 1886's 98 was bid. There were sales to-day of 15 shares Bank of Baltimore at $100, but nothing was done in any of the other Bank stocks. For the Mining stocks the market was quite strong to-day. The sales embraced 200 shares Springfield at $2¾, 2,000 shares Guilford, 1,500 at 65 cts. cash, and 500 at 75 cts. buyer 60 days, 500 shares Cambridge at 50 cts., 1,400 shares Consolidated at 50 cts., and 350 shares Silver Valley at 50 cts.

At New York to-day Virginia 6's declined 1, and Missouri 6's 2¼ per cent; Erie $3¾; Canton ¾; New York Central $3; Reading $2¾; Cleveland and Toledo $1¾; Michigan Southern $1; Michigan Southern guaranteed $3¾; Rock Island $2¾; Harlem $1¾; and Galena and Chicago $3.

SALES AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

MONDAY, November 26, 1860.

$2300 Balt. 6's	75—97	50 shs. N. C. R. R	—17¾
2000 " "	75—97¾	50 " "	—17¾
1300 " "	90—99¾	200 " "	—18
100 " "	90—100	100 " "	b60—18¾
596 " "	90—99¾	200 shs. Springfield Mining Co.	—2¾
2000 B. & O. RR. bds.	85—80¼	1500 shs. Guilford M. Co.	—65
2000 N. C. RR. bds.	85—60	500 " "	b60 flat—.75
15 shs. Bank of Baltimore	—100	1400 shs. N. C. Con. M. Co	—50
225 shs. B. & O. RR.	—60	500 shs. Cambridge M. Co.	—50
25 " "	—60¼	350 shs. Silver Valley Mining Co.	—50
142 " "	—61		

PRICES AND SALES OF STOCKS IN NEW YORK.
BY TELEGRAPH.
Through WILLIAM FISHER & SON, Stock and Bill Brokers. No. 22 South street.

	1st Board.	2d Board.
Virginia 6's	80	60
Missouri 6's	72	69¾
Illinois Central bonds	60	60
Canton Company	15	60
Erie Railroad	29	28¾
New York Central Railroad	77	75
Reading Railroad	34¾	34¾
Panama Railroad	90	90
Cleveland and Toledo Railroad	28¾	60
Michigan Southern Railroad	15	60
Cumberland Coal	60	60
Harlem Railroad	60	14
Galena and Chicago	60	63¾
Michigan Southern, guaranteed	30¾	60
Rock Island Railroad	55	60
	heavy.	heavy.

The Philadelphia *Enquirer*, of to-day, says:

The Philadelphia Stock market was buoyant and very active on Saturday, and the whole list brought better prices; some of the fancies, however, fluctuated late in the day, but the market left off firm. Breadstuffs were dull, the foreign news being less favorable for most kinds, but holders were not disposed to make concessions. No change in cotton, groceries and provisions, and rather more doing in the former. Seeds were quiet, and whiskey firmer and more active. The money market was decidedly better.

The following are the comparative tables of the trade of the port of New York for the week and since January 1st:

IMPORTS.

FOR THE WEEK	1858.	1859	1860
Dry Goods	$744,222	$511,868	$941,718
General merchandise	1,089,316	2,505,259	1,696,237
Total for the week	$1,833,538	3,317,247	2,637,955
Previously reported	$131,120,476	208,835,929	204,807,000
Since Jan. 1	$132,954,014	212,153,176	207,444,955

EXPORTS OF PRODUCE AND MERCHANDISE.

	1858.	1859.	1860.
For the week	$748,936	1,405,276	3,254,890
Previously reported	55,222,554	57,828,436	84,940,058
Since Jan. 1	$55,971,290	59,233,712	88,194,950

EXPORTS OF SPECIE.

	1858.	1859	1860
For the week	$299,037	10,400	13,443
Previously reported	22,872,581	67,129,256	43,151,147
Since Jan. 1	$23,081,618	67,139,656	43,184,590

SAN FRANCISCO BRANCH MINT.—The deposits of gold bullion at the Mint, and the coinage, from 1st to 27th inst. were as follows:

Gold Bullion deposited, weight after melting	$1,295,47
Coinage, gold double Eagles	$400,000
" half "	40,000
	$440,000
" silver half dollars	20,000
" dimes	10,000
Total coinage	$470,000

The imports of treasure at San Francisco from 1st inst. to date have been as follows:

Per Ewing, from Mazatlan	$40,832.00
" Frances Palmer, from Honolulu	5,689.58
" Washington, from Acapulco	1,150.00
" Uncle Sam, from Acapulco	1,010.00
Total	$48,687.58

Of the amount received by the Ewing, $34,550 were in Mexican dollars, and these were sold at 3 per cent. premium, leaving the market almost or entirely bare.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, MONDAY, Nov. 26, 1860.

COFFEE.—There is very little inquiry for Coffee, and so far as we have heard there has been no movement in it to-day. We quote Rio nominal at 13@13½ cts. for ordinary lots; 14@14½ cts. for fair to good; 14¾@15 cts. for prime; Laguayra at 15@16 cts.; and Java at 17@18 cts. per lb. The stock of Rio Coffee here is about 12,400 bags.

FLOUR.—The transactions in Flour have been light again to-day, but the market for it continues quite firm to-day. No sales were made on Change so far as we could learn, but since the close we have heard of sales of 800 bbls. City Mills Super at $5.25 per bbl. on time. This variety could however have been bought for cash at $5 per bbl., and possibly at a still lower figure. There was a demand on Change for Howard Street and Ohio Super, but nothing was done in either instance. Some Howard Street Super at $5, but for good brands holders generally ask $5.12½@5.25 per bbl. Extra Flour is quite dull, but we still quote it at the following rates, viz.: at $5.50 for Ohio, $5.50@5.62½ for Howard Street, $5.00@5.75 for standard City Mills, and $7@7.50 per bbl. for fancy retailing brands do.

FAMILY FLOUR.—Welch's Family is still selling by the dray load at $9, and the best brands of Baltimore ground do. at $8 per bbl., but Ohio and Howard Street Family may be quoted at $6@6.25 per bbl.

RYE FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.—We quote Rye Flour today nominal at $4.25, and Corn Meal at $3.50@3.62½ for Baltimore, and $3.62½ per bbl. for Brandywine.

GRAIN.—The demand for grain this morning was quite limited, and for all descriptions the market was decidedly flat and heavy. There were nearly 15,000 bushels Wheat at market but only a small part of it was sold, we quote it however at 105@110 cts. for fair to prime red, 115@118 cts. for prime do., 108@125 cts. for common to fair white, 130@135 cts. for good, and 140@145 cts. for prime and choice do. Corn is dull and lower, of white there were 5,000 bushels at market, sold at 50@58 cts. for new, 60@62 cts. for old yellow, and 62@63 cts. for old white. It closed however dull at these figures. There was nothing of consequence done in Rye or Oats this morning. Oats may be quoted as ranging from 26 to 33 cts., and we quote Rye at 60@65 cts. for Maryland, and 70@75 cts. for Pennsylvania.

HOGS.—There is a good demand for Hogs from the packers, but the market is well supplied, and prices have evidently a downward tendency. Sales to the extent of some 700 to 800 head were made late on Saturday and this morning, at prices from $6.90 to 90c., but we may be quoted as closing at $6 75@7 for good to prime lots.

MOLASSES.—We hear of no sales of Molasses, and so far as we are advised there is no inquiry for it. We quote Cuba nominal at 29@32 cts for clayed, and 32@35 cts. for Muscovado; English Island at 22@26 cts.; and Porto Rico at 28@33 cts. New crop New Orleans Molasses is offering at 43@45 cts, to arrive, and we quote old crop do. at 40@43 cts. per gallon.

PROVISIONS.—There has been very little inquiry today for Provisions, and the sales are not of any one worth noting that we have heard of, is a sale of 50 bbls. new Mess Pork at $18 per bbl., at which figure it closes steady.—Some small lots of Bacon are selling but the market continues very irregular, Shoulders may be quoted at from 9 to 9¼ cts., and Sides at from 11 to 11¾ cts.—There is no Bulk Meat in market, but we hear that there are some lots of new on the way here. Shoulders are offering to arrive at 8 cts., and Sides at 9¾@10 cts. We quote Lard at 11¾ cts. for new City, but we hear of no sales to-day. We quote Beef as before at $11@12 for Baltimore packed No. 1, and $13@14 per bbl. for do. Mess.

RICE.—We note a sale to-day of 100 tierces good Rice at 4 cts. per lb., and we quote this as the top price for round lots. In retail lots it is bringing 4¼@4¾ cts. per lb.

SALT.—Salt is quiet, but the quotations for Liverpool are still as follows, viz.: 100 cts. for Ground Alum, 155 @160 cts. for Marshall's and Jeffery's fine, and 175@180 cts. per sack for Ashton's do. Turks Island Salt is selling in lots from store at 25 cts. per bushel, but this figure could not probably be obtained for a cargo.

SEEDS.—Clovers seed continues very quiet, and the market for it is heavy as well as dull. No sales were reported this morning but it could have been readily bought at $5.25@5.50 per bushel, these figures being a decline on our previous quotations. We quote Timothy Seed as before at $2@2.50, and Flaxseed at $1.30@1.40 per bushel.

SUGARS.—We have no transactions to note to-day in Sugars, and the market for them continues dull and very heavy. It is impossible to give any reliable quotations for Sugars in the present condition of the market, but the nominal rates are as follows, viz: $5.75@6.25 for refining grades Cuba and English Island; $6.50@7 for fair to good Cuba; $6.75@7.25 for fair to good Porto Rico; $7.75@8 for prime do., and $7@8 for fair to prime old crop New Orleans. We note the receipt here to-day of 102 hhds Sugar from Demerara and 200 boxes do. from Havana.

WHISKEY.—We hear of no sales of Whiskey to-day, but we quote it nominal at 20 cts. for Ohio, and 19¾@20 cts. per gallon for City.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Cotton is depressed—sales of 1,200 bales at 10¾ cts. Flour is firm—sales of 16,500 bbls. at $4.75@$4.90 for State: Ohio $5.35@5.40; Southern $5.30@5.50, closing heavy. Wheat is firm—sales of 140,000 bushels: Chicago spring $1.09¾@1.12; white Southern $1.40@1.42¾; red $1.32½. Corn has advanced 1 ct.—sales of 49,000 bushels at 66@67 cts. Pork is firm—mess $17@17.50; prime $12.25. Lard is dull at 11¾@12¾ cts. Sugar is heavy—Muscovado 5¾@5¾ cts. Molasses heavy—New Orleans 38@40 cts. Spirits Turpentine dull. Rosin dull at $1.30. Rice dull and lower at 2¾@4¾ cts.—Freights are heavy.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—Flour is very dull; sales of Superfine at $5. Wheat is dull at $1.17@1.20 for red and $1.27@1.40 for white. Corn is dull; sales of 3,500 bushels: yellow at 64 cts.; white 60 cts. Rio Coffee 13¾@14¼ cts. Whiskey is dull at 19¾@20 cts.

MOBILE, Nov. 26.—Sales to-day of 2,500 bales of Cotton at 10 cts. The market closed with a fair tone.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 26.—Sales of 8,000 bales Cotton at 10¾@10¾ cts. Sterling Exchange 101@101¾ prem.; New York par to ¼ prem. There is less pressure on the money market.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 24.—Cotton sales to-day, 200 bales. The market is unsettled.

OWEGO, Nov. 24.—Flour quiet. Wheat and other grains quiet, and quotations nominal. Shipments by canal are materially checked to-day by the winter-like weather and the difficulty in getting insurance.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—Flour closed with a declining tendency. Wheat quiet and 1¼ct @2 cts. lower; sales 27,000 bushels, at 78 cts.@78¾ cts. for Northwestern club, 76 cts. @76¾ cts. for No. 1, and 74cts.@74¾ cts. for No. 2, in store. Corn very dull. Oats firm.

IMPORTS AT BALTIMORE.

FOREIGN.

DEMERARA.—*Br. Bark Anna*—192 hhds. sugar, W. H. Perot.

BUENOS AYRES.—*Schr. Hugh Barclay*—33,000 bones, 350 tons bone ash, Stirling & Ahrens.

MATAGUEZ, P.R.—*Brig Echo*—146,000 oranges, Stirling & Ahrens.

ST. VINCENT.—*Br. brig Queen Victoria*—8 kegs arrowroot, R. & H. R. Tucker.

HAVANA.—*Steamship Baltimore*—185 hxs. sugar, 1 bag coffee, 86,000 oranges, Friend Ricketts & Co.; 6 cases cigars, C. G. de Garmendia; 2 do., F. H. Rollins; 3 ditto, Boggs & Cottman; 2 do., C. H. Myers & Bro.; 1 ditto, P. Tiernan & Son; 4 do., William Hanna; 4 pkgs. fruit, H. Pollock; 4 do., Perkins & Lamden; 1 case cigars, A. L. Webb & Bro.; 3 do., Laurence Thomsen; 1 do., Giesk & Nieumann; 83 bales tobacco, Jacob Heald & Co.; 78 do., A. Seemuller & Sons; 2 cases cigars, Fitzgerald, Booth & Co.; 2 do., C. M. Stewart; 1 do., Charles Gola; 1 do., A. C. Hall; 2 bbls. fruit, H. Bolton & Co.; 4 pkgs. do., 15 boxes sugar, 2 do. cigars, order.

BREMENHAVEN.—*Bremen ship Johanna Willelmine.*—52 cases cigars, Gall & Ax; 9 do. mdse., W. G. Ohlendorf; 25 hampers mineralwater, C. W. Caspari; 10 cases paper, Hunkel & Son; 100 casks potatoes, 20 hhds. vinegar, 100 demijohns, 1 cask greens, 16 bales mdse., Stellman, Hinrichs & Co.; 1 case bedding, Beck & Bachmann; 2 do. music ware, H. R. Eisenbrandt; 8 bbls. potatoes, H. F. Alberti & Co.; 1 case mdse., W. Schreiber; 7 do., Ed. Uhrlaub; 1 do., Cortlan & Co.; 15 do., Drost & Sutro; 2 do household furniture, Gerdes, Bulling & Wehrhave; 1 do. mdse., W. Wilkins & Co.; 1 cask wine, 2 cases mdse., Frech, Voneill & Co.; 47 pkgs. drugs, 1 do. paper, A. Vogeler & Co.; 1 box mdse., Schtelick & Brummer; 13 do., Lerew, Meyer & Co.; 35 hampers bottles, Robinson & Lord; 1,000 demijohns, 1 sample basket, Geyer & Wilkins; 12 cases cigars, 8 pkgs. cigars, W. A. Marbury & Co.; 6 cases mdse. C. Spilker & Co.; 1 do., H. F. Schurmann; 5 bales do., F. W. & E. Damman; 8 bbls. potatoes, 73 hampers bottles, 12 cases liquors, 1 do. eau de cologne, 2 do. mdse., order.

COASTWISE.

SAVANNAH—*Schr. Exchange.*—160 casks rice, 150 bags rice flour, Jas. Corner & Sons; 15 bbls. whiskey, N. E. Berry.

EXPORTS FROM BALTIMORE.

FOREIGN.

ARRAYO, P. R.—*Schr. Indus.*—30 bbls. pork, 7 tierces hams, 100 kegs lard, 44 cases do., 50 kegs butter, 100 boxes cheese, 30 bbls. bread, 100 boxes crackers, 52 bbls. rye, 25 bbls. beef, 70 dozen pails, 125 half boxes raisins, 50 quarter boxes do., 30 bbls. potatoes, 30 do. onions, 25 boxes figs, 10 bbls. apples, 200 boxes candles, 106 bushels oats, 2 hhds. tobacco, 500 reams paper, 40 kegs nails, 50 bushels corn meal, 160 bundles hoops, 386 shooks and heads, 9,000 feet white pine cullings.

WEST INDIES—*Brig Mary Morton*—1,200 bbls. flour, 100 half bbls. do., 300 bbls. corn meal, 450 tins lard, 100 bbls. mess pork, 100 bbls. prime pork, 100 bbls. beef, 60 bbls. corn, 257 bushels peas, 200 do. bran, 10 quarter casks wine, 75 half boxes raisins, 75 quarter boxes do., 20 boxes do., 30 boxes figs, 20 bbls. potatoes, 300 boxes herring, 40 hogs, 500 boxes candles, 2,500 staves, 13,000 ft. lumber.

See Fourth Page.
FOR SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

LATEST NEWS.

TELEGRAMS

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

THE ARAGO OFF CAPE RACE.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Nov. 25.—The steamship Arago from Havre and Southampton, has passed Cape Race with Liverpool dates to the 14th inst.

The steamships New York and City of Manchester arrived out on the 12th inst.

LATER FROM CHINA.

THE TREATY OF PEACE DELAYED—THE ALLIES MARCH-ING ON PEKIN.

Late advices from China state that it is reported that the settlement of the negotiations for peace had been delayed on a question of money and a unity of understanding.

The allied army was marching on Pekin, where Sang-Ke-Linsin had a large force posted to defend the city.

Lord Elgin was to follow the troops on the 9th of September.

The army reached Yang-tsin-yeh on the 10th. The coolies were deserting, and carriage was difficult.

Two thousand troops were left at Tien-tsin to protect it from the rebels, who were inactive.

The Canton trade was obstructed by the rebels.

It was rumored in London that the British Government had received official despatches from China that peace had been concluded at Pekin by the Ambassadors and the Emperor of China, but it was generally supposed that the Government would not withhold such intelligence if it had been received.

ENGLAND.

The Bank of England had raised the rate of discount in consequence of the withdrawal of £300,000 for the Bank of France, to be followed by £300,000 more.

The Consols closed at 93¼@93¾ for money, and 93¼@93⅝ for account.

The steamer Arabia arrived at Liverpool on the 11th. The steamer New York put into Plymouth on the 12th, short of coals.

The steamer City of Manchester arrived at Queenstown on the 13th inst.

The squadron bearing home the Prince of Wales had not arrived.

The Bank of England raised the rate of discount to 5 per cent. on Tuesday evening, and the Bank of France had advanced theirs to 4½ per cent.

ITALY.

Victor Emmanuel was to leave for Sicily on the 11th.

There is no fresh intelligence respecting the negotiations for the capitulation of Gaeta. It is asserted that the garrison is composed of only a few battalions.

The Austrian government denies that a circular note of the Warsaw interview had been addressed to Rome, Naples, and the ex-dukes of Italy.

The Neapolitans had entered the Papal States through their general's treachery.

It is stated that Gen. Guyon considers his position untenable.

Gen. Garibaldi has issued a farewell address to his late army, concluding by telling his companions in arms that in a month or a million of men will be wanted to follow him again to a fresh conflict, which is likely to break out in Italy in March next.

The siege works before Gaeta are actively continued, and if the garrison will not capitulate a general bombardment will commence.

Francis had rejected the proposal to evacuate the town, on the basis that he commands the troops, 13,000 in number, at Gaeta, and relies on the strength of the fortress.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 13.—Sales of Cotton on Monday and Tuesday 12,000 bales, including 1,000 bales on speculation and for export. The market closed quiet and nominally unchanged, though the quotations are barely maintained.

The advices from Manchester are unfavorable.

Breadstuffs have a declining tendency, all descriptions being lower.

Provisions dull at a decline of 6d. Wheat quiet; lower qualities have declined, the quotations for the better grades being easier and unchanged; red Western 11s. 6d. @12s. 2d.; Southern 12s. 3d.@12s. 10d.; white Western 12s. 6d.@13s.; Southern 12s. 3d.@14s. Corn quiet and lower, mixed and yellow 37s. 6d.@38s. 3d.; white 43s. @45s.

Provisions close steady. Beef is heavy. Pork quiet. Bacon steady. Lard firm, at 63s.@64s. Tallow firm at 58s.@59s.

Sugar is steady. Coffee without change. Rice steady. Rosin and Turpentine dull.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—Consols for money are quoted at 93¾@93¾ for account.

STILL LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

[By Pony Express.]

FORT KEARNEY, November 25.—The Pony Express, with San Francisco dates of the 19th instant, passed here.

Arrived, 12th inst., ship Landaga, from Boston. Sailed, 10th inst., ship Belvidere, for Cork.

THE ELECTION.

The total vote in the State as far as heard from, is 171,818, distributed as follows:

Lincoln	36,586
Douglas	35,990
Breckinridge	31,216
Bell	8,026

This is the most favorable account for Douglas, other accounts placing him 1,000 behind Lincoln.—The balance of the returns will probably decrease Lincoln's plurality, but it is generally conceded that the State has gone for him.

A despatch from Yreka, near Oregon, dated the 13th, says the latest advices from Oregon give Lincoln 250 majority, and Douglas is 6,000 behind Breckinridge. Three small counties yet to be heard from, which cannot much vary the result.

The Extra Pony Express, with the result of the Presidential election in the Atlantic States, reached Fort Churchill to-day and was published in the San Francisco papers at 9 o'clock, in six days from St. Joseph. The news was enthusiastically received by the news. The Republican Committee had issued an address recommending a general illumination tomorrow night.

Espinosa, a Lower California filibuster, has been killed in a fight. His band was committing murders and robberies by wholesale on the Peninsula. The citizens of San Diego have sent for relief to the Governor of Lower California.

A letter from Walla-Walla, Oregon, dated Nov. 3d, says that Capt. Dent, who has been to the scene of the massacre of emigrants by the Indians, found a dozen of them alive, subsisting on the dead bodies of their companions. One family named Myers, consisting of a mother and five children, together with a brother-in-law, were subsisting on the body of the husband and father. Several had perished of starvation.

The Government is urged to take more efficient means to protect the emigrants.

Honolulu dates to the 27th ult. have been received. The whaling fleet was arriving. The whaling bark George and Mary, of New London, had been lost near Jonas Island, on the 8th of June.

Valuable new mineral discoveries have been made at the Esmeralda mines, and several rich veins have been located. The weather was pleasant, and about two hundred miners were there.—Silver mines were being extensively opened, and the ore is to be shipped to San Francisco, it paying about $3,000 per ton.

ST. LOUIS, Sunday, Nov. 25.—Brigadier General Frost's command has been mustered into the service of the State by order of the Governor. They left on the Pacific Railroad, on an extra train, 700 men fully armed, infantry, cavalry and artillery, with rations for a month's campaign. A crowd was at the depot, evincing much enthusiasm.

From Georgia.

AUGUSTA, Nov. 26.—The banks to-day advanced the rates on New York sight drafts to ½ per cent. premium.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Nov. 26.—The Senate bank bill passed the House to-day. A veto is expected, but the bill will probably pass over the veto.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The Government to-day received a despatch from Minister Clay, stating that he had, pursuant to instructions, demanded his passport, and was on his way home from Peru. Shortly after this information came to the Executive, the Peruvian Minister to the United States was promptly furnished with his passport, and thus all diplomatic intercourse between the two countries is terminated. The amount of unadjusted claims against Peru, on account of the seizure and confiscation of the vessels Georgiana and Lizzie Thompson, is $150,000.

Mr. Clay has been our Minister to Peru for nearly fourteen years.

Messrs. Sweeny, Rittenhouse, Faut & Co., quote to-day Virginia money at 6 per cent. discount. Exchange on New York 5 per cent. premium.

Bargains in Cotton.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 24.—The lock in sterling bills has put a number of holders of cotton in a tight place, and where the gold can be planked up great bargains are offered. It is probable that, with cash down, middling could be picked up at 10 cts, per lb.

The Pony Express.

ST. JOSEPH, Nov. 24.—The extra Pony Express, which left Fort Kearney on Wednesday, November 7, with the election news, arrived in Salt Lake City in three days and four hours—distance nine hundred and fifty miles. The last forty-five miles was made in three hours and ten minutes, and this forty-five miles of the route is the most mountainous of the whole road. The regular Pony Express, leaving St. Joseph on the 8th inst., arrived at Salt Lake, distance twelve hundred miles, in four days and twenty-three hours. It had been snowing for thirty-six hours when the Pony left Salt Lake City.

Philadelphia Bank Statement.

PHILADELPHIA, November 26.—The weekly statement of the city banks shows a decrease in loans of $202,000; specie decreased, $770,000; circulation, $150,000; and deposits, $1,133,000. Total specie in bank, $3,244,000.

Discount on Southern Funds.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—Thompson's Bank Note Reporter quotes as uncurrent funds all banks South of Washington, 10 per cent discount; Maryland funds 3 to 5 per cent.

Sterling Exchange at Mobile.

MOBILE, Nov. 23.—Sterling Exchange is quoted here to-day at 95¾. Exchange on New York ¼@ 1 per cent. premium.

Bank Suspensions.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 26.—The "Planters'," "Union" and "State Bank" of Tennessee, have suspended specie payments at the request of the community.

CITY INTELLIGENCE

MEETING OF THE SOUTHERN VOLUNTEERS AT THE HALL OF THE LIBERTY ENGINE HOUSE.

A meeting was called at 7½ o'clock, last night, at the hall of the Liberty Engine House, for the enlistment of all who favored a union of the South against the aggressions of the Northern States of the Union.

Long before the hour above mentioned people commenced to congregate on Liberty street in small squads. The talk was confined entirely to the question of right or wrong in raising, at the present time, in the city of Baltimore, the Secession Flag of South Carolina. From the opinions expressed by the parties on the street, it was evident that the movement consummated in the morning was repugnant to a majority of the people in the city.

The crowd increased as the hours advanced, and by seven o'clock quite a large number of people had collected outside of the Hall, and a dense crowd was inside. The insiders, however, were not of that class of persons who desire to rule "the destiny of nations," but seemed to be present merely from curiosity, and anxious to see and hear what the "southern Volunteers" would do, or say or propose, in regard to the present condition of national affairs.

After the doors had been thrown open for a considerable time, the crowd became impatient, and expressed their anxiety to proceed to business, by the stamping of feet, hurrahing and calling for Brooks. This continued for some time, when Mr. Rodney R. Brooks arose, and rapping on the table, said—"I will first state that our President will be here directly, when we will organize and proceed to business." Voices—"Go it, old hoss"—"Hurra"—"Then's um." The crowd again settled down in silence, the room all the while getting more crowded.

After a lapse of about fifteen minutes, more uneasiness was manifested, and the audience began to cry out, "Organize, organize—put a temporary President in the chair, and he can give up when your President arrives." Voices—"Where is he's"—"Cowan, Cowan"—but Mr. Cowan did not appear. Mr. Rodney R. Brooks then arose and said, that in the absence of the President, he would propose as President Mr. L. N. Price, one of the Vice Presidents.

Mr. Price then took the chair, and stated that the first business in order was the reading of the minutes of the last meeting, which were read by Mr. Frank Brook, Secretary. [The last meeting appointed a committee to draft resolutions, to be submitted to the meeting last night.] After the minutes were read the chairman remarked that he might as well state that the organization was not formed for the purpose of creating or encouraging an unconditional secession of the Southern States; but, in consideration of the issues now before the country, both sections were looking to Baltimore for an expression of opinion on the questions which were now disturbing the peoples, and he was bound to give to the world the expression of her sentiments. A committee was appointed at the last meeting to prepare resolutions to be read to-night, which will embody the sentiments of this association.

The Secretary then read the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we, the citizens of Baltimore, irrespective of party, and of a Southern State, having her interests, her institutions and her honor at stake, do deeply deplore the present crisis of our country, in the election of a Black Republican President.

Resolved, That we do all in our power in assisting our Southern sister States to oppose any acts of aggression which may be committed by the North.

Resolved, That from past aggressions we recognize in the so-called Republican party the sympathies of their fanatics—such as the "John Brown Raid"—their object being to warrant upon our domestic institutions.

Resolved, That if the Northern Nullifying States shall not repeal their odious laws, in defiance of the Constitution—and guarantee to us future protection for our property—we feel it our duty to withdraw from a Union where our Constitutional Rights in common with our sister States of the South.

Resolved, That we, living in a "border State," having suffered from the insults, taunts, and loss of our property, in common with our sister States of the South, from the inroads of Northern fanaticism, have no confidence in their administration elect unless in the repeal of their unconstitutional laws, and a guarantee of future protection to our property, in a Convention of all the States assembled.

Resolved, That we invite the people of Maryland to unite with us, and form "Minute Men" throughout the State, for the purpose of upholding our rights and opposing any coercion of our sister States by the Black Republican party elect.

Resolved, That we favor the calling of a "General Southern Convention," which shall make a formal and ultimate demand upon the North for a recognition of our rights; redress of our wrongs, and give us a guarantee for the future, upon the denial of which, we cast our lot with our sister States of the South, and pledge "our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honors" to uphold and defend them (if need be) to the last extremity.

M. LUTHER PRICE,
ROBERT R. BROOS,
CHARLES H. CLAIBORNE,
C. E. NICKERSON, M. D.
J. E. WATKINS.

Each resolution was received with cheers, and at the conclusion three rounds were given with a will. Then followed loud cries for "Classen, Classen."

The President here introduced Mr. Jacob Classen, who was received with three cheers.

Mr. Classen said this unexpected demonstration quite overpowered him; he felt his reception in his heart of hearts; he hoped there was not a dissenting voice to the adoption of the resolutions. [Voices—"Hur-ray."] Mr. Classen then went on to show that the North would lose everything if the South would form a Southern confederacy, when a voice in the crowd sung out, "Oh, you git out."

The Speaker—"No, you don't; get out yourself; get out quick as you can; are you out? If you don't get out, I'll come over and d—n soon put you out."

A voice—"Hur-ray for the South."

Speaker—"Hur-ray for who you d--n please, I want to have a social, commercial and sublime chat with the Americans of the South to-night.

Voice—"Democrats?"

Speaker—"What you say, sir? No sir."

Voices—"Set down, that's enough—Brooks, Brooks—go it Classen, you're all right—make him set down."

Speaker—all the time sawing the air with his right hand—"Gentlemen, only one word more—we want you to sign your names to——"

Voices—"Oh, take him away—make him git."

Mr. Rodney Brooks here arose and said that the sentiments of those who called the meeting were honest, and that they did not intend that any persons should attempt to ridicule their proceedings, and that they would not submit to it.

Speaker—"Those are my sentiments."

Mr. B. then said he had intelligence from knowing ones at the North that when Lincoln was inaugurated, he would have ten thousand Republicans would dance attendance, coming prepared, to avenge on the South the death of that miserable skunk, John Brown. He had also received from abolition quarters intelligence—now look out—

Voices—"Oh! put him down, put him down."

Speaker—"Let me get a quiet a minute."

Voices—"Brooks, Brooks, set down."

Speaker—to his friends, who were smoothing him down—"Oh don't, I'll bring all back, if you'll be quiet."

Stentorian voice—"Three cheers for Douglas."

At this there was a general rush in the Hall, pulling, tugging, shouting and screaming—but calm for a few moments, as the police were soon in the room and the disorderlies were hustled out. As soon as quiet was restored, the Chairman introduced to the meeting Mr. Frank Brooks, who went fully into an exposition of the designs, principles and purposes of the Southern Volunteers.

At the commencement of Mr. Brooks' speech there was a shout for Douglas and another general row for a minute or so in the Hall, but the police seized the disorderlies and they were ejected. Mr. Brooks argued that Maryland had much at stake in the present Southern movement, and in case the Northern States did not retract some of their unconstitutional statutes, she was bound to secede with South Carolina and other Southern States. Her sympathies were with the South, and the effect of this meeting, would be to show that old Baltimore stood by the South, and was ready to secede when it was known that the Northern States would not repeal their unconstitutional laws.

At this stage of the speaker's remarks, a person cried out, "Don't you live an hour under the stars and stripes." [Cries of "put him out, put him out."] The individual, however, could not be found. The speaker continued his remarks for some time in the same strain, and was frequently interrupted by applause and opposition cries from the audience.

When he had concluded, three cheers were given for Brooks, Classen and South Carolina.

The resolutions were then read a second time.

A member proposed that the name "National Volunteers" be inserted instead of "Minute Men."

Cries of "No, no."

Mr. Classen—"This ain't a political movement—withdraw that."

The member then withdrew his motion and the resolutions were adopted almost unanimously, only two or three nays being heard.

The Chairman then invited those who wished to do so, to step up and enroll their names as "Southern Volunteers." About two hundred came forward and signed their names, after which the meeting adjourned.

THE PALMETTO FLAG.—It was noticed in yesterday morning's *Exchange* that a Palmetto flag would be brought out from the old Liberty Fire Company Engine House this morning. It was also announced that the Stars and Stripes would be unfurled at the same time, which, however, did not take place. About nine o'clock in the morning a crowd of persons commenced gathering on the streets adjacent to the engine house. It was evident, from the animated conversations, that all were out of the same opinion. Those opposed to the display of the flag were largely in the ascendant, and boldly and freely expressed their opinions on the subject, condemning the act in unstinted terms, and denouncing those who were engaged in it. The State of South Carolina came in for a full share of denunciation, and her present position was the subject of much ridicule. Those present who favored the movement were quick to defend her, and the intentions of those engaged in it. By ten o'clock (the hour appointed for the display) between two and three hundred persons had gathered, and no little excitement prevailed. A few minutes elapsed when a man made his appearance in the cupola of the engine-house, and he was followed by three others, one of whom held the flag in his arms. The flag-staff was drawn in, and the flag placed on the halyards, and in another moment it was over the railing of the cupola. Before the folds had time to catch the breeze, some one in the crowd proposed "three groans for the secession flag," which was heartily responded to. One of the friends proposed "three cheers for the flag;" this met with a hearty response, but there were evidently fewer voices. The windows of the second story of the engine house were thronged with the Southern Volunteers, and they joined in the cheers and waving of hats. There were cries then of "take it down," "take down that d——d white-livered flag," when some one proposed "three cheers for the Union of the States," which brought forth hearty shouts. This was repeated. The flag was only midway out on the staff, and a voice exclaimed "they are ashamed to put her to the peak, she is only at half-mast." Some one then cried to "run her out," and it was put to the end. At this time there were some indications of a fight between an enthusiastic secession man and a conservative. The conservative expressed his dislike to the movement, when a secessionist told him to go home, whereupon Conservative laid aside his conservatism, and manifested quite a disposition to "pitch into" his more radical neighbor. A police