THE DAILY EXCHANGE.

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SEE FOURTH PAGE.

BALTIMORE.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24, 1861.

We are permitted to copy the following from a private letter received yesterday. If so strong a feeling for a peaceful settlement of our difficulties and so much sympathy with the South prevailed in Ohio ten days ago, it can hardly be possible that any excitement can permanently unite the State on the vindictive Northern demonstration against the slave States. There is a faint hope that if sufficient time can be given, the violent passions now raging may be allayed, and the voice of reason still be heard.

If so, a peaceable separation may yet be accomplished, and the dreadful danger that now threatens the whole country be averted.

LOGAN, OHIO, April 14th, 1861.

Things look so warlike here, we almost hesitate to send flour to Baltimore. We fear that the political troubles will interfere with our trade. We lay all these troubles to the infernal Abolitionists and Black Republicans of the North. There is one consolation, however, we have 200,000 Democrats in this State that cannot be urged or driven into a fight with the South. The Crittenden compromise will satisfy the Ohio Democrats very well, and we have strong hopes that the North will yet accept it. The two sections may not be able to agree until old Abe is driven away from Washington and Davis takes his place. There are a great many of our Democrats who wish it may be so.

LATEST FROM ANNAPOLIS JUNCTION AND RELAY HOUSE.—A messenger who arrived late last evening from Annapolis Junction, brings us the intelligence that 100 troops had arrived from Washington, and are stationed at the Junction. The road from Washington to Annapolis is in possession of the Federal troops, and the Annapolis road under guard. This road is so little damaged that a train of cars passed over it yesterday. The rails had been removed in several places, but were easily replaced. A body of military was despatched from this city late last night, with orders to proceed to the Relay, for the purpose of protecting the viaduct at that point. They took with them several pieces of artillery.

THE MAILS.—Postmaster Morris early yesterday morning sent a despatch to the Postmaster-General asking instructions as to what arrangements he should make for the conveyance of the Northern and Eastern mails. Not receiving a reply, at noon a messenger was despatched to Washington to return in the late train from that city, but it failing to get through, the Postmaster determined, on his own responsibility, to send a mail out by means of wagons to Havre-de-Grace at an early hour this morning. We received no Southern mail yesterday, but were favored with several Savannah papers of Saturday last by the officers of the steamer that arrived here yesterday from that port.

TAYLOR'S PONY EXPRESS.—Our enterprising citizen, Mr. Henry Taylor, proprietor of the news depot, Sun Iron Building, yesterday put in operation a pony express between this city and Havre-de-Grace, for the purpose, if possible, to keep up his regular supply of Northern journals. We are indebted to this enterprise for the latest Northern papers. We also take the occasion to return thanks to the Adams Express Company for similar favors. We shall be obliged to our friends everywhere during the present interruption of the mails and telegraph, to forward us by all convenient means such ate papers or information as they can obtain.

FREDERICK (MD.) BARRACKS.—The Frederick (Md.) *Herald* states that the barracks near that city containing about 1,500 stand of arms, was taken possession of on Monday afternoon, by order of Major General Kimmell. Four military companies, the "Junior Defenders," Captain Ritchie; "United Guards," Captain Beckley; "Independent Riflemen," Captain Saunders, and "Zouave Cadets," Captain Baugher, were detailed for this duty.

The *National Intelligencer* of yesterday thus announces the resignation of Col. Magruder: We learn that Col. J. Bankhead Magruder, of the Light Artillery, United States Army, has resigned his commission, the receipt of which has been duly acknowledged, and Col. M. has been ordered to turn over his battery and command to the officer next in rank. He has leave of absence until further orders, and has left for Virginia.

ARMS FOR THE EASTERN SHORE.—A gentleman from the Eastern shore arrived in this city on Monday evening, having in his possession twenty-thousand dollars loaned by the banks on the private security of the citizens of that section of the State for the purchase of arms for the people.

RESIGNATION OF MIDSHIPMEN AT THE NAVAL ACADEMY.—It will be seen by reference to the letter of our Annapolis correspondent, that a large number of midshipmen at the Naval Academy, have resigned and returned to their homes.

The New York *Herald* of Monday says that there was a report in that city that the Government was about to concentrate a large force at Harrisburg, and invade Maryland, with the view of reopening communication with the capital via Baltimore.

CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN MAYOR BROWN AND GOV. ANDREW.—The following letter from Mayor Brown to the Governor of Massachusetts, and the reply of the latter, is published in the Boston papers:

BALTIMORE, April 20, 1861.

Hon. J. A. Andrew, Governor of Massachusetts:

SIR: No one deplores the sad events of yesterday in this city more deeply than myself, but they were inevitable. Our people viewed the passage of armed troops to another State through the streets as an invasion of our soil, and could not be restrained. The authorities exerted themselves to the best of their ability, but with only partial success.—Governor Hicks was present, and concurs in all my views as to the proceedings now necessary for our protection. When are these scenes to cease? Are we to have a war of sections? God forbid!

The bodies of the Massachusetts soldiers could not be sent to Boston, as you requested, all communication between this city and Philadelphia, by railroad, and with Boston by steamers, having ceased; but they have been placed in cemented coffins, and will be placed, with proper funeral ceremonies, in the mausoleum of Greenmount Cemetery, where they shall be retained until further directions are received from you. The wounded are tenderly cared for. I appreciate your offer, but Baltimore will claim it as her right to pay all expenses incurred.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
GEORGE W. BROWN, Mayor of Baltimore.

ANSWER OF GOV. ANDREW.

To George W. Brown, Mayor of Baltimore:

DEAR SIR: I appreciate your kind attention to our wounded and our dead, and trust that at the earliest moment the remains of our fallen will be returned to us. I am overwhelmed with surprise that the peaceful march of American citizens over the common highway, to the defence of another common capital, should be deemed aggressive to Baltimore. Through New York the march was triumphal.

JOHN A. ANDREW,
Governor of Massachusetts.

SHORE-LINE OF STATES ON THE ATLANTIC COAST.

The Hon. Lawrence M. Keitt, while a Representative in Congress from South Carolina, made a speech on the resources of the slave States, and furnished the shore-line of States on the Atlantic coast and Gulf of Mexico. According to this statement the Northern or free States have 9,334 miles of coast, and Southern or slave States 23,803—a total North and South of 33,137 miles:

STATES.	Shore line of coast washed by sea.	Shore line of rivers navigable by boats, sounds, &c.	Shore line of rivers navigable by boats, sounds, &c.	Total sea coast, & shores of boats, sounds, &c.	Total sea coast, & shores of boats, sounds, &c.	Total sea coast, & shores of boats, sounds, &c.	Total sea coast, & shores of rivers to head of tide.
Maine.....miles..	427	1,599	427	2,026			2,452
N. Hampshire....	13	37	24	50			74
Massachusetts.....	269	865	832	1,074			1,906
Rhode Island.....	55	153	232	208			440
Connecticut.....	44	239	1,674	253			1,927
New York.....	114	880	1,057	1,000			2,057
New Jersey.....	128	702	151	820			971
Pennsylvania.....	....	....	106	....			106
Delaware.....	29	136	506	165			671
Maryland.....	44	1,008	3,401	1,052			4,453
Virginia.....	148	735	1,690	883			2,573
North Carolina....	299	1,547	932	1,848			2,780
South Carolina....	192	356	793	548			1,256
Georgia.....	76	410	398	486			954
Florida.....	1,020	3,005	860	4,025			4,885
Alabama.....	33	284	313	317			630
Mississippi.....	42	206	137	248			385
Louisiana.....	616	1,595	936	2,211			3,147
Texas.....	353	1,284	432	1,637			2,069
Totals.....	....	....	14,286	18,851			33,137

Mr. Keitt also gives a table of the number of harbors in the different States on the coast, and the principal ones on the rivers to the head of tide. This table is incomplete, but the full table would increase the number on the southern coast and rivers. For the free States—Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania—the number of harbors is put down at 15; and for the slave States—Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisana and Texas—249, showing a difference of 60 harbors in favor of the Southern States.

MILITARY APPOINTMENTS IN VIRGINIA.—The following Division and Brigadier Generals were appointed and commissioned by Gov. Letcher on the 9th of April:

MAJOR GENERALS.

1st Division—Odin G. Clay, Campbell county.
2d " Asa Rogers, Loudoun county.
3d " Thos. S. Haymond, Marion county.
5th " Kenton Horper, Augusta county.

BRIGADIER GENERALS.

4th Div. 9th Brig.—Geo. Blow, Jr., Norfolk city.
2d " 1st Brig.—Jas. L. Kemper, Madison co.
4th " 8th Brig.—Wm.B. Shands, Southa'ton co.
1st " 4th Brig.—Wm. C. Scott, Powhatan co.
5th " 13th Brig.—W. H. Harman, Augusta co.
3d " 20th Brig.—C. B. Conard, Gilmer co.
2d " 6th Brig.—Robt. L. Wright, Loudoun co.
2d " 3d Brig.—C. G. Coleman, Louisa co.
1st " 12th Brig.—Jubal A. Early, Franklin co.
5th " 28th Brig.—Reece T. Bowen, Tazewell co.
4th " 2d Brig.—Thos. P. August, Rich'd city.

In the 12th Brigade and 1st Division, Hughes Dillard is superseded by Major Early.

ARMY OFFICERS RESIGNED.—Captain Arnold Elzey, 2d artillery, of Md.; Capt. Henry Heth, 10th infantry, of Va.; First Lieut. John Mullins, 2d dragoons, of Tenn.; Dr. J. M. Harden, assistant surgeon, of Miss.; First Lieut. Walter H. Jenifer, 2d cavalry, of Md., have resigned.

LATEST NEWS.

TELEGRAMS.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

THE STEAMER COLUMBIA AT ST. JOHN.

A French Frigate Reported to have been Sent to Charleston.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., April 20.—The steamship Columbia, from Liverpool the 8th inst., arrived at this port to-day.

It was rumored that France has sent a frigate to Charleston, at the suggestion of President Davis.

The British Parliament re-assembled on the 8th instant.

Some of the leading men of Greece were proposing Prince Alfred, of England, for King of Greece, as the best means for settling the present dynastic difficulties.

It is reported that Prince Napoleon intends making a rapid incursion into Syria.

It is asserted that a treaty has been concluded between Russia and France.

The *Opinione Nationale* says that in the event of a collision, France has secured the support of Russia, and Austria that of England.

The French army is to be increased nearly 290,000 men.

Garibaldi is said to be opposed to Count Cavour's policy.

The Magyars have invited Garibaldi to lead them into action, assuring him that half a million of men are all ready.

Several arrests have been made in Naples, a conspiracy having been discovered, in which five Bishops are implicated.

The Austrian Diets were all opened on the 6th.

Parliament re-assembled on the 8th.

It is denied that the Great Eastern takes 1,200 Mormons to New York.

FRANCE.

The reported departure of French naval forces and provisions for Syria is denied.

Warlike rumors were prevalent in Paris.

It was stated that the army at Lyons is to be increased to 100,000 men, and that Marshal Canrobert is to have 80,000 men along the eastern frontier.

ITALY.

The letters from Italy are warlike.

It is denied that Garibaldi went to Turin on invitation of Count Cavour, and asserted that he is opposed to Cavour's policy.

The Duke of Cayanille had been arrested at Naples in consequence of two letters received by him from Francis Second. The general members of a Bourbon committee and two priests were also arrested.

The Pope had recovered his health.

AUSTRIA.

The Austrian Diet opened at Vienna on the 6th. A motion was pending for an address to the Emperor, thanking him for the commencement of constitutional principles and the maintenance of the unity of States.

The diets of Hungary, Bohemia, Styria and Salzburg were also opened on the 6th. In the Hungarian Diet a Hungarian Count made the opening speech, announcing the abdication of Ferdinand, and the ascension of Francis Joseph. He said it was the sincere wish of the King that the rights of Hungary be maintained.

Count Seichy's demand was supported by a majority of members in the lower house.

Documents relative to the abdication of Ferdinand and the accession of Francis Joseph were laid on the table in the diets of Styria and Salzburg.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, April 8.—The sales of today (Monday) are estimated at 20,000 bales, including 10,000 bales to speculators and for export. Messrs. James Hewitt & Co. report that all qualities have advanced fully ¼d. The market is active. Orleans middling, 7 7-16.

STATE OF TRADE.—The Manchester advices are favorable. There has been no market since the departure of the Niagara, and the market closed quiet at last day.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—The market is dull—there is but little inquiry and prices are weak.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.—Provisions are steady. Pork firm. Bacon dull; a large supply in market and holders offer freely, but show no disposition to press sales. Sugar firm. Rice quiet. Other articles unchanged.

LONDON, April 8.—Wheat dull and declined. Sugar firm. Coffee firm. Tea slightly declined. Rice firm. The money market is unchanged.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—Consols are quoted at 91¾ @91½ for money, and 91⅝@91⅝ for account.

Arrival of Federal Troops at Annapolis.

ANNAPOLIS, April 23.—The Seventh New York Regiment, numbering 991 men, and the Massachusetts Regiment came into port last night and landed at the Naval Academy. The above regiments are awaiting the arrival of the 1st and 12th Regiments from New York, who left on Saturday in the Baltic for the Potomac river, and in case they fail to reach Washington, they will land here and all march in a body for Washington.

This evening the Vansville Rangers, of Prince George's county, intercepted a messenger from Washington with sealed orders for Capt. Blake, of the Naval Academy, and brought him before Gov. Hicks, who received the despatches and afterwards handed them to Capt. Blake. It is reported that they contain an order for the troops to return home, it being impossible for them to cross the Patuxent. The Rangers report that nearly every man in Prince George's county is under arms.

The telegraph wires were cut near this place last night. All the steamers and cars are withheld here, and no mails or freight can be had from Baltimore.

[LATER.]

ANNAPOLIS, April 23.—Two companies of the Massachusetts regiments have this moment taken possession of the railroad depot here, preparatory to leaving for Washington.

NEWS FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Steamers Fitting Out—The Confederate Loan, etc.

NEW ORLEANS, April 20.—Commodore Rousseau has received orders to fit out the Confederate States' steamship Sumter, late the Havana, for aid. Also other ships.

The greatest excitement prevails in the foundries, casting guns, shot and shell.

The highest excitement prevails in New Orleans. Troops continue to arrive from the interior, and depart for Fort Pickens.

The books of the Confederate loan closed to-day, by order of the Confederate Government. The Secretary of the Treasury states that he has more money than can now be used.

The Steamers Star of the West and Habana.

NEW ORLEANS, April 20.—The steamer Star of the West was boarded off Indianola on Wednesday last by the Sacramento, Capt. Dunnett, who captured her without resistance. She has arrived at the bar. She has 800 or 900 barrels of provisions on board.

The steamship Habana has been purchased by the Confederacy, and will be converted into a war steamer, to carry eight guns, in addition to a pop gun.

The Oil Disaster.

ERIE, April 19.—The number of persons killed and fatally burned at the oil-well explosion on the "Buchanan Farm" night before last, as far as learned, is 15.

The following persons are among the dead: The Hon. H. K. Rouse, of Warren county; Wesley Skinner, Wallsburg, Pa.; a boy named Kent, from Westfield, N. Y.; three men named Walker, Gardner and Stevens; their residence is unknown.

The following were fatally wounded: J. Lloyd, J. Perry, H. Eastman, and A. M. Buel, all of Utica, N. Y.; Orson Woodworth, of Wallsburg, Pa.; Jno. Halderman, of Cincinnati; Thomas Page, residence unknown.

Great Excitement in Chester and Lancaster Counties.

WEST CHESTER, Pa., April 22.—Twenty-eight men of Gen. Small's Brigade arrived yesterday at Oxford, Chester county, having walked from Baltimore, and reported that 500 Marylanders were after them, and were on the boundary line.—Troops from West Chester, and citizens of Downington and Coatesville, and other parts of Chester and Lancaster counties, went on to the points named last night.

State of Feeling in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, April 22.—Quite a number of editorials from the principal newspapers of the interior of the State express much indignation at the action of the federal government in calling so large a military force into the field, and especially for calling for volunteers from the border slave States, but there is not much ill-temper manifested, and less disposition to run the State into rash, indefensible measures than has been evinced in some other States. There is a good deal of secession feeling in some sections, but the prevailing sentiment is quite unanimous for conciliation and peace.

Many reports are afloat here, but the city is quiet and orderly, and no public demonstration of any character has been made.

Appropriation for the War.

CONTRABAND GOODS.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The message of the Mayor to be sent to the City Councils to-night will recommend the appropriation of $1,000,000 in aid of the war.

A resolution will also be offered to appropriate $500,000 for the relief of the widows and orphans of those who may fall in defence of their flag.

A lot of uniforms for the Southern army have been seized at the store of Messrs. Dubrik & Bro., Dey street.

The Connecticut regiment will be ready to move to-morrow, under Col. Daniel Taylor. Lieut. R. O. Tyler, who went with troops to reinforce Fort Sumter, will be attached to the regiment.

From the Fleet off Key West.

NEW ORLEANS, April 22.—The Mohawk, from Havana and Key West, reports that the steamer Atlantic, from New York with troops, had anchored off the Triangle shoals, and on the 13th was in communication with Fort Taylor. She left on the 14th for Sand Key.

The steamer Powhatan appeared off the harbor on the 14th and exchanged signals with the steamer Crusader.

The garrison at Fort Taylor and Key West barracks are engaged in drilling at the guns.

The steamer Atlantic brought out commissions for some of the new Federal appointees.

The commanding officer at Fort Taylor has been appointed postmaster at Key West.

Arrival of the Niagara.

HALIFAX, April 19.—The royal mail steamship Niagara, from Queenstown 7th inst., arrived at this port at 7 o'clock this morning. She has 48 passengers for Boston, and £35,000 in specie.

The commercial advices per Niagara are fully anticipated by those per steamer Kedar, which arrived yesterday.

The only item of news by the Niagara is that the National Diets of Hungary, Bohemia, Styria, and Salzberg were opened on the 6th.

Movements of Major General Wool.

TROY, April 21.—Major General Wool leaves this city Monday morning for New York, to make that city the headquarters of the Department of the East. There was considerable activity at the Waterblist Arsenal to-day.

The Transport Steamers.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The steamer Chesapeake, chartered by the Government, has a company of Government riflemen on board, and 3,500 barrels of provisions. She will probably sail in the morning.

The steamer Parkersburg has steamed up and is waiting for the arrival of the Albany regiment. She will probably sail in the morning.

The steamer Bienville, arrived to-day from Havana, reports passing the transports Cuyler and Columbia, with the Harriet Lane as escort, to-day, bound South.

Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, April 22.—A movement is on foot, and will probably be adopted in a day or two, between the civil and military authorities of Louisville, Jeffersonville, and New Albany, to prevent invasion by hostile troops from either North or South so long as Kentucky preserves her present status.

Seven companies of the State Guard, embracing an aggregate of 650 men, under Col. Tilghman, have been organized at Paducah, Kentucky.

Free Colored Volunteers in Louisiana—Abolitionists Arrested.

NEW ORLEANS, April 22.—The free colored population at a meeting have resolved to tender their services to the Government for the defence of the State.

A meeting was called to-night to adopt measures to clear the city of abolitionists. Two have already been arrested.

Seizure of Powder—Pursuit of a Schooner Laden with Contraband Powder.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The brigantine Tornado was seized yesterday, having on board a large amount of powder for the South.

An armed steam-tug has gone in pursuit of a three-masted schooner, which sailed yesterday from Perth Amboy, loaded with arms, &c.

THE CITY YESTERDAY.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA TROOPS LEAVE FOR HARRISBURG.

Burning of Another Bridge.

GENERAL GOOD ORDER OF THE CITY.

&c., &c., &c.

THE CITY YESTERDAY.

The war preparations seemed yesterday to have assumed a more quiet and undemonstrative tone. Business of every description was more generally resumed than it has been since the occurrence of Friday morning, which caused almost every business man in the city to leave his daily avocation, and take up arms in defence of his friends. Most excellent order is preserved, and there are but few arrests, even for drunkenness, which is attributable to the order issued by the Mayor, in relation to the sale of liquor. The notice also given on Monday, to the effect that all idle minor children found upon the streets after six o'clock, had the effect to keep a great many noisy little boys off the streets, both on Monday and Tuesday nights.

THE PENNSYLVANIA TROOPS.

Numerous reports were in circulation yesterday in relation to these troops, but they were all unfounded. Reliable information, however, has been received that they left their late camp yesterday morning, and are no doubt now rejoicing in Harrisburg at their deliverance from the unexpected reception which awaited them in Baltimore, in case they attempted to enter the city.

COURTESIES TO LADIES.

The galleries of the Maryland Institute Hall, now the headquarters of the Fifty-third Regiment, will, by order of the officer in command, be this morning opened for the reception of ladies. This regiment, as already stated, embraces six companies of the Maryland Guard and three companies of the Independent Greys.

BURNING OF ANOTHER BRIDGE.

Another bridge on the Northern Central Railroad was yesterday destroyed by fire. It was called the Monkton bridge, and spanned the Gunpowder river, about half a mile this side of Monkton, and twenty from Baltimore. In addition to this, news was received late yesterday evening, that after the passage of the invading troops Northward, all the bridges on the road this side of the Pennsylvania line had been destroyed.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

The Howard Dragoons, numbering over fifty men, commanded by Capt. Geo. R. Gaither, Jr., who have been quartered at Miller's Hotel, on Paca street, since Sunday evening, yesterday morning returned to their headquarters at Carroll's Manor, about six miles from Ellicott's Mills, to await further orders.

A new military company, composed of attaches of the Continental Opera House, in this city, has been formed and have adopted the name of "Ellinger's Continental Rangers."

An organization called the "Home Guards" has been organized in the Fifteenth ward, and the following persons have been elected officers: Captain, S. R. Dunnock; 1st Lieutenant, Thomas S. Sumwalt; 2d Lieutenant, G. R. Berry.

Lemuel P. Townsend was yesterday appointed purchasing agent for quartermasters' and commissaries' stores for the volunteer department under Col. Trimble's command, and was empowered to make contracts for such stores.

PRICE OF FUEL.

In consequence of the belief in some quarters that the supply of coal in this city may become small in consequence of the troubled state of the times, there was a great demand for all kinds of coal at advanced prices. We yesterday heard of coal having been sold at from $7 to $10 per ton.

ACCIDENT TO A SOLDIER.

It is not at all surprising to hear of an occasional accident from fire-arms in these times, when so many persons are handling weapons of this character who are not sufficiently prudent and careful in the use of them. There are also other accidents arising from unavoidable causes. Mr. Daniel Gibbons, a member of the Baltimore City Guards while on drill on Monday last, acting as an artillerist, was wounded by the accidental discharge of a pistol which fell from the breast of a fellow-soldier. It appears that they were sitting side by side, when his comrade attempted to rise as he did so, a pistol fell from his bosom and was discharged, the contents entering the right ankle of Mr. Gibbons and passing through to the heel, causing a painful flesh-wound. The ball was extracted by Dr. N. L. Dashiell, surgeon of the Eagle Artillery. Mr. Gibbons will probably be confined to his room for some days.

DAY OF HUMILIATION AND PRAYER.

In compliance with a request from a meeting of clergymen of all denominations, to-day will be observed as a day of humiliation, fasting, and prayer by the various religious denominations of the city. The Right Rev. Bishop Whittingham has addressed a circular to the clergy of his diocese, which appeared in the issue of yesterday.

SEIZURE OF POWDER—AN ERROR CORRECTED.

The following statement appeared in the *South*, an evening journal recently issued in this city:

Seizure of Powder.—The Board of Police Commissioners this morning seized a lot of powder in a warehouse on Bowly's wharf, and it was conveyed to the City Hall.

We are authorized to state that the powder landed from the schooner *Elite* at Bowly's wharf yesterday morning, under guard of our police, and consisting of eight hundred kegs of rifle and other powder, was not seized by the Commissioners, as stated above, but was promptly surrendered to the authorities by D. J. Foley & Bro., to whom it was consigned, together with the entire stock in their magazine, all of which has been removed to a place of security.

INDISPOSITION OF MAYOR BROWN.

His Honor the Mayor was yesterday indisposed and confined to his room. The illness and continued labor of body and mind which have devolved upon him during the past few days, and the grave responsibility which it was necessary for him to assume, have scarcely permitted him a moment's rest. As his indisposition is the result of bodily and mental fatigue, it is to be hoped he will be able to resume his duties to-day.

ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING.

A young man named A. S. Smith, residing at 81 Ann street, was yesterday shot in the hand by the accidental discharge of a pistol in the hands of a friend. The ball was extracted by Dr. C. H. Nelson, of the medical staff of the Fifth Regiment.

THE ELECTION TO-DAY.

The Board of Police were yesterday busily employed making preparations for the election today. The selection of the places for holding the polls, and the appointment of clerks, were left entirely to the discretion of the judges. There are some changes in the judges, some of those who acted last November now being under military orders. The places of holding the polls will be found in the advertising columns.

TELEGRAPH WIRES CUT.

The telegraph wires between Annapolis and this city were on Monday night cut in several places beyond the junction, and also in one place about two miles on this side.

GRAPE SHOT.

There were yesterday morning removed, by means of drays, about one thousand bags of grape shot, from the Shot Tower, on Front street.—They were placed in a place of security by the proper authorities.

ARREST OF SPIES.

Quarter Master Cook, of the New York Seventh Regiment, was arrested last night by the police and held for a further hearing. Lieutenant Sweitzer, recruiting officer at Fort McHenry, was also arrested last night at Barnum's Hotel by Capt. Cook, of the Maryland Guard. He was also held for a further hearing.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT FROM BALTIMORE—*Statement of the Mayor of Buffalo—His Description of the Condition of Baltimore.*—Mayor Allberger, of Buffalo, who has been spending some months in Baltimore, where his relatives reside, arrived in this city this morning. He left Baltimore on a canal boat. Six gentlemen, who chartered a canal boat there on Friday for $200, also arrived at the Astor House to-day.

They report the condition of the city as most fearful.

The principal streets are all barricaded, and many of the houses furnished with shutters, in which loop-holes are cut, for the purpose of pouring a deadly fire on any troops that might attempt to march through the city.

Mr. Allburger, who has just risen from a sick bed, was surrounded by a mob of a dozen half-drunken ruffians at the Eutaw House before he left, who endeavored, by abusive language, to provoke a word of reply from him, intending, no doubt, to shoot him on the spot, had he afforded them a pretext.—*N. Y. Evening Post, of Monday.*

EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS.—The President has made the following appointments for Philadelphia:—Wm. B. Thomas, collector; Edward Walker, naval officer; E. Reed Myer, surveyor for the port; E. Rush Plumley, appraiser general; and James Pollock, director of the mint.

SECESSION MOVEMENTS.

Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, April 20.—Ex-Vice President Breckinridge addressed a large audience at the Courthouse this afternoon. He denounced President Lincoln's proclamation as illegal, saying that he could not make his 75,000 men efficient till after the meeting of Congress. He proposed that Kentucky should present herself to Congress on the 4th of July through her Senators and Representatives, and protest against the settlement of the present difficulties by the sword. Meanwhile, that Kentucky should call a Convention to aid her Congressmen in presenting such a protest. Should that fail, the honor, interest and duty of Kentucky unites her with the South.

Gov. Magoffin has not called a special session of the Legislature on the 29th inst., as reported in our newspapers. The proclamation has been drawn up but not issued by the authorities.

A military alliance is about to be formed between this city and New Albany and Jeffersonville, Indiana, to preserve a peaceable status between the three cities, and to preserve amicable relations in any event.

The Home Guard for this city was organized this evening.

Missouri.

CAPTURE OF THE LIBERTY ARSENAL.

INDEPENDENCE, April 20.—At an early hour this morning, the arms and munitions of war held at the arsenal, in Liberty, Clay county, were, at the demand of some citizens, given up. It is stated that there were 1,300 stand of arms and ten or twelve pieces of cannon, and a considerable amount of powder in the arsenal. This will be distributed in Clay and the adjoining counties.

Ninety stand of arms and a cannon have been brought here.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 20.—The arsenal at Liberty has been garrisoned by 100 men. A large secession meeting was held here to day, and thousands from the adjoining counties of Missouri and Kansas were present. A secession post was raised, and many prominent places decorated with secession flags.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., April 20.—The secession flag was unfurled and carried through the streets today by a mounted company, after which it was raised on Market square, without disturbance or much enthusiasm. Considerable excitement is manifest, and Secession is the prevailing sentiment.

Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, April 20.—Troops are continually arriving here from the upper parishes.

THINGS IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The city is comparatively quiet to-day, though in the course of the forenoon the roll of the drum and the tramp of the troops were heard in many of the streets. At 9 o'clock A. M., the 6th, 12th and 71st Regiments embarked on board the steamships Baltic, Marion and Columbia. The scenes at the wharf were of the most exciting and touching character. The men in these regiments, like their companions in the glorious seventh, are the flower of the city, and will give a good account of themselves. They did not sail this evening.

The utmost anxiety is manifested to learn of the safe arrival of the Seventh at Annapolis. Not a little regret is expressed that they were not put on board the Baltic on Friday, and despatched to Annapolis at once. Much valuable time would have been saved, and the strength of the men would not have been so severely taxed in advance.

The great meeting at Union Square yesterday was remarkable for the unanimity exhibited on the part of many prominent republican public men, who had been pretty much all their lives at daggers' points. The speakers, however, were of ordinary calibre. Perhaps the man that was most closely criticized was Mayor Wood. The Mayor was cautious and guarded, but patriotic as well, and called upon his fellow-citizens to stand by the Government. He said but little about making New York a free city, but that little was against the project.

In the churches this morning, free reference was made to the war, and for the most part, in a temperate, as well as a loyal spirit. Major Anderson attended Trinity in the forenoon. The Stars and Stripes on the occasion were unfurled near the church, and the Doxology prayed to realize. Fort Pickens was also displayed the flag, near the Broadway portico.

In many of the churches collections were taken up in aid of the families of the soldiers who have gone to the war.

Rev. Mathew Hale Smith, pastor of the North Reformed Church, publishes a notice, stating that he would be unable to preach this afternoon as usual. Being Chaplain of the 12th Regiment, he does not mean to forsake his colors, and will march accordingly with his company for the defence of Washington to-morrow.

Hackley, "the dirty street contractor," who was committed to prison by the Recorder, for contempt of court, in refusing to answer questions pertending to unfold certain corruptions in and about the City Hall, was released from jail this afternoon, Judge Barrow dissenting from the views of the Recorder.

Steamship Edinburgh sailed for Glasgow yesterday, with 241 passengers.

The funeral of the late Mr. De Nottebeck, the Russian Consul, who was killed by being thrown out of his carriage in the Central Park, on Thursday last, took place to-day from the Church of the Ascension, Fifth avenue. It was attended very numerously; most of the foreign Consuls were present.

The Virginia steamers of Messrs. Ludlam & Hicken have been withdrawn, in consequence of the seizure of one of their vessels, the Jamestown, at City Point, Va.

Steamship R. R. Cuyler, which was partially loaded for Savannah, is discharging her cargo, having been chartered by the Government.

Steamship Moselle sailed last evening for Norfolk with one hundred marines, and thence to Washington.

In business circles to-day there was out very little done, the war excitement swallowing up and absorbing everything. Some few merchants assembled together in the Corn Exchange, but it was to talk over—not corn, or cotton, or freight, nor anything of the sort—but of regiments, battalions, bombardments, and pitched battles.

Sterling exchange, per the steamers to-day, closed very dull and heavy, and most of the city drawers reduced their rates on London to 107, and even then scarcely any business was transacted. The range for commercial bills was from 106 to 107. On Paris 5f.53@5f.32½. Amsterdam 40@40¼. Berlin 76@76½.

The exchanges at the Bank Clearing House this morning amounted to $17,771,139.47, and the balances to $1,080,954.48. The exchanges of the week ending this morning were $124,020,087, against $22,340,717.98 for the week previous.

G. B. Lamar, Esq., has resigned his position as president of the Bank of the Republic, and Mr. Crane has been elected to fill the vacancy. Mr. Lamar, it is said, will return to his native State, Georgia, to make common cause with his section.

In money matters there is no change whatsoever, unless it be additional scrutiny of the kind of security offered, and even then it all right on that point can obtain any amount on almost his own terms.

There was a good attendance at the Stock Exchange this morning, and, considering the excitement, a fair business was done. No Federal bonds were offered, but at private sale prices were well supported. The new 6 per cents., however, were an exception, having been offered at a decline of 1 per cent. In the border State bonds there was another stampede, while the general railway list was very sick, with a strong pressure to realize. Of Reading, 1,600 shares sold, opening at 30 and closing at 29¾; 2,950 N. Y. Central, 68½@68; 2,500 Illinois Central, 56@55½; 650 Erie, 17@18; 1,200 Galena and Chicago, 55. Of Tennessee 6's $2,300 sold at 49; $3,000 Virginia 6's 37@36½; 54,000 Missouri 6's 40.

Compared with the closing quotations of yesterday, Tennessee 6's declined 1½ per cent.; Missouri 6's ½; Brooklyn C. W. L. 6; Virginia 6's 1; Erie bonds 1; Pacific Mail 6; N. Y. Central 1; Erie 1; Hudson 1½; Harlem 2.

LATEST FROM THE NORTH.

Last night, at a late hour, we were permitted to glance at a Philadelphia paper of yesterday morning, received by private conveyance.

There was great excitement in Philadelphia, New York and Boston, in consequence of the military movements South.

Great fears were entertained at Chambersburg, Pa., of an attack on that place by troops from Maryland and Virginia. Hundreds of volunteers, including 300 United States troops from Carlisle, were marching to its defence.

The Pennsylvania troops now at Harrisburg are not to leave there for several days. It appears that those which marched into Maryland were to have been followed by 1,000 more, and also Sherman's battery.

A large meeting was held in Boston on Sunday, when a regiment was organized by Fletcher Webster.

Ex-President Pierce had made a speech at Concord, New Haven, in favor of the General Government.

At New York the steamers Monticello, Marion, James Adger, Roanoke, Parkersburg, Florida, Alabama and Augusta had been chartered by the Government to transport troops. The Chesapeake is to take 250 seamen, and the Monticello 100 marines, to Norfolk. The Baltic conveys the twelfth regiment. The Harriet Lane was to accompany some of these steamers. The Chesapeake sailed on Saturday, but returned.

The residence of Gen. Cadwallader, at Magnolia station, is reported to have been burned, and also two houses in Kent county, Md., the latter perpetratrated by slaves.

The city of Wilmington, Del., has appropriated $8,000 for military purposes.

All the bridges from the Susquehanna to Philadelphia are guarded.

A despatch received in Philadelphia from Wheeling, says some of the citizens are guarding the custom-house there to prevent Gov. Letcher from seizing it.

Major Anderson has left New York for Washington.

TENNESSEE.—The Governor has issued his proclamation for the convocation of the Legislature at Nashville on Wednesday, 25th inst. Gen. Pillow has issued a call to arms. Byrd Douglas, of Nashville, has offered General Harris thousands of dollars to aid in placing Tennessee in a position of defence. A meeting in Fayetteville has been held and resolutions adopted declaring the determination of the people to resist the proclamation of Lincoln to the last extremity. In Nashville on Thursday night, an immense meeting was held which was addressed by the Hon. Gustavus A. Henry and others, in favor of opposition to Lincoln. It will be recollected that Mr. Henry was a prominent and eloquent member of the Union Convention held in Baltimore which nominated Bell and Everett. Mr. H. took ground that Lincoln had committed the overt act which called for resistance, and strong resistance resolutions were adopted. Volunteering was actively going on in Nashville for the Southern Army.

The New York *Enquirer* of Saturday makes the following *amende* towards Major Anderson:

"We acquit Major Anderson as fully as language can exonerate him from the charge of want of patriotism, made against him on Monday. The charge was based on falsehood and lying, and, by the removal of its foundation, falls to the ground; and we are most happy in proclaiming it false and slanderous."

INSPECTING THE DEFENCES.—Commodore Tatnall, accompanied by Brigadier General Lawton and other officers, took a steamer on Thursday and instituted a thorough examination into the condition of our military works, together with all the sounds and inlets that afford an approach to the city.—Large bodies of men are at work, throwing up breastworks, planting cannon, &c., &c., and every avenue of access will be in a complete state of defence in the course of a few days. The main works are already finished and ready for the enemy, and with them we are safe against any expected attack; but it is the intention of General Lawton to guard us at every point, and thus foil any attempt that may be made.

VERBAL REPORTS AND CORRESPONDENCE OF THE EXCHANGE FROM VARIOUS QUARTERS.

PHILADELP