CITY INTELLIGENCE.

OUTRAGE BY A SOLDIER.—On Tuesday afternoon a young man named Henry W. Hergesheimer was standing in Low street, near the Relair Market, when three soldiers, wearing the uniform of Col. Morehead's Pennsylvania regiment, came along, and without the slightest provocation being given, one of the soldiers turned around, called Hergesheimer a d—d secessionist, knocked him down and then kicked him violently. There was none of the vice-police near at the time, and the act was consequently committed with impunity. This attack, like others, exhibits the fact that the soldiers only commit these outrages when they know that they have the advantage in numbers.

STOLEN GOODS FOUND.—Yesterday afternoon, a vice-police officer Block Kenney discovered in a new building on Calvert street, near Eager street, four pairs of new boots. The boots were packed away in a small box. They are no doubt stolen property, and are now at the Central police station, awaiting identification.

OUR SOUTHERN ESTAFETTE.

Gen. Johnston at Winchester.

The Richmond papers of Wednesday last announce the abandonment of the position at Bunker Hill by Gen. Johnston, and the falling back of his whole force on Winchester. The cause given by the *Enquirer* for this second retrograde movement by Gen. Johnston is as follows:

Passengers from Winchester confirm the previous report that Gen. Johnston has fallen back upon that point with his whole force. The explanation which gains most credit as to the object of Gen. Johnston's change of position is as follows: Patterson has sheltered himself behind the women and children of Martinsburg, refusing to allow them to leave. He has also been reinforced there. Johnston cannot attack him, therefore, except at the peril of the women and children, and against large odds. He has fallen back to a point which commands the various roads that enter the north end of the valley, so as to prevent McClellan, who hangs upon his left, from taking his rear. In this position he will watch the enemy and entrench himself to await the attack.

This movement of Gen. Johnston was very distasteful to his men, and no doubt also to himself—But we trust and those better prepared to judge are confident that it was wise and politic.

The Lynchburg *Virginian* says:

We learned from Prof. Holcombe, of the University of Virginia, who came passenger by the Alexandria train yesterday afternoon, that he had been advised of Gen. Johnston's movements by persons direct from Winchester. After the enemy had taken possession of Martinsburg, Gen. Johnston sent in a flag of truce, requesting the place to be evacuated by the women and children. To this arrangement our valiant enemies objected, and refused to allow the inhabitants to leave, holding them as hostages to secure their own protection.

The enemy thus manifesting their determination not to fight, except behind barricades of women and children, Gen. Johnston advised his army to fall back and await the movements of the Hessians. His men objected seriously to this, stating that they had come to meet the enemy and wanted to advance and fight rather than fall back. The General had to make them a speech and expostulate with them before they would consent to fall back upon their entrenchments at Winchester. It is his determination, we learn, to give them battle there, come in what numbers they may.

It will be seen by a dispatch from Martinsburg that General Patterson commenced his advance on Monday, the Rhode Island battery meeting 600 cavalry left at Bunker Hill.

Fifty-five Thousand Enfield Rifles from England—Tobacco for the French Market—

From the Memphis *Avalanche* of Friday, we copy the following important intelligence:

Our fellow-citizen, Captain J. C. McManus, the owner of the Vicksburg Mail Line of steamers, left New Orleans on Tuesday and arrived in this city yesterday. He states that a despatch had been received from Berwick's Bay, to the effect that the C. S. war steamer Sumter, Captain Raphael Semmes, (an account of whose running the blockade last week we published,) had returned, bringing fifty-five thousand enfield rifles, together with other accoutrements, and a large number of rifled cannon.

It seems that the Sumter met near Cuba an English vessel that was on her way to New Orleans with these arms, which had been ordered previously. They were transferred to the Sumter, and that vessel had arrived at the Balize in safety. It is a fact that will reflect great credit upon the gallant officers who accomplished it, and it shows how "effective" Lincoln's blockade is.

The same gentleman informs us that over ten thousand hogsheads of tobacco were disposed of in New Orleans in one day during last week. The tobacco is intended for the French market, and the French purchasers paid for it in gold, instead of bills, as heretofore. This information, we believe, can be relied upon. The tobacco must be taken to France, and will go there in French bottoms. If Old Abe's vessels undertake to prevent it, the distinguished rail-splitter will have a fight on his hands in which "somebody" will be hurt.

Rifled Cannon for the South.

The Portsmouth (Va.) correspondence of the Richmond *Examiner* says the first rifled cannon was turned out at the navy yard yesterday, and in a few days they will be able to supply long-range cannon to the Southern Confederacy as fast as wanted.

Blockade of Galveston.

The Galveston *Civilian* says that the blockade of that port was rendered complete the 2d of July, by the arrival of the United States steamer South Carolina, Captain Alden. She had captured the sloops Dart, Shark, Falcon, and two others.

Kentucky with the South.

The Augusta (Ga.) *Constitutionalist* of the 9th, noticing the visit from ex Governor Moorhead, says: Mr. Moorhead states that an overwhelming majority of the people of Kentucky are at heart in favor of uniting their destiny with the Confederate States, but that local influences, wielded by the enemy, and a deficiency of arms place Kentucky under temporary restraint.

Northern Insurance Companies.

The New Orleans *Delta* says that the New York marine insurance policies cover the losses by pirates and not privateers, therefore if the Northern course condemn the Southern privateers as pirates the insurance companies will be liable.

New Kentucky Brigade.

NASHVILLE, July 14.—The *Union* contains a letter from Clarksville, dated the 12th instant, saying that Brigadier General W. T. Withers is organizing a Kentucky brigade for the Confederate States at Camp Brown, eight miles from Clarksville. Withers has already about 1,300 Kentuckians in camp, and awaits orders from President Davis to augment the brigade to 3,000. Col. Hawes has just arrived from Richmond to command one of the regiments.

The Sand Batteries at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 11.—The sand batteries on Ship Island opened fire on Thursday morning on a Yankee war steamer, two miles off. The fire was returned, and one of the Confederates was wounded. The steamer then hauled off, and went to Chandeller Island, 12 miles from the battery.

Bonds of the Confederate States.

The bonds and stocks of the Confederate States, subscribed for in South Carolina, Georgia, and Alabama, have been forwarded to those States. Florida, Mississippi, and Louisiana will be supplied during the present week. Virginia has taken the bonds very liberally. The Farmers' Bank of Virginia has taken $300,000 and the Bank of the Commonwealth $100,000.

NEWS VIA WASHINGTON.

From the Washington *Star* of last evening we take the following:

GEN. SCOTT.

Lieut.-General Scott did not go over to Virginia yesterday to take command in person of General McDowell's army, as is being alleged in some of the newspapers.

MOVEMENTS OF THE ARMY ON TUESDAY.

At Gen. McDowell's headquarters, early yesterday afternoon, all was activity and bustle, and officers were continually coming and going, every one seeming anxious to be on the march and in the van. The numerous companies of regulars in the vicinity of Arlington House, comprising artillery, cavalry and infantry, soon had their tents struck and formed in column. The New York Eighth at the same time also formed and marched, leaving their tents on the ground in charge of a guard.—The Fourteenth New York (Brooklyn) regiment was a part of the column which formed on the road at the foot of Arlington Heights, and were preceded and followed by regulars. They also left their tents on the ground. We noticed in the line several batteries of rifled field pieces.

The column of the extreme right is commanded by General Hunter; the right centre column by General Tyler. That consists of the following troops, viz: the Maine Second, and First, Second and Third Connecticut regiments, under Colonel Keys; the New York Second, and First and Second Ohio regiments, under Brigadier-General Schenck, and the New York Thirteenth, Sixty-Ninth, Seventy-Ninth, and First Wisconsin, under Colonel Corcoran, (probably,) with Sherman's U. S. Light Battery and six pieces of the New York Eighth, and a detachment of the Second U. S. Cavalry, under Captain Harrison and Lieuts. Tompkins and Mason. Lieut. Mason, by the by, was yesterday thrown from his horse, and so much hurt as to have to be carried into a house upon a litter.

General Tyler's column bivouacked last night in and around Vienna, four and a half miles from Fairfax Court House.

Col. Miles, U. S. A., commands the left centre column, and among other crack troops, has more than 2,500 regulars. He probably moved up by the way of the Little River turnpike yesterday afternoon to a point within five miles of the Court House, if not nearer. A portion of the troops forming his column were two hours passing Bailey's Cross Roads yesterday afternoon to the intersection of the Columbia with the Little River turnpike.

Col. Heintzelman commands the column on the extreme left, composed of the New York Fire Zouaves, the Michigan regiments, and other very fine troops, including U. S. cavalry and light artillery. Its route was via the Orange and Alexandria Railroad and county roads in that vicinity.—A portion of it, doubtless, rested last night at Springfield station. Falls Church was also occupied last night by a portion of Tyler's rear.

There must be at least 50,000 troops actually on the march under General McDowell, exclusive of his reserve still resting in and around his late entrenchments.

From nightfall last night the city was full of rumors that Beauregard had abandoned Fairfax Court house without firing a gun; but no such information (reliable) had reached the Department up to 11 A. M. to-day.

PATTERSON'S COMMAND—HIS MOVEMENTS.

Martinsburg, Va., July 16, 4 A. M.—An hour ago, Gen Patterson commenced his advance upon the enemy from this point. His army will, in all probability, occupy the late position of Johnston's advance at Bunker Hill, to-night. Johnston is known to have withdrawn from that point, from out from there, were not in position, as before; though yesterday a body of his cavalry were certainly seen about it. We have no news, also, leading back, with his main body, from Winchester, in the direction of Strasburg.

Patterson's effective force is now quite 30,000 men, under himself, Generals Sandford, Cadwallader, Stone, Butterfield, Keim, &c.,—some of them being Colonels, commanding brigades.

Stone's brigade, or column, is 7,000 strong, and consists of the New York Ninth, Pennsylvania First, Fifth and Twenty-fifth, New Hampshire First, Wisconsin First, and 50 or 75 District Volunteers, under Capts. Fletcher (Union Guards) and Knight (Slemmer Guards), and a handfull of the National Rifles. Capt. Smead has left Stone's column, to join his regiment at Harrisburg.

ARRIVAL OF BARRY'S FORT PICKENS BATTERY.

Captain Wm. T. Barry's splendid company of United States Light Artillery arrived here at 8 o'clock last night, from Fort Pickens, whither they were sent about three months ago, and where they have been serving during that time. The company numbers about ninety men and fifty horses, and is provided with every thing requisite in the way of camp equipage and munitions of war.

Lieut. Col. Devin's Regiment of Cavalry is en route for Washington, having left New York night before last, per steamer.

THE CORPORATION SCRIP.

The issue of the certificates by the Corporation afford temporary relief to the employees at the present time, some of whom have been fortunate enough to pass them at par. Others, by a discount of ten per cent, manage to receive money in change. There is an evident unwillingness on the part of our mechanics to receive them in the full payment of accounts.

BOARD OF TRADE.

Committee of Arbitration for month of June.

B. F. NEWCOMER.

JNO. R. SEEMULLER, J. PARKHURST, Jr.,
RICH'D. LEMMON, WALTER B. BROOKS.

Monetary and Commercial Reports.

BALTIMORE, July 17, 1861.

Our Stock market continues quiet, but the general feeling in it to-day was quite firm. Nothing was done in Railroad shares; but Baltimore and Ohio closed at $40 bid, $41½ asked, and Northern Central at $14 bid, $14½ asked regular way. For Railroad bonds there was some inquiry, and sales were made of $1,000 Baltimore and Ohio 1862's at 39¾, $2,000 do. 1885's at 71, an advance of 1 per cent. on the price bid yesterday, and $1,000 Northwestern Virginia first mortgage bonds guaranteed by the city of Baltimore at 60, seller 10 days. Northern Central 1885's closed as on yesterday at 44 bid, 45 asked. There was also some inquiry for City 6's and sales were made of $1,000 1875's at 77, and $260 1890's at 79¼@79½; 1875's closed at 77 bid, 78 asked, and 1890's at 79 bid. Maryland 6's were rather better to-day, 76 being bid for 1870's, this figure being an advance of ½ per cent. Nothing was done in Bank stocks to-day, but they were generally steady at yesterday's figures. The Mining stocks are still very dull. Springfield closed however to-day at $1.25 bid, Gardner Hill at 49 cts. bid, 55 cts. asked, and Guilford at 30 cts. bid, 35 cts. asked.

In New York to-day North Carolina bonds declined again 1 per cent; Virginia 6's fell off ¾; Tennessee 6's ½; but Missouri 6's advanced $1¾; Erie $2; New York Central $1¾; Reading $1; and Canton ¾.

SALES AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

WEDNESDAY, July 17, 1861.

$1,007 Baltimore 6's, '75	77
120 do. 6's, '90	79¾
130 do. 6's, '90	79¾
2,000 B. & O. R. R. bonds '85	71
1,000 do. do. '62	39½
$3,000 Northwestern Virginia 1st m. bds.	$10 69

PRICES AND SALES OF STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Through WILLIAM FISHER & Son, Stock and Bill Brokers, No. 22 South street.

	1st Board	2d Board.
Virginia 6's	47	00
Missouri 6's	43¾	44¾
Tennessee bonds	49¾	00
North Carolina bonds	57	00
Canton Company	9¾	00
Erie Railroad	27	28¾
New York Central Railroad	77¾	78¾
Reading Railroad	38	39

steady. irregular.

The New York *Tribune* of Wednesday morning says:

There was a continuance yesterday, at the morning Board, of the buoyancy noticed on the day previous, and the aggregate of transactions was very large. Nearly every decrip ion showed an improvement of ½ to 1 per cent., but as the cal proceeded it was evident that the large buyers of the past week or two were selling freely, which produced a change in feeling, and the buoyancy exhibited at the opening was lost. The recent bull movement has been almost entirely confined to the street and parties connected with street movements. The general public have taken little interest in it, excepting in border State bonds, of which a considerable amount has been taken off the market by parties having confidence in the early arrangement of the pecuniary difficulties. At the second Board the excitement which has rafted the market recently appeared to have entirely subsided. There was considerable disposition to sell stocks, while the demand was quite limited. Under this influence prices declined in most cases to points behind those at which the market closed yesterday. Central, which was 78½ in the morning, was offered at the close at 77¾. Toledo fell off to 28¾, Galena to 64¾, Rock Island to 40¾, Illinois Central to 67¾, &c. Pacific Mail at 74¼, Pacific Mail at 74½. The business in border State stocks at the second Board was quite exceedingly light, and generally at a decline on the morning rates.

The foreign bill market is active but steady. There being no profit in the importation of specie, bankers are not buying as heretofore, and the demand for remittances from the merchants is very limited. Sterling is 104½@107, the bankers asking the latter rate without sales. No large line could be sold without considerable concessions. Francs are 5.38¾@5.37½.

The supply of money on call continues to press on the market, at 4@6 per cent. Paper of good character is scarce, and passes freely in bank, or if out of bank, at 5@7 per cent. No one with a bank account and good paper has occasion to go into the street for facilities.

We annex a comparative statement of the Exports (exclusive of specie) from New York to Foreign parts for the week and since Jan. 1, 1861:

	1859.	1860.	1861.
Total for the week	$892 263	$2,074,433	2,768,719
Previously reported	33,383,935	45,121,351	69,246,924
Since Jan. 1	$34,286,138	$47,195,784	$72,015,643

The statement of the Commerce of the port of New York for June is as follows:

IMPORTS.

Dutiable	$1,825,563
Free	2,191,515
Specie, &c	5,387,185
Entered from warehouse	3,245,504
Total	$12,649,733
Withdrawn from warehouse	$1,993,842
Cash duties	885,063

EXPORTS.

Domestic produce	$10,270,430
For distribution	903,897
Free	648 482
Specie	244 242
Total	$12,067,031

CASH DUTIES RECEIVED AT NEW YORK.

	1859	1861.
In June	$3,314,429.55	$2,724,193 59
Previous 5 months	16,197,752 44	15,665,485 91
Total 6 months	$19,512,181 99	$18,389,679.50

	$818,585,334 95			
Total fiscal year 34	899,800.48	37,711,740 29	28,223,137 16	

We take the following in regard to the movements of flour and grain from Edward Bill's circular:

EXPORT OF BREADSTUFFS TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND FROM ART. 1, 1860.

	Bbls.	Bbls.	Bush.	Bush.
From To Date	Flour.	C. Meal.	Wheat.	Corn.
N. York, July 12, '61	3,437	2,815	17,825,883	6,326,927
N. Orl's, June 14, '61	170,427	668	00	00
Phila. July 4, 1861	173,894	...	1,433,803	693,622
Balt., July 6 1861	127,031	48	947,546	353,200
Boston, July 5, 1861	96,081	105	13,052	14 100
Other ports, June 28, '61	128,479	...	2,236,192	15,451
Total	2,292,560	3,965	22,523,023	9,389,573
To ab't same period '60	443,245	651	2,383,369	2,063,592
To ab't same period '59	91,230	53	415,300	342,013
To ab't same period '58	1,163,148	149	5,647,459	3,274,679

The statement of the New Orleans Banks for the last two weeks compares as follows.

	July 6.	June 29.	Difference.	
Short Loans	$9,641,292	$9,795,740	Dec..	$154,448
Specie	15,215,230	15,086 991	Inc..	128,239
Circulation	6,780,426	6,610,306	Inc..	170,120
Deposits	16,101,540	16,506,313	Dec..	404,833
Exchange	4,052,231	4,168,231	Dec..	116,000
Distant Balances	758,332	766,978	Dec..	8,646
Long Loans	9,881,261	9,747,579	Inc..	166,578

The *Delta*, remarking on the statement, says:

The most noticeable feature in the bank report is the large increase of specie for the week, and this, too, at a time when shipments from foreign ports are entirely cut off. The contraction in loans amounts to over $3,000,000, which is another favorable indication.

The shipments of California gold from San Francisco up to 29th June were $17,096,570, against $19,445,270 last year same time—a falling off of $2,349,000.

The following circular has been issued by the Controller of Tennessee.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, Nashville, Tenn., July 3, 1861

By virtue of an act of the Legislature, passed the 1st instant, I hereby give notice that the interest upon all State bonds, or bonds upon which the State may be liable, will be paid at this place; provided said bonds are not owned now, or may hereafter be owned on or subsequently to the 15th of April, 1861, by citizens or corporations of non-slaveholding States of the United States of America. Satisfactory proof of ownership on and after the 15th of April will be required by the affidavit of the holder, and other proof where the party is not personally well known, taken before a notary public, or other persons authorized to administer an oath in the county where taken. Citizens and corporations of friendly foreign Powers will be paid in sterling or other exchange.

J. T. DUNLAP, Controller.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY, July 17.

COFFEE.—There has been quite an active movement to day in Coffee, sales and transfers adding up about 1,300 bags. They include 200 bags Rio on private terms, 300 bags at 13¾ cts., 400 bags do at 13¾ cts., and 450 bags do. at 14 cts. The feeling in the market is very strong and holders are indisposed to sell unless at extreme prices. Rio closes firm at 12¾@13¾ cts. for medium to fair; 13¾@13¾ cts. for good; 14 cts. for prime; and we quote Laguayra at 13@13½ cts; and Java at 17¾@18 cts. per lb. The bark Lapwing from Rio, with a cargo of 3,000 bags, which has been below for several days, came up to-day, and the stock here with this cargo included is about 22,000 bags.

FLOUR.—We have no transactions to note to-day in Flour, and we continue to quote it dull and heavy. There are no shipments in market, and the city trade are buying very sparingly. There is however we learn some demand for Flour for the use of the army, and this seems to be almost the only demand existing at present. Holders of Flour are still asking previous rates, viz: $5.50 for Howard Street and Ohio Super; $5.25 for City Mills do; $6 for Ohio Extra; $6@6.25 for Howard Street do; and $7 per bbl for standard City Mills do., but all varieties are offering very freely at the above quotations.

FAMILY FLOUR.—Family Flour is still selling at the following rates, viz: $9 for Welch's; $8.50 for the best brands of Baltimore; $8.50@7 for Ohio and Howard Street, and we quote Baltimore high grade Extra at $8 per bbl, but for these varieties the market is, and has been for some time past, very quiet.

RYE FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.—We quote Rye Flour to-day at $3.50, and Corn Meal at $2.75@2.87½ per bbl. for Baltimore, but we hear of no sales of either of these articles.

GRAIN.—There was a fair supply of Wheat at market again to day, the receipts at the Corn Exchange amounting to nearly 10,000 bushels. The inquiry for it was tolerably active, and most of the parcels received were disposed of, but prices were some 2 to 3 cts. per bushel lower than on yesterday. Red sold at from 110 to 118 cts., the latter being the top price to-day for prime new, and white at 105@108 cts. for low grade, 115@120 cts. for fair, and 125@132 cts. for good lots. Strictly prime would probably have brought 140 cts., but there was none at market this morning. Corn was in better supply than it has been for some time past, about 6,000 bushels, most of which was yellow, being at market. Sales were reported of 1,000 bus els old at 65 cts., 1,700 bushels good do. at 55 cts., and of one or two small lots white at 63@65 cts. There were some 1,800 bushels Maryland Oats sold this morning at 28@30 cts., but there was no Rye at market.

MOLASSES.—There has been no movement in Molasses for several days past, so far as we have heard, but the feeling in the market is very strong, and prices are rather looking upward. We quote Cuba firm at 19@20 cts net for Muscovado; Porto Rico at 28@33 cts.; and New Orleans at 35 cts. for common. There is no prime New Orleans here.

PROVISIONS.—There is a fair retail demand for Bacon, but there seems to be no inquiry whatever for other descriptions of Provisions. Bacon is selling in small lots at the following rates, viz: 5¾@6 cts. for Shoulders; 7¾@8 cts. for Sides; and 9@11½ cts. for Hams, but large lots could be readily bought at lower rates. There is no inquiry whatever for Bulk Meat, but we continue to quote Shoulders nominal at 4¾ cts.; Sides at 6¾@7 cts; and Hams at 7¾ cts. Lard is very dull at our previous quotations, viz: 8@8½ cts. for Western in bbls. and tcs. We quote Mess Pork nominal at $15@15.50 per bbl., but no reliable quotations can be given for Prime or Rump do. Beef may still be quoted at $12 for No. 1, and $15 @16 per bbl. for Mess, but there is none selling.

RICE.—There is nothing doing in Rice, but it is held quite firmly at 6@6¼ cts. for good to prime. The stock here is very nearly exhausted, and of course no further arrivals are looked for at present.

SUGARS.—The market for Sugars is very buoyant, and prices have a decidedly upward tendency. The demand for them continues brisk, but the transactions to-day have been comparatively light, the sales embracing only 17 hhds. Cuba at $6, 10 hhds. Porto Rico at $6 25, and 25 hhds. do at $6.75@7, making a total of 53 hhds. Sugars close to-day firm at the following rates, viz: $5.25 @5.50 for refining grades Cuba and English Island; $5.75 @6.25 for grocery grades Cuba; $5.50@6 for common to fair Porto Rico and New Orleans; and $6.25@7.25 for good to prime do.

SALT.—Salt is in better demand and firmer. Liverpool is now selling from store at 85@90 cts. for Ground Alum, and 140@145 cts. per sack for fine, but there are no cargoes offering holders being generally unwilling to sell at the present market rates. We quote Turks Island Salt as before at 20@25 cts. per bushel from store.

WHISKEY.—Whiskey is steady at our previous quotations, viz: 17¾@18 cts. for City, and 18 cts. for Ohio, bbls. do. in lots at 18 cts., and of some small lots Ohio also at 18 cts.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Cotton is firmer—sales of 950 bales of 14,000 bbls. Southern $4 15@5.75. Wheat—sales of 164,000 bushels; Chicago spring 70@91 cts; Milwaukee 75,000 bushels mixed at 38@41¾ cts. Corn—sales of Mess $15 62½@15.75; Prime $10@10 12½.

BALTIMORE, July 17.—Flour quiet: superfine at $4; extra to family at $4.25@4 75; fancy, $5.@5.50. Wheat dull; sales 4,000 bushels red at $1.12@1.15 afloat; new white, $1.16@1.18; spring is held at $1.75@1.80; Corn—Yellow is held at 52@53 cts. Whiskey more active at 16@16¾ cts.

ALBANY, July 16.—Flour in active demand: sales of 2,000 bbls. Corn meal 7@6 cts and 8@6 cts. Wheat in lots, $1 25@1.30 for white Michigan, and $1.04 for red bushels Northern afloat at 23 cts.; 5,000 do. Western private terms. Corn dull and lower; 42 cts. for Western mixed in car lots. Whiskey 16 cts.

BUFFALO, July 16.—Flour steady and in fair demand. Wheat in fair demand and market 2@3 cts better. Sales 9,000 bushels Milwaukie club at 75 cts, 15,000 bushels No. 1 Chicago spring at 75 cts., 6,000 bushels do. at 77 cts., winter. Oats are higher and light supply: sales 5,000 bushels Northern afloat at 23 cts.; 5,000 do. Western private terms. Corn dull and lower; 42 cts. for Western mixed in car lots. Whiskey 16 cts.

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CHICAGO, July 16.—Flour has advanced 5 cts., wheat 2 cts higher: sales at 68@69 cts. for No. 1, and 63@64 cts. for No. 2, in store. Corn firm and unchanged. Oats advanced ½ ct. Receipts—4,400 bbls flour, 19,000 bushels wheat, 246,000 bushels corn, 18,000 bushels oats. Shipments—13,850 bbls flour, 27,000 bushels wheat, 30,000 bushels oats. Freights easier. Exchange on New York unchanged.

OSWEGO, July 16.—Flour unchanged. Wheat in better demand and advanced 1 ct: sales last night 11,000 bushels Prairie Chicago spring at 74 cts.; to-day, 19 900 bushels prime Chicago spring at 75 cts. Corn quiet: sales last evening, 12,500 bushels Western mixed at 34½ cts. Oats—Western held at 25 cts. without sales. Imports—932 bbls. flour, 64,000 bushels wheat, 85,600 bushels corn, 14,000 bushels rye, 24,000 bushels oats. Exports—391 bbls. flour, 12,700 bushels wheat, 58,500 bushels corn, 3,400 bushels rye.

IMPORTS INTO BALTIMORE.

FOREIGN

CHARRAVAL—*Bark Young Greek*—13,000 qtls. copper ore, order; 24 bales hags, 2 casks old copper, 2 do. yellow metal, S D Crane & Co.

RIO DE JANEIRO—*Bark Lapwing*—3,000 bags coffee, H. Jenkins.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK—*Schr. Maryland*—911 bags copper ore, D. Keener; 15 cases matches, Robinson & Lord; 3 cases do., E. Mitchell & Co.

PHILADELPHIA—*Schr. Wm. Henry*—25 hhds. bacon, J. Carson & Co.; 13 pkgs drugs, R. J. Baker; 49 pkgs. do., 30 tons iron, order

Shipping Intelligence

PORT OF BALTIMORE, JULY 17.

Arrived.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, from Old Point Comfort, Va—to M N Falls.

Steamer Henry L Gaw, Iler, from Philadelphia—mdse to J A Shriver.

Steamer F W Brune, Foster, from New York, mdse to Jas A Shriver

Bk Young Greek, Taylor, from Chanaral, Chili, Apl 18th—came in the capes 8th inst—copper ores to James Carey Coale. Towed up by steamtug Ajax. May 22d, lat 29 39 S, lon 40 30 W, saw ship Mary E Campbell, bound up. The Young Greek reports off Cape Henry was boarded by U S steamer Quaker City, and afterwards was stopped by U S frigate Roanoke, which fired a shell across her bows, carrying away ortopgallantstay. The Young was ashore near the Wolf Trap, as before reported, and was assisted off without damage, after discharging part of cargo, by U S steamers Penguin and Cambridge.

Schr Susan, (Br) Lang, from Halifax—fish to James Corner & Sons.

Schr Wm Henry, Passapea, from Philadelphia—mdse to sundry persons.

Barge W H Oler, Kunkel, from Havre de Grace—mdse to W H Oler.

Below.

Off Swan Point—ship Sebastian Cabot, 98 days from Callao—guano to Barril Bros.

Cleared

Steamer Louisiana, Pearson, Old Point Comfort, Va—M N Falls

Steamer Wm Woodward, Cundiff, Old Point Comfort, Va—J A Shriver.

Steamer Henry L Gaw, Iler, Philadelphia—James A Shriver.

Ship Johann Smidt, (Brem) Schmidt, Rotterdam—Bros Boninger.

Schrs Horace E Browne, Warren, West Indies—Jos C Yates & Co.

Schr Maine, Stacy, Alexandria—W Rhoads & Son.

Schr R H Vermilyea, Ginetz, New York—McDougall & Clarke.

Schr James E Price, Martin, Washington, DC—Wm Applegarth & Son.

Schr Ocean, Aaron, Fortress Monroe—Wm Applegarth & Son.

37 schrs to the Eastern and Western shore, these clearances being made in consequence of the recent order of the Collector of the port.

Sailed.

Bark John C Brune, Gayle, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres.

Ship Juventa, Young, New York, in tow of steamtug Reliance.

Arrivals from Baltimore.

Steamer Franklin, Dougherty, New York, 16th inst.

Schr Geo W Grice, Palmer, New York, 16th inst.

Schr E M Farrington, Robinson, New York, 16th inst.

Schr Sophronia, Van Gasa, New York, 16th inst.

Clearances for Baltimore.

Ship F W Brune, Landis, Havre, 29th ult.

Schr J W Rumsey, Taylor, Boston, 13th inst.

Memoranda

Ship Mary Carolina Stevens, Heaps, from Londonderry, arrived at Newport, 30th ult.

Ship Faraon, Ballard, from Richmond, arrived at Bremerhaven, 27th ult.

Ship Old Dominion, from London for Boston, was seen 21st ult lat 44 30, lon 57.

Brig R C Wright, Garland, for Cuba, sailed from Aspinwall, 1st inst.

Brig Ellen Bernard, Bourne, from Richibucto, arrived at Gloucester, 29th inst.

Bark Wm H Newman, Gavet, from Baltimore for Rio de Janeiro, was spoken 30th ult, lat 35 28, lon 61 29.

Bark Adelaide Pendergast, Lanfare, from Cork, arrived at Cardiff 26th ult.

Schr Jackson, Bonner, hence for Barbadoes, was seen July 4th, lat 26 20, lon 63 10

Schr Ellen Mar, Nickerson, for Kingston, Ja, cleared at New York, 17th inst.

Schr Adeline, Smith, from Nassau, NP, reported cleared for Baltimore, arrived at Savannah, 1st inst.

Eastern Ports.

NEW YORK, July 16—Arr steamship City of Washington, Liverpool; Cleator, Kingston; ships Sandusky, Liverpool; Yorktown: London; J Fannin, Havre; New Orleans; Siam, Jarvis Island; barks Sir John, Hull; Prince Gustav, Newcastle; Sclavonia, Marseilles; Augusta & Jeanette, Cadiz; Venus, Curacoa; brigs Louise Bachman, Nassau; Ocean Pearl, do; Balaca, Tampico; Cordelia, St Johns, Peerless, Bermuda; schrs Agile Wier, Palermo; S L Bowman, Mayaguez; M Platt, St Croix—Old steamship Persia, Liverpool; ships Robt Center and Fidelia, do; Bremen, Bremen; Golden Gate, San Francisco; barks Investigator, Liverpool; Aberfoyle, Queenstown.

NEW YORK, July 15—Arr steamship Saxonia, Hamburg; ships David Hoadley, Liverpool; Devonshire, do; Isabella, Boston; R Tay, Philadelphia; Harvest, Antioi; Henry, Providence.—Cld ships Harry Bluff, Empress and Carrarmarsett, Havre, Ann Worth and Admiral, Liverpool; Fairfield, Rotterdam; barks Oceanic, Queenstown; A Garland, do; H Sosse, Marseilles; brigs Princess R yal, Bermuda; Elsinore, Bangor; Wappoo, Cork; Ashoe, Portland; schrs Willie, Halifax; J Means, Boston; H Smith, Philadelphia; Isabella and Ontario, do; Del Norte, Portland; S Crocker, Fall River; Ovedia, Boston.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16—Arr barks Roanoke, New York; Queen Esther, East Harbor; J W McKee and Wm Borden, Fall River; Alfred Howe, Bangor.—Cld steamship Champion, Aspinwall; barks Tersteen, Cuba; Barcelona; Beaver, Glasgow; Ajace, Queenstown; brigs Ocean Eagle, Monrovia; B Nash, Newcastle; Cadiz, Cork; Northern Light, Laguayra; S Hart, Portland.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

TO SAIL.

Ships.	Leave.	For	Days
Persia	New York	Liverpool	July 17
Arago	New York	Havre	July 20
Edinburgh	New York	Liverpool	July 20
Canadian	Boston	Liverpool	July 21
Asia	New York	Liverpool	July 24

TO ARRIVE.

Ships.	From	For	Days.
New York	Southampton	New York	July 10
Arabia	Liverpool	Boston	July 13
Teutonia	Southampton	New York	July 17

The Havana Steamers leave New York on the 2d, 7th, 12th, 17th and 27th of each month.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF BALTIMORE CITY, IN EQUITY, 26th June, 1861.—Ordered, that the sales of the mortgaged property of George C. Miller, as made and reported by B M. Height, Trustee in this case, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 26th day of July next; provided, a copy of this order be published once a week for three successive weeks before the 1st day, in some daily newspaper printed and published in Baltimore city.

The report states that the four undinished houses and lots sold for $1,200 each.

GEO. E. SANGSTON, Clerk.
True copy—Test: GEO. E. SANGSTON, Clerk.
je27 law3w* 17-ok

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR BALTIMORE CITY.—ROSENA ZIGLER vs. CONRAD ZIGLER.—The object of this suit is to obtain a decree divorcing the said complainant *e vinculo matrimonii* from the defendant. The bill states that in the year of 1855, the said Rosena was united in the bonds of matrimony to the said Conrad, who has committed the crime of adultery and has deserted her and has left the state. It is thereupon adjudged and ordered this 24 July, 1861 that the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Baltimore, once in each successive week before the 31 day of August, 1861 next, to give notice to the said absent defendant of the object and substance of this bill, and warn him to appear in this court in person or by solicitor on or before the 31 day of November, 1861, to answer the premises and show cause if any he has, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

GEO. E. SANGSTON, Clerk.
True copy—Test: GEO. E. SANGSTON, Clerk
jy8 law4w

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR BALTIMORE CITY, 20th June, 1861—GOULD vs. BOWEN.—Ordered, that the sales made and reported by William D. Price, Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 13th day of July next; provided, a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Baltimore, once in each of three successive weeks before said mentioned day.

The report states the amount of sales to be $2,195.

ROBT. J. KERR, Clerk.
True copy—Test: ROBT. J. KERR, Clerk.
je21-law3w

NOTICE OF COMMITTAL TO JAIL.—Was committed to the Jail of Prince George's county, Maryland, on Tuesday, the twenty-fifth day of June, one hundred and sixty one, as a runaway, Negro Man JACK, who calls himself JACK ADAMS. He is black, pock-marked, and is about 5 feet 6 inches high. Had on when committed common clothing. No other marks worthy of note about him.

The said negro was committed to the Jail of Prince George's county, Md., as a runaway. The owner (if any) of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away—otherwise he will be disposed of according to the Act of Assembly, in such case made and provided.

DANIEL R. DYER,
Sheriff of Prince George's county.
jy12 law3w

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—Notice is hereby given that THOMAS S. FULLERTON, of the city of Baltimore, has executed a conveyance of all his property to the undersigned as trustee, for the benefit of his creditors. The deed bears date the 8th day of June 1861, and among other provisions creates a preference in favor of those creditors who shall within three days from the date thereof, signify their assent to its terms and execute a release of their claims in favor of the grantor. The deed is of record in the Clerk's Office of the Superior Court, and the release to be signed by creditors may be found at the Counting-room of the und