THE DAILY EXCHANGE, JULY 22, 1861.

NEWS VIA WASHINGTON.

From the Washington *Star*, of Saturday, we take the following

ITEMS.

The steamship Boston left the Brooklyn Navy Yard on Thursday evening, for Philadelphia, with 2,220 32-pound shot. The steamship Delaware sails to-day for the same place with 2,000 more 32-pound balls.

THE FLIGHT OF THE NEW YORK 12TH AT BULL RUN—THE COLONEL IN THE LEAD—THE THREVING REGIMENTS.

Another point much commented on is the behavior of the 12th regiment of New York volunteers—the Onondaga salt-boilers' regiment—not the 12th regiment of New York State Militia (Butterfield's) so long encamped in Franklin Square in your city. The latter is better known to the public as being one of the very best regiments engaged in the war. This regiment's loss was really inconsiderable; nevertheless it was taken with a regular stampede and fled most shamefully. All around me it is said that its officers are almost alone to blame, having set their men the disgraceful example. Herculean efforts were made to rally it on the field by others, but with their officers in the advance of the flight of course the men could not be stopped.

Most blame seems to be accorded to its Colonel, who, *rumor says*, did not stop until two good miles from the field of action, where he found shelter behind a pile of rocks. I write of this story that he may promptly, through a court of inquiry, disprove its allegation, if it be untrue—thus calling his attention to it. He can easily prove its falsehood now, if it be false; whereas if waiting a week or a month until the impression gets fixed in the public mind through a hundred letters for the press, exoneration by a court of inquiry will do his military fame little or no good.

I am happy to be able to write you that General McDowell has summarily stopped such proceedings as characterized the conduct of rowdies in the New York (Brooklyn) Fourteenth at Fairfax Court-house, (entering houses and robbing them,) and acts of incendiarism such as occurred in that particular neighborhood and at Germantown.—*Cor. Washington Star.*

FROM THE NORTH MISSOURI RAILROAD—TRAIN FIRED INTO BY REBELS—THE UNITED STATES TROOPS GET INTO A SKIRMISH.

The Missouri *Democrat*, July 18th, says:—The following despatch, from Hudson to Hannibal, was brought to this city yesterday morning on the Keokuk packet, by Mr. John H. Bowen, agent of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad:

HUDSON, N. M. R.R., July 16.

Eight hundred troops came up ahead of the passenger trains this morning on the North Missouri Railroad, as far as Millville Station, thirty miles north of St. Charles, where the track was torn up, and the troops were fired into. When the passenger train got there they were still fighting. Seven rebels were killed and some prisoners taken. One man, who was caught with his gun, was hung immediately. Another (a prisoner) attempted to escape, and was riddled with balls. The Federals took thirty horses. Three of the troops were killed and seven wounded—one mortally.

PAINFUL RUMOR.

A rumor gained general currency yesterday that Col. Burnside, of the 1st Rhode Island regiment, had been killed at the battle of Bull Run. The report doubtless had its origin in the fact of the flags at the Rhode Island quarters, near Glenwood, being at half-mast, in respect to Thomas Bolton, a member of company B, 1st Rhode Island regiment, who died about five o'clock yesterday morning, of congestion of the brain, at the camp near Glenwood. The deceased had been sick but three or four days, and was highly esteemed by the members of the regiment. He was an Englishman by birth, and had no relatives in this country.

THE PRESIDENT'S LIFE GUARD.

This regiment of New York volunteers, under command of Col. Goodwin, are anxiously waiting in New York city to be drafted into the service of the Government. The regiment already numbers over 800 men, including some of the first and wealthiest men of New York city.

THE PRESIDENT'S MOUNTED GUARD,

Captain Owens, was mustered out of service yesterday at the Columbian Armory.

ORDERED TO MOVE.

The DeKalb regiment was under orders to advance from their camp across the river at 9 o'clock this morning. They go in the direction of Bull Run and the Junction.

CHINESE MEDICAL PRACTICE.

As a people the Chinese are generally a healthy race; epidemics are not frequent, and severe diseases are not common. This is accounted for by their usual moderate diet, but it is thought that the health of their large cities, where filth unbounded is collected together, arises much from the purifying effects of charcoal, the chief fuel of the Chinese. The abstinence of cold drinks and the use of tea, has probably a beneficial effect, and the free exposure of the neck prevents attacks of catarrh and sore throat, so common among Europeans. The thick felt soles to their shoes must, also, be conducive to the health of the Chinese, and are admirably adapted to their houses and the climate.

The Chinese have long administered arsenic as a cure for fever and ague, and European doctors now find that it is almost the only certain remedy. Their system of acupuncture and counter irritation is, doubtless, worthy of study. In Europe it is becoming the practice not to bleed in cases of fever. The Chinese have always opposed it; they say—

"The body is on fire; why take away the liquid required to cool it?"

They have a slight knowledge of electricity, but they do not understand it.

An itinerant doctor in Canton who was curing a man of a pain in his arm, put on two or three lumps of warm tar or pitch, then holding the arm straight out, dragged his hand down it, pressing strongly with his thumb on the inner part of the arm, as if trying to work all the blood down towards the hand; the fingers assumed a sort of gouty pink appearance, and the doctor called a bystander to put his finger in front of those of the patient's, for the purpose, it would seem, of drawing electricity from him.

In skin diseases the Chinese doctors are very successful, probably from their having large practice, as such cases are very prevalent; and in a kind of itch they apply an ointment to the part affected, which causes a small worm to come out at each pustule. They have a method of extracting teeth without drawing them, and many external applications as remedies for various diseases which it might be useful to know. They drench their patients with ridiculous decoctions and whole piles of physic, but probably the really beneficial medicine in each could be discovered. The late intelligent Dr. Harland, of Hong Kong, tells a strange cure they adopt for that sickness in infants where the child wastes away almost to a skeleton and dies. The Chinese put faith in a monkey, which they bring for the child to play with, and after they have got friendly together, in a few days the unfortunate monkey is boiled down into soup, which is given to the rickety infant, and in two instances that are known to have been tried, a cure has been effected!

ANOTHER BALLOON.—Mr. Wise has completed his balloon, designed for the use of the Government in reconnoitering the enemy, and has taken it to Washington.

It is made of raw India silk in top and bottom, and double thickness. The single envelope is made of compact Irish linen. The net work and cords are made of Italian flax thread, and rigged so as to be peculiarly adapted to topographical ascents.—The hoops are of tough hickory, wrapped and rewrapped with linen and fish glue, in such a manner as to make them irresistibly strong, and yet as elastic as a steel spring. The car is made of strong willow and cane, with sheet iron bottom to make it proof against rifle bullets.

Mr. W. is desirous that the Government should have a locomotive inflating apparatus made for decomposing water, so that it may travel with the balloon, drawn by a pair of horses. By this means the balloon can be inflated at any place where fuel can be provided. Dry fence rails would make an excellent and fervid fuel. This apparatus is to be made after the form of the common "wagon boiler," consisting of two 18 inch cylindrical retorts, made of boiler-plate, to contain the oxidizing material—iron turnings or charcoal. Around the fire-box is to be fixed the steam generating apparatus. From the steam box proceeds a tube communicating with the gas retorts.

As soon as the oxydizing material is heated to a red-heat, the stop cock between the steam box and gas retorts is opened—the steam is permitted to pass in and through the heated decomposing materials, from which a copious supply of pure hydrogen will be evolved. With this contrivance, Mr. W. proposes to fill the war balloon in from three to four hours, whenever it may be requisite to use it. For ballast he proposes to carry with him, when going aloft, percussion hand grenades, in case the foe might be audacious enough to capture his windlass rope; these are to serve the purpose of making them release it. Should this fail, he still has the advantage of cutting loose above and making his escape.—*Lancaster Express.*

THE NEW YORK FERRIES.—An officer of the Sanitary Police of this city was recently directed to make a careful examination of the numbers of ferry boats in actual service, &c., together with the number of passengers carried on all the lines. From the official report, recently laid before the Police Board, we gather the following interesting particulars:

AGGREGATE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS CONVEYED OVER ALL THE FERRIES DURING THE YEAR 1860.

1. Union Ferry Co., New York and Brooklyn,	25,550,000
2. Elizabethport	154,970
3. Staten Island	912,500
4. Jersey City	7,000,000
5. Hoboken	3,144,475
6. Weehawken	511,000
7. Jackson	967,250
8. Houston street	1,277,500
9. Brooklyn (Roosevelt St. to Williamsburgh)	4,000,000
10. Greenpoint	1,051,200
11. Hell Gate	73,000
	44,641,895

Out of this aggregate of nearly forty-five millions of passengers but a single life was lost during the past year. The sole victim was a fireman on one of the boats running between Roosevelt street and Williamsburgh, who stepped upon the cranks of the engine to clean them, before the engine had stopped, and was crushed to death.—*New York Evening Post.*

HOSTILE ATTITUDE OF PRUSSIA.—It is said, that the Secretary of State has sent despatches to Mr. N. B. Judd, Minister to Berlin, containing specific instructions in regard to the unmistakeably hostile attitude of Prussia, as manifested in the despatch of the Prussian Government to Baron Gerolt. The Administration regards that despatch as fully committing Prussia to the same unfriendly course of policy towards us as has been chosen by England, Spain and France, although her course, whatever it may be, cannot affect our interests in the slightest degree.

The celebrated daguerreotypist, Niepce de Saint Victor, has at last discovered the secret of reproducing colors by the camera, and rendering them permanent. He has subjected pictures taken by his new method for several hours to the direct action of the solar rays, without producing any visible change in the tints. Blue, which has hitherto been regarded as well nigh unattainable in the photograph, is now copied vividly. The same is especially true of yellow and green. The process is not given.

M. de Beauchesne has just published in Paris a complete history of the unfortunate Louis XVII, establishing his death in "the Temple." It is spoken of by French papers as a work of great research and dramatic interest.

Colonel Siegel, who commanded the Federal forces in the recent affair at Carthage, has been promoted to the rank of Brigadier-General—a suitable recognition of his valuable services to the Government.

MR. ADAMS IN LONDON.—Mr. Adams, the new Minister to England, is said to have gone to court in a dark blue coat, the collar, cuffs and flaps embroidered with gold, white small clothes, white silk stockings, low shoes, and to have carried a sword.

There are now in the service of the Cunard line thirty steamers, of an aggregate burthen of 45,563 tons, and a total horse-power of 11,900.

BUILDING HARDWARE.

The attention of CARPENTERS and BUILDERS is respectfully called to the large and well assorted stock of LOCKS, LATCHES, KNOBS, HINGES, SCREWS, NAILS, &c., at A. REUTER & SONS', oil-tf 56 West Baltimore street.

RICHMOND FLOUR.

We have just received 2,000 bbls. of the celebrated "TALIAFERRO & BRO." Flour, fresh ground and in superior order, for sale in quantities to suit.

We are prepared to negotiate for entire cargoes delivered here, or at the Mills in Richmond.

3ot-tf F. MALCOM & CO., Agents.

BOARD OF TRADE.

Committee of Arbitration for month of June.

	S. F. NEWCOMER.
JNO. R. SEEMULLER,	J. PARKHURST, JR.,
RICHD. LEMMON.	WALTER B. BROOKS.

Monetary and Commercial Review.

BALTIMORE, July 20, 1861.

The business at the Stock Board to-day was light, but for almost everything on the list the market was firm. There was some inquiry for Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and sales were made of 55 shares at $40½, the market for it closing at $40¾ bid, $41 asked regular way. Nothing was done in Northern Central but it closed at $74 bid, $74¾ asked regular way, and $74¾ bid, buyer 60 days. For Canton Co. $9¾ was bid but no sales were made. Sales were made of $1,000 Baltimore and Ohio Rai road extra dividend bonds at 40, and of $2,000 do. 1885's at 70, but nothing was done in other Railroad bonds. Northern Centrals closed at 55 bid, 60 asked for 1875's; 44½ bid, 47 asked for 1885's; and Baltimore and Ohio's left off at 40 bid, 41 asked for 1862's (the extra dividend bonds); 70 bid, 72 asked for 1875's; and 70 bid, 71 asked for 1885's. City 6's were better again to day 1875's closing at 79½ bid, 81 asked, and 1890's at 81 bid, 82 asked. Maryland 6's closed without sales at 78 bid for both 1870's and 1890's. A sale of 6 shares Union Bank was made at the Board at $58, but in other Bank stocks there was nothing done; $86 was bid however for Merchants', $28¾ for Farmers and Merchants', $21¾ for Farmers and Planters', $18¾ for Bank of Commerce, and $13¾ for Mechanics'. There is nothing doing in the Mining stocks, but $1¾ was bid to-day for Springfield, and 25 cts. for Guilford.

SALES AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

SATURDAY, July 20, 1861.

$1,000 B. & O. R. R. bonds '62	40
2,000 do. do. '85	70
6 shs. Union Bank	58
55 shs. Balt. & Ohio Railroad	40¾

PRICES AND SALES OF STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Through WILLIAM FISHER & Son, Stock and Bill Brokers No. 22 South street.

	1st Board	2d Board.
Virginia 6's	47	00
Missouri 6's	44¾	00
Tennessee bonds	45¾	00
North Carolina bonds	68	00
Canton Company	9¾	00
Erie Railroad	27	00
New York Central Railroad	78¾	00
Reading Railroad	38¾	00
	irregular.	

No second Board held to day.

The New York *Post* of Saturday evening says:

The stock market was tame to-day and lower on the active shares and bonds. The check at Bull's Run had a dampening effect upon the movement for the rise, though we notice no pressure to sell at the decline. On the contrary, the market were quite a steady appearance at the quotations. With a fair inquiry for the leading railroad shares New York Central after the board sold at 78¾; Rock Island 43¾@44; Galena 65½; Illinois Central 47¾. Government stocks lost ¾ @1 per cent. of the late advance. The reaction, however, was confined to the 6's of 1881, the 5's remaining scarce at our quotations. Treasury notes are firmly held. The Federal 6's due next year are in demand at 95¾. The coupon bonds sold at 95¾. The firmest of the Southern State bonds were North Carolinas and Louisianas which are each 1@1¾ per cent. higher. Tennessees fell off 1 per cent., Georgias 2. Missouris hold steady at 44¾@45. The market for bank stocks is gradually recovering, and those kinds which have usually ruled above par are in demand at 83@99

Money is in good supply at 5@5½ per cent. Prime paper is scarce and wanted at 6@7 per cent.

Exchange on London closed firm at 107¾ for first-class bills, with a few transactions at 107½.

Comparative statement of the imports of foreign dry goods at New York for the week ending July 18, 1861:

	1859.	1860.	1861.
For the week			
Entered at the port	$5,989,163	$4,490,746	$247,100
Thrown on market	3,978,025	4,471,650	192,136
Since Jan. 1.			
Entered at the port	$92,884,236	$56,922,676	$39,512,207
Thrown on market	62,236,949	56,688,001	28,691,722

The *Tribune* says:

The imports of dry goods for the week have been extremely pitiful—a little more than one-twentieth as much as for the same week last year. This is bad for the revenue, but well for the country at large, which is evidently wearing out its superfluous clothing, instead of buying new French silks and Manchester cottons. The aggregate amount thrown on the market since 1st January is just 50 per cent. of the amount for the same period of last year.

The Chicago *Tribune*, under date of Tuesday evening, thus notices the money and exchange market of that city:

Financial matters are moving along very quietly, and business generally for Chicago is dull. It is, however, the dull season, and we think there is probably as much doing here as anybody has a right to expect.

To-day exchange was rather more plenty, and scarcely an thing could be had on the Board of Trade above ¼ per cent premium for reliable currency. The banks charge ⅜ per cent. premium for Eastern, and 1 per cent. for Western currency. For coin it could be had at ¼@⅜ per cent discount.

The stock of flour and grain in store at Chicago at the close of each of the four last weeks was as follows:

	July 15.	July 8.	July 1.	June 24.
Flour, bbls.	22,505	23,750	22,150	30,166
Wheat, bush.	98,070	174,808	362,839	512,382
Corn, bush.	1,234,317	1,639,214	2,068,636	2,220,516
Oats, bush.	297,584	356,508	409,223	475,145

The Cincinnati *Inquirer* of Wednesday says:

In money circles matters are moving along as quietly as during midsummer. The applications for money at the discount houses continue very light. Paper that is first-class commanding in from thirty to sixty days, passes freely at 8@9 per cent., and in special cases at 6@8 per cent., and paper having ninety days to run at 10@12 per cent. outside rates, however must be considered above the market for the longest dated first-class commercial paper. There is some inquiry for the right kind of mortgage paper, with but little offering. The receipts and outgoes of money at most of the houses were about equal to day, so that the market, so far as the supply of currency is concerned, remains entirely unchanged.

Some of the principal dealers in exchange reported a firmer market to-day, they being free buyers at ¼ premium, while others bought all they desired at par. The selling rate on all the Eastern points—New York, Philadelphia and Boston—is at ¼ premium. Part of the houses the supply is decreasing. There was rather more movement in gold to-day, and the market closed a shade firmer. Prices rates are ¼ premium buying, and ⅜ selling.

At St. Louis, the *Republican* says:

There is no change in money matters. The market for exchange stood yesterday at 8 per cent. premium, with no inquiry for it. This rate seems excessive, and we should like to understand what necessity exists for maintaining it. The drain upon those who have to deal—as all our merchants and business men are compelled to deal—in Missouri currency, is certain. It would be some satisfaction to have it shown that it is necessary.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

SATURDAY, July 20.

COFFEE.—The market for Coffee is still unsettled, but the feeling in it is very buoyant, and holders generally decline selling except at extreme rates. We note a sale to-day of some 300 bags fair Rio at 14 cts., and we quote Rio as closing at 14 cts. for fair, and 14½@15 cts. for good to prime. Java is held at 19@20 cts. per lb. The stock of Coffee here is about 20,000 bags.

FLOUR.—We heard on 'Change this morning of a sale made a day or two since, and not previously reported, of 750 bbls. new City Mills Super deliverable next week at $5.50, and also of a sale of some 2,0 0 bbls. City Mills Extra made yesterday for Brazil, said to be at 66.75 per bbl., but to day there has been nothing whatever done in Flour so far as we have heard. The market is heavy, and prices have evidently a downward tendency. We quote Super at $5 25@5.50 for Ohio and Howard Street; $5 25 for City Mills; and Extra dull at $5 75@6 for Ohio; $6@6 25 for Howard Street, and $6 50@6.75 for standard City Mills.

FAMILY FLOUR.—Family Flour is selling to day at $7.50 for the best brands of Baltimore ground, and we quote Baltimore high grade Extra at $7, these figures being a decline of $1 per bbl. on our previous quotations.

RYE FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.—We continue to quote Rye Flour at $3.50, and Corn Meal at $2.75@2 87½ per bbl. but for both these articles the market is very dull.

GRAIN.—Wheat is in quite light supply this morning, but the market for it was heavy, and prices were lower than on yesterday. A lot of 1,500 bushels strictly prime red sold at 108 cts., and white, of which there was about 2,500 bushels offered, ranged at from 100 up to 130 cts., the latter being the top price to-day for the best lots. There was no Corn received this morning, but a few lots previously received we e offering. We quote white, as on yesterday, at 44@46 cts., and yellow at 55@57 cts. per bushel. Oats were better than on yesterday, 1,100 bushels Maryland being sold at 32 cts. There was no Rye at market, but we quote Pennsylvania nominal at 62 cts. per bushel.

MOLASSES.—There has been no movement to-day in Molasses so far as we have heard, but the market for it is firm with an upward tendency. We quote Cuba Muscovado at 22@26 cts., Porto Rico at 34@36 cts., and New Orleans at 36@38 cts. per gallon.

PROVISIONS.—We notice a somewhat better inquiry for Provisions, and a little improvement in the general tone of the market. A sale was made yesterday of some 40 hhds Bulk Shoulders at 5 cts., which is an advance of ¼. We heard of no sales of Bulk Meat to-day. We quote Shoulders at 5 cts., Sides at 6¾@7 cts., and Hams at 7¾ cts. Bacon is in fair request, and it is selling in small lots at 8¾@9 cts. for Shoulders, 7¾@8 cts. for Sides, and 9@11½ cts. for Hams. There are no large lots selling. Lard is very dull at our previous quotations, viz: 8@8¾ cts for Western in bbls and tcs, and 11¾@12 cts. for Baltimore. We hear of no sales of barrelled Pork to-day, but we quote Mess nominal at $15@15 50. Prime at $10 75@12, and Rump at $10@11 per bbl. Beef may still be quoted at $12 for No. 1, and $15@16 per bbl. for Mess, but there is none selling.

RICE.—We have no transactions to note to-day in Rice, but we still quote it at 5¾@6 cts. per lb. The stock here is very light.

SUGARS.—There is still a good inquiry for Sugars, and the market for them continues very buoyant. There has however been comparatively little done in them to-day, the sales so far as we have heard, embracing only 30 hhds. Porto Rico at $6 37½@7. Holders were generally asking higher rates for Sugars to-day than on yesterday, but no material advance was established, and we still quote grocery grades Cuba as ranging from $6 to $6.75, and Porto Rico and New Orleans as ranging from $6 to $7 25 for ordinary to prime.

SALT.—Salt is firm with an upward tendency. Liverpool is still selling in lots as wanted at 85@90 cts. for Ground ·Ium, and 1400@145 cts. per sack for fine, but there are no cargoes offering, holders being generally unwilling to sell, except at a considerable advance on the present market rates. We quote Turks Island Salt as before at 20@25 cts. per bushel from store.

WHISKEY.—We quote Whiskey to-day at 17½ cts. for City, and 17½@18 cts. for Ohio, but we hear of no sales.

DOMESTIC MARKETS

BOSTON DRY GOODS MARKET, July 19.—There is a much better feeling in the Dry Goods market, but business has as yet been quite light, although we notice more inquiry than for several weeks. The high price of Cotton, the comparatively small production, and the improved tone now so manifest in all branches of trade, leads manufacturers to look for very full prices for all Cotton Goods, and in consequence some descriptions have advanced during the week. A few of the Western trade have made their appearance, but we do not look for any activity for some weeks. There has been some speculative inquiry, and several odd and cheap lots of Cotton Goods have been picked up in anticipation of higher prices. The export trade for some weeks past has been comparatively small, but among the shipments this week was 1,175 bales Domestics to San Francisco.

Standard Brown Sheetings are not to be had under 9 cents, and all lots offering much under that figure would be likely to sell readily. Brown Drills have been selling in a small way at 8¾@9 cents, the latter price for a few of the favorite mills, and Ticks, Denims and other descriptions sustain full prices, with an upward tendency. Prints, Delaines and other Dress Goods continue comparatively quiet.

Manufacturers are still busily employed on Cloth to fill army and navy contracts, but there is nothing new to be said about the matter. We notice, however, a better feeling for fine Woolens this week, and fancy Cassimeres, Black Broadcloth and Cassimeres have been selling rather more freely. The production of Fine Goods is now quite small, and a favorable change in the demand for them would soon change the current of the market.

BOSTON BOOT AND SHOE MARKET, July 19.—There is very little of interest to notice in the Boot and Shoe market. A few western buyers have made their appearance and some have commenced purchasing while others are here for extensive buying. We look for more activity in a week or two, and there is an ample, though not large supply of goods to select from. The army contract for 800,000 pairs will amount to a considerable item, as the goods are to be made of the best quality of Oak Leather. Many in the trade here, however, think that good Hemlock Leather would wear quite as long and make quite as good an article. This contract will, no doubt, make some work for our manufacturers. At present business continues to be suspended with them, as the stock of goods is thought quite sufficient to meet all demands. In the Hide and Leather trade there is no change and very little doing.

For California the demand continues moderate. The advices from San Francisco state, however, that this trade has been favorably exempt from the general stagnation of business in San Francisco, though sales are limited by the firmness of regular dealers and the lack of parcels pressed at auction as formerly. Prices are gradually appreciating, and the business doing is of a more legitimate and profitable character than has for a long time been experienced.

NEW ORLEANS, July 19.—Cotton—the week's sales amount to 280 bales; middling held at unchanged prices. Receipts of the week 130 bales; decreased receipts 350,000 bales; do. at all Southern ports 900,000 bales. The stock in port 9,400 bales, against 50,000 bales to the same time last year. Sugar—sales at 3¾@4½ cts. for fair to fully fair. Flour—$6@8.65. Coffee—week's sales 570 bags; Rio 18¾@22 cts. Stock on hand 4,800 bags, against 40,400 bags the same time last year.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Flour firmer and in better demand; superfine unchanged; extra to extra family $4.75@5.50. Wheat steady—sales 7,000 bushels red at $1.11; white $1 15. Corn—prime yellow scarce at 52@53 cts. Whiskey firm and unchanged.

ALBANY, July 19.—Flour—good demand at improved rates—common and medium brands 10 cts better; extra firm; sales 1,400 bbls. Corn Meal 7s. 6d.@8s. 6d. Wheat dull—sales of red State $1.02. Corn very dull; none here afloat, but boats are arriving—sales 2,000 bushels in lot at 42½ cts. Rye 64 cts. delivered.

BUFFALO, July 19—6 P. M.—Flour steady. Wheat quiet and firm—sales 20,000 bushels Chicago spring to arrive next week; 95@98 cts. for red winter, and 83¾ cts. for Kenosha club. Corn firmer—sales 42,000 bushels 32@32½ cts. Lake imports—2,500 bbls. flour, 35,000 bushels wheat. Canal exports—3,400 bbls. flour, 37,000 bushels wheat, 134,000 bushels corn, 28,000 bushels oats.

OSWEGO, July 19—Flour steady. Wheat scarce and market firm—sales 3,500 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee club at 85 cts., and 2,400 bushels Chicago spring on private terms. Corn in good demand, but none in the market; western mixed nominally 76 cts. Oats and other grains quiet. Lake imports 600 bbls. flour, 4,500 bushels wheat, 47,700 bushels corn. Canal exports—2,162 bbls. flour, 17,300 bushels wheat, 39,000 bushels corn, and 6,900 Rye.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, JULY 20.

Arrived.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, from Old Point Comfort, Va—to M N Falls.

Steamer John R Thompson, Fowler, New York, Jas A Shriver.

Steamer Richard Willing, Claypole, New York, Jas A Shriver.

Steamer Georgeanna, Pearson, from Old Point Comfort, Va—to M N Falls. Passed off the Wolf Trap a barm brig, and off the Rappahannock river another, both bound up.

Steamer Henry L Gaw, Ier, from Philadelphia—mdse to J A Shriver.

Steamer John S. Shriver, Dennis, from Philadelphia—mdse to J A Shriver.

Ship Sebastian Cabot, Watts, before reported off Swan Point, 98 days from Callao—guano to Barril Bros.

Br bark Delaware, Steed, from Demerara—to Wm H Perot.

Burge W H Iler, Kunkel, from Havre de Grace—mdse to W H Iler.

Below.

Bark Pericles, Snow, from Callao—guano to Barril Bros. Had 98 days passage to the capes, and was towed up to Swan Point by steamtug Reliance, where she now lies, and will be lightered before coming up to the city. Reports about May 5th, off Cape Horn, signalled ship Ringleader, bound east.

Cleared

Steamer Georgeanna, Pearson, Old Point Comfort, Va—M N Falls.

Steamer John S Shriver, Dennis, New York, Jas A Shriver

Steamer Columbia, Harper, Potomac River—C Worthington.

Schr Emily Ann, Coster, Patuxent river, Md—Wm Applegarth & Son.

Schr J J Barril, Dawes, Georgetown, DC—Wm Applegarth & Son.

Schr Cambria, Buckler, Hills Landing—Wm Applegarth & Son.

35 schrs to the Eastern and Western shore, these clearances being made in consequence of the recent order of the Collector of the port.

Sailed.

Br brig Muscovado, Butler, Demerara, in tow of steamtug Edwin Forrest.

Arrivals from Baltimore.

Steamer Wm Woodward, Cundiff, New York, 19th inst.

Steamer Richd Willing, Claypole, New York, 18th

Ship Neptune, Bahle, Bremerhaven, 20th ult. inst.

Departures from Baltimore.

Steamer John R Thompson, Chance, New York, 18th.

Memoranda.

Ship Investigator, for Liverpool, sailed from New York, 19th inst.

Steamship S R Spaulding, Howes, from Baltimore, via Fortress Monroe, 18th inst.

Brig Amy Warwick, Gordon, from Rio Janeiro, arrived at Boston, 18th inst, as a prize, having been captured by U S steamer Quaker City when 15 miles east of Cape Henry.

Ship Annie Bowen, Johnson, for Rio Janeiro, cleared at New York, 19th inst.

Brig Roanoke, Long, for New York, sailed from Buenos Ayres, May 17th.

Schr Ellen Hulse, from New York for Key West, was spoken 6th inst, lat 28, lon 71½.

Bark Ella Virginia, Focke, for some foreign port, in ballast, was at Buenos Ayres, 25th May.

Bark New Light, Reynolds, for New York, hence at Buenos Ayres, 28th May.

Bark Wheatland, Peacock, for Hamburg, sailed from Bahia, May 22d.

Eastern Ports.

NEW YORK, July 19—Arr ships Benjamin Adams, Liverpool; Yorktown, London; J Farnin, Havre; New Orleans, Siam, Java's Island; barks Arthur John, Hull; Prince Gustav, Newcastle; Sclavonia, Marseilles; Augusta Jeannette, Cadiz; Venus, Curacoa; brigs Louise Bachman, Newcastle; Rose, do; Balear, Bahia; schrs Lucinda, St Johns, Peerless, Bermuda; schrs Eagle Wing, Palermo; S L Bowman, Mayaguez; M Platt, St Croix—Old steamship Persia, Liverpool; ships Robt Center and Fidelia, do; Bremen, Bremen; Golden Rule, do; Francesco; barks Investigator, Liverpool; barks Miramar, Marseilles; S Benjamin, Dunkirk; T Kirchner, Bremen; brigs Becket, Cork; T Mayhew, Bermuda.

NEW YORK, July 18—Arr ships Champion, Shields; Excelsior, Liverpool; W C Nye, Rondout; Martha, Sunderland; schrs Jos Grice, St Marcs.—Cld ships W C Nye, San Francisco; Elvira, Liverpool; Pacific, Cadiz; barks Goldfinch, Queenstown; Virginia, Halifax; brigs C Adams, Demerara; Nellie, Jacmel; Elizabeth, Boston.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19—Arr brigs Trenton, Portland; California, Bristol; schrs Ringgold, Providence; J Alderdice, Boston; A Wood, New York—Cld brig California, Bristol; Naiad Queen, Providence; D Trueman, H R Coggshall, J Patterson, Buena Vista and C Hett, Boston; Almira and Thos Page, Washington.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

TO SAIL.

Ships.	Leave.	For	Days
Persia	New York	Liverpool	July 17
Arago	New York	Havre	July 20
Southampton	New York	Bremen	July 20
Canada	Boston	Liverpool	July 24
Asia	New York	Liverpool	July 31

TO ARRIVE.

Ships.	Leave	For	Days.
New York	Southampton	New York	July 10
Alabama	Liverpool	New York	July 13
Teutonia	Southampton	New York	July 17

The Havana Steamers leave New York on the 3d, 11th, 12th, 17th and 27th of each month.

Legal Notices.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR BALTIMORE CITY.—ROSENA ZIGLER *vs.* CONRAD ZIGLER.—The object of this suit is to obtain a decree dissolving the said complainant *vinculo matrimonii* from the defendant. The bill states that in the year of 1853, the said Rosena was united in the bonds of matrimony to the said Conrad, who has committed the crime of adultery and has deserted her and has left the State. It is thereupon adjudged and ordered this 23 day of July, 1861 that the said plaintiff by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Baltimore, once in each successive week before the 23 day of August, 1861 next, to give notice to the said absent defendant of the object and substance of this bill, and warn him to appear in this Court in person or by solicitor on or before the 3d day of November, 1861, to answer the premises and show cause if any he has, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

GEO. E. SANGSTON, Clerk.

True copy—Test: GEO. E. SANGSTON, Clerk.

jy8 law1w

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF BALTIMORE CITY.—IN EQUITY.—ELIZABETH ARCHER *vs.* WILLIAM S. WILLIAMS.—ORDERED this 18th day of July, 1861, that the sales mad and reported by Henry W. Archer, trustee in the cause, be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 9th day of August next; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in Baltimore, once in each of three successive weeks before the said 9th day of August next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $1,800.

GEO. E. SANGSTON, Clerk.

True copy, Test—GEO. E. SANGSTON, Clerk

jy18 law3w

NOTICE OF COMMITTAL TO JAIL.—Was committed to the Jail of Prince George's county, Maryland, on Tuesday, the twenty fifth day of June, eighteen hundred and sixty one, as a runaway, Negro man who calls himself JACK ADAMS. He is a black, robust man, about 5 feet 6 inches high. Had on when committed common clothing. No other marks worthy of note to on him.

The said Negro was committed to the Jail of Prince George's county, Md., as a runaway. The owner (if any) of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away—otherwise he will be disposed of according to the Act of Assembly, in such case made and provided.

DANIEL R. DYER,

Sheriff of Prince George's county.

jy12 law3w

NOTICE OF COMMITTAL TO JAIL.—Was committed to the Jail of Prince George's county, Maryland, on Tuesday, the twenty fifth day of June, eighteen hundred and sixty one, as a runaway, Negro Man SAM, who calls himself SAM HARRIS. He has a black complexion is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high. He has no noteworthy marks. Had on when committed common clothing.

The said negro was committed to the Jail of Prince George's county, Md., as a runaway. The owner (if any) of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away—otherwise he will be disposed of according to the Act of Assembly, in such case made and provided.

DANIEL R. DYER,

Sheriff of Prince George's county.

jy12 law3w

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—Notice is hereby given that THOMAS FULLERTON, of the city of Baltimore, has executed a conveyance of all his property to the under-signed as trustee, for the benefit of his creditors. The deed bears date the 5th day of July, 1861, and among other provisions creates a preference in favor of those creditors who shall sign, seal, and deliver to the trustee thereof, signify their assent to its terms and execute a release of their claims in favor of the grantor. The deed is for record in the Clerk's Office, and all persons who have the release to be signed by creditors may be found at the office of the undersigned.

JAMES HODGES, Trustee.

jy22 2wtsecw

STATE OF MARYLAND, SCT.

CALVERT COUNTY, ORPHANS' COURT, 1861.

On application by petition of Martin J. Ross and Wm. Machanic, administrators of JAMES ROSS, late of Calvert county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Baltimore city.

WM. A. PARRAN,

Register of Wills, Calvert county.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the subscribers, of Calvert county, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Calve t county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of JAMES ROSS, late of Calvert county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 15th day of July next they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 15th day of January, 1861.

MARIA J. ROSS,

WM. MACHANIC,

Administrators.

mh27-law6w

THE MERCANTILE AGENCY OF J. D. PRATT & CO., CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND CHARLES STREETS. The proprietors respectfully invite such Merchants as are not already subscribers to the Agency, and who call goods on credit, to examine our system and test the reliability of our information. From long experience and the satisfactory testimonials of thousands of merchants in the different cities East and West, who have for years been subscribers we can assure all who will call, whether they sell goods to the value of a dollar or to the value of thousands, of the reliability of our information, and the great benefit to be derive from the Agency, by those who subscribe. mh5-tf

WINDOW SASHES, DOORS AND BLINDS. Thoroughly seasoned, well made, and at prices to suit the times. For sale by GEO. O. STEVENS, mh27 tf 47 West Pratt street

PERUVIAN GUANO. We are now receiving from the Agents' Warehouse, the very best quality of PERUVIAN GUANO, and are prepared to supply it in any quantity at the lowest market rates. W. WHITELOCK & CO., m 6-tf 44 South street.

JOHN S. WILLIAMS & BRO., *COMMISSION MERCHANTS*, 52 COMMERCE STREET, Baltimore

PATENT ICE PITCHERS AT WAR PRICES. New stock just received and for sale very low by CORTLAN & CO., fe26-tf Hosefurnishers, Nos. 216 and 218 Balt. st.

LUMBER VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.—We invite the attention of purchasers to our large stock of LUMBER, consisting of Shingles, Laths and all descriptions of Building Lumber, which we offer for sale at the lowest market prices, for cash. Call at 132 Light street wharf, or corner of Kutaw and German streets.

mh16-tf HINES & SLOAN.

CAST STEEL BELLS. M. KEIT