Civilian & Telegraph.

MINERS' AND MANUFACTURERS' JOURNAL.

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Civilian & Telegraph

IS PUBLISHED

Every Thursday Morning.

WILLIAM EVANS, Proprietor.

OFFICE in Second Story of McKaigs' Row, Baltimore Street.

TERMS—One copy, one year, $2—invariably in advance.

TO THE ADVERTISING PUBLIC this paper affords unrivaled advantages, as it is read by 1000 Families. As it has a more extended circulation than any other journal published in the county, advertisements would consequently reach a greater number of readers an object worthy of consideration by those wishing to advertise.

MEDICAL HOUSE,

11 *South Frederick street,*

Baltimore, Maryland,

Established in order to afford Sound and Scientific Medical Aid, and for the suppression of Quackery.

DOCTOR SMITH

HAS for many years devoted his whole attention to the treatment of private complaints, in all their varied and complicated forms. His great success in those long standing and difficult cases, such as were formerly considered incurable, is sufficient to commend him to the public as worthy of the extensive patronage which he has received.—Within the last eight years, Dr. S. has treated more than 29,500 cases of Private Complaints in their different forms and stages; a practice which no doubt exceeds that of all the other physicians now advertising in Baltimore, and not a single case is known, where directions were strictly followed, and medicine taken a reasonable time, without effecting a radical and permanent cure; therefore, persons afflicted with diseases of the above nature, "no matter how difficult or long standing the case may be," would do well to call on Dr. SMITH, at his office, No. 11, South Frederick Street.

The afflicted should bear in mind that Dr. S. who is the only regular physician advertising, has for many years devoted his whole attention to the treatment of this class of Diseases.

His medicines are free from Mercury and all mineral poisons; put up in a neat and compact form, and may be taken in a public or private house, or while travelling, without exposure or hindrance from business, and except in cases of violent inflammation, no change of diet is necessary.

Let the unfortunate bear in mind when affliction overtakes them, that no time should be lost in making application to a competent physician, as they would not only obtain relief from pain, avoid mortification through exposure, and elude great constitutional injury, but enable their medical assistant to be moderate in his charges than he could justly be, where symptoms have become confirmed or the disease more widely diffused. The rapid advance of this strictly terrifying disease, is sufficient to alarm the boldest heart. When ulceration and discolored Pustules with racking pains, betray to the unhappy victim the deadly poison preying upon his vitals, then, "and not till then," do many awake to a full sense of their danger.

We are called upon every few days to cure Chronic Diseases, which were supposed to have been cured years ago, but instead of which, were only checked, driven into the system by mercury or copaiva and therefore seemed to be well but in a longer or shorter time, by some slight cause, break out in its worst and most difficult forms, producing ulcers in the throat, nose or roof of the mouth, eruptions of the skin, pains or swelling of bones, etc. On account of the number of such which have lately come under our care, and the immense suffering which a little neglect or improper treatment in the first stages of the disease may cause, Dr. Smith thinks it his duty to advise the unfortunate, *particularly strangers*, to be careful that they are not deceived by *false advertisements of boastingly* quacks who make promises which could not be fulfilled even by the most experienced physicians. By neglect or improper treatment, the patient is often reduced to a state which makes the cure extremely difficult to cure. Therefore he should be aware of the importance of consulting a skillful physician in the early stage of the disease.

CONSTITUTIONAL DEBILITY

Young men! beware of the pernicious indulgence and almost fatal injury you inflict upon your constitutions, by evil examples and the morbid influence of the passions.

How many young persons do we daily behold, whose countenances and debilitated constitutions depict disease arising from that horrible and devastating vice.

It could be shown how attenuation of the frame, palpitation of the heart, derangement of the nervous system, cough, languor and a train of symptoms indicative of consumption, are often overload to a young person, when in reality, they are the consequence of an alluring and pernicious practice, alike destructive to the mind and body.

You may have brought this affliction upon yourselves, why embrace the secret to your hearts and vainly attempt to cure yourselves, instead of making immediate application to a skillful physician, who, in a short time, would restore you to perfect health, and save you from ex tours which the fatal consequences render it inevitable?

☞ Dr. Smith gives his special attention to the treatment of this destructive malady. Patients can be cured at home by addressing a letter to Dr. Smith, describing symptoms, and receive medicine securely packed from observation, forwarded by express or otherwise to any part of the country.

N. B.—Persons afflicted with any of the above complaints will do well to avoid *boasting impostors*, whether foreign or native, as also the numerous Specifics advertised as a certain cure for any and every disease. These preparations are put up to sell but not to cure, and often do more harm than good, therefore avoid them.

"A word to the wise is sufficient."

Address, DR. J. B. SMITH,
No. 11, S. Frederick St., Baltimore, Md.

☞ No letters will be answered unless they contain a remittance or Postage Stamp to pay postage on the answer.

March 17, 1859.—Dec. 30, 1859—1y.

SINGER'S Sewing Machines!

A New Machine Which makes no Noise!

WE desire to call the attention of Tailors to our New Machines, just from our Manufactory, which is the Fastest Machine in the World, runs easy, and makes no noise.

This improvement is found in no other machine and is secured by letters patent.

To those who have refrained from buying we offer the most perfect machine, the only one that does every kind of tailoring, the finest and the coarsest, all the work of the Family; binds hats, caps, fronts, gaiters, shoes, and every thing necessary to be sewed. The reputation of our machines, (3,000 in operation in this city,) is sufficient recommendation to the new improvement.

☞ Send for a copy of I. M. SINGER & Co's GAZETTE, which will be sent free. Parties wishing to purchase, will notice our Machine with one operator—will do more work than any other two machines, which is a gain of 100 per cent. Prices ranging from $50 to $125.

W. E. BRODERICK, Agent,
159 Baltimore St.
Baltimore, Md., Jan 26, 1860—1y.

BALTIMORE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

ESTABLISHED 1852. CHARTERED 1854.

LOCATED

COR. BALTIMORE & CHARLES STREETS,

Baltimore, Md.

The Largest, Most Elegantly Furnished and Popular Commercial College in the United States.

DESIGNED EXPRESSLY FOR YOUNG MEN Desiring to obtain

A THOROUGH PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION

in the shortest possible time and at the least expense.

A Large and Beautiful Ornamented Circular, containing upwards of SIX SQUARE FEET, with SPECIMEN OF PENMANSHIP, and a Large Engraving (the finest of the kind ever made in this country) representing the Interior View of the College, with Catalogue stating terms &c., will be sent to every Young Man on application, FREE OF CHARGE.

Write immediately and you will receive the package by return mail.

Address E. K. LOSIER,
Feb. 2, 1860—1y. Baltimore, Md.

Butter! Butter!!

ROLL and KEG BUTTER, of excellent quality regularly received every week. We have also made arrangements for furnishing *Prime Glade Butter* in kegs for winter use. Persons desiring to secure a *first rate article* can do so by making engagements with us during the month of October.

sept 20. O. C. CLARKE & CO

Terms of the Civilian & Telegraph.

TWO DOLLARS per annum, strictly in advance—$2.50 if not so paid, and $3.00 if not paid within the year.

Those who expect to receive the CIVILIAN & TELEGRAPH for $2.00 must pay invariably in advance.

☞ Bear in mind that no paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

THE LAW OF NEWSPAPERS.

If subscribers order the discontinuance of their newspapers, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their newspapers from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled the bills and ordered them discontinued.

If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the newspapers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers from the office, or removing, and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

Rates of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, 50 cents for one insertion—subsequent insertions 25 cents each. All advertisements under 12 lines charged as a square.

Business Cards in the Directory, per annum, including subscription, $5.

MONTHS.	ONE	TWO	THREE	SIX	TWELVE.
One square,	1 25	2 25	3 50	6 00	10 00
Two squares	2 25	4 00	5 00	9 00	14 10
Three squares,	3 50	5 00	7 50	12 00	18 00
Four squares,	4 50	6 00	8 00	14 00	20 00
Quarter col.,	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00	30 00

Larger space for short periods, as per agreement.

Advertisements before Marriages and Deaths, 10 cents per line for first insertion—sucsequent insertions, 5 cents per line. Nine words are counted as a line in advertising.

Merchants and others, advertising by the year, will be charged $12 00.

Proceedings of meetings not of a general character, charged at 4 cents per line for each insertion.

Yearly advertisers must confine their advertising to their own business.

ALL TRANSIENT ADVERTISING, outside the city of Cumberland, cash in advance.

Persons ordering the insertion of legal advertisements will be held responsible for payment for the same when the time for which they were ordered to be inserted shall have expired.

INSOLVENT NOTICES, cash in advance.

PATENT MEDICINES, one half in advance and the balance in six months.

ALL JOB WORK, cash.

The losses we have sustained compel us to adopt this course. It will be strictly adhered to in all cases, and no advertisement from a distance will be inserted unless accompanied by the cash.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Judge of Circuit Court—Hon. THOS. PERRY.
Clerk of Circuit Court—HORACE EESLEY.
Register of Wills—JOHN B. WIDENER.
Sheriff—HENRY R. ATKINSON.
State's Attorney—C. B. THRUSTON.
Surveyor—DENTON D. BROWN.
Clerk to County Commr'ers—WM. KILGOUP.
Judges of the Orphans' Court—
MOSES RAWLINGS,
ALEXANDER KING,
FRANCIS MATTINGLY

Business Directory,

CUMBERLAND, MD.

HEALEY & SHRIVER,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, Dye-Stuffs, Window Glass, &c. Physicians' orders put up with dispatch at the lowest prices—Corner of Baltimore and Mechanic Sts.

K. H. BUTLER'S
Steam Chair and Cabinet Factory,
Centre Street, near the Lutheran Church.—Turning and Sawing of all descriptions done to order. Coffins and hearse furnished at short notice.

HENRY D. WINEOW,
FANCY DRY GOODS MERCHANT,
McKaig's New Block, opposite the Post Office, Baltimore Street.

E. F. SOMERKAMP,
Upholsterer and Paper Hanger,
and dealer in WALL PAPER, UPHOLSTERY, &c. McCleary's Row, Baltimore street, offers his services to the public.

JAMES P. WRIGHT,
Watches, Clocks, Breast-Pins, &c.,
Baltimore St.,

ANDREWS & SWARTZWELDER,
Wholesale & Retail Dealer in
Books and Stationery, Periodicals,
Useful and Fancy Articles, Baltimore Street, in the room under the Museum. Also, Book Binders and Blank Work Manufacturers at city prices.

JOHN G TREIBER
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Confectionaries and Fancy Articles,
and all kinds of Toys. Wedding and other Cakes prepared to order at the shortest notice. Baltimore st., 3 doors west of McKaig's Row.

CHARLES W. BRENGLE,
Dealer in and Manufacturer of
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c.,
McKaig's New Block, Baltimore Street.

WILLIAM R. BEALL, & CO.,
Wholesale & Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES, TEAS, LIQUORS &c.
near the Depot, Balto. Street.

WILLIAM BAIRD,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor,
Having located himself in Cumberland, offers his services to Mining Companies, and others, in Allegany and adjoining counties.
Office and residence on Decatur St., corner of Dalton dec. 9—y.

DR. E. C. GASKILL,
SURGEON DENTIST.
George's street, next door to the Cumberland Bank, *Cumberland, Md.*

J. W. MAGRUDER,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Hardware, and Pocket Cutlery,
Corner Baltimore and Mechanic streets.

CARLETON & LAKEY,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
McKaig's New Block, Baltimore Street, keep on hand and makes to order all kinds of Gent's and Boys' wearing apparel.

THOS. CAIN,
(Of the firm of Blake & Cain.)
Merchant Tailor,
One door west of Bush & Saylor's Tobacco Store, Baltimore Street, Cumberland, Md.

JOHN JOHNSON,
Tin and Sheet-Iron Worker,
Respectfully asks a share of public patronage. Tinand Sheet-Iron ware always on hand and for sale low. McCleary's Row, Baltimore St.

THOMAS JOHNS,
Wholesale and Retail
Dealer in Hardware,
Corner Baltimore and Centre streets.

Religious Services.

Presbyterian—Liberty Street. Services in the morning at 10½ o'clock, and evening at 7. Pastor—Rev. J. H. Symmes.

English Lutheran—Corner of Baltimore and Centre Streets. Services in the morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. A. J. Weddell.

Methodist Episcopal—Centre Street. Services in the morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. B. H. Crever.

Methodist Protestant—Bedford St. Services in the morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. H. C. Cushing.

Episcopalian—Washington Street. Services in the morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at 7½. Rev. Dr. Spear, Pastor.

Baptist—Bedford Street. No Pastor.

German Lutheran—Bedford Street. Services in the morning at 10 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. F. Vassler.

St. Patrick's—Centre Street. Services in the morning at 10 o'clock, and vespers at 4. Pastor—Rev. Edward Brennan.

St. Peter and St. Paul—Fayette Street.—Services in the morning at 10 o'clock, and vespers at 2½. Pastor—Father Seelos.

Jewish Synagogue—Baltimore Street. Services Saturday morning at 8 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. A. Laser.

Second German Lutheran Church—Centre Street. Services in the morning at 10 o'clock, and afternoon at 2½ o'clock. Pastor—Rev. Louis Blitz.

JOS. A. CHAPLINE. A. H. DILLON, JR.

CHAPLINE & DILLON,
Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
Dubaque, Iowa. Will practice in all the courts of this and adjoining States. All business from the east will be promptly attended to.—Particular attention paid to the collection of claims.

M. RIZER & BRO.
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Cabinet Furniture of all kinds,
South Liberty St., near Beall's Foundry.

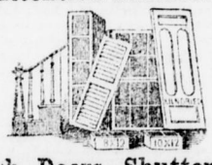
WM. BRACE,
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEER,
Surveyor & Draughtsman.
MINERAL lands in Maryland, Pennsylvania and Virginia, Surveyed and Maps, Profiles and Plans furnished, together with estimated cost of new openings and the construction of Railroads, Train Roads, Incline Planes, Buildings, Bridges, Trestle Work, &c., attended to on the most reasonable terms. Office—Cumberland, Md. Dec 23—1y.

A. RUSSELL & SON,
Carriage Manufacturers,
Centre street, below Harrison street,
Keep constantly on hand, *Carriages, Rockaways, Phaetons,* and *Buggies*, of the latest style and finish, and all other kinds of VEHICLES, to suit city or country trade. Carriage Harness of every description. REPAIRING done at short notice.

CUMBERLAND FOUNDRY,
TAYLOR & CO.,
Iron and Brass Founders,
George's street, CUMBERLAND, MD,
Manufacturers of
Steam Engines, Boilers, Railroad and Mine Cars, Mining Machinery, Furnaces, Stoves, Grates, Mill-Irons, Plows, Agricultural Implements, &c.
March 17, 1859—y.

JAMES S. ROBINSON,
Paper Warehouse,
No. 24 South Charles St.,
A few doors below German-st,
BALTIMORE.
Keeps on hand and has made to order all kinds of PAPER.
Purchases Rags, Rope, Canvas and other Mill Stock. Sept. 1, 1859—1y.

Attention Builders!



Sash, Doors, Shutters, Window and Door Frames, Mouldings and Venitian Blinds,
MANUFACTURED and for sale at R. D. Johnson's Steam Planing Machine, on Centre Street.
Orders received either at the Shop, or at Dr John J. Bruce's Lumber Yard.
June 30, 1859—1y H. DAMM.

A Fine Assortment of Silver Goods
JUST OPENED AT
S. T. LITTLE'S
JEWELRY STORE,
Baltimore Street, near the Depot,
SUCH AS
SUGAR Spoons and Sifters, Preserves and Cream Spoons, Mustard and Salt Spoons, Ice Cream and Float Spoons, Salt Sellars, Pickel Knives and Forks, Butter Knives, Tea and Table Spoons, Port Monies, Card Cases, &c.
S. T. LITTLE.
Cumberland, Oct. 21—tf.

!!! DEATH !!!
To Every Form and Species of
Vermin!
"COSTAR'S" Rat, Roach, &c. Exterminator.
"COSTAR'S" Bed-bug Exterminator.
"COSTAR'S" Electric Powder, for Insects, &c.
DESTROYS INSTANTLY
Rats—Roaches—Mice—Moles—Ground Mice—Bed Bugs—Ants—Moths—Musquitoes—Fleas—Insects on Plants, Insects on animals, &c., &c.—in short, every form and species of
Vermin.
10 Years established in New York *City*—used by the City Post-Office—the City Prisons and Station Houses—the City Steamers, Ships, &c.—the City Hotels, "Astor," "St. Nicholas," &c.—and by more than 20,000 private families.
☞ Druggists and Retailers everywhere sell them.
☞ Wholesale Agents in all the large Cities.
☞ Regular sizes, 25c. 50c. & $1 Boxes—Bottles—Flasks.
☞ !!! BEWARE !!! of spurious imitations. Examine each Box, Bottle and Flask, and take nothing but "COSTAR'S."
☞ $1.00 Boxes sent by Mail.
☞ $3 to $5 Boxes for Plantations, Hotels, &c., by Express.
☞ Address orders—or for "Circular to Dealers" to HENRY R. COSTAR, Principal Depot. 410 Broadway, N. Y.
Sold by Healey & Shriver.
February 23, '60—3m

CUMBERLAND
HAT & CAP EMPORIUM.
THE subscriber has a large and complete stock of seasonable GOODS on hand Mens', Boys' and Childrens' Hats and Caps, of every variety, quality and style, calculated to suit the most festidious and judicious taste of the customer.

He being encouraged by the liberal patronage of an appreciating public; and desirous to keep fully up with the improvements of the age we live in, has been induced to make arrangements with an experienced and skillful manufacturer, to introduce in Cumberland, a HOME-MADE Fall style of

Silk and Fur Hat,

which for symmetrical proportions, quality of materials, and elegance of finish, are unsurpassed by the productions of the leaders of fashion, of either New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

His home made HATS shall be, all that Hats can be, in combination of quality and style, using nothing but the very best material for manufacturing purposes, which material is enhanced in quality, by a new *modus operandi* of manipulation in the making process, by the operators who are the most skillful in the practical execution of the art, and who possess a thorough knowledge of all the modern improvements and processes necessary to a successful operation.

With these facilities at my command, I can now, in the spirit and pride of honorable competition, with all due candor assure my patrons and the public generally, that I am prepared to produce a HOME MADE HAT of unsurpassed elegance, combining neatness with style, beauty with quality, lightness with durability, elasticity with strength, and soft and agreeable to the head of the wearer. Please call and leave your orders, as a good fit is guaranteed to the most difficult shapedhead. Constantly on hand, a large assortment of fashionable Silk Hats, Moleskins and Satin, Beaver and Plain Silk Hats, Fur Hats, Beaver, Nutria, Cassmeres, Brush, and every quality style and variety of soft Hats, Boys' Plain and Childrens' Fancy Hats and Caps in all their variety.

F. MINKE,
Hat Manufacturer,
Oct. 27, 1859. Cumberland, Md

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Improved Schedule for Travel.

ON and after Monday, Nov. 14th, 1859, the passenger trains will run as follows:

For the East.

MAIL THROUGH TRAIN (daily ex. Sundays.)
Leaves Wheeling 9.40 p. m. } Arrives at Baltimore
" Cumberland 8.15 a. m. } more 5.00 p. m.

EXPRESS THROUGH TRAIN (Daily.)
Leaves Wheeling 12.05 a. m. } Arrives at Baltimore
" Cumberland 10.40 p. m. } more 6.45 a. m.

Passengers from Cumberland for way stations East, will take Mail Train only.

For the West.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, between Cumberland and Wheeling,
Leave Cumberland 8.00 a. m. Arrive at Wheeling 6.30 P. M.

MAIL THROUGH TRAIN (daily ex. Sunday,)
Leaves Baltimore 7.45 a. m. } Arrive at Wheeling
" Cumberland 4.53 p. m. } 3.00 a.m.

EXPRESS THROUGH TRAIN (Daily.)
Leaves Baltimore 4.05 p. m. } Arrives at Wheeling
" Cumberland 11.55 p.m } 9.00 a. m

Passengers from Cumberland for Way Stations West will take Accommodation Train; and for Stations on N. W. Va. Road will take Express train.

Through Tickets for all important cities West can be procured at this office.

L. C. BOEHM, Agent.
Cumberland Station, Nov 17, 1859.

The University's Familiy Remedies:

Issued under the Seal and Authority of THE UNIVERSITY OF FREE MEDICINE AND POPULAR KNOWLEDGE,

Chartered by the State of Pennsylvania, April 29th, 1853,

WITH A CAPITAL OF $100,000,

Mainly for the purpose of arresting the evils of Spurious and Worthless Nostrums; also, for supplying the Community with RELIABLE REMEDIES

Wherever a Competent Physician cannot or will not be employed this Institution, located in Philadelphia—Home Dispensary and Office, 322 South Second Street, where application for new agencies must be made to JOHN P. REESE, President.

ROWANDS CELEBRATED TONIC MIXTURE,

known for upwards of twenty-five years as the only cure and safe cure for FEVER AND AGUE, &c., and his inestimable Remedy for BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

ROWANDS COMPOUND SYRUP OF BLACKBERRY ROOT, which highly improved and POPULAR REMEDIES, TOGETHER WITH

The University's Remedy for COMPLAINTS of the LUNGS, Bronchial affections;

The University's Remedy for DISPEPSIA or INDIGESTION;
" " " COSTIVE-BOWELS;
" " " SORE EYES;
" " " EAR-ACHE or DEAFNESS;
" " " TOOTH-ACHE;
" " " FEVER & AGUE

(in Pills;)

These Remedies not are like the nostrums of the day, but depend upon their intrinsic merit for popular favor.

Also for sale at the Home Dispensary, 322 south Second Street, Philadelphia, Dr. Culien's celebrated Indian Vegitable Panacea, for the cure of Scrofula, Mercurial Diseases and all other impurittes of the Blood, and his other Remedies.

For sale by all Druggists and others throughout the United States Canada, &c., and for sale by J. B. CAMPBELL, Cumberland Lowndes & Clary, Frostburg, Hart & Hatfield, Annapolis Samuel Anderson, Gov. Ridge.
Nov. 3, 1859—1y.

Grain Wanted.

FARMERS and others having Wheat, Rye and Oats for sale, will find it to their interest to give us a call, as we will at all times give market price, either in cash or exchange for goods, for grain. O. C. CLARK & Co., Centre St., next door to Eng. Luth. Ch.
Aug. 25, 1859.

Lehigh Gas Burning

Cooking Stoves!
THE undersigned has just received an assortment of the above stoves, which he offers to the public at moderate prices. These is a great saving of fuel by the use of these Stoves
Sept. 15, 1859. JOHN JOHNSON.

WINDSOR PLASTER.
300 TONS superior Soft Windsor Plaster, just received and for sale by J. N. HARPER & CO.,
July 7, 1859.

Poetical.

The Countrie Lassie.

She blossomed in the country,
Where sunny summer flings
Her arms around the earth,
And brightest blessings brings;
Health was her sole inheritance,
And grace her only dower:
I never dreamed the wild wood
Contained so sweet a flower.

Far distant from the city,
And inland from the sea,
My lassie bloomed in goodness,
As pure as pure could be.
She caught her dewy freshness
From hill and mountain bower,
I never dreamed the wildwood
Contained so sweet a flower.

The rainbow must have lent her
Some of its airy grace;
The wild rose parted with the blush
That nestled on her face;
The sunbeams got entangled in
The long waves of her hair.
Or she had never grown to be
So modest and so fair.

The early birds have taught her
Their joyous matin song,
And some of their soft innocence,
She'd been with them so long;
And for her now, if need be,
I'd part with wealth and power;
I never dreamed the wild wood
Contained so sweet a flower.

Miscellaneous.

A TRUE STORY.

A few years ago, as a gentleman whom we shall call Davenport, was one evening, about dusk, riding slowly into the little town of G——, he was startled from a reverie in which he was at the moment indulging, by a youthful figure which bounded from the parapet and seized the bridle of his horse.—His first impulse was anger at what he considered either a malicious or impertinent interruption; but the delicate face, slight figure, and more than all, the pleading and agitated expression, which he observed in the countenance of the youth, irresistably attracted his attention, and impelled him to draw his rein, and request, mildly, to know the cause of an action so unexpected. In timid and tremulous tones, and in terms in which the incoherence of extreme agitation was painfully apparent, the stranger informed Davenport that he had for some time waited in anxious hope of seeing some individual whose respectability of appearance might pass for a guarantee of his honor, and whom, in consequence, he might have courage to address. In a brief and hurried manner he informed Davenport that he feared pursuit from some enemy, and implored to be conveyed to some place of safety. There was something in the tones of his voice which was at once tremulous and spirited, but that spirit seemed subdued by a nervous alarm and fearfulness, which seemed almost effeminate. As he spoke Davenport felt a growing interest for which he could scarcely account. He requested the youth to walk by his side as far as the Inn, where he hinted that a further explanation would be necessary.

"And if," proceeded he, "you satisfy me that I shall not be acting improperly, you may command my services."

Having given his horse to the care of a groom, Davenport entered the Inn, followed by the youth, and immediately desired to be shown to a private room.

"Well, sir," said he, as soon as the waiter had withdrawn, "will you now oblige me by telling me how far I may be of service to you, and in what way? But I beg pardon; you seem fatigued; pray, sir, be seated; shall I call for some refreshments?"

The youth stood pale, apparently irresolute, and evidently attstracted, while the heaving of his breast betrayed violent emotion. At length he raised his head and essayed to speak. The effort was too much; his lips quivered; the tear which had gathered in his eyes overflowed; the intended articulation burst, and was broken in uncontrollable sighs and convulsive sobs, and sinking back into a chair, he covered his face with his hands and burst into a violent hysterical passion of weeping.

Davenport was amazed. "What, in Heaven's name, can be the cause of this excessive grief," said he. I beseech you to confide it to me, and if it admit of consolation, I swear to do my utmost to assuage it, and to promote your happiness."

The stranger returned a look of gratitude, and made strong efforts to control his emotions. He arose and advanced towards Davenport, and, in performing this action, his hat, which he had not hitherto removed, and which Davenport had remarked, was worn rather awkardly, slipped from his head; and down fell, in clustering profusion, "black as the wing of a raven," the glossy curls of a female. Davenport started and uttered an exclamation of astonishment. He was not less struck with the revelation which this slight incident had effected, than with the sparkling and highly characteristic beauty of the being who stood before him. A thousand thoughts flashed, with the quickness and evanescence of lightning, through his brain, as he tried to catch a glimpse of the meaning of an adventure so strongly romantic. Self is always so predominant in the best regulated minds, that the leading idea, as prompted by this vanity, seemed to ask him if such a disguise as this were the result of some unknown attachment to himself.—These thoughts, however, were but the tumultuous crowding of a few seconds.

Meanwhile the stranger, seeing himself discovered, stood confused and agitated.—Burning blushes of conscious impropriety suffused her lovely cheeks, which were the next instant, with repulsion of feelings, pale and bloodless as alabaster; and such seemed the overpowering nature of her emotion, that if Davenport had not stepped forward and caught her, she would have fallen to the floor.

"Tell," said he, "I beseech you, and tell me calmly and candidly, who you are, and what is the meaning of this disguise?"

"O, sir, what must you think of me!" cried she, endeavoring to hide her face which was again covered with blushes.

"There is something in your countenance, sir, and in your manner, which tells me that you are a man of honor, and you feel for me. I will therefore, without affectation, briefly relate to you the painful situation in which I have placed myself. I was obliged to do something similar to this, or submit to that which would have been worse than death.

"My father is a cold and haughty-tempered man, who would sacrifice every feeling of his nature in the enhancement of his worldly consequence. Since the death of my mother, which happened when I was very young, I have experienced but little affection from him. He has lately, however, set his heart upon my union with an aged peer who promises to advance his political influence, and whose cupidity, I imagine, has been excited by the fortune which I inherit through my mother. But, as I would rather die than be made the victim of a compact so mean, I straight, though perhaps undutifully, told my father so, and the consequence has been a rigorous confinement ever since, joined to treatment so harsh, with a view, no doubt, of harrassing me into compliance, and showing so little affection on the part of my parent, that I resolved, if I could by any means make my escape, to quit him and proceed to London, where I could claim the protection of my deceased mother's family, with whom my father has long been at variance. He, suspecting, I suppose, an occurrence of this kind; kept me totally without money, and it was with the greatest difficulty I procured this disguise, in which, fearing an energetic and immediate pursuit, thoughtlessly, and I now see imprudently, left my father's house, and now that I begin to perceive the consequences of the step I have taken, I know not how to proceed, unless you, sir," she said, hesitatingly, "will be generous enough to protect me till I am safe with my relations in town, when I can promise your goodness shall not go unrewarded."

"There is so much nobleness of mind," said Davenport, "in your refusal of your father's improper proposal, and so much spirit in your execution of your plan of evading it, rash as it was, that I cannot for a moment hesitate."

The truth is, that the novelty of the situation into which he was thus suddenly thrown, as a protector of a lone female flying from the tyranny of an ambitious parent, had irresistible charms for a mind so moulded as was that of Davenport.

He immediately proposed, as a matter of prudence, and to stop the venemous tongue of slander if this adventure should by any chance become known, that Miss S——, by which initial we shall designate the stranger, should immediately become the guest of his sister, who had lately become the bride of a clergyman at no great distance, and to whom he was at that time on a visit. To her he said he would relate the whole matter, as he could depend implicitly on her prudence.—Miss S—— joyfully and thankfully accepted this offer, and a coach was forthwith ordered, and thither they proceeded. Davenport, on their arrival at the vicarage, lost no time in informing his sister of his rencontre, and as she possessed a heart no less kind than his own, she willingly installed Miss S—— as her protege.

The latter, of course, was soon transmuted into her *propria persona*; and, as she entered the room in her female attire, the heart of Davenport palpitated as though the love-shaft of Cupid had been "loosened smartly from his bow," and had already empierced his bosom. And if, in the vanity of youth, he thought the eyes of Miss S——, as she expressed her thanks, beamed upon him with an expression warmer than that of gratitude, will he be blamed?

The next morning they set out for London. On his arrival there, after having informed the relatives of Miss S—— of her peculiar situation, he wrote an expostulary letter to her father. The reply was a furious demand that his daughter should be immediately and unconditionally restored to him. The letter concluded with sundry threats of vengeance of the law in case of refusal. Davenport was now at a loss how to proceed; having got intelligence that Mr. S—— was posting up to London, he forthwith determined to avoid him by posting back to his sister's leaving the exasperated father to dissipate his rage as best he might. The latter, on his arrival in London, made immediate inquiries for Davenport, of whom, much to his chagrin and disappointment, he could learn no tidings. He then went to the relations of his deceased wife, but they could give him no satisfaction. Through the medium of his lawyer, he was directed to the country residence of Davenport, whither he proceeded. On his arrival there he was again disappointed, for he found the house merely in the keeping of the steward, who informed him that his master had not resided there for the last six months.

In similar fruitless and anxious inquiries he spent nearly a quarter of a year; for no one thought of directing him to the vicarage where the sister of Davenport and her spouse led a very retired life. He was in despair. It seemed as though his daughter was lost to him forever, and for the first time in his life, as this thought crossed his mind, he felt like a father. He was sitting in his study, upbraiding himself for the unkind coldness with which he had ever treated her, and pondering upon what steps he should next pursue, when a servant entered and presented him a letter. It was from Davenport, requesting, in the most respectful terms, that he would take into consideration the unhappiness which must necessarily be the lot of his daughter, if he sacrificed her to the arms of one whom she must ever dislike and despise. It concluded by requesting the favor of an interview at the vicarage, a direction to which was added.

As Mr. S—— perused the letter some of his former harsh feelings returned upon him. It was with difficulty to be endured, that a mere stranger should take the liberty of dictating any part of the conduct which he was to pursue with respect to his daughter. He, however, lost not a moment in proceeding to the place of interview. It was about three o'clock on the day subsequent to that on which he had received the letter, that he arrived at the vicarage of ——. On his entrance he was immediately conducted by the attendant to a drawing-room, where the first object that met his sight was his daughter, standing at a window, leaning fondly on the arm of a gentleman, whose noble feature beamed with love as he gazed, with a delighted expression, upon her face. On perceiving her father, she rushed forward, and kneeling at his feet exclaimed—

'Forgive me, forgive me, my dear father! Oh, sir, I fear I have now doubly offended you!"

Mr. S—— violently curbed the flow of affection which would have prompted him to raise and embrace her, and said sternly, "I forgive you, Emily, on condition that you immediately give your hand to the Earl of C——; not otherwise."

The gentleman before mentioned, who had stood a calm observer of this scene, now stepped forward, and bending the knee beside her, said: "Your condition is impossible to be performed, sir. We both need your pardon for having, though unavoidably, proceeded without your approbation. Your daughter, sir, is now Mrs. Henry Davenport, my wife."

Mr. S—— stood for a few minutes amazed. "Is this so, Emily?" he at length exclaimed.

"Even so, sir," faltered she, hiding her face on the white arm that rested on her husband's shoulder.

"And pray, sir," said Mr. S——, the man of the world preponderating and peeping out through his struggling affection, "what may be your income and prospects? Are they of sufficient weight to balance the large fortune my daughter will bring you, and which I am sorry to say, I have no control over?"

"My income, sir," said Davenport, raising Emily from her knees, "is clear four thousand per annum; my family, political connections, and influence are powerful and extensive."

The last clause settled the point.

"Emily," said Mr. S——, "give me your hand. Until you parted from me, I knew not how much I valued—how much I loved you; and now I find you to lose you again. However, Mr. Davenport, your hand: there, take her. God bless you. May you be happy."

Davenport, with tears in his eyes, thanked his future parent enthusiastically, and Emily threw herself upon her father's neck and wept.

Never was a union more happy than this, which was so strangely brought about; and this true story will serve as one more instance, added to the many, of the romance of real life.

Religious Intelligence.

☞ *Roman Catholic Missionaries.*—During the week seven Roman Catholic missionaries now on a diocesan tour through the United States, have officiated in St. Patrick's Church, this Borough. The Roman Catholic laity have poured in daily, from all parts of this County, and at the evening services hundreds of persons have been unable to gain admittance. The object of the visitation is to rouse up the faithful, and collect funds for church purposes.—*Pottsville Journal.*

TOOK THE BLACK VEIL.—Recently in Baltimore twelve novices received at the hands of Archbishop Kenrick the black veil and made the solemn religious vows, renouncing all worldly things and dedicating their lives to the cause of religion. The ceremony took place at St. James' German Catholic Church at the corner of Aisquith and Eager streets, and was of an imposing character. A large number of persons were present to witness the consecration.

Confirmation Services.—The Right Rev. Bishop Whittingham administered the rites of confirmation on Wednesday evening week to 86 persons in St. Luke's P. E. Church. The rite of baptism was administered to thirty-two adult persons the week previous.

Recently Bishop Wittingham administered the sacred rites of confirmation in St. Stephen's P. E. Church, Hanover street, Rev. Dr. McCabe, pastor, to 28 persons.

In Russian Poland, a young Christian has lately become a Jew. For a long time he has been endeavoring to prevail on the Rabbi, to allow him to do so, but they made strong objections, as the Talmud prohibits proselyting.

Of Mr. Lanergan, who recently died at East Cambridge, Massachusetts, from the effects of wounds caused by the explosion of a gun, the Boston Journal says: "Although a prominent member of the Masonic Order, which incapacitates a man from being a strict Roman Catholic, he was still a devoted follower of the Church of Rome, and on the day of the accident, in the absence of Father Branigan, of East Cambridge, sent for Father Hamilton, of Charlestown, who administered to him the sacrament. Before the performance of this ceremony, however, Mr. Lanergan renounced the oaths which bound him to the Masonic Order, as under no other circumstance would the priest receive his confession."

It is not generally known, but it is a fact, that the Papal Church is in uncompromising hostility with Masonry. The priests wish no secrets but among themselves; the confessional discloses all others to them. There are however thousands of Masons in the Church who regard more their personal rights in such matters than the dictation of ecclesiastics.

An "Englishman" writes as follows to Zion's Herald: "Religion is advancing generally throughout the nation. Methodism is everywhere putting on strength, and in some of our circuits bl