

Civilian and Telegraph.

CUMBERLAND, MD., THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1863.

NUMBER 15

VOLUME XXXVI.

Friends and Relatives
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIERS & SAILORS



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
AND OINTMENT.

All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy should take especial care, that they be supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, a letter present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops.
Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite, Indigestion to Soldiers.
Those feelings which so seldom as usually arise from trouble or annoyance, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the regular action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The pills will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility induced by over Fatigue.
Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either constipated or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. The medicinal will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so much as this famous medicine.

Voluntary Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.
Sores and Ulcers, Blisters and Swellings, can with certainty be cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed directions. If it is used in any other manner, they will break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in the use of these valuable medicines.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises.
To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The pills will soothe and almost instantly relieve the pain of the wound, and the Ointment will give relief to the sore, and the wound will heal as if by magic. The Ointment will also soothe the pain of the sore, and the wound will heal as if by magic.

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY'S" are written in every part of the box of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the box to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicine or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents 62 cents and \$1 each.

There is considerable saving by taking the larger size.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

Jan 15, 1863—ly.

NEW BOOK, STATIONARY PERIODICAL, AND NOTION STORE.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has opened a first-class

BOOK STORES,
At the Old Stands, under the St. Nicholas Hotel and 3 doors below the Post Office.

THE subscriber is constantly receiving NEW BOOKS, and all the latest popular works and School Books. Also, every kind of

STATIONERY
AND
Fancy Goods,

Musical Instruments, &c.
Call and see for yourselves. Having a complete Book Bindery Establishment connected with these Stores, I am prepared to make up Blank Work of every description, and will bind Magazines, old books or Periodicals in the most elegant manner. W. M. ANDREWS,
Formerly Andrews & Swartzwelder.
Jan. 29, 1863.

Catawba Wine
WHICH I will warrant to be the pure juice of the Grape—the being the product of my own vineyard. It acts as a mild stimulant will find it very beneficial. For sale by
Feb. 5, 1863.—3c* ROBERT READ.

Insolvent's Notice.
Jas. H. Plummer, ORDERED, this 11th day of March, 1863, that Jas. H. Plummer, give notice to his creditors, endorsers and sureties, that the 2d Monday of October next is fixed for the said Jas. H. Plummer to appear in the Circuit Court for Allegany county, to answer such interrogatories as his creditors, endorsers and sureties may propose or allege against him; and that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in the city of Cumberland, once a week for three successive months prior to the said second Monday of October next, as such notice.

Insolvent's Notice.
Anthony Kelly, ORDERED, this 23d day of February, 1863, that Anthony Kelly, give notice to his creditors, endorsers and sureties, that the 2d Monday of October next is fixed for the said Anthony Kelly to appear in the Circuit Court for Allegany county, to answer such interrogatories as his creditors, endorsers and sureties may propose or allege against him; and that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in the city of Cumberland, once a week for three successive months prior to the said second Monday of October next, as such notice.

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Insolvent's Notice.
A FEW barrels left of Baker's Old Rye Whisky. For sale by W. M. BEALL & CO

AN ORDINANCE

To provide for the General Valuation and Assessment of the Property in the City of Cumberland.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted and ordained by the Mayor and Councilmen of the City of Cumberland, That all property, real or personal, now by law liable to be valued and chargeable with taxes in said city, shall be assessed and valued in the directions of this ordinance, and that the valuation according to such valuation with the public assessment.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That James Smith and Jacob Rizer be, and they are hereby appointed assessors to make the valuations hereinafter directed, and that they shall have power and authority to require owners, possessors or their agents, of property in said city, to furnish such information of such property as may be necessary to enable them to make the valuations hereinafter directed, and that the valuations thereof, the same to be under the oath or affirmation of such persons or persons if required by said assessors.

SEC. 3. And be it enacted, That every assessor appointed in virtue of this ordinance, before he acts as such, shall take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, as the case may be, to wit:

"I, do solemnly and sincerely swear (or affirm), that I will, to the best of my skill and judgment, execute the duties of the said office faithfully and according to the directions of an ordinance entitled an ordinance to provide for the general valuation and assessment of property in the city of Cumberland, without favor or partiality, and that I will value all property which may be appointed to value, according to its full cash value." Which said oath or affirmation properly attested by the Mayor or a Justice of the Peace, shall be filed by the assessor with the Clerk of said city.

SEC. 4. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the assessors appointed by this ordinance to be present at the valuation and assessment of each and every variety of property directed to be assessed and valued by this ordinance, and to make diligent inquiry and information of each and every variety of property, and to value the same at its full cash value, and to value the same at the full cash value thereof, and they shall specify in their returns to be made as hereinafter provided as to as may be practicable, First in alphabetical order the name or names of the owner or owners of the property assessed. Second, The real property, its site, whether on the east or west side of the city, on what street, lane or alley, and number of the lot, giving each piece or parcel with its value as separate lots, and a description thereof. Third, Personal property designating it as household, as slave, as carriages, as horses, as cows, giving the amount and value of each variety. Fourth, Stock in trade, and its location and all other property liable to valuation and assessment, the valuation of each class to be a separate item of said lists.

SEC. 5. And be it enacted, That for the discovery of all property liable to assessment in said city, every person owning property in said city, or property of his, her or their estate, in, shall give a particular account or statement to said assessors, as required by them, distinguishing in such account or statement the particular property which may be under his, her or their care or management, from that under their own, which account or statement shall be under the oath or affirmation of such person or persons, if required by said assessors.

SEC. 6. And be it enacted, That if any person shall willfully refuse to obey any notice, shall neglect to render such statement or account as by this ordinance he, she or they may be required to furnish upon the requisition of said assessors, he, she or they shall forfeit and pay to the said city a sum not less than five nor more than twenty dollars.

SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That the said assessors are required to return and deliver to the Mayor and Councilmen in said city a full and true statement of all property liable to valuation and assessment, and a true and correct copy of all the property with the owners names assessed or valued by them as required in the 4th section of this ordinance and a complete and accurate account of their proceedings.

SEC. 8. And be it enacted, That each assessor shall within the time limited for making their returns, make and deliver to the Mayor and Councilmen of said city a full and true statement of all property liable to valuation and assessment, and a true and correct copy of all the property contained in each statement and verify the same under oath or affirmation.

SEC. 9. And be it enacted, That all fines and penalties incurred under this ordinance shall be recoverable by the Mayor and Councilmen of said city, and that this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the day of its passage. Passed March 13, 1863.

A. J. WEDDLE, Mayor.

Insolvent's Notice.
William Plummer, ORDERED, this 11th day of March, 1863, that William Plummer, give notice to his creditors, endorsers and sureties, that the 2d Monday of October next is fixed for the said William Plummer to appear in the Circuit Court for Allegany county, to answer such interrogatories as his creditors, endorsers and sureties may propose or allege against him; and that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in the city of Cumberland, once a week for three successive months prior to the said second Monday of October next, as such notice.

Test—H. RESLEY, Clerk.
March 17, 1863—3m.

Insolvent's Notice.
Samuel Miller, Jr., ORDERED, this 9th day of March, 1863, that Samuel Miller, Jr., give notice to his creditors, endorsers and sureties, that the 2d Monday of October next is fixed for the said Samuel Miller, Jr., to appear in the Circuit Court for Allegany county, to answer such interrogatories as his creditors, endorsers and sureties may propose or allege against him; and that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in the city of Cumberland, once a week for three successive months prior to the said second Monday of October next, as such notice.

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March 17, 1863—3m.

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Test—H. RESLEY, Clerk.
March 17, 1863—3m.

Insolvent's Notice.
A FEW barrels left of Baker's Old Rye Whisky. For sale by W. M. BEALL & CO

Civilian & Telegraph

IS PUBLISHED
Every Thursday Morning.

W. EVANS, Editor and Proprietor,
GEO. W. HOOVER, Publisher.
Office in Second Story of Brooks Block,
Balto. St., near the Bridge.

TERMS:
TWO DOLLARS per annum, strictly in advance, \$2.50 if not so paid, and \$3.00 if not paid within the year.
Bear in mind that no paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

Rates of Advertising.
One square of 12 lines, \$1 for three insertions—subsequent insertions 25 cents each. All advertisements under 12 lines charged as a square.

Business Cards in the Directory, per annum, including subscription, \$5.
MONTHS. ONE TWO THREE SIX TWELVE.
One square, 1 25 2 25 3 50 6 00 10 00
Two squares 2 25 4 00 5 00 9 00 14 00
Three squares 3 50 5 00 6 00 12 00 18 00
Four " 4 50 6 00 8 00 14 00 20 00
Quarter col. 6 00 9 00 12 00 18 00 30 00
Largerspace for short periods, as per agreement.

Advertisements before Marriages and Deaths to cost per line for first insertion—subsequent insertions, 5 cents per line. Nine words are counted as a line in advertising.

Merchants and others, advertising by the year, will be charged \$12 00.
Proceedings of meetings, not of a general character, charged at 4 cents per line for each insertion.

Yearly advertisements must conform to their advertising to their own business.
ALL TRANSIENT ADVERTISING, cash in advance.
Persons ordering the insertion of legal advertisements will be held responsible for payment for the same when the time for which they were ordered to be inserted shall have expired.

INSOLVENT NOTICES, cash in advance.
PATENT MEDICINES, one half in advance and the balance in six months.
ALL JOB WORK, CASH.
The losses we have sustained compel us to adopt this course. It will be strictly adhered to in all cases, and no advertisement will be inserted unless accompanied by the cash.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.
Judge of Circuit Court—H. D. WESLEY.
Clerk of Circuit Court—HORACE RESLEY.
Register of Wills—JOHN B. WIDENER.
Sheriff—THOS. G. McULLOCH.
State Attorney—G. P. HIRSTON.
Sergeant—WILLIAM BRACE.
Clerk to County Comm'rs—JACOB BROWN.
Judge of the Orphan's Court—
MOSES RAWLINGS,
ALEXANDER KIRBY,
FRANCIS MATTINGLY.

Business Directory,
CUMBERLAND, MD.

DENTISTRY.
DR. HUMMELSHIME, DENTIST, Corner of Baltimore and Liberty Streets, over Read's Grocery Store, and opposite Campbell's Drug Store, Cumberland, Md.

M. RIZER & BRO.
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Cabinet Furniture of all kinds,
South Liberty St., near Beall's Foundry.

WILLIAM R. BEALL & CO.,
Wholesale & Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES, TEAS, LIQUORS &c.
near the Depot, Balto. Street.

CUMBERLAND FOUNDRY,
TAYLOR & CO.,
Iron and Brass Founders,
George's street, CUMBERLAND, MD.,
Manufacturers of
Steam Engines, Boilers, Railroad and Mine Cars, Mining Machinery, Furnaces, Stoves, Grates, Mill Irons, Plows, Agricultural Implements, &c.
March 17, 1863—y.

JOSEPH SPRIGG
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Jan. 63. Cumberland, Md.

THE PUBLIC. The undersigned, being well known as a writer, would offer his services to all requiring LITERARY AID. He will furnish Addresses, Gratulations, Presentations, Speeches, Replies, and Lines for Albums, Acrostics—prepare matter for the Press—Obituaries; and write Poetry upon any subject.—Address: FINLEY JOHNSON,
Nov. 29, 1862. Baltimore, Md.

Insolvent's Notice.
George Nelson, ORDERED, this 23d day of March, 1863, that George Nelson, give notice to his creditors, endorsers and sureties, that the 2d Monday of October next is fixed for the said George Nelson to appear in the Circuit Court for Allegany county, to answer such interrogatories as his creditors, endorsers and sureties may propose or allege against him; and that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in the city of Cumberland, once a week for three successive months prior to the said second Monday of October next, as such notice.

Test—H. RESLEY, Clerk.
March 26, 1863—3m.

Insolvent's Notice.
CARY'S Cough Cure, for Coughs, colds, &c. &c. Try it. Agency at
Feb. 5. W. BEALL & CO.

OLEINE, Irish Bleaching, German and Toilet Soap, for sale by
Feb. 5. W. M. BEALL & CO.

Diary's! Diary's! Diary's!
JUST received another supply of Diary's for 1863. HALE SWARTZWELDER,
Jan. 22. Under Belvidere Hall.

GORN Starch, Farina, Macaroni, New, for sale by
Feb. 5. W. M. BEALL & CO.

VIOLINS, Violins and Flutes for sale at the Book Store, under the St. Nicholas Hotel.
March 19. W. M. ANDREWS.

NEW BOOKS, Military Works, just received at the Book Store under the St. Nicholas Hotel.
March 19. W. M. ANDREWS.

CODEFISH, Mackerel, New Mackerel, in Bbls, C. Half Bbls, Kits, for sale by
Feb. 5. W. M. BEALL & CO.

BANJOS Just received at
Jan. 29. Under St. Nicholas Hotel.
CHAMPAGNE, Pilsner, and Claret Wines, for sale by
W. M. BEALL & CO.

Poetical.

Margaretta.
BY GEORGE P. MORRIS.

When I was in my teens,
I loved dear Margaretta;
I know not what it means,
I cannot now forget her.
That vision of the past
My head is ever crazing;
Yet, when I saw her last,
I could not speak for gazing
Oh, lingering bud of May!
Dear as when first I met her,
Worn in my heart always,
Life-cherished Margaretta!

We parted near the stile,
As morn was faintly breaking;
For many a weary mile
Oh how my heart was aching!
But distance, time! and change,
Have lost my Margaretta;
And yet 'tis sadly strange
That I cannot forget her!
O queen of rural maids—
My dark eyed Margaretta—
The heart the mind upbraids
That struggles to forget her!

My love, know, will folly
A wayward, boyish fancy;
But, ah! it was a dream
Most sweet—most melancholy.
Were mine the world's domain,
To me 'twere fortune better
To be a boy again,
And dream of Margaretta,
Oh! memory of the past,
Why linger to regret her?
My first love was my last!
And that is Margaretta!

Tread Lightly O'er my Loved One's Grave.
BY FINLEY JOHNSON.

Tread lightly o'er my loved one's grave,
The flowers on her tomb
Are emblems of her innocence,
And her untimely doom,
And oh, you cannot feel the weight
Of grief and woe, and pain
That crushes out my every joy,
And makes my life all vain,
For though all nature smiles in peace—
The birds sing in their glee,
My tears are falling like the rain—
She's lost to love—and me.

Ye sit within my saddest hours,
I feel her spirit rear,
And faint, in whispers soft, repeats
"Thou still to her art dear,"
For like the breath of perfumed flowers
That keeps her grave in green;
Her spirit is around my path,
Though to my eyes unseen,
And when the ties that bind me here,
By death has been riven,
I feel that though now sundered here,
We'll reunite in Heaven.

Miscellaneous.
[From the New York Weekly.]
"FATHER'S DRUNK."
A STORY FOR OLD AND YOUNG.
BY CHERRY BLOSSOM.

"Dear father, do come home. Mother's dying, and wants to see you so bad," and the little tear stained face was turned up to his with such a plaintive look, while the little hand was laid tenderly upon his arm, as if to draw him away from the drunken revel.

"Get out of this you brat; and if you follow me again I'll kick you within an inch of your life," and he rudely pushed the little child out into the street, and turned to his drunken companions and the glass of vile stuff awaiting him, casting no thought upon the faithful wife lying upon a sick bed, dying for want of the nourishment which he was sent to procure, and thinking not of the child toiling against the bitter wintry blast, with frozen tears on her cheeks, and numb, body, hurrying home to watch with her dying mother.

"Father's drunk, and won't come home mother," and the long-pent up agony would burst forth, and she laid her little hand on the breast of her mother, and gave vent to the flowing tears.

The dying mother murmured not, although her breast heaved tumultuously, and she kindly smoothed the frozen curls of the little head, and chafed the little cold hands, and tried to soothe the weeping child with whispered words of consolation.

"He pushed me out into the street," again murmured the child, when she partially recovered from the first outbreak of grief, and oh, he looked dreadful! His eyes glared wildly, and he raised his hand to strike me; but mother, I know father wouldn't do it, only he was drunk! All the men laughed when he pushed me away, and he laughed too. I felt so bad that I didn't mind the cold when I was coming back. I got lost in the snow, and didn't know where to go, but I asked God to show me the way back to my mother, and He did it. God ain't like father, mamma! He never gets drunk and abuses you and me. It must be nice up there with God."

The mother's heart was too full for utterance, and the two—mother and child mingled their tears together.

"Mamma, do you feel better now?"
"Yes, my child; but it is the relief that precedes my departure from earth. You will be a good girl when your mother is gone?"

"Yes mamma,"
"You must ask God to make you a good girl, and Jenny, pray, often for your father."
"Do you think God cares anything about me, mamma?"

"Yes, my child, for did not Christ say, 'Suffer little children, and forbid them not, to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven?'"

"Oh, I am so glad; and I'm going to ask him to take me away with you."

"O that he would, my child; then I could die happy, for in this life I see nothing awaiting you but misery, temptation, and shame."

"And it would be so nice to meet father up there too!"
The child burst came in through the chinks in the wall, and the child began to shiver.

"I feel so cold, mamma; why don't father come with the wood?"

"Creep closer to me, my child. Clasp your arms around my neck and pillow your head on my bosom. Now one long last kiss! Farewell, and may God watch over and protect you, my loved one!"

The candle flickered dimmer and dimmer, and gauzy shadows crept up nearer and nearer. At intervals the red town clock's solemn knell tolled the hour. The child blast swept around the house whirling the snow in eddies, and came through the chinks in the walls with a plaintive lament, as if for some lost spirit. The snow drifted through the chinks and fell in little heaps upon the floor and bed. Wilder, wilder blew the storm; colder, colder grew the room, but it disturbed not mother or child. They were at rest, and heeded not the dreary moan of the wintry blast.

The light of morning slowly broke, the whistling wind died a way, and even the sun ventured to peep forth for a moment to throw a cherry ray through the little attic window upon the sleepers. Footsteps slowly treaded up the stairs; the door was thrown open and several men carrying a litter staggered into the room. Upon the litter lay the husband and father. He had been stabbed during the night in a drunken affray, and in a few short moments he would be summoned into the presence of his king and master.

The sleepers had not yet awakened, and the men were about to arouse them, but they lingered a moment to look upon the picture they presented. The child's head was pillowed upon the breast of the mother, and the soft golden hair flowed in waving ringlets over the snowy neck. One little arm was caressingly thrown over the mother's neck, while the rosy lips were parted, and the gazers almost imagined they heard her lips that dear name, mother. The face of mother and child were illumined with a bright smile. One of the men stepped forward and laid his hand upon them, but he immediately uttered a cry of alarm as he touched their icy forms. "They were dead!" God had heard their prayer, and in his infinite mercy, had taken them away to his home, where drunkards are not found, and sorrow is not known.

O that we had an inspired pen to picture forth the agony, the remorse of the now repentant husband and father. O that we had a pen of fire to trace his thoughts, his feelings, into the heart of every one who puts the poisoned chalice to his lips.

The dying man lingered long enough to murmur a prayer to his maker, and earnestly beseeched his companions to abandon the bar-room, and spare the intoxicated cup, and then his spirit winged its way from earth to meet his loved ones at the bar of God, and there answer for the deeds done in the body.

OWENS AND HIS SUBSTITUTE.—A good story is told of John E. Owens, the comedian, who was one of the drafted men in Baltimore county. Mr. Owens had safely installed a pure Hibernian into camp as his substitute. The next morning he was surprised by the appearance of Pat at his residence.

"Good morning, Mister Owens," said the substitute.

"Good morning, Pat—how the devil did you get here?"

"Is it all right with you, Mr. Owens?"

"O, yes, Pat—I have my discharge—it is all right with me."

"Then," said Pat, thrusting his hands into his breeches pockets a la Barney Williams, "I have got me money—and got out—and it's all right with me, too, Mister Owens?"

"Good morning, Mister Owens," said the substitute.

"Good morning, Pat—how the devil did you get here?"

"Is it all right with you, Mr. Owens?"

"O, yes, Pat—I have my discharge—it is all right with me."

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"Good morning, Pat—how the devil did you get here?"

"Is it all right with you, Mr. Owens?"

"O, yes, Pat—I have my discharge—it is all right with me."

What Prevails.

The power of an idea over men and races was never more illustriously exemplified than in the early history of Mahomet conquests. The advent of Mahomet found Arabia possessed by different tribes, and governed by different chiefs often at war with each other. His religion made of them a nation. One after another, either by persuasion or the sword, they had all been brought over to the new faith, acknowledging allegiance to the new prophet; so that he who had been persecuted even by his own tribe, and driven as an impostor from his native city, was, at his death, only eleven years after that famous Hagar, or Flight, revered as a sovereign pontiff, and mourned as the messenger of God snatched back to heaven, by all Arabia.

This event, which occurred in the year 632 of our era, was followed by a series of the most astonishing conquests the world ever saw. The successors of Mahomet, receiving from him these three cardinal points of belief—There is one God; Mahomet is his prophet; the Koran is the book of God;—had also received from him the charge to disseminate those doctrines over the whole world. Armies were at once marched into Irak, a part of the great Persian Empire, and into Syria, then a province of the still more mighty Roman Empire. City after city fell, besieged by the swarming hosts of the desert. Army after army, sent by the Roman Emperor to resist the invasion, was utterly routed by the Moslems. The best disciplined troops in the world gave way before inferior forces of undisciplined, irregularly-fighting Arabs, impelled by the living fury of their fanaticism. Their energy seemed miraculous; their prowess irresistible. With the war-cry of "Allah Acbar!"—"God is Great!"—they threw themselves into passes of danger through which it seemed that not even the terrible scimitars of the warriors of the desert could cut their way. Cowardice was unknown to their hearts. Not the most unequal combat daunted them. Spoils and glory were for those who conquered; Paradise itself was the reward of those who fell.

Syria was overrun and wrested from the hands of the Romans. The Persian monarch Tezdeger was driven a fugitive from his throne, and hunted through his dominions by the conquerors. Egypt too was subdued. All this occurred within a few years of the time when the companions of the prophet.

Such is the power of an idea, even in a bad cause. In Syria, and in parts of Africa, it was Christianity that fell before the power of the Moslems. The secret of the fall was this: The Moslems were united and in deadly earnest. The Christians were disunited, and often quarrelling among themselves. The lesson conveyed is obvious. Not even in the hottest of causes can we hope to prevail against the advocates of the worst, without a unity and zeal at least equal to their own.

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