Civilian and Telegraph.

VOLUME XXXVI. CUMBERLAND, MD., THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1863. NUMBER 16

Friends and Relatives
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIERS & SAILORS

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
And OINTMENT.

All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care, that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops.

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action, of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility Induced by over Fatigue

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system—This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

Volunteers Attention! Indiscretions of Youth.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed directions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises.

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all round it, then covered with a piece of linen from his Knapsack and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflammation.

Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernable as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicine or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

***Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents 62 cents and $1 each.

☞There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

Jan 15, 1863—1y.

NEW BOOK, STATIONARY PERIODICAL, AND NOTION STORE.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has opened a first-class

BOOK STORES,

At the Old Stands, under the St. Nicholas Hotel and 3 doors below the Post Office.

THE subscriber is constantly receiving NEW BOOKS, and all the latest popular works and School Books. Also, every kind of

STATIONERY
AND
Fancy Goods,

Musical Instruments, &c.

Call and see for yourselves. Having a complete Book Bindery Establishment connected with these Stores, I am prepared to make up Blank Work of every description, and will bind Magazines, old books or Periodicals to order.

WM. ANDREWS,
Formerly Andrews & Swartzwelder.

Jan. 29, 1863.

Catawba Wine

WHICH I will warrant to be the pure juice of the Grape—it being the product of my own vineyard. Invalids needing a mild stimulant will find it very beneficial. For sale by ROBERT READ.

Feb. 5, 1863,—3ts*

Insolvent's Notice.

Jas. H. Plummer, vs. His Creditors. } ORDERED, this 11th day of March, 1863, that Jas. H. Plummer, give notice to his creditors, endorsers and sureties, that the 2nd Monday of October next, is fixed for the said Jas. H. Plummer to appear in the Circuit Court for Allegany county, to answer such interrogatories as his creditors, endorsers and sureties may propose or allege against him; and that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in the city of Cumberland, once a week for three successive months prior to the said second Monday of October next, as such notice.

Test—H. RESLEY, Clerk.

March 19, 1863—3m.*

AN ORDINANCE

To provide for the General Valuation and Assessment of Property in the City of Cumberland.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted and ordained by the Mayor and Councilmen of the city of Cumberland,* That all property, real or personal, now by law liable to be valued and chargeable with taxes in said city, shall be valued agreeable to the directions of this ordinance, and shall be chargeable according to such valuation with the public assessment.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted,* That James Smith and Jacob Rizer be, and they are hereby appointed assessors to make the valuations hereby directed, and that they shall have power and authority to require owners, possessors or their agents, of property in said city, to furnish such information of such property as may be necessary to enable them to ascertain the value thereof, together with the location or situation thereof, the same to be under the oath or affirmation of such persons or persons if required by said assessors.

SEC. 3. *And be it enacted,* That every assessor appointed in virtue of this ordinance before he acts as such, shall take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, as the case may be, to wit:

"I,—— ——, do solemnly and sincerely swear (or affirm) that as assessor for the city of Cumberland, I will to the best of my skill and judgment, execute the duties of the said office diligently and faithfully according to the directions of an ordinance entitled an ordinance to provide for the general assessment of property in the city of Cumberland, without favor or partiality, and that I will value all property which I may be appointed to value, according to its full cash value." Which said oath or affirmation properly attested by the Mayor or a Justice of the Peace, shall be filed by the assessor with the Clerk of said city

SEC. 4. *And be it enacted,* That it shall be the duty of the assessors appointed by this ordinance to be present at the valuation and assessment of each and every variety of property directed to be assessed and valued by this ordinance, and to make diligent inquiry and inform themselves by all lawful means of all the property in said city liable to assessment, and to value the same at the full cash value thereof, and they shall specify in their returns to be made as hereinafter provided as to as may be practicable. First in alphabetical order the name or names of the owner or owners of the property assessed. Second, The real property, its kind, whether on the east or west side of Wills' creek, on what street, lane or alley, and number of the lot, giving each piece or parcel with its value as separate items, with description thereof. Third. Personal property designating it as household, as slave, as carriages, as horses, as cows, giving the amount and value of each variety. Fourth, Stock in trade, and its location and all other property liable to valuation and assessment, the valuation of each class to be a separate item of said lists.

SEC. 5. And be it enacted, That for the discovery of all property liable to assessment in said city, every person having property in said city, or property of his, her or their care therein, shall give a particular account or statement to such assessors when required by them, distinguishing in such account or statement the particular property which may be under his, her or their care or management, from his, her or their own, which account or statement shall be under the oath or affirmation of such person or persons, if required by said assessors.

SEC. 6. And be it enacted, That if any person shall wilfully refuse, or after five days' notice, shall neglect to render such statement or account as by this ordinance he, she or they may be required to furnish upon the requisition of the said assessors, he, she or they shall forfeit and pay to the said city a sum not less than five nor more than twenty dollars.

SEC. 7. *And be it enacted,* That the said assessors are required to return and deliver to the Mayor and Councilmen in said city on or before the first Monday of May next a certified copy of all the property with the owners names assessed or valued by them as required in the 4th section of this ordinance and a complete and accurate account of their proceedings.

SEC. 8th. *And be it enacted,* That each assessor shall within the time limited for making their returns, make and deliver to the Mayor and Councilmen of said city a full and complete statement of all property subject to taxation of which such assessor is owner or which may be under his care or management distinguishing his own property from that which may be under his care or management, and shall annex a fair and proper valuation of all the property contained in each statement and verify the same under oath or Affirmation.

SEC. 8th, And be it enacted, That all fines and penalties incurred under this ordinance shall be recovered before some Justice of the Peace, and that this ordinance st all take effect and be in force from and after the day of its passage Passed March 18, 1863.

A. J. WEDDELL, Clerk. C. H. OHR, Mayor.

March, 17, 1863—1s.

Insolvent's Notice.

William Plummer, vs. His Creditors. } ORDERED, this 11th day of March, 1863, that William Plummer, give notice to his creditors, endorsers and sureties, that the 2nd Monday of October next is fixed for the said William Plummer to appear in the Circuit Court for Allegany county, to answer such interrogatories as his creditors, endorsers and sureties may propose or allege against him; and that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in the city of Cumberland, once a week for three successive months prior to the said second Monday of October next, as such notice.

Test—H. RESLEY, Clerk.

March 19, 1863—3m.*

Insolvent's Notice.

Samuel Miller, Jr. vs. His Creditors. } ORDERED, this 9th day of March, 1863, that Samuel Miller, Jr., give notice to his creditors, endorsers and sureties, that the 2d Monday of October next is fixed for the said Samuel Miller, Jr., to appear in the Circuit Court for Allegany county, to answer such interrogatories as his creditors, endorsers, and sureties may propose or allege against him; and that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in the city of Cumberland, once a week for three successive months prior to the second Monday of October next, as such notice.

Test.—H. RESLEY, Clerk.

March 12, 1863—3m*

Insolvent's Notice.

Anthony Kelly, vs. His Creditors. } ORDERED, this 23d day of February, 1863, that Anthony Kelley, give notice to his creditors, endorsers and sureties, that the 2d Monday of October next is fixed for the said Anthony Kelley to appear in the Circuit Court for Allegany county, to answer such interrogatories as his creditors, endorsers and sureties may propose or allege against him; and that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in the city of Cumberland, once a week for three successive months prior to the said second Monday of October next, as such notice.

Test—H, RESLEY, Clerk.

Feb. 26, 1863—3m.*

NEW MUSIC.

Just received at WM. ANDREWS' Under St. Nicholas Hotel.

Jan. 29.

A FEW barrels left of Baker's Old Rye Whiskey. For sale by WM R. BEALL & CO

Civilian & Telegraph

IS PUBLISHED
Every Thursday Morning.

W. EVANS, Editor and Proprietor.
GEO. W. HOOVER, Publisher.

Office in Second Story of Brooks' Block, Balto. St., near the Bridge,

TERMS:

TWO DOLLARS per annum, strictly in advance, $2.50 if not so paid, and $3.00 if not paid within the year.

Bear in mind that no paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

Rates of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1 for three insertions—subsequent insertions 25 cents each. All advertisements under 12 lines charged as a square.

Business Cards in the Directory, per annum, including subscription, $5.

MONTHS.	ONE	TWO	THREE	SIX	TWELVE.
One square,	1 25	2 25	3 50	6 00	10 00
Two squares	2 25	4 00	5 00	9 00	14 10
Three "	3 50	5 00	7 50	12 00	18 00
Four "	4 50	6 00	8 00	14 00	20 00
Quarter col.	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00	30 00

Larger space for short periods, as per agreement.

Advertisements before Marriages and Deaths 10 cts. per line for first insertion—subsequent insertions, 5 cents per line. Nine words are counted as a line in advertising.

Merchants and others, advertising by the year, will be charged $12 00.

Proceedings of meetings not of a general character, charged at 4 cents per line for each insertion.

Yearly advertisers must confine their advertising to their own business.

ALL TRANSIENT ADVERTISING, cash in advance.

Persons ordering the insertion of legal advertisements will be held responsible for payment for the same when the time for which they were ordered to be inserted shall have expired.

INSOLVENT NOTICES, cash in advance.

PATENT MEDICINES, one half in advance and the balance in six months.

ALL JOB WORK, CASH.

The losses we have sustained compel us to adopt this course It will be strictly adhered to in all cases, and no advertisement will be inserted unless accompanied by the cash.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Judge of Circuit Court—Hon. D. WEISEL.
Clerk of Circuit Court—HORACE RESLEY.
Register of Wills—JOHN B. WIDENER.
Sheriff—THOS. G. McCULLOH.
State's Attorney—C. B. THRUSTON.
Surveyor—WILLIAM BRACE.
Clerk to County Comm'ners—JACOB BROWN.
Judges of the Orphans' Court—
MOSES RAWLINGS,
ALEXANDER KING,
FRANCIS MATTINGLY.

Business Directory,
CUMBERLAND, MD.

DENTISTRY.

DR. HUMMELSHIME, DENTIST, Corner of Baltimore and Liberty Streets, over Read's Grocery Store, and opposite Campbell's Drug Store, Cumberland, Md.

M. RIZER & BRO.
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Cabinet Furniture of all kinds,
South Liberty St., near Beall's Foundry.

WILLIAM R. BEALL, & CO.,
Wholesale & Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES, TEAS, LIQUORS &c.
near the Depot, Balto. Street.

CUMBERLAND FOUNDRY,
TAYLOR & CO.,
Iron and Brass Founders,
George's street, CUMBERLAND, MD,
Manufacturers of
Steam Engines, Boilers, Railroad and Mine Cars, Mining Machinery, Furnaces, Stoves, Grates, Mill-Irons, Plows, Agricultural Implements, &c.
March 17, 1859—y.

JOSEPH SPRIGG
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Jan. 63. Cumberland, Md.

THE PUBLIC. The undersigned, being well known as a writer, would offer his services to all requiring LITERARY AID. He will furnish Addresses, Orations, Essays, Presentations, Speeches, Replies, and Lines for Albums, Acrostics—prepare matter for the Press—Obituaries; and write Poetry upon any subject.—Address FINLEY JOHNSON,
Nov. 20, 1862. Baltimore, Md.

Insolvent's Notice.

George Nelson vs. His Creditors. } ORDERED, this 23d day of March, 1863, that George Nelson give notice to his creditors, endorsers and sureties, that the 2d Monday of October next is fixed for the said George Nelson to appear in the Circuit Court for Allegany county, to answer such interrogatories as his creditors, endorsers and sureties may propose or allege against him; and that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in the city of Cumberland once a week for three successive months prior to the second Monday of October next, as such notice.

Test—H. RESLEY, Clerk.

March 26, 1863—3m.

CARY'S Cough Cure, for Coughs, colds, &c &c. Try it. Agency at
Feb. 5. W REALE & CO.

OLEINE, Irish Bleaching, German and Toilet Soap, for sale by
Feb. 5. WM. R. BEALL & CO.

Diarys! Diarys! Diarys!!

JUST received another supply of Diarys for 1863. HALE SWARTZWELDER,
Jan. 22. Under Belvidere Hall.

CORN Starch, Farina, Maccaroni, New, for sale by
Feb. 5. WM. R. BEALL & CO.

GUITARS, Violins and Flutes for sale at the Book Store, under the St. Nicholas Hotel.
March 19. WM. ANDREWS.

NEW BOOKS, Military Works, just received at the Book Store under the St. Nicholas.
March 19. WM. ANDREWS.

CODFISH, Mackerel, New Mackerel, in Bbls, Half Bbls, Kits, for sale by
Feb. 5. WM. R. BEALL & CO

BANJOS Just received at WM. ANDREWS'
Jan. 29. Under St. Nicholas Hotel.

CHAMPAIGNE, Rhine, and Claret Wines, for sale by WM. R. BEALL & CO

Poetical.

[Written for the Civilian and Telegraph.]

When the Roses that Bloom.

BY FINLEY JOHNSON.

When the roses that bloom on thy cheek shall fade,
And dissolve like snow flakes away,
When thy heart, now crushed by love's cold neglect,
Shall be cold as the church yard's clay.
When the hand of Death shall on thee be laid,
And his impress shall darken thy brow,
When thine eyes so dazzling shall lose the bright light
That reflects such a radiance now,
Oh, dream not for a moment, that when thou art gone,
To a land from sorrow all free;
That I shall forget to dream of our youth,
Or to think less fondly of thee.

Though others a monument vainly may rear,
Inscribed with trophies of art;
Yet I thy memory shall hold as dear,
Within the deep cells of my heart,
I'll sit by thy tomb, and in anguish bowed down,
Will drop on thy grave true love's tears,
And commune with thy spirit, knowing full well
That thou wouldst be hovering near,
I'll cherish thy name, but no flowers shall bloom
On thy grave, that are planted by me,
But while the life blood shall flow in my veins,
Each thought shall cling fondly to thee.

THE UNION.

BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

Thou, too, sail, on, Oh! ship of State.
Sail on, Oh! Union strong and great,
Humanity, with all its fears,
With all the hopes of future years,
Is hanging breathless on thy fate!
We know what Master laid thy keel,
What workman wrought thy ribs of steel;
Who made each mast, and sail, and rope.
What anvils rang, what hammers beat,
In what a forge, and what a heat
Were shaped the anchors of thy hope!
Fear not each sudden sound and shock,
'Tis of the wave and not the rock;
'Tis but the flapping of the sail,
And not a rent made by the gale!
In spite of rock and tempest's roar,
Sail on, nor fear to breast the sea!
Our hearts, our hopes, are all with thee—
Our hearts, our hopes, our prayers, our fears,
Our faith triumphant o'er our fears,
Are all with thee,—are all with thee.

Miscellaneous.

GOOD FOR THE GIRLS.

BY AUGUSTA MOORE.

'What shall I do with my girls?' asked one merchant prince of another, as side by side, they rode down town in the cars. 'They are so fragile and delicate that I am in a perpetual state of anxiety about them. They dont't look as though one of them could live to see her twentieth year; you know I have already lost my two eldest daughters—what can I do to save the others?'

'I can tell you what I think would make sound and healthy girls of them; but what would be the use? you would never take my advice, which would be to send them all into the country to live,' returned his companion.

'What do you mean, man? Do they not all go regularly to the country every year? Saratoga, Newport, and every other pleasant country place or sea beach, far and near, have done all they could for my family; but I must say that it is not much in the way of benefit.'

'Probably not. I should think it strange if they had; you do not understand what I mean by the country.—Don't you call my girls healthy?'

'Indeed I do, and the most sprightly hand out creatures that I see anywhere. I'd give half my fortune to see my children with such rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes, and to have them enjoy such a flow of spirits as your girls possess.—What is your magic, Armstrong? What do you do to your daughters?

'Why, every June I turn them out to grass I send them out into the *real* country—the farming region. I have them ride on horseback, and go boating and work out doors as much as ever they will In short, I encourage them to be the greatest romps that they can be. My two eldest girls can *manage a farm* as well as half the farmers. They are none of them afraid of helping make hay or plant, or harvest. Of course, they would not particularly enjoy being *obliged* to do such things, but as it is for their health and amusement, they heartily enjoy the fun.'

'Why, Armstrong, my wife would think me perfectly insane to mention such a thing, and my daughters would consider me a hard-hearted tyrant to send them away to such a fate.'

'If you would like to have them sent out of the city next month, I will tell my girls to manage the matter with yours. Girls, you know, can do almost anything with each other. What say you, shall the thing be done?'

'I should be very much gratified if it could be pleasantly brought about,' returned Mr. Ashton, delighted at the idea. The cars were at the Park, and the gentlemen hastened, each his separate way, to business. But the morning's conversation was not forgotten.

Mr. Ashton did not mention a word at home of the subject of his wishes.—Poor man! he knew it would be the surest way to defeat the proposed plan.—But the very next evening his daughters were visited by their friends, the daughters of Mr. Armstrong; and before the evening was over, the consent of Mr. and Mrs. Ashton was gained that their girls should accompany their young friends to the country, to 'stay all summer if you choose,' said the mother, 'but I shall expect to see you back in a week.'

A merry travelling party the seven girls made, a pleasant journey was theirs to the place of farms. Agnes and Sarah Armstrong took Ada Ashton with them, while Grace and Florence Armstrong, and Juliia and Carrie Ashton, boarded together. They were made cheerfully welcome by the honest farmers, and eat with keen relish of the good supper provided for them. The Ashton girls owned that they had not felt so hungry for a year.

'We will put a different color on those pale cheeks, my little dears,' said the pleasant Mrs. Stone, the wife of the farmer where Julia and Carrie were to board. The girls fell in love with Mrs. Stone at first sight. She had the sweetest, most genial face in the world, her voice was as pleasant as her countenance. As, she was a charming and admirable woman. No wonder that the girls loved her as soon as they saw her.

'I am sure you are very good ma'am; and we shall be happier here than we ever were in our lives. I feel at home already,' said Julia Ashton, impulsively.

As the travellers were weary they retired early to their rooms. Sweet, white washed rooms, fragrant with flowers and *clean oders.* The snowy beds invited them, and soon they were lost in dreams. Meanwhile the other members of the party were equally p'eased with their reception and accommodations.

'How many girls want to see a splendid sunrise?' cried the next morning the voice of a man, standing at the foot of the stairs.

'It is Mr. Stone,' cried Grace, leaping at the same moment from dreamland and from bed.' 'Jump into anything girls, and hurry down. We will carry a towel and wash at the brook.'

'Wait! we are all coming,' called Florence, opening the door a little.

'Well, hurry, for I can't wait long.

In three minutes the troop was at Mr. Stone's heels, and away they went to the field.

* * * * * * *

'Well, Armstrong,' said Mr. Ashton to his friend, on finding himself again seated beside him in a down town car, 'my young ones are so in love with the country that I can't get them home.—Carrie actually pleads for permission to *live* with good Mrs. Stone, whom she calls the best woman in the world, and better even than an own mother. Your rustic friend must be a remarkable woman, hey?'

'She is, Ashton. A more agreeable person it would be hard to find. All my girls love her very much. What is you. haste to recall your family? 'Tis sickly yet. Let them remain until October.'

'Oh, I can't get along any longer without them; the house is like a tomb, and I must have them back next week.'

But the girls accustomed to have their own way flatly refused to come unless their parents both went for them. 'We want you to know these are the best of people, especially Mr. Stone,' they wrote 'and we want you to get at least one good smell of the delicious air of this place. Mr. and Mrs. Ashton complied with the desire of their children, and one day at sunset they stood at the gate of farmer Stone s commodious house.

Who were the rosy girls that sprang to meet them? Surely not their their thin, delicate daughters.

'Oh! father, oh! mother—we are so glad! Coms in! come in! Mrs. Stone! Mrs. Stone! here is father and mother! cried the girls and then Grace and Julia rushed into the porch and instantly returned, dragging in the blushing and flattered-looking lady of the house.

She had never appeared more charming in her life than she did then, with her children clinging about her, and contending with each other who should say the most in her praise, So thought Mr. Ashton as he looked upon Mary, his sweetheart of the olden time, and he knew her at the first glance.

'And is it so? he said, as he took her plump hand and pressed it warmly—Mary understood him but no one else did.

All the girls were there, and there was no hearing one s own ears. Presently Mr. Stone cleared them all out, to allow Mr. and Mrs Ashton to take their supper in peace.

'My girls are re-created, and I am sure they owe much of the r fine condition to your motherly care. My dear Mrs. Stone, how shall we ever thank you?

By sending them to me every summer was her smiling reply.

A pleasant visit soon passed, and then the Ashtons all took leave of their dear friends, and returned to the city.

'We shall all be back next summer, cried Carrie, waving her handkerchief to her beloved foster mother, as she oalled Mrs. Stone. In saying so she tried to find comfort for the present parting.

'We shall all be back next summer, said all the girls: and Ada and Julia kept their word, but Carrie forgot her promise.

The next summer came, and Carrie s two sisters went again to the country; but they left poor Carrie sleeping, cold and white, in the family tomb. She had not been in the city three weeks ere a fever laid her low. and in a week more she was dead; and they laid her by the side of her sleeping sisters.

Mrs. Stone wept when she greeted Ada and Julia. Her pet was not there.

Summer after summer the two sisters came to reside, during several months, witp Mrs Stone, and at last Ada returned to the city no more, ezcept as a visitor, for one of those 'boys' had prevailed on her to remain and take upon herself the care of him. Julia settled in the city near her parents, but she too 'petrified' that is, turned to stone, by means of the 'boy' that went tr college.

Rumseller's Advertisement.

FRIENDS AND NEIGHBORS—Having just opened a commodious shop for the sale of 'Liquid Fire,' I take this opportunity of informing you that, on Saturday next, I shall commence the business of making drunkards, paupers and beggars, for the sobei, industrious and respectable portion of community to support.

I shall deal in 'familiar spirits,' which will excite men to deeds of riot, robbery, and blood: and by so doing, diminish the comforts, augment the expenses and endanger the welfare of the community

I will undertake, at short notice, for a small sum, and with the greatest expedition, to prepare victims for the asylum, the poor houses, the prisons, and the gallows.

I will furnish an article that will increase the amount of fatal accidents, multiply the number of distressing diseases, and render those which are harmless, incurable.

I will deal in drugs which will deprive some of life, some of reason, most of property, and all of peace; which will causr fathers to be fiends: wives, widows children, orphans, and all mendicants.

I will cause the rising generation to grow up in ignorance, and prove a burden and a nuisance to the nation.

I will cause mothers to forget their suckling infants; virgins their priceless innocence.

I will corrupt the ministers of religion obstruct the progress of the Gospel, defile the purity of the church, and cause temporal, spiritual and eternal death; and if any one should be so impertinent as to ask why have I the audacity to bring such accumulated misery upon a comparative happy people, my honest reply is—Money.

The spirit trade is lucrative, and some professing christians give it cheerful countenance.

I have license, and if I do not bring these evils upon you, somebody else will.

I live in a land of liberty.

I have purchased the right to demolish the character,, destroy the health, shorten the lives and ruin the souls of those who choose to honor me with their custom

I pledge myse'f to do all I have herein promised. Those who wish any of the evils above specified brought upon themselves or their dearest friends are requested to meet me at my bar, where I will, for a few cents, furnish them with the certain means of doing so.

WHAT SHE WANTS.

I want to take ethereal flights
Above this world of ours,
And bask beneath the sunshine bright
In God's celestial bowers.

And when my course of life is done,
And death's hands on me laid,
I want to lay me down and die—
But not a sour old maid.

A POET offered the following evidence of *true love* to his sweet-heart:—

I love you as the golden touch
That brightens up the morn—
I love you (this is saying much,)
As I love my morning horn.

THE REV. J. H. AUGHLEY, in his "Iron Furnace," a narrative of his experience and sufferings in rebeldom, gives the following report of a sermon which was delivered by an unlettered preacher in Mississippi:

"*My Brethering and Sistern:*—I air a ignorant man, follered the plow all my life, and never rubbed agin narry college. As I said afore I'm ignoraut; and I thank God for it. [Brother Jones responds: 'I'arson, yer ought to be very thankful, fur yer very ignorant.'] Well, I'm agin all high larnt fellers what preaches grammer and Greek fur a thousand dollars a year. They preaches fur the money and they gits it, and that's all they git. They've got so high larnt they contradicts Scripter what plainly tells us that the sun rises and sets. They says it don't, but that the yearth whirls round like clay to the seal. What ud come of the water in the wells ef it did? Wouldn't it all spill out and leave em dry, and whar'd we be? I may say to them as the sarpent said unto David, 'Much larning hath made thee mad.'

"When I preaches I never takes a tex till I git inter the pulpit: then I preaches a plain sarment what even women can understand. I never premedertates, but what is given to me in that same hour, that I sez.—Now I'm a gwine tor open the Bible, and the first verse I sees I'm a gwine to take it ler a tex. (suiting the action to the word, he opened the Bible and commenced reading and spelling together,) Man is f-e-a-r-f-u-l-l-y—fearfully—and w-o-n-d-e-r-f-u-l-l-y—wonderfully—m-a-d-e-mad—(pronounced mad.) Well it is a squar tex, but I said I's a gwine to preach from it, and I'm a gwine to do it. In the fust place I'll divide my sarment into three heads. Fust and foremost I show you that a man will git mad; second, that sometimes he'll git ferfully mad, anu thirdly and lastly, when thert's lot of things to vex and pester him, he'll get fearfully and wonderfully mad. And in the application I'll show you that good men sometimes gits mad, for the Possle David hisself, who wrote the tex, got mad and called all men liars and cussed his enemies, wishen 'em to go down quick into hell; and Noah he got tite and cussed his nigger boy Hrm, just like some drunken master now cuses his niggers. But Noah and David repented, and all on us what gits mad must repent or the devil'll git us."

JUST LIKE ROSECRANS.—Mr. J. W. has handed us a letter from his brother, a chaplain in the army of the Cumberland, who gave this interesting anecdote of Gen Rosecrans:

On Wednesday, while we were stationed as guard to the ford, Gen. Rosecrans, came up to Col. Price, commanding the brigade, and said:

'You're Col. Price, commanding the second brigade, are you?

'Yes, sir.'

'Well, Colonel, will you hold this ford?'

'Well, General, I will if I can.'

'That won't do, sir,' said Rosecrans. 'Will you hold this ford?'

'I'll die in the attempt, 'responded the cautious Colonel.

'That won't do, sir. *Will you hold this ford?*'

'I will,' said the Colonel, firmly, and Gen. Rosecrans rode off without another word, and left the Colonel to fulfil his promise.

DEATH BY BLEEDING.—The Registrar General States, in his weekly return for London, that the son of a brewer s servant died at 1, Elizabeth Place, Ratcliffe, by hemorrhage from a wound in the head, caused by a shell falling on him from the mantel-piece. (Inquest.) The coroner adds that the mother has lost five children in this way, two of whom died in the London hospital from a scratch in the hand. If they bleed but the smallest quantity, they die. Dr. Arnold states that this is the consequence of a hemorrhagic diathesis.

GIVING THE HAND.—A very solemn method of taking an oath in the East, is by joining hands, uttering at the same time a curse upon the false swearer. To this form, the wise man probably alludes in that proverb: "Though hand join in hand"—thought they ratify their agreement by oath—"the wicked, shall not be unpunished; but the seed of the righteous shall be delivered." This form of swearing is observed in Egypt and the vicinity.

A PAPER COFFEE CUP.—Some ingenious German has invented a paper cup, which will completely hold a draught of the hottest liquid, and can be bought for a farthing. By means of this invention the good people of Berlin take up and drink at their ease, as they go along the railroad, the cups of coffee which comfort-loving Englishmen find it impossible to swallow without scalding their throats.—*London Review.*

SPICY SUBSTITUTE FOR CENOS.—Owing to the scarcity of 'small change, the grocers of New Haven (Connecticut) are issuing nutmegs [wooden one s?] representing one cent each, to their customers We suggest that, for 'coin of greater growth, they should issue *nutmeg graters.*

A TRUE EPITAPH.—Here is a sharp and spicy epitaph on an old cardinal, reminding us of Shakespeare: "he evil men do; &c.:—

Here lies a cardinal who wrought
Both good and evil in his time:
The good he did was good for naught;
Not so the evil!—that was prime.

☞A New York joker asks, when is charity like a top? and answers, when it begins to hum.