Civilian and Telegraph.

VOLUME XXXVII. CUMBERLAND, MD., THURSDAY, JAN. 7, 1864. NUMBER 1.

Civilian & Telegraph

IS PUBLISHED

Every Thursday Morning.

W. EVANS, Editor and Proprietor.
GEO. W. HOOVER, Publisher.

Office in Second Story of Brooks' Block, Balto. St., near the Bridge,

TERMS:

TWO DOLLARS per annum, strictly in advance, $2.50 if not so paid, and $3.00 if not paid within the year.

Bear in mind that no paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

Rates of Advertising.

One square of 10 lines or less, one insertion, $1—subsequent insertions 25 cents each.

Business Cards in the Directory, per annum, including subscription, $5.

MONTHS.	ONE	TWO	THREE	SIX	TWELVE.
One square,	1 25	2 25	3 50	6 00	10 00
Two squares	2 25	4 00	5 00	9 00	14 10
Three "	3 50	5 00	7 50	12 00	18 00
Four "	4 50	6 00	8 00	14 00	20 00
Quarter col.	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00	30 00

Larger space for short periods, as per agreement.

Advertisements before Marriages and Deaths 10 cts. per line for first insertion—subsequent insertions, 5 cents per line. Nine words are counted as a line in advertising.

Merchants and others, advertising by the year, will be charged $12 00.

Proceedings of meetings not of a general character, charged at 4 cents per line for each insertion.

Yearly advertisers must confine their advertising to their own business.

ALL TRANSIENT ADVERTISING, cash in advance.

Persons ordering the insertion of legal advertisements will be held responsible for payment for the same when the time for which they were ordered to be inserted shall have expired.

INSOLVENT NOTICES, cash in advance.

PATENT MEDICINES, one half in advance and the balance in six months.

ALL JOB WORK, CASH.

The losses we have sustained compel us to adopt this course. It will be strictly adhered to in all cases, and no advertisement will be inserted unless accompanied by the cash.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Judge of Circuit Court—Hon. D. WEISEL.
Clerk of Circuit Court—HORACE RESLER.
Register of Wills—JOHN B. WIDENER.
Sheriff—THOS. G. McCULLOH.
State's Attorney—C. B. THURSTON.
Surveyor—WILLIAM BRACE.
Clerk to County Commissioners—JACOB BROWN.
Judges of the Orphans' Court—
MOSES RAWLINGS,
ALEXANDER KING,
FRANCIS MATTINGLY.

NOT ALCOHOLIC.

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

VEGETABLE EXTRACT.

A PURE TONIC.

Doctor Hoofland's GERMAN BITTERS,

PREPARED BY

Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia, Pa.

Will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or blood to the head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits, and will positively prevent Yellow Fever, Billious Fever, &c. They contain no Alchohol or bad Whiskey! They WILL CURE the above diseases in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred.

Induced by the extensive sale and universal popularity of Hoofland's German Bitters, (purely vegetable,) hosts of ignorant Quacks, and unscrupulous adventurers, have opened upon suffering humanity the flood gates of Nostrums in the shape of poor whiskey, vilely compounded with injurious drugs, and Christened Tonics, Stomachics and Bitters.

Beware of the innumerable array of Alchoholic preparations in plethoric bottles and big bellied kegs, under the modest appellation of Bitters; which instead of curing, only aggravate disease, and leave the disappointed sufferer in despair.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS! are not a new and untried article, but have stood the test of fifteen years trial by the American public; and their reputation and sale, are not rivalled by any similar preparation.

The proprietors have thousands of Letters from the most eminent Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and Citizens, testifying of their own personal knowledge, to the beneficial effects and medical virtues of these Bitters.

Do you want something to strengthen you? Do you want a good appetite? Do you want to build up your constitution? Do you want to feel well? Do you want to get rid of nervousness? Do you want energy? Do you want to sleep well? Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling? If you do, use Hoffland's German Bitters.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects; I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alchoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

J. NEWTON BROWN.

Philad'a., June 23, 1863.

PARTICULAR NOTICE

There are many preparations sold under the name of Bitters, put up in quart bottles, compounded of the cheapest whiskey or common rum, costing from 20 to 40 cents per gallon, the taste disguised by Anise or Coriander Seed. This class of Bitters has caused and will continue to cause, as long as they can be sold, hundreds to die the death of the drunkard. By their use the system is kept continually under the influence of Alcoholic Stimulants of the worst kind, the desire for liquor is created and kept up, and the result is all the horrors attendant upon a drunkard's life and death.

For those who desire and will have a liquor Bitters, we publish the following receipt. Get One Bottle Hoofflands German Bitters and mix with Three quarts of good Brandy or Whiskey and the result will be a preparation that will far excel in medicinal virtues and true excellence any of the numerous Liquor Bitters in the market, and will cost much less. You will have all the virtues of Hoofland's German Bitters' in connection with a good article of Liquor, at a much less price than these inferior preparations will cost you.

ATTENTION SOLDIERS! And the friends of Soldiers. We call the attention of all having relations in the army to the fact that 'HOOFLAND'S German Bitters' will cure nine tenths of the diseases induced by exposures and privations incident to camp life. In the lists, published almost daily in the newspapers on the arrival of the sick, it will be noticed that a very large proportion are suffering from debility. Every case of that kind can be readily cured by Hoofland's German Bitters. Diseases resulting from disorders of the digestive organs are speedily removed. We have no hesitation in stating that, if these Bitters were freely used among our soldiers, hundreds of lives might be saved that otherwise will be lost.

We call particular attention to the following remarkable and well authenticated cure of one of the nation's heroes, whose life, to use his own language, has been saved by the bitters

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 23d, 1862.

Messrs. Jones & Evans:—Well, gentlemen, your Hoofland's German Bitters has saved my life. There is no mistake in this. It is vouched for by numbers of my comrades, some of whose names are appended, and who were fully cognizant of all the circumstances of my case. I am and have been for the last four years, a member of Sherman's celebrated battery, and under the immediate command of Capt. R. B. Ayres. Through the exposure attendant upon my arduous duties, I was attacked in November last with inflammation of the lungs, and was for seventy two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed from the White House, and sent to this city on board the steamer 'State of Maine,' from which I landed on the 28th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow anything, and if I *did* force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archer, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited me. An acquaintance who visited me at the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinbron, of Sixth below Arch Street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the gloomy shadow of death receded, and I am now, thank God for it, getting better. Though I have taken but two bottles, I have gained ten pounds, and I feel sanguine of being permitted to rejoin my wife and daughter, from whom I have heard nothing for eighteen months: for, gentlemen, I am a loyal Virginian, from the vicinity of Front Royal. To your invaluable Bitters I owe the certainty of life which has taken the place of vague fears—to your Bitters will I owe the glorious privilege of again clasping to my bosom those who are dearest to me in life.

Very truly Yours, ISAAC MALONE.

We fully concur in the truth of the above statement, as we had despaired of seeing our comrade, Mr. Malone, restored to health.

John Cuddleback, 1st New York Battery.
George A. Ackley, Co. G. 11th Maine.
Lewis Chevalier, 924 New York.
L. E. Spencer, 1st Artillery, Battery F.
J. B. Fasewell, Co. B. 3d Vermont.
H. B. Jerome, Co. B. do.
H. T. McDonald, Co. C. 6th Maine.
John F. Ward, Co. E, 5th Maine.
Herman Koch, Co. H. 72d New York.
N. B. Thomas, Co. F. 95th Penn.
A. J. Kimball, Co. A. 3d Vermont.
John Jenkins, Co. B, 106th Penn.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

See that the signature of 'C. M. Jackson," is on the wrapper of each bottle.

Price Per Bottle 75 Cts. or Half Doz. for $4,00.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

Principal Office and Manufactory, No. 631 Arch St.

JONES & EVANS,
(Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.,
Proprietors.

☞ For Sale by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States.

Business Directory,

CUMBERLAND, MD.

R. I. MORRIS,
BAKER AND CONFECTIONER,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Foreign and American Fruits Toys, Groceries, Segars, Tobacco, &c., &c.
THREE DOORS EAST POST OFFICE
April 9, 1863.

DENTISTRY.
DR. HUMMELSHIME, DENTIST, Corner of Baltimore and Liberty Streets, over Read's Grocery Store, and opposite Campbell's Drug Store, Cumberland, Md.

WILLIAM R. BEALL, & CO.,
Wholesale & Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES, TEAS, LIQUORS &c.
near the Depot, Balto. Street.

CUMBERLAND FOUNDRY,
TAYLOR & CO.,
Iron and Brass Founders,
George's street, CUMBERLAND, MD,
Manufacturers of
Steam Engines, Boilers, Railroad and Mine Cars, Mining Machinery. Furnaces, Stoves, Grates, Mill-Irons, Plows, Agricultural Implements, &c.
March 17, 1859—y.

JOSEPH SPRIGG
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Jan. 1863 Cumberland, Md.

THE PUBLIC. The undersigned, being well known as a writer, would offer his services to all requiring LITERARY AID. He will furnish Addresses, Orations, Essays, Presentations, Speeches, Replies, and Lines for Albums, Acrostics—prepare matter for the Press—Obituaries; and write Poetry upon any subject.—Address FINLEY JOHNSON,
Nov. 20, 1862. Baltimore, Md.

Fancy Goods and Notions.
JUST received from New York a choice lot of Fancy Goods and Notions, at the book Store, St. Nicholas Hotel.
May 28. WM. ANDREWS.

Terms Reduced to Old Price.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1864.
Great Literary and Pictorial Year!

THE publisher of Godey's Lady's Book, thankful to that public which has enabled him to publish a magazine for the last *thirty-four* years of a larger circulation than any in America, has made an arrangement with the most popular authoress in this country—

MARION HARLAND,

Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," and "Miriam,"

who will furnish stories for the Lady's Book for 1864. This alone will place the Lady's Book in a literary point of view far ahead of any other magazine. Marion Harland writes for no other magazine Our other favorite writers will all continue to furnish articles throughout the year.

THE BEST

Lady's Magazine in the World, and Cheapest.

THE LITERATURE

is of that kind that can be read aloud in the family circle, and the clergy in immense numbers are subscribers for the Book.

THE MUSIC

is all original, and would cost 25 cents (the price of the book) in the music stores; but most of it is copyrighted, and cannot be obtained except in "Godey."

OUR STEEL ENGRAVINGS.

All efforts to rival us in this have ceased, and we now stand alone in this department, giving, as we do, many more and infinitely better engravings than are published in any other work.

GODEY'S

Immense Double-Sheet Fashion-Plates.

CONTAINING

From five to seven full length Colored Fashions on each plate. Other magazines give only two.

FAR AHEAD OF ANY FASHIONS IN EUROPE OR AMERICA.

THE PUBLICATION OF THESE PLATES COST

$10,000 MORE

than Fashion-plates of the old Style, and nothing but our wonderfully large circulation enables us to give them. Other magazines cannot afford it. We never spare money when the public can be benefitted.

These fashions may be relied on. Dresses may be made after them, and the wearer will not subject herself to ridicule, as would be the case if she visited the large cities dressed after the style of the plates given in some of our so-called fashion magazines.

OUR WOOD ENGRAVINGS

of which we give twice or thrice as many as any other magazine, are often mistaken for steel. They are so far superior to any others.

IMITATIONS.

Beware of them. Remember that the Lady's Book is the original publication and the cheapest. If you take Godey, you want no other magazine.

Everything that is useful or ornamental in a house can be found in Godey.

DRAWING LESSONS.

No other magazine gives them, and we have given enough to fill several large volumes.

OUR RECEIPTS

are such as can be found nowhere else. Cooking in all its variety—Confectionery—the Nursery—the Toilet—the Laundry—the Kitchen. Receipts upon all subjects are to be found in the pages of the Lady's Book. We originally started this department, and have peculiar facilities for making it perfect. This department alone is worth the price of the Book.

LADIES' WORK TABLE.

This department comprises engravings and descriptions of every article that a lady wears.

MODEL COTTAGES.

No other magazine has this department.

Terms, Cash in Advance.

To any Post-office in the United States.

One copy one year, $3. Two copies one year, $5. Three copies one year, $6. Four copies one year, $7.

Five copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, $10.

Eight copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, $15.

Eleven copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club, $20.

And the ONLY magazine that can be introduced into the above clubs in place of the Lady's Book is Arthur's Home Magazine.

Special Clubbing With Other Magazines.

Godey's Ladey's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine both one year for $3 50.
Godey's Lady's Book and Harper's Magazine both one year for $4 50.
Godey, Harper, and Arthur will all three be sent one year, on receipt of $6 00.

Treasury Notes and Notes of all solvent banks taken at par.

Be careful and pay the postage on your letter. Address

L. A. GODEY,
323 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Dec. 3, 1863—1m.

Lumber! Lumber!

JOSIAH WITT,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
LUMBER.
Mechanic street, Big Spring Lot, Cumberland, Maryland.
Contracts filled at short notice for Lumber, Shingler, and Laths. Oct. 8, '63—y.

Dr. G. J. BEACHY,
DENTIST.
Office (up stairs) on Baltimore street, near the corner of Baltimore and Mechanic streets, one door east of Brady & Startzman's store, Cumberland, Md.
September 17, 1863

Dr. W. B. McCORMICK,
OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of the city of Cumberland and vicinity. Office on Baltimore street, near Wills Creek bridge, opposite the "Civilian and Telegraph" office, Cumberland, Md. Oct. 8, 1863.

COAL OIL LAMPS.
WE have just received a fine assortment consisting of all kinds of Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns.
Sept. 3, 1863. H. LE FEVRE & CO.

WANTED.
10,000 LBS. old Cotton Rags wanted for which the highest Cash price will paid. Call at this office.

ALMONDS, FILBERTS, &c.—All kinds of Nuts on hand and for sale cheap by
April 9 R. I. MORRIS, near P. Office.

BANJOS Just received at WM. ANDREWS'
Jan. 29. Under St. Nicholas Hotel.

Writing Desks and Port Folios.
Large stock of writing Desks and Port Folios just received, cheap for cash, at Hale Swartzwelder's under Belvidere hall Baltimore street, Cumberland, Md. October 15, 1863.

PROCLAMATION!

To the Citizens of Cumberland and Vicinity.

BE it known, that Christmas is fast approaching,—the place to make your purchases and get double your money's worth in good and useful Holiday presents is at Gratton's Gift Book Store, corner of Baltimore and Holiday Sts.

Every person buying one dollars worth, or more from our stock, consisting of

All the Standard Works.
All the late Publications.
All kinds of Stationery.
All Styles of Bibles.
All the Hymn Books in use.
All the Prayer Books &c., &c.,

shall receive some one of the following gifts, all of which are useful and valuables.

RETAIL PRICES.

Silver Hunting Case Lever Watches		$15,00
" " " Cylinder "		10,00
" Plated Ice Pitchers.		10,00
" " Castors	450 to	12,00
" " Cake Baskets	500 to	10,00
" " Goblets		3,00
" " Salt Castors		2,00
" " Napkin Rings		75
" " Sugar Shovels		75
" " Butter Knives		75
" " Cream Spoons		1,00
" " Tea Bell		2,00
" " Tea Spoons		1,50
" " Tea Sets		50,00
" " Magic Castors		20,00
" " Butter Dishes		15,00
" " Berry Dishes		9,00
" " Fruit Knives		75

To those desiring it, we will give a half dollars worth of Stationery, for the smallest Gifts on the Catalogue.

A Large and Beautifull Assortment of

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS

from $1,00 to $15,00. And a

HANDSOME GIFT

with each.

We shall give away Three Hundred dollars worth of

VALUABLE GIFTS

with every one thousand dollars worth sold.

Call in and see the immense and beautiful **Stock of Gifts** on exhibition, and judge if it is not for your interest to patronize us. We wish it distinctly understood that we shall sell our goods as low as any of our neighbors and

Give a Gift in the Bargain.

GEO. GRATTON,
Proprietor.

Cor. Baltimore and Holiday Sts.
Dec. 10, 1863.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

Magic Time Observers.

Being a Hunting or Open Face or Lady's or Gentleman's Watch Combined, with Self Winding Improvement, a most Pleasing Novelty.

One of the prettiest, most convenient, and decidedly the best and cheapest time-pieces for general and reliable use ever offered. It has within it connected with its machinery, its own winding attachment rendering a key entirely unnecessary. The cases of this Watch are composed of two metals, the outer one being fine 16 carret gold. It has the improved ruby action lever movement, and is warranted an accurate time-piece. Price superbly engraved, per case of half a dozen, $20. Sample Watches, in neat morrocco boxes, $35

SILVER WATCHES.

First Class Hunting Timepieces for accuracy of movement, beauty of material, and, above all, cheapness in price, these watches must insure universal approbation.

An imitation so faultless that it can hardly be detected by the most experienced judges. The material being of two metals, the outer one first quality Sterling Silver, while the inner one is German Silver, it cannot be recognized by cutting or heavy engraving, making it, not only in appearance, but in durability, the best resemblance of SOLID STERLING SILVER in existence.

The sale of these Watches in the army is a source of enormous profit, retailing as they very readily do, at $25 and upwards Many hundred dollars can be made in a single pay day by any one of ordinary business tact.

☞ AT WHOLESALE ONLY! In heavy hunting cases, beautifully engraved, white enamel dial, and fancy cut hands, in good running order, by the half dozen, $66. Sold only by the case of six!

Upon receipt of two dollars, as guarantee of good faith, we will send watches by express to any part of the loyal States, collecting balance of bill on delivery. This ensures buyers against fraud, giving them their watches before payment is required. Send orders to the sole importer.

GAIUS WHEATON,
No. 12 Jeweler's Exchange. Cor. Cortland St. and Broadway, N. Y. Dec. 3.—3t.

By W. L. Wall & Co.,
AUCTIONEERS.
South Corner of Penn. Avenue and 9th Streets, Washington D. C.

MINING STOCK
AT AUCTION.

IN pursuance of a deed of trust dated 10th day of December, 1854, and recorded in the Clerk's office of Allegany county, Maryland, in Liber H. R. No 11, folio 650 &c., and by direction of the trustee therein named, we will sell at public auction, on

Saturday, 9th day of January, 1864,

at 4 o'clock, P. M. at our Auction Rooms, in the city of Washington, D. C., for cash the following Stock, viz:

505 Shares in the Frostburg Coal Company.
4666 Shares in the Wither's Mining Company.
500 Shares in the Allegany Mining Company.

W. L. WALL & CO.,
Dec. 3, 1863.—ts. Auctioneers.

HOME AGAIN!

Dr J. W. EWING

respectfully informs his old friends and the public, that he has again returned to his old stand in Cumberland, Baltimore st., opposite the Post Office, where he is associated with Mr. G. B. M'Laughlin in his old business—the photographic art. Being prepared to execute all kinds of work in the finest style of the art, no pictures allowed to leave the gallery unless of the best quality.

Husband, wife, parent, child, brother, sister friend, all who love some dear distant or departed friend, what would you not give to gaze again upon the features of the lost loved one Come then while you have the opportunity and get good pictures at low prices, the value of which will be incalculable to your friends years to come Remember "delays are dangerous."

Dec. 10, 1863.

CARY'S Cough Cure, for Coughs, colds, &c &c Try it. Agency at
Feb. 7. W. BEALL & CO.

U. S. 5-20'S.

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY has not yet given notice of any intention to withdraw this popular Loan from Sale at Par and until ten days notice is given, the undersigned, as "GENERAL SUBSCRIPTION AGENT," will continue to supply the public.

The whole amount of the Loan authorized is Five Hundred Million of Dollars. Nearly Four Hundred Millions have been already subscribed for and paid into the Treasury, mostly within the last seven months. The large demand from abroad, and the rapidly increasing home demand for use as the basis for circulation by National Banking Associations now organizing in all parts of the country, will, in a very short period, absorb the balance. Sales have lately ranged from ten to fifteen millions weekly, frequently exceeding three millions daily, and as it is well known that the Secretary of the Treasury has ample and unfailing resources in the Duties on Imports and Internal Revenues, and in the issue of the Interest bearing Legal Tender Treasury Notes, it is almost a certainty that he will not find it necessary, for a long time to come, to seek a market for any other long or permanent Loans, THE INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL OF WHICH ARE PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Prudence and self interest must force the minds of those contemplating the formation of National Banking Associations, as well as the minds of all who have idle money on their hands, to the prompt conclusion that they should lose no time in subscribing to this most popular Loan. It will soon be beyond their reach, and advance to a handsome premium, as was the result with the "Seven Thirty" Loan, when it was all sold and could no longer be subscribed for at par.

IT IS A SIX PER CENT LOAN, THE INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL PAYABLE IN COIN, THUS YIELDING OVER NINE PER CENT. PER ANNUM at the present rate of premium on coin.

The Government requires all duties on imports to be paid in Coin; these duties have for a long time past amounted to over a Quarter of a Million of Dollars daily, a sum nearly three times greater than that required in the payment of the interest on all the 5-20's and other permanent Loans. So that it is hoped that the surplus coin in the Treasury, at no distant day, will enable the United States to resume specie payments upon all liabilities.

The Loan is called 5-20 from the fact that whilst the Bonds may run for 20 years yet the Government has a right to pay them off in Gold at par, at any time after 5 years.

THE INTEREST IS PAID HALF-YEARLY, viz: on the first days of November and May

Subscribers can have Coupon Bonds, which are payable to bearer, and are $50, $100 $ 00, and $1000; or Registered Bonds of same denominations, and in addition, $5,000 and $10,000. For Banking purposes and for investments of Trust monies the Registered Bonds are preferable.

These 5-20's cannot be taxed by States, cities, towns or counties, and the Government tax on them is only one and a half per cent., on the amount of income, when the income of the holder exceeds $600 per annum; all other investments, such as income from Mortgage, Railroad Stock and Bonds, etc., must pay from three to five per cent tax on the income.

Banks and Bankers throughout the Country will continue to dispose of the Bonds; and all orders by mail, or otherwise, promptly attended to.

The inconvenience of a few days' delay in the delivery of the Bonds is unavoidable, the demand being so great; but as interest commences from the day of subscription, no loss is occasioned, and every effort is being made to diminish the delay.

JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
114 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILA.
Dec. 3—4w.

Arthur's Home Magazine For 1864.

Edited by T. S. ARTHUR and VIRGINIA F. TOWNSEND.

Volumes XXIII and XXIV.

The HOME MAGAZINE for 1864 will be conducted in the same spirit that has distinguished it from the commencement, and continue to unite in one periodical the attraction and excellencies of both of the Ladies', or Fashion Magazines as they are called, and the graver literary monthlies. *Our arrangements for 1864 include*

Three Original Serial Stories

written expressly for the Home Magazine.—One of these will be by Miss VIRGINIA F. TOWNSEND, and commence in the January number. Another will be by T. S. ARTHUR. And third from the pen of Mrs. M. A. DENNISON, a writer who has long been a favorite with the public.

Besides these our large corps of Talented Writers will continue to enrich the Home Magazine with shorter stories, poems, essays, and sketches of life and character, written with the aim of blending literary excellence with

Elegant Engravings

appear in every number, including choice pictures, groups and characters, prevailing fashions, and a large variety of patterns for garments, embroidery, etc. etc.,

Premiums for getting up Clubs

Our Premium Plates for 1864 are large and beautiful Photographs of "EVANGELINE" and "THE MOTHERLESS BAIRN."

Terms—$2 a year in advance. Two copies for $3. Three for $4. Four for $5. Eight and one extra to getter-up of club, $10.—Twelve and one extra, $15. Seventeen, and one extra, $20. PREMIUMS.—one to every $2 subscriber; and one to getter-up of $3, $4, $5, or $10 club. Both premiums sent to getter up of $15 and $20 clubs.

☞ In ordering premiums send three red stamps to prepay postage on same.

Address T. S. ARTHUR & Co.
323 Walnut St., Philadelphia.
Dec. 10, 1863.

Notice to Passengers.

Cumberland and Pennsylvania Railroad.

ON and after Monday, November 2d, and until further notice, Passenger Cars on this road will run as follows:

EAST.		LEAVE.	WEST.
5.45a.m.	*6p.m.	Piedmont	
6.05 "	*6.20"	Barton	5.15a.m. 5.30p.m.
6.25 "		Lonaconing	5 " 5.15p.m.
7 "	12.15"	Frostburg	4.30p.m.
7.45 "	1 "	Mt. Savage	10.45.a.m, 3.45p.m.
		Cumberland	9 " 3 "

*To Lonaconing only.

Nov. 5, 1863—tf. C. SLACK, Superintendent.

Notice.

THE Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the American Coal Company of Allegany county Md., will be held at the office of the Company in the city of New York on Thursday the 24th day of December next for the election of nine Directors to serve during the ensuing year, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting. Polls open at 10 o'clock and close at 2 o'clock P. M. The Transfer Books will be closed on the 14th and re-opened on the 26th inst.

G. P. LLOYD,
Dec. 19, 1863—2t Secretary.

Why Can't I Have A Beau?

O dear! O dear! there's just one thing
I dearly love to know—
Why can't I have, like other girls,
A young and handsome beau!

There's Sallie Jones, and Nettie Smith,
And freckeled Susie Grow,
A trio like the Gordon Maids,
Yet each one has a beau!

But here's poor me, as fair a flower
As ever chanced to blow—
My winning voice and sweet beguiles—
All fail to catch a beau!

I dress as neat and smile as sweet,
As any girl I know,
Yet, as I live, I do believe
I'll never get a beau!

I am always found in best attire,
Wherever gents may go,
Yet not one chap in all the lot
Asks me to be a beau!

Confound such men, such silly dolls—
How very dull and low,
To stand and look, to grin and squint—
Afraid to be a beau!

Just list to me, ye gawky clowns,
Now don't you fully know,
That you should be, each one of you,
Some fair young lady's beau!

Then brush your teeth, and all your hair,
And let your 'stachies grow,
And turn to be a civil man—
A gay and gallant beau!

From the Bucyrus (Ohio) Journal.

Romance in Real Life.

In one of the townships of this county, a little north of Bucyrus, dwelt a well-to-do widower of about fifty, with an only son of twenty-two or three. Mr. ——(we withhold names for obvious reasons) had been a widower for many years, and became weary of that mode of living; he accordingly determined to marry again. The determination once formed, the next thing was to find the woman necessary, which in this country is not at all difficult. Fortunately for him a widow lady resided near him, who had a daughter possessing all the requirements. She was a beautiful girl of twenty years, accomplished and sprightly—just the one he wanted. To be sure she was rather young, but Mr. —— was young looking also. Sometimes his mind would wander to the mother, who was quite as handsome as the daughter, and almost as young in appearance, but he had made up his mind to marry the daughter, and set about it with a will. He did not mention his determination to his son, fearing the idea of marrying one so much younger than himself might expose him to ridicule.

In the meantime his son had become desperately enamored of the widow, and had likewise determined upon marrying her He did not communicate the fact to his father, for the same reason that actuated the old gentleman, for fear of exciting ridicule by marrying a woman so much older than himself. They both commenced calling at the house of the widow, and frequently met each other there. This circumstance annoyed them both immensely. The old gentleman thought, very naturally, that the young was there for the young lady, and the young gentleman as naturally supposed the old man was there for the widow.

As the matter progressed the meetings of the father and son at that place became frequent, and the more often it occurred the more intolerable it became. Finally, Mr. —— determined to speak to his son on the subject,

"Charles, said, he, I have determined to marry, and thought it but right and proper to make you acquainted with the determination."

"Very good, replied Charles. I consider it very proper that you should do so And, speaking of marrying, I have concluded to marry myself."

"I approve of the idea, returned the old gentlemen: you are of a suitable age to settle down. May I ask the name of your intended?

Mrs. ——, exclaimed Charles, rising up and assuming a defiant look.

"Whew, whistled the old gentleman; fine woman, Charles, but isn't she a trifle too advanced in years.

"I think not, said he. But who have you decided upon?"

Why, Charles, it is a very curious circumstance, but I have determined to marry her daughter."

"Daughter! exclaimed Charles; why you are at least twice as old as she is; I don't object."

The matter was thus happily settled, and in course of a few weeks it was satisfactorily arranged with the widow and the daughter, and the parties were married.

Very soon after the marriage was consumated, they all discovered that they had made a great mistake. The son found that the widow was altogether too motherly for the wife of a young man of twenty-three, and the old gentleman found that a young lady of twenty was too volatile for a soberminded man of fifty. Disagreement followed, then neglect, and finally the thousand little quarrels, and snubbing, and birkerings, simmering down into a grand fight, which was kept up with slight variations, for three months.

Finally they agreed permanently to disagree, and availing themselves of the ease with which divorces are obtained in Indiana, where in due time the divorces were obtained.

The four came home as they went, together, the son taking the daughter under his special charge, and the other doing the agreeable to the widow. Long before they had arrived at Bucyrus, they had arranged matters on an entirely different basis—the father and widow made up a match, and the son and daughter ditto. The marrying was performed immediately on their arrival at Bucyrus. Up to date they all appeared well satisfied with each other, and it is to be hoped they will long continue so.

Lost Arts.

And in regard to colors, we are far behind the ancients. None of the colors in the Egyptian painting of thousands of years ago are in the least faded except the green. The Tyrian purple of the entombed city of Pompeii is as fresh to-day as it was three thousand years ago. Some of the stucco, painted centuries before the Christian era, broken up and mixed, revealed its original lustre. And yet we pity the ignorance of the dark-skinned children of the ancient Egypt. The colors upon the walls of Nero's festal vault are as fresh as if painted yesterday. So is the cheek of the Egyptian prince who was contemporaneous with Solomon, and Cleopatra, at whose feet Cæsar laid the riches of his empire.

And in regard to metals. The edges of the statues of the obelisks of Egypt and of the ancient walls of Rome, are as sharp as if but hewn yesterday. And the stones still remain so closely fitted, that their seams, laid with mortar, can not be penetrated with the edge of a pen-knife. And their surface is exceedingly hard—so hard that when the French artists engraved two lines upon an obelisk brought from Egypt, they destroyed, in the tedious task, many sets of the best tools which could be manufactured. And yet these ancient monuments are traced all over with inscriptions placed upon them in the olden time. This, with other facts of a striking character, proved that they were far more skilled in metals than we are Quite recently, it is recorded that when an American vessel was on the shores of Africa, a son of that benighted region made, from an iron hoop, a knife superior to any on board of the vessel, and another made a sword of Damascus excellence from a piece of iron.

Ventilation is deemed a very modern art. But this is not the fact, for apertures, unquestionably made for the purpose of ventilation, are found in the pyramid tombs of Egypt. Yes, thousands of years ago, the barbarous Pagans went so far as to ventilate their tombs, while we yet scarcely know how to ventilate our houses.

A Revengeful Woman.

Lucretia Granville was engaged to be married to Francis, Duke of Buckingham, at the time he fell in battle, slain by the hand, it is said, of Cromwell himself. The lady, on receiving the intelligence of the Duke's death, vowed to avenge it upon the person of Cromwell. For three years she exercised herself in firing with pistols at a mark, and that she might not be terrified by the appearance of her victim, she selected for her target a portrait of the usurper; and soon as she thought herself perfect, she sought an opportunity to gratify her revenge. But Cromwell rarely appeared in public, and when he did it was with such caution that few could approach him.

An occasion at length occurred—the city of London resolved to give a magnificent banquet in honor of the Protector, who, from political motives determined to make his entrance into the city with all the splendor of royalty.—Upon this being made public, the curiosity of all ranks was excited, and the enraged lady resolved not to lose so favorable an opportunity for carrying out her evil designs into effect.

On the day appointed she seated herself, with several female companions, in the balcony; and on this occasion—for the first time since her lover's death—she cast aside her sable attire, and appeared in gorgeous apparel. It was not without the greatest exertion that she concealed the violent emotion under which she labored; and when the increased pressure of the crowd indicated the approach of Cromwell, her feelings became so powerful that she nearly fainted. However, she recovered just as the Protector arrived within a few paces of the balcony. Hastily drawing a pistol from under her garment, she deliberately took aim and fired! but a sudden start, which the lady who sat next made on beholding the weapon, gave it a different direction to what it was intended, and the ball killed the horse rode by Henry Cromwell, the Protector's son

The event immediately arrested the cavalcade, and Cromwell—at the same time that he cast a fierce look of indignation towards the balcony—beheld a singular spectacle. More than twenty females might be seen on their knees, imploring his mercy with uplifted hands while one only stood undaunted in the midst of them, and looking down contemptuously on the Protector, exclaimed:

'Tyrant, it was I who dealt the blow; nor should I rest satisfied with killing a horse instead of a tiger, were I not convinced that before another year is past, your destiny would be sealed.

The multitude enraged at this ferocious attempt to assassinate the chief person in the realm, were about to tear down the house, when Cromwell cried aloud, with great coolness and intrepidity, 'Desist, my friends. Alas! poor woman, she knows not what she does.'

So saying, he pursued his course.—But very speedily orders were issued to secure the person of the offender, and Lucretia Granville passed her days as the inmate of a lunatic asylum.

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