



The Unconditional Union Convention meets in this city, at the Court house, to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Judge of the Circuit Court, and Sheriff. The attendance promises to be large from all parts of the county. We are gratified to know that a greater degree of interest has been manifested in the primary meetings this fall than usual, and that they were generally well attended.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.—This road at present enjoys a reputation second to none in the country. Its management is irreproachable, and while day after day brings its intelligence of horrible accidents and frightful losses of life on almost every road of importance in the country, this road is free from all such terrible affairs, and the trains run with their accustomed regularity, safety and rapidity. The road is built in the most thoroughly scientific manner, the rolling stock is all first class, and every mile of the entire road is under constant careful inspection. No road in the world is supplied with better officers, and few, if any, are equally as safe. The class of travel over it is of the very best character, and every arrangement has been made for the comfort and convenience of the passengers. The traveling public are under many obligations to Wm. PARSONS SMITH, Esq., the gentlemanly and efficient Master of Transportation, for the energy and skill he has displayed in providing for their comfort. The company is at present building a considerable stretch of double track East of this city, and will do doubt ere long extend the same the entire length of the road.

AT LAST.—A late number of the London Times contains an advertisement calling a meeting of the holders of the rebel cotton bonds at one o'clock on the 4th of September, at the London Tavern, "to consider their altered position, now that the government of the United States has become the de facto government of the confederate States, and, if deemed expedient, to appoint a committee to protect their rights and interests." This shows a marked advance in the knowledge of those bondholders, who apparently have not before been able to comprehend that the war was over. We cannot, however, regard with inexpressible feelings of envy that committee to which is to be entrusted the task of attempting to get a dividend from those bonds.

THE FENIANS IN THE COUNTY DOWN, WHERE THEY WERE NEVER DREAMED OF.—The Fenians, it appears, are not confined to the southwest or western part of Ireland. They are to be found in the north as well. A body of them has appeared in the county Down—a district where their existence was never dreamt of. They marched through several towns with their insignia, and would have been attacked by the Orangemen, but the constabulary force interfered, and prevented any serious breach of the peace. It would really seem, says a foreign paper, as if the accounts which have come from the other side of the Atlantic respecting the preponderance of the Fenians in Ireland were a fact, and not, as many persons on this side of the water believed, a fiction.

EMANCIPATION IN RUSSIA.—Sunday, March 17, 1861, will always be a memorable day in the history of Russia, as that on which 20,000,000 of Serfs were presented with a decree which made them freemen. This vast slave population was in the hands of an aristocracy of about 100,000, less than 1,500 of whom owned 1,000 each. They are required to allow the emancipated peasants the dwellings which they occupied, and the ground upon which they stood will be granted to them upon the payment of certain rates. As fast as the late serfs can raise money enough to pay these dues they become the landed proprietors.

THE CONVENTION OF DEAF MUTES.—The State Convention of Deaf Mutes, now in session in Syracuse, is a very interesting body. The proceedings are conducted in the sign language, and all oral communications are interpreted to the deaf mutes by this means. The sessions are attended by several hundred persons, for the most part deaf mutes, and the closest attention and deepest interest are manifested in the transactions.

We have received a copy of the Daily News, published at Austin, Nevada, and learn from it that Hon. H. G. WORTHINGTON, formerly of this city, and now member of Congress from Nevada, has returned to that place and is in the enjoyment of excellent health. He will probably be a candidate for re-election.

The Secretary of War has just issued an order to muster out all colored troops in the Department of North Carolina, who were enlisted in Northern States. In the Department of Arkansas 3000 troops are to be mustered out.

The Atlantic Telegraph Company do not appear to be disheartened by the failure of their late cable, and have ordered the manufacture of a new one.

Gen. JOHNSON has married Miss GROSSACK and \$40,000 per annum, in Cincinnati. He will probably go higher than over into the clouds now.

Last week a box said to contain tools was shipped by Harnden's Express from Fortres Monroe to New York. At the New York office the stench was so great arising from it that it was opened, and found to contain the dead body of a man, in an advanced state of decomposition. The affair was telegraphed to Fortres Monroe, and a lookout was kept for the shipper. One morning last week a man dressed as a laborer made his appearance at the express office and announced himself as the shipper, and insisted that when he took the box to the express office it contained tools, and that some one else had taken the tools from the box and put the body in it. The man was placed in durance vile to await further developments.

A few days later the mystery was solved. Lieut. ROBINSON, A. Q. M. at Newport News, had shipped the corpse of his step-father, Nathan Childs, who had died a month previous. A box of tools was shipped at the same time, and the address of the two boxes got changed, by which means the corpse was sent to the wrong party, and the box to the bureau family.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.—The following facts will serve to illustrate the exceedingly favorable condition of the debt for the months of June and July which was shown in the last statement, was, in round numbers, one hundred and twenty-two millions, or an average of two millions per day; but for the month of August the whole increase of our indebtedness has been only four hundred and thirty thousand dollars per day. In other words, a month ago we were running in debt at the rate of only one-sixth of a million per day. It is likewise noteworthy that while the debt has been increased during the last month a little less than half a million, the interest on the debt now outstanding has been diminished a million and a quarter. This result has been accomplished by the redemption in legal tenders of over twenty-one and a half millions of six per cent. certificates of indebtedness.

The latest news from Mexico, dated the 30th ultimo, is exceedingly unfavorable to the Republican party there. Maximilian has evidently been largely reinforced, both by new arrivals of French troops and by men from the ranks of the late Confederate army. The forces of Juarez have been driven from the Rio Grande, and are now restricted to the territory of Chihuahua, while the remainder of the country is under the rule of the Imperialists. For the time being, the Republic of Mexico has been overthrown and a foreign prince wields unquestioned power in the halls of Montezuma. We may anticipate, however, for some time to come repeated outbreaks from the down-trodden party of Juarez, who still hopes to re-establish the Republic.

INDICTED FOR MURDER.—The grand jury of Bedford Pa., on Tuesday presented a true bill in the case of John P. Reed, jr., indicted for the murder of Deputy Provost Marshal Jackson Crouse, on the 1st of August last, and ignored the bill against Mezel Reed and Scheil Reed. Immediately after his discharge Mezel Reed was arrested by Deputy United States Marshal Col. Alexander Campbell, on a charge of treason against the United States.

THE NUMBER OF TROOPS ON THE PAY ROLL.—The number of troops on the pay roll at the present time is as follows: Regulars 18,000; white volunteers, 100,000; colored troops 90,000. The number of men in the field is estimated at 105,000.

CHAMP FERGUSON.—The evidence in this case was closed on the 4th, the forty-first day. The defense asked time until the 11th instant to prepare arguments, which was granted.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF NASHVILLE, which have been closed ever since the winter of 1863, were resumed lately, and the children of that city restored to the blessings of free education.

IN SOME PARTS OF TENNESSEE the returned Rebel soldiers are engaging in every species of vandalism. They now need supplies more than ever. We trust Parson Brownlow will soon use his influence to bring them into the ways of peace.

AN ORDER has been issued for the muster-out of all the white troops in the State of Kentucky. There are now ten regiments of colored troops in that State under command of Gen. JAS. H. BRIDGES.

AN AMMUNITION TRAIN blew up on the Nashville and North Western Railroad, near Nashville, last Thursday, and killed seven persons, besides wounding nearly a hundred others.

IT IS SAID that a son of George N. Sanders is in New York city soliciting aid for the distinguished rebels who remain over the border.

A COLLISION took place Thursday last on the Camden and Ansbey Railroad, by which quite a number of persons were severely injured.

THE REDOUTABLE ex-Governor, ex-General ISHAM G. HARRIS, who swore to die in the last ditch, has inflicted himself upon the Mexicans, and holds forth in the capital.

IT IS SAID that Preston King, of the New York Custom-house, has a thousand offers in his gift, and that there are twenty thousand applicants.

THE CALIFORNIA State election took place on the 6th. Returns indicate that the vote will be light.

MAXIMILIAN has issued a decree ordering all refugees from the United States, to migrate into the interior.

THE FIRST National Bank on the Pacific coast, has just been authorized at Portland, Oregon.

THE NEW British steamship Queen, from Liverpool, brought to New York fifteen hundred human beings in her steerage.

IT IS BELIEVED Ketchum will soon open an office for business in Wall street.

Union Meeting at Frostburg. Frostburg, Md., Sept. 12, 1865. Agreeably to public notice, a meeting of the Union voters of this District was held at "Sherry's School Room," on Saturday, the 6th inst., for the purpose of selecting a Delegation to represent this District in the County Convention, to be held in Cumberland on the 15th instant.

The meeting was organized by the appointment of ROBERT McCULLOH and M. SHERRY, Esqrs., as Chairman and Secretary, respectively. After the object of the meeting being stated by the chair, nominations were gone into with the following result: Delegation chosen, Messrs ROBERT McCULLOH, S. S. PORTER, Wm. STAPLES and M. SHERRY.

On motion a committee of three was appointed by the chair, to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. L. M. GORRETT, J. J. HOBBITZELL and M. SHERRY composed said committee, who, after retiring for a few moments, returned and reported the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the reconstruction policy of President JOHNSON meets with our unequalled approbation, and is by this meeting, heartily adopted.

Resolved, That the brave men who have gone from our midst to do battle, as soldiers, against treason and traitors, who have left home and all its endearments, and exposed themselves to the hardships and privations of a long and perilous campaign; and have helped to crush out a most unwholesome and terrible rebellion, are fully entitled to our heartfelt thanks and everlasting gratitude.

Resolved, That we sincerely recommend to our friends throughout the county, to preserve and keep intact their organization, and to form down all attempts by dissatisfied persons in their midst, to divide or divert the Union party by any side issues foreign to, or not germane to the great question, viz: the unity and integrity of our nationality.

Resolved, That we will give to the nominees of the Union County Convention, our undivided support, and will use all honorable means in our power to secure their election.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by its officers and published in the Cumberland Citizen and Telegraph. The resolutions on being submitted to the meeting, were unanimously adopted.

The power of filling vacancies, should any occur in their body, was conferred on the delegation by the meeting.

On motion the meeting adjourned. ROBERT McCULLOH, Ch'n. M. SHERRY, Sec'y.

KENTUCKY ELECTION.—The total vote for Treasurer foot up as follows: Garrard, Opposition - - - - 43,187 Neale, Union - - - - 42,952 Garrard's majority - - - - 105

If the votes from the counties which are enumerated in the memoranda attached to the official returns by the Board of Examiners, which they had felt themselves bound to reject, had been counted, then Col. Garrard's reported majority would have been 79 votes. The total vote for members of Congress foot up as follows: For the Opposition - - - - 57,502 For the Union - - - - 54,008 Opposition majority - - - - 3,494

IT WILL BE SEEN that the Senate will stand 19 Union and 15 Opposition, and the House of Representatives 88 Opposition and 42 Union. There may be some inaccuracies in giving the political status of the gentlemen who are Senators and Representatives; yet, we have taken some pains to inform ourselves, and we believe it to be as nearly correct as it can be made without personal application to each individual.—Louisville Journal.

SEWING MACHINES.—No article of household use is so much desired as a sewing machine. So rapidly has this invention grown into public favor, that it is now considered almost indispensable to every family. Over a hundred thousand families already enjoy its benefits, and each week adds nearly one thousand to the list, and so the rate of the demand increases in proportion as the advantages of the invention become known. The sewing machine of the present day is not, however, the sewing machine of some years ago. Though retaining the first principles, many and valuable improvements have been added, and various modifications and alterations of machinery found necessary to increase the speed and efficiency, render it more simple and noiseless, and adapt it to all the different requirements of the family and the workshop.

The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, among the first to produce a practical sewing machine, have been the most successful in attaining these results. Their machines are now to be found in almost every part of the world.—American Agriculturist.

CHESTERPAKE AND OHIO CANAL.—The United States Railroad and Canal Register, published at Philadelphia, says: "This canal met lengthwise exhibit increase of tonnage and profit. It has a descending lockage of 375 feet in a distance of 191 miles, from Cumberland to Georgetown, the descent being in the direction of its canal trade, from the Cumberland region to tide-water. And as the perpetuity of the Union is assured by the peace conquered, Washington will become a great city, for it has resources which will give it commercial as well as political importance. It is the city of the Potomac Valley, and may be made the great entrepot of the water-system of the Chesapeake."

IRON MANUFACTURES.—The eighth census represents thirty-six establishments for the manufacture of bar, sheet and railroad iron in the Middle States in 1860, with an invested capital of \$2,937,850; the cost of raw material annually is stated to have been \$2,615,945; cost of labor, \$335,655; and annual value of products, \$3,868,709.

JEFF DAVIS.—Jeff Davis has been removed from the casemate at Fortres Monroe to more pleasant quarters in Carroll Hall a building inside the walls of Fortres Monroe.

THE CONCORDIA Society of Baltimore has just opened the most splendid Opera House we have ever seen. It is a credit to the city of Baltimore and to the enterprising Germans who built it.

THE Sloop of war Guerriere was successfully launched at the Boston Navy Yard on Saturday last.

IT IS SAID that Gen. Slocum has tendered his resignation in consequence of the President's endorsement of Gov. SHARKEY's action.

TWO little princes were recently married in Inauco India. The bridegroom is aged six, and the bride three years.

TEXAS REFUGES, who had settled in Monterey, Mexico, have been ordered to vacate that city and vicinity.

Eleven Indictments for Forgery Against Edward B. Ketchum. Yesterday afternoon the Grand Jury came into Court and presented a large batch of indictments for various offenses, among which were eleven bills of indictment for forgery in the third degree, and one for grand larceny against Edward B. Ketchum.

The following witnesses appeared before the Grand Jury and were examined previous to the finding of the indictment against Mr. Edward B. Ketchum:—Mr. Leverich, President of the Bank of New York; George W. Van Loan, of the firm of Charles Graham & Co.; David Grossback, assignee of Charles Graham & Co.; Messrs. Balknap and Swan, from the Fourth National Bank; E. Scammon, of the Importers' and Traders' Bank; William A. Gilson, from Dabney and Morgan; J. Von Hoffman, banker; Mr. Marvosa, banker; Mr. Norris, of Greenleaf, Norris & Co.; Miss Ives and Detective Gilmore.

The testimony given by these witnesses is taken by the Grand Jury, and, of course, cannot be given to the public, as it is *ex parte* in its character. The criminal authorities of this country control two hundred and fifty-eight checks of five thousand dollars each, of which were given to the District Attorney and will be retained by him until the trial.

There were eleven indictments for forgery in the third degree, which may be classified as follows: One for uttering sixty-seven checks to the Importers' and Traders' Bank. One for uttering thirty-two checks to the Fourth National Bank. One for uttering sixteen checks to Dabney & Morgan. One for making a check on Morgan and using it on Von Hoffman. One for making a check and using it on the Fourth National Bank. One for using a check and using it on Dabney & Morgan. One for grand larceny in converting to his own use a package containing seventy-five thousand dollars in five-hundred dollar bills, the property of the State Bank of Hartford, and deposited for safe keeping only.

It is usual when the Grand Jury bring in an indictment against an accused party to arraign him at once, and Ketchum would have been no exception to the general rule except in the fact that District Attorney Bell postponed the arraignment until the 15th inst. The indictments against his client he would not have him arraigned to plead to them until he (Judge Allen) returned. It is expected that the counsel will be in the city early next week, when Ketchum will be brought up in the General Sessions to plead to the indictments. If he pleads not guilty the next step will be to arraign a day for trial.

It might be that his counsel will advise him to plead to one or more of the charges, and to fight against him, and in that event the judge would proceed to arraign the defendant, and grand larceny is imprisonment in the State Prison for a term of not less than one and not more than five years. It will be seen that the aggregate punishment which the Court has in its power to inflict upon Ketchum, should he be tried and convicted upon all the indictments, would amount to sixty-five years.—N. Y. Herald, of Saturday.

EUROPEAN NEWS. The Steamer Iberian passed here to-day with Liverpool advices to the 1st instant.

The Atlantic Telegraph Company have ordered the manufacture of a new cable. Mr. Benjamin, ex-Secretary of the late Rebel Government, has arrived at Southampton.

There is a Ministerial crisis at Lisbon. Mr. Benjamin arrived at Southampton in the West India mail steamer Zenobia. The steamer took fire when about fifty miles out from St. Thomas, and she put back with all speed. After considerable difficulty the fire was subdued and the ship proceeded on her course. She had nearly \$1,700,000 in specie on board.

The London Times, in an editorial on Queen Victoria's inauguration of Prince Albert's statue at Coburg, again urges that the Queen should exercise her prerogative and perform the duties expected of her. The Times for its part, however, is not so sanguine, and describes it as a reminder that Court tradesmen are craving orders, and that the Queen's first duty is to the impatient fashion of Belgravia.

The entertainments to the French fleet at Portsmouth were going on very satisfactorily. The Telegraph Company having issued informal notice that they will not attempt to recover the cable this year, the underwriters consider this equivalent to a total loss, and have settled the insurance on the cable. A meeting of the directors of the Confederate cotton bonds has been called in London to place September 1st to consider their position, and if it is deemed expedient to appoint a committee to protect their rights and interests.

The Times publishes a letter from its late Richmond correspondent, controverting the charges against the Confederates of cruelty to Federal prisoners.

General Sir George Brown, of Crimée fame, and Judge Halliburton, (San Slick), the author, are dead.

The Chicago papers to be receding to the parts from whence it came.

The Tosco Crop.—The Commissioner of Agriculture, in regard to the tobacco crop, says: The lessened consumption of tobacco in consequence of the high internal taxes on the manufactured product, and the apprehension of a tax on the leaf, have caused a material falling off in the amount planted this season. This crop, as has been shown in these reports, is but barely able to sustain itself, and should the taxes operate so as to destroy or materially lessen the export trade in the leaf amounting to about twenty millions of dollars annually—the tobacco-growing interest—just protest against an excessive taxation, if it thus paralyzes the growing of a product which, though it be a luxury, is nevertheless one of great pecuniary benefit to the country.

One of the prominent speakers in the Philadelphia meeting was a Mr. James Lyons, and his principal remark was: "We have nothing to forfeit our rights in the Union." A little while before Richmond was captured there was a public meeting there under rebel auspices, and Mr. James Lyons said, "I will wade in Yankee blood up to my armpits before I will permit the detested Yankee to enter this beloved capital." Mr. Lyons should be elected to Congress at once.

It is stated that the French Consul at New York has intimated to the proprietors of the Herald, World and Express, that hereafter they will not be permitted to circulate their publications in France, unless they adopt a more becoming tone towards the Emperor in discussing his Mexican policy.

In 1819, at a dinner to Mr. Adams, at Brown's Hotel, Washington, Mr. Calhoun pronounced the following sentiment: "Universal suffrage and universal education."

Within eight months there have been 128 railroad casualties, by which 396 persons have been killed, and 1,109 wounded.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Gold \$1.44. Henry A. Wise passed through Fortres Monroe yesterday for the eastern shore of Virginia.

Extra Billy Smith is passing his time quietly on his confiscated estate near Warrenton.

The New York Herald's Fortres Monroe correspondence says the privilege of writing to his wife has been granted to Jeff Davis.

Jefferson Davis has so far recovered from his attack of erysipelas as to be able to resume his walks daily.

The brig Nellie recently arrived at Norfolk from Turk's Island with cargo of salt, being the first arrival of the kind since the war.

Gen. Judson Kilpatrick will take the stump for the Union candidate for Governor of New Jersey.

The total amount of cotton received in Mobile since the Union occupation is 11,000 bales.

The latest vote yet coined by the newspaper mints is put in circulation by the New York Times. It is special-telegraphed.

The Confederate General Joseph E. Johnston has been appointed President of the Richmond and Danville Railroad.

The New York Herald's Richmond correspondent says General Lee has begun to write a history of the war.

The murderer of General McCook in 1862 was recently shot in prison in Nashville by his guard.

There are now one hundred and fifty business houses in Atlanta, Ga. Three months ago there were only four.

The constitutional election of Colorado took place on Tuesday. The returns are sufficient to indicate that the constitution is carried by a large majority.

Mrs. Mallory, wife of the rebel Secretary of War, has taken the oath to possess herself of certain property which she holds in her own right.

Among the applicants for pardon on Monday, waiting for an interview with the President, was ex-Governor Brown of Georgia, on his fourth visit for the same purpose.

A document will soon be issued by the War Department giving the name, company, regiment and residence of all soldiers who died at Andersonville. The list will comprise some 14,000 names.

A deed for recording lands was lately forwarded from New York to the Recorder of Nye county, Nevada Territory, and \$1500 worth of revenue stamps were pasted upon the document.

The Copperhead State Convention resolve the ordinance of secession to be void. The Buffalo Express wonders why they did not so resolve before the Union army made them void by its bayonets.

A boy of fifteen lately committed suicide in London because the servant maid took away his candle while he was reading "Pickwick Papers." Mr. Dickens should immortalize him in his "next novel."

FERNANDO WOOD, returned from Europe in the City of Liverpool, after an absence of five months. He did not visit the Holy Land, as was confidently expected at the New York Democratic convention yesterday.

A Cairo paper says that at the hanging of two negroes in that city, "everything passed off most pleasantly." It is surprising that there was not added to the account the phrase, "It was an occasion long to be remembered with pleasure by all present."

An English tourist who is amazed at the unfinished condition of affairs in Washington exaggerates it slightly when he says, "At one end of a street you may purchase the latest novel; at the other end you may possibly encounter a rattlesnake."

Report says troops will soon be quartered in all the county towns in South Carolina. Detachments already occupy Columbia, Orangeburg, Abbeville, Aiken, Summerville and many other points. They are mostly colored.

A vessel known as the "cigar ship" has been on the stocks at Mr. Hoopworth's yard, in the Isle of Dogs, London, for a long time. It is now nearly ready for launching. It is stated that it cost of £210,000 have been expended in her construction, and it is anticipated that she will attain the speed of twenty-five miles an hour.

Mr. W. H. Russell should certainly be one of the best informed men in England on points of geography yet in sending by the Terrible to this country duplicate copies of his diary on board the Great Eastern, he directed one to a paper in Philadelphia, Ohio, and another to the Baltimore American, Baltimore, Michigan.

When the surrender of General Lee was announced, and Secretary Stanton stepped the draft, the New York Common Council formally thanked the head of the War Department for his promptness. The Mayor could not help the adoption of the resolution, but he has since voted the appropriation of a few dollars for having it appropriately framed and presented to the city in the name of the city.

The people of the Territory of Florida have adopted the constitution proposed by the late convention. The legislature, at its first organization, is to consist of thirteen Senators and twenty-six members of the lower house, to be increased, as circumstances may require, after 1870, to thirty and seventy-eight for each branch respectively, which extent of representation is the maximum. The Governor's salary is fixed at \$2000 per year, the Secretary of State at \$1500, and the Treasurer at \$1000. It is supposed the people will ratify the proceedings, and that the application will be made to Congress at its next session for the admission of the territory into the sisterhood of States.

The Republican State Central Committee of Connecticut have issued an address to the voters of that State in regard to the vote which is to be taken on the first Monday of October, upon amending the Connecticut Constitution, so that black men shall be admitted to the rights of suffrage on the same terms with white men. No white man can vote in Connecticut unless he can read the Constitution, and the effect of this amendment, which has been adopted by the legislature, and now awaits endorsement by the people to become binding, will be to establish intelligent suffrage.

Before the military commission for the trial of Wirz, on Saturday, Lieutenant Colonel Chandler, formerly of the Rebel service, who made an inspection of the Andersonville prison, testified as to the indifference of General Winder to the comfort and health of the prisoners. Winder said to him that it would be better to let one-half the prisoners die, so that they could take care of the remainder. Colonel Chandler also testified that it was quite within Winder's power to have greatly ameliorated the condition of the prisoners. Other witnesses testified to the sufferings of the men and to personal acts of cruelty on the part of Wirz.

Tribute of Respect. Died.—At the residence of his mother, August 27, 1865, in the town of Barton, Allegany county, Md., COLEMAN L. AVAS, in the 25th year of his age. A. O. O. F. At a meeting of Barton Lodge No. 24, I. O. O. F., held September 23, the following resolutions were adopted: Resolved, That by the death of Brother AVAS, the Order has lost a good member, the present a kind and affectionate son, the country a true and efficient soldier, and the community a good citizen. Resolved, That in the death of Brother AVAS we sympathize with the bereaved parent and relatives of the deceased. Resolved, That a copy of these proceedings be inserted in the Citizen and Telegraph, and also presented to the afflicted family of the deceased. JOHN BARNES, Sec'y. DAVID SHEARER, N. G.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, forty different styles, \$25 to \$500 each. THIRTY-FIVE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address: MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York. (Sept. 14—ly.)

BLACKING! BLACKING! BLACKING! Parading Baltimore St., one magnificent day, I use my old friend Charles Augustus McKay's Quilted Boot Blacking, for my riding boots, his lute, coat and gloves, were superbly protected by its use, and though, his boots, unlike mine, were not soiled, I was enabled to shine, he saw by my eyes, my regret and surprise, and "spare me!" he murmured with blushes. "For three times to-day have I polished away, and yet the confounded things, sir, refuse to be soiled."

Then he glanced at my own, with an audible gasp, and said, "I never saw such a pair of boots but had a brilliancy never before known." With grief he was nickered, so I whispered "with respect," and he said, "I never saw such a pair of boots but had a brilliancy never before known."

Who is he? My friend, this remarkable fact, that in boots and dismounting, (both bright) Who is he? My friend, this remarkable fact, that in boots and dismounting, (both bright) Who is he? My friend, this remarkable fact, that in boots and dismounting, (both bright)

For sale by the box dozen or more at HARRISON & JENKINS, Grocers, No. 14, Baltimore, Md.

THE ALLEGANY COUNTY ACADEMY. Will be opened on MONDAY, the 15th day of September, 1865, for the reception of pupils of both sexes.

WILLIAM C. STOKES, heretofore, has been appointed by the Board of Trustees of the Allegany County Academy, to be the principal of the same. He is a native of the county, and has had ample opportunities of witnessing the success of Mr. STOKES as a teacher. He is fully qualified to command the affection and respect of his pupils.

Prices of Tuition: For all the English branches, \$5.00 per quarter. For the Languages, \$10.00 per quarter. Trustees: CHAS. M. HANCOCK, President. CHAS. M. HANCOCK, Secretary. CHAS. M. HANCOCK, Treasurer. W. W. MCKAY, Trustee.

PUBLIC SALE. The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at the City of Baltimore, occupied by Jas. C. Orrick, near the Millington, in Cumberland County, Md., on SATURDAY, 30th Sept. inst., for freight, storage, etc. (if not called for and storage paid before the day of sale the following property to wit:

1 box and contents, marked Wm. Walworth; 1 box and contents, Col. W. H. Loomis; 1 box and contents, Mrs. E. Hancock; 1 Corn Mill, C. B. Rogers; 1 trunk and contents, A. Thorp; 1 box and contents, J. A. Hart; 1 bundle and contents, G. Palmer; 1 box and contents, Capt. T. A. Seymour; 1 box and contents, A. T. Pindle; 1 Gun, no mark; 2 boxes, 2 trunks and 2 bundles, W. G. Adams; 22 boxes, S. M. Kerr, Perambour; 1 box, G. A. Glean; 1 do. Surgeon; 1 do. J. A. Seep; 1 do. L. E. Deacon; 1 bundle, C. Albright; 1 do. Lieut. W. E. Byrd. Terms, Cash. McCULLY & ORRICK, Cumberland, Md., September 8, 1865. Sept. 14—ly

ALSO. At the same time and place, by the undersigned, the following property, likewise sold for charges, if not redeemed before that time: 1 Chest, marked Carl Repp; 2 boxes, L. Leppel; 1 bundle, John Middleton; 1 bundle, R. Browning; 1 bundle, David Simpson; 1 bundle, Wilson Right; 1 box, James L. Uphold; 1 do. Louis Johnson; 2 boxes, F. Taylor; 1 chest, Capt. Robert Pease; 1 box, Wm. Thomas; 2 boxes, William Harvey; 1 box, John M. St. Clair; 1 trunk, R. H. Austin; 4 bbls. Flour and a lot of Corn Meal; 1 White; 1 chest, John Haverhill; 1 box, G. A. Glean; 1 do. Surgeon; 1 do. J. A. Seep; 1 do. L. E. Deacon; 1 bundle, C. Albright; 1 do. Lieut. W. E. Byrd. Terms, Cash. McCULLY & ORRICK, Cumberland, Md., September 8, 1865. Sept. 14—ly

LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES. FOW TAILORS AND MANUFACTURERS, The Howe Machine Company, WHOLESALE & RETAIL. S. HEIDELBERGER, Agent, BALTIMORE STREET, CUMBERLAND.

Wheeler & Wilson's HIGHEST PREMIUM LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES. S. HEIDELBERGER, Agent, Baltimore Street, Cumberland, Md. Sept. 14—ly

ROAD NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the undersigned intend to apply to the Commissioners of Allegany County, at their meeting in October next, for a county road, commencing at a point on the county road near a run that passes through Nathaniel Castle's field, on the county road between Sang Run and Johnson, and intersecting the county road between Johnson and War Enlow's.

WARREN M. CODDINGTON, JOHN E. OTTO, NATHANIEL CASTELL. Sept. 14—ly

ESTATE OF EDWARD MONTGOMERY, Deceased. THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Allegany County, Letters of Administration on the estate of EDWARD MONTGOMERY.

All persons having claims against the said estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 17th day of March, 1866; they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefit of said estate. Those indebted to the said estate