

PROCEEDINGS IN CONGRESS.

Silver Resolution Introduced in the Senate and Its Coinage Discussed in Both Houses.

The Fortification Bill Passed by the House. All Appropriations Being Now Disposed Of.

FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

The Senate. WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Mr. Mitchell offered the following preamble and resolution:

Whereas, The commercial value of silver has so depreciated that the standard silver dollar issued under the act of 1876 is now worth but about two cents in the open market; and whereas, The continued coinage of such depreciated dollars, amounting to nearly \$300,000,000, seriously threatens the suspension of gold payment by the Government from necessity, and consequent loss of confidence in the national currency; therefore,

Resolved, That the Committee on Finance be, and hereby is, instructed forthwith to prepare and report to the Senate a proper bill to provide for the immediate suspension of the coinage of standard silver dollars, and for the resumption of such coinage whenever the commercial value of standard dollars exceeds shall rise to within 5 per cent, to par to standard gold dollars of the United States.

Mr. Mitchell asked unanimous consent to have the resolution considered at once, and to have read in connection with the resolution a very important letter from a distinguished person (meaning the letter of the President elect, just published, on the silver question).

Objection was made by Messrs. Hargis, Maxey, Cameron of Wisconsin, and others, both to the reading of the letter and present consideration of the resolution. The matter, therefore, went over one day under the 7th.

The Senate, then, on motion of Mr. Wilson, took up the House bill to forfeit the unearned lands granted the State of Iowa to aid the construction of the Sioux City and St. Paul Railroad.

The bill, as passed by the House, declares such unearned lands forfeited and requires the Attorney General to institute legal proceedings to ascertain and determine their quantity and provides that actual bona fide settlers already on the lands shall have preference of entry at the land office. For these provisions the Senate Committee on Public Lands substitute provisions asserting the reversionary right of the United States to the lands referred to, giving the United States Circuit Court jurisdiction to determine all controversies relating to such lands that may exist between the United States and the State of Iowa, or persons claiming rights in such lands. The substitute also provides that such of the lands as the court may declare to belong to the United States shall constitute a part of the public domain and be subject to disposal as such, except that bona fide settlers' claims shall be recognized as lawful.

Mr. Plumb supported the measure. He said that the question involved was whether the railroad company was entitled to the land for the six miles built within the limits of the two mile section. If the railroad company had any right to the lands in question the bill would protect the company and everybody.

Mr. McMillan opposed it. It was a proposition he said which in the name of popular prejudice sought to do violence to public and private rights. Grant had been not to a railroad company, but to the State of Iowa, and was an entire grant.

Pending debate on this bill the House bills providing for the erection of public buildings at the following places were taken up and passed: Miss., not to exceed \$75,000, and Arkansas, Va., \$50,000; Wichita, Kas., \$50,000; Port Townsend, W. T., \$50,000; for Appraiser's Office at Chicago, \$50,000; also the bill increasing to \$1,000,000 the appropriation for a public building at Louisville, Ky. A message had been received from the House announcing disagreement with the Senate on the Postoffice Appropriation bill, the Senate, on motion of Mr. Plumb, insisted on its amendment, and the Chair designated Messrs. Plumb, Allison and Beck a Committee on Conference.

The Senate resolved to admit to the floor members-elect of the House of Representatives. House bill passed authorizing the Collector of the Port of New York to deliver free of duty to A. B. Van Hensen, of that city, a silver cup won by him at Wimbledon, England, as a member of the American Rifle Team.

Debate on Sioux City and St. Paul Railroad bill was resumed. Mr. Hoar said that citizens of Massachusetts had invested \$800,000 at 6 per cent. in that enterprise. He thought such men entitled to justice at the hands of the Senate. The land was all these people would have for their money. He thought the lands contiguous with the completed portion of the road. In order to do them justice the bill should be amended.

Mr. Morgan did not think it needed amendment in order to do justice, it referred to the courts the questions involved. Pending further debate on the bill Mr. Plumb called up and the Senate passed the House bill donating to the city of Kirwin, Kas., a site for a cemetery.

Adjourned to Monday at 4 o'clock.

The House. Mr. Anderson offered an amendment to the rules, providing that the Appropriation Committee shall report all general appropriation bills not later than May 1 during a long session or the 1st of February during a short session. Referred.

Mr. Dibble submitted the conference report on the Agricultural Appropriation bill. Agreed to.

The House then proceeded with consideration of the Senate amendments on the Postoffice Appropriation bill. The recommendations of the Appropriation Committee were generally followed. The committee was voted down, however, on its recommendation of non-concurrence in the amendment permitting sample copies of the second class publications to be transmitted through the mails at one cent per pound, and the amendment was concurred in.

The amendment relative to compensation to American steamships for carrying the mail was non-concurred in. All the amendments having been disposed of, Messrs. Townsend, Holman and Hoar were appointed conferees upon the disagreeing votes of the two houses.

The Naval Appropriation bill, with the Senate amendments, was taken from the Speaker's table and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. Hancock moved to suspend the rules so that the House shall go into Committee of the Whole on the Fortification bill, general debate being limited to two hours.

The motion was agreed to, and the House went into committee as indicated, Mr. Ewitt in the Chair.

Mr. Hancock briefly explained the provisions of the bill.

Mr. Hoar supported the Ellis substitute which appropriates \$1,035,000. After a protracted debate into the silver question was dropped, several members giving their views on that delicate question the bill was read by paragraphs for amendments.

Mr. Ellis offered several amendments increasing the appropriation for repair, etc., of fortifications, but they were severally rejected.

Mr. Ellis then moved to strike out the entire clause as being a useless waste of public money, which motion was also rejected.

On motion of Mr. Reed, the paragraphs were stricken out which prescribed the calibre of the guns to be manufactured and the manner in which they shall be tested.

The committee then rose, reported the bill to the House, and it passed.

This is the last of the appropriation bills. Mr. Forney submitted the conference report on the Army Appropriation bill, and it was agreed to. The only point of difference between the two houses was the Senate amendment striking out the clause relating to Courts-martial to hold their sessions at such hours as they see fit. The House recedes from its disagreement and the clause goes out of the bill.

Blackburn at 6:10 moved that the House take a recess until 12 o'clock to-morrow for the transaction of business other than contested election cases.

Mr. Turner, of Georgia, objected, and as the latter part of the motion needed unanimous consent it was not received.

Mr. Blackburn then moved to suspend the rules and adopt the motion indicated, pending which Mr. Bennett called up the North Carolina contested case, involving the right of Bennett to the seat, pending which Mr. Hammond moved adjournment.

FROM THE SUNDAY SENTINEL.

SENTINEL SPECIALS.

Science of Eucbre in Its Progressive Form—Dangerously Ill.

Special to the Sentinel. Union City, Ind., Feb. 28.—The "Old Lines," at the invitation of Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Edger, held a convention last evening which was most enthusiastic in its deliberations. The convocation of eucbre in its progressive form, as such, and so many discordant elements of belief, as to fraternity, that could sit around thirteen different tables and calmly discuss the modern science of eucbre in its progressive form, was something extraordinary. There was a tempest of voices, and at times a roar like unto a coming cyclone. A beautiful lap supper, with coffee, was served to renew the vital forces, after which Professor William Woods' orchestra furnished music for those who wished to dance. There was a poetry of motion in the dance step of Gus Coons that was charming.

John W. Patchell, of the Times as a depository of provender is unparalleled. Judge L. D. Lambert is thought to be the most popular thinker on the subject of eucbre. Ensign, of the Eagle whose Napoleonic features looked up on the occasion, sounded the signal for the beginning of the contest. All in all it was the social event of the season.

Harry Leifer is lying dangerously ill at his residence, 1015 North Washington street. He is a victim of eucbre and nervous prostration. John R. Manly and G. S. Fowler are in a critical condition of health from lunatic eucbre.

Lafayette News.

Special to the Sentinel. LAFAYETTE, Ind., Feb. 28.—The city and county officials have all moved into the new Court-house, the City Clerk and Treasurer being the last to take their offices. It is a magnificent building, and one of the most beautiful, largest and best constructed within the State.

John Kirkpatrick was yesterday adjudged insane by Judge Vinson and an administrator appointed over his affairs. He will be taken to the asylum in a short time.

The slander suit against the Anderson newspaper by Robert Morningstar, the champion roller-skater, has been compromised.

Peter Early, son of James K. Early in an attempt to reach the L. & A. and C. train, going south, on his way to dinner, missed his step and was thrown under the cars, the wheels passing over his foot, below his ankle, and crushing it to splinters. The unfortunate boy was picked up and taken to his home on North Eighth street, where a physician was called, who ordered immediate amputation of the injured limb. He is ten years of age and employed in Warwick & Elk street dry goods department.

In the Superior Court, this morning, in the case of James Ames vs. the L. E. and W. Railway, the court rendered its verdict in favor of Ames, the plaintiff, awarding him \$700. The defendants at once made a motion for a new trial.

Domestic Intercity.

Special to the Sentinel. SHELVILLE, Ind., Feb. 28.—Mrs. Sol Swangs was run in at a late hour last night for firing two shots at her husband, and her husband locked up for carrying a gun. To-day Mrs. Swangs was acquitted and her husband released. The case was one of the amiable pair keeps a big revolver handy to bullyrag each other with, and will one day furnish the papers with a good time.

The Jury Disagreed.

LOGANSPORT, Feb. 28.—Henry Rosendorf has been on trial in the Circuit Court the past two days for alleged horsestealing. The jury was given the case, and after twenty-four hours deliberation failed to agree. The case attracted much attention, and a grand jury was summoned. Rosendorf is a member, has been swindling the farmers of the vicinity by horse trading.

Welch Sentenced.

Special to the Sentinel. BLOOMINGTON, Ind., Feb. 28.—Welch was refused a new trial this morning, and was sentenced for life. Alice Stuart gave a light ball, and is now out.

A MYSTERIOUS ROBBERY.

An Attempt to Rob Nebraska's State Treasury—Collision Between the Robbers and Detectives. LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 28.—An unsuccessful attempt was made to rob the State Treasury at 1 p. m. One robber was mortally hurt and one was captured. Three hundred dollars were taken, but recovered.

The robber wounded at the State Capitol, this afternoon died at 4 o'clock. His name was James Griffin, a noted criminal, who has killed his man and been engaged in a number of small thieving affairs. The captured man is Alvin McGuire, who has also secured his man. The third man, who escaped, was in collusion with the detectives and decoyed the other two into the daring crime. The following details are from the State Journal extra. About 2 o'clock in the afternoon three men walked quietly into the State Treasurer's office, drew revolvers and said to the treasurer, Bartlett, who stood behind the railing, "Hold up your hands." The muzzles of the pistols almost touched his head through the railing. Bartlett answered, "What does this mean, men? Is it fooling or business?" But his hands went up all the same. "No talk," retorted the man in the middle, "be the leader, 'just bend out the money. Be quick about it." Bartlett passed out through the railing about \$300, a loud voice, "Here it is, help yourselves." Two of the men then turned to the door, the third backed out and covering the retreat across the roof and jumped out of the open window. The loud tone employed by Bartlett was the signal to Detectives Found and Davis, who were concealed in adjoining rooms. Hearing it, they rushed into the hall just as the two robbers passed out of the Treasurer's public door. The detectives shouted "halt," but to attention was paid by the fleeing men, who were afterward found to be Griffin and McGuire. Griffin being one-legged was behind. A moment after the report of a shot gun was heard, Griffin fell on the porch steps, ten or twelve bushel in the back and right shoulder. A chase took in McGuire before he could mount his horse, tied to a post about forty feet from the door. The moment the gun was fired in the hall, the third man, who is unknown unless to detectives, stopped close to the door instead of passing out, turned and went through the door behind the railing, ran across the roof and jumped out of the open window and made his escape. No pursuit seems to have been made of this mysterious individual.

The money was recovered by Point, who returned it to the Treasury. It appears Point and Davis knew an attempt was to be made, and had a understanding with Bartlett that he should talk loud enough to the robbers to be heard in their place of concealment. The detectives had been looking for by day for the past week. The robbers had been to visit the Capitol several times, but some hitch in the arrangement broke the actual robbery till Friday. There is a mystery about the affair, especially the part taken by the detective, that has created almost as much curiosity as excitement. This may be cleared up when the escaped robber is arrested, if he ever is.

FENIAN RECRUITS FOR THE MAHDI.

The Fenians Organizing Troops to Assist the Arab Prophet Against the British in the Sudan. CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—According to a circumstantial narrative to appear in to-morrow's press, the Fenian organization has been revived in this country, and a movement has been put on foot to organize two or more full regiments of 1,200 each for service in the Sudan, to operate with the Mahdi against the British. This is based upon the following order, a copy of which has been forwarded to several commanders of Fenian Clubs in this city:

"HEADQUARTERS FENIAN BROTHERHOOD, NEW YORK, Feb. 7, 1885. "A meeting of centers of circles represented in the following cities was held at the headquarters as early as may be before the 20th inst. to take such measures as may be necessary to organize each their units of 500 men for a brigade for active service in Egypt in the interest of the Mahdi, in his struggle for liberty. Immediately upon organization the following names will be forwarded to Beckman street, New York, to Jeremiah O'Donovan (Boss), New York, 200 men; Fred Lin 200 men; H. H. 200 men; Buffalo, 200 men; Chicago, 200 men. Your circle will take immediate measures to raise for its contingent the sum of \$10,000, which should be forwarded by the officer in temporary command of the men. Each man of your quota must be guaranteed by the center of the city where he comes. Married men will not be accepted.

"WILLIAM A. HAMILTON, "Secretary Council Fenian Brotherhood. "The article published in the names of prominent ex-officers of the Union and Confederate armies as having been commissioned to serve as officers and brigade, and General Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia, is named as the probable commander of the brigade. It is declared that the quota from this city has already been engaged and the money raised, and will be forwarded to the East within the next two weeks. It is claimed that Marseille, France, will be the rendezvous prior to leaving for Egypt.

CARPET WEAVERS' STRIKE.

Five Hundred Policemen Escort the Non-Union Weavers Home—Men, Women and Children Hurt in the Crowd. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—The excitement in the vicinity of the Kensington Carpet Mills was unexampled to-day. By 4 o'clock an immense crowd had collected at Ledford's mill, where Cameron and Stevens, non-union loom fixers, are employed. Five hundred policemen marched to the crowd. School boys and women, terrified at the sight of the approaching officers, fled, and a York street were stopped by a solid body of policemen that extended across and down that street for blocks. The officers then began to use their clubs, and the women and children were scattered and cursing men, coupled with the shouts of the policemen made up a scene which will long be remembered in the history of the city. Women and children were knocked down and trampled upon, and several of them suffered in the process. However, they were successful in clearing the streets. Many in the crowd had broken heads and limbs, and an administrative committee of the city was organized to investigate the matter. The streets were cleared, the loom-fixers were escorted to their homes, and the crowd dispersed. A large number of the crowd were injured, and a large number were taken to the hospital.

HARD-ROCKETS CONTESTED ELECTION.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 28.—In the contested election case to-day the testimony related mainly to the vote in the Fifth Ward of Toledo. One witness gave a list of seventeen persons who voted in one precinct of that ward, who claimed to be non-resident, but on cross-examination testified that in the city directory he found twelve names very similar in pronunciation to twelve of those considered in the list, but differing slightly in the spelling. He did not go to those persons themselves, but limited his inquiries to other persons in the precinct. He found that twelve of the non-residents of the precinct at the time of the election, but admitted that it was probable some of the names were those of persons who had moved into the ward since the election. In the second court three witnesses testified as to three illegal votes cast in one of the townships of Lucas County, and the testimony of those witnesses is now asserted that Johns, whose testimony was given in the case, was a resident of the ward. Judge of Election in the Eighth Ward, worked and voted against Romeis.

MR. HENDRICKS' NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

GRAFTON, W. Va., Feb. 28.—Vice President elect Hendricks had a narrow escape from death between this place and Parkersburg at 4 o'clock yesterday morning. Mr. Hendricks and General Superintendent Clements, of the Baltimore and Ohio Road, were coming east on a special train running at lightning speed. Train 188 had orders to side-track at Grafton, but the special was in two sections. As soon as the first section passed train 188 pulled onto the main track and dashed ahead. It had not got fully under way and rounded a curve when the engine saw the second section of the special carrying Mr. Hendricks and party. Both engines made desperate efforts to stop their trains, but succeeded as to cause but a slight collision, sufficient, however, to awaken the sleepers. Superintendent Clements at once discharged the crew of train 188.

The Mascot Shooting Affray.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 28.—The Grand Jury concluded its investigations into the shooting affray at the Mascot office, January 12, in which Register of Votes Robert Brewster was killed by George Osmond, and a report presented bills of indictment this morning, but the proceedings were secret. It is believed, however, that Mr. Manning tendered his resignation as President, which was accepted, after the passage of suitable resolutions, to be made public next week, and Robert C. Pruyn was elected President.

Rice as Contraband.

BERLIN, Feb. 28.—The Vossches Zeitung denies the report that Germany will accept the French declaration making rice contraband of war. The reason Germany did not at once formally oppose the French declaration of the Vossches Zeitung is that Bismarck chose to leave initiative in the work of protest to England and other maritime powers. The inclusion of rice in the species contraband of war, the paper says, implies the inclusion of cornmeal and other similar commodities besides the contraband declaration made by France; if accepted, would annul the declaration of the Paris Congress.

The Caton Mob Not Heard From.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 28.—Nothing further has been heard from the Union County mob which threatened to hang Mrs. Caton and sons for beating and finally hanging Mrs. Caton because she would not deed her property to them. The scene of the action is remote from the telegraph and information is hard to get.

The Paris Congress of 1856.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—Granville has opened correspondence with all the Powers which signed the convention at the Paris Congress in 1856. The object of this correspondence is to secure a joint protest by other signatory Powers against the action of France in making this decree in direct violation of the resolutions adopted by the Congress of 1856.

Weekly Bank Statement.

WALL STREET, Feb. 28.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes:

Table with columns: Loans, Deposits, Circulation, Reserve, Increase, Decrease. Values include \$4,000, \$1,000,000, \$1,500,000, \$2,000,000, \$52,000.

Fatal Shooting in Texas.

ROCKDALE, TEX., Feb. 28.—At Danlo, fifteen miles south of Rockdale, last night, a difficulty occurred between Zed, Stevens and Buck Sales, resulting in the death of Sales. While making his escape, Stevens shot and killed a bystander named Brown at Whitehall, S. C. Both colored, were shot at Whitehall, S. C. Stevens was shot in the leg. A posse is searching for Stevens, who undoubtedly will be lynched as soon as caught.

Young Lady Drowned.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 28.—The Courier-Journal's Shelbyville, Ky., special says: James Jesse, the brother of Miss Mary Jesse, had taken the family car to the lake at Shelbyville, Ky., on Saturday. While attempting to cross a creek near home, the car was overturned, and Miss Jesse was drowned. The car was caught by the rapid current, and was drowned. The others were all rescued.

A Chicago Uppitist Sentenced to the Penitentiary.

LITTON, Feb. 28.—Silton Weston, a Chicago uppitist, charged with committing the murder of a woman, was sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of years. The uppitist was a well-known character in the city, and was charged with the murder of a woman in the city. The uppitist was a well-known character in the city, and was charged with the murder of a woman in the city. The uppitist was a well-known character in the city, and was charged with the murder of a woman in the city.

Colored Postmasters Arrested.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 28.—R. S. Tapleton and Joseph Harrison, postmaster and assistant postmaster of Charleston, S. C., both colored, were committed to jail charged with stealing a registered letter from the mails. Israel Brown, colored, postmaster at Hardeeville, arrested on Thursday charged with falsifying returns to increase his commissions, has been discharged.

Submerged by Gas.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 28.—A strong smell of gas was detected on the British steamship Dorothea on this morning. Investigation revealed the fact that two men had been suffocated and two others made seriously ill. The steamship was in the English Channel.

When in the Wrong Quietly.

The bile weasels grievous injury. Headaches, constipation, pain in the liver and stomach, jaundice, a sea-sickness. A few drops of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will reform these evils and prevent further injury. It is a pleasant aperient, its action upon the bowels being unaccompanied by griping. The liver is both regulated and stimulated by it, and as it is very impotent to discharge disorder of the organ, which, through neglect, may culminate in dangerous congestion and hepatic abscess, the patient should be resolute to at an early stage. Failure to do this renders a contest with the madly more protracted. Fever and acute rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles are remedied by its use, and the increasing irritability of age mitigated by it. It may be also used to convalescence with advantage as it hastens the restoration of vigor.

The Brantley Tragedy.

NEW BRANTLEY, TEX., Feb. 28.—The preliminary hearing of Charles Brantley and others, charged with the murder of Mary Golding, was completed to-day. The prisoner were remanded without bail, as it was impossible to obtain sureties. The examination developed the fact that the crime of Yeager and Brantley was determined upon six weeks previous to the tragedy.

The Secret of Sustaining a Good Reputation.

Always has and always will depend upon the quality of the commodity. H. A. & L. J. D. Land & Co., of Fairport, N. Y., the great manufacturers of Salus and Soda, realize this to its fullest extent, and the thousands of patrons who use Iceland's Salus and Soda testify to its wonderful purity and strength, always uniform, always reliable and full weight.

The St. Louis Failures.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 28.—Bos W. Lewis made a brief statement to-day to the effect that his liabilities are \$30,000, assets \$180,000, and that he was a little squeezed just now, but that in a short time he would pay. M. Samuel & Sons have made no statement yet, or will they be able to until their books are thoroughly examined.

The Pale Horse is a Figure of Speech.

Applied to death. The friends of J. F. Spalding, of Scranton, Pa., were assured that that gentleman was about to take a journey to the shadowy land, so swiftly had the ravages of consumption broken down his system. He was told to try Miller's Herb Bitters. He did so, and a healthier man doesn't walk the streets to-day. Mr. Spalding calls the medicine "Magic Bitters."

MOTHERS! LOOK INTO THE MERITS OF THE SOLAR TIP SHOES!

FOR YOUR BOYS. They will save you money, and your boys will be happy. The Solar Tip shoes are made of the finest materials, and are guaranteed to last. They are also very comfortable, and will keep your boys' feet warm and dry. The Solar Tip shoes are the best shoes for your boys. They are made of the finest materials, and are guaranteed to last. They are also very comfortable, and will keep your boys' feet warm and dry. The Solar Tip shoes are the best shoes for your boys.

Manhood Restored.

REMEDY FREE.—A victim of youthful indiscretion causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, and other ailments, has been restored to manhood by the use of the REMEDY FREE. This remedy has been discovered by a young man of the name of J. G. O'Neil, who has been cured of his ailments by the use of the REMEDY FREE. This remedy has been discovered by a young man of the name of J. G. O'Neil, who has been cured of his ailments by the use of the REMEDY FREE.

Whisker Habit.

With Double-edged Gold. The Whisker Habit is a dangerous one, and it is necessary to get rid of it as soon as possible. The Whisker Habit is a dangerous one, and it is necessary to get rid of it as soon as possible. The Whisker Habit is a dangerous one, and it is necessary to get rid of it as soon as possible. The Whisker Habit is a dangerous one, and it is necessary to get rid of it as soon as possible.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from nervousness and indigestion of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to Rev. JOSEPH INMAN, Station D, New York.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Combines, in a proportion peculiar to itself, the active medicinal properties of the best blood-purifying and strengthening remedies of the vegetable kingdom. It will positively cure—in the power of medicine—Spring Debility, Headache, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, and all Diseases caused by a low state of the blood. I suffered three years with blood poison. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and think I am cured." Mrs. M. J. DAVIS, Brockport, N. Y. "Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." I. BARRINGTON, 130 Bank Street, New York City.

is so vastly superior to any other sarsaparilla or blood purifier, that one has well said: "His health-giving effects upon the blood and entire human organism, are as much more positive than the remedies of a quarter of a century ago, as the steam-power of to-day is in advance of the slow and laborious drudgery of years ago." "While suffering from a severe bilious attack in March, 1883, a friend in Florida, Ill., recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla. I tried the remedy, and was permanently cured." J. A. SHEPARD, travelling agent for Devoe & Co., Fulton Street, N. Y.

Purifies the Blood

"I tried a dozen articles to cleanse my blood, but never found anything that did me any good till I began using Hood's Sarsaparilla." W. H. FRENCH, Rochester, N. Y. "My wife was troubled with dizziness and constipation, and her blood has been in a bad order—in fact she has been all run down. Hood's Sarsaparilla is doing her a wonderful amount of good." F. M. BALDWIN, druggist, Manchester, Ohio.

"I was for five years a sufferer with boils, all run down, and was at one time obliged to give up work. Before taking all of two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, I was entirely cured." R. M. LANE, Pittsburgh, Pa. "I was severely afflicted with scrofula, and for over a year had not been able to do any work. Took five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and consider myself entirely cured." C. E. LOVEJOY, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5.—Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5.—Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

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TO INDIANA DEMOCRATS: Since taking on last annual prospectus you have achieved a glorious victory in your State and aided materially in transferring the National Government once more to Democratic hands. Your triumph has been complete as your faithfulness through twenty years was heroic.

In the late campaign, as in former ones, the SENTINEL'S arm has been bared in the fight. We stood shoulder to shoulder, as brothers, in the conflict; we now ask your hand for its coming year in its celebration of the victory.

Our columns that were vigorous with fight when the fight was on will now, since the contest is over, be devoted to the arts of peace. With its enlarged patronage the SENTINEL will be better enabled than ever to give an

Unsurpassed News and Family Paper.

The proceedings of Congress and of our Democratic Legislature and the doings of our Democratic National and State Administrations will be fully chronicled, as well as the current events of the day.

Its Commercial Reviews and Market Reports will be reliable and complete.

Its Agricultural and Home Departments are in the best of hands.

Its editorial, select literary brevities and entertaining miscellany are assured features.

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