

GENERAL TELEGRAMS.

Special to the Sentinel.
MARION, Ind., May 26.—Memorial services at the M. E. Church on Washington street, Sunday, under the auspices of the Grand Army of the Republic, General Shunk Post, was very imposing. A large number of ex-soldiers and many citizens attended. The sermon by Elder Brown, of Jonesboro, an ex-army chaplain, was able and impressive. William Collins, an old and highly respected citizen of our city, was buried here yesterday. Funeral sermon by Elder Higgins, of the Presbyterian Church.
The wife of Elder James Maple, a minister of much notoriety and highly respected throughout Northern Indiana, now stationed at Raleigh, N. C., died at the residence of her son-in-law, on Adams street, in our city, at 9 o'clock last night, after a protracted illness of many months. Her death has been anticipated for some time. Her husband arrived just previous to her death.
High winds and rainstorms prevailed here during most of the day Sunday accompanied by much thunder and lightning.
The seventeen-year-old son of S. P. Everette, of our city, was taken to the House of Correction at this time, by Sheriff Holman, on the order of Judge Carroll, of the Grant Circuit Court, as incorrigible.
Thomas Lucas, an ex-soldier and inmate of the Grant county poorhouse, where he has been for many years, was this day taken to the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, Ohio, by G. D. Custer and J. Y. Parrott, where arrangements had been made for his reception previously.
United States Consul at Rio Janeiro Instructed.
RIO JANEIRO, May 26.—The Southern mail has brought an explanation of the ground for the arrest of Mr. Mackay, United States Consul at Rio Grande, on the 16th of April. According to the Rio Grande papers, Mr. Mackay had long been a special mark for the attacks of a caricaturing paper called the *Marnay*, of which a certain Thado Alves De America was editor. Finally on the 12th these attacks culminated in an attack upon Mr. Mackay's mother, and in scurrilous assertions as to own his intimacy with two respectable ladies. Mr. Mackay was seated in the theater on the evening of the 16th, when the said American passed, scraped his feet on the floor to attract attention, looked at the Consul in an insolent manner and spat loudly. Mackay jumped out, and after several exchanges of words American raised a swordstick and struck at Mackay, but the stick caught in a chandelier and broke. Mackay then drew a small revolver and fired four shots, three of which struck, but as American ducked they produced only superficial wounds. American then drew a pistol and fired, but the pistol was seized by a bystander, whose hand was severely mangled by the charge. American was taken out to have his wounds dressed, and Mackay accompanied by Consul, proceeded to the residence of a police magistrate and surrendered himself, where he was lodged in the apartments of the Staff Major in the palace barracks, and where next day over 400 of the chief inhabitants of the city went to compliment him and to offer their services.

A Lunatic Runs Off With a Freight Train.
MACON, Ga., May 26.—Jesup is the meeting point for trains of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad, and has a negro character known as "Crazy Bill." At 3 o'clock yesterday morning a freight train of thirty cars, bound for Macon, was waiting the arrival of a passenger train from Macon. Bill stole into the locomotive cab, blew the whistle and starting off, shooting over many switches but keeping the track. The lunatic ran the train five miles, but was stalled at the foot of a hill, as the water in the boiler ran low. The engineer, yardmaster and others, on seeing the train leave, looked after and found it at the hill. The lunatic, in stopping, blew the signal for a switchman, and then sat down on the end of a cross-tie, and was found there by a crowd, reading his Testament. He was captured, and no time lost in side tracking the train, which was accomplished just as the passenger train came up. But for the stoppage the freight would have met the passenger train in a frightful collision. The lunatic was placed in jail and will be sent to an asylum. The only damage done was the tearing up of the track in the yard at Jesup.
Sentenced.
WASHINGTON, Ind., May 26.—The case of Charles Kirkey, accused of stealing a watch from Charles Harris, came up for trial in the Circuit Court. The prisoner at first pleaded not guilty. The trial commenced and after the testimony had been given in, and then argued before the jury, the defendant concluded he would better plead guilty before the jury had a chance to decide in the matter, thinking he would be dealt with more leniently. He did so, and requested that sentence be pronounced immediately. The following sentence was then pronounced by Judge Helton: One year at hard labor in the State Prison South, disfranchisement for two years and a fine of \$10.
Mr. Kirkey is a stranger here, and came, ostensibly, to this place to find work some two weeks ago. Most of his time was spent in and around saloons, and no one could be found to whom he had applied for employment. He is thought to be a "head beat" from some of the larger cities.
Seymour Items.
SEYMOUR, Ind., May 26.—Jackson Lodge No. 90, I. O. G. T., organized in this city eighteen years ago, collapsed last night. This has ranked as one of the best lodges in the State, having at one time as high as 150 members, and passed in its checks with forty good-standing members. Its downfall is said to have been the result of the severe political excitement of last season. Peace to its ashes.
Mr. John Stout, a liverman of this city, who has been a terrible sufferer from disease for several years, has recently become violently insane. It is the intention of his physicians to try and have him placed in the Asylum for the Insane at Indianapolis in a few days. He has been an active business man and is of the highest respectability.
Decorations Day, Saturday, will fail to be of immense proportions and will exert all effort of the kind ever made in this city or county.
Hannibal Lumbermen Strike.
HANNIBAL, Mo., May 26.—Following the example of the 150 saw mill men, the lumber millers, teamsters, etc., employed by the Hannibal Saw Mill Company, who struck last Friday for a restoration of the wages paid last year, \$1.50 per day, the employees of seven of the largest wholesale dealers in the city have struck for the same sake. There are now over 850 lumbermen on strike here. Many laborers of other trades who are paid less than \$1.50 per day have also struck for that figure. The lumber business is practically suspended.
The Chicago Board of Trade Fight.
CHICAGO, May 26.—When the Chicago Board of Trade refused, four weeks ago, to allow its quotations to go to any subscribers not approved by its Committee on Market Reports, it excluded its quotations from the open Board of Trade. The latter corporation retaliated by beginning its day sessions at 9 o'clock, A. M., or one half hour earlier than the Board of Trade, and has remained open until 3 o'clock each afternoon. The Board of Trade yesterday decided to renew giving its quotations to the open board, but the latter, Saturday, completed arrangements with the Merchants and Bankers' Telegraph Company to send out its own quotations, and has taken no definite action with respect to the proposal made by the Board of Trade.
John E. Milne, a member of the Committee on Market Reports, owing to the action taken by the Board of Trade, resigned as chairman of the committee.
Ex-Governor St. John Denies the Republicans.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 26.—Ex-Governor St. John, of Kansas, addressed a small audience at the Court House here last night. He severely castigated the Republicans of the House of Representatives for refusing him the use of the hall for a lecture. He said he understood it was done principally by the Republicans, and that the Democrats were willing he should use the hall. He charged that the refusal was the outgrowth of spite, hatred the Republican party generally, and toward the South, claiming that in all the quality of morality and government that section was in advance of the North. This was especially the case in regard to temperance, since there was a larger area of territory where absolute prohibition prevailed by the operation of local option.
Struck by Lightning.
OAKLAND, Ill., May 26.—During a severe storm Sunday night the residence of Abe Wingle, seven miles northwest of this city, was struck by lightning. The flash came through a window and entered the sitting room, wherein were Mr. Wingle and his wife, his sister-in-law and four children. Mrs. Wingle was struck and died without a struggle. Mrs. Vanvoris, her sister, was struck down and is still in an unconscious condition, and Mr. Wingle and two of the family were struck but did not lose consciousness. The house was set on fire but the flames were subdued.
KANKAKEE, Ill., May 26.—Alexander Burchette, aged thirty-five, a farmer, living near Grant Park, was killed by lightning, a wire of the line conveying the electric stroke to him.
Campbell's House Burned.
CINCINNATI, May 26.—The dwelling house of T. C. Campbell, a well-known attorney of this city, situated near College Hill, in this city, burned to the ground this morning at 3 o'clock. Mr. Campbell's two sons aged fifteen and eleven were the only occupants. They say their hired man and wife left on Sunday in consequence of a disagreement with the boys. The loss amounts to \$30,000; insurance \$20,000.
Shocking Fratricide.
ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 26.—The Post Dispatch's Chattanooga, Tenn., special says: A private telegram from Asheville, N. C., announces a shocking fratricide near that place. Charles and John York, sons of a prominent citizen, were out on a spree and got into a quarrel over a trivial matter. Charles York drew a large knife and plunged it into his brother's breast seven times, killing him instantly. The murderer is in jail.
Senator Edmunds Summoned to London.
BURLINGTON, Vt., May 26.—Senator Edmunds has been summoned to testify on points in American law before the British House of Lords. He will start on Saturday. He will be accompanied by his daughter and before their return in August they will make a short trip in Europe.
Salvation Army Tactics.
GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., May 26.—Call W. Johnson, correspondent for several sensational weekly papers, from Gloversville, was nowhithered in a village dry goods store by Professor West, of the Salvation Army. Johnson is seriously injured. West has been arrested.
A Public Dinner to Mr. Winchester.
LOUISVILLE, May 26.—A public dinner will be given Hon. Boyd Winchester, at the Gait House, in this city, on the 29th, as a mark of respect and token of appreciation in which his appointment as Minister to Switzerland is held by his friends.
Use the Brush on the Cows.
But few farmers ever think it necessary that a cow should be brushed. We have seen neighbors laugh and ridicule what they called our overcleanliness and fussiness, when the cows were curried and brushed twice a day, with as much care as was given to the horses. "What! currying a cow? Never heard tell of such a thing!" But a cow needs it, even more than a horse, and for several reasons. A cow, whose milk is used for food, unless she have a perfectly clean skin, can not give clean milk, and then the butter will be bad. The skin should be in a perfectly healthful condition, and the blood, or the milk, will be impure and unhealthful, and the butter or cheese will be tainted. Neither cleanliness nor healthfulness can be secured without regular brushing of the skin and the removal of all the dirt which will gather upon it. This should be done before the cows are milked, both morning and evening. The morning brushing should be a thorough one; a simple brushing to remove dust and loose hairs, will be sufficient for the evening. It will help very much for both horses and cows to have the stables so floored that the animals can be kept from fouling themselves.
For the Sake of Cleanliness.
The claim of several companies, notably one advertising "absolute purity" in their preparation, that adequate aerating strength can not be obtained in a baking powder without ammonia is fallacious, both on moral and hygienic grounds. Ammonia is not only poisonous, but an nucleus drug, and consumers of baking powders containing it are compelled to partake of traces of animal excrement. The doctrine of the Price Baking Powder Company, in which they are supported by the chemical and medical authorities of the nation, is that a powder for raising the bread of man should be made, like Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, without the resort to ammonia, lime, alum or any drug whatever.
An Inconceivable Monstrer.
(Boston Record.)
Our poor old mother tongue is the only one to mourn for Logan's re-election, except a few incapable and demoralized secker Democrats, who don't count.



THE REVISED BIBLE.

REV. DR. PHILIP SCHAFF, PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN REVISION COMMITTEE.
The day fixed for the publication of the revised version of both the Old and the New Testament in the United States is May 21, 1885. Great interest is manifested in the event throughout the country. America has taken a prominent part in the work, the results of which will soon be in the hands of the people. The actual revision was completed nearly a year ago. Paiting the book through the press with the proper amount of care has consumed the intervening time. That Bible readers in the United States, from May 21, will have the best result of Bible scholarship before them, is a point gained, and it may be added, the general intensity of expectation regarding the revised book, emphasized by the prominence given in the newspapers to the details of the revision, is significant. That the Bible is the "book of books" to a large number of people. At the same time it is not probable that the sale of the whole revised Bible will be nearly as large a feat of the New Testament alone, when it was published in a separate form.
The history of the present revision is soon told. Work was begun by the British Committee Westminster Abbey, June 22, 1870. The American Committee began to revise October 4, 1872. Eighty-two scholars united their labors in the gigantic task, the Old Testament employing twenty-seven British and fifteen American revisers, and the New Testament twenty-five British and fifteen American.
Philip Schaff, the learned gentleman whose portrait is at the head of this article is President of the American Revision Committee, and took part in the revision of the New Testament. He was born at Coire, Switzerland, January 1, 1819. His education was very thorough, beginning at Coire, and continued in Stuttgart, Tubingen, Halle and Berlin. He took the degree of B. D., and passed an examination for a professorship in Berlin, 1841, after which he traveled through several countries of Europe, as tutor to the son of a Prussian nobleman. Upon his return to Berlin he lectured in the University of that city. His subjects were Church History and Exegesis, and the duration of his employment in this way, was from 1842 to 1844. In this year he removed to America, accepting a Professorship in the Theological Seminary of the German Reformed Church of the United States at Mercersburg, Pa. He held this position until 1863, when he removed to New York. Dr. Schaff acted as Secretary of the New York Sabbath Committee from 1864 to 1869. In 1865 he made a visit to Europe. His lectures on Church History, delivered in the Theological Seminary at Andover, Hartford and New York, gave him great prominence, and in 1870 he was made Professor of Sacred Literature at Union Theological Seminary, New York, a position which he still holds. He was one of the founders and the first Secretary of the American Branch of the Evangelical Alliance, and its Commissioner in 1869, 1872 and 1873, to make arrangements for the meeting of that body in New York in 1873. In 1871, Dr. Schaff acted as the Alliance delegate to interfere with the Czar of Russia in behalf of the religious liberties of his subjects in England in 1875 to assist in making arrangements with the University Press for the publication of the revised edition of the Scriptures. Dr. Schaff's title of D. D. was conferred on him by the University of Berlin in 1874. His other titles include S. T. P. and LL. D. of numerous list of honors paid him by learned bodies. He is a voluminous writer. Of his works, which are chiefly exegetical and historical, the "History of the Christian Church," in four volumes, is the most celebrated. Dr. Schaff attended the session of the Synodical Alliance held in Copenhagen in the early part of last fall.
Bitter Milk—Cause and Prevention.
(American Agriculturist.)
There are several causes for bitter milk. The most prevalent is the presence of rags, weed or other bitter weeds in the hay. This is almost always the case when cows are fed with hay that is cut and dried when the weather is hot, and at times when the feeder from a weedy field is used. The flavor of ragsweed is so persistent that it appears in the cream and butter and spoils the latter for use. This is to be expected, because the flavor of ragsweed and other plants allied to it is due to an essential oil which will naturally combine with the cream and remain in the butter. The flavor of it also affects the butter in the fall from cows pasturing in meadows. The only remedy for this defect is to avoid the cause. Another cause in which all seem to agree is that in certain conditions the milk of farrow cows will be bitter. This peculiar flavor is perhaps caused by some change in the character of the milk which indicates that the secretion is not pure, and that milk should be discarded. Other opinions to the effect that the cow is not in good health and the products of some disorder are being discharged in the milk; an occurrence which frequently happens, and which shows how necessary it is to guard against any injurious use of the milk of diseased cows. Cows suffering from tuberculosis, or consumption of the lungs, will continue to give milk copiously, but its flavor is exceedingly disagreeable, and nauseous at times being milkish and bitter, and quite unfit for use. It is certain that milk is made bitter by premature decomposition produced by the remains of stale milk in the crevices of the udder. In all these cases the remedies or the means of prevention are obvious. No wooden utensils should be used in milking or in setting milk. Wood absorbs the milk into its pores, and when the pail is sealed this milk is coagulated, ferments and decomposes, and will surely injure the milk by infecting it with a leaven of putridity. Tin pails and pans should first be washed with cold water

then with hot water and soap to remove the grease, then rinsed, and finally scalded with boiling hot water, wiped with clean dry towels, and afterward placed out doors to dry in the sunshine.
Civilization in Africa.
(Translated from the German by Alex. E. Sweet.)
A large, strong man dressed in a uniform, and armed to the teeth, knocks at the door of a hut on the coast of Africa.
"Who are you, and what do you want?" asks a voice from the interior.
"Be not afraid, my friend. I have come to you in the name of civilization. Open your door or I'll break it down for you, and fill you full of lead."
"But what do you want here?"
"My name is Christian Civilization. Don't talk like a fool, you black brute, what do you suppose I want here but to civilize you, and make you a more human being out of you if it is possible."
"What are you going to do?"
"First of all, you must dress yourself like a white man. It's a shame and a disgrace the way you go about. From now on you must wear underclothing, a pair of pants, vest, coat, plaid hat, and a pair of yellow gloves. I will furnish them to you at reasonable rates."
"What shall I do with them?"
"Wear them, of course. You didn't expect to get them, did you? The first step in civilization is wearing proper clothes."
"But it is too hot to wear such garments. I'm not used to them. I'll perish from the heat. Do you want to murder me?"
"Well, if you do die, you will have the satisfaction of being a martyr to civilization."
"You are very kind."
"Don't mention it. What do you do for a living, anyhow?"
"When I am hungry, I eat a banana. I eat drink, or sleep, just as I feel like it."
"Wait, horrible barbarity! The first step in civilization is wearing proper clothes. I don't think I'll have to sock you up as a 'vagrant'."
"Is it so bad to follow some occupation, I think I'll start a coffee house. I've got a good piece of ground, and I can grow coffee."
"O, you have, have you? Why, you are not such a hopeless case as I thought you were. In the first place, you want to pay me fifty dollars."
"What for?"
"As an occupation tax, you ignorant heathen. Do you expect to get all the blessings of civilization for nothing?"
"But I haven't got any money."
"That makes no difference. I'll take it up in coffee and sugar. If you don't pay it up I'll put you in jail."
"Jail is a progressive word. You must be prepared to make some sacrifices for civilization, you know."
"What a great thing civilization is!"
"You can not possibly realize the benefits, but you will before I get through with you. The unfortunate native took to the woods and has not been seen since."
A New Dodge.
(Boston Transcript.)
"I beg your pardon," said a slovenly dressed individual reaching for a bar which stood in the coat-room of a gentleman just ahead of him; "there's a burr in your coat, sir; permit me to remove it." "Thank you; no consequence," said the gentleman, himself removing the burr. The impetuous one struck an attitude told the regulation story of hunger, and preferred a request for ten cents with which to buy bread. He got the money, but still lingered. "What is it, my man?" asked the gentleman. "Please, sir," replied the tramp, "you have my burr in your hand. I'd like it, if you please. It's my capital, you know." "Your capital?" "Yes, sir, that's right. I staked it onto a cove what looks downy, you know, and then I steps up and takes it off. Sometimes I only gets thanks for my trouble, and sometimes I'm comes down handsome. Yes, boss, that's my capital; couldn't do business without it; have to shut up shop, you know."
The American people understand what is the greatest requirement for a foreign mission. The friends and admirers of a man who is appointed to a post abroad promptly subscribe to give him a public dinner as a send-off. They usually select for the occasion the night before the new official sails for his destination. They have implicit faith in his digestive powers. They know that he is not, like other persons, obliged by a rigid code of dining to get himself into trim for the disturbing exigencies of a sea voyage. If the new Minister shows to all beholders that he is a stalwart trencher man and can make a neat after-dinner speech besides, he is unanimously voted a "success," and the President congratulates him on his choice.
—New York Journal of Commerce.
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Loss of Appetite, Sourness, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part. Pain under the shoulder-blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.
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GRAY HAIR OF WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, and is instantaneous. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1. Office: 44 Murray St., New York.

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