

The Indianapolis Sentinel.

VOL. XXXIV—NO. 149.

INDIANAPOLIS, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 10,213.

WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR SATURDAY.—Occasional rains and cloudy weather; southwest to northwest winds; stationary temperature.

TO-DAY! TO-DAY!

G. A. R. SUITS,

\$6.50!

INDIGO BLUE: FAST COLOR!

WHERE?

When Clothing Store.

Men's Working Suits, Union Waxed, \$2.50 per Suit, at the WHEN

TO-DAY! TO-DAY!

Cuticura

UNIVERSALLY COMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS, DRUGGISTS AND CHEMISTS EVERYWHERE.

We have obtained satisfactory results from the use of the Cuticura Remedies in our own family, and recommend them beyond any other remedies for diseases of the skin and blood. The demand for them grows as their merits become known. MACMILLAN & CO., Druggists, LaSalle, Pa.

Your Cuticura Remedies sell well, especially the Cuticura Soap. I sell more Cuticura than of any other three kinds of skin medicines I carry, and the Cuticura Soap sells to my best class of customers. My lady customers will buy no other. H. E. SAMUEL, Druggist, Danville, Ky.

Our opinions on the subject of the Cuticura Remedies are formed from the expressions of our customers, to detail which would be to write a volume. They sell more readily than any other blood remedies. HENRY'S PHARMACY, 73 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Your Cuticura Remedies are a staple article with us, and never have I known of a single instance where it did not give entire satisfaction. Your Cuticura Soap speaks for itself, and those using it once will take no other. DRUGGIST, Santa Barbara, Cal.

Your Cuticura Soap can't be beat. We have been handling your Cuticura Remedies for several years, and would not be without them under any consideration. DR. C. P. JUDSON & BRO., Alvarado, Tex.

We have sold your Cuticura Remedies for the last five years, and no medicines on our shelves give better satisfaction. They have a steady sale year around. MCCORMICK & BOYNTON, Druggists, Nickerson, Kan.

Cuticura Remedies have a greater sale and give better satisfaction than any other similar remedies in the market. BODE'S PHARMACY, Cincinnati, O.

We are selling an enormous quantity of your Cuticura preparations. CHARLES LINKER, Druggist, Greenpoint, N. Y.

Cuticura, the great Skin Cure; Cuticura Soap, an exquisite skin Beautifier, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, are sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, 50 cents; SOAP, 25 cents; RESOLVENT, \$1. Prepared by the FORTNA DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

70¢ for 25 lb. sack White Rose Flour. \$3.25 per barrel for best Flour. Guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. 65¢ per lb. for King's Shoulders. 25¢ for 5 lbs. choice Lard. 50¢ per lb. for choice Raisins. 15¢ per lb. for Potted Peas. 15¢ per lb. for choice Evaporated Peaches. 25¢ per lb. for New Turkish Prunes. 25¢ for 5 cans Standard Table Peas. 25¢ for 5 cans Strawberries. 25¢ for 5 cans Best Corn. City Solicitors—Edward Tompkins, Frank Bailey and Joseph Dunn. Send for Price List.

M. M. WILLIAMS, 259 South Illinois street. Telephone 675.

NEW LINES

Spring Neckwear, placed on sale to-day. Satin lined Silk Scarfs, generally sold at 75 cents, only

35 Cents!

OR 8 FOR \$1.

MODEL.

WASHINGTON PICKUPS.

Indians on the Still Hunt—God Rained Presidents—Colonel Denby Goes to China.

The President at New York—Appointments—The Dolphin's Satisfactory Test.

GOING SLOW.

What the Democrats Might Have Done, but Have Not Chosen to Do—In Mr. Voorhees' Opinion, Washington, Jefferson and Lincoln were the Greatest of the American Presidents—The Indian at the Capital of His Country.

Special to the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Kleiner, Ward and Lowery are the only Indiana Congressmen remaining in the city. Meeting Ward today he told me: "I have no further business here which I am aware than to recommend the appointment of Postmasters in Tipton County." Statesmen in the corn belt and on the water shed seem to be unusually backward this season.

The average caller at the White House has but little more to say than, "Mr. President, I called to congratulate you." Mr. Cleveland is evidently getting enough of this to give him strength.

The average Indian in Washington is making a still hunt, and asks as a personal favor that all mention of his name be avoided. There are a great many parasites that distress the progress of journalism, and the fiend who devotes himself to the suppression of intelligence is the most detestable. He has a connection with the personal friend of the editor-fiend, who buttonholes and embarrasses a reporter at every point. The Indian in Washington is indirect, invisible, subterranean, and altogether an uninteresting creature for a newspaper interview.

A lazy rain is falling, which imparts an atmosphere of sloth to political interests, which are already distressingly slow. Since the afternoon of March 4 the Democrats have been in power, and yet no negro has been returned to slavery, no rebel soldier pensioned and no Confederate bonds purchased by the Government.

"If Cleveland is elected," said an Indianapolis Republican, with emphasis, in November, "there will be trouble."

"If Cleveland is elected," replied a Democrat, "and you Republicans go to making trouble, we'll hang you. We'll make short work of the next rebellion."

After a short run through the departments this morning, which appeared eminently satisfactory, Mr. Voorhees visited his committee room, where a large crowd of Illinois and Indiana people awaited him for the sole purpose of paying their respects. A general conversation followed, embracing a variety of topics, after which Mr. Voorhees was drawn to talk on the subject of the American Presidents. God raises up men, he thinks, for the sole purpose of accomplishing certain results. The three most auspicious characters that ever crossed the threshold of the White House were Washington, Jefferson and Lincoln. The sword presented Washington by Frederick the Great is inscribed: "From the greatest soldier in Europe to the greatest soldier in the world." Where is there another great Captain in all history who ever kept such an army as the American volunteers have for seven years? Yet Washington would have proven as inadequate to the performance of Jefferson's work as Jefferson would have fallen short of performing what the first President achieved.

Jefferson was the first of the Abolitionists, leading Wilberforce ten years. His arrangement of King George for allowing the African slave trade was terrific. At that time no Federalist or Englishman either had ever thought or written on the subject. The first measure he ever introduced in a legislative body provided that the people of Virginia, of their own free will and accord, might manumit their slaves. Of course, it was first voted down—public sentiment contemplated free negroes with a feeling of revulsion—but at last it became a law. His hatred of slavery did not stop with the African, though it included him, but found expression in broad opposition to every wrong that oppressed the poor. There was no limit to his sympathies for the French people, among whom he sojourned, and whom he studied in the hut of the peasant as well as in the halls of the rich. Journeying in disguise, and with concealed rank, he discovered the crimes against the working classes that must inevitably lead to war—laboring men at \$24 a year and laboring women at one half that amount. Plainly seeing, in the language of Ben Wade, that hell is no more than a half mile from here—from Nice he wrote a letter to Lafayette prophesying the bloodiest revolution in all history. He lived to see it come like the wrath of God—the streets of Paris drenched with blood, and the Bastille, that had withstood the assaults of armies with cannon, tumbled to the ground by unarmed men. Goaded to desperation, an infuriated people, usually a quiet, orderly people, with no desire or ambition beyond being allowed to live, doing what no disciplined soldiery had ever been potent to do. That the French Revolution came, carrying Kings from their thrones, and the executioner's block was no surprise to Jefferson. He brought to America a heart full of France, and would have returned to that country, but yielded to the solicitations of President Washington and became Secretary of State. In addition to Greek and Latin, of which he was a perfect master, he spoke an accurate and fluent French and German. He also conversed with the savages of America in seven tribal languages. To but few men of his day did so many sciences yield their secrets. He invented the curve rule board for plover. He corresponded with Laine, of which he was a perfect master, he turning the waters of the north into the Mississippi, and that vast canal.

Once had occasion to solicit information of this illustrious American from Judge Tur-

ple, and I asked him, "What life of Jefferson is best?"

"Parson's is as good as any," was the reply, "but really no life of Jefferson exists. There are but few minds capable of grasping the man."

Lincoln, Mr. Voorhees thinks, was called and elected to lead the country through the most trying period of its history. The popular conception of him—a plain, blunt man, who concealed nothing, and whose motives were always open, is absurd. He was the most adroit of men, a distinct character, and always proceeded to try a case in court as no other lawyer ever proceeded. His was far above any mind in the Cabinet, far in advance of public opinion, yet he had the appearance of one being led. With all the strength of a great nature, he hated slavery, yet he jockeyed the abolitionists. He knew all of what it was to be in Kentucky "poor white trash," upon whom even the negroes looked with high disdain. When he talked in private conversation of that condition, his thin lips grew white and his eyes filled with tears. He intended from the beginning that the war never should close until human servitude was extinguished on this continent. J. P. TURPIN.

Colonel Denby's Appointment—Other Matters.

Special to the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The Secretary of the Treasury to-day removed four chiefs of divisions in Colonel John G. Williams' office; the salary is \$2,000 each. These places do not come under the Civil Service act. Appointments to the vacancies will be made on Monday.

The President to-day appointed Colonel Charles Denby to be Minister to China. Colonel Denby never held but one elective office. A boy, fresh from college, he was chosen to represent Vanderburg County in the General Assembly. He contributed to the election of Hon. Graham N. Fitch to the United States Senate, and afterward married that gentleman's daughter. The Star, of this evening, says the appointment was hastened by the assurance of ex-Senator Joseph E. McDonald that the eminent Indian, both in ability and in character, would be in the service. Colonel Denby was one of the ablest men I have ever known, was the language of Hon. John J. Kliner to the Sentinel on respondent this afternoon. Large interests are being developed in China, and that this country will be amply represented no intelligent man acquainted with our new Minister can doubt.

Ex-Senator McDonald, accompanied by Senator Voorhees and Hon. R. J. Bright, has made a busy day of this.

NEWS OF NATIONAL INTEREST.

The President's New York Trip—Various Appointments—Colonel Denby Appointed Minister to China, Etc.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The President will leave Washington for New York this evening, accompanied by Secretaries Endicott, Whitney and Lamar, and Postmaster General Vilas. He will be the guest of Secretary Whitney, and it is stated goes only for the purpose of being present at the Decoration Day exercises. It is denied that any conference of politicians will be held, and it is stated that the President will decline all invitations and will request to be excused to callers in order that he may get some rest and physical benefit from the trip.

Captain Belknap, President of the board appointed to examine the Dolphin, in a telegram to the Secretary of the Navy, to-day reports that the trial trip yesterday was satisfactory, and that the requirements of the contract for the vessel were complied with.

Postmaster William C. Smith, of Holden, Mo., committed suicide this morning, by shooting himself. His books had just been examined and the inspector had discovered a shortage of about \$9,000.

Indian Commissioner Atkins has received a telegram from Spokane Falls, W. T., stating that the Nezperce Indians, from the Indian Territory, have arrived at that place and have been placed in charge of Indian Agents Month and Waters.

The President made the following appointments this afternoon: To be Consul General, Wendell A. Anderson, of Wisconsin, at Montreal; to be Consul of the United States, William D. Crowell, of Ohio, at Antwerp; William D. Maller, of South Carolina, at Cologne; D. Lynch Pringle, of South Carolina, at Tegucigalpa, Honduras.

Charles Denby, of Indiana, was to-day appointed to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to China.

All the Government and District offices and banks will be closed to-morrow. There will be memorial services at the cemeteries. According to the records of the hydrographic office the amount of ice and the number of bergs which have appeared in the direct path of European steamers within a month is unprecedented. The forthcoming monthly report will show a statement of the number of vessels injured by collision with icebergs during the month, so far as heard from. The list now numbers twenty-seven. The ice has not appeared south of parallel 41. The region infested by ice was very closely predicted in the publication of the hydrographic office a month ago, and the safe route marked just south and east of the limits mentioned.

Railroad Cashier Missing.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 29.—W. B. Hawley, local Cashier of the J. M. and I. Railroad, is missing, and is said to be a defaulter. He left the city quietly last week, but was seen in Chicago on Saturday. His accounts are being overhauled by the officials, and are found to be short, though the exact amount is not known. It is thought it will foot up to nearly \$5,000. Hawley lives in Jeffersonville, and was a patron of the turf during the recent races.

Another Million to Suppress Riot.

OTTAWA, May 29.—In the House of Commons to-night a grant of \$1,000,000 in addition to the \$700,000 previously appropriated, was granted to defray the cost of putting down the riot rebellion.

Mangled and Killed at De Pauw's Factory.

LOUISVILLE, May 29.—Henry Knoblock, engineer, was mangled and killed in the machinery of De Pauw's glass factory, New Albany, to-night.

Honduras, is a rice planter. He has never held an official position.

Mr. Warner, also of South Carolina, has been in Consular service for some years. His appointment to Cologne was a promotion.

General R. C. Drum sent the following telegram to General Schofield to-day:

Replying to your telegram of this date, reporting the arrest on American territory of Gabriel Danzig, Michael Dumas, Canadian insurgents, who belonged to Riel's insurrectionary force, the Secretary of War instructs me to say that the military forces have no authority to arrest or detain them. They must, therefore, be released from military arrest.

Secretary Manning to-day dismissed four chiefs of divisions in the Third Auditor's office—J. B. Fowler, of Maryland; J. M. Vale, of Pennsylvania; T. E. G. Pettigill, of New York, and John R. Thompson, of New Hampshire. This action was based on the recommendation of Third Auditor Williams. It is said there are no charges against the persons removed. The vacancies will be filled by Michael Dumas, Canadian insurgent.

It is estimated that the debt statement for the month of May, to be issued on Monday, will show a reduction of about \$5,000,000. The President to-day appointed James W. Wheeler, of New York, to be Assistant Treasurer of the United States. Mr. Wheeler is present in the office of Cashier. His promotion will cause other promotions, as follows: H. A. Whitney, Assistant Cashier, to be Cashier; Edward R. Trua, Teller, to be Assistant Cashier, and J. F. Melin, Chief Clerk, to be Teller. Mr. Valentine P. Snyder, of New York, who is at present acting as private Secretary to Secretary Manning, will be appointed Chief Clerk of the Treasurer's office. The above changes all take effect on the 1st prox.

Since Secretary Manning assumed charge of the Treasury Department sixty clerks have been removed from the office of Cashier, averaging from \$800 to \$2,100, have become vacant. With one exception, the offices are all within the civil service classification. The Secretary has decided not to fill any of the vacancies in question, on the ground that the interests of the service do not require it. This will save about \$93,000 annually.

GENERAL GRANT WORSE.

Only Two Hours' Sleep Last Night—Suffering Much Pain To-day.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Dr. Douglas remained in General Grant's house all of last night, and when he came out this morning he said he had not been awake with the General so much any night in a month as he was last night. The patient slept only two or three hours during the night, and not more than one hour continuously. The General was kept awake by pains in the throat and in the ear. The doctor said, however, that the patient had not appeared as well as during the week, and he believed the General had become chilled during his ride yesterday afternoon.

The Rowan County, Kentucky, Trouble Not Yet Settled.

LEWISVILLE, Ky., May 29.—A special from Rowan County says that the recent trouble there, which apparently was settled, is likely to begin again at any moment. Notwithstanding the agreement entered into between the warring factions, which has been carried out to the letter, both parties have been restless all the time, and have beheld each other with suspicious eyes. It is said by one of the best citizens, who came here to-day from Moorehead, that the opinion there is that Logan and Sheriff Humphreys will not stand a trial under the confession of Ed Pierce, who has been arrested and is awaiting arraignment at Athens, and that as soon as steps are taken to examine into the case, another trouble, more serious than any heretofore, will be engaged in.

A special from Bell County says that though Johnson, the desperado and murderer, has not yet appeared at the opening session, and that from present appearances a renewal of the trouble may be expected at any moment. The better class of citizens are in a complete state of terrorism and are talking of leaving the county as soon as they can sell their property.

Hills His Son by a Blow.

CLEVELAND, O., May 29.—A special from Findlay, Hancock County, gives particulars of the killing of his twelve year old son by John Motter, one of the wealthiest farmers of Orange Township. Motter was at work in the barn setting up some machinery, when a bolt fell through a crack in the floor. The boy was sent after the bolt, but failing to find it he returned and told his father he could not see it. He was sent a second time into the barn, and when he returned again without the bolt, his father, in a fit of anger, struck him in such a manner as to break his neck, causing instant death. The murderer has not been arrested, but the people are very much excited and demand a trial.

A Reporter Arrested on a Charge of Conspiracy.

PITTSBURGH, May 29.—Marion M. Ogden, a reporter for the Pittsburgh Dispatch, was arrested this evening on a charge of conspiracy preferred by City Assessor Hayes. Ogden is charged with having surreptitiously last night got into the safe, with assistance of one John Brown, and copied from the records the list of returns made by business men showing the amount of business transacted by them during the year. The Dispatch published the returns this morning, which created a great sensation in business circles.

American Absconder Arrested.

LOUISVILLE, May 29.—Rev. R. S. Stanton, D. D., whose name is on the passenger list of the steamship Nevada, which arrived at Queenstown this morning, from New York, died on board ship and was buried at sea. The reverend gentleman, the officers of the Nevada state, was in very feeble health when he came on board and only ventured on the trip in the hope that a change of air and scenery might possibly contribute toward his restoration to health. Rev. Dr. Stanton belonged in Washington, D. C. Surprise is expressed that he was buried at sea, he having only died yesterday.

Materials for Osman Digna.

ROME, May 29.—A letter has been received from Dr. Sweeney, the German traveler, stating that a schooner which was pursued recently threw overboard a quantity of contraband materials destined for Osman Digna's rebels. The doctor urges the necessity

EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

Russia Gives Up Maruchak and Peace Now Assured—Gladstone's Statesmanship Regarding It Eulogized.

Shanghai Dispatch Premature—A Literary Squabble—Germany May Declare War Against England and Italy.

THE AFGHAN BOUNDARY.

It is Finally Settled in a Satisfactory Manner.

LONDON, May 29.—The Daily News announces this morning, on the highest authority, that Russia's reply to England's counter-proposals were received here yesterday. This reply, it says, involves the acceptance of the proposal, and practically settles in a satisfactory manner the whole question of the Afghan boundary. Both Maruchak and Zulfikar remain in the possession of the Amer. The main features of the work of delimitation have finally been fixed, and the Boundary Commission will settle the details. The negotiations have been conducted in a most friendly spirit on both sides.

Gladstone's Statesmanship.

LONDON, May 29.—The Daily News in an editorial, says: Mr. Gladstone has crowned his illustrious career by again rendering the country a signal service. We must not forget, now that peace is secured, how near we came to a war such as this generation has not seen. The task required a combination of the highest qualities which go to make up the complex gift of statesmanship.

Russian Naval Officer Arrested.

CRONSTADT, May 29.—A Russian naval officer has been arrested here on suspicion, it is reported, of being connected with a plot to acquaint England of the method of the closing of the harbor of Cronstadt with torpedoes.

Maruchak the Chief Point in Dispute.

LONDON, May 29.—The Standard condems the statement that the principal point of dispute in the negotiations with Russia at present is the position of Maruchak. On this point, the Standard says, England refuses to yield.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

The Tien-Tsin Dispatch to Shanghai Regarding the Franco-Chinese Treaty Was Premature.

TIENTSIN, May 29.—The telegram from this place to Shanghai, stating that all the articles of the treaty of peace between China and France had been agreed to and that the treaty would be signed to-day, was premature. The negotiations still continue. M. Patenotre, the French Ambassador, has recently had several interviews with Sir Hung Chan, the Chinese Envoy. Both are awaiting the reply of the Peking Government to the latest French proposals.

Frederick Harrison and Herbert Spencer.

LONDON, May 29.—The Times prints a letter this morning, under the signature of Frederick Harrison addressed to Herbert Spencer, protesting against the latter publishing in America a volume containing three recent articles from the pen of Spencer and three of the production of Mr. Harrison, a print from the Nineteenth Century, and interspersed with critical comments. The letter characterizes this proceeding as an unworthy act of piracy. Mr. Spencer is asked whether he will take the profits of a book of which he (Harrison) is in part the author. Mr. Spencer is also accused in the letter of reprinting the articles without the consent or knowledge of the editor of the Nineteenth Century or of Mr. Harrison. Mr. Harrison, in his reply, declares he accedes to the proposal made by Mr. Spencer to republish the volume in England, and leaves the whole conduct of Mr. Spencer to the judgment of men of honor.

The Parcellite Campaign.

DUBLIN, May 29.—The Parcellite campaign in Ulster was continued to-day by a meeting of Nationalists at Belfast. The principal speaker was Timothy M. Healy, M. P. for Monaghan. He said that the cold which confined Lord Hartington to Dublin was a diplomatic, rather than a physical malady. In outlining the plan of the national campaign in the north of Ireland, Mr. Healy said the Nationalists would contest thirty-three seats in Ulster, of which they would win twenty-one, and they would decide the issue in the remaining twelve. The other speakers were Joseph G. Biggar, M. P. for Cavan; John Denny, M. P. for Cork, and Timothy Harrison, M. P. for West Meath.

A Washington Clergyman Dies at Sea.

LONDON, May 29.—Rev. R. S. Stanton, D. D., whose name is on the passenger list of the steamship Nevada, which arrived at Queenstown this morning, from New York, died on board ship and was buried at sea. The reverend gentleman, the officers of the Nevada state, was in very feeble health when he came on board and only ventured on the trip in the hope that a change of air and scenery might possibly contribute toward his restoration to health. Rev. Dr. Stanton belonged in Washington, D. C. Surprise is expressed that he was buried at sea, he having only died yesterday.

American Absconder Arrested.

LOUISVILLE, May 29.—Arthur E. Marsh, the absconding Superintendent of the firm of Koch Sons & Co., of New York, was arrested at Queenstown on board the steamship Nevada, of the Guion Line, which arrived there this morning. He at once surrendered all the money in his possession, together with his effects, and begged to not be prosecuted. The amount Marsh absconded with was \$30,000.

Materials for Osman Digna.

ROME, May 29.—A letter has been received from Dr. Sweeney, the German traveler, stating that a schooner which was pursued recently threw overboard a quantity of contraband materials destined for Osman Digna's rebels. The doctor urges the necessity

of keeping strict watch of the African coast line to prevent the Mahdi and his followers from obtaining supplies.

The Occupation of Red Sea Ports.

LONDON, May 29.—The official correspondence respecting the occupation of the Red Sea ports of Egypt shows that England advised Turkey to occupy the ports from which the Egyptian garrisons were withdrawn. Earl Granville, replying to protests of France and Turkey against Italian occupation, said he regretted the inaction of Turkey but was unable to oppose Italian occupation. He thought Italy was the power least likely to injure the interests of Turkey. He said there was no treaty between England and Italy, but the relations between the two nations were friendly.

In the concluding dispatch, addressed to Sir Baring, Earl Granville sanctions the assumption by the Indian Government, on Lord Kimberley's advice, of the control of the Egyptian coast, from Rashtafa to Zeyla.

Lieutenant Schock's Funeral.

LONDON, May 29.—The funeral services over the remains of Lieutenant John Loomie Schock, of the United States Navy, who committed suicide, took place to-day in St. Marks Presbyterian Church, Greenwich. The services were attended by a large assemblage of persons, among whom were the members of the American Legation at London.

German Papers Talking War.

BERLIN, May 29.—Several of the Berlin papers have alarmist articles over the trouble between the Sultan of Zanzibar and the German East Africa Company. They hint that Germany may be compelled to declare war against both England and Italy for inciting the Sultan against peaceful German subjects.

Hartington's Sickness Opportune.

LONDON, May 29.—The Standard, while ostensibly sympathizing with Lord Hartington on account of the illness by which he is reported to have been attacked at Dublin, intimates that the illness is opportune in view of the difficulty of explaining the Government policy in renewing the Irish crimes act.

The French Satisfied.

BERLIN, May 29.—Immediately after the departure of Lord Roseberry, Baron De Courcel, the French Ambassador to Germany, had a long conference with Prince Bismarck. He was assured that no change had been made in the relations between Germany and France by Lord Roseberry's visit.

British Evacuations in the Sudan.

CAIRO, May 29.—Tani has been evacuated by the British troops. The number of persons who have left Dongola since the departure of the Mahdi is 3,000. The probable approach of the forces of El Mahdi greatly alarms the people in the towns evacuated and to be evacuated by the British.

Return of Lord Roseberry.

LONDON, May 29.—Lord Roseberry, who has arrived in London from his trip to Berlin and the Hague, had a conference lasting fully an hour with Earl Granville, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. The deliberations related to Prince Bismarck's views respecting England's foreign, colonial and Egyptian policy.

London Times on Henry Stanley.

LONDON, May 29.—The Times, in an editorial, says Mr. Henry M. Stanley in his campaign in Europe in behalf of the Congo State has shown scarcely less energy, enthusiasm and tact than are displayed in his book on the Congo. His zeal is boundless and his industry unexampled.

The Volunteers of India.

LONDON, May 29.—The volunteers of India have been placed under the orders of the Commander-in-Chief of the Queen's forces, the Duke of Cambridge. The Indian volunteers have an extra allowance, and wear scarlet uniforms.

"Amnesty Ministers Interfere Not."

PARIS, May 29.—The Anarchists, who intend to take part in the funeral procession, propose to have on all their flags inscribed: "Amnesty Ministers Interfere Not."

Hungarian Village Burned.

LONDON, May 29.—Weunida, a village in Hungary of 200 houses, has been destroyed by fire. The people are destitute.

Foreign Notes.

Mr. Lowell will sail from Liverpool, for Boston, on the 10th.

Lord Hartington is somewhat better, but is still unable to leave his bed.

The steamer Nevada, from New York, May 19, for Liverpool, arrived here at 6:30 a. m. yesterday.

Mr. William H. Vanderbilt and son sailed for New York, yesterday, on the steamship Germania.

The new United States Minister to Turkey, Hon. B. S. Cox, is expected to enter upon his duties July 10.

The French salary prizes were awarded as follows: Bouganer, first; B. Costant, second; H. Hart, third.

A Russian officer and several Cosacks have arrived at Meshed, Persia. Meshed is the Capital of the Province of Khorassan.

Baron De Staal, the Russian Ambassador, is at London, and his wife will spend the holidays with the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh.

Sir Peter Lumsden, recently in charge of the British section of the Afghan Boundary Commission, will arrive at Constantinople to-day on his way to London.

The Manchester Guardian, in its commercial article, says: "There has been no business, on account of the holidays. The market has been closed since Wednesday."

Another Russian iron-clad has been ordered to be built. The armor plates will be obtained from Sheffield. This new accession to the Russian Navy will be constructed at Nikolaioff.

INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, May 29.

For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee—Cloudy weather and occasional rain, southwest to northwest winds, stationary temperature.

For the Upper Lake Region—Partly cloudy weather and occasional rain, variable winds, slightly warmer.