The Pilot and Transcript.

"POWER IS ALWAYS STEALING FROM THE MANY TO THE FEW."

Vol. 1. **BALTIMORE, FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 8, 1840.** **No. 25.**

THE PILOT,

EDITED BY

DUFF GREEN.

Is published at No. 11, Water street. Baltimore, nearly opposite Cheapside.

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Extra, in pamphlet form and double Royal size, at One Dollar, for twenty-five numbers.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

1 square	1 insertion,	$0 50	1 square	1 month	$4 00
1 do.	2 do.	0 75	1 do.	2 months	7 00
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MISCELLANY.

THE MAGIC MIRROR.

———I tell thee
There's not a pulse beats in the human frame
That is not governed by the stars above us;
The blood that fills our veins, in all its ebb
And flow, is swayed by them as certainly
As are the restless tides of the salt sea
By the resplendent moon.

NEELE.

It was early in the last century, on the eve of an All-hallows Day, that a set of riotous young men, the greater part of whom were students of the university of Gottingen, were seated round the table of a public tavern near the college. The bottles had circulated so rapidly that many of the boon companions were lying beneath the table, joining in the revels only by an occasional half-uttered imprecation or a loud snore. By slow degrees the party dwindled away. The drawers carried off such of the roysterers as could not walk, and such as could reeled home to their beds.—It was eleven o'clock; one solitary waiter lay sleeping upon the chair in the corner of the room; and of the late noisy and numerous company, there were but two left whose brains had resisted the stupifying effect of their debauch. One of them was Leopold Von Desterreich, a student; the other was a captain in a regiment of Jagers, then quartered in the town; his name was Schwartzwald.

In the whole university there was not any young man who kept up the true character of a collegian with a more assiduous perseverance than Leopold Von Desterreich. He was the only son of a too-indulgent mother; his follies and faults were not only overlooked, but his purse was so amply supplied that he had the means—and, to persons of his age, the inclination is never wanting—to indulge to the uttermost in all the absurdities of Burschenism, as a college life was then called.

The main object of a thorough-paced Bursche's ambition was to assume a behaviour and appearance which should be the wonder of all decent people. To accomplish this object, there was no extravagance or foolery that he would not readily commit. Leopold had distinguished himself by the pertinacity with which he kept up all the nonsensical customs that had from time to time been introduced by the raw madmen who abounded, and by the ingenuity he had displayed in inventing new absurdities.

He had fought more duels than any other man in the college; and was so fond of this method of displaying what he thought his valor, that he would even take up the quarrels of other men, and fight them out. He wore his beard and mustachios of an unbecoming and even filthy length. His boots were large and heavy; and his spurs were of such size, and made so sonorous, that they might be heard from one end of a street to the other. A studied negligence was apparent in his dress; and he even rubbed holes in the elbows of his new coats, that he might in no respect forfeit the character of a fierce academical sloven. It was acknowledged universally that he could smoke more tobacco and drink more beer than any one of his companions; and he performed both of these feats, not because he liked either of them, but because they made him notorious. In short, there was no vagary, which the young and too hot brain of a youth exposed to all the evils of bad example could suggest, that Leopold did not shine formost in. He fancied that, in doing these things, he gave so many unquestionable proofs of manhood, and that he kept up the dignity of the academy in a manner worthy of it and of himself.

Notwithstanding all these follies, he was a young man of excellent talents, and of a kind and generous heart. His imprudences were the mistaken excess of haughty, but noble temper, from which experience and more extended knowledge of mankind could not fail to produce far more worthy results. He was the very soul of honor, the staunch opposer of every attempt at oppression on the part of the superiors, and the firm and liberal friend of all those students whose courage and parts made them respectable, while their limited means prevented them from carrying things with so high a hand as he was enabled to do. He was universally respected by the Burschen, and loved by such of them as knew him more intimately.

Captain Schwartzwald was a soldier: he had upon many occasions shown a great inclination for the company of the students and was one of the very few persons who, without being of their fraternity, were allowed to join their revels.

He was a profligate, daring person, with a most forbidding countenance. His conversation was as odious as his manners were disagreeable. A professed free-thinker in matters of religion—by turns a bully and a sycophant, but always ready to back his opinions and his insolence with his sword—he was feared and hated by most of the Burschen, to whom, however, he contrived, upon many occasions, to make himself useful. His example was infinitely pernicious among young men, already too apt to be seduced into wrong: and he was so well known to be a corruptor, that every new-comer to the university was cautioned by the rectors not to associate with him.

Leopold neither feared the captain nor any other person; but he hated him cordially, and to this feeling he added an utter scorn of him. In the first hour of their acquaintance they had quarreled, and had fought in consequence. Leopoled was wounded in the duel by an unfair blow, as he thought. The seconds, however, decided that the blow, if not quite fair, was purely accidental, and unavoidable; and the captain made a very handsome acknowledgment of his antagonist's courage, and of his own error in the cause of quarrel. Leopold had shaken hands with him on the ground, and he made it a point of honour not to renew the disagreement. He, however, hated the captain not a jot the less than before; and, although he did not care for his society, he resolved never to shun it, and always treated him with a familiarity and carelessness which had a good effect in subduing Schwartzwald's domineering temper. Leopold was the only man in the university with whom he dared not to trifle.

The soldier and the student now sat smoking their large pipes, and puffing the dense clouds into each other's faces with a very laudable diligence: the bottle was stationary, and one of those deep pauses prevailed which sometimes ensure after very noisy revels. At length Leopold broke the silence.

'Captain,' he said, 'you and I are the only honest men in Gottingen. You see the whole pack of those noisy curs, who but now were barking so loudly, have drawn off; and, spite of good wine and good company—for the wine is excellent, and such company as yours and mine is almost as good—the drowsy sots have sneaked into their beds. May the devil rouse them for it!'

'Amen,' said the captain, as he set down his empty glass; 'but I wish little Reichard had staid. When he gets sufficiently drunk he grows devout, and tells stories about saints and miracles, that are more comical, and not less true, than the "Fairy Tales."'

'You, captain,' said Leopold, 'are little better than an atheist. You have been trying to convert little Reichard from the faith of his fathers to your own no-belief: but you can't succeed; he is a worthy pillar of the church, and defies the foul fiend. What is the matter with the dog, that he howls so?' he asked, as a large black hound that always accompanied the captain, whined.

'He doesn't like cant, replied the captain.

'Then I wonder he remains your dog so long; for you have been pouring the cant of infidelity (which is no less hypocritical than Reichard's) into the ears of all the striplings that would listen to you, until there is not as much piety amongst us as would serve a monk.'

'Piety!—Do you talk of piety!' said the captain with a sneer.

'Under your favour, noble captain,' said Leopold, 'I do not talk of piety in my own person; I only mean to say that you are one of the most impious and mischievous incendiaries that ever got within the walls of a college, to the ruin of foolish young fellows: not that you ever did me any harm; for, although I am not vain, I do think myself a match even for you in almost all shapes of wickedness. I mean, however, to take up, and mend; and as the first step towards it, since my pipe is out, I'll empty the bottle, and away to my truckle-bed.'

'What, thou turned sneaker too!' 'thou flinch from thy liquor, like a shoemaker's 'prentice, who fears a drubbing from his master!—Nay, then, if thou goest, all good fellowship is gone.'

'Why look ye, soldier, said Leopold, 'I like drinking as well as another man; and I have been trying for the last five hours to see you under the table, without being able to make the least impression on you. By all the gods of antiquity, I think that every hair in those black mustachios of yours acts as a conduit-pipe to carry off the fumes of the wine you drink, or you could never stand it! Now, I am as decently drunk as any gentleman could wish to be; while you sit there with your imperturbable ugly black face, and, saving that you look more stupid, you are, for aught I can see, as sober as when you began.'

'You do me honour, most learned flower of college wit,' replied Schwartzwald; 'but if I'm not so drunk as you would have me, I am no less a good fellow: I'll join you in any plan of rational amusement you like to propose. Shall we take a walk? Shall we storm the governor's house, and run away with his nieces? Shall we break into St. Ursula's convent, where the blue-eyed girl is going to take the veil, and prevent her locking up so much beauty from the world? Any thing that is mad and wicked, and I'm your comrade.'

''Tis All-hallows Eve,' said Leopold. 'Hark how the wind blows! the devil and his imps are riding on the night-blast! Would you walk on such a night? Do let the dog be turned out,' he added, as the animal again howled loudly.

'I like to hear the wind,' said Schwartzwald; 'and, as for the devils, surely you, who defy almost every thing in this world as well as in the other, don't pretend to care two straws for all the fiends that ever plagued the earth.'

Schwartzwald knew very well that the only thing that Leopold feared—if he feared at all—was the agency of supernatural beings; but he knew also that he would rather die than confess so much. The soldier had discovered this point in his companion's character, and he was resolved to persist in his attack upon it.

'Come,' he continued, 'you, really don't fear the devil, and if you would like to run the chance of meeting a pretty wench, take a stroll with me to the house of the old witch, Alice, and let us have our fortunes spelt.'

Leopold had two reasons for not refusing this invitation, which he, nevertheless, shuddered at the thought of accepting.—He would not have had Schwartzwald fancy that he was really influenced by superstitious fears; and he knew that the hovel in which old Alice resided was constantly resorted to by the young girls of Gottingen, who believed that she could tell them their fortunes. Nothing, he thought, was more probable than that he should find some of them on the present evening; and the lateness of the hour was in favor of this supposition, because, for Alice's sake, as well as their own, these consultations must be kept profoundly secret. Fathers are in general very great enemies to such practices: there is no persuading them that fortune-tellers are not thieves and impostors, and that all kinds of danger may not ensue to young girls who visit these illicit prophets. A zealous constable, who, besides his own hatred and horror of witchcraft, had reason to deplore his only daughter having thrown herself away upon an idle ruffian, whom old Alice had pointed out as the girl's future husband, once went so far as to get a stake and a tar-barrel ready for the sorceress; and, but for Schwartzwald, and some of his Jagers, who rescued her, she would have enjoyed a foretaste of that punishment to which all the charitable people of Gottingen, who thought about the matter, believed she was inevitably destined. Her house was well kuown to be a place of resort for inquisitive young girls, whose curiosity will sometimes lead them to affront dangers, the mere mention of which, under a less powerful excitement, would frighten them into fits.

'Come,' said the captain, again, 'will you go and have a peep in the old hag's magic mirror?'

'Have with you, then, willingly,' cried Leopold; and, quitting the tavern, they sallied forth into the street.

It was now twelve o'clock. The night was totally dark; not a star was visible through the thick black clouds which pallied the heavens. The wind blew in fierce gusts; and, as it rushed through the ample sky, shrill sounds, which seemed horrible and unnatural, were mingled with its fitful blasts. The old houses shook, the signs creaked in the wind, chimneys were heard to fall into the silent streets, window-shutters flapped, and watch-dogs howled. The hoarse cry of the sentinels placed in different parts of the city, were the only human voices to be heard; and these, as they mingled at certain intervals with the other noises of the night, seemed like the shouts of roving demons. Nothing could be more gloomy, nor oppressive to the spirits, than this weather; and Leopold, more than once, wished that he had never began the adventure.

'We shall be sure to find company at the old crone's, said Schwartzwald: 'the girls will be afraid to return home while the wind blows thus.'

'A man need have some inducement to go out on such a night,' replied Leopold; 'I mean something beyond that old woman's juggling. I look for some pretty wenches; and, if I find them, they shall pay for it,—I won't take all this trouble for nothing; nay, if I should ever find some of those fiends, which, as folks say, visit the old sorceress, provided they come in the shape of young and pretty women, I will boldly make love to them.' Leopold said this merely for the sake of saying something, and for keeping up the character of a daredevil, which he had got. He knew Schwartzwald was a man, who, if he gained the slightest advantage over him in the way of ridicule, would not fail to bring upon him the quizzing of all their companions.

'Well said, Orlando Innamorato!' replied the soldier; even such a cold wind as this I see, cannot cool 'hot young blood; but here we are at the gate.' He gave the word, which, as an officer of the guard, he was acquainted with: and being moreover, well known, he and his companion were permitted to pass.

They quitted the town, and struck into a path diverging away from the road, which led them on to a barren heath. A quarter of an hour's rough walking brought them to a low hovel, the lights in which they had seen some time before they reached it. A loud sound of laughter, mingled with screams, was heard, but ceased as the soldier and the student approached. The lights, too, was extinguished; and, by the time the visitors were at the door, all was dark and silent.

"This is odd,' said Leopold: 'it seems we are just too late, the revelling is finished.'

'We shall make them begin again replied Schwartzwald: 'after coming so far, and in such a night, we must enforce old Alice's hospitality.'

He knocked sharply at the door with his sabre-hilt, and his dog set up a loud and disagreeable bark.

Immediately afterwards the door was opened, and the withered face of the wretched beldame, who called herself the mistress of the hovel, was seen by the light of a small lamp which she bore.

'How now, mother?' cried Schwartzwald; 'is it robbers or goblins that you fear since you are so cautious in opening your doors?'

'You are not alone,' mumbled the old woman, without replying to the soldier's observations, as she saw the figure of Leopold beyond.

'I am not,' replied the captain; 'I bring a gentleman to visit you on this auspicious night; he wishes to see some of your——. But zounds! why do you keep us standing in the cold here?' he said abruptly, as he pushed into the cottage, and was followed by Leopold.

The place exhibited the most desolate appearance. On the hearth were some scanty embers; on a table near it stood the homely food on which it seemed that the old woman had been regaling when her visitors interrupted her supper. This consisted of some of the coarsest bread of the country, and a raw onion.—A starved black cat was lying near the fire, and was not disturbed either by the entrance of the student and the soldier, or by the black dog of the latter, with whom she seemed to be on very good terms.

Leopold looked about in astonishment; he was sure that he had seen lights and heard sounds of rude merriment a few moments before; and he was sure too that they could proceed from no other place than the room he was in, which now was as dull and gloomy as a midnight tomb.

'Come, mother,' said Schwartzwald, 'we thought to have found some of the lasses of Gottingen here, who had come to see their future husbands in your famous mirror.'

'What! on this night?' cried the old woman.

'Aye! why not?' said Schwartzwald: when were mad-cap girls to be frightened by bad weather from what they had set their hearts on?'

'There is not a girl in all Gottingen,' said Alice, 'that would come out to-night, even if she were sure of getting a husband to-morrow by doing so.'

(To be Continued.)

COMPOUND SYRUP OF ICELAND MOSS.

THE subscribers having purchased of the late firm of Mr. Hute[illegible] & Co. their recipe for making the COMPOUND SYRUP OF ICELAND MOSS, respectfully inform the Druggists generally, that they intend preparing the medicine for sale wholesale and retail—being satisfied from the results of the last four years of its efficacy in the almost certain cure of long standing cases of CONSUMPTION, and its wonderful effects in entirely removing all symptoms of that disease if taken in its incipient stages also in immediately affording relief in cases of COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, and the WHOOPING COUGH. They confidently recommend it to their retail customers as a medicine of real worth, being very effectual, perfectly safe and gentle in its operations. It is prepared from a mucilage or the long known and highly valued vegetable, the ICELAND MOSS—but in combination with other medicines calculated to act most beneficially in all the above diseases; also in cases of night sweats, produced by long coughing, and attended with so much pain and distress to the patient. ROBERTS & ATKINSON, Druggists,

Corner Hanover and Market sts.

For sale also by R. H. COLEMAN & CO.,

No. 133 Market street.

And by MACKENZIE & CO.

ap 30 2awtf Corner of Gay & Market sts.

MATTRASSES, MATTRASSES, HO! MATTRASSES.

THE subscriber has on hand a most extensive assortment of MATTRASSES of every description, such as Hair, Straw, Husk, &c. &c., and above all, a new and excellent article called ELYSIUM MATTRASSES, which for cheapness, durability and comfort, are unsurpassed by any other Mattresses now in use. Persons wishing to purchase would do well to call at the Bedding Marts, N. E. and S. W. corners of Lombard and Light sts. PR ma 1-dtf

STATE OF MARYLAND, BALTIMORE CITY TO WIT—I hereby certify that Alexander Gould, Sen., of Baltimore city, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the justices of the peace of the State of Maryland, in and for said city, on the 25th day of April, 1840, as a stray trespassing upon his enclosures, ONE GRAY MARE COLT about two years old, 11 or 12 hands high, long switch tail, no other marks.—Also, one SORREL MARE COLT, about two years old, eleven or twelve hands high, blaze in the face, left hind foot white above the pasternjoint; no other marks. Both colts well grown for their age.

Given under my hand this 25th April, 1840.

A. H. PENNINGTON.

The owner of the above described Colts are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away. ALEXANDER GOULD.

ap 28 1w3t* Bloomsbury Farm, Ferry road.

WHITE WHEAT FAMILY FLOUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED offer for sale Patapsco White Wheat Family FLOUR, togtether with other selected brands, to which they invite the attention of retailers, bakers and families. The Patapsco Flour is so well known in this State as to need from them no recommendation, and they pledge themselves that the brands selected shall be equal to any in the market.

NORRIS & FAIRBAIRN,

No. 2 Pratt, between Gay and Frederick sts.

DRY NEW CROP ORLEANS SUGAR, 16 lbs. for a dollar; fine Imperial TEA, such as is generally sold for ad ollar, 80 cents a pound.

Superior Rio COFFEE, 8 lbs. for a dollar.

Bleached Winter OIL, one dollar a gallon.

Good Kitchen OIL, 50 cents a gallon.

Vessels furnished and goods sent to any part of the city free of charge. H. POLLOCK, No. 10,

ap 21 d3m Balto: st. near the Bridge.

WATCHES! WATCHES! WATCHES

GABRIEL D. CLARK, No. 1, Water street, near Calvert st. Baltimore.—Has just received a great variety of gold patent lever, anchor lever, lepine, and other WATCHES, among which are M. I. Tobias' Harrison's Martinoe's, Johnson's and all other makers I have also Silver Spoons, Castors, gold and silver Pencil Cases, Breastpins, Finger Rings, Thimbles, gold guarad and flat chains, guard keys, gold and silver Spectacles; 30 hour and 8 day Brass Clocks; also, Wood Clocks, of superior quality, just received and will be sold low.

N. B.—Fine Watches of every description properly repaired and warranted. Please apply to G. D. CLARK, Water st

ap21 4taw1m* near Calvert.

FROM HAVRE-DE-GRACE.

EXTRA ACCOMMODATION.—A passenger Car wil be attached to the Tonnage train which leaves Havre-de-Grace every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 2 o'clock, P. M. This will afford an additional conveyance on those days at an hour more convenient for the vicinity; and stopping also to receive and discharge passengers at the several stations on the route.

A. CRAWFORD, Agent.

Baltimore, April 29th 1840.

NEW ARRANGEMENT,

PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON & BALTIMORE RAIL ROAD.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY NEXT, the 1st of April—The Train with the UNITED STATES MAIL will leave Pratt Street Depot, every morning at half past nine o'clock.—The passengers will dine at Wilmington and reach Philadelphia about half past 4 'clock, P. M., in full time for the afternoon cars to New York.

RETURNING, will leave Philadelphia at One o'clock A. M. breakfast on board the Steam Boat Susquehanna, and arrive in Baltimore at 9 o'clock, A. M., in time for the different lines going south.

THE SECOND MAIL or AFTERNOON TRRAIN, Will leave the Pratt street Depot daily, (except Sundays) at HALF PAST THREE O'CLOCK, P. M., for Philadelphia—the passengers sup at Wilmington and arrive in the city about eleven o'clook, P. M., thus affording the Western and Southern passengers an opportunity of proceeding to New York by the early morning lines.

RETUNRING,

This line leaves Philadelphia at half past Three o'clock, P. M.—the passengers sup on board the Steam Boat Susbuehanah, and arrive in Baltimore about eleven o'clock, P. M.

☞The regulations heretofore adopted by this Company, for the comfortable accommodation of passengers, ease and facility of travel, security of baggage &c., will be continued.

ap 28 A. CRAWFORD, Agent.

OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA, FOR THE HAIR.

Its positive qualites are as follows:

1st—For infants keeping the head free from scurf, and causing a luxurient growth of hair.

2d—For ladies after child-birth, restoring the skin to its natural strength and firmness, and preventing the falling out of the hair.

3d—For any person recovering from any debility, the same effect is produced.

4th—If used in infancy till a good growth is started, it may be preserved by attention to the letest period of life.

5th—It frees the head from dandruff, strengthens the roots, imparts health and vigor to the circulation, and prevents the hair from changing color and getting grey.

6th—It causes the hair to curl beautifully when done up in it over night.

☞—No ladies' toilet should ever be without it.

7th—Children who have by any means contracted vermin in the head, are immediately and perfectly cured of them by its use. It is infallible.

For sale by nearly all respectable druggists. Apply to Comstock & Co. 2 Fletcher street, New York.

Sold by ROBERTS & ATKINSON, Druggists,

Corner of Hanover and Market streets.

BALDNESS—A BEAUTIFUL HEAD OF HAIR, is the grandest ornament belonging to the human fame. How strangely the loss of it changes the countenance, and prematurely brings on the appearance of old age, which causes many to recoil at being uncovered, and sometimes even shun society to avoid the jests and sneers of their acquaintance; the remainder of their lives is consequently spent in retirement.—In short, not even the loss of property fills the generous thinking yonth with that heavy sinking gloom as does the loss of his hair. To avert all these unpleasant circumstances, OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA stops the hair from falling off on the first application, and a few bottles restores it again. It likewise produces eyebrows and whiskers; prevents the hair from turning gray, makes it curl beautifully, and frees it from scurf. Numerous certificates of the first respectability in support of the virtues of Oldridge's Balm, are shown by the proprietors.

☞—Read the following:

ROBERT WHARTON, Esq., late Mayor of Philadelphia, has certified, as may be seen below, to the high character of the following gentlemen:

The undersigned do hereby certify that we have used the Balm of Columbia discovered by J. Oldridge, and have found it highly serviceable, not only as a preventative against the falling off of hair, but also a certain restorative.

WM. THATCHER, Sen.
Methodist Minister in St. George charge,
No. 86 North Fifth street.
JOHN P. INGLIS, 331 Arch st.
JOHN D. THOMAS, M. D. 163 Raceat.
JOHN S. FUREY, 101 Spruce st.
HUGH McCURDY, 243 South 7th st.
JOHN GARD, Jun., 193 Arch st.

It will certainly raise its virtues in the estimation of the public when it is known that three of the above are more than fifty years of age, and the others not less than thirty.

[From the Mayor.]

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, } City of Philadelphia. }

I, ROBERT WHARTON, Mayor of said city of Philadelphia, do hereby certify that I am well acquainted with Messrs. J. P. Inglis, John S. Fury, and Hugh McCurdy, whose names are signed to the ebove certificate, and that they are gentlemen of character and respectability, and as such full credit should be given to the said certificate.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the city to be affixed, [L. S.] his sixth day of December, &c.

ROBERT WHARTON, Mayor.

CAUTION.—None can be genuine without a splendid steel plate engraving, on which is the Falls of Niagara and Dr. Comstock's, the American agent's name, &c.

Sold by ROBERTS & ATKINSON, Druggists,

Corner of Hanover and Market streets.

no 14 ap 30

COLONADE BATHS & READING ROOM,

Saratoga Street, near the Calvert Street Spring.

THE patrons of this Establishment, Citizens and Strangers, are respectfully apprised that the Baths having been refitted at considerable expense, are now re-opened for the Summer Season.

The building is spacious and airy, situated in a central part of the city, and contiguous to the principal Hotels, affording every requisite for the enjoyment of the luxuries as also of the medicinal benefits of HOT, TEPID and COLD BATHS.

The regulations of the establishment in every department are such as to insure the approval of the most fastidious visitor.

The Ladies' Department is contiguous to the Gentlemen's—the entrance to which is on a different street. The most scrupulous care has been taken to insure the privacy of these Baths, which are also refitted and open ed for the season.

The warm and tepid Bath has furnished a theme for many excellent articles, from the pens of able and accomplished writers. Without wishing to enlarge on this subject, the Proprietor will merely refer to the recommendations of Dr. DUGLISON, in his valuable work on Hygiene—to Dr. DARWIN'S popular work on Health, and to the impressive remarks on this subject by our illustrious fellow-countrymen Dr. FRANKLIN: "Let all remember that cleanliness is health."

The READING ROOM is furnished with the principal newspapers of the different States of the Union, and the standard Periodicals of the day.

The SALOON is enriched with the productions of many eminent artists, where the amateur of fine paintings may gratify his taste, and while away a pleasant hour.

The proprietor cannot permit the present occasion to pase without an expression of his unfeigned acknowledgments for past patronage, and an assurance of his determination to leave nothing untried to merit and secure its continuance.

ap 29 d1w L. MILHAU, Proprietor.

FISHING TACKLE—A general assortment, and BRUSHES of all descriptions, for town and country.

BELLOWS, for Braziers, Jewellers or Blacksmiths, all sizes and at reduced prices, wholesale and retail.—For sale at DUKEHART'S Geneneral Variety Store,

ap 29-4t* No. 101½ Baltimore st.

CIDER.—10 bbls. "TIPPECANOE CIDER,' a superior article. Received and for sale by

NORRIS & FAIRBAIRN

1344 No. 2 Pratt st. between Gay & Fred'k.

BY order of the commissioners of insolvent debtors for the city and county of Baltimore, notice is hereby given to the creditors of WM. U. STEWART, an insolvent debtor, that a personal discharge hath been granted to the said debtor, and that the said creditors are required to attend at the office of the said commissioners in the court house, in the city of Baltimore, on the 2d day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon and nominate a trustee or trustees, to be appointed for their benefit: and to give all the information in their possession to the said commissioners, to enable them to report to Baltimore county court, agreeably to an act of assembly, passed at December session, 1831, entitled "an act relating to insolvent debtors;" and that the second day of May next, hath been fixed for the final hearing in his case before the said commissioners.

Dated the 20th day of January next, in the year 1840.

fe 6-law3m ap 29-1aw2w

BY order of the commissioners of insolvent debtors for the city and county of Baltimore, notice is hereby given to the creditors of GEO. W. STEVENSON, an insolvent debtor, that a personal discharge hath been granted to the said debtor, and that the said creditors are required to attend at the office of the said commissioners in the court house, in the city of Baltimore, on the 2d day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and nominate a trustee or trustees, to be appointed for their benefit: and to give all the information in their possession to the commissioners, to enable them to report to Baltimore county court, agreeably to an act of assembly, passed at December session, 1831, entitled, an act relating to insolvent debtors;" and that the 2d day of May next, hath been fixed for the final hearing in his case, before the said commissioners.

Dated the 24th day of January in the year 1840.

fe 6-law3m ap 29-1aw2w

BY order of the commissioners of insolvent debtors for the city and county of Baltimore, notice is hereby given to the creditors of ALEXANDER R. GILES, an insolvent debtor, that a personal discharge hath been granted to the said debtor, and that the said creditors are required to attend at the office of the said commissioners in the court house, in the city of Baltimore, on the 6th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and nominate a trustee or trustess, to be appointed for their benefit; and to give all the information in thier possession to the said commissioners, to enable them to report to Baltimore county court, agreeablby to an act of Assembly, passed at December session, 1831, entitled, "an act relating to insolvent debtors;" and that the 6th day of June next, hath been affixed for the final hearing in his case, before the said Commissioners.

Dated the 28th day of Feb. in the year 1840.

fe 7-law3m ap 29-1aw5w

BY order of the commissioners of insolvent debtors for the city and county of Baltimore, notice is hereby given to the creditors of LEON WEIGERSHEIM, an insolvent debtor, that a personal discharge hath been granted to the said debtor, and that the said creditors are required to attend at the office of the said commissioners in the court house, in the city of Baltimore, on the 6th day of Agril next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and nominate a trustee or trustees, to be appointed for their benefit; and to give all the information in their possession to the said commissioners, to enable them to report to Baltimore county court, agreeably to an act of Assembly, passed at December session, 1831, entitled, "an act relating to insolvent debtors;' and that the 6th day of June next, hath been fixed for the final hearing in his case, before the said commissioners.

Dated the 27th day of Feb. in the year 1840

mh 7-law3m ap 29-1aw5w

BY order of the commissioners of insolvent debtors for the city and county of Baltimore, notice is hereby given to the creditors of JOHN KEMP, an insolvent debtor, that a personal discharge hath been granted to the said debtor, and that the said creditors are required to attend at the office of the said commissioners in the court house, in the city of Baltimore, on the 2d day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and nominate a trustee or trustees, to be appointed for their benefit; and to give all the information in their possession to the said commissioners, to enable them to report to Baltimore county court, agreeably to an act of assembly, passed at December session, 1831, entitled "an act relating to insolvent debtors; and that the 2d day of May next, hath been fixed for the final hearing in his case, before the said commissioners.

Dated the 25th day of January in the year 1840.

fe 6-law3m w

BY order of the commissioners of insolvent debtors for the city and county of Baltimore, notice is hereby given to the creditors of ISIDORE A. SOJECKI, an insolvent debtor, that a personal discharge has been granted to the said debtor, and that the said creditors are required to attend at the office of the commissioners in the court house in the city of Baltimore, on the 6th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and nominate a trustee or trustees, to be appointed for their benefit; and to give all the information in their possession to the said commissioners, to enable them to report to Baltimore county court, agreeably to any act of Assembly, passed at December session, 1831, entitled "an act relating to insolvent debtors;" and that the 6th day of June next, hath been fixed for the final hearing in his case, before the said commissioners.

Dated the 2d day of March in the year 1840.

mh 7-law3m ap 29-1aw5w.

BY order of the commissioners of Insolvent debtors for the city and county of Baltimore, notice is hereby given to the creditors of FRISBY M. WEEDEN, an insolvent debtor, that a personal discharge hath been granted to the said debtor, and that the said creditors are required to attend at the office of the said commissioners in the court house, in the city of Baltimore, on the 4th day of May next at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and nominate a trustee or trustess, to be appointed for their benefit: and to give all the information in their possession to the said commissioners, to enable them to report to Baltimore county court, agreeablby to an act of Assembly, passed at December session, 1831, entitled, "an act relating to insolvent debtors;" and that the 3rd day of July, next, hath been fixed for the final hearing in his case, before the said commissioners.

Dated the 10th day of March in the year 1840.

mh 27-law3m ma 2-law8w

BY order of the commissioners of insolvent debtors for the city and county of Baltimore, notice is hereby given to the creditors of WM. McDONALD, an insolvent debtor, that a personal discharge hath been granted to the said debtor, and that the said creditors are required to attend at the office of the said commissioners in the court house, in the city of Baltimore, on the 4th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and nominate a trustee or trustees. to be appointed for their benefit; and to give all the information in their possession to the said commissioners to enable them to report to Baltimore county court, agreeably to an act of Assembly, passed at December session, 1831, entitled, "an act relating to insolvent debtors;" and that the 3rd day of July next, hath been fixed for the final hearing in his case, before the said commissioners.

Dated the 13th day of March, in the year 1840.

mh 27-law3m ma 2-law8w

BY order of the commissioners of insolvent debtors for the city and county of Baltimore, notice is hereby given to the creditors of JNO. C. KELNER, an insolvent debtor, that a personal discharge hath been granted to the said debtor, and that the said creditors are required to attend at the office of the said commissioners in the court house, in the city of Baltimore, on the first day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and nominate a trustee or trustees, to be appointed for their benefit; & to give all the information in their possession to the said commissioners, to enable them to report to Baltimore county court, agreeably to an act of Assembly, passed at December session, 1831, entitled "an act relating to insolvent debtors;" and that the 1st day of August next, hath been fixed for the final hearing in his case, before the said commissioners.

Dated the 3d day of April, in the year 1840.

ap 8-law3m ma 2-law10w

BY order of the commissioners of insolvent debtors for the city and county of Baltimore, notice is hereby given to the creditors of ELIJAH McDOWELL, an insolvent debtor, that a personal discharge hath been granted to the said debtor, and that the said creditors are required to attend at the office of the said commissioners in the court house, in the city of Baltimore, on the 4th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and nominate a trustee or trustees, to be appointed for their benefit; and to give all the information in their possession to the said commissioners, to enable them to report to Baltimore county court, agreeably to an act of Assembly, passed at December session, 1831, entitled "an act relating to insolvent debtors;" and that the 3d day of July next, hath been fixed for the final hearing in his case, before the said commissioners.

Dated the 24th day of March, in the year 1840.

BY order of the commissioners of insolvent debtors for the city and county of Baltimore, notice is hereby given to the creditors of WILLIAM WHEATLY, an insolvent debtor, that a personal discharge hath been granted to the said debtors, and that the said creditors are required to attend at office of the said commissioners in the court house, in the city of Baltimore, on the 4th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and nominate a trustee or trustees, to be appointed for their benefit; and to give all the information in their possession to the said commissioners, to enable them to report to Baltimore county court, agreeably to an act of Assembly, passed at December session, 1831, "entitled an act relating to insolvent debtors;" and that the 3d day of July next, hath been fixed for the final hearing in his case, before the said commissioners.

Dated the 1st day of April, in the year 1840.