PILOT & TRANSCRIPT.

DUFF GREEN--EDITOR.

BALTIMORE,

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 11.

☞ "The obvious definition of a Monarchy,' says Gibbon, "seems to be that of a State, in which a single person, by whatsoever name he may be distinguished, is entrusted with the *execution of the laws, the management of the revenue and the command of the army.*"

PROSPECTUS.

The Protestant community are unwilling in any way to abridge the rights of conscience, and hence are slow to believe, although it has been publicly charged from the pulpit, and in religious newspapers, that there is a well arranged conspiracy to overthrow our free institutions; and that the Church of Rome, in alliance with the most despotic governments of Europe, is making extraordinary efforts to disseminate Romanism in the United States, entertaining a hope that the time is near at hand when the seat of its empire may be transferred to this country. The arrogant pretensions of Bishop England and his associates, the acknowledged agents of foreign despots; their establishment at prominent points in the United States of Catholic presses, conducted by their ablest writers, and their open attempt, during the late election, to consolidate Catholic voters as a political body, constitute a crisis, calculated to arrest the attention of the American public; and, warranting an examination into the truth of these charges, and how far our civil institutions may be affected by the purposes in question.

It is believed that, as Romanism is a civil institution, to discuss how far its predominance in the United States may affect our civil rights, and abridge our religious privileges, belongs appropriately to the political press. The undersigned, therefore, proposes to treat it in its political aspect, and to discuss its bearing upon our institutions.

It is proposed to render the Pilot a valuable commercial and political paper; to give to it a high moral tone, carefully excluding from its columns everything which may be offensive to the religious public. Important public documents, and the leading speeches in Congress, on both sides, will be given at length, and with the political matter and news, published in a weekly paper of double size, in quarto form, suited to binding, constituting a candid and impartial history of the times, with an index carefully prepared for future reference.

The Pilot will be a free press—as far as possible, without partisan bias; asserting at all times the opinions of the editor with independence, yet dealing with fairness and candor towards political opponents. In asserting our purpose to speak of Romanism as any other political influence, we by no means propose to devote the paper exclusively to that subject. We consider it a political question, having a most important bearing upon our institutions, and believe that it should be discussed, that it may be understood. We know that we have to encounter many prejudices, and particularly in this community; but we are confident in our hopes that patronage sufficient to defray the expense of publication may be secured in support of the paper. With this view this prospectus is submitted.

Respectfully,
DUFF GREEN.

TERMS:

The Daily Pilot per annum	$6 00
" Weekly Pilot per annum	2 50
" Semi-Weekly per annum	4 00
Where five subscribers at one post office unite, and remit free of postage, they will receive five copies of the Weekly Pilot for	10 00
And five of the Country for	15 00

And for a greater number at the same rate.

The payment in all cases to be in advance. The Editor reserves the right to continue the paper, unless all arrearages are paid; and in that case the price of the weekly will be *three dollars* per annum, and of the country five dollars per annum.

The daily will be enlarged as soon as the local patronage will justify it.

THE STEAM SHIP PRESIDENT'S RETURN.

On Monday the citizens of New York were surprised and alarmed to perceive that the steamer President, which left there on the 2d of November, was telegraphed below. A few minutes after one o'clock she came up to the dock, when it was ascertained, that since she had left New York, she had experienced continued gales of wind, and had to lie-to for four days. Her coal being too much reduced in quantity to make it safe for her to proceed on her voyage, she put back to New York.

The New York Herald thus comments on the return of the President:

"Mr. Jaudon, Mr. Brown, and Mr. Alsop, all of the U. S. Bank, were going out to London, to make the final arrangements for the redemption of specie payments by that bank; and had made all their calculations relative to monetary matters, based on the belief that the President would arrive out on or about the 16th of the month. This delay will be productive of sad inconvenience in this respect alone, and overthrow all the arrangements made in England. Bills will become due and lie protested, and quite a small explosion will succeed. Many of our most eminent merchants have also made similar calculations in regard to money matters, all of of which will be overthrown, to the surprise and derangement of the mercantile world in England.

"Added to all this will be the intense and agonizing excitement produced in other quarters in England by her non-arrival The Acadia left Boston on Sunday the 1st instant, and will reach Liverpool next Saturday, with the positive intelligence that the steamship President was to follow her next day; and carrying out the names of many who were to leave in her. The President will be due in England next Monday; but that day will pass over, and the day after that, and the whole week will run by, and yet there will be no trace of the President. And eyes will grow dim with watching, and cheeks look pale with fear, and fond hearts ache with agony for the supposed loss of all they love. For when 10, 12 and perhaps 14 days roll by after she is due, and no tidings of her reach the shores of England, (for none can reach until the Patrick Henry arrives, on or about the 26th instant,) the conclusion of a majority will be, that she has gone to the bottom with all on board. There will be 14 days of intense suspense; and 12 days is an age in money matters, commerce or love."

The CATHOLIC MISCELLANY, Bishop England's organ in Charleston, announces that the Whig Central Committee have *excommunicated* the editor of the Pilot. "My Lord," the Bishop, will find that the Committee have no more power to excommunicate than he has to "*exterminate.*"

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

MAINE

BUSINESS IN MAINE.—The New York Express states that there are fifty ships owned in Bath, Maine, averaging over 400 tons each, it is reported, have cleared over $400,000 the last year. One firm cleared $100,000. So much for freighting cotton!

Four large steam mills, for cutting lumber, are in full operation at Bath day and night, and there is a still larger number of tide, or water-power mills, for the same object. It is said that more houses were built the last year, and are now in process of erection, than in any other town in that State.

NEW YORK.

CANAL COMMERCE.—The Cleaveland Herald reports the amount of property, on which toll is charged by weight, which arrived at that place during the month of October, to be 34,361,934 lbs. During the month of October last year, 34,079,607 lbs Of property on which toll is charged by weight, there were cleared from Cleaveland, by way of the canal, during the past month, 9,056,094 lbs. During the corresponding month last year, 12,052,856 lbs.

PENNSYLVANIA.

SCHUYLKILL COAL TRADE.—The shipments for the week ending Thursday last, says the Philadelphia Ledger, were 11,873 tons. Total this season, 365,171. Transported over the Mount Carbon Railroad this season, 68,168 tons. Mine Hill, 166,566. Schuylkill Valley, 49,945. Mill Creek, 39,191, The Journal says there has been a considerable freshet in the Schuylkill, which swept away a Coffer Dam, erected at the Catfish Dam, by the Schuylkill Navigation Company, causing an interruption of the Coal Trade for a few days. This will account for the small shipments this week.

ANOTHER ELECTION.—The Governor of Pennsylvania has issued his proclamation, ordering an election to take place in the 13th Congressional district, on the 20th inst., for a member of Congress for the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Hon. W. S. Ramsay. The district comprises Cumberland, Perry, and Juniata counties.

GEORGIA.

Gov. McDONAL, in his message to the Georgia Legislature, recommends "that a day be fixed for the resumption of specie payment, allowing the banks a reasonable time to prepare for it, and that such penalties be annexed to their refusal as will insure their compliance.

PEDLARS CLOSELY WATCHED.—The laws of Georgia require that all pedlars and itinerant traders shall obtain a license from the Comptroller, and pedlars found itinerating without said license are liable to arrest and punishment. To facilitate the detection of unlicencesed pedlars, the Comptroller publishes in the newspapers a list of the persons who have taken license, *with full description*, under the specifications of age, height, complexion, eyes and hair; and the date of the licence, which is for one year only, is added.

ALABAMA.

ALABAMA STATE DEBT.—From a statement of the Alabama State Debt, published in the Mobile Journal, we take the following particulars of the stock issued by the State Bank, and the periods of payment:—

Years.	Principal Due.	Interest.
1842	$811,000	$48,900
1844	1,118,900	71,280
1850	100,000	6,000
1825	300,000	15,000
1858	1,250,000	60,500
1859	600,000	30,000
1863	3,500,000	175,000
1865	1,000,000	50,000
1866	2,317,000	111,850
	$10,996,000	$508,200

The amount due in 1840 was $434,000.

TEXAS.

TEXAS.—The arrival of the steam packet Savannah furnished us with papers from Galveston of a date so late as the 22d inst. They are barren of news. The Texian Congress meets on the second of November. A report of the capture of General Arista and his army is thus stated in the Galveston Gazette. in a letter from Houston:

HOUSTON, October 20.

We have received information by a gentleman just in from Matagorda, that varies from the accounts previously received, concerning the recent engagement between the Mexican belligerants, this side of the Gro Grande. This gentleman informs us, that Arista was advancing up the Rio Grande, in pursuit of a division of the Federalists, (probably those under Col. Jourdan,) when Canales, with the remainder, fell upon his rear, and the other party wheeled and attacked him in front. In a short time Arista capitulated, surrendering all his baggage, six cannons, and 1200 men: one of the provisions of the capitulation was that Matamoras should be at once given up to the Federalists.

Gen. Houston's plan for raising a large army to march on an expedition against the Indians was generally disapproved. The settlements on the frontier were unmolested, and fears of indian depredation were for the present quited. —*N. O. Com. Bulletin.*

WHO WROTE "QUODLIBET?"—In answer to this question, the Madisonian says:—"Without pretending to be wiser than our neighbors, we may express our undoubted belief that the author of "Quodlibet" is JOHN P. KENNEDY, of Baltimore.

For the Pilot.

THAT BLACK COFFIN!

MR. EDITOR.—There are a number of your subscribers, good whigs and true, who would like very much to know what the Van Buren men of this city have done with their large black coffin, which was prepared for the anticipated political funeral obsequies of Gen. Harrison:—And they would further like to know whether some other appropriate use cannot be found for it, seeing that the General will have no need of it at present. Yours, &c.

TIP & TY.

From the New York Express.

We have just received the following hasty sketch of the *Fox Chase*, from our friend Major Downing. The numerous incidents attending such a chase would require, no doubt, more time and space than he could give it, especially as he has other occupations, and has not yet the franking power. The first report of a victory is generally brief—the details are left for more quiet moments:

FROM THE LOG CABIN, NORT BEND.

To my fellow-citizens from New Orleans to Downingville, and from Salt Water to the Lake Waters, up and down the country and cross wise:

FELLOW CITIZENS—Ever since the world begun—all the hunts and chases tell'd on in all parts of creation, ham't been only a mere *flea hunt* to the rale *Fox chase* that has just been completed in these United States, by the grace of God free and independent at last.

It has been known to every body, that for the last ten years it has been impossible to hatch eggs, or raise poultry, or to trust any thing at large of that natur—night arter night and day arter day—nest arter nest and chicken arter chicken was destroyed by the foxes, and they got so bold and brazen at last they would come into the poultry yard in open day, or any where else, and kept the hull feathered tribe a kackling pretty much all the while. At first the folks got traps and dogs; but it got so at last, that the foxes got so numerous, it was just as much as a dog's life was worth to attack 'em—and folks began to despair—especially as it was found out that all the younger foxes got their directions from *one rale sly fox*, who as yet never had been track'd, or trap'd, or driven to his hole; he was *every where*, in *every State* almost at the same time. And wherever he was *reported to be*, there it was found all the other foxes was most knowing and most impudent. So it was concluded that it was no use to try and trap the common run of foxes, but, if possible, make a general rally in all the States, and give chase to *the old fox*, especially—and not give up till he was run to his hole, and then *dig him out*—for it was thought if he was only caught, all the rest would be pretty scarce. Well, this matter being agreed upon, the first thing next to be done was to select a good *long-winded* leader of the chase—one who would not give out, and whose horn would be heard furthest. And so we all agreed upon *Old Tip*—and we got him pretty well mounted, and he sounded his horn, and its echoes went up and down rivers, and across valleys, and over mountains, till folks all about creation got well acquainted with the sound—and on a given day, they assembled at all their stations, and put in practice *the few general rules* of the chase, capering a little round, and having a few sham chases, jest to get nibble—and then on a signal from *Old Tip's horn*, they all started, and sich a chase as I said afore, as then began, the hull created world has never before seen—for it was an everlasting wide and long country to chase over, and no one knowing yet where *the fox* would first break kiver, all hands at first went to work *beating the bush.* The first track was struck in *Louisiana*, and about 3000 give chase there and run him out of that State—and he streaked it away North as hard as he could clip it, and knowing all the secret by-ways, escaped till he reached the State of *Maine.* The Maine boys were wide awake, and as soon as they struck his track there, they raised an almighty shout and headed him off. He then sheared on to New Hampshire, where they are pritty much *all foxes*—and there for a spell took breath. But hearing the coming shout he struck for Vermont, in hopes the "Green Mountings," would furnish *a kiver*—but they were all awake there, and about 8000 folks jined in the chase, and he remained no longer in Vermont than he could get out on't. "Well," thinks he, "this is pritty tite work, and I'm off South agin, for they must be friendly to me there, seeing as how I tell'd all the foxes to be civil to the Southern Chickens"—and so he slipt along to Georgia. The Georgia folks, however, not liking the natur of the breed, had already called their fox hunters together, and on the first show of a track they all opened, and about 5,000 give chase there in a most noble stile, and he turned tail and run towards the middle States. In passing through the old North State of Carolina, he finds things too wide awake there to stop a minit—and jist so it continued all the way through Maryland, Delaware and Pennsylvania—though he bothered the hunters plagily in Pennsylvania, for they don't understand *fox hunting* much in that State—except in a few counties, especially in Bucks county, and that is the reason why in that county they always have good poultry and plenty on't. So he continued North. In Connecticut and Rhode Island they gave him an amazing close run—and no time to stop or double, and cenamost caught him. As for Massachusetts, he knew pritty well he stood no chance there, and so you see but one strait chase across—and taking a bite in New Hampshire, he tried for New York and run considerable well along the Hudson—but such a howl as met him in the west was a shiverer for him, and he sheered off for Ohio, but that was out of the frying pan into the hot ashes—and looking around him and seeing all ready in the States—some 10,000, some 15,000 some more, some less—scouring the country and prepared to track—thinks he "its no use—'*to the victor belongs the spoils*' was the doctrine of my party, and I may as well go for it to the last," and he made a dead track to the *Log Cabin* at the *North Bend*—with about 30,000 Buck eyes arter him, and Old Tip at the head on 'em. I was standing near the door and I seed him coming, and now thinks I—here goes for Log Cabin mercy and hospitality, and I opened the door and in he streak'd—and just then up came Old Tip all of a lather. "He is safe," says I, "Gineral—we have got him snug at last."

"Well," says the Gineral to his friends, "fellow-citizens, the chase is up; the old fox is in my possession, and I hope you will be satisfied that the major and I will take good care of him, and give a good account of him. He is not in condition just now to be held up by the tail—he has had a hard run, and is considerably siled; but he'll *do no more harm*—let all go home and let their poultry out as in good times. You will not be troubl'd by foxes for a good spell to come, and if you are, its your own falt, not mine." And with that, all join'd in three hearty cheers for "Tippecanoe and Tyler too."

NEW YORK.

We quote from the New York Democratic Press, the following article relative to the election in Albany:

CITY AND COUNTY OF ALBANY.—"The result in Albany, under all the circumstances, attending the election," says the Journal, "is most honorable to the intelligence, patriotism and devotion of our citizens. Never did Whigs go to their work more zealously. All did their duty with that cheerfulness and alacrity which animates men in a good cause.

"Our majority in the city is reduced nearly 200. We are only surprised that the loss is not greater. While loco-focoism was charging fraud upon us, it was making tremendous efforts to carry the city by fraud, corruption and violence. More than one hundred men, either by excitement or cupidity, were induced to swear in illegal votes. From the canal boat Delavan alone, a captain and three men, who admitted that they resided in other parts of the state, swore in their votes at the 4th ward poll.

"But this was not our most formidable obstacle. The large and entire CATHOLIC vote of the City, with ten or fifteen exceptions, was handed against us. This gave to Loco Focoism at least one-fourth of all the votes it received in the city! Without these votes there is a Whig majority of 1500 in Albany.

"We complain not of the vote of the CATHOLICS. They have the same right to vote for Loco Focoism that we have to vote against it.—We merely, in explanation of a result, state the fact that this class of Electors, in a body voted the locofoco ticket. The few, very few Catholics who voted our ticket, evinced not only true devotion but great firmness; for so successful had been their efforts to excite and inflame their countrymen, that it required both moral and physical courage to vote a Whig ticket."

From the New York Herald Extra.

RETURN OF THE PRESIDENT STEAM SHIP,

DISABLED BY AN ACCIDENT AT SEA.

A great sensation was created in this city this morning between 8 and 9 o'clock by the announcement of the telegraph; that a steam ship was seen in the offing. The announcement on the telegraph ran thus:

"9 o'clock—In the offing—A large British steamer with three masts; coming in slowly under steam."

The public anxiety was intense to know what steam ship it was, as none was due or expected about this time. The Queen had only been out eight days, and therefore it could not be her; and some supposed it was the new ship Columbia, whose place was taken by the Britannia.

At 10 o'clock, the telegraph had this announcement:

"Outside the Hook—the steam ship President, put back apparently in distress."

All the mercantile men were running hither and thither to enquire the cause of her return, and alarm sat on the faces of all who had friends on board of her. And it was not until half-past 11 that the cause was ascertained from the telegraph bulletin, which ran thus:

"Half-past 11—President steamship, 3 miles off the West Bank; returned, with her starboard wheel disabled; coming up slowly under steam."

What has caused this accident, we are yet unable to learn; although from the recent high tides, and heavy gales on the coast, we have no doubt that she experienced a tremendous storm; or perhaps a succession of gales and heavy seas.

The President sailed from this city last Monday, with 85 passengers, and $150,000 in specie.

FROM HAVANA.—Havana dates have been received in Charleston, to the 22d, and in New Orleans to the 17th ult.

The Havana Diario claims for the Prince of Angloo the meed of praise for the impartial, correct, and efficient, discharge of his official duties as Governor General. Among his efforts to ameliorate the condition of the unfortunate, is mentioned the Asylum for Orphan children, which he is building; he is relaxing the prison discipline, especially where they are confined for political offences, delighting the gay world by improving the public promenades, rearing fountains and planting groves—encouraging the sciences, by liberal donations to the societies in aid of the purchase of apparatus, etc. etc.

A new weekly periodical, to be called "The Repertory of Useful Knowledge," is about to be issued in Havana. Its terms of subscription are rather novel. It is to be published by the Saving Bank lately established there. The price of subscription is $6 per annum—two of which are deemed to be the actual cost of the work, and the remaining $4 are to be deposited in the bank to the credit of the subscriber, who is to receive 6 per cent interest. It is calculated and announced to the public, that each subscriber can receive the work for twelve years, and have his 72 dollars in his pocket at the end of the term.

A Medical Journal is about to be published. It is to be issued weekly; and it is remarked by the editor, that a good work of the kind is much needed, as quackery is more general than in any place in the world.

HAVANA, Oct. 17th.

The Columbia arrived on the 12th in fine order—but it is yet undetermined wheather she goes back to New Orleans. There is some talk of her making an experimental trip to Charleston, perhaps they may go thence to New York, and return by the same route. This followed up, would connect the routes to New Orleans from New York.

The opera opens on Sunday, the 25th, with "Marino Faleiro." The corps is strong in numbers. Report speaks highly of several of them.

The law against the circulation of foreign coins, works curiously. I met a poor fellow in the market the other morning, who begged me to give him three rials for an American half dollar! "Why, can't you pass it?" "No, for I took it for three rials, and nobody will give me that for it!" At the same moment, I passed eight *legal* half bits, which I had previously weighed, which just turned the scale against a Mexican quarter of a dollar, for their nominal value. So much for a better currency. Couldn't you send us some "tinkers and cobblers" to set things to rights?

Another new rail road is so far contemplated that the engineers are employed, who have made the preliminary examination of the country, and are now regularly authorised to begin the survey scientifically. It is to connect a rich district of country with the new Cardenas rail road. In 1829, I knew of $6 per box being paid to convey sugars from the estates to Matanzas. The same sugars were carried across the Atlantic for $3. An island like this, rich almost beyond belief in its agricultural products, and without rivers, must feel the necessity of encouraging the rail road system.

EXPENSES OF MATRIMONY.—We copy the following from the Havana Noticioso, of the 11th ult:—

A handsome and discreet lady has politely communicated to us the following interesting calculation:—*Expenses of marrying in Havana.* 1st. A man whose fortune does not allow him to keep a gig, but has a mere cabin, with three windows to the street, the expenses will be $2000—to buy two slaves, furniture, clothing, and other things necessary. It ought always to be borne in mind, that it is not absolutely safe to marry at all without a gig, especially as the door is in the rear of the dwelling. 2d. To marry with a gig, and live in a cabin, with a coachman, cook, and two servants to attend, and furniture to correspond, $6000; it being distinctly understood that the gig is not to have on it any silver ornaments, nor the bride to have gold spectacles. 3d. The gentleman who marries a widow, having all these things on hand, will only be required to pay $4036, six bitts and a half. 4th. To marry off hand, without any settlement, $6¼ for the parish tax; but, if done before six in the morning, the tax will be $25. It may be truly said, that life and matrimony are dear things in Havana—but some think that the bachelor-state is still dearer. We have an old preverb which says, "the best always costs the most."

WOMEN THE BEST JUDGES OF BEAUTY.—'It is rare to hear from a lady such a candid acknowledgment of another's beauty,' said Mr. De Lacy. 'Do you think so?' said Kate: 'now, it has always occurred to me, that women are quite willing to admit one of their own sex, to be beautiful, if she is so; but they are naturally more fastidious than men.' Why so?' 'Because they read more poetry, and more frequently learn to draw and paint, and therefore have a more true preception of what is beautiful than men have. They know when a face offends against proportion and harmony more readily than men, and therefore are accused of being envious of the said face's charms. Men generally think a woman pretty, if she is large and lively, and if she takes pelasure in their society.'

[Clandestine Marriage.

NOVEL IMPORTATION.—Some little excitement was produced at Mobile recently, by the intelligence received that a number of colored fellows were about to be landed at Mobile from Alexandria, D. C., for sale. It appears that they were from the jails in Virginia, and had been released by the Governor on condition that they should be sent out of the State. The contractor, however, shipped them for Mobile, and the Governor of Virginia, on learning the fact, informed the authorities there. The brig arrived, but none of the persons aboard were permitted to land, and she accordingly sailed, it is supposed, for New Orleans. The contractor is liable to a penalty of $1000 each, unless he transport them beyond the limits of the United States.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

MONEY MARKET.

The New York Express of Monday afternoon says:—"The return of the steamer President, will be a serious disappointment, not only to passengers, but to many persons who have made remittances. She took a very large amount of Bills. The packet ship Patrick Henry, for Liverpool, which was to sail to day, is delayed till to-morrow. She will no doubt take out some of the passengers from the steamer President. The London packet is also detained till the 12th.

The New Orleans Bulletin of the 31st says: "The money market remains without change. The example of the Philadelphia Banks may be expected to influence resumption here, particularly if the West resumes. Indeed we may calculate upon our Banks resuming with some degree of certainty. Suspension was resorted to more as an expediency than as a necessity, and when the Banks in a majority of the States resume, ours will have no plea, for a continued suspension. The expectation of a resumption now, must have a tendency to depress the exchanges on other places, at a season of the year when our exports are so large."

The Brooklyn Fire Insurance Company have declared a dividend of 8 per cent. for the last six months.

The Rochester Democrat cautions the public against counterfeit ten dollar notes on the Butchers' and Drovers' Bank in the city of New York. The plate is the same of the late counterfeits on the Orville Bank, Vt.—A number have recently been put in circulation in that city.

Sales at the New York Stock Exchange, Nov. 2.

25	shares	United States Bank,			67½
25	do	do	do		67¼
50	do	do	do	b 20	67
50	do	do	do	cash	67
150	do	do	do		67½
25	do	do	do		67⅜
25	do	do	do	b 10	67
50	do	do	do	b 3 ds	67⅜
50	do	do	do		67⅛
150	do	do	do	s 30	67
50	do	do	do	b 30	67½
50	do	do	do	s 60	66½
50	do	do	do		67½

The Philadelphia Inquirer of yesterday says: "Our Stock Market was quite active yesterday. Upwards o 4000 shares of United States Bank changed hands, at prices ranging from 68 to 69. No one can experience surprise at this improvement. The settlement of the Presidential question, and adverse to an administration that has warred so ruthlessly and bitterly against the Bank, is naturally calculated to improve the prospects of the institution, even should the new administration take no stand in relation to the National Bank. It is at least certain that the Bank will in future have fair play, while the business prospects of the country, and the approaching resumption of specie payments, must always have a favorable effect."

FOR SALE.

A GOOD FARM HAND, for a term of years; a servant man, about 25 years of age last February, having five years to serve from that time. He is smart and active—was raised in the country on a farm, and has never lived in the city. For further information apply to L. F. SCOTT'S General Slave Agency, and Intelligence Office, old establishment, No 2, West Fayette street, basement of Barnum's City Hotel. n11

WESTERN FRANKLIN SAVINGS INSTITUTION—*REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION*—You are aware that the legitimate objects of this Institution were to encourage a saving disposition amongst the members, and to give a facility in discounting the small notes received by them in the course of their business.

In presenting the half yearly accounts of the Institution, we would avail ourselves of the occasion to congratulate you upon its steady increase, which, from a small beginning in 1839, has already one hundred and seventy seven members, and deposits (or capital) to the amount of fifteen thousand dollars

In proportion to the increase of the deposits, we have been able to extend the discounts, which now average from fifteen hundred to two thousand dollars per week. This has been effected with advantage both to the members and the Institution, as from the care exercised by the Board of Directors, no loss has been sustained on any note so discounted.

Agreeably with the resolution of your general meeting in Oct. 1839, the necessary arrangements were made to issue a supply of small notes, for the use of the members, and with the view to being at all times prepared to redeem them. You will perceive by the annexed account that a large proportion of the proceeds has been invested in notes payable at ten days' sight, well secured, which notes can be realized at pleasure; and thus the Institution stands daily ready to redeem every obligation as presented.

In making a half yearly dividend of four per cent, the Institution will be retaining a handsome surplus as a contingent fund, a measure we think you will unite with the Directors in considering an act of prudence during the continuance of the issue of small notes.

Yours respectfully,
JOHN ROTHROCK, President.
JAMES DIXON, Treasurer.

Baltimore, Oct 31, 1840.

Statement of the accounts of the Western Franklin Savings Institution, made up to Sept. 30, 1840.

CIRCULATION ACCOUNT.

Cr.

By discounted notes payable at ten days' sight, secured by City and Bank Stocks, deposited with the Citizens' Bank,	$14,520 00
By notes discounted for members, with approved endorsers,	15,069 97
By cash on hand,	4,785 97
	$34,105 94

Dr.

To entire issue of small notes in circulation Sept 30,	17,441 22
Balance in favor of the Institution,	$16,664 72

GENERAL ACCOUNT.

Cr.

By balance belonging to the Institution as above,	$16,664 72

Dr.

To amount due the members for deposits, being the capital of the Institution,	15,230 85
To balance of profit and loss accounts for profits realized,	1,433 87
	$16,664 72

As a committee appointed by the members of the Western Franklin Savings Institution, to examine its affairs for the six months ending 30th September, we beg leave to submit the foregoing exhibit, which, upon a careful and thorough investigation, we find to be correct; and furthermore, believe the funds of the Institution to be judiciously invested.

The Committee take pleasure in according to the officers of the Institution their expression of entire confidence in their integrity and ability, and great regard for the interest committed to their care. All of which is respectfully submitted.

MICHAEL WARNER, Jr.
JABEZ M. GILL,
JOHN W. RINGROSE,
JOHN C. TURNER,
THOMAS I. DALAM. 2t

no10

LECTURES ON ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY.

DR. BAXLEY will commence his Lectures in the College of Dental Surgery on TUESDAY, the 10th inst. Gentlemen who design becoming members of his class, are requested to call upon him at his office, Fayette street, on Monday, 9th inst., from 3 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

Dr. B. takes this occasion to say, that he proposes to embrace in his Course of Lectures the more interesting and important subjects of Anatomy and Physiolgy generally, so as to afford to those Physicians who may desire to renew their acquaintance with these departments of knowledge, and to others who may wish it, an opportunity to attend such a course of instruction.

no10 4t

NEWSPAPER ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE.

THE printing materials and subscription list of the "Daily Evening Gazette," which was established for the purpose of advocating the election of the Whig candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency, are now offered for sale. At no period within the last eight or ten years has so favorable an opportunity presented itself for the establishment of a new paper in the city of Baltimore, as at present, and the terms on which the Gazette will be sold render it an object to a man of enterprise. Apply at the office of the Gazette, Exchange place. n6

A PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE—The Furniture, Fixtures, and Good Will of a Boarding House, eligibly situated, and if well kept cannot fail to be a source of profit to the purchaser. The present proprietor wishing to change his place of residence, will sell low for cash. Apply at this office. no10 eod1t

NOTICE—The Stockholders of the Susquehanna Bank are hereby notified that an Election will be held at their Banking House, Port Deposite, on the second Monday of December next, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock, P. M. for nine directors, to manage the affairs of said Company for 12 months thereafter, in conformity to the charter. n9 eod4t

BINDERS' BOARDS—3 tons assorted No for sale by
TURNER, WHEELWRIGHT & MUDGE,
Charles st.

ALMANAC.

1840. NOVEMBER.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON'S PHASES	D.	H.	M.	
11 Wednesday	7 2	4 58					
12 Thursday	7 3	4 57	First qr.	2	8	3	A
13 Friday	7 4	4 56	Full	9	12	50	M
14 Saturday	7 5	4 55	Last qr.	16	3	52	M
15 Sunday	7 6	4 54	New	23	9	11	E
16 Monday	7 7	4 53					
17 Tuesday	7 8	4 52					

BOARD OF TRADE.

The following members constitute the Committee on Arbitration for the month of October, 1840:

F. W. Brune, | John H. Orndorff,
R. D. Burns, | Frederick Brauns,
A. Brown Davidson.

HEALTH OFFICE, Oct. 20, 1840.

Report of interments in the City of Baltimore for the last week, ending Monday morning, viz:

Organic disease of heart	1	Scald,		1
Cancer,	2	Dropsy in the head,		1
Scarlet Fever,	5	Child bed,		1
Liver Complaint,	1	Pleurisy,		1
Consumption,	10	Inflamation of bowels,		2
Unknown, Adult,	3			
Infantile unknown,	7	Total,		46
Stillborn,	4	Under 1 year,	7	
Cholera Infantum,	1	Between 1 & 2,	6	
Old Age,	2	" 2 & 5,	6	
Casualty,	1	" 5 & 10,	4	
Convulsions,	1	" 10 & 21,	1	
Drowned,	1	Above 21,		22—46
Croup,	1			

Males, 22—Females, 24—46,—of which number, 5 were colored persons all free.

By order, DAVID HARRIS, Sec'y.

MARRIED.

On the 28th ultimo, WM. BEEST to Miss FRANCES ANN HIGGINS, both of this city.

On the 5th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Gere, JOHN ZIEGLER to Miss ELIZABETH BIDDLE, all of this city.

At Burlington, N. J., on the 3d instant, PETER D. VROOM, of Somerville, to MARIA MATILDA, only daughter of Garret D. Wall, of the former place.

DIED.

On the 7th instant, Mrs. GEORGIANA BENNET, in the 23d year of her age.

On the 6th inst. Mrs. ELIZABETH STANSBURY, consort of Joseph Stansbury, in the 50th year of her age.

At his residence in Frederick county, on the 5th inst. Mr. TALBOTT E. SHIPLEY, in the 52nd year of his age.

At N. York, on the 31st ult. ANDREW McD. SACKSON, Purser in the U. S. Navy.

☞ FIRST WARD TIPPECANOE CLUB.—The members of the Club, and all the Whigs of the ward are requested to meet at Dugg's Hotel, Market street, F. P., on THIS EVENING, the 11th inst. at 6½ o'clock. Business of importance will be laid before the meeting.

By order, A. B. CHAMBERLAIN,
no11 Secretary.

☞ OLD THIRD.—The members of the Third ward Tippecanoe Club will meet in their "LOG CABIN," Head Quarters, Aisquith street, THIS EVENING, at 6 o'clock. It is expected that every good Whig of the Ward that can attend will be at his post. Business of importance requires their attention. By order of the President. no11 L. MANSHIP, Sec'y.

NEWLY INVENTED HORSE POWER AND THRESHING MACHINE.

THE subscriber would inform the public that he has been able to test his NEW HORSE POWER & THRESHING MACHINE, and now offers them to the public; believing that they will fully meet the expectation and wishes of the purchasers, he thinks that they will be found equal, if not superior to any Machines for that purpose now in use. They are compact, strong and is believed to be very durable, calculated to be worked by four horses.

He has also on hand other Horse powers and Threshing Machines less expensive.

He is likewise Agent for the sale of Mr. Urany's Horse Powers and Threshing Machines; those preferring these Machines can procure them by calling at his Farmer's Repository, in Pratt street.

e29 J. S. EASTMAN

FOR RENT—A two story Stone House with 7 rooms, and a store attached to it, with a large yard, on Cathedral street, near the Richmond market, and a few steps from the Susquehanna Rail Road, and is a good stand for a small grocery business. Rent $10 per month.

Also—WANTED TO RENT, a small two story Brick House, suitable for a small Grocery Store, in a central situation. A corner store would be preferred, for which a fair rent will be given, on application to LEWIS F. SCOTT'S General Intelligence and Agency Office, No 2 West Fayette street. o27

LOOK TO YOUR COMFORT & HEALTH.

THE present and approaching excessive hot weather, is not only very oppressive and uncomfortable, but must become very unhealthy; it is therefore prudent and advisable, that persons who have any regard for the comfort and health of their families, should carefully avoid sleeping on feather beds at this season of the year—especially, when good clean delightful MATTRASSES of every description can be had so very low, at the BEDDING MARTS, N. W. and S. W. corners of Lombard and Light streets. Those who doubt will please call and examine for themselves.

15dtf

BUCKETS, BOXES, BOWLS, BASKETS.

300 FRUIT BOXES and BASKETS
100 dozen Painted Buckets
CARDS, assorted
1,000 Butter Bowls and Trays
500 superb Butter Prints
Willow Carriages and Cradles
Woollen and Flax Spinning Wheels.

DUKEHART & CO.
10th mo. 24 101½ Baltimore street.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—The creditors of John B. Robinson, deceased, are hereby requested to bring in their claims to the subscriber for payment by the 1st day of January next; and all persons indebted to the estate are notified to settle their respective claims before that day, or summary measures will be resorted to to collect them.

HENRY L. McNAMARA, Adm'r
Oct. 17, 1840. oc20'w

LAW NOTICE.

CHAS. H. PITTS & JAS. E. STEWART, *Attorneys at Law*, have removed to the office in Fayette street, a few doors east of St. Paul's street, opposite Barnum's Hotel. They may be found at all times during business hours, when not engaged in Court, or absent from the city. In the absence of either of them, the partner will attend to the business of the office ap21

COMFORTS—COMFORTABLE COMFORTS—Just finished, a large supply of Comfortables, an excellent article for the approaching winter; a person ensconced beneath one of these truly comfortable articles can bid defiance to the rudest attacks of his frosty majesty.

Apply at the N. W. & S. W. corner of Lombard & Light streets. o24

PLATED WARE—Plated Waiters, Urns, Castors, Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays, Coasters Cake Baskets, Dishes, Butter Tubs, &c. of new patterns, and of superior quality, of our own importation For sale, wholesale or retail, by

CANFIELD & BROTHER,
o20 Corner of Market and Charles streets.

FREEMAN'S INDIAN SPECIFIC.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh supply of this valuable COUGH MEDICINE, and for sale, wholesale or retail, by

ROBERTS & ATKINSON, Agents,
Corner Hanover and Market streets, Baltimore.
oc7

FOR SALE.

A very likely mulatto BOY, 23 years of age, a slave for life; sold for no fault, and can come highly recommended; one of the best waiters in the State of Maryland. To a good master, he will be sold at a fair cash price. Apply to L. F. SCOTT'S Slave Agency and Intelligence office, basement City Hotel. oc28

FRESH INSPECTED HERRINGS—700 bbls. Susquehanna Herrings, of very superior quality, now inspecting on Pratt street wharf, for sale low from the wharf SELLMAN & CROOK,
o21 d4t Corner of South and Pratt streets.

NEWLY INSPECTED HERRINGS.—500 barrels Susquehanna Herrings, of superior quality now inspecting. For sale low from the wharf.

SELLMAN & CROOK,
corner of South & Pratt sts.

CRUSHED SUGAR—East Boston Crushed Sugar, in bbls. landing and for sale by

WITHINGTON & EASTMAN
jy2 85 Bowly' wharf.

TWINES, CORDS AND LINES—SHAD