The South-Western.

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TERMS.

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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE for the first insertion, and FIFTY CENTS for each subsequent one. TEN LINES, or less, constitute a square. Liberal deductions made to those who advertise by the year.

WILLIAM CHRISTY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, No. 30 St. Charles street, New Orleans. Practices in the Supreme Court of Louisiana, and the United States Circuit and District Courts.

W. C. is Commissioner for various States, and will take depositions, etc.

CHAS. V. JONTE,

SECOND Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans, commissioner to take testimony, and commissioner for the States of Mississippi and Arkansas, No. 65 Common street, (opposite the City Hotel,) New Orleans. d29-1y*

BENJAMIN & MICOU,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, No. 49 Canal street, New Orleans. Will also practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, Washington.

C. ROSELIUS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Custom-house street, New Orleans. o13

E. T. PARKER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, corner of Camp and Gravier streets, New Orleans. o27

DOGAN, DONOVAN & Co.,

COTTON FACTORS, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, No. 59 Carondelet street, Union Row, New Orleans.

JOHN HALL, EDWIN W. RODD, JAS. M. PUTNAM.

HALL, RODD & PUTNAM,

Cotton and Sugar Factors,

No. 8 Customhouse street, between Chartres and Old Levee, New Orleans.

GIVE their undivided attention to the sale of the above articles consigned to them, and to the purchase of plantation supplies, bagging, rope, etc. oct10

W. A. BROADWELL & Co.,

[Successors to A. J. Wright & Co.]

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 35 Carondelet street, New Orleans. june6

R. W. GLADDEN, J. M. SEIXAS, THOS. R. HEARD.

PURVIS, GLADDEN & HEARD,

COTTON FACTORS and Commission Merchants, No. 8 St. Charles street, N. Orleans. s7-1y

B. TOLEDANO & TAYLOR,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, corner of Union and St. St. Charles streets, New Orleans.

PETERS, MILLARD & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, Corner of Old Levee and Bienville streets, N. Orleans.

THOMAS M'INTYRE,

GENERAL COLLECTOR, No. 28 Camp st., New Orleans. Bills collected in any part of the city or its vicinity, and the proceeds immediately remitted. Refer to Dr. Warren Stone, Dr. Boyer, and L. C. Dillard, Esq. m9 1y

THOMAS L. WHITE,

No. 105 CANAL STREET, (second door below the Mechanics' and Traders' Bank,) New Orleans,

Bookseller & Stationer,

LAW, Medical, Miscellaneous and School Books. Writing Paper, viz: cap, letter and note. Wrapping paper of various qualities; quills, steel pens, ink, and a general assortment of BLANK BOOKS. Country merchants and teachers are requested to call and examine the stock. j26-1y

OCULIST!

DR. GUSTINE'S OFFICE

For the Treatment of Diseases of the EYE and Imperfections of Vision, No. 135 ST. CHARLES STREET, opposite Lafayette Square, New Orleans. All surgical operations upon the Eye attended to. Such as Cataract, Squinting, the insertion of Artificial Eyes, etc., etc. jan 1, 1854

J. West, Practical Dentist,

112 ST. CHARLES STREET, near the corner of Poydras, would respectfully inform ladies and gentlemen visiting New Orleans that he performs all operations on the teeth, in a most skillful and satisfactory manner.

The superiority of J. W.'s Artificial Teeth above all others, have been long well known and appreciated by hundreds in who are enjoying the benefits of them. Persons desirous of availing themselves of such, would do well to call and examine his specimens.

Dental depot for the sale of Teeth, Foil, Instruments, etc. Office and residence 112 St. Charles street, near the corner of Poydras. feb1, 1854

POOLEY, NICHOL & Co.,

(Successors to John Hunt,)

Florida Yellow Pine Lumber Yard,

Corner of Cedar and Julia streets—New Basin, NEW ORLEANS.

SUPERIOR Dressed, Tongued and Grooved Flooring and Ceiling, Laths, Shingles, Deck Plank, and a general assortment of Building Lumber, well seasoned and always on hand.

All orders from the country carefully and promptly filled. ap5-1y* J. H. JONES

STATE FLINT.

C. FLINT & JONES,

Wholesale and retail dealers in fashionable cabinet

FURNITURE,

Chairs, feathers, moss and hair mattresses, curled hair, hair cloth, varnish, etc., Nos. 46 and 48 Royal street, New Orleans. nov 9, 1854

B. BROWER & Co.

House Furnishing Store,

No. 17 CAMP STREET, New Orleans.

(Established 1832.)

CHINA, GLASS AND EARTHWARE SILVER PLATED, BRITANNIA, Tin, Wooden, Japanned and Iron ware. Cutlery, Lamps, Brushes, Fenders, Andirons, Coal Scuttles, Shovels and Tongs, etc., etc., etc. Including every article required to furnish a house (except cabinet ware and dry goods.)

Also—The celebrated Republic Cooking Stoves. nov 2, 1853

WM. BRAGG,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

No. 169 Camp street, corner of Girod, New Orleans.

CISTERNS of all sizes constantly on hand. Sash, Doors, Blinds, etc., made to order. ap25

E. M. RUSHA,

IMPORTER OF

Foreign Wines & Liquors,

And dealer in Domestic Spirits,

Nos. 54 AND 56 BROOME STREET, (late Girod street,) NEW ORLEANS.

KEEPS constantly on hand a general assortment of French Brandies, Wines, Fruits in Liquor; assorted cordials, bitters, essence peppermint, Curaçao, anisette, etc., etc., etc. nov14, 1853

TIRRELL & BATES,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Boots, Shoes and Hats,

No. 15 OLD LEVEE, NEW ORLEANS.

Constantly receiving from their own manufactory a fresh and very extensive supply of

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS,

which they offer on as liberal terms as any other house. Negro Brogans in great variety always on hand.

Planters and country merchants will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

The highest price paid for hides. January 3, 1855

DAVID TAYLOR & Co.,

Boots, Shoes and Hats.

NEW STORE,

No. 41 Magazine street, opposite the Arcade,

DAVID TAYLOR & Co., inform their friends, country merchants, and other customers, that they are now occupying their new and spacious store, No. 41 Magazine street, opposite Banks' Arcade, and have on hand a large and well selected stock of Boots, Shoes, Brogans and Hats, of every description, to which they are constantly receiving additions, by the latest arrivals, from the eastern cities. We offer to buyers advantages over the eastern markets, taking into consideration the time consumed in shipments, with the extra expenses attending upon such purchases. Purchasers are invited to call and examine the large stock of the above named goods, which will be sold on the most liberal terms. N. Orleans, Feb. 8, 1855

PLOUGHS.

500 Hall and Spear Ploughs, just received per steamer Runaway.

OGLESBY & GRISWOLD.

FLOUR AND BACON—Superior articles, intended expressly for family use, just received and for sale by E. & B. JACOBS.

LEMON SYRUP, Essence of Ginger, Nutmegs, Cloves, etc., for sale at WM. B. MILLER'S

New Orleans & Texas U. S. Mail Line.

Every Sunday and Thursday.

LOUISIANA. Captain W. H. Talbot.
MEXICO, " John Lawless.
PERSEVERANCE, Capt. Henry Place.
CHARLES MORGAN, Capt. J. Y. Lawless.

One of the above new and magnificent steamships will leave for Galveston, Indianola and Matagorda Bay every Sunday and Thursday, at 8 o'clock, A. M., punctually.

For freight or passage, (having elegant accommodations,) apply to HARRIS & MORGAN, Foot of Julia street, opposite steamship landing. nov 15, 1854.

W. A. BROADWELL & Co.,

(Successors to A. J. Wright & Co.,)

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 120 Gravier street, New Orleans.

We shall give special attention to executing orders for family and plantation supplies, and to the collection and remittance of money.

In pursuing a strictly commission business, we have adopted the policy of accepting no bills, furnishing all our accommodations by direct cash advances.

As we receive BAGGING AND ROPE direct from the manufactories, we shall have pleasure in supplying planters without charge of commission for purchasing.

We are agents for Griswold's Improved Cotton Gins, which are delivered free of charge, and fully guarantied, at $3 50 ⅌ saw.

The services of Mr. A. J. WRIGHT will be given to the interests of the house. dec12

WM. P. CONVERSE. T. M. CONVERSE. W. P. CONVERSE, JR.

CONVERSE & Co.,

GROCERS

And dealers in Western Produce,

Corner of Fulton and Canal streets, and corner of Common and New Levee streets,

[Opposite the Steamboat Landing,] NEW ORLEANS.

HAVE constantly for sale on the most accommodating terms, a large stock of TEAS, WINES and GROCERIES generally; together with every description of Western Produce. January 4, 1855-1yis

H. P. BUCKLEY,

(Late Young & Co.,)

8 Camp street, New Orleans,

Watchmaker, Jeweller & Silversmith,

Importer of fine Watches for ladies and gentlemen, of the most celebrated makers of England and Switzerland, made to his own order expressly in heavy cases (gold and silver,) and warranted standard fineness.

Ladies' chatelaines and neck chains;
Gent's guard, fob and vest chains, seals, keys, etc.
Finger rings, ear-rings, breast-pins, cuff-pins, etc.
Diamond pins and rings,
Spectacles for every age, in gold, silver, steel and tortoise shell frames;
Silverware, warranted pure as coin, consisting of table, tea and dessert spoons;
Silver table and dessert forks, ladles, butter knives, mustard and salt spoons, sugar tongs, etc.
Plated ware, consisting of castors, candlesticks, waiters, etc.

Having been always engaged in the mechanical part of the business, all watches sent for repairs will have the strictest personal attention; and having every facility for making any portion of a watch, he will be enabled to work on very reasonable terms.

☞ Jewelry made to order and repaired. Diamonds reset in the latest style. Canes mounted in gold and silver. nov 15, 1854

NEW FURNITURE STORE.

Nos. 171 and 173 CANAL STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

THE undersigned having opened a large and splendid assortment of New Furniture, is prepared to supply the trade and families on the most liberal terms. This being the ONLY ENTIRE NEW STOCK in the city, purchasers will find it to their advantage to call and examine the goods and learn the prices before purchasing elsewhere. Will keep constantly on hand Mahogany and Walnut

Bedsteads,	Bureaus,
Armoires,	Centre Tables,
Chairs,	Sofa do
Sofas,	Card do
Tete-a-tetes,	Extension do
Easy Chairs,	Washstands,
Secretaries,	Book Cases,
Ottomans,	Lounges,
Canopies,	Cribs,

Feathers, Looking-Glasses, spring, hair and moss mattresses, together with a great variety of every article usually found in a furniture warehouse. oct24 CHAS. A. STEWART.

House Furnishing Goods,

Wholesale and Retail

NOS. 73 & 75 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

DETERMINED to reduce our stock of Goods, we will hereafter sell at Lower Prices than has ever before been offered in this city. Those in want of the following articles will do well to call:

Queensware, Glass and China Ware;
Bohemian Ware;
Birmingham Ware;
Rich China Vases and
Fine Silver-Plated Ware.
Parlor and Hall Lamps and Girandoles;
Rich Tea Trays and Waiters, in sets or single;
Fine Table Cutlery, and
Housekeeping Hardware;
Enameled and Hollow-Ware;
Britannia, Planished Tin and Japanned Ware;
Wooden and Willow Ware;
Feather Dusters, Brushes, of all kinds;
Paper Hangings and Borders;
Door Mats;
Window Cornishes, Cords and Tassels;
Curtain Bands and Curtain Pins, etc.

HEATH & MILLER,
Successors to Miller, Harris & Waldo.

WATER COLORS.

Newman's, Reeves & Son's, Ackerman's, Osborne's,

JUST received a large stock of above COLORS, in cakes and in mahogany and rosewood boxes, with lock and key. Also, German Colors, in cakes and boxes, a fine assortment.

Oil colors, in tubs---English and American;
Canvases for Portraits in frames of 8x10 to 42x56
Canvas in rolls, from 36 to 66 inches wide;
Strechers for canvases, of all sizes;
400 doz fine sable and camel-hair pencils;
160 " paint and varnish brushes, all sizes;
80 packages gold and silver leaf;
100 bundles of duck metal---white and yellow;
Tin foil, in sheets and books;
Tinsel of all the usual colors.

☞ French and American PAPER HANGINGS.

Doors, Window Sash and Blinds, of all sizes and description, for sale cheap.

.....WINDOW GLASS, &c.....

5000 bxs American Window Glass, all sizes;
700 do English and French, from 8x10 to 33x65
300 lights fine Plate Glass;
120 bxs double thick American, from 8x10 to 20x30
1000 lights colored glass;
100 Glazier Diamonds;
500 bundles glazier tins;
10 tons White Lead, in 25 to 700 lb kegs;
5000 canisters and kegs colored paints, in ¼ oz to 100 lb packages;
2500 lbs fine French Green, dry and ground in oil;
1000 bbls Whiting and Paris White, of my own manufacture, fire dried.

Paint Mills of all sizes and every article usually kept in a general Paint, Oil and Color Store, will found at R. CLANNON'S, nov 2, 1853 46 Canal street, New Orleans

LEEDS' FOUNDRY,

CORNER OF DELORD & FOUCHER STREETS, NEW ORLEANS.

IS prepared to furnish vertical and horizontal Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, Vacuum Pans, Sugar Kettles, Clarifiers, Filters, steam and horse power Draining Machines, Saw Mills, Gin Geering, Iron Columns and Fronts for buildings Furnace Mouths, Grate Bars, etc., and all machinery required for the South.

They respectfully call the particular attention of the planters of Louisiana and the adjoining States to their style of Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, Vaccuum Pans and Draining Wheels, which for strength, durability and convenience, have not been excelled. New Orleans, February 8, 1854.

Phila. Saddlery Warehouse.

[Sign of the Golden Horse Head.]

No. 6 Magazine, near Canal street,

NEW ORLEANS.

MAGEE & KNEASS,

Dealers in Saddlery, Harness and Trunks, Leather Materials and Findings for saddlers, coach, trunk and shoemakers. Saddlery, Hardware, Whips, Tin Ware and Brushes.

MILITARY GOODS AND TRIMMINGS.

We are agents for the sale of India Rubber Packing for steam joints and boilers, belting for machinery and other articles. Peacock and Carey PLOUGHS, on commission. Regalias and Jewels for the Masonic, I.O.O.F. and S. of T. orders. Prices as low as any other house. dec 21, 1853

C. M. SIMPSON,

DEALER IN DRY GOODS,

116 Canal street, (Touro's Row,) New Orleans.

IN referring you to my card above, I would respectfully invite your attention to my large and well selected stock of

Staple, Domestic, Silk,

And Fancy Dry Goods,

Also—Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, all of which have been selected with great care and with a view to the wants of the southern trade, which enables me to place before my customers a larger and better assorted stock than can be found elsewhere in this city.

Particular attention has been paid in the selection of Plantation and Housekeeping Goods, an assortment of which will be found complete, thereby saving the necessity of making purchases in several houses to fill orders for dry goods. An early call is respectfully solicited. C. M. SIMPSON,

116 Canal street, Touro's Row,
dec 6, 1854 New Orleans.

P. S.—Partical attention paid to orders.

PAPER AND STATIONERY WAREHOUSE,

Nos. 53 and 55 Common street, New Orleans.

E. R. STEVENS & Co.,

INVITE the attention of merchants and others visiting New Orleans, to their extensive stock of

Printing, Writing and Wrapping Papers,

BLANK BOOKS, PLAYING CARDS, INKS, &c.,

which for variety and extent cannot be surpassed by any other house, and are offered at the lowest prices.

6000	reams	Printing Paper, of all sizes used;
4000	--	Foolscap do ruled and plain,
5000	--	Letter do do do
10,000	--	Fancy Note do do
3500	--	Straw and rag Wrapping Paper, all sizes
1500	--	Hardware and bag do do
2000	--	Manilla do do
1000	gross	Playing Cards, all qualities;
500	boxes	Black Writing Ink;
1000	dozen	Webster's Spelling Books;
500	--	McGaffy's Readers;
500	--	Webster's Dictionary,
400	--	Walker's do
500		Family Quarto Bibles, common and fine.

ALSO—A large assortment of full and half-bound BLANK BOOKS, consisting of record books, day books, journals, ledgers, writing books, etc.

Copying Presses, Envelopes, and Stationery of every description.

Wade & Butcher's pocket Cutlery, Razors and Scissors, of direct importation, at very low prices.

☞ BLANK BOOKS MADE AND RULED TO ORDER, of any pattern. april 25

JED'H. WATERMAN. CHAS. M. WATERMAN.

J. WATERMAN & BROTHER,

HARDWARE MERCHANTS,

Corner of Common and Magazine streets, New Orleans.

HAVE on hand and are daily receiving by foreign and domestic arrivals, a general assortment of articles, comprising in part as follows:

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

Iron, Steel, Nails, Rope,
Axes, Chains, Scythes,
Carpenter's Tools, complete,
Cooper's Tools, complete,
Anvils, Vices, Bellows,
Stock and Dies, Screwplates,
Ploughs, Hay Cutters, Corn Shellers,
Agricultural Implements,
Mill, Cross-cut and Pit Saws,
Ox Yokes, Bows, Singletrees,
Turning Lathes,
Platform Scales,
Corn Mills, Cob Crushers
Hoes, Hames, Shovels and Spades,
Andirons, Fenders, Shovels and Tongs,
Copper and Iron Coal Hods,
Single and double barrel Guns,
Coffee Heclas, Chafing Dishes,
Chinese Gongs, Iron Bedsteads,
Britannia and Plated Ware,
Meat Cutters, Sausage Stuffers,
Stock Kettles, Portable Forges,
Seines, Fishing Tackle, etc etc.

nov 15, 1854

DR. DAVIS'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry and Tar.

THE great Remedy for Pectoral and Pulmonary Diseases stands unrivaled and unsurpassed as the most effectual curative of those most formidable complaints now known to the civilised world.

Ten years of trial in the United States, during which time it has been distributed from Maine to Florida, has only served to establish its preëminent merits in all parts of the country as the great and

Only Reliable Remedy

in the worst cases of Pulmonary Disease: and the best curative of all the slight forms of colds, coughs, and inflammation, that can possibly be used: for Hooping Cough it has no equal.

Spitting of Blood

This frightful symptom of approaching consumption is speedily checked and prevented by the use of Dr. Davis's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry & Tar which heals the affected membranes, and restores those vital organs, the Lungs, to a sound and healthy condition. REMEMBER THIS:

spitting of blood always arises from a tendency to tuberculous disease; and if not checked at the outset will sooner or later terminate in death.

Pain in the Side.

This distressing symptom of consumption arises from inflammation of the lungs, or membranes called the Pleura, or from Bronchial affection of the air passages, in either case it is a very dangerous indication of disease. The cause of this symptom should be removed at once—and nothing can possibly effect that object so speedily and happily as Dr. Davis's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry and Tar.

J. WRIGHT & Co, New Orleans, general agents for the south. For sale in Shreveport by all the druggists. feb27

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

THE subscriber having recently been supplied with a large and fresh stock of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery, etc., would respectfully notify all country merchants, planters and physicians that every thing in my line will be sold at very small advance for cash, or city acceptances. Below are a few of the articles on hand:

900 ozs sulph: quinine,	300 lbs pow'd rhubarb,
100 " sulph: morphine,	200 lbs ipecac,
100 " strychnine,	500 lbs senna,
100 " nitrate silver,	2000 lbs gum arabic,
15 bbls refi'd camphor,	600 lbs tartaric acid,
100 kegs sup. carb; soda,	300 lbs blue mass,
10 bbls cream tartar,	300 lbs calomel, E & A.,
20 bbls epsom salts,	1000 lbs indigo,
20 bbls copperas,	2000 lbs madder,
15 bbls castor oil,	50 lbs chloroform,
20 bbls linseed oil,	20 gross seid'z powders,
20 bbls sp: turpentine,	20 " yeast "
20 bbls alcohol,	25 " soda "
40 kegs salt petre,	40 gross sugar lemons.

2000 bxs druggists' glassware, patent medicines, perfumery, medicine chests, instruments, etc., etc.

G. N. MORISON, Wholesale Druggist,
dec 27, 1854 12 Magazine st., New Orleans.

CHINN & BOLTON,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

No. 61 ST. CHARLES STREET—(Corner above the St. Charles Hotel)—New Orleans.

OFFER for sale to PLANTERS, PHYSICIANS and Merchants, an extensive stock of

Pure Medicines, Chemicals, Oils,

AND PATENT MEDICINES,

of the past year's importation. Physicians and Planters will find in their establishment every article of Medicine; also every description of Instruments that they may require.

Merchants will find Fancy Soaps, Colognes, Medicine Chests, and Patent Medicines at MANUFACTURER'S prices and terms.

Persons visiting the city will, on application, be furnished with a book containing a list of every article in their line, as the number and variety of articles are too great for newspaper publication.

Their terms and prices will be as reasonable as any house in the southern country, and their goods will be packed and marked so as to suit the requirements of planters.

☞ A constant supply of FRENCH BRANDIES and WINES for medicinal purposes always on hand.

New Orleans, January 25, 1855.

SOAP, CANDLES, &c.—No. 1 soap, for family use; common and fancy soaps; sperm and star candles; sweet, sperm and lard oils; starch, indigo, vinegar, nutmegs, mustard, pepper, cloves, ginger, allspice, etc., for sale by STACEY & WELLS.

SHOT—Of assorted sizes, patent wading, etc., for sale at MORRIS' Drug-store.

PAPER HANGINGS—An assortment, for sale cheap, at T. H. MORRIS'.

Proceedings of the Police Jury.

At a called meeting of the police jury in and for the parish of Caddo on Monday, the 18th day of February, 1856, the following members appeared and took their seats, viz: R. T. Buckner, president, W. A. Pegram, W. A. Lacy, and James A. Jeter. The board being called to order by the president, the following proceedings were had:

James A. Jeter having previously tendered his resignation to R. T. Buckner, president of the police jury, as collector of parish taxes for the year 1856, the same was, on motion, received, and the bond of said Jeter, was ordered to be cancelled.

On motion of R. T. Buckner, the ordinance passed at the January meeting of this board, directing the clerk of the police jury to issue scrip to the sheriff for carrying lunatics to the asylum at Jackson, is hereby repealed.

On motion, R. L. Gilmer, member of the board of police, was fined $20 for non-attendance at this meeting.

The board on motion, proceeded to appoint a tax collector for the parish to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Jas. A. Jeter, at which time Jas. A. Jeter verbally tendered to the board his resignation as member of the police jury from ward No. 1, which R. T. Buckner refused to accept, while the board was in session, as said resignation would have left the board without a quorum. Ben. T. Scogin put in a proposal to collect the tax for 5 per cent., the lowest bid, was declared parish tax collector for 1856, at 5 per cent.. Wm. Holmes also put in a bid at 8 per cent., under protest, declaring that the meeting of the board was illegal, and the acts of this meeting null and void.

Be it ordained, &c., That Wm. Bird, jr., be appointed overseer on the road leading from the Texas line, near Dr. Adams', and running due east, following the road already laid out and intersecting the Shreveport road at the corner of James L. Fullilove's field, and that he have the hands of Dr. Adams, Dr. Wylie, J. W. Bird and W. Bird, jr., to work the same and make report according to law.

The following accounts were presented and allowed, viz:

To T. R. Simpson, for holding election,	$14 13
" " " for gallows, shroud, &c. for negro hung,	29 86
To B. W. Davis, jailor,	15 00
do. " "	22 62½
To W. J. Cross, sexton,	5 00
To Mrs. Boazman, boarding pauper,	6 00
To Lewis T. Eppes, coffin for pauper,	15 00
To Eppes & Jenkins, do. do.	15 00
To David Taylor, sexton,	5 00
To J. F. Kendell, making coffin,	5 00
To Eppes & Mulhall, coffin for pauper,	5 00
	$137 78½

There being no further business, the board adjourned sine die. R. T. BUCKNER,
N. E. WRIGHT, cl'k. President P. J.

OFFICIAL VOTE.—We are at length able to give the official vote cast for governor of Louisiana at the November election. It will prove a convenient reference to those who file the paper.

	Wickliffe, Dem.	*Derbigny, Amer.*
Plaquemines,	252	238
St. Bernard,	149	134
Orleans, right bank, and		
— 2d district,	1081	1143
— 3d district,	670	882
— 1st district,	1831	2077
— 4th district,	956	848
7th ward box broken,	550	338
Jefferson,	400	597
St. Charles,	59	60
St. John Baptist,	196	221
St. James,	161	314
Ascension,	411	233
Assumption,	754	238
Lafourche,	660	415
Terrebonne,	369	379
St. Mary,	350	437
St. Martin,	302	494
Avoyelles,	489	331
Catahoula,	354	377
Carroll,	376	261
Madison,	147	206
Tensas,	149	129
Concordia,	55	145
St. Tammany,	147	383
St. Helena,	305	304
Livingston,	369	234
Washington,	294	186
East Feliciana,	420	365
West Feliciana,	252	245
East Baton Rouge,	490	547
West Baton Rouge,	133	213
Iberville,	473	288
Vermilion,	238	142
Lafayette,	470	162
Calcasieu,	327	24
St. Landry,	1057	786
Rapides,	587	615
Sabine,	415	244
Natchitoches,	573	482
Winn,	262	150
DeSoto,	474	343
Caddo,	433	455
Bossier,	368	298
Claiborne,	797	636
Bienville,	633	247
Jackson,	543	333
Union,	539	439
Morehouse,	359	343
Ouachita,	349	251
Caldwell,	260	78
Franklin,	235—22,952	173—19,755

LADY ELLENBOROUGH.—It is strange to watch how those who at different times occupy a very large space for the moment either in public fame or public scandal, disappear suddenly from the scene and are forgotten as the waves of time passs over until again they rise at some distant spot where one least expects to find them. This thought is brought to our mind on reading the last news from Asia, of the death in Arabia of lady Ellenborough, one who at one time was the star of London fashion, and whose beauty and wit the champagne of conversation, very full of sparkle and vivacity, gathered round her all that was distinguished in English society. Among her special admirers were George Canning and the duke of Wellington, but to the discovery of her amours, with prince Schwartzenberg, which led to a trial that some years since created an intense sensation among the aristocratic circles of Europe, was owing her separation and divorce from her haughty and arrogant lord, who became so memorable by the pomp and majesty of his short rule in India. For years she has not been heard of, when now we find her an eastern Zuelika and the victim of a harem's revenge. It is said she has been assassinated in Arabia by 'Le Harem d'un cheik Arabe." How beyond all fiction would be the romance of such a life if faithfully told?

The following is from the Friend of China, of Nov. the 12th: We learn by the Tartar that the day after the Japanese convention (British) was ratified at Nagasaki, admiral Stirling was asked by the commissioner to give his advice on the best course to be pursued towards the Americans, who, it was said, with nine vessels at Simoda, were breaking the peace in the most outrageous manner. The admiral is reported to have recommended concession to the American demands, provided they were in any way reasonable.

An American gentleman writes on this subject: I understand that a fleet of twelve sail of American whalers visited Simoda in anticipation of receiving supplies agreeable to the late treaty. Report is that they were treated very unkindly, and a determination was made by the Japanese, from some cause, not to furnish them with any supplies. The Americans were not to be trifled with; they took what they wanted, and paid in dollars at their fair weight, the one-third the value, as fixed on by the treaty they would have no knowledge of. It is said that guns were fired and Japanese killed.

The Loyalty of Love.

In the autumn of 1674, the present site of Richmond was divided into two plantations, belonging to col. Byrd and Nathaniel Bacon, the mansion of the latter standing upon what is now called Shockoe's hill. It was one of those fine mansions patterned after the baronial halls of Old England, and since unequalled on this continent. A spacious hall, decorated with portraits, large parlors with furniture of carved oak, a dining hall, where a battalion could banquet, and a library with a bow window commanding a prospect of picturesque magnificence, especially when autumn had touched the foliage with his magic pencil. The bright scarlet of the maple, the deep crimson of the dogwood, the mellow boughs of the ash, and the lively yellow of the chestnut, contrasted strikingly with the deep evergreen of the cedar, pine, and hemlock, scattered over the forests. Below, the river foamed over its rocky bed to spread into a lake-like sheet, and was dotted with small islands, whose shadows reached far down into the earth-tinted tide.

Nathaniel Bacon, the master of this establishment, was a hale and handsome man, with a moustache, clear black eyes, and a florid complexion. Educated in England, during the convulsive struggles between the throne and parliament, he believed that popular rights were equal to royal sway. Not so with his sister Henrietta, who had passed a winter with the governor's family at Jamestown, where she learned to reverence the "right divine" of her sovereign. Her age at that time was about eighteen, and although her form was not what the voluptuary would have called perfect, or her face one that a sculptor would have chosen as a model, yet there was a winning expression in her eyes, and a grace in her movements that enabled her to charm all who knew her.

At the time our story commences, she had just opened a letter, from which a printed paquet fell to the floor.

"Here, brother Nat," said she, "is one of his excellency's letters to the privy council, sent back in good London print."

Bacon took the document, but as he read a flush came over his cheek. At length he exclaimed in an angry tone—

"Hear how governor Berkley closes his account of us:

"'I thank God there are no free schools nor printing, and I hope we shall not have any these hundred years; for learning has brought disobedience and heresy, and sects into the world, and printing has divulged them, and libels against the best government. God keep us from both.'"

"Excellent, I declare!" said the fair loyalist.

"Excellent! Do you call that excellent, girl? Why, I have half a mind to sell my plantation and remove to the north."

"Ah, brother Nat, you would have your nose frozen off, even if you go only among the Manhattan Dutchmen, and—"

Here the laughing was interrupted by the entrance of a stranger who presented a letter to Mr. Bacon. Glancing at the exterior, he introduced the new comer to his sister as Mr. Rupert Wythely, of Accomac, and breaking the seal, read the contents.

"I am happy to see you," said he, when he had perused the epistle, "and regret much to hear of the extraordinary course of the governor in disbanding the volunteers. Can it be possible that at this time, when the yells of the savages resound through the woods, Virginians must retire to their plantations, there to remain until they are scalped!"

"Ah, I am glad to hear you talk so," replied Rupert Wythely, "for I have come expressly to request your acceptance of the commission of general. Here it is, signed by five hundred as brave men as there are on the continent."

"You surely are not asking my brother to take up arms against governor Berkley's will?" asked Henrietta with, a smile.

"Nay, Miss, but the country is in danger," said the young man, who had already began to admire the fair Henrietta.

"It is a grave question," remarked Mr. Bacon, "and I must ponder over it; meanwhile, my sister will escort you to the falls and to the rock where Pocahontas saved the life of capt. Smith. At dinner time I will give you an answer."

Rupert Wythely was a young planter near Jamestown, who, with a well-proportioned person, and a manly countenance, possessed a noble heart, and a cultivated intellect. His idea of female excellence had been formed upon an ideal model of perfection, in which he had blended the accomplishments of all the heroines of poetry and romance. Vain had been his search hitherto, but ere he had been long with Henrietta, he imagined if her qualities of mind corresponded with her personal charms, he had at length found his beau ideal of female perfection.

Meanwhile, her brother had been sorely troubled at heart by the invitation to lead his fellow-citizens. Like every true Virginian, he felt that his country was in danger, for death was ravaging the land under the hideous form of savage cruelty. The force out under the command of captain John Washington had proved entirely insufficient, yet the governor, instead of adding to it, had rebuked them for killing a party of chiefs, because it injured the beaver trade, of which he had a monopoly.—That an armed resistance to the Indians was necessary, he did not doubt, but the thought of rising in arms against the will of the king's governor, rather staggered him.

"At any rate," said he to Whythely, as they sat enjoying their wine after dinner, "I will go to Jamestown, and see how matters stand.—Let the news reach me that a single man has been harmed by the savages, and I will lead you on to vengeance, commission or no commission."

A long storm, at the conclusion of which the fords were impassable, detained Rupert Whythely a week with the Bacons. He well improved the time; for ere he left, Henrietta acknowledged that she was not disinclined to treasure up the rich harvest of affection which he laid at her feet. Nay, she was rather disposed to become more republican in her feelings, and to admit that Virginians might be capable of self-government.

Weeks passed, and in vain did Nathaniel Bacon urge gov. Berkeley to abandon his scheme of detached forts, and organize a volunteer force of riflemen. At last he left Jamestown in despair, and, ere going home, paid a visit to Henrico, where the sharpshooters were, unappalled by the edicts of the governor, commanding them to disperse. The men soon went on parade under the command of Rupert Wythely; but ere he had learned the reports of the sergeants, a horseman approached at full gallop. Riding up in front of the line, he checked his foaming steed, and shouted—

"The savages are at the fall of James river, killing and plundering. Turn out, turn out!"

"Where are they?" asked Bacon, pale with apprehension.

"They first killed all at the mills, and then camped around Bacon's house on the hill.—They say it is Powhattan's council ground, and no white man shall possess it."

"And Miss Bacon?" inquired Wythely.

"I heard they had got a white gal prisoner, and meant torture her in a few days at a grand war dance."

"Bacon," cried Wythely, "do you now hesitate?"

"No, no!" Then raising his voice until it rung in trumpet tunes over the field, he continued—"Virginians, forgive my hesitation. Now that my own home is desolated, can I ask you to follow me to the rescue of a loved sister?"

A loud shout of "lead on!" made the hearts of Bacon and Wythely beat high again; nor was it many hours ere the force was in motion. A braver set of men never hastened to the fray. The sun had set in clouds behind the ridge, and the woods grew dim, as the Virginians approached the house of their general. Scouts who had been sent in advance to reconnoitre reported that there was an entrenchment around the house, within which a huge council fire had been lighted exactly at sunrise. It was evident no time was to be lost. The mounted cavaliers, under the command of Wythely, were ordered to sweep around to the right, while general Bacon led the bulk of the force directly up the hill, against the silent frowning breastwork.

On they moved, with a cautious tread, uncertain as to whether their coming was known to the entrenched foe. But when they were within about twenty paces of the breastwork, there came along from its front a cloud of arrows, making many a man bite the dust. The scene which followed is described as one of deadly warfare, for no sooner had the Virginians reached the breastwork, than a yell was given, and the rude terrace swarmed with painted warriors, each bearing in his left hand a blazing torch, and in his right a war-club.—Springing into the midst of their assailants, the savages dealt murderous blows on all sides, often thrusting their burning torches into the faces of the whites, who could not use their firearms, so close was the encounter.

"Sound a retreat!" shouted gen. Bacon, and in obedience to the brazen trumpet his men fell back.

At that moment the cavaliers under Wythely charged through the savages, and when they had passed the infantry formed into line, and poured in murderous volleys. Again the cavaliers swept through their painted ranks, and then with a cheer the entrenchment was stormed. At the head of those who first entered the breastwork, fighting like a demon, was Rupert Wythely, and at the door of the old mansion, as he rode up to it with a heavy heart, he saw his own Henrietta.

"She is safe! Thank God, she is safe!" he exclaimed, and in an instant he had reached her side and she was clasped to his heart.

Our limits will not permit us to portray the story of her imprisonment as she narrated it that night around the family hearth-stone.

Destined for a sacrifice, she had been carefully treated, and allowed the unmolested liberty of her own room. But that night was to have witnessed her immolation. A divine Providence had nerved her heart as she was already summoned to the burning pile, when a scout gave the alarm cry. Then by the light of the torches she plainly witnessed the fray, imploring upon her knees before the window that a heavenly arm would support those whom she loved so well.

Morning dawned, and a horrible scene presented itself around the house. There—where St. John's now stands—lay mangled corpses in the stiff attitude of death, and the stream near by was tinged with blood.

The wounded were cared for, the dead interred, and by dinner-time the horr