

General Intelligence.

FATHER POINT, June 6.—The steamship North American, from Liverpool 2:30 p. m. the 25th, via Londonderry the 26th, arrived at Father Point at 9:30 this morning.

The London Owl says the question of indemnity for losses by the Alabama depredations has reached an unpleasant point. British reply to the Washington government, the cabinet has intimated, that it is not in legal law pay the demands, and that the international law is on its side. The rejoinder from Wot a firm alludes to compulsion. The Owl cautions a joint action by England and France of the public laws.

The statements of this paper are less reliable than they used to be, publishes the Paris Monitor, of the 9th of the order article confirming the revocable vessels in limiting the stay of United States.

French ports to twenty-five article says. In the London Star's 22d and 28d, in Paris course of the public on the towns, as to the in- and the French provinces government in re- tention of the towns, able orders for cotton were rapidly transmitted to England, in the belief that war with the United States was not impossible. The reassuring articles which have since appeared in French journals, have had the effect of putting a stop to the unreasonable panic.

The prince of Wales visited the steamer Great Eastern on the 29th, and minutely inspected the Atlantic telegraph cable and works connected therewith. A very select and influential company of gentlemen were present on the occasion, among them Lord Lyons, Edward Cunard, Geo. Peabody and Cyrus W. Field.

The Canadian commissioner in England and numerous telegraph officials were also present. Sir Northwale's circular, on the evening of the 24th, says: Considerable effort is made by continental holders of 5-20's to realize the large profits which have accrued. The bonds offered have been rapidly taken for shipment to New York.

Railroad shares active, Illinois Central firm at 75 to 75 1/2, while Erie shares on sale by holders who bought them at 20 per cent. below the current quotations, have given away about one dollar—closing at 52.

LIVERPOOL, May 25.—Cotton sales of the week, 109,000 bales, including 17,000 bales to speculators and 92,000 bales to exporters.—Market buoyant at an advance of 1/4 to 1/2 per pound on American, closing with a downward tendency. Sales to-day (Friday) were 8000 bales. The market closed dull and unchanged at the following quotations: New Orleans, 16d; fair, 15 1/2d; middling, 15d; middling uplands, 16d; fair, 15 1/2d. Stock of cotton in port, 406,000 bales, including 50,000 bales American.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The New York Herald says: Since Gov. Pierpont established his headquarters in Richmond, different delegations have waited upon him, and they express their loyalty and their intention to cooperate with him in the restoration of civil government, order and industry. The governor, in his replies to the addresses of these delegations, has expressed his appreciation of these manifestations, of friendliness to himself and the national government, and his desire to avail himself of those elements of political and social regeneration in the arduous duties which he has been called to assume. He also assures the people, as a Virginian himself, of his good will towards them, and his hope that the past may, for the sake of the future, be as far as possible forgotten, and that all will henceforth faithfully work together for the good of the commonwealth and the nation.

The government has decided to retain provost marshals in all States except Rhode Island, and present officers will hold their places in every congressional district. Some system will be extended to Southern States, and officers of the government think it will be a year before it can be relinquished.

The Tribune's correspondent at Raleigh says the health of the place is not good. Physicians are constantly busy, and there is prospect of a sickly season.

The Times's special says: There is reason to believe the trial of Jeff. Davis will take place on or about the 19th of this month, unless the defendant can make any showing of necessity for postponing hearing for a few days. It is not believed Davis will interpose any objection to trial this month, as the facts involved in the case are patent and indisputable. The trial cannot last more than three or four days, in impaneling of jury and presentation of the evidence. Any further prologation will depend on the length of the arguments of the counsel.

NEW YORK, June 4.—The Herald's Charleston correspondent reports the arrest of Gov. Magrath, of South Carolina, at Columbia, on the 27th ult., for high treason. He was taken to Hilton Head, and would soon be sent north for trial. He surrendered himself quietly to Lieut. Beck, who was sent to arrest him. Wade Hampton escaped, and his whereabouts are unknown.

NEW YORK, June 5.—Martin H. Conway writes to the Tribune from Richmond that there has been no general election in Virginia, but a special election was held in a few counties; that returns have been received from only three or four in which Union men were elected, except Alexandria. He says there are plenty of disunionists in Virginia.

The Tribune's Washington special says: A prominent rebel political leader declare it will be necessary to disfranchise those who have taken part in the rebellion before the north can repossess its ideas of State subordination and free labor on the southern people.

NEW YORK, June 6.—A Washington special says: It is reported that the notorious assassin of Mr. Seward, who has gone by the name of Payne, is a distant relative of Gen. Lee, but all friends of Lee and family deny the connection. The mystery about this man excites great interest.

NEW YORK, June 7.—The Herald's correspondent in Columbia, the capital of South Carolina, represents that the chivalry of the State are rapidly accommodating themselves to the altered conditions of affairs under the restoration of national authority, and generally appear rather gratified at the downfall of the rebellion. Though it has left them impoverished, it has given them the long coveted peace. The magnificent sweep of Gen. Sherman through their State seemed to give the South Carolinians their first realization of the power of the national government. The splendid success of that march destroyed their faith in the mushroom institution of Jeff. Davis, and many of them are now glad to be back once more considered citizens of the great republic.

The railroads of the State are being rapidly repaired, and in a few weeks the transportation facilities will be as complete as before the war. It is said that Tremblor, the late rebel Secretary of the Treasury, was very recently quietly living with his family at Abbeville, S. C.—if he has not been taken into custody already, he will probably soon be, by the national authorities.

A special to the Tribune, Washington, 6th, says: The suppressed testimony, surreptitiously

published by Ben. Pittman, has greatly endangered the lives of the witnesses, some of whom are still in Cuba. Dr. J. B. Morrill, one of the witnesses, is a cultivated and well read gentleman, of excellent manners, a physician and a demerit very truthful. After he concluded his testimony before the court, Gen. Grant being present rose up and stated that he knew the witness and desired to vouch for his credibility. Dr. Merritt was besought not to return to Canada, both by his friends here and his wife there, but he persisted in going to close up his business, intending to return here immediately.—He has not been heard from.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The delegation of citizens of Alabama arrived here last night to apply for the restoration of their State government. They are Jas. E. Brown, Lewis E. Parsons, F. M. Moore, B. M. Lowe and Nicholas Davis.

Governor Brown, of Georgia, was not under arrest here, but only ordered to report to the president.

Gen. Grant and Gen. Logan have accepted an invitation to attend a meeting in New York on the 1st inst., to endorse president Johnson's restoration policy.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Some persons may be interested in learning that the Chronicle of today, in order to set at rest what it calls a malignant falsehood, says, on the authority of Mr. Stanton himself, that he had resigned; that it is not known that he had designed to leave the cabinet very soon; and that he has had no dispute, no difference, no collision with president Johnson. His relations with the president are of the most cordial and friendly character, and the president's relations with Mr. Stanton are entirely agreeable; he has never had any difference, much less a collision, with his Secretary of War, nor has he given such assurance to any one, major-general or otherwise, as has been attributed to him; and the Chronicle also says this latter statement is made by authority of president Johnson.

The Secretary of the Treasury has divided Mississippi, South and North Carolina into districts for the collection of internal taxes.

A special to the Times, dated Washington, 5, says: The Military Commission held a secret session yesterday, and one of the reasons assigned for the session was the publication, on Friday last, in the Cincinnati Commercial, and copied from there by other papers, of a synopsis of the evidence taken in secret session on the first two days of the trial, and known as the suppressed testimony.

Some ten days ago it was determined that this testimony should be published if possible, on Friday, 2d inst., inasmuch as there would be no session of the committee on that day, the 1st inst., and therefore no report of current proceedings would be in the way of the publication of the entire suppressed testimony in a single issue of the leading daily newspapers of the principal cities. For good reasons, on Thursday last, this order as to publication was postponed until further development should take place in the trial this morning, to the surprise of Judge Holt and all others having control of the case.

The newspapers contained an imperfect synopsis of the suppressed evidence. Upon inquiry, it turned out that Ben. Pittman had furnished the copy to the Cincinnati papers. This Ben Pittman styles himself the Recorder of the Military Commission now trying the assassins. His real position is confidential clerk to Col. Burnett, the assistant Judge Advocate, and he has charge of the sheets upon which the evidence is transcribed in a long hand, under the supervision of Mr. Sutton and his assistants. Mr. Pittman made a synopsis, said to be imperfect, and sent it by mail to the Cincinnati Commercial. It is said that Pittman has violated the oath he was required to take upon entering service.

The Judge Advocate immediately to-day, upon hearing what Pittman had done, ordered the publication of the suppressed testimony in full, and it was sent to the associated press for that purpose.

What treatment Pittman will receive from the government for his breach of official confidence, is left to speculation.

A FORMAL DEMAND MADE FOR THE SURRENDER OF THE STONEWALL.—WASHINGTON, June 8.—A formal demand has been made for the surrender of the Stonewall, notwithstanding the intimations of the British press.

It is not the intention of our government to abandon or abate its demands upon England for damages to our commerce by Anglo-rebel pirates. Enough of our army will be retained to enforce any demand upon foreign governments.

It is understood preliminary measures have already been taken for the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine, and Napoleon has been notified that we will not submit to European interference with Mexico, and that he must withdraw French and Austrian troops.

It is not probable that the trial of Jeff. Davis will take place till September.

A portion of the Alabama delegation were at the white house to-day. They have abandoned their intention to recommend Col. Seabold as provisional governor, and now recommend Mr. Parsons. He is opposed by Alabama loyal men, who have recommended Mr. H. Smith, who was forced to abandon Alabama in 1863, on account of his Union sentiments. (N. O. Times.)

WASHINGTON, June 9.—All dismounted cavalry will be immediately discharged from the service.

CINCINNATI, June 7.—About 8 o'clock last evening, the building on Longworth street, occupied as an armory by the national guards, suddenly fell, burying a number of persons beneath the ruins, three of whom were killed and four fatally injured.

CINCINNATI, June 7.—The Gazette's Chattanooga dispatch says: Officers of the Richmond banks, while on their way to that place, were were attacked by robbers near Washington, Ga., and robbed of \$200,000.

Ten guerrillas were hung by the citizens of Cass county, Ga., a few days since.

LOUISVILLE, June 9.—The New York Tribune's correspondent says that while the Nerthos was waiting off Norfolk for water, a meeting occurred, which was suppressed by the provost marshal.

A Washington correspondent says that a delegation of loyal Germans, led by J. B. Hill, had an interview with the president, and admitted the president's policy to be eminently just and acceptable.

Eleven thousand rations are daily issued to the citizens of Richmond, Va.

CAIRO, June 4.—Judge Wm. Yeager, judge W. L. Sharkey and Hon. James Hamilton, accompanied by A. Lewis, arrived here last night en route to Washington, to confer with the president on the subject of the reorganization of the civil government of the State of Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS, June 6.—Majority against the new constitution in this county will reach six thousand. Scattering returns from the interior mainly favor the constitution, but its adoption is by no means certain.

The Commercial's special says the returning volunteers are to be paid up to the date of their arrival at their respective State rendezvous, where they are to be mustered out.

President Johnson is said to be the hardest worker that ever occupied the presidential chair.

The New Orleans Picayune, of the 12th says: "It must be recollected that all cotton which comes here from insurrectionary districts, or such as were lately so, is yet subject to the control of the U. S. purchasing agent, Mr. O. N. Cutler, and must be reported to him. He will also purchase all cotton not captured or abandoned which may be brought to him for that purpose.

The Charleston Courier, of the 28th ult., learns from Columbia that Gov. Magrath had issued a notice stating his functions as Executive had closed, and that State was now in the hands of the military authorities of the United States. After issuing this notice, he decamped.

The trial of the assassins at Washington was still going on at last accounts, and if any reliance can be placed in the reporters for the northern press, they will all be found guilty.

All druggists, merchants, etc., will find it to their interest to purchase of T. W. Marsden, importer and wholesale dealer in drugs, medicines, chemicals, pepper, spices, liquors, etc., etc., corner Magazine and Gravier streets, New Orleans. He takes all kinds of produce in exchange.

For State Treasurer.

We are authorized to announce Major S. D. OLIVER, as a candidate for State Treasurer. Louisiana papers copy. We are authorized to announce Col. ROSS E. BURKE, of the parish of Natchitoches, as a candidate for State Treasurer, for the ensuing election. april 19

Shreveport Price Current.

[This embraces actual sales.]

COTTON—Middling, 10@14c. P. lb. SCARF—11@15c. P. lb. MOLASSES—65@80c. P. gal. FLOUR—\$12 00@14 00 P. bbl. BACON—15@—c. P. lb. COFFEE—38@—c. P. lb. WHISKY—Rectified, \$3 00@—, Texas, \$—@ 2 P. gallon. CANDLES—35@—c. P. lb. CORN—50@—c. P. bushel. BAGGING—25@—c. P. yard. ROPE—15@—c. P. yard. NAILS—10@—c. P. keg. HIDES—8@—c. P. lb. POTATOES—\$6@—c. P. bbl. OIL—Lard, \$2@—c. P. gal. STOKS—Plantation, \$2@—c. P. pair.

New Orleans Market.

June 12.—The cotton market continues depressed, sales reaching but 400 bales, without any change in prices. We quote: Ordinary . . . 32@33 | Low Middling, 34@36 Good Ordinary, 34@36 | Middling . . . —@— [On this there is a U. S. tax of 25¢ cent.] SUGAR—Common, 14@—c; fully fair, 14 1/2@—c; yellow clarified, 16@—c. P. lb. MOLASSES—Louisiana, —@—c. P. lb. 75 ceres and 600 bbls of Muscovado were sold on private terms, prices said to be very low. FLOUR—Low superfine, \$7 00@—; choice superfine, \$7 75@—; good extra, \$9 50@10 00; choice extra, \$11 50@— P. bbl. HAY—\$50 00@— P. ton. OATS—60@—c. P. bushel. CORN—\$1 00@—c. P. bushel. PORK—Mess, \$26@—c. P. bbl. Bacon—Sides, —@—c; shoulders, green; —@14 1/2c. P. lb. BAGGING—India, 22 1/2@—c. P. yard. ROPE—14@—c. P. lb. CATTLE MARKET, June 11. BEEF—Western, choice, —@22c. P. lb. net. Western, 1st quality, —@21c. " Western, 2d and 3d quality, —@18@19c. " VEAL CATTLE . . . . \$12@25 P. head. HOGS . . . . . 10@11c. P. lb. gross. SHEEP . . . . . \$8@11 P. head. MONETARY.—The movements in gold were light. The ruling rates are: gold 184@186; silver, 123 1/2@125.

The following are the quotations for bank notes: Cts. per Doll. Bank of Louisiana . . . . . 37@39 Louisiana State Bank . . . . . 47@48 Bank of New Orleans . . . . . 55@58 Crecoite City Bank . . . . . 65@70 Merchants' Bank . . . . . 40@43 Union Bank . . . . . 65@70 Mechanics and Traders' Bank redeem in legal tender United States notes; Citizens' Bank notes paid in legal tender notes; Canal Bank notes paid in the same; City Corporation issues range from \$ to 12 P. et. discount.

The Bank of America pays in silver coin. Its circulation comes in about \$50 per day.

JOHN W. JONES, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Market street, near Milam, Shreveport, La. Shreveport, June 21, 1865.

FOR NEW ORLEANS. THE substantial and fast running steamer Gen. J. L. HODGES, CAPTAIN RILEY, will leave for New Orleans and all intermediate landings on Wednesday, 21st inst., at 5 o'clock p. m. For freight or passage, apply on board. Shreveport, June 21, 1865.

BUSINESS NOTICE. THE undersigned, formerly of the old and well known firm of FRELSEN, STEVENSON & Co., Cotton Factors, New Orleans, desire to inform the citizens of this vicinity, that he has ample means and arrangements for the resumption of business and for shipment and sale of Cotton. He is also prepared to buy Cotton where parties prefer to sell here. Office at the warehouse of Walsh & Boiesean, Shreveport. JOHN A. STEVENSON. P. S. Will give all information that he can in regard to the shipment and sale of Cotton to any one calling on him. Shreveport, June 21, 1865.

THOS. B. BODLEY, No. 128 Gravier street, New Orleans, DEALER in Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Circular Saw Mills, Corn Mills. All descriptions of Plantation Machinery and Agricultural Implements, Shafting, Belting, etc., etc. CHANDLER FORD, Agent, June 21 Shreveport, Louisiana.

JNO. P. MANIGO, Successor to A. D. DONAVAN, COTTON FACTOR, and Commission Merchant, No. 128 Gravier street, New Orleans. CHANDLER FORD, Agent, Shreveport, La. Shreveport, June 21, 1865.

NEW STORE at Dreyfuss' old stand on Texas street, N. HIRST, HAS JUST ARRIVED from New Orleans with a large and complete stock of Spring and Summer Goods, selected expressly for the Shreveport market, including the latest and most fashionable description of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, CHINA AND CROCKERY WARE, &c., which will be sold lower than any other house in town. Shreveport, June 21, 1865.

THOS. H. MORRIS, Wholesale and Retail DRUGGIST, Texas street, Shreveport, La.

WISHES to inform his old friends, that he is aware of their wants, and has supplied himself with a good and select stock, comprising nearly every thing in the way of DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

All of which can be relied upon, as being fresh, genuine and unadulterated. My general assortment of Toilet and Fancy Articles, will be complete as soon as my orders are filled. It is my desire and intention to conduct my business on as large a scale as the trade will admit. Shreveport, June 21, 1865.

TO THE LADIES. WE most respectfully call your attention to the very large and well selected stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, embracing every description of Dress articles of the latest Parisian styles, which we are now opening, and offering for sale at Mr. J. Lanna's old stand, Texas street. Our prices will be found lower than any other house in this city. JONES & Co. Shreveport, June 21, 1865-f

NEW STORE! "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."

JONES & CO., AT JOHN LANNA'S OLD STAND, TEXAS STREET, SHREVEPORT,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Shreveport and Caddo parish, that they have just arrived from New Orleans with one of the largest stocks of Goods ever offered in this section of country, embracing all descriptions of Family and Plantation Goods.

Their assortment of DRY GOODS embraces every variety of Summer Silks, Delaines, French and English Bereges, Plain and Printed Grenadines, Swiss and Jaconet Muslins, Lawns, Plain and Printed Bereges, Tissues, Nansook, Irish Linen, Cambric, Calicoes, Kentucky Jeans, Cloths, Cassimeres, Sarcnets, Kerseys, Linseys, Rosary, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Brown Cotton, Bleached Cottons, Chambrays, Tickings, Stripes, Sheetings, Canton Flannel, Cross Bar Muslins, Blankets, Buttons, Tapes, Perfumery, etc., etc.

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, a good variety of all sizes and of latest fashion.

The assortment of Fancy and Staple Groceries consist in part of:

Flour, Mess Beef, Mackerel, Rice, Salt, Coffee, Cheese, Soap, Starch, Candles, Indigo, Spices, Pickles, Sauces, Mustard, Preserves, Pie Fruits, Sardines, Lobsters, Texas Soda Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, etc., etc., Brandy, Whisky, Porter, Ale, Champagne, Claret, Sauterne, And all kinds of Wines and Liquors. Every article is fresh and new, and the public may rest assured of being accommodated on lower terms than at any other store in town, as our motto is "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS." The attention of country merchants is directed to this establishment, we are prepared to furnish them with every description of Goods and at New Orleans prices. JONES & Co. Shreveport, June 21, 1865-f

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, AT AUCTION.

LARGE stock of Fancy Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, and Hardware, will be sold at Auction at Mrs. Wells' Store, on Texas street. Sale to commence On the 15th day of July, 1865, and will be continued from day to day until the whole stock is disposed of. [June 21.]

TO PLANTERS. I HAVE on hand 500 Coils Rope and 300 Bales of Bagging, and will supply such parties as need it to put up their Cotton. I am prepared to ship Cotton, to New Orleans, and make everything go as near old fashioned ways as possible. I shall remain in Shreveport myself, for some length of time and will make settlements here at my office. JOHN A. STEVENSON, Shreveport, La. Shreveport, June 21, 1865.

HARLOW J. PHELPS & CO. COTTON FACTORS and Commission Merchants, No. 42 Gravier street, New Orleans, Louisiana. PHELPS & ELSTNER, Agents at Shreveport. june 21

NOTICE. THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, J. E. PHELPS, H. J. PHELPS. Shreveport, June 1, 1865-june 21

JAS. E. PHELPS. JNO. C. ELSTNER. PHELPS & ELSTNER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 12 Commerce street, Shreveport, Louisiana.

HAVING leased the large and commodious Warehouse formerly occupied by A. M. Hill & Co., are now prepared to receive Cotton on storage and consignment. They will give their personal attention to all consignments made to them. They are prepared to make liberal advances in Bagging, Rope, Groceries and Cash, on all Cotton or other produce for sale or shipment to their friends in New Orleans. PHELPS & ELSTNER. Shreveport, June 21, 1865.

FOR SALE. AT A BARGAIN. THE Hull of an unfinished steamboat with machinery and materials on hand to finish it, now at Barr's Mill, on Clear Lake. To a cash purchaser a bargain will be given. PHELPS & ELSTNER. Shreveport, June 21, 1865.

P. MASPERO, COMMISSION MERCHANT and Cotton Factor, No. 35 Bienville street, New Orleans. All cotton shipped to this house will be covered by our open policy against loss. june 21-47 SCHOOL BOOKS. WEBSTERS SPELLERS, Smith's Geography and Atlas, Kirkham's Grammar at Mas. LINQUIST, Market street, Shreveport. Shreveport, June 21, 1865.

NEW GOODS!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he has just received a new stock of Fancy Dry Goods, consisting in part of the following articles: Ladies Dress Goods, and Trimmings, Embroideries Ladies Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Ribbons, Hosiery, etc., etc.

Also a fine assortment of Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's SHOES;

Which he is prepared to sell at reasonable prices at MRS. WELLS' OLD STAND, On Texas street, a few doors below the Market House.

I respectfully solicit the continued patronage of my mother's (Mrs. Wells) former customers, to whom I promise to do justice, it being to my interest to do so, as I expect to remain permanently in business at this place. J. H. McDERMOTT. Shreveport, La., June 21, 1865.

Geo. W. KENDALL, DENTIST, Corner of Market and Milam street, up stairs, Shreveport, Louisiana. Shreveport, June 21, 1865.

E. & B. JACOBS, Texas Street, Shreveport.

WOULD respectfully inform their old friends and the public generally that they have resumed business, at their old stand, Texas street, having received per late arrivals, an assortment of goods, consisting of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES, CROCKERY, BOAT STORES, LIQUORS &c.

So soon as arrangements can be made we will be in receipt of our usual extensive stock of Goods of every description.

As our purchases, foreign and domestic, are made direct of the manufacturer we will be able to supply all descriptions of Plantation and Family goods and supplies at New Orleans prices. Purchasers are solicited to call and examine our stock and prices before making their purchases. E. & B. JACOBS. Shreveport, June 14, 1865.

DR. THOS. T. BEALL, Late Surgeon C. S. A. Office corner of Texas and Levee streets. WILL be found in day time at the office. At night at his residence, the old Labor place, two miles from town, on the Texas road. Shreveport, June 14, 1865-44

FOR RENT. A DWELLING HOUSE, in a good location. Also five rooms, three up stairs and two down stairs adjoining my office, on Market street. Dr. GUY C. LESLIE, Market st., opposite Presbyterian church. Shreveport, June 14, 1865-37

RIGGIN & Co., Cotton Factors and Commission MERCHANTS, 140 Gravier Street, New Orleans.

SHIPMENTS to us by any good steamboat, are covered by our open policies of insurance. All orders for goods and plantation supplies will be promptly attended to. june 14-17

T. W. MARSDEN, WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, —AND— PATENT MEDICINE DEALER,

28 and 30 Magazine Street, NEW ORLEANS,

Offers the trade of the South the largest and best selected stock of DRUGS,

CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, and STATIONERY, and FANCY GOODS;

That has ever been presented to the notice of DRUGGISTS,

APOTHECARIES, —AND— General Merchants.

Dealers about replenishing their stocks or re-establishing themselves in business will find it their interest to call in person and examine my STOCK. ANDREW STEWART, Agent. june 14-44

Marsden's Carminative Syrup, FOR DIARRHEA, CHOLERA, DYSENTERY, Etc.

This truly valuable preparation is gaining a popularity unprecedented in the annals of medical discovery. It is prepared from herbs indigenous to Central America, where its timely discovery has saved whole districts from being depopulated by the ravages of Cholera and Dysentery.

No traveler, by sea or land, should be without a bottle of Carminative Syrup. No parent, who is solicitous of the health of the little ones, but should procure a bottle of this preparation, and administer it in all cases of Cholera infantum or Looseness of the Bowels. No sufferer from Chronic Diarrhea need despair, for one bottle of Marsden's Carminative Syrup will effect a cure. For sale by all Druggists.

T. W. MARSDEN, Patent Medicine Depot, Corner of Gravier and Magazine streets, New Orleans. june 14-44