The South-Western.

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TERMS:

THE SOUTH-WESTERN is published weekly, at FIVE DOLLARS per annum, THREE for six months, payable in advance. No subscription taken for a less period than six months.

CLUB RATES.—To Clubs of five, and upwards, to one post office, the South-Western will be furnished at four dollars per copy for a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of $1 50 PER SQUARE for the first insertion and 75 CENTS for each subsequent one. Eight lines or less, constitute a square. The following are our rates to yearly advertisers:

	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
One Square	$10 00	$15 00	$25 00
Two "	15 00	25 00	40 00
Three "	20 00	35 00	55 00
Four "	25 00	45 00	70 00
One-fifth of a Column	40 00	60 00	100 00
One-fourth "	50 00	75 00	125 00
One-Half "	80 00	120 00	200 00
One Column	140 00	210 00	350 00

Obituary notices, marriages, public meetings, cards of thanks, etc., to be paid for as advertisements.

THE DAILY SOUTH-WESTERN will be published on Thursdays, Fridays, Saturdays, Sundays, and Tuesdays, the Weekly making its appearance on Wednesday mornings, containing the latest news up to the hour of going to press. Terms of subscription to the Daily, Fifteen Dollars per annum; Eight Dollars for six months; One Dollar and a Half per month: Payable in advance. Single copies, Ten Cents.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements inserted at the rate of $1 50 per square of eight lines, for the first insertion, and 75 cents for each additional insertion. Liberal deductions made to those who advertise by the quarter or by the year.

JOHN H. CARTER,

WHOLESALE GROCER

—AND—

DEALER IN WINES AND LIQUORS,

Nos. 8 and 10 Levee Street,

NEW ORLEANS. [mh24 1y]

G. W. SENTELL & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 16 UNION STREET,

New Orleans. [aul 1y

JOHN SPEAKE, Late of Jefferson, Texas. | B. F. BUCKNER, Late of Shreveport.

SPEAKE & BUCKNER,

COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION Merchants—No. 39 Union street, New Orleans. Messrs. SALE & MURPHY are our authorized agents at Shreveport, who will make Cash Advances on Cotton shipped to us. [se2 tf

W. BURBRIDGE. | T. D. MILLER. | T. LYTT. LYON

J. W. BURBRIDGE & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 190 Gravier Street, New Orleans.

R. H. LINDSAY, representing the above house, will advance plantation supplies and bagging and rope, and will make liberal CASH advances on cotton or other produce consigned to them.

Office in Tally's Block, Spring Street, Shreveport, Louisiana. [aul 1y

P. B. S. PINCHBACK, New Orleans, La. | C. C. ANTOINE. Shreveport, La.

PINCHBACK & ANTOINE,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

114 Carondelet Street, New Orleans.

Liberal advances made on consignments, and prompt attention given to Buying, Selling and Leasing of Farms, Paying of Taxes, Collecting Rents, etc., etc. [o20 1y]

JOHN M'INTYRE. | M. H. APPLEGATE.

McINTYRE & APPLEGATE,

PLUMBERS

AND DEALERS IN

Cooking Ranges and Boilers, Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Washstands, Kitchen Sinks, Lift and Force Pumps, Ale Pumps, Sheet Lead and Lead Pipe, Brass and Plated Cocks of all patterns.

146 ..... POYDRAS STREET, ... 146

New Orleans.

N.B.—Agents for Colwell's, Shaw & Willard's Patent Tin-Lined Pipe. Hydrants put up, extended and repaired. Repairing neatly done. [n2 w1y

MILLINERY

—AND—

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS,

Market Street, Opposite Bank.

MRS. FRISBEE respectfully announces to her friends and customers that she has received and is still receiving a fine selection of

BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c., of the latest styles. She would also call their attention to her stock of LADIES' and CHILDRENS' FURNISHING GOODS, Embroideries, Laces, and Trimmings; also Stamping and Braiding. All orders from the country promptly attended to. [n11 tf

J. F. LOONEY, Shreveport, La. | JOHN COUSINS, of Tyler, Tex.

LOONEY & COUSINS,

Manufacturers & Wholesale Dealers in

SADDLERY and SADDLERY HARDWARE,

Harness, etc., etc.,

No. 1 Milam St. (op'site Walsh & Boisseau's),

SHREVEPORT, LA.

We propose to sell as Cheap as the Cheapest, and GUARANTEE all work. [jy7 1y

L. L. TOMKIES,

BANKER

On the Levee, Corner of Milam Street,

SHREVEPORT, LA.

Exchange for Sale on

BANK OF NEW YORK, New York;
BOATMEN'S SAVING INSTITUTION, St. Louis;
PIKE BROTHER & CO., New Orleans;
Exchange and Coin bought and sold. Collections promptly attended to. [mb4-d&wtf

JOHNSON'S EXCHANGE

—AND—

BANKING HOUSE.

Will Check on

BANK OF AMERICA, New Orleans;
NATIONAL PARK BANK, New York,
NATIONAL BANK OF THE STATE OF MISOURI, St. Louis, Mo.,

Collections promptly attended to. Gold purchased and sold. B. M. JOHNSON.

Shreveport, February 4, 1869. [d&wtf

JOHN W. BOWERS. | W. J. BURNETT

BOWERS & CO.,

Manufacturers of every variety of

BREAD AND CRACKERS

14 and 15 ..... on the Levee ..... 14 and 15

SHREVEPORT, LA.

WE desire to call attention to our Crackers made from the Choicest XXX Flour, and will sell lower than any of equal quality can be delivered here from any other market. We guarantee our goods.

s8 w&dly BOWERS & CO.

SAM. LEVY. | C. W. M'COY

LEVY & McCOY,

BUTCHERS

Stalls Nos. 8 and 10—Left Side of Market,

SHREVEPORT, LA.

STEAMBOATS, Hotels, Boarding Houses and Families supplied with choice BEEF, VEAL, PORK and MUTTON, at the lowest prices. Highest price paid for Stock. [mar8 dtf

S. P. PATTERSON. | D. L. DODEZ.

PATTERSON & DODEZ,

BUTCHERS,

1st and 2d Stalls, Left-hand Side of Market.

KEEP constantly on hand a full supply of the best **BEEF, PORK, VEAL AND MUTTON** that the country produces, which will be sold at the lowest prices.

Steamboats supplied with every description of marketing, at all hours, day or night.

PATTERSON & DODEZ.

E. BARNES,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods and Groceries,

No. 3 Milam Street,

SHREVEPORT, LA.

Highest market price paid for cotton. [d26 1yw

B. W. MARSTON,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Nos. 64 and 66 Baronne Street,

apr19-d&w1y] **NEW ORLEANS.**

JAMES E. PHELPS,

General Commission Merchant

FOR THE SALE OF

FLOUR and WESTERN PRODUCE,

No. 12 Commerce Street,

[ja14 d&wtf] SHREVEPORT, LA.

DR. T. P. HOTCHKISS,

PRACTITIONER OF MEDICINE,

OFFICE at Shreveport Medical and Surgical Infirmary, opposite the Court House, Texas avenue. [o11 d&wtf]

RICE BRO'S & CO.,

89 and 91 Camp Street and 565 Magazine St.,

Warehouse—97 and 99 Julia Street,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

Direct Importers of Birmingham, Sheffield and Wolverhampton

HARDWARE

CUTLERY, GUNS, EDGE TOOLS, TIN PLATE, IRON WARE, SHEET IRON.

Dealers in

AMERICAN HARDWARE,

Nails, Builders' Locks and Hinges of every description.

Sole Agents for the celebrated CHARTER OAK COOKING STOVE, Knickerbocker Range, Hazelton Metallic Boiler Bottoms, the Union Washing Machine and Clothes Wringer.

A stock of over eight thousand Cooking and Heating Stoves on hand at all times, which we offer at a small advance over foundry and factory prices. [mv20 1y

E. J. HART & CO.,

IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE DEALERS AND

Commission Merchants

IN GROCERIES and DRUGS,

73, 75 and 77 Tchonpitoulas Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

KEEP constantly on hand a large and complete stock of Groceries, fancy and staple, of every description; Wines and Liquors, all kinds; Porter and Ale, various brands; Wood and Willow Ware, a full assortment; Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

IN DRUGS:

Importers of Rare Chemicals and Pharmaceutical Products. Full lines of Chemicals from the celebrated laboratories of Bishop's, London; Meick, Darmstaat; Roque & Co., Paris; Dorvant, Paris; Gehe & Co., Dresden, together with a full assortment of the American manufacturers, Rosengarten & Sons, and others. Importers of Paints, Paint Oils, etc.; Patent Dryers, English Red Lead, genuine English White Lead, in oil; genuine French Zinc. Proprietors Hart White Lead A full stock of Perfumery and Druggist's Sundries. au25 tf

H. P. BUCKLEY,

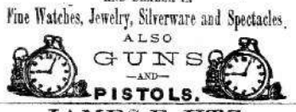
8 Camp Street, New Orleans,

WATCHMAKER,

AND DEALER IN

Fine Watches, Jewelry, Silverware and Spectacles.

ALSO



GUNS

—AND—

PISTOLS.

JAMES F. UTZ,

No. 7 MILAM STREET, SHREVEPORT,

—DEALER IN—

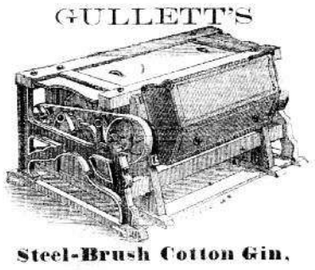
MACHINERY

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

—AGENT FOR—

GULLETT'S



Steel-Brush Cotton Gin,

COLEMAN'S CORN AND WHEAT MILLS,

Victor Cane Mills—Cook's Evaporators.

—Dealer In—

STATIONARY AND PORTABLE ENGINES.

Boilers,	Mowing Machines,
Saw Mills,	Threshing Machines,
Circular Saws,	Corn Planters,
Cross-Cut Saws,	Cotton Planters,
Wood-Working Machines,	Sulky Cultivators,
Washing Machines,	Gang Plows,
Gin Bands and Hose,	Expanding Cultivators,
Gum and Hemp Packing,	Garden Cultivators,
Iron Pipe and Fittings,	Cotton Sweeps,
Brass Work,	Cotton Scrapers,
Steam Gauges,	Cast and Steel Plows,
Bolts and Nuts,	Double Shovel Plows,
Cistern and Force Pumps,	Seed Cutters,
Deep Well Pumps, &c., &c.	Corn Shellers, &c., &c.

ENGINEERS' SUPPLIES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. au11 1y

J. J. HORAN. | JAS. C. BUCKNER

HORAN & BUCKNER,

Cor. Texas Street and the Levee. | Cor. Texas Street and the Levee.

WHOLESALE DEALERS

In Every

DESCRIPTION OF SADDLE

—AND—

Saddlery Hardware.

Manufacture

SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, &c., &c.

Corner Texas Street and the Levee,

SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA. jy28 wtf

W. H. WILLIAMS, M.D. | D. M. CLAY, M.D

DRS. WILLIAMS & CLAY,

HAVING associated themselves together in the practice of Medicine and Surgery, tender their professional services to the citizens of Shreveport and vicinity. Office at the Infirmary.

Dr. Williams, having made a specialty of uterine surgery, is prepared with all the latest improved instruments and appliances to treat this class of disease. Dr. Clay will devote himself to general surgery. [mh1 dtf]

CASSIDY & MILLER,

Sail-Makers and Riggers,

ESTABLISHED IN 1836,

Corner Camp and Poydras Streets,

NEW ORLEANS,

Agents for the Fleet Wing Cotton Duck Manufacturing Company, one of the largest in the United States.

IMPORTERS, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in American, English and French Buntings for Flags, all colors.

We manufacture and keep constantly on hand every description of CAMP FURNITURE, such as Tents, all sizes and qualities, Camp Cots, Camp Stools, etc. Also, Tarpaulins, all sizes and for all purposes. Wagon Covers, Tarred and Manilla Rope, Blocks, etc.

We manufacture and keep on hand at all times a full assortment of American, Foreign and Fancy Flags, Burgees, Jacks, Pennants, etc., together with an assortment of all the numbers of Cotton Duck, from 22 to 150 inches wide. Car Roofing, Deck Covering, Wagon Covering, Ravens Duck, 28 inches wide, 8 oz. to 15 oz. All of which we offer for sale by the bale or single piece, at manufacturers' prices. Freight and charges added. [ja1 1yw

JOSEPH H. KILPATRICK,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SHREVEPORT, LA.

[je26-d&w1y

T. ALEXANDER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

SHREVEPORT, LA.

Office—Milam Street, over R. H. Lindsay's. [mar9 6mw]

C. C. HENDERSON,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

CORNER MILAM AND MARKET STREETS,

Opposite Johnson's Banking House, Shreveport La., [mh24-d&wtf]

EGAN, WILLIAMSON & WISE

ATTORNEYS and COUNSELORS AT LAW,

SHREVEPORT, LA.,

PRACTICE in the District Courts of the parishes of Caddo, DeSoto and Bossier; in Supreme Court of the State, and in Federal Court.

Office—Corner Spring and Texas streets. [ja13 1y

JOHN M. LAWTON,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

SHREVEPORT, LA.

WILL practice in the parishes of Caddo, Bossier and DeSoto, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. Office on Milam street, with Messrs. Nutt & Leonard, opposite the Brooks House. [je21-w3m

JOHN W. JONES,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SHREVEPORT.

Office, corner Texas and Spring streets, over J. Kahn & Bro's. [je21 tf

JAMES S. ASHTON,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

WILL practice in Caddo, DeSoto and Bossier, and Supreme Court of the State. [ja6 1y

J. PINCKNEY HARRIS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL practice in the parishes of Caddo, DeSoto and Bossier, and will attend to cases in the District, Supreme and Federal Courts.

Office on Market street, near the Bank (at the old office of Jones & Harris.) [an26 tf

A. W. O. HICKS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

No. 23 Texas Street, up-stairs,

SHREVEPORT, LA.

In my absence, my son, J. N. Hicks, will represent me in my office. [mh4 tf

HENRY G. HALL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

SHREVEPORT, LA.,

WILL practice in the District Courts of the parishes of Caddo, Bossier and DeSoto. Office over HYAMS & KENNEDY'S Drug Store, Texas street. ja29 tf

ROBERT T. BUCKNER,

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS, Powers of Attorney, &c., for all the Southern and most of the Northern States.

Office Shreveport, La.

n24 w1y]

S. M. CHAPMAN,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

SHREVEPORT, LA.

WILL practice in the District Courts of the parishes of Caddo, Bossier and DeSoto, and in the Supreme Court of the State. Office on Market street, between Texas and Milam streets. n27 1y

L. M. NUTT. | A. H. LEONARD

NUTT & LEONARD,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Shreveport, Louisiana.

WILL practice in the Courts of the parishes of Caddo, DeSoto, Bossier, Claiborne and Bienville, and in the Supreme Court of the State. [jy12

ALECK. BOARMAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office, corner of Spring and Texas streets, Shreveport, La.

Shreveport, February, 14, 1866-1y

DAVID CRESWELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, Shreveport, Louisiana—Will practice in the parishes of Caddo, DeSoto and Bossier, and will attend to cases in the District, Supreme and Federal Courts.

Office corner of Texas and Spring streets, over Sale & Murphy's store. ja30 1y

MONTFORT JONES,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

Shreveport, La.

WILL practice in the parishes of Caddo, DeSoto and Bossier, and the Supreme and Federal Courts. Office—Market street, near the Bank. [fe2 1y

B. F. FORT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Bellevue, Bossier parish, La.

Bellevue, July 19, 1865.

HENRY E. ALLEN,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Office—MILAM STREET, corner of Market, opposite Johnson's Bank. [jal21y

GEO. W. KENDALL. | J. A. DERBANNE.

KENDALL & DERBANNE.

DENTISTS,

HAVE associated themselves in their profession and are prepared to practice it in all its branches. They will visit parties in the country when called upon.

Office—Corner of Market and Milam Streets,

ja26 d&wtf] Shreveport, La.

DR. F. H. KNAPP, Dentist,

[ja19] 110 Canal Street, New Orleans

DR. A. P. FULKERSON,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Shreveport, and vicinity.

Office over Pike's Bank. [je19-1td&6mw

F. BERCHER,

Manufacturer of Lager Beer.

Head of Texas Street, Shreveport.

ALL orders promptly filled for LAGER BEER of his own manufacture. [ja19 d&wtf

PETER FETZER,

Draper and Merchant Tailor,

Corner of Milam and Market Streets.

(Opposite Johnson's Banking House)

KEEPS constantly on hand a full assortment of Cloths and Trimmings for gentlemen. Particular attention given to the manufacture of gentlemen's clothing to order, and a fit guaranteed. Repairing and cutting promptly attended to. ja3 tf

WALSH & BOISSEAU,

Wholesale Grocers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

ON THE LEVEE, near Milam Street,

SHREVEPORT, LA.

HAVING leased our Warehouse and Cotton Shed to Messrs. McCUTCHEN & CO., they will succeed us in the Receiving and Forwarding Business.

We will continue the GROCERY and COMMISSION BUSINESS, in our new building, where we will always keep on hand a large and well assorted stock of

GROCERIES, PRODUCE, and FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

and will at all times, be happy to meet and wait upon our friends and the public generally. Having made ample arrangements for storing purposes, we will make liberal advances, in Cash or Goods, on all consignments to our care, for sale or shipment.

WALSH & BOISSEAU.

Shreveport, October 13, 1869. [w&dtf

SHREVEPORT CARRIAGE REPOSITORY.

MILAM STREET, (near Edwards.)

MRS. JESSIE KIMBLE. | B. D. CHASE.

KIMBLE & CHASE,

HAVING formed a partnership, would respectfully inform old patrons, and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand an extensive assortment of BUGGIES, WAGONS and CARRIAGES, all of the highest finish, warranted of the best material and workmanship, and which will be sold at the lowest prices.

All the Blacksmithing, Wagon-making and Carriage business, in its various branches, will be carried on at the old stand of Robson & Kimble, corner of Milam and Edwards Streets, at the lowest prices.

All work guaranteed. [ja19 1yw

FOR SALE.

FORTY ACRES of land, situated one mile from town, and well improved. About one-half of the land is well timbered and the location is unsurpassed. Apply to [o27tf] McWILLIAMS & ROBSON.

OLD TYPE METAL—a large quantity—will sold in quantities to suit purchasers, at this office.

HOW MUCH DOES IT COST?

It will cost you one dollar and twenty-five cents to buy a bottle of EDWARD WILDER'S STOMACH BITTERS, which will cure you, or any of your family, of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and all species of indigestion, Intermittent Fever, and all periodical disorders. It will give immediate relief in Colic and Flux. It will cure Costiveness. It is a mild and delightful invigorant for delicate females. It is a safe anti-bilious alterative and tonic for all family purposes. It is a powerful recuperant after the frame has been reduced and attenuated by sickness. It is an excellent appetizer, as well as strengthener of the digestive forces, and is desirable alike as a corrective and mild cathartic.

How Much Does it Cost?

It will cost you one dollar to buy a bottle of EDWARD WILDER'S SARSAPARILLA AND POTASH, which will, beyond doubt, cure you, or any of your family, of Scrofula in all its forms, Scrofulous Sore Eyes, Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Skin Diseases, no matter how old or inveterate, every known variety of constitutional Syphilis or Veneral Disease, Gladular Swellings of the neck or elsewhere, chronic Chills and Fever, Tetter, Weeping Sore Leg, Ulcers of every kind, Pimples on the Face, Ringworm, Scaldhead, Falling of the Hair, White Swelling, Hip-joint disease, Chronic Erysipelas, Dropsy, etc. For the rapid and permanent cure of all the above diseases this preparation stands unrivaled, and a cure is guaranteed in every case when used according to directions.

How Much Does it Cost?

It will cost you one dollar to buy a bottle of EDWARD WILDER'S COMPOUND EXTRACT WILD CHERRY, which has never been known to fail in giving rapid and prompt relief in all kinds of Coughs, Colds, and Catarrhs. In Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Asthma, and Phthisic it gives immediate comfort, followed by rapid cure. It is also admirably adapted to the relief of the cough and difficulty of breathing in consumption. In Pneumonia, Winter Fever, Pleurisy, and every conceivable form of Pulmonary disease, it is indispensable, and should always be kept in every household.

How Much Does it Cost?

It will only cost you one dollar to buy a bottle of EDWARD WILDER'S CHILL TONIC, which is purely vegetable, and will not only cure you or any of your family of Chills and Fever, Fever and Ague, and every form, type and variety of Malarial or Paludal Fever of Affections, but will entirely drive them from the system, which no other Chill medicine now made will do. Don't buy any of the old and worse than valueless nostrums, but use only Edward Wilder's Chill Tonic, as a cure is guaranteed in all cases.

How Much Does it Cost?

It will cost you twenty-five cents to buy a bottle of EDWARD WILDER'S MOTHER'S WORM SYRUP, which will certainly relieve your children of Worms, which are indicated by pains in the stomach, swelling of the abdomen, picking of the nose and ears, bad breath, variable appetite, etc. It is a pure Syrup, and children will readily eat it, spread on bread, and it is entirely harmless in its nature, and never has been known to fail in giving prompt relief to the little sufferers.

How Much Does it Cost?

It will only cost you twenty-cents to buy a box of EDWARD WILDER'S FAMILY PILLS, which is the best known combination of Medicine for Constipation or Sluggish Bowels. In these conditions of the alimentary canal, they are perfectly infallible. As a purgative in all Fever and Inflammatory diseases, Acute Rheumatism, Inflammation of the Liver, Brain, Kidneys and Bladder, Fever and Ague, Sore Eyes, Dullness of the Head, Vertigo, Dizziness, etc., they can not be excelled, and no family should ever be without them.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

EDW'D. WILDER & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists,

215 (Marble Front,) MAIN STREET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

FOR SALE BY

THOS. H. MORRIS,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

SHREVEPORT, LA.

Get EDWARD WILDER'S Free Almanac for 1870. [apr20 3mw

BY TELEGRAPH.

For the South-Western.

Foreign and Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, July 14, evening.—In the Gold Room the excitement was renewed with vigor at an early hour to-day. The whole aspect was changed upon the rumored resignation of the French ministers reported in the morning journals, which was succeeded by French cable telegrams to the effect that Napoleon had recalled Benedetta, the French Ambassador at the court of Berlin. Later still the German Bankers received telegrams from Frankfort and Berlin that the King of Prussia had dismissed the French Minister and given him his passports. The price of gold opened at 112½ on the street. At an early hour it rapidly advanced to 113. After the formal opening of the room, when the above news became generally known, prices advanced quickly to 113¾. The upward movement was further stimulated by cable telegrams from London quoting a decline of one per cent. on consols and a fall in 5-20 bonds to 87½. Still further on in the day private London telegrams reported an unsettled feeling in the London Stock Exchange and a decline in 5-20 bonds to 86, accompanied by the restoration of the story that the French Ambassador at Berlin had been given his passports by the King of Prussia. Gold reached 113½, but soon after rallied to 113¼. It afterwards receded to 113⅛@113⅜ and became comparatively quiet. The afternoon fluctuations were not so wide, late telegrams being to the effect that the French ministry had not resigned. These telegrams, as a whole, had a tendency to stiffen the price of gold, but still later in the day a better feeling was reported in London and 5-20 bonds were quoted all the way from 87½ to 87⅝. On these quotations the German bankers were sellers of gold and the price dropped from 113⅜ to 113⅛. At the close telegrams from Paris quoted French rentes at 67.25, the lowest point of the day. This started the war feeling in the Gold Room once more, and the price rallied to 113¾ and closed excited and unsteady.

LONDON, July 15, noon.—Consols 92¼. Bonds 87.

LIVERPOOL, July 15, noon.—Cotton nominal; uplands 9⅞ and Orleans 9⅞d.; estimated sales 7000 bales; sales of the week 58,000 bales, of which for export 5000 and speculation 4000; stock on hand 590,000 bales, whereof 320,000 are American; receipts of the week 72,000 bales, whereof 37,000 are American; cotton afloat for this port 403,000 bales, whereof 70,000 are American.

NEW YORK, July 15, noon.—Money 4@5 ct. Exchange—long 109¾ and short 110¼. Gold 114¾. Louisiana's, old, 74½ and new 74; levee 6's 77 and 8's 91½. Cotton dull and tending downward; middling uplands 20 and Orleans 20½c.; sales 400 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, July 15.—Flour—superfine $4 95@5, double extra $5@5 40@5 50 and treble extra $5 65@6 25. Corn—no demand; mixed 95c. and white $1. Oats 64@65c. Bran $1@1 05. Hay firm; choice scarce at $25 and prime $22. Pork—mess $31@31 50. Bacon firm; held at 14¼@18@19c.; hams 24½c. Lard—refined tierce 16¾@17¾ and keg 18¼@18½c. Sugar scarce and firm; prime 12@12½c. Molasses—fermenting 50c. Whisky 95c.@$1 05. Coffee 17@17½c. Cotton unsettled and lower; sales 1500 bales; middling 17½@18, low middling 16½@17 and good ordinary 15½@16; receipts 336 and exports Helsingfors 500 bales; sales of the week 6000, receipts 2190, made up from samples, waste and damaged cotton 11,062 and exports foreign 8530 and coastwise 3357 bales. Stock on hand 61,463 bales. Sterling 127. Sight exchange ⅜ pct. premium. Gold 115.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Revenue to-day $80,000.

The steamer Plymouth, after adjusting her claims, will sail for Lisbon.

The new Federal officers at New York will qualify early next week. Assistant Treasurer Hillhouse's bond is $400,000.

Capt. T. H. Patterson is temporarily in command of the navy yard. It is thought that Adam Smith will succeed Dahlgreen.

Nominations—Jewell, of Mississippi, and Johnson, of Texas, for Consulates; Jas. M. Humphreys, Collector of Customs at Richmond, Va.

Conference committee cannot agree, Farnsworth, Hamblin and Thurman insisting upon making the election this fall certain, upon which Butler, Paine and Howard took a stubborn issue.

Conference report on tax and tariff adopted. It goes to the President. Schenck said, the Senate having accepted the report of the conference committee, it now stood with the House whether the bill was to become a law. He said that by a calculation, based upon the receipts of last year, the bill as it now stood would cause a reduction in the taxes of the country. He complained that the House, by concurring in the first amendment of the Senate, which struck out one-half of the bill, had put it out of the power of the committee to do anything in relation to a large class of taxes. By adopting that amendment the House had released bankers and brokers from special taxes. Wall street, from which millions of revenue could have been collected without injury to the material interests of the country, were, by that action, made free of tax. The lotteries and theatres were also made free by another portion of the bill which had been stricken out, but the Conference Committee were prevented from providing for any security in the printing and issuing of revenue stamps, which amounts to $10,000,000 annually, and for the embezzlement of which there was no sufficient penalty. He felt that the House had acted hastily and injudiciously in accepting the amendment.

Brooks, of New York, addressed the House, claiming that while there has been a reduction on the duty on tea, sugar, coffee, and some other articles, the duty had been increased on a large number of articles, and was proceeding to enumerate them when he was interrupted by Mr. Benjamin, of Missoua, who reminded him that the duty on hemp, an important product of his State, had been reduced 30 per cent.

Mr. Brooks. "Oh, well, hair pins are retailed.

Mr. Benjamin. "Yes, but hair pins do not grow in soil of Wisconsin."

Brooks repeated the bill by items, and claimed that it had been framed in the interest of manufacturers at the expense of the laboring classes. He gave notice that the people would not submit to the bill, and that its speedy revision would be demanded, even the negroes of the South, who have been insufficiently educated to understand that they are taxed on their shovels, their shoes, and even on their spool cotton, would oppose it.

A motion to suspend the rules to take up the Texas Pacific Railroad failed—yeas, 77; nays, 103.

A similar motion for general amnesty failed by 74 to 101.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Indications are strong that special legislation is over for this session. The impression is that the Georgia bill may pass in an equivocal shape, giving Ackerman the construction.

The Indian office to-day received a telegram from Dakota that the chiefs who lately returned from Washington are exercising peaceful influences and prevented war parties from leaving. Spotted Tail reports a large number of northern Sioux crossing the Platte, going south, intending to roam between the Platte and Republican rivers, and that they mean mischief.

The Senate, in executive session to-day, confirmed the following nominations: Hugh L. Bond, Circuit Judge of the 4th judicial circuit; J. H. Pierce, United States Marshal for the northern district of Mississippi; Commodore Wm. Reynolds, to be Chief of Bureau of Equipments and Recruiting; Elizabeth Trask, Postmistress at Empora, Kansas; Lorenzo M. Johnson, of Texas, to be Consul General at Beyrout; B. F. Potts, to be Governor of Montana, vice Jas. M. Ashley, to be removed.

The Administration is now using its influence in favor of the immediate admission of Georgia, and Attorney General Ackerman is understood to be in favor of an unequivocal election this fall in that State, and the failure of the conference committee to agree excludes Butler, under the rules, from any new conference that may be ordered.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—Senator Morton is dead.

The House is cleaning off business on the Speaker's table. Nothing interesting to the South.

In the Senate Howard, from the Conference Committee on the Georgia bill, reported that the committee were unable to agree upon a report, and moved that the Senate concur in the House amendments. He thought the bill ought to be passed at this session. This could be accomplished, and the whole question settled by a concurrence.

Trumbull opposed the proposition as in violation of the abandonment of the position of the Senate in maintaining the right of the people of Georgia to hold an election this coming fall. Upon his suggestion Howard withdrew his motion, with a view of a possible settlement in conference.

Wilson, from the Military Committee, reported adversely on the bill directing the Secretary of the Interior to deliver Mount Vernon relics to Mrs. Mary Custis Lee. He said he was personally in favor of the bill, but had been overruled by a majority of the committee.

Ex-Confederate Maj. Gen. Butler relieved of disabilities by special bill. He is a candidate for Lieut. Governor on the reform ticket.

An ineffectual effort was made to get up the New York Air Line Railroad.

The omnibus disability bill is regarded as hopelessly gone for this session.

Twenty-five land grant bills are on the Speaker's table, where they will lie until next session.

The best opinion is that nothing will be done about Georgia.

Mrs. Lincoln's pension of $3000 per year passed the Senate and goes to the President.

The Senate bill creating Houston a port of delivery, passed.

A bill authorizing an American registration for foreign vessels was tabled.

Executive session.

Both Houses in session to-night. Business proceeding with rapidity. Will adjourn to-morrow, sure.

The President sent a message to the Senate congratulating the country that the representatives of this Government had secured ameliorating modification in the Spanish Cortes in Cuban emancipation.

The bill relieving the officers of the steamer Harriet Lane passed. Goes to the President.

Bill appropriating five millions for Indian purposes passed.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The President vetoed the bill paying a bounty to certain Alabama and Florida cavalry regiments.

The Georgia Conference Committee agreed to the House bill, with the following addition: Nothing herein, or in other acts of Congress, shall effect the tenure of any officers appointed or elected under the Georgia Constitution. This bill, should it pass, leaves Georgia *statu quo* until next session of Congress. The report is signed by Howard, Thurman, Butler and Paine.

When Howard reported the Georgia conference in the Senate Drake inquired if it did not effect the bill as amended to compel an election this fall?

Howard replied that he did not understand that the bill effected that question at all, but left it where it was before, to be decided according to the provisions of the State Constitution, as in every other State.

A. G. Thurman, a member of the committee, said that the amendment would secure an election this fall, unless usurpation was resorted to.

Further discussion ensued as to the true meaning of the amendment. Howe and Stewart opposing it as the Bingham amendment in disguise. The report was finally adopted.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The Georgia bill goes to the President. Its bearing is not understood, though Trumbull, when voting for the bill, declared that he did so because he understood that it made an election this fall.

The announcement of war between Prussia and France was received in the House with applause.

Congress extended its session to two o'clock.

The Senate is in executive session, fighting over the nomination of Frelinghuysen to succeed Motley at St. James.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—General McClellan has been elected Chief Engineer of the Department of Docks of New York city.

Peter Negles has been confirmed Assistant Treasurer at Baltimore.

The Cabinet held a session at the Capitol.

Baron Goldt declares, in diplomatic circles, that Prussia is fully prepared for the war.

The Senate confirmed Frelinghuyson vice Motley.

The Georgia bill and all appropriation bills have been signed.

No special legislation. Both houses adjourned.

The President presented the following message, which delayed adjournment until five o'clock. It provoked some argument, but produced no revolt:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: Your attention is called to the necessity of passing an Indian Appropriation bill before the members of Congress separate. Without such an appropriation Indian hostilities are sure to ensue, and with them sufferings, loss of life, and expenditures vast, as compared with the amount asked for.

The last intelligence from Europe indicate the imminence of war between France and North Germany. In view of this, sound policy indicates the importance of some legislation tending to enlarge the commercial marine of the country. The vessels of this country, at the present time, are not sufficient to meet the demand which the existence of war in Europe will impose upon the commerce of the United States. I submit to Congress that the interests of the country will be advanced, and that an opportunity will be allowed to our citizens to purchase vessels of foreign construction for the foreign commerce of the country. An act to this effect may be limited in its duration in order to meet the immediate exigency. The foreign mail service of the United States is, in a large degree, dependent upon the Bremen & Harrisburg line of steamers. The Post Office Department has entered into contract in writing with two companies—the above named and the Williams & Guinn line—respectively, for a regular and continuous service of two years. This is the only arrangement that could be made. The North German lines are first-class in point of speed and equipment; three steamers usually making the trip across the Atlantic in from twenty-four to thirty-six hours in advance of the Williams & Guinn line. Should the North German ports be blockaded or impeded by the French, our postal intercourse with foreign nations will be greatly embarrassed, unless Congress shall interpose for itself.

I suggest to Congress the propriety of further postponing the time for adjournment with a view of considering the questions herein communicated.

(Signed) U. S. GRANT.

FROM EUROPE.

PARIS, July 12.—The news that the difficulty with Prussia had been settled was founded upon the announcement that Father Hohenzollern would refuse the crown for his son, even if elected by the Spanish people.

Ollivier, DeGrammont and the Prussian Minister conferred this afternoon. It was expected that the Government would make another declaration to-day, as the Diplomats were all invited to the Chamber after the interview.

The Parisian journals have reports of an immense movement of troops towards the frontier. The roads are encumbered with men and wagons. It is reliably stated that relays of transportation are so arranged that thirty-five thousand infantry and five thousand cavalry can reach the frontier in one day.

PARIS, July 13.—The Constitutionel, Ministerial organ, says the Government has dispatches stating that the candidature of the Prince of Hohenzollern has been withdrawn and the peace of Europe will not be disturbed. We are satisfied that Hohenzollern will resign Spain. We demand nothing more, and rejoice at this pacific solution.

BRUSSELS, July 13, 10 A.M.—War like preparations continue in France, notwithstanding the withdrawal of Leopold. There is a universal fear of war.

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