MOST IMPORTANT NEWS OF WORLD

BIG HAPPENINGS OF THE WEEK CUT TO LAST ANALYSIS.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN ITEMS

Kernels Culled From Events of Moment in All Parts of the World—Of Interest to All the People Everywhere.

European War News

The British press bureau announced at London that hostile aircraft flew over the eastern counties and the London district at night, dropping incendiary bombs. It was announced that there were few casualties. Ten persons were killed and forty-three injured by bombs dropped from German airships in the raid on the western counties of England on Tuesday night. Three persons are missing.

* * *

Near Tarnopol the Russians have defeated the Third German division and the Forty-eighth reserve division with an Austrian brigade, capturing 8,000 prisoners and thirty guns besides a quickfirer, according to an official statement issued at Petrograd.

* * *

The commander of a German submarine reported to the admiralty at Berlin that he torpedoed the liner Arabic in the belief that the Arabic's action indicated she was about to attack the submarine and that he fired in self-defense.

* * *

Emperor Nicholas has transferred Grand Duke Nicholas to the command of the army in the Caucasus. It is understood that the czar will now direct all military operations and that numerous changes are to be made in the general staff.

* * *

Forty thousand German infantrymen assaulted the French line in the western part of the Argonne in a fierce effort to break through. They gained footing in advanced French trenches at some points but were later repulsed.

* * *

Teuton warships are reported to have entered the Gulf of Riga, compelling the czar's war vessels to beat a hasty retreat. The Russians evacuated Dago island, says a Copenhagen dispatch to London. This island is in the Baltic between the entrance of the Gulf of Riga and the Gulf of Finland.

* * *

From a private source close to the government it was learned at Berlin that the official report of the sinking of the Arabic by a submarine has been received. The submarine was not sunk, as reported from London. The substance of the report, it is understood, is that, when the Arabic turned, the commander thought it was with the intention of ramming his boat, and that he fired the torpedo, as he believed, out of military necessity to save his submarine.

* * *

The official press bureau of Britain announced at London that German aircraft visited the eastern counties of England on Monday night and dropped bombs which caused fires and several casualties.

* * *

Commanding officers of the sunken liner Hesperian in a joint affidavit forwarded to the state department at Washington declared that from the fragments of steel which fell on the deck it was "indubitably" shown that the ship was wrecked by a torpedo.

* * *

Emperor Nicholas has taken over the command of the Russian armies. President Poincare of France made this announcement at Paris following the receipt of a letter from the czar telling of his action.

* * *

A resolution against conscription was adopted unanimously, with great cheering, at the session of the trades union congress at Bristol, England.

Domestic

Henry Edwards, a suspect in the murder of Judge Willis S. Knowles at Providence, R. I., has been arrested at Worcester, Mass. Edwards denied any knowledge of the assassination.

* * *

Five burned bodies of children have been recovered from the ruins of the St. Francis Girls' directory, which burned at San Francisco.

* * *

Andrew Brown was killed, Oscar Jensen probably fatally hurt and Davo Williams and T. R. Veltz seriously hurt when their automobile was wrecked by a St. Paul train two miles from Corliss, Wis., near Racine.

* * *

Ninety head of prize-winning brown Swiss cattle, valued at more than $100,000, were slaughtered on the Samuell Insull farm near Libertyville, Ill., by federal live stock inspectors. They were afflicted with the foot-and-mouth disease.

* * *

Mrs. J. Ogden Armour, wife of the head of the Armour family of Chicago, was held up by an armed robber in her residence at 3724 Michigan avenue. She fought until she was knocked senseless. She lost $75 in cash and $3,500 worth of jewelry.

A severe storm swept through western and central Illinois, inflicting great damage in parts of Warren, Knox, Mercer, Fulton, Henry, Peoria and Tazewell counties.

* * *

It was announced at Brownsville, Tex., that General Funston is to issue orders placing the Rio Grande country in this section in the hands of the United States army. The army will guard the border and leave policing work in the interior to state and county officers.

* * *

Justice Willis S. Knowles of the Eighth judicial district of Rhode Island was shot to death by an unknown assassin just after he had left his bungalow in North Scituate to take a trolley car for Providence.

* * *

The Chesapake & Ohio grain elevator "A," one of the largest in the United States, was destroyed by fire at Newport News, Va., with a loss estimated at $2,000,000.

* * *

Ten more bodies were found in the hull of the United States submarine F-4 at Honolulu, T. H. Thirteen bodies have been taken from the hold.

* * *

A riot in which hundreds of persons took part took place outside the Crane Valve company at Bridgeport, Conn., and ten police officers used their clubs to regain control of the situation.

* * *

Washington

Secretary Daniels announced at Washington a general reorganization of the forces of the naval academy at Annapolis. Heads of nearly all departments were ordered detached for duty elsewhere, the changes to be effective September 20.

* * *

President Wilson has assumed personal direction of the administration's handling of the complications which have arisen through the activity of Dr. Constantin Dumba, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador, in endeavoring to prevent delivery of American manufactured munitions to the allies.

* * *

The government September crop report, issued at Washington, estimated the yield of wheat, corn, oats, rye and barley at 5,641,000,000 bushels, an increase of 94,000,000 bushels over the August returns, and a gain of 698,000,000 bushels, or 14 per cent over the final returns last year.

* * *

It was learned at Washington that Secretary Lansing has cabled to the American minister at The Hague, formally announcing the cancellation of the passport issued to James F. J. Archibald, who acted as Doctor Dumba's messenger. The minister was authorized to issue an emergency passport to Archibald to provide him with protection on his way home across the Atlantic.

* * *

Ambassador Page at London cabled the state department at Washington that he understands Great Britain is willing to permit goods which were contracted for by American importers before the first of March to be taken out of neutral ports and forwarded to their destinations.

* * *

The administration at Washington is moving all available troops in the United States to the Texas border to re-enforce the command under Major General Funston now there. Officials admit that a crisis has been reached in the relations between the United States and General Carranza, leader of the Constitutionalist faction in Mexico.

* * *

Mexican Revolt

One American and four Mexicans were killed along the border near Brownsville, Tex., as a result of several engagements between soldiers, rangers, posses and Mexican outlaws. The entire border from Brownsville to El Paso is bristling with arms and the Americans are determined to wipe out all Mexican bandits.

* * *

Foreign

Count Goffredo Gaetani, a lieutenant of the Alpini, and Baroness Waldessen Reugers, only daughter of the Dutch minister to the Quirinal, madly in love, found it impossible to live apart and died together in a suicide pact at Sorrento, Italy. The count had a wife.

* * *

Personal

Edward B. Moore, sixty-three years old, former United States commissioner of patents, died at his home at Washington.

* * *

William J. Bryan received a telegram at Chicago from Washington announcing the eighth grandchild, a son, to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Lewis Hargreaves. His mother was Grace Bryan.

* * *

Michael Jenkins, multimillionaire banker and philanthropist, died at Baltimore of pneumonia, aged seventy-two. He was one of the owners of the Atlantic Coast Line railroad.

* * *

Sporting

For the second time in his career Robert A. Gardner of the Hinsdale Golf club of Illinois is the national champion, gaining the title by a clean cut win over John Anderson of the Siwanoy club of New York, 5 and 4, at the Detroit Country club.

AIRSHIPS SHELL LONDON; KILL 20

WOMEN AND CHILDREN DIE IN GREATEST ZEPPELIN RAID IN HISTORY.

AMERICAN COLONY IN PERIL

Many United States Citizens Reside in Trafalgar Square District Which Is Believed to Have Suffered —Twenty Known Dead.

New York, Sept. 10.—The most destructive air raid in history has been made on London.

Private messages indicated that the raid was in the very heart of London.

An interview with Marconi revealed that he witnessed the raid, and it is known that he stops at a hotel near Trafalgar Square. This was the first definite statement that the raid was directly over London, permitted to pass the censor.

A large portion of the American colony resides in the Trafalgar Square district, a section of large hotels and clubs.

A cable dispatch to the Chicago Daily News from a correspondent in London bore additional evidence that the Trafalgar Square district was attacked. The cable said:

"Daily News staff and offices safe. All well."

The News' London office is in the Trafalgar buildings at the corner of Northumberland avenue and Trafalgar Square.

Twenty Killed, Eighty Hurt.

Twenty persons were killed and 86 others injured in the raid. These figures were given in London officially. The German airships flew over the eastern counties of England and the London district.

The official statement gives the following list of casualties:

Killed, 12 men, 2 women and 6 children. Injured seriously, 8 men, 4 women and 2 children. Injured slightly, 38 men, 23 women and 11 children.

One soldier was killed and three were injured. All the other victims were civilians.

The attack brings up the total of casualties from Zeppelin raids to 122 killed and 349 injured. On the previous night 13 persons were killed and 43 wounded.

BILLION BUSHEL WHEAT CROP

Half Dozen New Production Records Now Assured, Says Department of Agriculture.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Bumper crops this year, with a half dozen new production records now seem assured. Business predictions on a canvass made Sept. 1 by its thousands of agents throughout the United States, the department of agriculture has just issued forecasts showing the prospects of practically all the principal farm crops except potatoes and rice improved during August.

The wheat crop is placed at 981,000,000 bushels, 90,000,000 more than last year's crop record. Wet weather has damaged winter wheat and delayed threshing. In Kansas not more than half the crop has been threshed. Additional inquiries by crop reporters this month, however, resulted in the crop reporting board making no change in its August prediction of 659,000,000 bushels of winter wheat.

P. MS. MOVE ON WASHINGTON

Postmasters of First and Second Class to Meet at National Capitol, October 20-22.

Washington, Sept. 10.—The annual convention of the National Association of Postmasters of the first and second class will be held in this city October 20-22.

Elaborate preparations are being made for the meeting and between 1,000 and 2,000 postmasters from the various sections of the country are expected. Leading statesmen and officials of the nation will be on the program.

The Washington committee on program is composed of Otto Praeger, second assistant postmaster general; Merritt O. Chance, postmaster of Washington; J. C. Koons, chief postoffice inspector, and Carter B. Keene, director of postal savings, all of whom are actively planning for a big gathering of the postmasters.

Austrian Leader Has Cholera, Report.

Rome, Sept. 10.—The Austrian commander in chief, Conrad von Hoetzendorff, has been stricken with cholera, according to a press dispatch from Udine. This report is unconfirmed from any other source.

Von Tirpitz To Hold Post.

Amsterdam, Sept. 9.—Reports that Admiral von Tirpitz, German minister of marine, intends to resign are inventions, although it is true that he plans to take a brief vacation, according to a Berlin correspondent. A dispatch said it was reported in Berlin that Admiral von Tirpitz would be succeeded by Admiral von Pohl, now commander of the Baltic fleet. It has been asserted persistently that Admiral von Tirpitz had come into serious conflict with von Bethman-Hollweg over the submarine campaign.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHWEST.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

NORWAY.

A large quantity of provisions which were received in Norway last spring, consigned to "Armour and Morris, Christiania," although these Chicago packers have no branch in Norway, still remain unclaimed.

The original consignment included 1,000 boxes of pork, 3,000 barrels of lard and 300 barrels of oil. It is generally believed that the provisions were sent from the United States in the expectation that they would be taken care of by German agents and re-exported to Germany, but the Norwegian laws forbid this. The government has disposed of a portion of the provisions to meet the expenses of storage, but the remainder is still waiting for the importer or owner.

Attempts to smuggle contraband material through Norway continue, but they are completely frustrated, it is declared, by the vigilance of the customs officials. Some days ago a German freight car with double walls was discovered by a station agent near Christiania. Space between the two walls of the car was crowded full of copper, while the body of the car was loaded with window sashes and had it not been for the inspection by the station agent the copper would have escaped to Germany.

* * *

Buksnes, Lofoten, is the home of a fisherman named Abel Eliasen, whose life spanned the whole of the nineteenth, and could still spare a few years for the eighteenth and twentieth centuries. He was born at Alstahoug in the year 1796. He can still tell that in 1807-1809 he was herding cattle for the parson of Vaagan. He remembers distinctly that towards the close of June the snow was deep on the fields. The price of rye was $25 a bushel. In 1812 he was on a fishing smack that sailed to Bergen with a cargo of fish. On his way back the smack was chased by an English man-of-war. But the owner of the smack managed his vessel so well that he escaped on shallow ground at Breisund, south of Aalesund. The man-of-war did not dare to follow, but as a last farewell fired several shots, which tore the sail to pieces. Eliasen has been married three times, the last time when he was ninety-six years old. His health is still good, but for a few years past he has used glasses when reading. He has lived under the reign of nine kings, and is supposed to be the oldest person living in Scandinavia.

* * *

Tobacco has been raised on a small scale in Sogn for 25 years past. But the present administration does not look with favor upon this industry, and a man who knows what he is talking about says: "The tobacco did not rally after the frost, and today the plow is cutting its way through the last tobacco field at this place. The ground is going to be put to green fodder. This little industry is doomed to die by the high taxes at the present time, and no reduction on account of a failure of the crop. This does not work. Twenty-five years of trials and struggles have come to naught." Those who were interested in the business score the government for its hostility.

* * *

The great tunnel between Rjukan falls No. 1 and Rjukan falls No. 2 has just been finished. The length of it is about 19,000 feet. The height of the Rjukan falls is so vast that the same water is used for running two different power stations. The tunnel is to carry the water from the old, or upper station, to the new, or station No. 2. It took 175 men between two and three years to blast the tunnel.

* * *

The American steamer Sirius, from New York for Narvik, Norway, carrying resin consigned to Petrograd, is still detained by British authorities, as they insist that the vessel must be taken direct to Archangel, unless the owners secure a guaranty from Sweden that transshipment of the cargo will be permitted. The Norwegian steamer Artemis from Baltimore for Gothenburg with a cargo of coal has been detained.

* * *

The Mormons are still conducting a vigorous agitation in Christiania, according to a recent report. They distribute tracts from house to house and seek to induce immigration to their promised land in Utah.

* * *

Officers and crew of the Norwegian steamer Capto, which came to New York from Cardiff, declared that the vessel was fired upon without warning by a German submarine in the English channel on August 12. Two shots were fired, it was said. The Norwegian flag was then displayed and the submarine disappeared. The Capto is a freight steamer. The first shot fired by the submarine exploded on the starboard side of the bridge and fragments of the shell penetrated the bow of a lifeboat and the steam ventilator. The second shot did no damage.

DENMARK.

The minister of finance has proposed an increase of the salaries of the functionaries of the government who are most poorly paid. The beneficiaries will include some militia officers, schoolteachers outside of Copenhagen, and workingmen who are entitled to a pension. The increase will be $13.50 for single men and 50 per cent more for married men. The total amount of the new salary must in no case exceed $432 for single men or $594 for married men. The maximum for each child shall be $27, but in no case shall the salary of the head of a family exceed $729. It is estimated that the proposed increase will amount to a total expenditure of $922,250.

* * *

Nordug IV, the six-meter yacht entered by King Christian of Denmark in the international yachting regatta being held under the auspices of the Panama-Pacific exposition, won the first heat in the races for President Wilson's cup, by defeating Capt. John Barneson's Lady Betty, over a 14-mile course in San Francisco bay 4 minutes and 3 seconds. The time: Nordug IV, 2 hours 48 minutes 55 seconds; Lady Betty, 2 hours 52 minutes 58 seconds.

* * *

A political party in the Faroe islands has commenced to agitate in favor of acquiring a certain degree of autonomy for the islands. Six leading men of the party have drawn up what may be called a constitution, which provides that the existing "lagthing" shall become a legislative body.

* * *

Germany has apologized to Denmark for violating Danish neutrality in entering Danish territorial waters to shell the British submarine E-13 which went aground. The Danish minister to Berlin so notified the government.

* * *

The parish council of Sondersley resolved by a unanimous vote to establish an old people's home. The plans provide for a accommodation for 25 old people, and the cost of the institution is put at $12,000.

SWEDEN.

Minister of Agriculture Beck-Friis has made an announcement as to the ability of Sweden to obtain enough breadstuffs in case the war lasts another year. The purchase of grain in America has been very successful he says, but the facilities of transportation are somewhat unsatisfactory. So far no cargo of grain has been lost, however. Plans have been drawn and estimates of costs made for the construction of temporary granaries in order that the government may not be prevented from importing grain on account of a lack of room for storing it. Finally, the minister stated that by means of the crops that are expected and the imports that are going on, the people of Sweden will have all the grain needed for another year.

* * *

A committee which held a meeting at Christianstad applied to the government for a loan of $135,000 without interest for the construction of factories for making potato meal in southern Sweden. The committee also wants the government to guarantee the sale of at least half of the output for five years, the price to correspond to that of rye. But the minimum and maximum prices shall be $4.05 and $6.48 per quarter ton. The committee conferred with the farmers of southern Sweden before proposing this plan.

* * *

Another protest has been made to the German government by Sweden. The complaint in this instance has to do with the shelling of the Swedish steamer Gotland, which subsequently was taken into Cuxhaven by the Germans. The Swedish government states that the steamer carried no contraband.

* * *

A large power station is to be built at Sagmon, Angermanland. It will furnish power for a number of industrial plants in that part of the country, including the glass factories at Sando and Klockestrand.

* * *

The Swedish steamer Sydic, from Baltimore for Malmo, Sweden, has been released and the Swedish steamer Anglia from Baltimore for Kalmar Sweden, has been detained by the British admiralty.

* * *

The Gotland society for the care of blind has been permitted by the government to take up a collection once a year for its work in all the churches of the diocese of Visby until the year 1918.

* * *

Auditor A. Fahlen of Solleftea donated $1,350 to the Osterasen sanatorium for consumptives on his fiftieth birthday.

* * *

The Swedish steamer Disa has been sunk. Her crew was landed.

* * *

An interesting burial place has been found at Halla, Gotland. The tomb contained a skeleton from the seventh century. Its skull had been trepaned, and by its side was a ring buckle. There were also two stone idols and fragments of two others.

* * *

A stock company has been organized for the purpose of buying a patent for a locomotive boiler for the use of peat and other low-grade fuel. The minimum and maximum limits of the capital stock are put at $60,000 and $82,650.

IN ALL OUR NEIGHBORHOOD

There Is Hardly A Woman Who Does Not Rely Upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Princeton, Ill.—"I had inflammation, hard headaches in the back of my neck and a weakness all caused by female trouble, and I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound with such excellent results that I am now feeling fine. I recommend the Compound and praise it to all. I shall be glad to have you publish my letter. There is scarcely a neighbor around me who does not use your medicine."—Mrs. J. F. JOHNSON, R. No. 4, Box 30, Princeton, Illinois.

Experience of a Nurse.

Poland, N.Y.—"In my experience as a nurse I certainly think Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a great medicine. I wish all women with female troubles would take it. I took it when passing through the Change of Life with great results and I always recommend the Compound to all my patients if I know of their condition in time. I will gladly do all I can to help others to know of this great medicine."—Mrs. HORACE NEWMAN, Poland, Herkimer Co., N. Y.

If you are ill do not drag along until an operation is necessary, but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you want special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass.

Time Has Made a Difference.

"The last time I saw Sylvia Pankhurst before the war," writes a London clubman, "she was in the arms of a policeman, being carried off to the Vine Street station, followed by scores of militants shrieking that women would never be slaves. I saw her a few nights ago down near Poplar way, where she was presiding over a twopenny restaurant where splendid dinners of hot stew, potatoes and fruit pudding with bread, butter and tea were served to distressed East Enders. In addition the suffragettes have organized pure milk depots for the babies, and an employment bureau for girls and womn."

Working Up an Appetite.

"I don't know why we came in here," said Mrs. Bored, as she settled herself down in a restaurant. "I'm not a bit hungry."

"That's all right," said hubby. "Just you sit here and wait."

"Wait! But why? I'm not hungry, as I said before."

"Never mind, dear. You will be by the time the waiter brings us our food."—Philadelphia Record.

Drink Denison's Coffee, For your health's sake.

There's many a kick concealed in an insulated electric wire.

Backache is Discouraging

Nothing is more discouraging than a constant backache. Lame when you awaken, pains pierce you when you bend or lift. It's hard to work or to rest. Backache often indicates bad kidneys. If the urine is disordered, passages too frequent or scanty, there is further proof. Delay is dangerous. Prompt use of Doan's Kidney Pills now may spare you serious trouble later. Doan's is the world's best-recommended kidney remedy.

A Wisconsin Case

C. N. Woods, 615 S. Baldwin St., Madison, Wis., says: "My kidneys didn't act regularly and the secretions were unnatural. I had a lame and aching back, too. When I learned of Doan's Kidney Pills I used them and they gave me prompt relief from the aches, pains and lameness. They regulated the action of my kidneys, too. I haven't had any kidney trouble since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

BLACK LEG LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED by Cutter's Blackleg Pills. Low-priced, fresh, reliable; preferred by Western stockman, because they protect where other vaccines fail. Write for booklet and testimonials. 10-dose pkge. Blackleg Pills $1.00 50-dose pkge. Blackleg Pills 4.00 Use any injector, but Cutter's best. The superiority of Cutter products is due to over 15 years of specializing in vaccines and serums only. Insist on Cutter's. If unobtainable, order direct. The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, Cal., or Chicago, Ill.