New Orleans Republican.

M. A. SOUTHWORTH, Editor and Proprietor.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

NEW ORLEANS, MARCH 12, 1868.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

EDWARD H. DURELL

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HENRY C. WARMOTH.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,

OSCAR J. DUNN.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,

GEORGE E. BOVEE.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,

SIMEON BELDEN.

FOR STATE AUDITOR,

GEORGE M. WICKLIFFE.

FOR TREASURER,

ANTOINE DUBUCLET.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

THOMAS W. CONWAY.

FOR CONGRESS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

J. HALE SYPHER.

SECOND DISTRICT.

SIMON JONES.

THIRD DISTRICT.

JOSEPH P. NEWSHAM.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

MICHEL VIDAL.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

W. JASPER BLACKBURN.

RESOLUTION OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE NOMINATING CONVENTION ON JANUARY 15, 1868.

RESOLVED, THAT WE HEREBY PLEDGE OUR LIVES, OUR FORTUNES, AND OUR SACRED HONOR TO THE SUCCESS OF THE RADICAL REPUBLICAN PARTY, AND THE ELECTION OF THE CANDIDATES WE HAVE NOMINATED.

ADOPTED UNANIMOUSLY.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Of the Radical Republican party of Louisiana, *the only organization representing* the Republicans of the whole state, passed January 30, 1868:

Resolved, That all members of the Central Executive Committee of the Radical Republican party of Louisiana who oppose the nominees of the State Nominating Convention of our party shall be regarded as disorganizers, and their seats shall be declared vacant. Adopted—yeas 28, nays 1.

WHEREAS, The New Orleans *Tribune* has ceased to represent the principles and policy of the Republican party of Louisiana, therefore

Resolved, That we hereby repudiate it as the organ of our party and of this committee, and appoint the New Orleans REPUBLICAN as the organ of our party and of this committee.

Adopted almost unanimously.

NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

The subscription price of this paper is $10 a year, and the same rates for one-half or one-quarter of a year, payable in advance. The paper can be obtained from the carriers at the usual rates by leaving name and address at this office, or by applying to the carriers, and payment can be made at this office or to the carrier.

The Weekly REPUBLICAN is five dollars a year, payable in advance. The Sunday REPUBLICAN, delivered by carriers, is also five dollars a year, payable in advance.

THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

We print in this morning's paper the constitution complete, and it will well repay a perusal from beginning to end. We have printed an extra number of papers, so that gentlemen who desire to do so can obtain copies to take with them into the country. The Constitution in pamphlet form would have been ready for delivery yesterday afternoon, but for the fact, as the secretary informs us, that the official copy was taken from the Institute yesterday morning by the president of the convention, and could not be obtained in time to compare it with the proof.

We are indebted to the Mexican consul in this city for favors which are appreciated.

The sheriff sells at auction this day at 5 o'clock P. M., at No. 626 Magazine street, the contents of a drug store.

By dispatches received yesterday it will be seen that New Hampshire has gone Republican by a handsome majority; that the copperhead city of Camden, in the copperhead state of New Jersey, has now gone Republican by *seventy-five* majority, and that gold has gone down.

Mayor Heath will sign the ordinance providing for the absorption of $1,200,000 of the city currency, for which eight per cent interest-bearing obligations will be issued by the consolidated debt commissioners, consisting of Mayor Heath, Messrs. Clay and Gizeke, chairman of the finance committees, Treasurer Howell, and Controller Mandell. In a few days the proposed relief of the currency will commence.

We received a call yesterday from Mr. J. M. Batty, chairman of the board of registrars for Hopkins county, Texas, who came to this city with the convention election returns for that county. From him we learn that Judge Caldwell, of Marshall, was elected a delegate to the Texas constitutional convention, and that Hon. N. V. Heard was also elected a delegate from the same county.

AFRICANIZING THE SOUTH.

There never was a more glaring instance of that venerable practice "blow hot and blow cold," than is now furnished by the old slaveholders in their outcry about Africanizing the South. In one and the same breath they tell us that our colored voters are ignorant and stupid, an inferior race, wholly incapable of rising to anything like an equality with the Caucasian race, and also—oh, beautiful consistency—that the South is threatened with black domination! This we call blowing hot and blowing cold in one breath. Do the "Southern" whites speak honestly when they express such a fear? Then must they stand convicted of a strange logical defect. It is prejudice and not reason, passion and not judgment, that carries sway with them. As they were hurried into the rebellion by prejudice amounting to frenzy, which for the time drowned the voice of their better instincts, so now they suffer themselves to listen to the senseless appeals of interested demagogues, who urge them to resist the reconstruction of the madly ruined South. At first the cry was raised against *Yankeeising* the South. That has been proved a humbug and a swindle, and has pretty much subsided. Now it is the "Africans," who are to be the target against which the whole Southern battery is to be emptied. All this is for effect—to gather about their standard that large class North and South whose political creed is summed up in their antipathy to the black man. In this way cunning leaders hope to recover for the Democratic party its lost supremacy, and thus, through its ever un-democratic principles enable the South longer to set at defiance the axioms of the Declaration of Independence and the universal instincts of liberty, and again domineer over the freedmen.

Now the ex-slaveholders either believe or do not believe in the danger of African rule. If they believe it, it is certainly a most humiliating and astounding confession from a civilized, enlightened, high-spirited, and chivalrous people—a "superior" race, "born to rule." One would think they would be ashamed to make it, and that it could only be dragged out of them by dire necessity. But, on the contrary, they flaunt it everywhere that if negro suffrage is universal, ignorance will triumph over knowledge, stupidity over intelligence, barbarism over a high civilization. The bare fact of a small numerical superiority is to give the lie to the long-accepted proverb, "Knowledge is power." Knowledge is no longer power. Brains are no longer to rule. In this strange confession is there not betrayed a secret fear that after all the abuse heaped upon the black man he may yet run a not unequal competition with the white in the race of civilization? Do colored schools raise up a horrid spectre before the vision? If so, it can be nothing less than sheer blasphemy against God to undertake to legislate the black man into a state of political degradation. Let every man of every race stand where his God-given faculties, be they more or less naturally place him. But, again, it is not so much the black man they fear "as his manipulation by Northern demagogues."

And, pray, why may not Southern demagogues try their hand at the same game? And what shall we say to the statement so confidently put forth that the real sympathies of the freedmen are with their old masters, for proof of which we are referred to the peaceable conduct of the slaves during the war? If the freedmen are in political sympathy with the old slaveholders, and so inferior, too, so ignorant and stupid, what cause have the "old citizens" for dread?

The fact is, this matter of suffrage must take its own course. It is true democracy, and must prevail, with all its legitimate consequences. But, practically, this cry of Africanizing the South is a great fallacy. Except in Louisiana and South Carolina the colored voters are in the minority, and in many localities the whites have only themselves to thank because *they* are in the minority. They would not register. Shame on those who are afraid of a race that, according to their own statements, is "ignorant, stupid, and semi-barbarous, and is dying out!" But thank God such foolishness is fast passing away, and under the rule of justice and equality men will grow wiser and better.

JAMES G. TALIAFERRO.

A campaign document signed by Judge James G. Taliaferro is given to the amiable public. It is too long for publication in our paper, and is not worth an extended criticism, but there is one point we must notice.

Judge Taliaferro says, "Having been placed before the people of the state as a candidate for the office of governor"—we ask, by whom? or by what? But the judge continues and says, "by the Republican party of the state of Louisiana,"—and this we say is wholly, *entirely* incorrect; without, in fact, the shadow of a foundation.

Friends of Judge Taliaferro brought his name before the State Nominating Convention of the Republican party of Louisiana, and he received some half-dozen votes and no more in that convention for the nomination of governor. Hon. H. C. Warmoth was "placed before the people of the state as the candidate for governor of the Republican party" by that convention, and by it his nomination was unanimously ratified, and the loyal people of Louisiana, throughout the length and breadth of the state, have been, and are now, unanimously indorsing his nomination.

"By the Republican party," says Judge Taliaferro—there has been in the last year but one State Nominating Convention of the Republican party, or of any other party claiming to represent the loyal sentiment of the state, and its nominations are at the head of our column.

Judge Taliaferro is "placed before the people" by an independent newspaper, and without the shadow of a claim or pretense of any nominating whatever from or any indorsement by the Republican party. He is simply a citizen, a private candidate, and on the most favorable demonstration; for without the possibility of being elected, his position only tends to distract the Republican party, and encourage the enemies of reconstruction.

PARISH NOMINATING CONVENTION.

The election is to be held on the 17th and 18th of next month, and evidently the parish and municipal nominations need not be made earlier than three or even two weeks before the election; therefore this convention will have ample time to deliberate, and to select proper candidates.

We trust the patriotism and discretion of the members of the convention will enable them to completely refute the many street rumors to their disadvantage, and to nominate candidates who are identified with and can be elected by the Radical Republican party. There are some worthy gentlemen in the convention who will probably be brought forward as candidates for nomination, but in the peculiar circumstances under which this convention assembles we think that true patriotism and delicacy should lead them to resign from the convention, in which case it can adjourn over, and their places be filled by election in their clubs. This course, by confuting a charge made against the convention, will greatly improve the prospect of the election of the candidates who are nominated, and can not be objected to by those who seek firstly the interests and principles of our party.

Registration Appointments.

General Hancock has made appointments on the boards of registration for the approaching revision and election for the state of Louisiana. We have room only for the following:

Orleans—First district, J. A. Roberts, J. H. Moore; second district, C. H. Roberts, J. P. Stagg; third district, J. E. Scott; fourth district, Theodore James, Dr. John Green.

Jefferson—W. D. Smith, Thomas Friend, J. J. Gutieres.

St. Bernard—Thomas Ong, Edmund Villere, Jules Delery.

To-morrow we shall publish the balance of the names.

Boards of registrars will select suitable offices—in the country parishes at the courthouse, and in the parish of Orleans within their respective districts. Office hours will be from 7 A. M. to 12 M., and from 1 to 7 P. M. Each board will immediately proceed to establish polling places in each voting precinct of their respective parishes and districts, and select three suitable persons to act as commissioners of election therefor. The election precincts will remain as heretofore established by law.

General Grant has written a letter dated February 3, to Mr. Romero, of the city of Mexico, published in the *Diaro Official*, in which he says:

I am glad to hear you say that the peace in Mexico will soon be consolidated. I do not wish any other than to see peace, prosperity, and good government there, consolidated as it is here. It was and is my particular wish to visit Mexico in the present winter; but I see I shall not be able to do so now. This being the year of the election for the presidency, you could (or a foreigner in our country, if he were here) suppose that the triumph of the great political parties would cause the destruction of the country, and put an end to the liberty of constitutional government.

Nevertheless, after the election I will go at all events, as soon as all matters are properly arranged and everything goes on well.

The *Crescent* intimates that the New Hampshire election was influenced by a telegram from New Orleans that General Hancock and Jeff Davis were seen riding out together.

The Decay of the Planting Aristocracy in the South.

A clever correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* writes as follows:

In a trip through the Southern states at the present time one can see nothing amid the wreck more salient than the rapid decadence of the planting *noblesse*. Their spreading mansions circled by graceful verandas, and set in little Edens of faded hedges and trees, have an air of decline like a woman dressed richly but out of fashion. The houses need paint, and the hedges trimming. The stepping stones whereon so many dainty feet have pattered between the carriage and the gate have the stains of disuse upon them. The favorite creams are gone, like the slave who rubbed their glossy coats. The well of poverty flits between the neglected shrubs and cowers behind the ambitious stuccoed columns. It is not hard to identify one of the former class of cotton darlings. Bitterness and sadness dwell in their faces. The young man, once accustomed to horses, guns, dogs, a slave for every whim, and spending money in unreckoned wealth; the young woman, lovely as a tropical flower, as graceful as a lily on a breathless lake, and fragile in beauty as either; the old planter, with his countless acres, his feudal pride, his shoals of sleek slaves, his resounding politics, his hospitable country palace, and his prodigal cheer—all are alike bewildered by the pitiless revolution that has stricken them with decay, even as the husbandman deadens the forest that he may have fields instead of cumbering groves. We need not doubt that the once haughty and powerful slave aristocracy is passing away. Emancipation girdled that tree. "The woodman does not wait to see the leaves wither on the oak around which he has cut the fatal notch. He knows that his work is done."

When the war ended, a delusive prosperity arose in the South. A good deal of cotton had been saved from the torch, and it sold for three times as much then as now. Many of the recent slaves had not learned even the alphabet of freedom, and continued to tell as of old. The patriotans then may have hoped to retain much of their ascendency and wealth. That hope has been blasted, and thousands of lives are shipwrecked. The place is inflexible, and grows tighter month by month. On this journey I have met hundreds of unhappy men who have lost their fortunes, and who, with dazed brains, are wondering by what sort of labor they must earn their bread. Some of them refill oil-dens and break into a savage rolling at less that is children, although not unnatural. Two men I encountered struck me as monomaniacs. Their talk was more like soliloquy, sometimes deeply sad, sometimes intensely bitter, and always rambling and impulsive. But the large majority of the unfortunate class chose down the corroding emotions that fill the soulless every man who has seen better days, and feels that his fallen fortunes are due partly to evil luck and partly to his own transgression. In church last Sunday I heard the preacher pray for "the very many in our community whose prosperity has been cut down, and who now contend with their droopless pillows, pondering how they may retrieve from the darkness that lours over them." But in his sermon he said that "the destiny every of the old order of things will give the rising sun of the South a better development of manhood, and provision better for the young men, that will more than compensate, or, rather, make—well—for want of a more elegant word, I will say utter laziness."

CIRCULAR TO THE REPUBLICANS OF LOUISIANA.

HEADQUARTERS COMMITTEE OF THE CAMPAIGN, Radical Republican Party, No. 12 Dryades street, New Orleans, March 5, 1868.

The Campaign Committee of the Republican party of Louisiana deem it proper to lay before the party the accompanying circular, signed by the Republican members of the constitutional convention, with the resolutions of the Republican nominating convention, together with those of the Central Executive committee, unanimously ratifying the nominations of the state ticket, and expelling certain bolters from the committee.

With the exception of a few disappointed office-seekers, mostly new in the ranks of the party, who having failed to rule are now determined to rain it, and who have been found out and expelled from all committees and clubs to which they belonged, the party is unanimously in favor of the regularly nominated ticket, headed by the Honorable H. C. Warmoth.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted by the Radical Republican state nominating convention, January 15, 1868, just previous to its adjournment:

Resolved, That we hereby pledge our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor to the success of the Radical Republican party, and the election of the candidates we have nominated.

S. B. PACKARD, Chairman.

DENNIS BURREL, Secretary.

HALL CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION OF LA., New Orleans, La., February 20, 1868.

The undersigned, members of the constitutional convention and citizens of Louisiana, apprehensive that the New Orleans *Tribune* may be regarded as representing us in its opposition to the regularly nominated ticket for state officers, take this method of protesting against its course, and pledge ourselves to heartily support, with our votes and influence, the nominees of the state convention made on the 13th and 14th of January, 1868:

James H. Ingraham, Caddo.
Cesar C. Antoine, Caddo.
Benjamin McLean, Caddo.
George Y. Kelso, Rapides.
Samuel E. Cuney, Rapides.
S. L. Sauer, St. Martins.
Dennis Burrel, St. John Baptist.
Peter Harper, St. Charles.
Leopold Guichard, St. Bernard.
J. M. Deslonde, St. John Baptist.
William Murrel, Lafourche.
F. Edwards, Avoyelles.
Thomas Isabelle, Orleans.
N. Schwabb, Jefferson.
R. G. Gardiner, Jefferson.
J. A. Massicot, Orleans.
J. H. A. Roberts, Jefferson.
Thomas N. Martin, Jefferson.
David Douglass, Orleans.
Charles Leroy, Natchitoches.
W. H. Rientand, Natchitoches.
T. Mahler, West Baton Rouge.
Richard Lewis, East Feliciana.
Solomon R. Moses, Orleans.
W. R. Meadows, Claiborne.
P. G. Deslonde, Iberville.
J. C. Scott, Jackson.
D. H. Reese, Lafourche.
Arnold Bertonneau, Orleans.
P. B. S. Pinchback, Orleans.
F. Marie, Terrebonne.
G. W. Ferguson, Jackson.
John Gair, East Feliciana.
Joseph C. Oliver, St. James.
John S. Harris, Concordia.
James H. Landers, Concordia.
James B. Lewis, Sabine.
M. H. Twitchell, Bienville.
N. Underwood, St. James.
George W. Reagan, East Baton Rouge.
S. B. Packard, Orleans.
G. M. Wickliffe, Orleans.
Simeon Belden, Orleans.
J. P. Newsham, West Feliciana.
O. H. Hempstead, Assumption.
F. Bizard, Lafayette.
Daniel D. Biggs, St. Tammany, St. Helena, Livingston, and Washington.
Curtias Pollard, Madison.
Henderson Williams, Franklin.
Simon Jones, Orleans.
R. H. Steele, Tensas.
A. N. Gould, Tensas.
A. J. Demarest, St. Mary.
R. Poindexter, Assumption.
P. F. Valfroit, Ascension.
Henry Bonsenguer, Orleans.
O. C. Blandin, Orleans.
Milton Morris, Ascension.
George H. Jackson, St. Landry.
U. Dupart, Terrebonne.
J. B. Renard, St. Mary.
David Wilson, Orleans.

Having previously announced in public print that I deemed it my duty as an honorable man and a consistent politician to support the regular nominees of the Republican party, I have no hesitancy in signing this paper; but I feel not at all apprehensive that the New Orleans *Tribune* has been or will be taken as misrepresenting me in the matter.

W. JASPER BLACKBURN,
Claiborne.

My object being law, order, peace, and prosperity for the people of Louisiana, I oppose all divisions of the Republican party.

L. W. BAKER,
of Bossier.

I cheerfully support the state ticket.

R. I. CROMWELL,
Orleans.

I support the state ticket.

C. B. H. DUPLESSIS,
Orleans.

We pledge ourselves to support the state ticket of the Republican party, nominated on the thirteenth and fourteenth of January, 1868.

MICHEL VIDAL,
A. DONATO, Jr.,
St. Landry.

I cheerfully support Judge Warmoth for governor, and disapprove of the course of the *Tribune*.

GEORGE W. DEARING, Jr.,
Rapides.

We cheerfully support the regular state ticket made by the nominating convention.

VICTOR M. LANGE,
L. FRANCOIS,
East Baton Rouge.
CHARLES A. THIBAUT,
Plaquemines.

HEADQUARTERS CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, Radical Republican Party, New Orleans, Louisiana, March 4, 1868.

Out of eighty-six Republicans in the constitutional convention seventy-eight have avowed themselves in favor of the regularly nominated state ticket, while four colored men, Rodrigues, of Orleans, Bennefoi, of Pointe Coupee, Dupart, of St. Tammany, Butler, of St. Helena; and four white men, Taliaferro, of Catahoula, and Crane, Smith, and Mushaway, of Orleans, are the only members of the convention who favor the bolters' ticket, on which four of them (Taliaferro for governor, Smith for secretary of state, Crane for attorney general, and Bonnefoi for auditor,) have places.

This Central Executive committee, composed of one hundred and forty members, with the greatest unanimity, adopted, January 23 and January 30, the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we cordially endorse and earnestly support the candidates nominated by the Radical Republican state convention.

Resolved, That we condemn and denounce any effort to get up another ticket as an attempt to divide our party and defeat reconstruction and the success of our principles.

Resolved, That all members of the Central Executive committee of the Radical Republican party of Louisiana who oppose the nominees of the state nominating convention of our party shall be regarded as disorganizers, and their seats shall be declared vacant.

WHEREAS, The New Orleans *Tribune* has ceased to represent the principles and policy of the Republican party of Louisiana; therefore

Resolved, That we hereby repudiate it as the organ of our party and of this committee, and appoint the New Orleans REPUBLICAN as the organ of our party and of this committee.

Under the second resolution Charles Smith, O. Voinche, L. Rodrigues, J. S. Soude, W. R. Crane, J. L. Monthieu, and three others were unanimously expelled.

The State Central Executive committee is harmonious, and determined that the principles and ticket of the party shall succeed.

SETH W. LEWIS,
President State Central Ex. Committee.
WM. VIGERS, Secretary.

DIED:

GILLESPIE—In this city, on Wednesday, March 11, at 12 o'clock noon, MARGARET FIELAY GILLESPIE, born Hall, of New York city, formerly of St. Louis, aged 41 years.

The funeral will take place from 207 St. Charles street This Afternoon at 2 o'clock.

SECONDHAND FURNITURE.

Bought by the single piece or in bulk. Parties breaking up housekeeping and wishing to sell in block and avoid the inconvenience of auctions are requested to call. Furniture neatly repaired and varnished on reasonable terms. Furniture carts to hire, and particular attention paid to moving.

P. M. TOURNE,
mh8 1m 2p 140 Customhouse, near Dauphine street.

AUCTION SALES.

PEREMPTORY SALE AT AUCTION

—OF AN—

EXTENSIVE STOCK OF BOOKS,

—COMPRISING—

UPWARD OF THIRTY THOUSAND VOLUMES

—OF—

STANDARD,
LITERARY, AND CLASSICAL

WORKS, IN PROSE AND POETRY,

In Great Variety of Binding, and Handsomely Illustrated.

WORKS OF SCIENCE AND ART,

In Medicine, Law, Agriculture, Mechanics, Manufactures, Chemistry, Astronomy, Geology, Botany, Theology, etc.

ELEMENTARY AND EDUCATIONAL BOOKS,

Of Great Variety,

OF THE MOST POPULAR AUTHORS.

TOGETHER WITH A GREAT ASSORTMENT OF

STATIONERY AND OTHER ARTICLES

Usually found in Bookstores.

THIS BEING THE STOCK OF THOMAS L. WHITE, IN BANKRUPTCY,

Surrendered and Sold for the benefit of his

CREDITORS,

By order of E. E. NORTON, ESQ., ASSIGNEE,

IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,

Without Reserve.

BY C. E. GIRARDEY & CO, AUCTIONEERS, office No. 17 Exchange Place—WEDNESDAY, THE 18TH MARCH, AT 7 o'clock P. M., we will commence the sale of the above described stock, and continue nightly thereafter at the same hour until closed out at the store No. 13 Royal, between Canal and Customhouse streets.

This is an unusual opportunity of selecting books at purchasers' own prices to fill and supply Libraries.

Terms—Cash in United States Treasury notes, before delivery.

By order of E. E. Norton, general assignee in the bankruptcy of Jacob Barker, Esq. ja31

C. E. GIRARDEY & CO.,
mh7 1d Auctioneers.

PEREMPTORY SALE AT AUCTION

Of a Stock of Seasonable and Well Selected

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

UNDER GARMENTS, HATS, FANCY ARTICLES, etc.,

Being the Stock in Trade of

CHARLES RIPINSKI, Bankrupt,

And Two Stocks of

ASSORTED DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENTS,

Being those of

Messrs. MARX ISRAEL & GUSTAVE T. WEIL,

Bankrupts,

Surrendered by them,

And sold for the benefit of their Creditors,

BY ORDER OF THE ASSIGNEE

IN THEIR RESPECTIVE BANKRUPTCIES.

BY C. E. GIRARDEY & Co., Auctioneers, Office No. 17 Exchange Place—WEDNESDAY, 18th March, 1868, at 10½ o'clock A. M., will be sold at public auction, at the Brick Store, No. 126 Perdido street, between Carondelet and Baronne streets—

THE THREE STOCKS OF DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING AND FANCY ARTICLES belonging respectively to the bankrupt estates of Messrs. Charles Ripinski, Marx Israel, and Gustave T. Weil, now in bankruptcy in the United States Circuit Court for the District of Louisiana, and by them surrendered and sold for the benefit of their creditors by order of E. E. Norton, Esq., General Assignee, without limit or reserve, to the highest and best bidders.

The stock of Mr. Charles Ripinski is a large and well selected stock of ready made and seasonable Men's and Boys' Clothing, Under Garments, Hats, Fancy Articles, Trucks, Valises, etc.

Messrs M. Israel and Gustave T. Weil's stocks comprise seasonable Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Fancy Articles of great variety and excellent qualities, Store and other Fixtures.

Descriptive catalogues of these stocks will be ready for distribution at office of the Auctioneers a few days previous to the sale.

The attention of the retail trade of the city is specially invited.

Terms—Cash before delivery in United States Treasury notes. mh7d

ESTATES IN BANKRUPTCY.

OPEN ACCOUNTS AND BILLS RECEIVABLE,

DREYFUS BROTHERS & CO.,

vs. Their Creditors.

THEODORE MEYER vs. His Creditors.

SAMUEL KAHN vs. His Creditors.

United States Circuit Court for the District of Louisiana.

BY ORDER OF THE ASSIGNEE

BY C. E. GIRARDEY & CO.—OFFICE No. 17 Exchange Place—THURSDAY, March 12, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., will be sold at public auction, at Our Sale-Room and Auctioneer Office, by order of the Assignee in the Bankruptcies of—

Messrs. DREYFUS BROTHERS & CO.,
THEODORE MEYER,
SAMUEL KAHN.

All the Open Accounts and Bills Receivable the Stock and Fixtures, now also found and sold for the benefit of their Creditors. By order of E. E. Norton, Esq., General Assignee.

Descriptive Schedules will be ready at sale to each Bankruptcy, and may be seen at office of the Auctioneers the day preceding the sale.

Terms—Cash in United States Treasury notes.

mh7 1d

WANTED.

CHALK JOCKEY WANTED—ONE THAT is very near sightless, and Scale Boxes. Must not be taller for patch. Address Box 1, office, giving personal

AUCTION SALES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

IN THE BANKRUPTCY OF

JACOB BARKER.

SALE AT AUCTION

Without Limit or Reservation,

—OF—

VALUABLE IMPROVED AND

VACANT PROPERTY,

COMPRISING:

THOSE FOUR-STORY BRICK STORES Nos. 64 and 66, Baronne, between Gravier and Union streets.

THE THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING, next to the corner, and adjoining the above stores, known as No. 62 Baronne, between Gravier and Union streets.

A TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING on the corner of Apollo and Felicity Road streets.

TWO BATTURE LOTS OF GROUND on Tchoupitoulas and Water, between Eighth and Ninth streets. Twenty-two lots of ground comprising the square bounded by Magazine, Live Oak, Octavia streets, and Peters avenue, in Bickerville; improved and under high cultivation, and shade trees planted around the entire square.

BY C. E. GIRARDEY & CO.—OFFICE No. 17 Exchange Place—SATURDAY, March 28, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., will be sold at public auction, at the Merchants' and Auctioneers' Exchange, on Royal street, by order of E. E. Norton, Esq., General Assignee in Bankruptcy for the United States District Court, and in the matter of the bankruptcy of Jacob Barker, Esq., surrendered for the benefit of his creditors, the following slightly located and valuable property, to wit:

1. THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY situated in the First District of the city, in the square bounded by Baronne, Gravier, Union, and Dryades, (late Philippa) streets. The lot is an unusually large one, measuring 57 feet 3 inches front on Baronne street, 56 feet 6 inches 4 lines wide in the rear, 116 feet 11 inches deep on the upper side line, and 112 feet 10 inches on the lower side line; together with all the improvements thereon, comprising those spacious and newly built four-story brick stores known as Nos. 64 and 66 Baronne street, the lower story having an iron front with large stores, hall leading up into the upper stories, divided into offices and rooms. A portion of this property is under lease; the lower floor of store No. 64 is rented to ——— at the rate of $100 per month; the remainder is only partially rented.

2. THE THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING No. 62 Baronne street, next above store No. 64, and Gravier streets, situated in the First District of this city, and in the square bounded by Baronne, Gravier, Union, and Dryades (late Philippa) streets. The lot measures 23 feet 4 inches front on Baronne street, 112 feet 10 inches on the upper side line, and 108 feet deep on the lower line. And the improvements comprise the three-story brick dwelling No. 62 Baronne street, the lower story having marble mantels and sliding doors, a three-story brick building in the rear containing six rooms, cisterns, etc., also leased till the October next, at the rate of $250 per annum, payable monthly.

3. TWO GRAVEYARD LOTS OF GROUND, together with all the improvements thereon, rights, ways, privileges, and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, and together with the accession, if any, of batture in front which has been or may be made, and all other riparian rights so secured to the proprietors of the lots and estate of this state. The said lots are situated on the batture in front of Tchoupitoulas, Fourth district of this city, between Eighth and Ninth streets, and are designated by the Nos. 1 and 2 on a plan drawn by M. M. Ricciardi, Antoine, surveyor, dated ——, and deposited in the record of H. B. Lemee, late a Notary Public in this city, to which special reference is hereby made. Said lots adjoin each other, and measure each 28 feet 8 inches, English, front on what was formerly the public road, and now called Tchoupitoulas street, by a depth of 112 feet on their abouts on the north and of 108 feet or thereabouts on the south side, and by a width each of 28 feet 8 inches in the rear fronting on the street next to the river.

4. THE TWO LOTS OF GROUND situated in the Fourth district of the city in the square bounded by Tchoupitoulas, Water, Eighth, and Ninth streets, and designated by the letters A and B. Lot A measures 22 feet 6 inches front on Tchoupitoulas street by about 86 feet deep on the lower line, and about 84 feet deep on the upper line. Lot B adjoins the above in the rear, and measures 28 feet 6 inches front on Water street, by about 86 feet deep on the lower, and about 82 feet deep on the upper line. Said lots being composed of the original lot No. 1, and are sold with the right of accretion or batture, and all other riparian rights secured to front proprietors.

5. THAT VALUABLE FRAME DWELLING situated on the corner of Apollo and Felicity Road streets, being the lot No. 74 on a plan of B. Robinson, surveyor, dated ——, 1859, and deposited in the office of Felix Grima, notary public, and situated in the square bounded by Apollo, now Carondelet, Market, and Felicity streets, and Peters and Felicity Road streets. Said lot measures 31 feet 4 inches 1 line front on Carondelet street by a depth and front on the Felicity Road street of 60 feet. The dimensions of the improvements thereon, comprising a two-story frame dwelling, slate roof, gallery in front and rear, kitchen, pantry, cisterns, etc.

6. TWENTY-TWO LOTS OF GROUND, comprising the entire square, situated in Bickerville, bounded by Magazine, Live Oak, Octavia streets, and Peters avenue, designated by the Nos. 1 to 22, inclusive, on a plan of Bickerville, opposite that this property known as Perdras Fontaine Orphan Asylum.

Lot No. 1 forms the corner of Live Oak and Octavia streets, measuring 30 feet 1 inch front on Live Oak street by 120 feet in depth and front on Octavia street.

The improvements on this lot comprise a neat one-story frame cottage.

Lots Nos. 2 and 3 measure each 30 feet 1 inch front on Live Oak street by 120 feet in depth, between parallel lines; and the improvements comprise a double one-story frame cottage, with two basement rooms and two rooms on first floor, gallery in front.

Lots Nos. 4 and 5 measure each 30 feet 1 inch front on Live Oak street by 120 feet in depth, between parallel lines. Lot No. 5 forms the corner of Peters avenue and Live Oak street, and measures 30 feet 1 inch front on Peters avenue and 120 feet 1 inch in depth and front on Live Oak street. Lots Nos. 6, 7, and 8 measure each 30 feet front on Peters avenue by 120 feet 1 inch in depth, between parallel lines.

Lot No. 12 forms the corner of Magazine street and Peters avenue, and measures 30 feet front on Magazine street by 120 feet 1 inch 1 line depth and front on Peters avenue, and 120 feet 7 inches deep on the other side line.

Lots Nos. 13 and 14 measure each 30 feet front on Magazine street by 120 feet 7 inches 6 lines depth and front on Peters avenue by 120 feet 7 inches 6 lines deep on the lower side line dividing it from lot No. 14, and 122 feet 6 inches in depth on the other side line.

On lot No. 16 is a frame dwelling.

Lots Nos. 17, 18, and 19 measure each 30 feet front on Magazine street by 120 feet 7 inches 6 lines depth and front on Peters avenue by 120 feet 7 inches 6 lines deep on the lower side line dividing it from lot No. 19, and 122 feet 6 inches in depth on the other side line.

Lots Nos. 20 and 21 measure each 30 feet front on Magazine street by 120 feet 7 inches 6 lines depth and front on Peters avenue by 120 feet 7 inches 6 lines deep on the lower side line dividing it from lot No. 21, and 122 feet 6 inches in depth on the other side line.

Lot No. 22 forms the corner of Magazine and Octavia streets, and measures 30 feet 1 inches front on Magazine street by 120 feet 3 inches 6 lines depth and front on Octavia street, together with the frame building and shady trees.

Lots Nos. 23 and 24 measure each 30 feet front on Octavia street by 120 feet depth, together with a frame building.

Lots Nos. 25 and 26 measure each 30 feet front on Peters avenue by 120 feet deep, together with the improvements, comprising a frame stable and carriage house.

The entire square is planted in front with a fine growth of vigorous shade trees. The Magazine frontage is adorned with a profusion of fine young mahogany and other ornamental trees.

6. A TRACT OF LAND in the Second Municipality of Jefferson, about one-third of a mile westerly of the Half-way house, near the Metairie race-course, and opposite the Half-way house, bounded by Jefferson and Lake avenues, and Jefferson and Lake streets. Said squares are numbered 14, 15, 20, and 27, with a front on the Metairie road, and improved by a large Orphan Asylum and other buildings.

The first square is bounded by North Metairie road, Allison, and Orleans avenues, and Lake avenue. The second square is bounded by Allison, Bienville, and Orleans street, and Lake avenue. The third square is bounded by Orleans, Bienville, and Bienville streets, and Lake avenue. And the fourth square is bounded by Bienville, Hyacinth, and Orleans streets, and Lake avenue.

Descriptive catalogues of these stocks will be ready for distribution at office of the Auctioneers a few days previous to the sale.

The attention of the retail trade of the city is specially invited.

Terms—Cash before delivery in United States Treasury notes. mh7d

AUCTION SALES.

ESTATE OF CHARLES McKEON,

In Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

ONE EIGHT-HORSE POWER ENGINE AND BOILER COMPLETE, BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS, SCREW CUTTING MACHINE, DRILLING, SHAFTING, FANS, CORE BOXES, PATTERNS, FLASKS, SCALES, IRON ANVILS, CRANES, Etc., Etc.

BY C. E. GIRARDEY & CO.—OFFICE No. 17 Exchange Place.—MONDAY, March 16, at 10½ o'clock A. M., will be sold at public auction, at the Foundry and Blacksmith Shop of the late firm of Charles McKeon & Kennedy, situated in Front, between Gravier and Notre Dame streets—

All the MATERIALS, TOOLS, MACHINERY, etc., belonging to the said firm, surrendered by Charles McKeon, in bankruptcy, to the United States District Court for the District of Louisiana, and sold for the benefit of his creditors, by order of E. E. Norton, Esq., General Assignee in Bankruptcy.

Terms—Cash in U. S. Treasury notes. mh10

SALES OF REAL ESTATE

BY C. E. GIRARDEY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS, OFFICE 17 EXCHANGE PLACE.

Auction Sales at the

MERCHANTS' & AUCTIONEERS' EXCHANGE

On Royal Street.

March 14—Succession of Ellen Ross: Two-story House No. 184 Chippewa, between Felicity road and St. Mary street.

For particulars see plans at the Exchange. ma9

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF Elegant Match and Single Horses, Elegant Saddle Horses, Fine Work Mules, Fine Milch Cows, Buggies, Elegant Bestes, Harness, Wagons, etc., at auction.

BY MONTGOMERY BROS. & CO. M. Montgomery, Auctioneer—Will be sold, THURSDAY, March 12, 1868, at 11 o'clock, at Liner's Stable on Gravier street—

Elegant MATCH HORSES
Elegant SADDLE HORSES;
Fine WORK MULES;
Fine MILCH COWS;

—ALSO—

Top and Open Buggies, Elegant Bestes, Harness, Wagons, etc.

TERMS—Cash, in United States Treasury notes. ma9

FURNITURE—FURNITURE.

BY MONTGOMERY BROS. & CO. M. Montgomery, Auctioneer—Will be sold, THURSDAY, March 12, 1868, at 11 o'clock, at Auction Mart, No. 87 Camp street—

A general assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, such as Rosewood, Mahogany, and Walnut Bedsteads, Bureaus, Armoires, Washstands, Tables and Walnut Table Sets, Spring Seat Chairs, Hazy Ombre, Marble Top Centre Tables, Ingrain Carpets, Extension Tables, Velvet and Brussels Carpets, Plate Mirrors, Mattresses, Paintings, Cooking Stoves and Utensils, being the contents of several well furnished houses.

A large invoice of Cottage Beds, Cane and Wood Seat Chairs.

TERMS—Cash.

G. E. GIRARDEY. | D. L. MAGOR