New Orleans Republican.

M. A. SOUTHWORTH, Editor and Proprietor.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

NEW ORLEANS, MARCH 31, 1868.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

EDWARD H. DURELL

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HENRY C. WARMOTH.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,

OSCAR J. DUNN.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,

GEORGE E. BOVEE.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,

SIMEON BELDEN.

FOR AUDITOR,

GEORGE M. WICKLIFFE.

FOR TREASURER,

ANTOINE DUBUCLET.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,

THOMAS W. CONWAY.

FOR CONGRESS.

FIRST DISTRICT,

J. HALE SYPHER.

SECOND DISTRICT,

SIMON JONES.

THIRD DISTRICT,

JOSEPH P. NEWSHAM.

FOURTH DISTRICT,

MICHEL VIDAL.

FIFTH DISTRICT,

W. JASPER BLACKBURN.

RESOLUTION OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE NOMINATING CONVENTION ON JANUARY 15, 1868.

RESOLVED, THAT WE HEREBY PLEDGE OUR LIVES, OUR FORTUNES, AND OUR SACRED HONOR TO THE SUCCESS OF THE RADICAL REPUBLICAN PARTY, AND THE ELECTION OF THE CANDIDATES WE HAVE NOMINATED.

ADOPTED UNANIMOUSLY.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Of the Radical Republican party of Louisiana, *the only organization representing* the Republicans of the whole state, passed January 30, 1868:

Resolved, That all members of the Central Executive Committee of the Radical Republican party of Louisiana who oppose the nominees of the State Nominating Convention of our party shall be regarded as disorganizers, and their seats shall be declared vacant. Adopted—yeas 28, nays 1.

WHEREAS, The New Orleans *Tribune* has ceased to represent the principles and policy of the Republican party of Louisiana, therefore

Resolved, That we hereby repudiate it as the organ of our party and of this committee, and appoint the New Orleans REPUBLICAN as the organ of our party and of this committee.

Adopted almost unanimously.

NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

The subscription price of this paper is $16 a year, and the same rates for one-half or one-quarter of a year, payable in advance. The paper can be obtained from the carriers at the usual rates by leaving name and address at this office, or by applying to the carriers, and payment can be made at this office or to the carrier.

The Weekly REPUBLICAN is five dollars a year, payable in advance. The Sunday REPUBLICAN, delivered by carriers, is also five dollars a year, payable in advance.

PRINTING TICKETS.

In order that tickets during the campaign may be printed at the cheapest possible rate at the REPUBLICAN job office, the following rule will be followed: One-half the price of the tickets ordered will be paid on leaving the order, and the other half on delivering the tickets.

We are indebted to Hon. Sidney Perham, of Maine, for public documents, consisting of a copy of his speech on the impeachment articles, etc.

The *Republican Pioneer*, published by Captain Mortimer F. Smith, is doing excellent campaign service in St. John the Baptist parish.

CADETS TO GO TO ALEXANDRIA.—Seven young men from our public schools are to be chosen at the next regular meeting of the board of public school directors, to be sent to the state seminary at Alexandria. Several applicants are already striving for the position.

GRAND REPUBLICAN RALLY.—The grand Republican rally on Congo square next Friday evening will be one of the largest meetings ever held in New Orleans. The Republican clubs will turn out in full mode and banners.

Upon the recommendation of his attorney General Baker, of Louisiana, A. B. Morchell and H. Zeigler have been appointed by General Buchanan trustees of the city of Convergent, Louisiana, in place of James Robson and E. B. Bennett, who failed to qualify.

Funeral of General Washtim.

The funeral of the late General L. D. Washtim, lieutenant colonel of the twentieth United States infantry, yesterday afternoon had the following honors: The first regiment United States infantry, one battery light battery E, first artillery, company G, ninth cavalry, Lieutenant Colonel Stinson, H. Ward, first infantry, commanding the escort, which was conducted in accordance with army regulations.

TO THE COLORED VOTERS OF LOUISIANA.

Colored men of Louisiana:—The grandest hour of your life is at hand! All that is dear to you in this world is at stake. If you fail to do your duty NOW, the tears and sweat of the next twenty-five years can not wash out the error. On the SEVENTEENTH and EIGHTEENTH DAYS of APRIL will be held the state, parish, and city elections. At that election you will be called upon to ratify the NEW CONSTITUTION. That constitution is your political BIBLE. By its provisions all your rights as MEN and CITIZENS are secured to you. It makes you the POLITICAL EQUAL of any and every WHITE MAN IN LOUISIANA. It declares that you and your children shall never be SLAVES again. It gives you the right of FREE SPEECH and FREE MEETINGS. It opens to you all places of public amusement, and gives you equal rights on all steamboats and railroad cars. By that constitution you may be elected to any office in the state; you may be armed and equipped as a part of the state militia, and your children may attend any public school in the state.

But you must vote for this constitution or you can not enjoy these rights. Remember that your old masters, the Democrats, do not offer you any kind of a constitution. They are opposed to your voting, and will do all they can to defeat the constitution which offers you so many blessings. Do not vote the ticket which they vote, and you will vote right. When they say NO, you say YES, and the constitution will be ratified, the state will be saved, and you will have all *your rights*.

The adoption of this constitution will bring prosperity to Louisiana. Our levees will be rebuilt; Northern men will come with money and settle among us; and the rich men of the North will invest their funds in the lands and trade of our state. You will then obtain higher wages for your labor, and in a short time you will be rich enough to buy a little farm. And in the possession of your property you will be protected by well organized courts and by a powerful militia force composed of Union men.

To secure the adoption of such a constitution it is your duty to make any sacrifice. You may live far from the polls, but if necessary walk a HUNDRED MILES to vote for so many rights. Your employer may threaten to discharge you if you leave off work to go to vote, but pay no attention to his threats, go and VOTE.

It will be better for you to have a constitution which will bring to you so many rights and blessings than to save a few dollars now. Your present loss will be your future gain. Do not be alarmed by threats of violence. Go quietly to the polls and vote, and no one will dare to hurt you. Do not fail to take your registration papers with you on the day of election, and if any of you have not registered, go at once and get your papers.

Colored men of Louisiana, you are in the majority in this state. You are EIGHTY THOUSAND strong. If you all vote one way the constitution will be adopted, but your greatest danger is you may divide among yourselves, and if you do, ALL IS LOST. In your *Union* there is STRENGTH. All vote one way.

Let us warn you of another danger. There are three tickets in the field—one Democratic, one Republican, and another that is said to be Republican. If you divide and vote on the two Republican tickets, the Democrats will run in between and carry the state. Suppose there are one hundred and twenty-five thousand votes polled. Now, suppose you divide, and forty thousand of you vote for Warmoth and forty thousand vote for Taliaferro and forty-five thousand Democrats vote for Baker. Now, these forty-five thousand Democrats united will do more than the eighty thousand Republicans divided can do. But how can you defeat the Democrats? Why, in a very simple way—*by* all voting for H. C. WARMOTH, O. J. Dunn, and the regular nominees of your party.

They are the regular candidates. They are your true friends. Congress wants them elected, and they are the only Republicans who can possibly be elected. Then, Republicans of Louisiana, arise in your might, adopt the Constitution, and elect the Radical Republican ticket. Your enemies will be defeated, and you will stand forth in all the pride and glory of true American citizens.

MERCANTILE REASON.

The conviction that the new constitution will be ratified by an overwhelming vote is generally gaining ground among all classes of our people. The *Bulletin* of yesterday frankly admits the utter impossibility of defeating it. In this particular our cotemporary takes a sensible view of the situation, and its course is in strong contrast with the senseless ravings of the Camp street papers. The latter persist in applying all sorts of vulgar epithets to the constitution and the loyal men who framed it, and imagine because they are unsparing of such words as "damnable," "infamous," etc., that the constitution is bound to be rejected. The *Bulletin*, however, although strongly prejudiced against the instrument on account of its great principles of liberty and equality, is nevertheless sufficiently controlled by the commercial men of the city to treat the matter calmly and according to the truths of arithmetic. It knows that the business men are anxiously longing for a return to peace and the establishment of civil government, which carry with them a revival of all kinds of prosperous business, and that merchants and financiers look upon the probability of a ratification of the constitution by the light of facts and figures, and not through partisan prejudice and bitterness. Hence the *Bulletin* does not join its Democratic associates of Camp street enough to deceive the people into further efforts to prevent the adoption of the constitution. Its mercantile patrons, among whom are doubtless many men of Northern origin, generally called "carpet-baggers," "Yankees," and "Abolitionists" by the rebel press, are not to be humbugged into the belief that the new constitution can be defeated, or into the support of old party tricks for important political ends.

The respectable and intelligent men of business are almost unanimously for the constitution and a return to quiet law and order. They have had enough of rebels and their plans for governing the country, and their business has suffered immensely in consequence of following the advice of secession leaders and office-seekers. They are now determined to vote for their own interests as a class, and in this they consult the interests of the whole people. When commerce thrives all branches of industry prosper. The *Bulletin* has seen the handwriting on the wall, and caught the spirit of our mercantile community, and lays down some propositions concerning the new constitution which are founded on truth and which consequently must astonish its Camp street cotemporaries. The same paper is equally explicit in stating that the regular Republican ticket, headed by Judge Warmoth for governor, is much the stronger of what it terms "the two Republican tickets," but with Democratic shrewdness it adds that for that very reason the weaker should be encouraged and not "crushed out."

But the *Bulletin's* hope of electing a Democratic ticket in Louisiana because of divisions in the Republican party is as futile as the hope of Camp street to defeat the constitution. Such divisions will not help the rebels, however completely they may politically ruin their originators and supporters. Passion and prejudice must give way to reason and truth; the new constitution must and will be ratified; and the nominees of the state convention of the Republican party will be elected.

MR. ABELL.

That proverbial insanity which precedes and betokens destruction has received a new and striking illustration in the conduct of the Democratic central committee in nominating E. Abell for the office of judge of our chief criminal court. Their nominations as a batch are absurd enough, and have already been bitterly repudiated by a large portion of their press and party, but in presenting the name of Abell they have exhibited a madness which surely preludes defeat. If the man had learning we might pardon his want of dignity and discretion. If he had dignity and discretion we might pardon his want of learning. If he had a natural sense of justice we might forget his former politics. If his former politics had been such as to give promise of an educated regard for right we might forget his want of any natural sense of justice. But as he is, his nomination, in the dark corner of a committee-room, to the office in question, is an insult to our community. He represents nothing but ignorance and intolerance. During the short time he was on the bench he was every thing that a judge ought not to be. His instructions to petty juries, instead of enlightening them, only had the effect to fill their minds with a little of the gross darkness that clouded his own. His charges to the grand jury, instead of calling their attention to matters of public interest within their jurisdiction, were adapted only to inflame their hearts with a little of his own political malice. To convert his court into a mass meeting, in which he might rant against congress, against Republicanism, and against the rights of the colored man, was his daily delight. To cause the members of the convention of 1866 to be indicted because they were mobbed and massacred, was the crowning glory of his official career.

This, in brief, is the man whom the Democratic committee in their secret caucus have decided to put upon the bench of our chief criminal court.

REBEL REGISTRATION.

The rebel cry now is "*register, register,*" and we join the cry, and add "*be careful to keep out of the penitentiary.*" That it is the imperative duty of every man who can conscientiously and truthfully register to do so at once is unquestionable, and it is equally his duty to vote for the new constitution, that we may again have peace and prosperity in Louisiana.

But if there are any registrars who purpose letting "every white man register who desires to do so," (and we understand there are), contrary to the letter and spirit of the reconstruction acts, they had better reconsider their determinations, and remember that very soon in this state loyal laws will be enforced by loyal men.

And the rebels, "Democrats," and copperheads who are so strongly urged by the rebel press to register! register! register! had also better take heed to their ways, and read the laws defining and punishing perjury, and remember that those laws will soon be enforced in their letter and spirit. He who commits perjury for the sake of voting against our new constitution will be very likely to grow wiser if not better within the walls of a prison.

ST. CHARLES.

A drive yesterday through this flourishing parish afforded us much satisfaction. The season thus far could not have been finer. The soil is in excellent condition. The fields both of stubble and plant cane are beginning to shoot up their long and verdant rows. A large breadth of land has been planted with corn, much of which is already several inches in height, and the work is still going on. The freedmen are laboring with a vigor which is the greater because they feel that, with their hopes of justice and equal rights, there is now something definite to work for.

The political prospect in the parish is no less bright than the agricultural. The adoption of the constitution, and the election of the regular Republican state, congressional, and local tickets are sure, so far as they depend on the vote of St. Charles.

A REMARKABLE BIRD.

We have heard of a pelican with a pouch, but the discovery made by the Camp street *Plunky* that there are vultures among us with carpet-bags is something entirely new. We can not too highly applaud this valuable contribution to the science of ornithology.

The *Plunky* warns the "colored voters" against the deep designs of these extraordinary birds, who are "seducing the colored vote;" and the astute *Plunky* attempts in a desperate way to keep some colored votes for itself. After having for three years heaped reproach, misrepresentation, ridicule, and contempt on this class of our citizens, it now appeals to them to reject a constitution which confers on them the rights of true manhood. A vulture with a carpet-bag would be a prodigious sight, indeed, but not quite so astounding as this logic of the *Plunky*. There is an old saying that "when the sky falls we shall catch plenty of larks." When that event occurs, and not till then, will the colored voters be caught in the meshes of these rebel nets. To suppose that the "colored voters" of Louisiana will vote against the constitution is simply to accuse them of a total want of sense. Why not go a step further, and ask them to return to a state of slavery at once?

DEMAGOGUES.

The politicians of the South who before the war proclaimed themselves the especial friends of the people, and for their own selfish and mercenary purposes urged them into a war to destroy the government of the United States, now proclaim that their rights have been invaded by the legislation of congress, which confers upon all the loyal people the right of franchise, and the right to participate in the administration of the government.

By what authority did these demagogues obtain the exclusive right to control the destinies of the people, communities, and states? Where did they obtain authority to vote and exclude from suffrage other men because their complexion did not happen to be white? All governments republican in form are derived from the people, and the demagogues who now proclaim from the rostrum or through the press that only a portion of the loyal people are entitled to vote will be forced to the conclusion that the franchise once conferred by congress on a class of men to whom it has hitherto been denied will never be taken from them.

Demagogues may excite the passions and inflame the prejudices of the classes whom they address, but they can never revoke the decree enfranchising the race that was loyal to the government of the United States in its hour of deepest peril. The sooner, therefore, the sway of passion and prejudice yields to reason and inevitable destiny, the sooner will prosperity be restored to the South.

POOR MEN.

We have heard of but two or three poor men in our neighborhood who intend to vote against the new constitution. The poor have suffered so much in consequence of the rebellion and the overbearing, tyrannical sway of the slave oligarchy that they have lost all confidence in the old political hacks who now oppose every measure calculated to restore peace and prosperity to the state. Almost every intelligent and honest poor man who has read the new constitution has seen so much in it for his protection and for the general good that there is hardly any opposition to it from this numerous class of our population. The following sections particularly commend themselves to every citizen who earns his bread in the sweat of his brow:

ART. 11. No law shall be passed fixing the price of manual labor.

ART. 121. The general assembly shall pass no law requiring a property qualification for office.

ART. 132. All lands sold in pursuance of decrees of courts shall be divided into tracts of from ten to fifty acres.

Under the operation of section 132 wealthy planters and speculators in lands will no longer have it in their power to prevent large estates from being divided and sold to poor men. The new constitution throughout its provisions evinces so tender and careful a regard for the interests of the poorer classes of our people that it may truly be called "the poor man's constitution."

ANOTHER CARD.

Mr. Thomas Murray, the Democratic nominee for mayor, has published a card, in which he thanks the Democratic Executive committee for nothing, and declines to run. In view of the fact that Mr. Murray had not the remotest chance of success, his declination can not be rated as a remarkable instance of self-abnegation. The Democracy will have no difficulty in finding some one equally unfit for the position who is quite willing to try the experiment. There are a dozen or more gentlemen whom General Butler sent to Fort Jackson or Ship Island about the same time he did Mr. Murray, and who have not yet had an opportunity to draw the first dividend on this their sole political capital stock.

A REBEL PLAN.

We are informed that Mr. Bradish Johnson, of Plaquemines parish, has stated to his hands that he will discharge any of his employes who participate in Republican clubs, and has posted up notices, informing every body that he will avail himself of the late laws punishing as trespassers, any person who enters upon his plantation without his consent.

It would be well for Mr. Johnson to remember that the freedmen's bureau will provide for all employes discharged in this way, and that any attempt to enforce laws so nearly akin to the slave code will be met by process from the United States courts.

It is rumored upon the street to-day that the independent Republican candidates for State offices have withdrawn, or are about to withdraw from the contest. We can not vouch for the truth of the report, but evidently this course is demanded by patriotism, and by the Republican party, not only of this state but of the whole country. Reports from all parts of the state plainly indicate that there is no possibility that one of them can be elected, and remaining longer in the field can only distract the party, and encourage the rebels to renewed efforts. All Radical Republicans will welcome them back to their ranks with open arms, for there is more rejoicing over one sinner that repenteth than over ninety-nine who need no repentance.

HON. E. C. BAYNE.—This true Republican is the regular nominee for parish recorder in the parish of St. Tammany. We have known him long and known him well. He is a gentleman of sound judgment, and will discharge his duties with impartiality. The people of St. Tammany should be proud to have such a man in a position of trust, and our friends should vote for him to a man.

CIRCULAR TO THE REPUBLICANS OF LOUISIANA.

HEADQUARTERS COMMITTEE ON THE CAMPAIGN, Radical Republican Party, No. 12 Dryades street, New Orleans, March 3, 1868.

The Campaign Committee of the Republican party of Louisiana deem it proper to lay before the party the accompanying circular, signed by the Republican members of the constitutional convention, with the resolutions of the Republican nominating convention, together with those of the Central Executive committee, unanimously ratifying the nominations of the state ticket, and expelling certain bolters from the committee.

With the exception of a few disappointed office-seekers, mostly new in the ranks of the party, who having failed to rule are now determined to ruin it, and who have been found out and expelled from all committees and clubs to which they belonged, the party is unanimously in favor of the regularly nominated ticket, headed by the Honorable H. C. Warmoth.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted by the Radical Republican state nominating convention, January 15, 1868, just previous to its adjournment:

Resolved, That we hereby pledge our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor to the success of the Radical Republican party, and the election of the candidates we have nominated. S. H. PACKARD, Chairman.

DENNIS BURREL, Secretary.

HALL CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION OF LA., New Orleans, La., February 20, 1868.

The undersigned, members of the constitutional convention and citizens of Louisiana, apprehensive that the New Orleans *Tribune* may be regarded as representing us in its opposition to the regularly nominated ticket for state officers, take this method of protesting against its course, and pledge ourselves to heartily support, with our votes and influence, the nominees of the state convention made on the 13th and 14th of January, 1868:

James H. Ingraham, Caddo.
Cæsar C. Antoine, Caddo.
Benjamin McLeran, Caddo.
George Y. Kelso, Caddo.
Samuel E. Caney, Rapides.
S. L. Snaer, St. Martins.
Dennis Burrel, St. John Baptist.
Peter Harper, St. Charles.
Leopold Guichard, St. Bernard.
J. M. Deslonde, St. John Baptist.
William Murrel, Lafourche.
F. Edwards, Avoyelles.
Thomas Isabelle, Orleans.
N. Schwab, Jefferson.
R. G. Gardiner, Jefferson.
J. A. Massicot, Orleans.
J. H. A. Roberts, Jefferson.
Thomas N. Martin, Jefferson.
David Douglass, Orleans.
Charles Leroy, Natchitoches.
W. H. Hirstand, Natchitoches.
T. Mahier, West Baton Rouge.
Richard Lewis, East Feliciana.
Solomon R. Moses, Orleans.
W. R. Meadows, Claiborne.
P. G. Deslonde, Iberville.
J. C. Scott, Jackson.
D. H. Reese, Lafourche.
P. B. S. Pinchback, Orleans.
F. Marie, Terrebonne.
G. W. Ferguson, Jackson.
John Gair, East Feliciana.
Joseph C. Oliver, St. James.
John S. Harris, Concordia.
James H. Landess, Concordia.
James B. Lewis, Sabine.
M. H. Twitchell, Bienville.
N. Underwood, St. James.
George W. Reagan, East Baton Rouge.
S. B. Packard, Orleans.
G. M. Wickliffe, Orleans.
Simeon Belden, Orleans.
J. P. Newsham, West Feliciana.
O. H. Hempstead, Assumption.
F. Biard, Lafayette.
Daniel D. Riggs, St. Tammany, St. Helena, Livingston, and Washington.
Curtiss Pollard, Madison.
Henderson Williams, Franklin.
Simon Jones, Orleans.
R. H. Steele, Tensas.
A. N. Gould, Tensas.
A. J. Demarest, St. Mary.
R. Poindexter, Assumption.
P. F. Vallrott, Ascension.
O. C. Blandin, Orleans.
Milton Morris, Ascension.
George H. Jackson, St. Landry.
U. Dupart, Terrebonne.
J. B. Esnard, St. Mary.
David Wilson, Orleans.

Having previously announced in public print that I deemed it my duty as an honorable man and a consistent politician to support the regular nominees of the Republican party, I have no hesitancy in signing this paper; but I feel not at all apprehensive that the New Orleans *Tribune* has been or will be taken as misrepresenting me in the matter.

W. JASPER BLACKBURN,
Claiborne.

My object being law, order, peace, and prosperity for the people of Louisiana, I oppose all divisions of the Republican party. L. W. BAKER,
of Bossier.

I cheerfully support the state ticket.
R. L. CROMWELL,
Orleans.

We pledge ourselves to support the state ticket of the Republican party, nominated on the thirteenth and fourteenth of January, 1868.
MICHEL VIDAL,
A. DONATO, Jr.,
St. Landry.

I cheerfully support Judge Warmoth for governor, and disapprove of the course of the *Tribune*.
GEORGE W. DEARING, Jr.,
Rapides.

We cheerfully support the regular state ticket made by the nominating convention.
VICTOR M. LANGE,
L. FRANCOIS,
East Baton Rouge.
CHARLES A. THIBAUT,
Plaquemines.

HEADQ'RS CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, Radical Republican Party, New Orleans, Louisiana, March 2, 1868.

Out of eighty-six Republicans in the constitutional convention, seventy-eight have avowed themselves in favor of the regularly nominated state ticket, while four colored men, Rodriguez, of Orleans, Bonnefoi, of Pointe Coupee, Dupart, of St. Tammany, Butler, of St. Helena; and four white men, Taliaferro, of Catahoula, and Crane, Smith, and Mushaway, of Orleans, are the only members of the convention who favor the bolters' ticket, on which four of them (Taliaferro for governor, Smith for secretary of state, Crane for attorney general, and Bonnefoi for auditor,) have places.

This Central Executive committee, composed of one hundred and forty members, with the greatest unanimity, adopted, January 25 and January 30, the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we cordially indorse and earnestly support the candidates nominated by the Radical Republican state convention.

Resolved, That we condemn and denounce any effort to prop up another ticket as an attempt to divide our party and defeat reconstruction and the success of our principles.

Resolved, That all members of the Central Executive committee of the Radical Republican party of Louisiana who oppose the nominees of the state nominating convention of our party shall be regarded as disorganizers, and their seats shall be declared vacant.

WHEREAS, The New Orleans *Tribune* has ceased to represent the principles and policy of the Republican party of Louisiana; therefore

Resolved, That we hereby repudiate it as the organ of our party and of this committee, and appoint the New Orleans REPUBLICAN as the organ of our party and of this committee.

Under the second resolution Charles Smith, O. Votsche, L. Rodriguez, J. B. Soulé, W. E. Crane, J. L. Monthieu, and three others were unanimously expelled.

The State Central Executive committee is harmonious, and determined that the principles and ticket of the party shall succeed.

SIDNEY L. LEWIS,
President State Central Ex. Committee.
WM. VINZENA, Secretary.

GRAND REPUBLICAN RALLY.

MASS MEETING ON CONGO SQUARE.

Friday Evening, April 3.

Let arrangements be made by all the REPUBLICAN ORGANIZATIONS IN THE CITY

TURN OUT EN MASSE.

All men who believe in Loyalty and Justice, and desire Peace and Prosperity, are cordially invited.

COME ONE—COME ALL.

Eminent speakers will address the meeting.

By order of the COMMITTEE.

mh31 4t

RADICAL REPUBLICAN TICKET

—FOR THE—

PARISH OF ORLEANS

—AND—

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

The following are the nominations, as far as completed, made by the Regular Nominating Convention of the Radical Republican Party for Parish and Municipal Officers:

PARISH TICKET.

Criminal Sheriff—A. P. DUMAS.
Civil Sheriff—JOHN M. DAVIS.
Coroner 1st and 4th Districts, and Algiers—Dr. W. H. HIRE.
Coroner 2d and 3d Districts—Dr. M. P. AVILA.
District Attorney—HENRY C. DIBBLE.
Judge First District Court—W. W. HOWE.
Clerk First District Court—THOMAS LEON.
Judge Second District Court—R. H. SHANNON.
Clerk Second District Court—S. S. PACKARD.
Judge Third District Court—J. K. BELDEN.
Clerk Third District Court—F. G. LLORENS.
Judge Fourth District Court—J. P. BOYD.
Clerk Fourth District Court—A. BOUGELOT.
Judge Fifth District Court—CHAS. LEAUMONT.
Clerk Fifth District Court—L. A. SNAER.
Judge Sixth District Court—ALANSON B. LONG.
Clerk Sixth District Court—HENRY S. HUBERT.
Judge Seventh District Court—STEPHEN S. FISH.
Clerk of Seventh District Court—E. DULUC.

Justices of the Peace and Constables.

First Justice—E. GIFFORD; Constable—TERENCE COOK. Second Justice—F. S. GANTER; Constable—JAMES W. QUINN. Third Justice—V. E. MACARTY; Constable—RICHARD KENNER. Fourth Justice—JOS. G. RAUM; Constable—EUGENE MEILLEUR. Fifth Justice (Algiers), EUGENE MCCARTHY; Constable—JOHN P. CAZELAR. Sixth Justice—Dr. D. MACKAY; Constable—LEON POSTHIL.

State Tax Assessors.

City of New Orleans—J. W. MENARD, JOS. O. LAINEZ, W. C. KINSELLA, GEORGE P. CARR. Right Bank—E. J. BRUNETT.

State Tax Collectors.

First District—FRANCIS C. MARIAN. Second District—VICTOR GERODIAS. Third District—O. C. BLANDIN. Fourth District—E. P. DUCLOSLANGE. Algiers—V. E. FREVILLE.

Senate.

First District—GEORGE W. MADER, DAVID WILSON, SOLOMON R. MOSES. Second District—HUGH J. CAMPBELL, P. B. S. PINCHBACK. Third District—T. Y. COPELAND, Captain MONETTE. Fourth District—N. WHITING.

Representatives.

First Representative District—Col. C. B. YOUNG, CHARLES H. HUGHES. Second District—CHARLES H. FOX, OLERMONT F. GLAUDIN, BENJAMIN GEDDES. Third District—BARTHOLOMEW COLLINS, F. G. ANTOINE, R. H. IRABELLE, MORTIMER CARR. Fourth District—J. HALL, HENRY HEIDENHAIN. Fifth District—JOS. MANSION, V. L. CERRESSOLLE. Sixth District—JOHN G. SELDON. Seventh District—CHAS. MARTINEZ, A. M. VICTOR. Eighth District—AUGUSTIN MAURICE. Ninth District—SAMUEL CARTER and WM. MOORE. Tenth District—JAMES DORSEY, GEORGE W. KINCAIDE. Eleventh District—EDWARD WILLIAMS. Right Bank—FRANK ALEXANDER.

MUNICIPAL TICKET.

Mayor of New Orleans—SETH W. LEWIS.
Controller—ST. FELIX GARANAVE. Street Commissioner—WILLIAM BAKER.

Recorders.

First District—JOHN P. BECKER. Second District—EUGENE STARS. Third District—J. A MASSICOT. Fourth District—WILLIAM WEBER.

Aldermen.

First District—JOHN M. G. PARKER, W. G. McCONNELL, and PATRICK HARNAN. Second District—J. A. RAYNAL, LUDGER BOUGUILE. Third District—L. PESSOU, OSCAR POYNOT. Fourth District—A. JEHLEN and EDMOND FLOOD.

Assistant Aldermen.

First Ward—. Second Ward—W. B. ARMSTRONG, J. B. NOBLE. Third Ward—W. H. PEMBERTON, C. CAMP. Fourth Ward—J. H. INGRAHAM, LEWIS BANKS. Fifth Ward—CHARLES GRANDPRE. Sixth Ward—A. ST. LEGER. Seventh Ward—E. C. MORPHY. Eighth Ward—HENRY SCHULTZ. Ninth Ward—OSCAR ALLEN. Tenth Ward—GEO. SUHANTZ. Eleventh Ward—YORICK CAMPBELL.

Respectfully submitted.
HENRY C. DIBBLE, Chairman.
F. G. LLORENS, Secretary. mh30

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Elegant SADDLE HORSES;
Fine WORK MULES;
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Top and Open Buggies, Elegant Brettis, Harness Wagons, etc.

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U. S. MARSHAL'S SALES.

United States vs. 9100 Cigars, marked "Lecon."

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the District of Louisiana, No. 9367.—By virtue of a writ of condition' exposas, to me directed in the above entitled suit, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, the eleventh day of April, 1868, at twelve (12) o'clock M., at entrance to Customhouse building, on Old Levee street—

9100 CIGARS, more or less.

Terms—Cash, at time of adjudication, in U. S. Treasury notes.

United States Marshal's Office, New Orleans, thirtieth day of March, 1868.

F. J. HERRON, U. S. Marshal.

No. 846—mh31 apl 7 11

Paul H. Lewis vs. Charles Israel.

IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT for the District of Louisiana, No. 5665.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale, to me directed by the above named court in the above entitled suit, I received, by mail on the ninth day of March, 1868, I will expose for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, the 4th day of April, 1868, at twelve o'clock noon, at the entrance to the Customhouse, on Old Levee street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the city, the following described property, viz:

TWO CERTAIN LOTS OF GROUND, situated in the first district of the city of New Orleans, designated as lots No. 20 and 21 on a plan copied in the office of T. O. Starke, Notary, as platted, said lots adjoin each other and measure twenty-four feet front on Erato street by a depth between parallel lines of one hundred and fifty-four feet nine inches and ten lines, together with all buildings and improvements thereon, which are described properly will be sold to satisfy the judgment, Paul H. Lewis' claim, viz: the sum of Twelve hundred dollars, interest, and all costs, as per act of mortgage on file, passed before Edward Barron, Notary, in this city on the sixteenth day of October, 1865.

Terms—Cash in United States Treasury notes, costs of deed and Internal Revenue stamps at expense of purchaser.

United States Marshal's Office, New Orleans, March 5, 1868.

F. J. HERRON, U. S. Marshal, District of Louisiana.

No. 503—mh30 1d 10 17 26 31 apl

U. S. MARSHAL'S MONITIONS.

James Weaver vs. Steamer Bienville, her Tackle, Apparel, etc.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the District of Louisiana, No. 9361.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant, to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

The steamer BIENVILLE, her Tackle, Apparel, etc., now libeled by James Weaver in the above entitled suit, and I do hereby cite and admonish the owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title, or interest therein, to be and appear at the District Court of the United States, for the District aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans, on the THIRD MONDAY from the date hereof, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said steamer Bienville, her tackle, apparel, etc., should not be condemned and be sold to satisfy the prayer of libelant.

United States Marshal's Office, New Orleans, thirtieth