New Orleans Republican.

E. A. SOUTHWORTH, Editor and Proprietor.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

NEW ORLEANS, MAY 20, 1868.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

Is published every day (Mondays excepted) at No. 87 St. Charles street. Terms: $16 a year; $8 for six months; $4 for three months—payable invariably in advance. Single copies ten cents.

Rates of Advertising.

Squares.	1 mo.	2 mos.	3 mos.	6 mos.	12 mos.
One	$12 net	$22 net	$30 net	$50 net	$75 net
Two	22 "	38 "	50 "	80 "	125 "
Three	30 "	53 "	70 "	110 "	175 "
Four	38 "	67 "	90 "	140 "	225 "
Five	46 "	80 "	105 "	170 "	275 "
Six	54 "	95 "	120 "	200 "	325 "
Seven	60 "	105 "	135 "	230 "	375 "
Eight	65 "	115 "	150 "	260 "	420 "
Nine	70 "	125 "	165 "	290 "	460 "
Ten	75 "	135 "	180 "	320 "	500 "
Eleven	80 "	145 "	195 "	350 "	540 "
Twelve	85 "	155 "	210 "	380 "	580 "
Thirteen	90 "	165 "	220 "	410 "	620 "
Fourteen	95 "	175 "	230 "	440 "	660 "
Fifteen	100 "	185 "	240 "	450 "	700 "
Thirty	175 "	330 "	450 "	750 "	1200 "

Monthly advertisements, inserted every other day, to be charged two-thirds the above rates.

Second page monthly advertisements, each square $20 per month.

Transient advertisements, having the run of the paper, first insertion $1.50 per square; each subsequent insertion seventy-five cents per square.

Second page transient advertisements, each insertion $1.50 per square.

Advertisements inserted at intervals to be charged as new each insertion.

Regular advertisers, who advertise largely, will be allowed such discount from above named transient rates, may be agreed upon; provided, that in no case shall such discount exceed twenty-five per cent.

All business notices of advertisements to be charged twenty cents per line each insertion.

THE WEEKLY REPUBLICAN

Is published every Saturday morning. Subscription, $5 per annum in advance; half yearly and quarterly same rates. Single copies ten cents.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

EDWARD H. DURELL

For Poetry, Miscellaneous Items, Monetary and Commercial Reports, Marine Intelligence, etc., see Fourth Page.

VALUE OF THE REPUBLICAN TO BUSINESS MEN.

Business men, lawyers, judges, and in fact all classes should bear in mind that the REPUBLICAN publishes officially the laws of Congress as soon as passed, the important advertisements of the government quartermasters and commissaries, inviting proposals for all manner of supplies, the entire official proceedings of all departments of the city government, including the sheriff's sales for delinquent taxes, and is the only paper in the State in which every advertisement in bankruptcy is ordered to be published. Aside from its political, commercial, and literary value, it is indispensable to nearly every man in the State on account of these offical notices. It is the only daily paper now published in the State that had sufficient enterprise to publish the new Constitution entire. We do not neglect any subject that is of any interest to our people.

NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

The subscription price of this paper is $16 a year, and the same rates for one-half or one-quarter of a year, payable in advance. The paper can be obtained from the carriers at the usual rates by leaving name and address at this office, or by applying to the carriers, and payment can be made at this office or to the carrier.

The Weekly REPUBLICAN is five dollars a year, payable in advance. The Sunday REPUBLICAN, delivered by carriers, is also five dollars a year, payable in advance.

We have received from the publishers, Messrs. Krull & Dickey, No. 106 Canal street, "Loomis' Treatise on Meteorology," an excellent work with meteorological tables and illustrations, and an invaluable addition to every library. Also, "The Old World In Its New Face," by the Rev. H. W. Bellows; a book which will be doubly prized by the many admirers of the reverend author.

We are also indebted to the courtesy of Messrs. Krull & Dickey for "Breakspear; or, the Fortunes of a Free Lance," by the author of "Guy Livingston," etc.; for "Poor Humanity," a novel by F. W. Robinson, and for "Jeanie's Quiet Life," a novel by the author of "St. Olave's," "Janita's Cross," etc.

Searchers for good reading should call at 106 Canal street.

Our rebel neighbors must be greatly harassed by a consciousness of wrong doing, for they seem to see "in every bush an officer." They are peculiarly sensitive on the subject of Conway and Sypher, and are affected by them as holy water affects the distinguished leader of the Democracy. A Camp street journal has a very cheery article on Mr. Conway's late experiences in Washington; but unfortunately we have reason to believe that neither General Sypher or Mr. Conway has been in Washington since the election.

A SERIOUS MISTAKE.—Our usually correct cotemporary, the *Bulletin*, having accused a certain gentleman of being truly loyal, he considers himself deeply aggrieved, and publishes a card in the *Times* declaring that the charge is false and malicious in every particular," as he has been a "life-long Democrat." The *Bulletin* should be more careful in bestowing compliments.

OLIVER CONCLAVE.—We acknowledge an invitation to attend the public installation of Oliver Conclave No. 16, S. W. M., at their hall, 67 Josephine street, this evening at eight o'clock.

THE FETE CHAMPETRE.—We are indebted to the committee for tickets of invitation to visit the Fair grounds during the continuance of the fete champetre and tournament.

Our dispatches state that yellow fever prevails at Vera Cruz. What precautions are being taken by our city authorities to prevent its ravages here?

POSTPONED.—The performances advertised to take place at the Fair Grounds, beginning yesterday, have been postponed until Tuesday, May 26.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The General Assembly about to meet will be one of the most important bodies that ever convened in Louisiana. It will have the task of reorganizing the industrial and commercial interests of the State, placing in practical operation the Republican principles of the new Constitution, revising the laws, adopting the Constitutional amendment, and restoring law, order, and prosperity where these have so long been strangers.

In this arduous enterprise the lovers of the State can look with hope to the Republican members only; the Democratic Assemblymen are members of a reactionary, anti-progressive party whose only forte will be to hold back everything and advance nothing.

The General Assembly will be divided into but two parties, the Republican and the Democratic, or, properly speaking, the rebel party. There may be one or two members of the guerrilla order who have come for pay or plunder, and who hope to preserve an armed neutrality between these parties.

But these may as well be counted as Democrats from the start, for they are "birds of a feather," and no man can long resist his natural impulses. As there may be danger at the first moment of some of our friends being misled, we deem it important to call their attention to the wide difference between the Republican and Democratic parties. There are but these two parties in the United States. They are national as well as State parties. Every member of the Assembly must either be a Republican or Democrat. The former is in favor of advanced ideas, of freedom and justice, and the civil and political equality of all men, of universal education, and the settlement of all issues resulting from the war. The latter is in favor of unsettling all that has been done, and going back as far as possible into the past. Every measure and every act of the Assembly will be either in favor of or against one or the other of these policies.

From the first organization of each house of the Assembly not a step will be taken but will be directly in favor of or opposed to Republican principles and the success of the Republican party in the great Presidential contest now opening. It is important, then, that our friends note this fact, unite as a party, and know their friends, and organize and act in unison.

We may expect, perhaps, to see a few persons elected as true Radicals by Republican votes sail for a while under false colors, as some did in the Convention. But such men, if there be any such, who would sell for a mess of pottage their birthright in the great Republican party, which is destined to rule this country for the next thirty years, will soon sink to obscurity or be driven into the Democratic party, where they will have long years for repentance and regret.

Let the Republican members meet and organize thoroughly. Let it be understood that in organizing the House, and in electing officers for the Legislature, the will of the majority must guide; and that the interests of every good citizen, and the interests of our party and our principles require that all should submit to be so guided. Let it also be understood that he who opposes the Republican party in our Legislature, or in Louisiana, opposes the great Republican party of the nation, the next President of the United States, and Congress, and should expect to take his place with Rebels and Copperheads.

Several intelligent and loyal gentlemen have been elected to the Legislature mainly by Democratic votes. We hope that they also will understand that Louisiana is to have a Republican State government for the next four years and a half, and that it is morally certain that our national administration will be Republican, and that therefore not only propriety and truth and justice, but also self-interest require that they should identify themselves with the great party of freedom and progress. No temporary and trivial advantages can compare with the importance of belonging to a great and dominant party, or the consciousness of following the dictates of truth and of conscience. Especially should those who were loyal during the rebellion remember that now or never are the great issues of the war to be peacefully settled on a basis which will give us lasting peace and prosperity. The principles of our new Constitution must and will be carried into practical operation in Louisiana, and every interest of society and the State demands that it should be done harmoniously and immediately. Our people require the enforcement of law and order, then rest from political contention and then will come prosperity.

MEXICAN WAY OF DOING IT.

Mr. John Brandt, of Staten Island, New York, about thirty years old, had resided several years in California and Oregon. He lately left a lucrative business and went to Mexico, at the urgent solicitation of his brother, to assist in building the Mexico and Vera Cruz railroad. But Mexican ladrones—men who will not build railroads or engage in other honorable pursuits—men with undying hatred to foreigners or new-comers—came in the night with murder in their hearts and attacked five sleeping men, one of whom was Mr. Brandt, who has since died of his wounds. There is a great similarity between the Mexican way of doing it and the custom throughout the South in this year of our Lord 1868. Men who oppose social, political, and national progress, assault and assassinate determined men who advocate innovation on the past and new and better political principles and civil rights. The man who touches the equality of all men before God and the law is doing a much nobler work than he who builds railroads in Mexico; nevertheless, the "chivalric" outlaw who orders him from his home or strives or perpetrates his murder claims to be civilized! refined! Southern! The Mexican ladrone is the better man. We trust that United States soldiers will soon assist in reducing both, and that schools, churches, and a loyal militia will help on the good work in Louisiana.

ENCOURAGEMENT TO IMMIGRATION.

We are glad that at least one influential Camp street journal has had the boldness, and such a step in this community demands no little boldness, to publicly proclaim the sentiment we have so often advocated upon the subject of Southern immigration. Had human ingenuity been set to work to devise a plan not only to keep immigration out of Louisiana, but also to drive away from our State the residents who are really desirable, none more effectual could have been devised than that which has been systematically followed by the Democratic press of New Orleans ever since the surrender, with the solitary exception of the journal to which we have referred.

To persistently heap upon whole classes of the community all manner of filthy epithets and names expressive of meanness and rascality, simply because they are Republicans, is the best of evidence that the author of the same is either a fool or a knave. No man was ever convinced by such arguments, and we only wonder that the right-thinking part of the community have so long tolerated the nuisance. There is not an intelligent farmer or artisan in the North, be he Republican or Democrat, who would not be utterly disgusted with this sort of thing, which is just now raging in the country papers of Louisiana. Had he ever thought of emigrating to this State the simple reading of her principal journals would be enough to prevent his coming. And yet, forsooth, these same newspapers claim to advocate the best interests of Louisiana!

We quote from our Camp street cotemporary:

What we need most to do is to encourage the immigration not of mere laborers and dependents, but of self-sustaining and independent farmers and artisans, not only regardless of their peculiar religious and political views, customs, dialect, and social manners, but with especial care to assure them that we shall be as tolerant of judgment, and reticent of remark respecting such things as do not chime in with and appear like our own as if we were in their original land instead of our own. We do not disguise in this that we have particular allusion to the Yankees of Puritan religion and Radical politics. We are as desirous of his conversion as any one, but we have never known any man converted by abuse or intimidation, and we desire him, if industrious and self-sustaining, to come here regardless of his politics or religion.

Contrast these just and liberal views with the following also from the Saturday's issue of another Camp street cotemporary:

Many residents appear desirous to sell out their property and leave our State for more stable and favored governments, mostly for France—while many contemplate to visit other parts of Europe, remain for years, or until we have a white man's government.

Three our four of our leading merchants have advised us they will settle or remain in Italy for some time, others will spend some time in Germany, and not a few in England, and how many will leave our city for France it is impossible to say, taking with them all property or everything which can be converted into gold. There are thousands desirous of leaving our negro and mongrel State, but unfortunately pecuniary considerations are an obstacle.

It is a very great misfortune that all such as are anxious to leave the State for the above reasons have not the means to do so, and what would be still more desirable, to stay away when once gone. But by some means or other the greater part of these emigrants who, out of spite, start off for Mexico, Honduras, and Brazil, manage to get back. A friend who has run steamers to Vera Cruz and British Honduras since the war says that a man with a stick could not keep these people from flocking on board and begging a free passage back to the States which they had left with curses a few months before.

No journal in the whole South has been more guilty in disseminating this species of mischief than the one from which we have last quoted. The sensible portion of the community would not regret to see the authors of all such twaddle as the above take passage on the first steamer for Brazil or the Cannibal Islands.

THE HERO OF GETTYSBURG.

The rebels have finally given General Meade over to perverseness. He has never been a favorite with them since his rough treatment of Lee and his hosts on the field of Gettysburg. Subsequent assurances from Northern Copperheads that he was a Conservative partially reconciled them to him, and raised some hopes of possible advantage from his assignment to the command of the Third District. But he has been so faithful to the reconstruction laws, so loyal to the flag, and so wanting in "susceptibility to the sweet influences of woman," that their hopes have sunk again. His recent act of mercy in pardoning four or five Alabamians, who had been condemned to the Dry Tortugas, is not sufficient to restore him to favor. And his appeal to Northern Christians to aid in building one of the burnt churches of Atlanta is discovered to be a base attempt on the part of General Meade to obscure the shining lights of the "martyred Polk and the sainted Elliott." The offense must be great indeed that can not be atoned for by acts of mercy and benevolence. Or rather we should say those are very perverse Christians who continue to harbor a feeling of hate against a great soldier whose offense is that he performed his duty. For the restoration of the Alabama prisoners "Heaven" is thanked not Meade. No wrong motive can be suggested why he should have released these men. He could not have been bribed to do it; he would not yield to the blandishments of Southern ladies. Therefore, Heaven gets the credit for the act of generosity. His appeal in behalf of the Church is based on a motive of policy. He wishes to conciliate the little flock that once met under the sacred roof of the burnt edifice, and lead them to forget the "political faith" of "the martyred Polk and the sainted Elliott." In balancing General Meade's account of good and evil, a heavy balance is found on the anti-rebel side, and so his conciliatory offers are spurned with contempt.

The Hon. Michel Vidal has been prevented by illness from attending the National Convention at Chicago, to which he was a delegate from the Fourth District. General A. L. Lee is to act as his proxy, we are informed. All of the other delegates have left for Chicago, and will doubtless be present during the session of the Convention.

THE METHODIST GENERAL CONFERENCE.

This body, representing one of the most influential ecclesiastical constituencies in the world, passed at its recent session in Chicago some very patriotic resolutions, and among others a series on the subject of impeachment. It is undoubtedly the opinion of the patriotic Christian gentlemen there assembled from all parts of the United States that the charges preferred against the President by the House of Representatives were fully sustained by the evidence and the authorities cited in the arguments. Their expression of opinion is quite appropriate at this critical juncture of affairs, and may have a good effect yet.

THE END IS NOT YET.

But one of the charges against the President has been passed upon, and of this he has escaped conviction by a single vote. If Ross, of Kansas, for example, had been true to the principles he was sent to Washington to represent the result would not have been acquittal. But there are ten other charges to be considered, and it is highly probable that of some of these Mr. Johnson will be found guilty. The end is not yet, and it would be well for our opponents to wait till the verdict is fully delivered before they begin to sing their songs of victory.

A CARPET-BAGGER IN MOBILE.—The *Register's* sanctum was honored Saturday evening by a visit from Colonel James Mann, the recently elected Democratic Representative from the second district of Louisiana, who, says that paper, "has taken occasion to make a flying trip to our city for the recreation which he may well need and certainly well deserves after the arduous campaign he has so successfully carried through, the success being due in a great measure, chiefly we may say, to his own indefatigable hard work in directing and perfecting the organization of the party." The opposition of Southern Democrats seems not to be to carpet-baggers *per se*, but only carpet-baggers who happen to be Republicans. They embrace Democratic Yankees most cordially.

We are informed that Messrs. Anderson and Offutt, Senators elect from St. Landry, Calcasieu, and Lafayette, were not elected as Republicans. Probably they will affiliate with the Democracy, unless sober second thought shall show them the error of its ways.

CROPS IN TEXAS.—The editor of the Lavaca (Texas) *Commercial* recently visited some of the plantations in the neighborhood of Victoria, and conversed with the planters. The facts elicited thereby are encouraging. A good many native born white men are engaged in cultivating the soil. On some plantations they have white men, Mexicans, and freedmen at work. There is a splendid prospect for crops, both corn and cotton.

DEAFNESS—DEAFNESS.

DR. W. L. DAVIS,

Who has for many years been engaged in the practice of Acoustic Medicine, as is well known, trusts he may without impropriety assert that the reputation he has secured by opening the ears of the deaf shall be maintained.

Dr. Davis can be consulted daily at his office, 221 Canal street, on all Diseases of the Ear, embracing Deafness and kindred affections. mh31 eod

BANKRUPT BLANKS.

ALL THE

BLANK FORMS IN BANKRUPTCY

Now Ready.

We have completed the printing of the BANKRUPTCY BLANKS, seventy-nine in number, including the Schedules, and are ready to supply the demand in any desired quantity at the following

PRICES:

Per hundred	$4 00
Per dozen	75
Single copies	10
Orders from the country solicited.	9 13

RULES IN BANKRUPTCY,

ADOPTED BY THE

HON. E. H. DURELL,

Judge of the United States District Court,

Together with list of the United States Judicial Officers of the State, and the Act of the Legislature dividing the State into Congressional Districts, has just been published at the REPUBLICAN Office, and is now ready for delivery.

Price, 50c. 11y2dp

FURNITURE.

J. S. HUBBARD,

128.....Rampart Street.....128

Corner of Perdido.

$150,000 Worth of New Furniture at Cost.

AND STORE TO RENT.

The stock of goods is all new and of superior finish, and will hold low to close out.

BEDSTEADS.

1000 Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut, and Cherry Bedsteads.

CHAIRS,

1200 dozen Spring Seat, Cane, Wood, and Split-Bottom Chairs.

WARDROBES.

500 Rosewood, Mahogany, and Walnut Wardrobes.

BUREAUS.

500 Marble and Wood Top Bureaus, of different kinds and sizes.

TABLES.

400 Extension and Leaf Tables.

—ALSO—

A large lot of Cottage and Bedroom Sets.

All kinds of Mattrass and Wood Top Washstands.

Parlor Sets of all kinds, and every description of Furniture usually kept in a first-class establishment.

Purchasers can rely upon that every article sold by me will be as good as represented, and will be sold as low as the same description can be had in any other store in the town.

J. S. HUBBARD,

Corner Rampart and Perdido streets,

de24 6m New Orleans

ESTATE OF HARRISON WATTS.

Individually, and as a Member of the Firm of W. D. Watts & Co.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE, District of Louisiana, New Orleans, May 4, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 30th day of May, A. D. 1868, a WARRANT IN BANKRUPTCY was issued against the estate of HARRISON WATTS, individually, and as a member of the firm of W. D. Watts & Co., of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Customhouse building, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, before Dwight Pardee, Register, on the third day of July, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

F. J. HERRON, U. S. Marshal,

District of Louisiana.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

SPALDING & RHODES.....Proprietors and Managers.
J. KIEKEGOR.....Manager.....Treasurer.
W. B. CAVANAUGH.....Stage Manager

Monday, May 18, 1868,

Performing

EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY NOON,

Presenting for the first time

THE NEW MYTHOLOGICAL BURLETTA,

"The Nymphs of the Caribbean Sea,"

With new Scenery, Properties, Decorations, Mechanical Effects, Music, Calcium Lights, and Appropriate Costumes, introducing

CHARACTERISTIC PAS DE DEUX—M'lle Carnaggis and Mons. Novissimo.

GRAND AND IMPOSING MARCH—By the Amazons and Demons of the Deep.

THE GREAT BAYONET COMBAT—Miss Carrie and Mr. Charles Austin.

Producing the whole strength of the Versatile Troupe in the piece, and in an Olio Entertainment unsurpassed in the country. my19

NATIONAL HALL.

Poydras Street,

BETWEEN FRANKLIN AND LIBERTY STS.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public that he has leased this new, large, and commodious Hall, and that a Colored

PUBLIC BALL

Will be given therein every Wednesday and Saturday evening. The Hall will be rented to associations and individuals for meetings, balls, concerts, soirees, etc., on reasonable terms.

Application to be made to

ISIDOR STITCH, Lessee,

ia23 1y No. 250¾ Lafayette street.

AUCTION SALES.

C. E. GIRARDEY. T. L. MACON. NICH'S J. HOEY.

C. E. GIRARDEY & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEERS,

Nos. 17 and 19 Exchange Place,

Between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Merchants' Exchange Building,

NEW ORLEANS.

Will attend to the Sale, Purchase, and Renting of Real Estate, as heretofore, negotiate Mortgages, and attend to out-door Sales of every description. d1 tf

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF ELEGANT Match and Single Horses, Elegant Saddle Horses, Fine Work Mules, Fine Milch Cows, Buggies, Elegant Bretts, Harness, Wagons, etc., etc. at auction.

BY MONTGOMERY BROS. & CO.—R. M. Montgomery, Auctioneer—Will be sold on THURSDAY, May 21, 1868, at 11 o'clock, at P. Liner's Stable on Graver street—

Elegant MATCH HORSES.
Elegant SADDLE HORSES;
Fine WORK MULES;
Fine MILCH COWS;

—ALSO—

Top and Open Buggies, Elegant Bretts, Harness Wagons, etc.

TERMS—Cash, in United States Treasury notes. au8

FURNITURE—FURNITURE.

BY MONTGOMERY BROS. & CO.—R. M. Montgomery, Auctioneer—Will be sold on THURSDAY, May 21, 1868, at 10 o'clock, at Old Auction Mart, No. 87 Camp street—

A general assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, such as Rosewood, Mahogany, and Walnut Bedsteads, Bureaus, Armoirs, Washstands, Mahogany and Walnut Tables, Sofas, Spring Seat Chairs, Easy Chairs, Marble Top Centre Tables, Marble Top Sideboards, Extension Tables, Velvet and Brussels Carpets, French Plate Mirrors, Mattresses, Engravings, Paintings, Cooking Stoves and Utensils, etc., being the contents of several well furnished houses.

—ALSO—

A large invoice of Cottage Beds, Cane and Wood Seat Chairs, etc.

TERMS—Cash. au8

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES OF QUARTERMASTER'S STORES will be sold at public auction at the Depot Warehouses, Nos. 85, 87, 89, and 91 Front Levee street, New Orleans, Louisiana, on MONDAY, the twenty-fifth of May, 1868, viz:

10 ARMY WAGONS.
5 COTTON FLOATS.
8 AMBULANCES.
63 sets WHEEL HARNESS.
65 sets LEAD HARNESS.
120 HORSES and MULE COLLARS.
129 HALTERS.
13 WAGON COVERS.
378 yards MATTING.
15 STOVES.
433 feet STOVEPIPE.
1 IRON SAFE.
3 WATER COOLERS.
2 sets CARPENTER'S TOOLS.
4 CISTERN PUMP.
4 STEAM ENGINE BOILERS.
1 PORTABLE SAWMILL.
1 WRECKING PUMP.
1 WOOD CUTTING MACHINE.
11,725 pounds HEAVY CABLE CHAIN.
122 SHOVELS.
50 SPADES.
2 PROPELLER WHEELS.
2 ANVILS.
2 S. S. BELLOWS.
1 PORTABLE FORGE.
27 HAMMERS.
1 set WHEELWRIGHT'S TOOLS.

And many other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms—Cash in United States currency.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

R. N. BATCHELDER,

Brevet Colonel and Quartermaster U. S. A.,

my19 6t Depot Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR SASH AND DOORS.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, Fifth Military District, New Orleans, La., May 18, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS ARE INVITED AND will be received at this office until 12 M. SATURDAY, the twenty-third instant, for the delivery in this city of—

64 SASHES.
32 BLINDS.
32 DOORS.

Specifications on file in this office.

Proposals will be opened at time above stated, and bidders are invited to be present.

The United States reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Sash and Doors," and addressed to the undersigned.

CHAS. H. TOMPKINS,

Brevet Brigadier General and Chief Q. M.,

my19 5t Fifth Military District.

PROPOSALS FOR BRICK.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, Fifth Military District, New Orleans, La., May 18, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS ARE INVITED AND will be received at this office until 12 M. SATURDAY, the twenty-third instant, for furnishing this Department—

10,000 LAKE BRICKS.

To be of best quality, subject to inspection before acceptance, and to be rejected if not found of quality required.

Bids will be opened at time above named, and bidders are invited to be present.

The United States reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Bricks," and addressed to the undersigned.

CHARLES H. TOMPKINS,

Brevet Brigadier General and Chief Q. M.,

my19 5t Fifth Military District.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE CHIEF C. S. FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT, New Orleans, La., May 15, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE ARE invited till the twenty-third day of May for furnishing the United States Subsistence Department with the following articles:

2,000 barrels of choice extra FLOUR, equal to Government standard.
40,000 pounds of the best RICE, either in tierces or barrels; samples to be furnished.
40,000 pounds HARD BREAD, in barrels; samples to be furnished.
800 barrels kiln-dried CORN MEAL, in good new barrels; the price per pound to be stated, and samples furnished.
10,000 pounds of SPLIT PEAS, put up either in kegs or barrels; price per pound to be stated, and samples furnished.
6,000 pounds of the best LARD, put up in the rats; the size of the rat to be indicated, and the price per pound to be stated.

The above articles to be of the very best quality, and put up in superior packages, and to be delivered at the Ancora Press in this city, within twenty days after the opening of the bids.

No bids will be received from parties who have heretofore failed to comply with their engagements with any branch of the government.

Proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Proposals."

A. BECKWITH,

my19 6t Brevet Maj. Gen. and C. S., U. S. A.

ESTATE OF FRANCIS M. HAYS AND JOHN A. GUEST, Individually, and as Members of the Firm of Hayes & Guest.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE, District of Louisiana, New Orleans, May 4, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 30th day of May, A. D. 1868, a WARRANT IN BANKRUPTCY was issued against the estate of FRANCIS M. HAYS and JOHN A. GUEST, individually, and as members of the firm of Hayes & Guest, of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of their estates, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Customhouse building, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, before Dwight Pardee, Register, on the third day of July, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

F. J. HERRON, U. S. Marshal,

No. 732—my19 2dA District of Louisiana.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

JOHN E. HOWARD—

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

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my10 New Orleans.

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ja31 1y New Orleans.

E. C. WARMOTH. J. F. DEANE.

WARMOTH & DEANE,

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It is composed entirely of simple and purely vegetable substances.

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DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of MAURY & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

New Orleans, May 14, 1868. JAMES MAURY,

my19 2t WILLIAM MAURY.

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Near Carondelet Market, Fourth District,

no22 6m NEW ORLEANS.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

ESTATE OF DESIRE PERRE.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE, District of Louisiana, New Orleans, March 30, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON the twenty-third day of March, A. D. 1868, a WARRANT IN BANKRUPTCY was issued against the estate of DESIRE PERRE, of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, who was adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Customhouse building, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, before J. B. G. Pitkin, Register, on the twentieth day of June, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

F. J. HERRON, U. S. Marshal, District of Louisiana.

No. 619—mh23 2p20

ESTATE OF ALEXANDER H. CURRY.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE, District of Louisiana, Monroe, La., March 7, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON the twenty-seventh day of March, A. D. 1868, a WARRANT IN BANKRUPTCY was issued against the estate of ALEXANDER H. CURRY, of the parish of Catahoula and State of Louisiana, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of W. J. Q. Baker, in the town of Monroe, parish of Ouachita, before W. J. Q. Baker, Register, on the first day of June, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

F. J. HERRON, U. S. Marshal, District of Louisiana.

Per M. M. GRADY, Deputy, as Messenger.

No. 603—ap4 jel

ESTATE OF GEORGE W. JONES.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE, District of Louisiana, New Orleans, May 1, 1868.

THIS IS TO