New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

AGENTS FOR THE REPUBLICAN.

In the Country Parishes of Louisiana.

Ascension—Donaldsonville, P. F. Valfrot. Ta-ensas Postoffice—Milton Morris.
Assumption—Napoleonville—O. H. Hempstead. Bleuville—Ringgold—M. H. Twitchell.
Bossier—Benton—John Pearce.
Caddo—Shreveport—Benjamin McLean.
Calcasieu—Farrview Landing—J. H. Landers.
Caldwell—Copenhagen—Richard B. Edgeworth.
Carroll—Lake Providence—George O. Benham.
Claiborne—Minden—L. W. Baker.
Concordia—Vidalia—A. B. Harris.
De Soto—Mansfield—G. Snyder.
East Baton Rouge—Baton Rouge—Louis François, G. W. Keagan.
East Feliciana—Clinton—Richard Lewis.
Iberville—Bayon Goula—P. G. Deslonde—Plaquemine—William Brown.
Jackson—Vernon—G. W. Ferguson.
Jefferson—Carrollton—R. G. Gardiner.
Lafayette—Vermilionville—Fortune Hiard.
LaFourche—Thibodaux—D. H. Reese—William Burton.
Livingston—Ponchatoula—Clarke White.
Morehouse—Bastrop, E. P. Buckingham.
Natchitoches—Natchitoches, Charles Leroy and William H. Hiestand.
Plaquemines—Ben Sejour—D. A. Thibaut—Egras Baltimore—Pilottown, J. Brainard.
Pointe Coupee—Hermitage—Emile Bonnefoi.
Rapides—Alexandria—Charles A. Sypher.
St. Bernard—Amite City—William Butler.
St. James—Convent—Napoleon Underwood—Cantelou—Joseph H. Oliver.
St. Landry—Opelousas—August Donate, Jr.
St. Martin—St. Martinsville—S. L. Snaer.
St. Mary—Franklin—A. J. Demarest—Jennert Postoffice—J. B. Esnard.
St. Tammany—Covington—John Hutchnison—McDonnellville—David D. Riggs.
Tensas—St. Joseph—Capt. N. R. Steele—Capt. A. W. Gould.
Terrebonne—Houma—F. Marie—U. Dupart.
West Baton Rouge—Lobdell's Store—Theodore Tabier.
West Feliciana—St. Francisville—J. P. Newsham.

Texas.

Austin—Ridge Paschal.
San Antonio—W. W. Gamble.
Shelbyville—George H. Stubblefield.

STEAMERS LEAVING TO DAY.

Mobile.....MAIL BOAT, 2 P. M.—Cars.
Louisville.....LOUISVILLE, Schenck, 5 P. M.
Red River.....ROSE FRANKS, 5 P. M.
Red River.....LIZZIE HOPKINS, Rootes, 5 P. M.
Vicksburg.....GOVERNOR ALLEN, White, 5 P. M.
Lower Coast.....A. G. BROWN, Bassett, 12 M.
Bay St. Louis.....LAURA, Walker, 9 A. M.—Cars.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains.

North and East via Jackson Railroad—Leave daily at 4:30 P. M. Arrive at 5:40 P. M.
Galveston via Opelousas Railroad and across New Basin every Wednesday and Saturday at 5 P. M.
For Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, Mississippi City, Biloxi, and Mobile—Steamer leaves Milneburg Tuesdays and Thursdays on arrival of 9 A. M. train; on Saturdays on arrival of 4 P. M. train, going to Pascagoula.
For Florida ports—Steamship from foot of Calliope street on the 5th of every month.
Road of Mandeville, Mandeville, etc.—Steamer leaves daily on arrival of 2 P. M. train; Saturday, 4 P. M.; Sunday (excursion), 6:30 A. M.

Ocean Steamships.

For New York—Cromwell line every Saturday at 5 P. M.
For New York—Merchants' line every Saturday at 12 M.
For Baltimore and Havana—Steamship from Jackson Square on the 1st and 15th of every month.

For Texas Ports

For Galveston and Indianola—Morgan line, foot of St. Joseph street, Wednesday and Saturday at 8 A. M.
For Brazos Santiago—Morgan line, foot of St. Joseph street, every Saturday at 8 A. M.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,
New Orleans, June 11, 1868.

To the Republicans of Louisiana:

It is known to you that your State Convention, which met in this city in the month of May, was the largest and most harmonious ever assembled in Louisiana. In the discharge of its legitimate duty it appointed a State Central Committee consisting of ten members from the parish of Orleans, and two from each other parish, one-half of whom are white, and one-half colored citizens. The State Central Committee met and elected the Hon. S. B. Packard, of Orleans, President, and the Hon. William Vigers, of New Orleans, Secretary. By virtue of a resolution of the State Convention the State Central Committee elected from its own members an Executive Committee of ten members, two from each congressional district, with power to act for the Central Committee between its sessions, and this Executive Committee now has the honor of addressing you.

It is our agreeable duty to congratulate you on the auspicious result of our State election. We have ratified a constitution which guarantees to all life and liberty and equality before the law, and we have elected State officers and members of the Legislature who will faithfully see the constitution carried into practice. We congratulate you on the moral certainty that the civil law will soon be enforced by loyal men throughout Louisiana, our State be admitted into the Union of States, and our people become peaceable, prosperous, and happy.

We also congratulate you on the nomination by the National Republican Convention of General U. S. Grant and Schuyler Colfax for President and Vice-President of the United States. The hero who led our armies to victory and the patriot who led our statesmen in council will now lead the Republican party to a complete and glorious triumph. We have the satisfaction to remember that your delegates participated in their nomination, and that your State Central Committee now forms a part of the organization of the great Republican party, and has its representative in the National Republican Executive Committee.

We also congratulate you on the unity and harmony which now prevail in the Republican party of Louisiana. It is inevitable that there should be in all parties disappointed aspirants for office or official position, who are dissatisfied with everything which is not to their personal advantage, and there are deserters from all armies and all parties. But these are so few in numbers here that they can do only good to our organization by inspiring with renewed zeal all good and true men. We confidently predict that at the coming election in November the Republican party will carry this State for Grant and Colfax, and the whole Republican ticket, by at least twenty-five thousand majority.

Your State Central Committee, of which the Hon. S. B. Packard is president, and the Hon. William Vigers is secretary, is perfectly organized and ready for the fall campaign. We urge you to perfect your parish organizations and your clubs, and be ready for the contest. Hold your club meetings every week, at a convenient time, your other duties, elect true and reliable men as presidents and secretaries, and place your very best men in your parish and other committees. Above all things remember that the great principles of liberty, justice, and equality, for which we are contending, are of vastly more importance than any individual gain or loss, and all true patriots will sacrifice their personal feelings and interests when it is necessary to advance the glorious principles and truths represented by the Republican party. Firmly believing in your patriotism and determination, we confidently expect you, our friends, and fellow citizens and comrades in this glorious work to do your duty, and your whole duty, in organizing the party for the coming election. We need but this one more glorious political victory, and the loyalty and liberty and rights of the citizens of Louisiana will rest on a foundation which can never be shaken.

Yours, fraternally,

D. J. DUNN,
Chairman State Executive Committee.

M. Dreux, Secretary.

"When the battle of Gettysburg was being fought Governor Seymour was in New York city denouncing the government for its waste of men and money! He then served the seed of the swift riot which soon followed.

THE LEGISLATURE.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

Yeas: Abbott, Alexander, Adolphe, Buckingham, Burrel, Collins, Calhoun, Cuney, Dewees, Dufresne, Dupart, Evans, Esnard, Faulkner, Guignet, Garstkamp, Guidry, Hill, Honore, Harper, Holland, Lee, Le Roy, Lott, Morris, Moliere, McVean, Mansion, Morey, Moran, Pearce, Raymond, Rey, Smith, Taylor, Walsh, Umphreys, Wm. C. Williams, H. Williams—39.

Nays: Bennett, Belot, Bergeron, De-Grange, Eager, Hutchinson, Kent, Landers, Mahier, McMillen, Magee, Noble, Pratt, Page, Pierce, Slaton, Wilson, Zoelly—18.

Mr. Morey, of Ouachita, moved to lay the second amendment on the table.

Carried by the following rising vote:

Yeas 41; nays 13.

Mr. Pratt, of Claiborne, offered the following amendment:

One dollar for the first insertion and fifty cents for each subsequent one.

Mr. Morey moved to lay on the table.

Carried.

Mr. Pratt called for a division.

The Chair decided that the question had been carried by a decided vote, and under the circumstance would not entertain the motion for a division.

Mr. Pratt appealed from the decision of the Chair.

Yeas and nays demanded, and resulted as follows:

Yeas: Abbot, Alexander, Adolphe, Antoine, Belot, Burrel, Collins, Calhoun, Cuney, Dewees, Dufresne, Demarest, Dupart, Evans, Esnard, Faulkner, Garstkamp, Gray, Guidry, Hill, Honore, Hutchinson, Holland, Isabelle, Lee, Leroy, Morris, Moliere, McVean, Mansion, Morey, Morand, Pearce, Page, Raymond, Reese, Rey, Smith, Taylor, Walsh, Wren, Umphreys, Wm. C. Williams, H. Williams, Yorke, D. Young—45.

Nays: Bennett, Buckingham, Bergeron, De Grange, Eager, Guignet, Lott, Landers, Mahier, Noble, Pratt, Pierce, Slaton Wilson, Zoelly—16.

The decision of the Chair was sustained.

Mr. Morey, of Ouachita, moved that the bill be reconsidered and placed on its third reading, and final passage.

Mr. Faulkner, of Caldwell, moved for a call of the House to ascertain whether a quorum was present.

The roll was called, and fifty-two members answered to their names.

Mr. McMillen, of Carroll, moved that the following amendment of Mr. DeGrange be taken from the table:

To insert after the word representatives, "by and with the advice and consent of the Senate."

Mr. Harper, of St. Charles, called for the previous question on the amendment of Mr. DeGrange.

Main question ordered.

The amendment was adopted.

The following as amended passed its third reading and final passage, and was ordered to send to the Senate for concurrence:

A Joint Act to regulate the publication of legal notices, the proceedings of police juries, and the proceedings of town councils or trustees.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That it shall be the duty of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and Speaker of the House of Representatives, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, upon the passage of this act, to designate one newspaper in each and every parish in the State in which all legal advertisements required by law to be made in a newspaper, viz: Orders of publication, attachments, and non-residents' notices, sales of land by decrees, executions, mortgages, and for taxes by sheriffs, clerks, and all other officers, proceedings of police juries and town councils or board of trustees of towns, together with all other advertisements required by law to be made and published in a newspaper, of whatever nature, shall be published, which newspaper shall be printed and published in the parish in which it shall be so designated, and that in case there is, in the judgment of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and Speaker of the House of Representatives, or majority of them, no local newspaper published in a parish, then, and in that case, all the legal notices before mentioned or referred to shall be published in a loyal paper convenient to said parish, to be designated by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and Speaker of the House of Representatives, or a majority of them, for the publication of legal notices, etc.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That each newspaper so designated shall be the official newspaper for the parish or parishes for which said newspaper shall be so designated, in which all the legal advertising of such parishes shall be made as required by the law. And it shall be the duty of the editor or publisher of such newspaper, upon the payment of the printer's fee, to file in the Clerk's office of the Court having jurisdiction his affidavit, with the printed copy of such affidavits, advertisements appended, together with his receipt for the payment of the printer's fee, paid by the party at whose instance, and for whose benefit such advertisement shall have been made, and to be collected as other costs. The said affidavits shall give the date of the newspaper in which the advertisement appeared, and be filed and recorded by the Clerk as legal evidence of the publication of the same, to be read, or a certified copy thereof, in all courts of law and equity; and any such publication made contrary to the provisions of this act in the parish or districts where newspapers are so designated shall be null and of no effect.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, That the compensation to the editors or publishers of newspapers in this act shall be one dollar and fifty cents per square for the first insertion, and seventy-five cents for each subsequent insertion for the publication of the notices hereinbefore mentioned, one square being ten lines solid agate.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, That all acts or parts of acts not consistent with the foregoing sections of this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Mr. Eager moved to adjourn. Lost.

The Secretary of the Senate was announced asking concurrence in the following bills:

Senate bill No. 34.
Senate bill No. 23.
Senate bill No. 22.
Senate bill No. 8.
Senate bill No. 25.

MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
New Orleans, July 27, 1868.

To the Hon. Speaker of the House of Representatives:

I am instructed by his Excellency, the Governor, to inform the House of Representatives that he has approved and signed.

A joint resolution authorizing the acting Clerk of the Court of Ouachita and parish recorder of the parish of Caldwell to count and compile the vote cast for Justices of the Peace for Ward No. 4 of said parish of Caldwell, and the Sheriff of said parish to make return of the result thereof to the Secretary of State as soon as practicable.

F. C. REMICK, Private Secretary.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Wren, of Bossier:

An act to consolidate and fund the new debts of the city of New Orleans.

By the same member:

An act to remove the steam cars from the levee in front of the city.

By Mr. Raymond, of Jefferson:

An act relative to Clerks of Courts in the country parishes.

By Mr. Moliere, of Assumption:

An act for the relief of necessitous taxpayers whose lands have been overflowed in 1865, 1866, and 1867.

By Mr. Isabelle, of Orleans:

An act to amend article 198 of the civil code.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

By Mr. Hill, of Ascension:

A joint resolution to provide for the payment of Supervisors appointed by the Board of Registration to supervise the election held on the seventeenth and eighteenth days of April, 1868.

Under a suspension of the rules the following bills passed their first and second readings:

By Mr. Isabelle, of Orleans:

House bill No. 73—an act to amend sections one and fifteen of an act entitled an act relating to Pilots, approved April 4, 1865.

Referred to the Committee on Federal Relations.

By Mr. Buckingham, of Morehouse:

House bill No. 74—an act for the relief of Benjamin Murrell, of Morehouse parish.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

By Mr. Guignet, of Avoyelles:

House bill No. 64.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. May, of Orleans:

House bill No. 68.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. Belot of Orleans:

House bill No. 65.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. Pierce of Livingston:

House bill No. 69.

Referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Garstkamp of Jefferson:

House bill No. 71.

Made the special order of the day for Thursday at one o'clock P. M.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

By Mr. Braughn of Orleans:

Senate bill No. 25.

An act relative to the appointments of Deputy Clerks of District Courts.

By Mr. Anderson of St. Landry:

Senate bill No. 22.

An act relative to public roads.

By Mr. Bacon, of Orleans:

An act respecting imprisonments and fines.

By Mr. Todd, of Jefferson:

An act to regulate appeals in the District Court, parish of Jefferson.

Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Lynch, of Carroll:

Senate bill No. 12, for the recovery of the State and city bonds and other property at Washington City, D. C.

By Mr. Lynch, of Carroll:

An act to regulate proceedings in reference to persons claiming the benefits of article ninety-nine of the constitution of the State.

Senate bill No. 43 reported by the Judiciary Committee as a substitute for House bill No. 20.

An act to amend and re-enact the first section of an act relative to the bonds of State and parish officers, approved March 12, 1865.

The following Senate bill passed its third reading and final passage:

By Mr. Campbell, of Orleans:

A joint resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee of five members of the General Assembly to investigate the conduct of the late elections, and the present condition of peace and order in the State.

Mr. Lee, of St. Bernard, moved to take up from the table the resolution relative to reducing the number of Clerks.

Carried.

The yeas and nays were called on the adoption of the resolution, which was lost by the following vote:

Yeas: Bennett, Carr, Dufresne, Dupart, Garstkamp, Guidry, Hill, Lee, LeRoy, Landers, Mahier, McVean, Pratt, Page, Slaton, Yorke—16.

Nays: Alexander, Antoine, Adolphe, Buckingham, Burrel, Collins, Calhoun, Cuney, Dewees, Evans, Esnard, Faulkner, Gray, Honore, Harper, Hutchinson, Holland, Isabelle, Morris, McMillen, Morand, Pearce, Noble, Raymond, Reese, Rey, Smith, Taylor, Walsh, Wilson, Umphreys, Wm. C. Williams, H. Williams, Waters, Zoelly—35.

On motion of Mr. Noble, of Orleans, leave of absence for ten days was granted to Mr. Young, of Vermillion.

On motion of Mr. Pratt, of Claiborne, the House adjourned until to-morrow at twelve o'clock M.

WM. VIGERS,
Chief Clerk House of Representatives.

A letter from Houma, Terrebonne parish, is in type, but its publication is necessarily deferred till to-morrow.

Another ring has been broken by the final passage of the Indian appropriation bill, with the disbursement of all principal sums appropriated placed in the hands of General Sherman. It is thought that the money to be paid out has, in this case, been so guarded that it can not be diverted from its legitimate purpose.

The Sultan of Turkey has just ordered to be manufactured in Paris a silver table, the price of which will not be less than three million francs.

This is from a Milwaukee paper, the *Wisconsin*:

A Democratic meeting in New Orleans had three hundred vice-presidents. The meeting must have been like Artemus Ward's military company, all officers. How these Democrats do love office. A Democratic Utopia would be where every one could hold an office and vote as many times as he pleased.

The little party beggars are hungry and cry out, as they do sometimes in a cheap restaurant, "More pudding and no 'sass.'"

How can the Democracy organize victory without money?

What kind of a victory can any party expect for a shilling?

"Ye fierce Democrats" can't fight on empty stomachs.

The Southern Democracy are poor. They must be helped by Northern money or they will make a poor show.—*New York Herald.*

NO YELLOW FEVER AT INDIANOLA.—Messrs. Charles A. Whitney & Co., the agents of the Morgan line of steamers, are in receipt of a letter from Indianola, dated twenty-second instant, which gives the gratifying intelligence that there is no yellow fever at that point as has been incorrectly reported. The correspondent states that the health officer acted hastily in creating the impression that yellow fever existed in that city when none of the seven cases reported had any symptoms of such. There was not at the date of the letter a single case of sickness in the city, and the sick on the steamer Hudson were all convalescent.

"The Confederate General Forrest lost $500,000 by the war."

Not only this. He lost the esteem of all honorable men. He lost a place among respectable and humane persons. But he gained the reputation of being the most brutal and bloodthirsty rebel who took up arms against the government—a desperado before whose atrocities those of Nena Sahib fall into insignificance. And he has gained a place as leader in the Democratic party, which welcomed him approvingly in its National convention, conferred upon him high place in its councils, and selected him to nominate its candidate for Vice-President, who proposes to declare the legislation of Congress "null and void," and trample that body into the dust. The butcher of Fort Pillow is a most appropriate character to inaugurate the new era of revolution with which the Democracy threatens the country.—*Albany Journal.*

The New Orleans *Crescent* of the tenth instant has the following:

"We were astonished yesterday morning to see the stars and bars—the flag of the late Southern Confederacy (so-called)—floating proudly from the jack staff of one of our Red river packets. We must confess that the sight of it caused the blood to course quickly through our veins, as it carried us back to scenes far distant from those now presented to our gaze. Its display, however, was purely an accident, and as soon as the mistake was discovered it was lowered from the masthead, furled, bid from our sight, and the banner of the United States run up in its stead."

The temper of this paragraph is unmistakable. Only on compulsion is the American flag displayed in preference to the rebel. No one can doubt that the secret—not always secret—prayer of thousands is for the time when the Stars and Stripes will be "lowered from the masthead, furled, bid from sight." The quotation from the *Crescent* is instructive.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

WORLDLY WISE.

It was the boatman Ronsalee,
And he sailed through the mists so white;
And two little ladies sat at his knee,
With their two little heads so bright;
They sat their sailed and nodded—all three—
On the golden coast o' the night.

Young Ronsalee had a handsome face,
And his great beard made him brown;
And the two little ladies in girlish grace
They kept their eyelids down—
The one in her silken vail of lace,
And the one in her woolsey gown.

For one little lady lived in the wood,
Like a flower that hides from the day;
Her mamma was Jenny—they called her the good,
And the name of the other was May:
And her palace windows looked on the flood,
Where they softly sailed away.

Long time the balance even stood
With our Ronsalee that day:
But what was a little house in the wood
To a palace grand and gay?
So he gave his heart to Jenny, the good,
And his hand he gave to May.

[*August Atlantic.*

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

The following are from the dispatches to the Cincinnati *Gazette:*

WYOMING.—*Washington, July 22.*—The bill organizing Wyoming Territory created a good deal of squabble in the House this afternoon. It was a Senate bill, and the Committee on Territories wanted it put over till next winter, alleging that to pass it would make a needless yearly expense of a hundred thousand dollars. The majority was against the committee, and after some excited skirmishing the bill went through by 106 to 50, just as it came from the Senate. Its provisions are of the usual character. Colored men will be allowed to vote and hold office.

FREMONT ON SOUTHERN AFFAIRS.

Some of the Southern Congressmen held a meeting this evening for consultation. General Fremont made a brief speech, in which he declared himself strongly for Grant and Colfax, expressing deep sympathy for the loyalists of the South, and he hoped Congress would not adjourn till full and ample relief was given them. The meeting passed resolutions asking Congress to do what it could for the loyal people of Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas; that the President's last veto is dangerous to the liberties of the people, and that Congress ought to adjourn to meet again in two weeks.

NEW REPRESENTATIVES.

All the Representatives from Arkansas, Florida, Alabama, Louisiana, and North Carolina have now been sworn in. One vacant remains to come from South Carolina. The House has passed a bill reliving him from the political disabilities, and the Senate will agree to it in a day or two. Several members from Georgia are here.

THE PARISHES.

West Feliciana Parish.

These paragraphs are from the Bayou Sara *Ledger:*

Judge G. Merrick Miller held a meeting of Court of chambers on Tuesday last for the purpose of considering the application of a white man by the name of Dalton and a colored man by the name of Frank Tillison for release on a writ of habeas corpus. After hearing the case the Judge released them on their own recognizance of two hundred and fifty dollars bond each to appear at the next term of Court to answer to the charge of passing counterfeit money.

The grand ball given our colored Democratic friends was well attended by them, and was a thorough success. They enjoyed themselves well that evening, and we are pleased to say that it went on quietly, and when ended all the colored people that were present went to their homes perfectly well pleased.

Iberville Parish.

The Iberville *South* says:

On Monday last a heavy rain blessed the planters. We learn that it was nearly general throughout the parish. Since then, daily but partial showers have occurred. The planters are rejoicing for the time being. Let us hope that they will not have to complain of too much rain hereafter. The weather during the week has not been as oppressively hot as during the preceding days, thanks to the rains and the winds. Indeed, we may say that it has been pleasant.

We hear of no serious sickness, although many cases of fevers are reported. If we can pass through the summer and fall without any sickness of a more aggravated type our community ought to be grateful.

St. Mary Parish.

We find the following items in the Franklin *Banner:*

The Mississippi is now fast receding from our bayous and lakes. The bays along the coast will soon be filled with salt water, and an abundance of the finest varieties of fish in the world will be ready for all the hooks, seines, and castnets of our fishermen and fishing parties. Already the time of fishing frolics is being discussed.

Last fall many of our people made up fishing parties for Cote Blanche bay, taking skiffs from the Teche on two-horse wagons, using the skiffs for cart bodies in which to carry seines, cooking utensils, provisions, camping conveniences, corn for the horses, etc. We throw out this idea that those who intend to go on these excursions this season may commence putting their skiffs in order, corking, painting, fitting up oars, etc. If the season continues healthy, in September and October many a pleasant party will visit the shores of our bays, and will cat-fish and quaff sea breezes on the islands that line the coast.

The hooping cough is quite prevalent at Centreville and Bayou Salé, and has been for weeks. There are some cases in town.

We learn that Mr. Meehan, operator at the New Iberia telegraph office, on Wednesday last accidentally shot his brother, operator at the Mermentau office, who is not expected to live.

Last Tuesday night we had a downpouring of rain which lasted nearly all night, and filled the cisterns generously. Enough is as good as a feast.

Claiborne Parish.

The following is an extract of a letter from New Orleans to the Minden *Public Sentiment.* The writer is one of the most amiable Democratic members of the House of Representatives:

I read a letter in the New Orleans REPUBLICAN dated Minden, June 5, and signed "Republican," which contained the most outrageous slanders upon our people. Among other things the writer stated that a "reign of terror" prevailed, and that there were secret organizations composed of the most desperate, as well as some of the best men of the community, and that under the protection of this Klan diabolical outrages were being perpetrated upon the persons of loyal men, and that the lives of negroes and Union men were in constant peril.

He further stated that the newly elected District Judge is notoriously disloyal, and too imbecile to bring the offenders to punishment. Citizens of Minden, that man is in your midst. Mark him well. His heart is blacker than Erebus and his instincts are worse than a brute's. It is useless to divulge his name for there is but one such.

* * * You might turn the massive gates of hell upon their iron hinges and select the vilest wretch of the eternally damned, and his soul would not be as black as the man's who wrote that letter.

C. B. PRATT.

Monetary and Commercial.

MONETARY.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY REPUBLICAN,
MONDAY EVENING, July 27, 1868.

The money market proper continues quiet with an ample supply of capital available for the accommodation of all, strictly A1 paper, the offerings of which are still very limited. The street rates for notes secured by satisfactory collaterals are 1@1½ and 1½ @2 cent ⅌ month. Mortgage paper is quoted at 10@12 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum for first-class and 12@15 for second grade. The banks discount most of the good paper offered by their customers and lend readily for short periods on solid collaterals.

Gold opened at 143@143½ (against 143½ at New York) and after selling as low as 142½ closed at 143@143½. The sales included $1600 at 142½; $1200 and $2000 (the latter in several sums) at 143; $10,000 at 143½ and $2500 @143⅝ and $7000 at 143¾. In silver $2000 in American half dollars changed hands at 135½; $1200 at 136½, and $900 at 137. We note one $200 @136½, and 137 for American half-dollars, and 125@128 for Mexican dollars.

Operations in foreign exchange are still on a limited scale. Owing to the restricted movement in cotton, the offerings of commercial bills are exceedingly light, and the business in consequence is confined to a few sales made by banks and bankers. Rates have improved materially in accordance with the advance repo ted in gold at New York. The transactions in sterling include £300 pr rate bankers and £500 bank at 158½, and £500 at 158½ per ⅌. In francs 50,000 private banker's sold at 5 67½. Sterling may now be quoted at 157@157½, and 158 for good to A1 clear, and 156½@157 for bank; and francs 5 67½@5 65 for the former, and 5 56½@5 55 for the latter.

The movement in domestic exchange is still shown but little an motion, rates ruling rather firmer, but without any quotable advance. The banks continue to check on New York at ¼ ⅌ cent premium. The total sales of commercial reported to us amounted to only $23,000 ($10,000 and $13,000 New York sight at ½@¾ ⅌ cent premium.

In stocks there were sales of 104 shares Mechanics' and Traders' Bank at $49 50, 60 Canal Bank at $45, and 10 do at $45 50, showing a decided improvement. We note also a sale of 1 share City Railroad at $105.

The market for city treasury notes was considerably unsettled, rates declining fully 2½ ⅌ cent. The sales included $10,000 at 90; $2000 at 90½; $1000 ($5000, $5000, and $8000 at 91½; $12,900 ($2000 and $10,900 at 92; $40,000 at 92½; $56,000 at 93, and $1,000 at 93½. The dealers have sold Per Bondholder—10 bales cotton across their counters at 37½@40 discount, and supplied taxpayers at 36@38.

The movement in bank notes has shown increased animation, rates ruling still higher. The transactions embraced $67,000 ($45,000 and $7,000 at ⅜ ⅌ cent discount; $26,000 at 31½; $2300 at 31½; $3000 at 31¾; $7000 at 32; $20,000 at 32¼, and $20,000 at 34.

COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY EVENING, July 27, 1868.

COTTON—Under the unfavorable influence of increased depreciation at New York and Liverpool the market opened in a depressed state, with a restricted inquiry and a limited prospect of business. Later in the day a more liberal movement developed itself, and a few parties in the city evidently showed a disposition to meet the demand, several buyers came forward and took 34 bales at previous quotations, prices. The market is too unsettled to admit of strictly reliable quotations, but we give the following as the nominal ruling rates, viz: Ordinary—32c, low middling—38c, and middling 39½@—c.

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867—bales.....	16,256
Arrived to-day..... 64	
Arrived previously..... 268,255	
Made from waste and damaged cotton, etc..... 8,019	668,338
	681,594
Cleared to-day..... 4	
Cleared previously..... 679,340	679,349
Stock on hand and on shipboard.....	2,245

SUGAR AND MOLASSES—The market was very quiet to-day, and no transactions of importance came to our knowledge. Prime remains nominally at 10½@11c for fair to prime, and 10½@10¾c for yellow clarified. Cuba molasses is still very much under a cloud, being quoted nominally at 40@45c ⅌ gallon.

ARRIVALS FROM THE WEST—Since our review of Saturday we have received 1 bbl from Louisville, from Louisville, have arrived.

FLOUR—The flour market was very quiet to-day. There was considerable inquiry for superfine and double extra, which resulted, however, in very few sales. The sales comprised 100 bbls superfine at $8 50; 100 bbls on private terms, and 50 bbls superfine at $8 ⅌ bbl; 75 treble extra at $9; 50 choice at $10 50; 50 fancy at $11; 100 family at $12; 50 family at $7 75; and 50 choice at $17 ⅌ bbl, making a total of 600 bbls for the day. We quote nominally superfine $7 75@8; single extra $8@8 50; double extra $8 50@9; treble extra $9@10 25; and choice treble to choice family $10 5 0@14 ⅌ bbl. The stock on hand is fair, treble extra being plentiful, while superfine, single and double extra are scarce.

CORN—There was a fair demand to-day, and 2400 sacks changed hands, at full prices, of which 1600 mixed at 90c; 450 white mixed at $1 02½; 100 and 100 yellow mixed at 90c; 150 prime at $1, and 100 white mixed at $1 03 ⅌ bushel. The stock now on hand is moderate, and rates are firm.

OATS—We note sales to-day of 100 and 150 sacks at 75c, and 100 at 77½c ⅌ bushel.

HAY—150 bales prime Western sold on the land at $27 50 in gold, and 50 at $27 50. There is little or no good hay now left on the landing.

BRAN—The only transactions reported to-day were 200 sacks at $1 45 ⅌ 100 lbs, and 200 at $1 50 ⅌ 100 lbs. The stock is very much reduced.

PORK—There was nothing done to-day beyond a jobbing and retail trade at $29@29 25 ⅌ bbl for mess; 24 and 25 bbls mess sold at $29 62½; 25 and 25 at $29 75.

LARD—The transactions are still confined to small lots shoulders ruling at 13½@13¾c ⅌ lb; clear ribbed sides 16½@16¾c; clear sides 17½@17¾c; and sugar-cured hams at 19@20c. We note no sales of any importance being 25 casks clear ribbed sides at 16½c ⅌ lb.

SPIRITS—Choice lard is selling in a small way at 18½@18¾c ⅌ lb in tierces and 20@20½c in kegs. A lot of 5 kegs sold at 20c, and 10 kegs at 19½c ⅌ lb.

CORN MEAL—We note sales to-day of 200 bbls kiln dried at $4 75 ⅌ bbl from the landing, and 50 bbls from the store at $5 ⅌ bbl.

BUTTER—There is a little better inquiry in the market, wh ch, however, has not developed itself in a fair demand. We note sales of both northern and Western is tair. We still quote Western at 25@30c and northern at 30@35c ⅌ ⅌.

CHEESE—There is very little request for round lots, and the jobbing and retail business is limited. Western reserve and factory are quoted at 19@20c ⅌ ⅌; Northern factory at 19@20c ⅌ ⅌; and skim 7@10c ⅌ ⅌. We note a sale of 40 boxes Western at 16c ⅌ ⅌.

COFFEE—The market is quiet, but firm, at the following rates, gold duty paid: prime 12½@12¾c ⅌ ⅌; good 12@12½c; fair 11½@12c ⅌ ⅌.

BALE ROPE—Is retailing at 9¼@9½c ⅌ ⅌. In round lots it is quoted at 9c. The market is very quiet.

HIDES—There is still a good demand for hides, and the light receipts are readily disposed of at full prices, while city slaughters are still firm. We quote green salt city slaughter at 9½@10c; dry salted 16@18c; country dry flint 17@18c; Texas stretched 16@17c; Mexican dry 20@22c ⅌ ⅌.

MALT AND HOPS—There is a little better demand for malt, but rates remain the same. Western is quoted $2 60@2 90 ⅌ bushel, and Canada $2 00@3. Hops still dull at 55@65c ⅌ ⅌.

TALLOW—Is still very readily sold at 13c, and country rendered at 12½@13 ⅌ ⅌.

NAVAL STORES—Rosin is exceedingly quiet, there being no demand for it. Tar is dull, and tar local requirements are very limited. Common is quoted at $2 50 ⅌ bbl; No. 2 at $2 75@3; No. 1 at $3 50@4. Spanish pitch is in light request, and we quote request at $4 50@5 ⅌ bbl. Tar is dull at $2@2 25 for 18 to 20 gallon packages, and $2 50@4 for larger sizes. Spirits turpentine is little sought for, except in jobbing and retail lots. It is quoted at 40@42c ⅌ gallon in wholesale, 35 bbls turpentine sold at 40 ⅌ gallon.

RICE—The market is very dull, purchasers generally holding off and waiting for the new crop. The transactions now are confined to jobbing and retail lots at 9@10c for Louisiana.

LIME—We note sales to-day quoted at 70 ⅌ bbl in lots, and are retailing at 75c ⅌ bbl.

FREIGHTS—The freight market continues extremely dull. On foreign account the tonnage is very limited; but with the exception of Havre and Bremen it is ample for all the freight offered. The engagements to-day were gett ng forward. There are now up in that direction a few sailing vessels, which are being principally filled with lumber. We note by steam cotton to Liverpool 9 16d; to New York ⅝c; to Boston and Philadelphia ¾ ⅌ ⅌; tobacco to New York ⅝ ⅌ ⅌; flour to New York 25c ⅌ bbl; to Boston 87½c; pork and beef to Northern ports $1 25 ⅌ bbl; corn to New York and Boston 22c ⅌ bushel; meal to Liverpool 10s 6d; to Havre 10s; to London 37½d. By sail the rates are for cotton to Liverpool 7 16d; to Havre 1½c; to Bremen 1c; tobacco to Liverpool and Bremen ¾ ⅌ hhd; to Havre $4; to London 37½d; corn to Liverpool 9d.

WOOL—The market is dull. The stock on hand is large, and it is coming in freely. We quote Louisiana 18@22c ⅌ lb; do burry 10@15c; lake 27@28c; Texas 18@21; Minne sota 28c ⅌ lb.

SALT—Is in very good demand, while the stock on hand ow ng to the light receipts for some time past, has become reduced to a low figure. We quote firm at $2 55@2 60 ⅌ sack for Liverpool coarse and fine from warehouse, and $4 65@2 70 from store. We note sales to-day of 1000 sacks Liverpool from warehouse at $2 55 ⅌ sack. Turk's island is still quoted at $3 50@3 ⅌ bag.

BAGGING—We heard of no transacti ns of importance in India bagging to-day. Dealers are jobbing and retailing at 35c ⅌ yard for 2 lb bales and 24½c in rolls. Hemp bagging is held at 26c ⅌ yard—2½ lbs for hand loom; 23c ⅌ yard—1¾ lbs—for power loom; and 20c ⅌ yard of 2⅛ lbs.

CATTLE MARKET.

Western Beeves, choice, ⅌ lb net.....	—	— —
Western Beeves, 2d quality, ⅌ lb net.....	—	— —
Texas Beeves, 1st quality, ⅌ head.....	45 00	45 00
Texas Beeves, 2d quality, ⅌ head.....	35 00	35 00
Texas Cattle, 3d quality, ⅌ head.....	14 00	20 00
Hogs ⅌ ⅌ gross.....	—	— —
Stock Hogs, ⅌ head.....	7 00	9 00
Sheep, 1st quality, ⅌ head.....	4 00	5 00
Sheep, 2d quality, ⅌ head.....	2 50	3 00
Sheep, 3d quality, ⅌ head.....	1 50	2 00
Milch Cows, choice, ⅌ head.....	—	100 00
Milch Cows, ⅌ head.....	50 00	80 00
Texas Cows with Calves ⅌ head.....	—	20 00
Western ⅌ head.....	40 00	50 00
Calves ⅌ head.....	6 00	12 00
Goats, ⅌ head.....	1 50	4 00

W