New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

THE CARPET-BAG.

"Hope springs eternal in the human breast,
Man never *is*, but always to be, blest—"

thus sings the poet; and thus thought we we drew from our Bag the following verses:

A gentleman who saw Honorable John Bell, a few days ago, reports that Mr. Bell partially paralyzed, but is in fair health. He expressed a *hope* to live to see Mr. Seymour elected and to die a free man.

John Bell we knew as a creditable old Whig. In those halcyon days he was and venerable in his years.

John Bell is certainly "partially paralyzed" when he expresses a hope to see Mr. Seymour elected.

We mourn his unhappy condition.

The desire to live till S. & B. shall be granted is an aspiration for eternal life. Indeed, Methusaleh's career was a miracle of longevity compared with what John Bell's child be if his wish could only be gratified.

Our famous musical composer, Theo. "La Hache," has written a song called "White Man's Banner," which, if it be dismal as some of Mr. La Hache's other efforts, will be, harmonically considered, at least for the most part.

We beg leave to ask what "banner" is referred to by this name.

Not the United States flag, surely, for that waves over all citizens of every shade, and protects the German Jew and the colored man as well as the Democrats.

Not the Confederate flag, surely, for any one piped to that piece of bunting would be considered "played out."

We wait in respectful impatience for further information as to what kind of a "banner" Mr. Von La Hache has been getting ridiculous about.

The first prize for declamation at Harvard College this year was taken by a colored youth named Richard Theodore Greener, and the second by Godfrey Morse, a Jew. Young Greener is the son of a poor woman of Boston, and was fitted for college at Oberlin and Andover. One of his competitors was Robert McKeod, of Maryland, formerly of the Confederate army.—*Times*, 20th.

Just think of it! A child of Ham takes the first prize and a child of Shem the second, and the descendants of Japhet were nowhere.

In the classic language of Mr. Hosea Biglow:

"My! ain't it terrible; wut shall we do?"
The man who took the first prize ought to be killed by the Ku-Klux.

The despised Hebrew who took the second prize ought to be broiled on a gridiron, after having his back teeth pulled out.

That's the way they used to treat Jews a hundred years ago, in the good old times.

Alas, for the good old times when to call a "nigger" or to pull the teeth of a Jew for purposes of gain was lawful and proper!

We are likely to have a uniformed militia in the seventh regiment of New York, or the "Grays" of St. Louis. A bill to authorize such passed the House yesterday. It is a good thing. A volunteer militia is apt to fall with emulation, and to look like something when any sad necessity calls it out.

Uniform means order and responsibility. The seventh regiment of New York put on the Astor Place riots, and received the thanks of all honest citizens. The boys of St. Louis did the same in the Know-Nothing riots of 1854.

Let all owners of property encourage a well disciplined and uniformed militia.

It is well known that when the repudiation resolution of the Democratic convention was read a yell of delight went up from a part of the delegates and spectators which was wonderfully like the cry that the "Confederates" used to raise when they rushed to the charge on the battlefield. A delegate who had been in the Union army was aroused by the familiar sound, and let the hasty expression attributed to him in the following lines, which we have just received for the Bag:

Founded on an Incident.

Here were hundreds sat in council
Our future rights to sway;
They had wrangled for years together,
The boys of the blue and gray;
But the boys of the blue that met there
Soon found they had naught to say,
For the whole convention was governed
By those who had worn the gray.

All they struggled and bravely contested,
As in years they had done before,
To keep peace in our dear loved country,
And have wrangling and fighting no more.
But a repudiation was mentioned,
Then they felt their heart-strings sore,
Like up from the throats of hundreds
There rose a hellish roar.

There was one sprang quick to "attention,"
As on his ears it fell;
He stood as one with musket,
Who had learned to use it well;
His lips just slightly quivered,
His thoughts no man can tell,
But his words 'tween his teeth came mutt'ring—
"By God, the rebel yell!"

Like you, who have fought so nobly,
As history will tell;
Some shades from the Southern valleys,
Who in the just cause fell;
Me with the mind determined
Neither to buy nor sell
Some from your graves and speed us—
Demons that rebel yell,

A fair correspondent sends this song, which we presume is to be sung to the air of Yankee Doodle. Her prophecy is correct. A good time the people of the South will adore the Bag:"

The Song of the Carpet-Bag.

Faint-hearted children, do not flee,
Like gray wild geese before me;
Though now you fear, in little time,
I know you will adore me.
Hold within my ample sides,
The Federal Constitution,
Sealed by the heart's blood of the men
Who fought the Revolution.

I've stores of pills and powders too,
To cure all fits of Treason;
And shakes and fevers when they come,
At each disloyal season.
Rebellious sons of chivalry,
Your minds were dimly sighted,
Though you were by an accolade,
For deeds of daring, knighted.

You thought the family too large
For Uncle Sammy's table;
But find his board is plenty long,
For children white and sable.
You sought to build a marble wall,
And cut our trade and barter;
Instead, you found when 'twas too late,
You'd caught a Yankee Tartar.

You bade the giants ne'er to step
Across the Southern border;
Or else you'd buckle on your swords,
And Call them into order.
We know you felt exceeding small
Beside a Northern Titan,
But yet we meant not by our size
Your tender wits to frighten.

Their laughter made you very wroth—
You belted on your sabres,
And took an oath to crush at once
Your "Goth and Vandal neighbors."
Yanks started out with whittling songs,
And Yankee Doodle Dandy,
That came like mother's milk to them,
They were so nation handy.

You fled before their rattling guns,
Their cannon's pealing thunder;
And found the cord that bound the States
Was hard to break asunder.
Then dashing came the ironclads,
The Kearsarge and Wachu-ett;
At their command your flags were struck,
We know you did not choose it.

New England hills gave back huzzahs,
From all her timber ridges;
Kineo and Katahdin laughed,
And leaped the Ambileges.
Gay Minnehaha wilder danced
Adown her rocky passes;
Niagara tossed her rainbows up,
And pearled the loyal grasses.

All that is past—one path we'll tread,
In every kind of weather,
In storm or sunshine, foul or fair,
Like bride and groom together.
Then do not fear the Carpet-Bag,
Nor doubt my loyal mission;
As L. L. D. I'll teach you laws,
And be your good physician.

Our Eagle hovers o'er my form,
And shields me with his pinions;
And screams a larum if I'm touched,
By treason or his minions.
Around me waves the gallant flag,
Our starred, victorious banner;
Oh, bravely beautiful it floats,
In graceful, bird-like manner.

Now ends my song—oh, I am proud,
To be linked in your story:
Another device to be wove,
On freedom's badge of glory.
Then Southrons, do not modly flee,
Like gray wild geese before me:
Though now you fear, in little time,
I know you will adore me.

MOLLY PITCHER.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

TRAVEL ON THE FERRYBOATS.—It would be a source of unalloyed amusement to watch the varied crowds which on every fine afternoon during the summer season throng to the ferryboats plying between New Orleans and Algiers, were it not for the serious accidents that sometimes happen in consequence of the recklessness evinced by many of those who cross the river.

Happily these accidents rarely occur: but they need not, and would not happen at all if the least prudence was exercised by a majority of the passengers.

Observe the boat about to land. Most of those on board crowd to the railings apparently actuated by a frenzied desire to escape from the vessel as if she was on fire with a hundred barrels of gunpowder in the hold. Some spring as soon as she attains the distance of three or four feet from the wharf; and but a small portion seem willing to wait until the boat is secured and fairly at rest. *Per contra*, those on shore waiting for a passage seem equally frantic to get on board, as if the boat would not remain for a quarter of a second. These people, coming and going, do not intend to be uncivil to or inconvenience one another; but each party is so intent on its object that they charge like knights in a slow tournament, jostling, pushing, crowding, banishing comfort, and incurring risk. The evil is the more absurd from the fact that the boats always remain at the landings between each trip long enough to permit several hundred people to get on shore, and then several hundred to get on board. There is no occasion for hurry.

Sometimes after an accident has happened people talk about the necessity of having railings along the ferry wharf. But no railing or other preventive will supersede the necessity of prudence in those who travel on the boats. A little caution on the part of passengers is all that is needed.

These remarks will not be considered inopportune in view of the dreadful accident which occurred on Sunday last, and which has had the effect of exciting a spasmodic public feeling soon to subside until revived by a new catastrophe.

JUDGE ABELL ON DUELING.—Judge Abell has made a supplementary charge to the Grand Jury:

He charged them that they were invested with the sole power of indicting offenders, and that the Court was powerless if they failed to do their duty. The public look to them for a searching investigation into the numerous homicides that are committed. The Legislature has denounced dueling as murder when death ensues; the law presumes malice till the contrary is shown. Dueling is a practice reprobated by the laws of all civilized countries, often destructive to life, ruinous to the happiness of whole families, and of a most demoralizing tendency to the youth of the State, and in the opinion of the Court unequal in its application, and should be discouraged. The killing of a fellow man without the highest necessity can never be justified in morals, and is denounced as murder by the statutes which it is your duty to enforce. Carrying concealed weapons is a kindred practice of mischievous tendency; weapons about the person frequently emboldening persons to seek a pretext to use them without legal cause, and frequently to commit homicide or murder.

FOURTH DISTRICT RECORDER'S COURT CLERKS.—Judge Jackson has renewed his clerical force, and Mr. L. Von Zinken takes the principal desk, which has so long been faithfully filled by Captain Badger. If the new Clerk makes himself as agreeable and prompt as his predecessor there will be no particle of cause for complaint. At present this court is conducted in excellent method and fairness.

THE UNDERVING PETER ONCE MORE.—We yesterday recounted two fancy transactions as performed by Peter Conrad, and then anticipated that we should again hear from him. He again appears, this time in the Fourth District Recorder's Court for having sold a stolen cart. It is asserted that Peter visited W. H. Zimmerman and sold to him cart numbered 3305, which belongs to Ursin Deslonges. This little piece of villainy was discovered and accused imprisoned, in consequence of the real owner appearing and claiming his cart. Conrad was liberal with other people's property, as he sold the cart and license for only $30. Another item in this case is that when Deslonges found his property in the hands of Zimmerman, he swore out an affidavit against Mr. Zimmerman. The matter will be investigated on the fourth proximo.

Visiting the Second District we learned that Conrad is accused by George Merz, brewer, with having wheedled a small sum of money out of him, by representing that he was sole proprietor of a schooner load of lumber. When Merz became aware that he had been swindled he was wroth, and makes the fourth affidavit against the lively Peter, who now must make himself nearly omnipresent to answer two charges in the First, one in the Second, and one in the Fourth District, all for obtaining money by false representations. Let people read this paper, and they will be warned in time against this kind of sharpers.

THE PONTCHARTRAIN RAILROAD DEPOT—*Nearly Another Accident.*—Last evening the tragedy of Sunday last came very near being repeated at the Pontchartrain railroad depot. As the five o'clock train for the lake had just started a lady came rushing up and attempted to board the moving train; was in the very act of stepping on board when her dress caught on a large splinter, and she lost her balance and fell against the car. But owing to the timely efforts of some bystanders, who succeeded in dragging her away, she would, in all probability, have met the same lamentable fate of Mrs. Knight. Now, in order to avoid a constant liability to accidents as the present construction of the depot platform is tending that way, a few simple suggestions and a few facts will not be amiss. In the first place the platform was built, not for the accommodation of passengers, but for loading and unloading freight cars.

The platform is too high, and is not only dangerous, but inconvenient for passengers getting on the cars. By actual measurement the distance between the body of the cars and the depot platform is but five inches and a half. The platform is on a level with the floor of the cars, and the distance between the depot platform and the platform of the cars varies in different cars from three feet two inches to two feet nine inches, according to the slope of the steps. Any one possessed of ordinary sense will at once perceive that the stride to be made in entering a car from this platform is inconvenient if not dangerous, especially for ladies.

Owing to the peculiar build of the platform, it is impracticable to lower it; but there is a remedy still better than that to avoid these accidents, which at present are always liable to occur, and that is to erect a platform, say from six inches to one foot in height, situated between the middle track and the track on the west side of the depot, using the middle track for the passenger train instead of the west track, as is now done. There is a space of six feet between these two tracks, and sufficient room for passengers not to crowd each other, as the depot is over three hundred feet in length. Both side tracks can then be used for freight and not interfere with the passenger department at all; besides removing the cause for accidents, which in this way can very rarely occur. In Northern and Western cities many depots are thus arranged where accidents like the recent disaster never have been known to take place. The company should look into the matter immediately, or it is feared these horrors will be of very common occurrence.

AN INTOLERABLE NUISANCE.—It seems very queer with all the many ordinances governing the city that such a vast collection of pickpockets, thieves, loafers, and vagabonds are allowed by our city authorities to crowd around the postoffice, and stare everybody out of countenance, ladies especially, who have business at the postoffice. From nine o'clock in the morning until the ladies' department of the office is closed, it is next to impossible to elbow one's way through the motley multitude who line the sidewalks on both sides of Old Levee street, fronting the customhouse. Ladies attending the post-office are under the necessity of closely veiling themselves or be subjected to the disagreeable scrutinies and unpleasant remarks and gestures of the bystanders. It is decidedly uncomfortable for ladies to wear thick veils this warm weather, and therefore such conduct on the part of gentlemen is simply outrageous.

LIEUTENANTS OF FIRST AND FOURTH DISTRICTS.—Lieutenant Schreiber, having quite recovered, will take charge of his office today. His illness has had the effect to set him back a little physically, but then, his vision regarding rogues has grown acute, and he is prepared to make times warm for evil doers in the First District.

Lieutenant Madden, of the Fourth, is to be taken before the Police Commissioners, accused by some irresponsible person with neglect of duty and conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman! That is pretty rough on an officer whose daily walk and conversation is quite as nearly perfect as can be. There are few officers in this city who are less liable to such accusations than Madden. We see him daily, and can vouch for his general behavior as an official and as a gentleman.

BOARD OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS.—All physically disabled policemen now on the force are to report to the Board to-day.

Resignation of Peter O'Brien was accepted. He was on duty in the Third District Recorder's Court.

Resignation of F. A. Smith was accepted.

NEWS TO US.—We find the following in Northern, Eastern, and Western journals:

The latest innovation in New Orleans is a lager beer saloon for ladies, which is said to be well patronized.

If such an institution exists here our spectacles have failed to squint at it. We are still betting that New Orleans ladies do not indulge.

RATHER MOIST.—It does not follow because the earth hereabouts is soft from rain that it is like some of the fellows who take free lunches at the corner—regular old soaks.

FOR THE FEET.—If the ladies wish to procure home-made stockings at prime cost, let them go to the corner of Perdido and Carondelet streets—there they will find Louisiana Hose.

WILL OPEN ITS DOORS IN SEPTEMBER.—We hear that the Academy of Music will open its portals about the middle of September. That will be a good joke on September, but then he can stand it. By all means give a show, Mr. Bidwell, and recall the emaciated Kittredge.

FINANCE COMMITTEE. — This committee held an informal meeting last evening, and something was said about a discrepancy of $42,000 between the accounts of the late Controller and Treasurer.

THE PERJURY CASE.—Mrs. Frances Willis who not long ago was arrested, accused by John Leidinger with having murdered his father and mother in the year 1866, but which charge was not made good, now accuses Leidinger with perjury. The matters, which we have published in detail, and which were extensively copied all over the Union, were traveled over again, but Recorder Jackson will not render a decision until day after to-morrow. It looks to us, through our spectacles, as though insult was added to injury.

CITY ITEMS IN BRIEF.—Francis A. Morris, the young barkeeper who shot and killed Raymond Lang, will be examined day after to morrow. The charge is make by Coroner Roche.

S. Wagner, accused of highway robbery in stealing one dollar from J. Jefferson, will have a trial before the Criminal Court.

Mary Nelson, supposed to be the woman who purloined $200 worth of crockery from 73 Carondelet street, will have an examination on the fourth proximo.

George Rickers, who made a show of himself on Canal street, goes to the Insane Asylum.

Mrs. Gray and her son Taylor Ferguson are up for having bitten Marie Guthrie's boy, a lon Robin street.

Martha McDuffie, who was placed under arrest accused by her husband, Major McDuffie, with stealing $750, was discharged.

Frank Andrews, who some time ago cut and wounded Patrick Jones on St. Charles street, goes down to the Criminal Court for trial.

J. P. Boisseau was yesterday arrested in the First District, accused of breach of trust and embezzlement by J. Mirambel. That is as far as the case has been developed to date.

At dark last evening thick clothing felt quite comfortable, and covering in bed was necessary.

A letter is advertised in the postoffice for those alluring gentlemen, Messrs. "Rolette & Farrow's Bank, No. 9." Who will call for it?

A lady has arrived here from Memphis for the avowed purpose of regaining possession of her infant son, whom she alleges is unlawfully withheld from her by Mrs. Waterson, a resident of this city. Mrs. Waterson asserts that the mother voluntarily gave her the child for adoption—that the baby was given and received in good faith some months ago in Memphis. The difficulty will be solved by a recorder.

We can name a name that would be a successful one in the Presidential campaign, and every voter would go for it—Nichols (nickles.)

ARRIVALS AT THE CITY HOTEL.—Andrew Andrew, Saltillo, Texas; C H Hughes, Galveston; James Prityan, R H Clegg, Texas; Sol Parks, Goliad, Texas; Mrs E A Robins, Mississippi; J W Cooley, Washington, D C; E W Whitmore and wife, U S Army; Miss Frances, Miss A Palmer, Miss Christian, Miss; John E Ohlo, Shreveport, La; S W Allen, Galveston, Texas; George W Harris, J M Killough, Waco, Texas; Charles Andre, Matamoras, Mexico; Sam Hoffman, Bryan, Texas; W L McIntosh, Bryan, Texas; A Sporleder, S E Watson, Mrs M Brandt, Galveston, Texas; Miss Smith, Galveston, Texas; J F Flint, Waco, Texas; Thomas Freeman, R H Castleman, Austin, Texas; Joseph M Barrett, Ala; E D John, Galveston, Texas; John E Ringsbury, Brownsville, Texas; H Manson, Baton Rouge; Mrs Fontaine, Galveston; R Harris, Louisville, Ky; T S Turner, Savannah, Ga; W H Walbridge, Washington, D C; G Keach, Galveston; J H Herr, Texas; F E Woodson, St Louis; Charles D Barris, Paris; R A Hicks and family, T C Hoodbur, Tenn; Dr M H Crowder, T H Her, Shreveport, La; Henry O'Hara, Brookhaven, Miss.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

E. WARREN—
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
—AND—
United States Commissioner,
No. 79 Customhouse street, upstairs.
jy23 3m NEW ORLEANS.

KELLY & HOWE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
20 Camp Street,
(Story Building)
jy17 1m NEW ORLEANS.

WM. H. SEYMOUR—
NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS FOR ILLINOIS, TEXAS, MISSISSIPPI, AND OTHER STATES.
Passports for Europe Procured at Short Notice.
31 EXCHANGE ALLEY.
jy15 1m New Orleans. (Up Stairs.)

THEODORE O. STARK,
NOTARY PUBLIC, ATTORNEY AT LAW,
—AND—
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.
Office No. 5 Carondelet Street,
jy17 6m Second Floor.

FERD. B. FARHART—
NOTARY PUBLIC,
AND
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 69 Canal street,
(Near the Customhouse,)
jy15 3m NEW ORLEANS.

JAMES B. SIMPSON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Galveston, Texas.
Special attention to commercial business and to the collection of claims in the cities of Houston and Galveston. jy 2 4m

HENRY C. DIBBLE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.
No. 19 Commercial Place,
(Back Office.)
sep3 1y NEW ORLEANS.

S. BELDEN. J. L. BELDEN.
S. & J. L. BELDEN—
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
No. 86 St. Charles Street,
NEW ORLEANS.
Strict attention to all Civil and Criminal business in the State and United States Courts. an24 1y

VACANCY—
Death has lately taken away a PARTNER, and one with a capital of $5000 is required to fill his place. This is a rare chance. A business already established; manufacturing an estable which has a very large consumption. The only establishment in the South. Address L. B., Postoffice box 1059. jy26 1m

ESTATE OF THOMAS M. NEWELL—No. 630

OFFICE UNITED STATES MARSHAL, District of Louisiana, Monroe, La., June 30, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE twenty-seventh day of June, A. D. 1868, a WARRANT IN BANKRUPTCY was issued against the estate of THOMAS M. NEWELL, in the parish of Tensas and State of Louisiana, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Register's office, in the town of Monroe, Louisiana, before W. J. Q. Baker, Register, on the thirtieth day of July, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

F. J. HERRON, U. S. Marshal,
District of Louisiana.
Per M. M. GRADY, Deputy, as Messenger.
No. 929—jy6 3t

ESTATE OF JOHN D. MCSWEEN—No. 629.

OFFICE OF UNITED STATES MARSHAL, District of Louisiana, Monroe, La., June 30, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE twenty-seventh day of June, A. D. 1868, a WARRANT IN BANKRUPTCY was issued against the estate of JOHN D. MCSWEEN, in the parish of Caldwell and State of Louisiana, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Register's office, in the town of Monroe, Louisiana, before W. J. Q. Baker, Register, on the thirtieth day of July, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

F. J. HERRON, U. S. Marshal,
District of Louisiana.
Per M. M. GRADY, Deputy, as Messenger.
No. 928—jy 6 3t

POLITICAL NOTICES.

State Central Committee of the Republican Party of Louisiana.—The members are notified to attend the meeting which will be held in the Hall of the House of Representatives, on MONDAY, August 3, at To'clock, P. M.

The members are earnestly requested to be punctual, as business of importance will be brought before the Committee.

By order of S. B. PACKARD, President.
WILLIAM VINERS, Recording Secretary.

The following members compose the State Central Committee:

ORLEANS—Hon. O. J. Dunn, G. M. Wickliffe, L. Pessou, M. A. Southworth, Captain J. H. Raynal, Eugene Staes, P. B. S. Pinchback, Gustave Dreuss, B. Joubert, Hon. William P. Kellogg.
ASCENSION—Milton Morris, Morris Marks.
ASSUMPTION—E. G. Pintado, R. Poindexter.
AVOYELLES—A. S. Collins, E. LeBlanc.
BATON ROUGE, EAST—G. W. Reagan, E Triplett.
BATON ROUGE, WEST—L. B. Jonks, Theophile Mahier.
BIENVILLE—M. H. Twitchell, E. W. Downs.
BOSSIER—Frank Smith, John Pierce.
CADDO—W. S. Modgett, C. C. Antoine.
CALCASIEU—H. C. Fuquhar.
CALDWELL—R. B. Edgeworth, Henry Neal.
CARROLL—W. L. McMillen, James Walker.
CATAHOULA—William Emanuel.
CLAIBORNE—W. J. Blackburn, John J. Lewis.
CONCORDIA—Hon. John S. Harris, John Randall.
DE SOTO—Stephen Humphreys, J. J. Walsh.
FELICIANA, EAST—John Hair, James DuBrag.
FELICIANA, WEST—D. W. Weber, James H. Stephens.
FRANKLIN—J. H. Crawford, Thomas Mickens, Jr.
IBERVILLE—P. G. Deslonde, William Brown.
JACKSON—Allen Green, William McCarley.
JEFFERSON—R. G. Gardine, Don A. Pardee.
LAFAYETTE—Fortune Read, Alexander Ramos.
LAFOURCHE—D. H. Re so, William Murrell.
LIVINGSTON—C. J. Bradley, Amos Morrison.
MADISON—Curtis Pollard.
MOREHOUSE—W. A. Moulton.
NATCHITOCHES—C. L. Ferguson, Charles Leroy.
OUACHITA—John Ray, Frank Morey.
PLAQUEMINES—P. Leonard, D. A. Tabbant.
POINTE COUPEE—Emile Honore, J. C. Patrick.
RAPIDE—Harry Lott, A. J. Spyker.
SABINE—J. B. Lewis, Isaac Smith.
ST. BERNARD—A. L. Lee, L. Guichard.
ST. CHARLES—Peter Harper, Layhorne Finley.
ST. HELENA—Samuel H. Houston, M. McGee.
ST. JAMES—N. Underwood, Henry Riley.
ST. JOHN—Dennis Barrel, Mortimer Smith.
ST. LANDRY—M. Vidal, F. D Ayr.
ST. MARTIN—Louis E. Lalaire, E. Detiege.
ST. MARY—C. B. Darrall, J. B. Esnard.
ST. TAMMANY—J. W. Hutchinson.
TENSAS—William M. Holland, H. R. Steele.
TERREBONNE—F. Marie, U. Duparte.
UNION—W. C. Carr, J. R. Goyne.
VERMILLION—
WASHINGTON—Rev. M. Reese, D. L. Snell.
WEBS—J. C. Weeks.

Parish Executive Committee.—We are furnished with the following list of the officers and members of the Parish Executive Committee:

PRESIDENT—Hon. SETH W. LEWIS.
VICE PRESIDENT—J. E. NOBLE.
TREASURER—J. M. BURCHARD.
SECRETARY—W. B. GRAY.
ASSISTANT SECRETARY—W. H. BURROUGHS.
SERGEANT-AT-ARMS—ALEX. WILLIAMS.
FIRST WARD—Delegates—C. B. Young, S. W. Lewis, Nelson Woody, C. H. Hughes.
SECOND WARD—Delegates—H. C. Dibble, J. B. Noble, C. H. Fox, David Wilson, E. Miller, E. Gifford.
THIRD WARD—Babbs Dunn, W. G. McDonnell, Thomas Lynne, R. G. Isabelle, S Jones, J. M. Burchard, W. Mafford, S. R. Mason.
FOURTH WARD—T. A. Martin, N. W. Green, R. M. Kenner, R. C. Howard, Wm. Vigers.
FIFTH WARD—N. Villery, Eug. Staes, E. Davis.
SIXTH WARD—P. Benedict, Captain W. George.
SEVENTH WARD—J. J. Meldrick, W. H. Green, M. Leblanc, E. Ferrand.
EIGHTH WARD—W. J. Douglass, O. S. Brandon.
NINTH WARD—Joseph Kuhn, W. G. Kinsella, Douglas Brown, Thomas Curry.
TENTH WARD—W. B. Gray, D. D. Mackey, L. O. Scriven, Battle Payne.
ELEVENTH WARD—Peter Landry, Robert Ray.
ALGIERS—W. Pease. jy17

Republican Meetings—PARISH EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—Republican Parish Executive Committee at Clay Hall, every THURSDAY evening.

REPUBLICAN WARD CLUBS—First Ward Club—Terpsichore street, between Apollo and St. Charles streets, every MONDAY evening.

Second Ward Club—Corner Triton Walk and Dryades street, every FRIDAY evening.

Third Ward Club—Clay Hall, Perdido street, every SATURDAY evening.

Fourth Ward Club—Turners' Hall, Derbigny street, between Customhouse and Bienville, every TUESDAY evening.

Fifth Ward Club—Union Hall, St. Louis street, between Treme and Marais, every FRIDAY evening.

Sixth Ward Club—Economy Hall, Ursulines street, every TUESDAY evening.

Seventh Ward Club—Corner Celeste and Greatmen streets, every MONDAY evening.

Eighth Ward Club—Morales street, between Mandeville and Marigny, every SATURDAY evening.

Ninth Ward Club—Crescent Beer Garden, Poland street, every WEDNESDAY evening.

Tenth Ward Club—Corner St. Mary and Fulton streets, every FRIDAY evening.

Eleventh Ward Club—Corner Dryades and First streets, every MONDAY evening. je26

The German Radical Central Club—Meets every WEDNESDAY, at Carroll Hall, corner of Poydras and Carroll streets.

Grant Campaign Club No. 1 meets every WEDNESDAY EVENING at the corner of St. Mary and Fulton streets, fourth district.

All Republicans are invited to attend.

GEO. P. CARR, President.
GEO. GRINDLEY, Secretary. je21 1m

Pioneer Grant Club.—This Club meets at Carroll Hall, corner of Poydras and Carroll streets, every FRIDAY EVENING at eight o'clock. Members are requested to be present at all the regular meetings. All persons who support General U. S. Grant for the Presidency are invited to join the Pioneer Grant Club.

JOHN M. G. PARKER, President.
N. W. TRAVIS, Secretary. my28

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Notice.—Henry Miller, a machinist, late of Mexico, will hear of something to his advantage by communicating with Messrs. John W. Corlels & Co., bankers and financial agents of the republic of Mexico, 57 Broadway, New York. jy27

Dr. B. F. Wright has reduced his already low Dental charges one-half till further notice.

No. 153 Customhouse street, between Dauphine and Burgundy. my17 1aw Su

FOR RENT.

TO RENT—A LARGE AND ELIGIBLE store—one of the finest in the city—No. 112 Canal street, near Carondelet street. It is susceptible of being divided into two stores. To a good lessee it will be rented cheap. Inquire of

M. GERNON, No. 2 Story Building,
fe Corner of Camp and Common streets.

TO RENT.—A NEWLY BUILT TWO-STORY Brick Dwelling, with all modern conveniences, No. 6 Rampart street, a few doors above Canal street. Possession given immediately. Apply to M. Gernon, No. 2 Story Building. no7

REEVES' AMBROSIA
FOR THE HAIR
Improved.
It is an elegant Dressing for the Hair.
It causes the Hair to Curl beautifully.
It keeps the Scalp Clean and Healthy.
It invigorates the Roots of the Hair.
It forces the Hair and Beard to grow luxuriantly.
It immediately stops Hair Falling Out.
It keeps the hair from Changing Color from Age.
It restores Gray Hair to its Original Color.
It brings out Hair on heads that have been bald for years.
It is composed entirely of simple and purely vegetable substances.
It has received over six thousand voluntary testimonials of its excellence, many of which are from physicians in high standing.
It is sold in half-pound bottles, (the same blown in the glass) by Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods everywhere, at One Dollar per Bottle. Wholesale by Dem Barnes & Co.; C. F. Wells & Co.; Schieffelin & Co., New York.
mh2

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, Fifth Military District, New Orleans, La., July 28, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE ARE invited till the eighth day of August, 1868, for furnishing the United States Subsistence Department with the following Stores, viz:

For 95 barrels choice Extra FLOUR, equal to the government standard. Each barrel of Flour purchased will be required to weigh 196 pounds, and all Flour delivered to a previous inspection, or missing from the barrels for any other cause, will be required to be made up by the contractor.

For 150 pounds of GROUND PEPPER, put up in papers of precisely four ounces of Pepper in each paper, and these papers to be carefully packed in a good box containing either twenty-five or fifty pounds. This Pepper will be required to be absolutely pure. Samples required.

The above articles to be of the very best quality, and put up in superior packages, are to be delivered at the Anchor Press in this city, within twenty days after the opening of the bids.

No bids will be received from parties who have failed to comply with their engagements with any branch of the government.

Proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Proposals."

A. BECKWITH,
jy28 6t Brevet Maj. Gen. and C. S., U. S. A.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, Fifth Military District, New Orleans, La., July 23, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE ARE invited till the fifth day of August, 1868, for furnishing the United States Subsistence Department with the following Stores, viz:

30,000 pounds of SPLIT PEAS, put up in Barrels and hoop-lined. Samples of the Peas to be furnished.

6,000 pounds of good BROWN SOAP, put up in boxes. Samples to be furnished.

1,000 gallons of GOLDEN SYRUP, in Cypress Barrels. Samples to be furnished.

20,000 pounds of RIO COFFEE, in bags. The weight of the bags will be deducted from the weight of the Coffee; samples to be furnished. Bids will be entertained for Cordova and Java Coffee at the same time.

1,000 gallons of the best MOLASSES, put up in Cypress Barrels. Samples to be furnished.

The above articles to be of the very best quality, and put up in superior packages, and to be delivered at the Anchor Press in this city within twenty days after the opening of the bids.

No bids will be received from parties who have failed to comply with their engagements with any branch of the government.

Proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Proposals."

A. BECKWITH,
jy25 6t Brevet Maj. Gen. and C. S., U. S. A.

SUCCESSION NOTICES.

Succession of Widow Joseph Bussuot. SECOND DISTRICT COURT OF NEW ORLEANS. No. 30,234.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification of any they have or can) why the account presented by the executorat this estate should not be homologated and approved, the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
jy29 4aw7 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

LEGAL NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

FOR THE DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

In Bankruptcy—No. 118.

IN THE MATTER OF B. B. NEWHALL, Bankrupt.

WHEREAS B. B. NEWHALL, of New Orleans, and date of aforesaid, duly adjudged bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, has this day filed in said court a petition praying for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act—

Notice is therefore given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and to all other persons in interest, that the sixteenth day of November, 1868, at 11 A. M., is appointed for the hearing of the same, and that they may then and there attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

Clerk's Office, New Orleans, July 17, 1868.
jy25 se30 oct3 R. LOEB, Deputy Clerk.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT AND DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

To all to whom these Presents shall come Greeting:

WHEREAS, JAMES O. ZUNTZ, HAVING in pursuance of a sale made by the Marshal of the United States for the District of Louisiana, duly hereinafter described property, has applied to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the United States in whose office the deed of sale was recorded on the sixteenth day of July, 1868, for a monition or advertisement to issue in conformity to an act of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, entitled "An Act for the further assurance of titles to purchasers at judicial sales," approved March 16, 1854, and amendatory thereto, "monitions and mode of proceeding," approved March 15, 1855:

Now, therefore, know ye, and all persons interested herein, are hereby cited and admonished in the name of the United States of America and of the United States Circuit Court for the Fifth Judicial Circuit and District of Louisiana, and in conformity to the act of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana above cited, who can set up any right, title or interest in the following property acquired by him in consequence of any informality in the order, decree, or judgment of the Court, under which the sale was made, or in the deed of sale, or in the appraisement or advertisement, in time or manner of sale, or for any defect whatsoever, to show cause within thirty days from the day the monition is first inserted in the public papers, why the title so made should not be confirmed and judicially quieted:

The said property was sold by the United States Marshal for the District aforesaid, on the twenty-second day of May, 1868, by virtue of a decree of the above named Court, rendered on the twenty-seventh day of April, 1868, and signed on the eighth day of May, 1868, in a suit entitled "Margaret R. Dean, widow, etc., vs. Mrs. C. D. Moncure and als. children and heirs of Henry Royal, deceased," No. 4[illegible] of the Docket of the said Court, at which sale Jas. E. Zuntz became the purchaser, for the price of ten thousand dollars ($10,000), payable in twelve months from the said day of sale, and for which, less ($500) paid in cash, as the costs of suit, he hath given a bond conditioned as the law requires.

Description of property, as given in the judicial conveyance:

A CERTAIN PLANTATION, situated on the left bank of and fronting on the Mississippi river, in the parish of Ascension, in this State, formerly known as the "Hard Times," but now known as the "Southwood" plantation, and bounded on the upper line by the parish of Iberville, and on the lower by lands now or formerly belonging to S. R. Thibodeaux, and measuring about twenty-eight and a half arpents front on the Mississippi river, by eighty arpents in depth, between diverging lines, with the opening thereto belonging; together with all the improvements thereon, as well as all the cattle, live stock, implements of husbandry, etc., of whatever kind or nature, thereon or thereunto belonging, twenty-three mules, four carts, thirty-five plows, twenty-thousand new bricks and a lot of corn in barrels.

Clerk's Office, New Orleans, July 11, 1868.
D. URBAN, Clerk.
by F. B. VINOT, Deputy Clerk.
No. 937 jy 18 29 au 11 21

MEDICAL.

DR. M. A. SOUTHWORTH—
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
137 Customhouse Street,
NEW ORLEANS, Louisiana.
je30 6t

MARRIAGE GUIDE