New Orleans Republican.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

THE CARPET-BAG.

Our Chinaman continues to send us letters, which we presume we must continue to publish:

FRENCH MARKET, August 7.

VAST BAG: I sell twenty-two cigars to-day and write twenty-three verses of poetry for the Sunday *Times*. Make six bits. Buy much tea. Feel much happy.

Since come to New Orleans learn much good English. Big words. Nice words. Read in Camp street papers that all black men are "filthy" and "disgusting." Go to Democratic meeting on Thursday evening and hear pretty Democratic black man say that the Republican leaders in Louisiana are "stinking scallawags," and all the chivalric gentlemen in the audience cheered and cried "Good!"

Very glad to learn these beautiful English words. Soon I get be great scholar.

I go write for Camp street papers some pretty stories about General Grant. The *Bulletin* shall publish them and pay me two bits a column. Cash! I will give you some samples to let you see how good they are:

I.

An Eastern exchange relates the following thrilling story: "On the nineteenth of February, 1862, a General with his army lay dead drunk near Fort Donelson, in Tennessee. A widow lady, the relict of the lamented Colonel Bowie Deringer, reposed in innocence about three miles and one-eighth to the nor' nor' east. At midnight the General, who was still dead drunk, stole from his tent, rode to the house of Mrs. Deringer, blew her brains out, ate them up, and seizing three hundred and one bales of cotton, of an average weight of 406 13-16 pounds, carried them before morning to Paducah, where he arrived at five minutes and thirty-one seconds after four o'clock P. M. By nine o'clock of the same day the cotton was sold for $37,642 81¼ to Moses Jacobs, and the General deposited the proceeds in the Pharaoh bank at noon. Need I add that the General's name was Hiram Simpson Grant? Widows of Tennessee, will you vote for such a man?

II.

The Cairo *Copperhead*, an eminent and learned journal, published on a flatboat in the gallant queenly city (the Venice of America), furnishes us with a startling sequel to the above narrative, as follows:

At 1:30 P. M. of the day last referred to at Paducah, the General stole the entire lot of cotton from the virtuous vendee, the late lamented Moses Jacobs, and sold it over again to Melchisedeck Solomon for $37,-642 81¼, and at 2:37 P. M. of the same day, deposited the proceeds in the Pharaoh bank. Upon Mr. Jacobs remonstrating with the General, the latter shot Mr. Jacobs, and swallowed him with the exception of his nose, which fortunately was of such size and curvature as to present an obstacle. Members of the original Jacobs family, will you vote for such a man?

III.

The Paris (Ky.) *Catamount* supplies us with a postscript to the foregoing sequel:

At 11.30 A. M. of the succeeding day (February 19) the administrator of Mr. Jacobs notified Mr. Solomon of his superior title to the cotton. Mr. Solomon naturally, and respectfully, informed the General that he should feel obliged to "call him in warranty."

"Will you?" said the General, with an oath as long as the Cumberland river. Whereupon he shot Mr. Solomon and swallowed him (with the exception of his nose) and then added grimly:

"Let us have peace!"

Descendants of the kingly race of Israel, will you vote for such a man?

IV.

The Louisville *Currier* has just come to hand, thanks to the obliging and affable clerk of the coal barge "Comet." It furnishes us with an exciting *addendum* to the foregoing postscript:

On the twentieth of February, 1862, at Paducah, it will be seen that the General was on deposit in the Pharoah Bank the sum of $75,285 65¼, a sum large enough to satisfy an ordinary man, or even an editor. On the evening of that day, at 11:30, while dead drunk, he sunk a mine under the bank, dug a hole near by, in which he concealed the earth he had withdrawn from the shaft and galleries of the mine, and effecting an entrance, stole from the vaults the entire money of the institution, amounting to $76,286 65¼. The next day he drew a check on the bank for the amount of his deposit, and as the directors happened to be personally liable, they paid it.

Bankers of the United States, will you vote for such a man?

The Cincinnati *Chronicle* thinks that Mormonism is too expensive, and probably having the successful marital experience of the Seraken in his mind, exclaims: "How about four or five wives for one man—when the fact is, each woman in these days ought to have four or five husbands—it would take about that number to support her decently." The expensiveness of polygamy is not the only objection to it. There are the crinolines, for instance. A man with one wife knows what a nuisance a worn-out hoop-skirt becomes, and how impossible it is to get rid of the thing; but fancy the wretchedness of the greatly married man, who sees his back yard strewn with the discarded skirts of his half-dozen wives. We economists find it bad enough to have a single crinoline in the house, but think of the Mormon with his four, or six, or ten skeletons!

We are paying $40,000,000 a year in gold as the cost of Democratic threats of repudiation. Our interest on the public debt is over $120,000,000 in gold, when it need not exceed $80,000,000. If our credit were undoubted foreign capitalists would be glad to lend us money at four per cent. and thereby enable us to reduce our annual expenditures for interest by at least one-third. Is not this paying rather dearly for a Democratic luxury?

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE VAGRANT LAWS.—For the information of our numerous readers who are not fully advised as to the present powers of Recorders in regard to the commitment of vagrants, we publish the following communication from Attorney General Belden to Recorder Gastinel, in reply to a letter from the latter asking information:

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE, State of Louisiana, New Orleans, August 8, 1868.

Hon. Arthur Gastinel, Recorder Second District, City of New Orleans:

DEAR SIR—In reply to your inquiry as to whether you have the power as Recorder to commit vagrants, I have to reply that my opinion is that you have no such power. In the act of the General Assembly of 1865 relative to crimes and offenses, section 122 was re-enacted by act of the General Assembly by act approved December 20, 1865. This last law, however, was ignored by the schemile of the constitution of 1868, now in force. You will readily see by the repealing clause of the act of 1855, above referred to, that no other law on the subject of vagrancy remains unrepealed, and as a legal consequence, the repeal of the law of 1865 by the convention of 1868 without any other provisions made upon the subject of vagrancy, leaves you without any authority of law to commit.

The repeal of the law of 1865 does not revive the law of 1855.

This is an exceedingly unfortunate condition of affairs for the people of this great metropolis, and especially at a time of unusual peculiary distress. It should be the first duty of the Legislature to pass such laws upon the subject as its importance demands.

This does not apply to juvenile vagrants.

Very respectfully yours,
SIMEON BELDEN,
Attorney General.

DEATH BY SUNSTROKE.—There occurred a death by sunstroke yesterday in the Third District, corner of Peace and Bagatelle streets. His name was not ascertained. This is only the third instance this summer. The thermometer ranged about eighty-nine degrees most of the day and a little breeze blowing.

FOURTH DISTRICT ARSON CASE.—Recorder Jackson yesterday intended giving his decision in the matter of J. Alexander, examined on a charge of arson, and in fact did conclude to send the prisoner before the Criminal Court, but by dint of persuasion used by the attorney for Alexander he again took the subject under advisement and will not render a decision until to-morrow. Altogether we rather admire Recorder Jackson in his daily rulings and estimates of the suits before him, but if he allows lawyers to swerve him from his convictions he will find his seat one of the most disagreeable. His appreciation of matters that come within his jurisdiction is generally correct, but if he allows interested influence to alter his impressions we shall change our opinion of him.

"LIFE ON THE METAIRIE."—This is the name of a large oil painting of a purely local character, which has made it quite notorious among turfites, especially as all the personages painted are gentlemen well known in this community—some of them not altogether unconnected with the press, stables, and course. The owner of the picture sold it out by chances in a raffle, and the result is that Mr. George H. Clarke has been pronounced winner. The painting is worth having at the price paid for it, and it is expected that it will be hung in the Orleans House—leastwise that would be a good place for it.

AN ATTEMPT TO MURDER.—George Leaf, river police, yesterday narrated the following as testimony before Recorder Becker:

A few minutes before seven o'clock I was going on duty when I found Charles Ress waiting for me at the ticket office of the First District ferry landing. He invited me to go down the slip, as he had something particular to say to me; he did not wish any one to hear what it was. He asked me if I had written the report and sent it before the Board of Police Commissioners. I replied that I did, whereupon he struck me on my head several times with his fist, causing me to fall on my knees, and while I was down he plunged a sharp weapon into my head, which caused a considerable flow of blood. I arose and called for help. Ress then swore he would murder the officer who arrested him.

The case will undergo an examination on the eighteenth instant. Bail $2500.

ONE OF THE BODIES FOUND.—The body of Albert Wiegel, who was drowned on Friday last at the Stock Landing, has been found near the foot of Delachaise street, about thirty feet from shore. The body of Decker, also drowned at the same time, was found locked in the arms of Albert; but while endeavoring to draw them on shore they became separated, and the body of Edward sank and could not be found again. A very extraordinary circumstance is attached to these unfortunate lads. They were cousins, born on the same day, and now leave the world locked in each other's arms, dying an unnatural death.

POSTPONED ONCE MORE.—It seems that the weather had and holds an unrelenting spite against the firemen, so far as their holding festivals is concerned. The closing of a series of picnics was to have been held today, but the condition of the Fair Grounds is such that it would be unpleasant to hold the festival, therefore one more postponement.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Judge Abell.*—The following sentences were passed yesterday in the Criminal Court:

John Shields, larceny, five days Parish Prison; Sylvester Farrelle six months Parish Prison, same offense; John Gaffney, same offense, twenty-four hours Parish Prison; William Finney, do., four months Parish Prison; Frank Yager, alias Spain, burglary and larceny, two years hard labor State Penitentiary.

COUNTERFEIT NICKELS AND COUNTERFEIT NOTES.—James Porter and Frank Smith were arraigned yesterday before United States Commissioner Warren upon the charge of passing a counterfeit United States five dollar note. Their cases were continued until Tuesday next at five o'clock P. M.

Robert Bradford was also arraigned upon a similar charge, of knowingly and willfully dealing in and passing and attempting to pass counterfeit nickels. He was held for examination on Monday, the seventeenth instant, at 12 M.

A REGULAR ROW.—Mrs. Toy and Mrs. Meade, neighbors, both found themselves involved in difficulty in the Second District Recorder's Court yesterday morning. Mrs. Meade imagined herself insulted by having an allusion made by Mrs. Toy that she is no better than she should be. Mrs. Toy said she was a woman of suspicious character, for which little piece of information Mrs. Meade treated her to a bucket of cistern water, all against the peace and dignity of the locality known as Dauphine street. One witness said they quarrelled like cats, and if they could get together they would have fought well, but luckily a high fence separated them. Both parties were fined $5 and put under peace bonds six months.

ACCIDENT TO MR. CASSIDY AND WIFE.—Last Friday evening as Mr. Cassidy, of the restaurant, corner of Carondelet and Gravier, and his wife were driving out Canal street with a double team the horses became frightened at a pile of crossties and stringers of the city railroad company. When some squares beyond the depot, about opposite the Carrollton Avenue bridge, the team became unmanageable, and left the shell road, rushing toward the uncovered canal, but before reaching it Mr. and Mrs. Cassidy were thrown from the buggy, the fall injuring Mrs. Cassidy severely, spraining her spine and otherwise bruising her. Mr. Cassidy was injured about his head, but not so seriously as to lay him up. One of his fine animals, Little Jo, floundered into the canal and was drowned. The nag was valued at $1500, that sum having been refused for him only a few days ago. The vehicle was smashed.

From the horse station nearly the whole distance to the cemeteries are strewn both old and new stringers, crossties, and sleepers, many of which are in such close proximity to the road as to make it extremely dangerous for teams to pass each other. By a slight variation from a direct line on the left of the road in going out, a buggy is sure to come in collision with the heavy timbers dropped on the edge of the road. It is perfectly natural for a spirited horse to shy at anything so unusually conspicuous as are these newly hewn timbers.

CITY ITEMS IN BRIEF.—The private and public misunderstandings between Annie Casey and Mollie Perkins, dwellers on Basin and Franklin streets, burst into a one-horse female riot of swiveled tongues. Mollie is not a dwarf in length of person, while there seemed to be no end to Annie's "lollicker." Recorder Becker happened to be aware of the moral and immoral status of the twain, hence he was not loth to fine Annie ten dollars and invite her to give peace bonds. At this sentence Mollie seemed greatly pleased, and with the air of a dethroned queen waltzed out of the court room, cackling like a rooster when a neighboring hen had laid an egg.

The suit against Robert Alexander, who was arrested for obtaining goods under false pretenses, was withdrawn at the request of the prosecutor. All a mistake.

Mrs. and Mary Ann Morrison scandalized Camp street by exposing their foulness. Both are as ugly as the hags of Macbeth, and unless they plank down fifty dollars by way of fine they must accept the hospitality of Parish Prison fare.

It is asserted by Conrad Campbell that E. Parker is a breacher of trust and embezzler. How the breach was made will be shown on the fifteenth instant.

James Furlong indulged in too long a drunk, and took up his bed and board on Old Levee street, for which he paid five dollars into the city treasury. He could have been accommodated for less money than that at a hotel.

John Chase didn't have stolen property in his possession, as charged by Officer Hennessy, and accordingly did not have to steal out of the court room with a blemished character.

James Scott is charged with inciting a riot, but it proved that the riot was among the whisky bottles only, which he emptied of their contents. He will pay five dollars, or be taken care of five days at his option.

Oscar Wade is in luck. His case is continued again, but when it does came up he will continue at the Penitentiary a while it is feared.

Peter Nelgan couldn't prove that David Holmes stole a watermelon worth five cents, so David made his exit from the Second District Recorder's Court in a better humor than he entered.

Mrs. Tripple will inspect the inner casements of the Parish Prison for the period of five days, for being so hard-hearted as to strike Catherine Adolphe with a piece of iron.

If Francis Fenax struck one Titine, he could not prove it, and Francis was accordingly dismissed.

George Patterson may thank his stars that Philip Lyons failed to appear against him, as he is charged with stealing $51.

FIRES LAST NIGHT.—A fire broke out last night at about half-past seven o'clock in a dwelling-house, No. 351 Constance street, occupied by a Mr. Field. The fire originated in a bedroom by the ignition of a mosquito bar. It was extinguished before any serious damage was done.

Another fire broke out at half past ten on St. Ann street, near Claiborne. The alarm came from engine house No. 10, on Dumaine street. Owing to the lateness of the hour we failed to obtain the full particulars.

WATER RATES.—The Board of Commissioners has resolved to lower the rates charged for water furnished by the city. To a family of four persons ten dollars instead of fifteen per annum; every additional person, seventy-five cents instead of one dollar. The Secretary's office is still on Dryades street, between Canal and Common, where applications for water should be made. no 2

BOARD OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS.—We had been promised a list of the additional members appointed on the force, but as the names are not yet quite complete, or in order, we are compelled to omit their publication.

"THE MAN ON HORSEBACK."—The man on horseback is in another part of the country, but a large number of men mounted on horses and mules, a portion of them in uniform caps, and another portion arrayed in sashes, rode past the office of the REPUBLICAN last evening, complimenting this paper as usual. They claim to be the "Seymour Knights," though they did not have a very knightly appearance, the "Blair Guards," and the "Draymen's Democratic Club." Now that they have made a cavalry demonstration they will next get a "club" to parade about town with "cannon on wheels." Our reporters heard some of their speakers "expatiate" last evening, as announced.

ARRIVALS AT THE CITY HOTEL.—M J Patterson, Mexico; Robert Adams, Mobile, Ala; Robert Semple, Miss; W J Sasson, Weatherford; W E Murphy, Missouri; L Jenkens, Lonas Jenkens, N K Johnson, Dallas; R G Murry, San Antonio; J A Wilkins, R Hoffman, Alexander Simon, Brenham; S T Stratton, Texas; S B Paine, Alabama; John Orr, C A Thompson, J Hounas, Byram, Texas; J Y Jefferies, Texas; D C Neer, Oakland, Texas; R Hagood, Ala; A Morris, Indianola, Texas; Thos Worth, Illinois; F M Mundin, Lexington, Texas; G Brittingham, B C Baker, Galveston, Texas; Jos Morgan, Minden; J A Bryan and lady, La; G S Grimes, U S A; H Browning, Washington, La; J C Gooty, Va; Lay; A M Kelly, Houston, Texas; G Magullyk and lady, U S A.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Parish Executive Committee.—We are furnished with the following list of the officers and members of the Parish Executive Committee:

PRESIDENT—Hon. SETH W. LEWIS.
VICE-PRESIDENTS—J. B. NOBLE.
TREASURER—J. M. BURCHARD.
SECRETARY—W. B. GRAY.
ASSISTANT SECRETARY—W. H. BURROUGHS.
SERGEANT-AT-ARMS—ALEX WILLIAMS.
FIRST WARD—Delegates—C. B. Young, S. W. Lewis, Nelson Woody, C. H. Hughes.
SECOND WARD—Delegates—H. O. Dibble, J. B. Noble, C. H. Fox, David Wilson, E. Miller, E. Gifford.
THIRD WARD—Fabius Dunn, W. G. McConnell, Thomas Lynne, R. H. Isabelle, S. Jones, J. M. Burchard, W. Mulford, S R. Moses.
FOURTH WARD—T. A. Martin, N. W. Green, R. M. Kenner, R. C. Howard, Wm Vigers.
FIFTH WARD—N. Villery, Eug. Staes, E. Davis.
SIXTH WARD—P. Benedict, Captain W. George.
SEVENTH WARD—J. J. Meldrick, W. H. Green, M. Leblanc, E. Perrault.
EIGHTH WARD—W. J. Douglass, O. E. Biandon.
NINTH WARD—Joseph Kline, W. C. Kinsella Douglas Brown, Thomas Curry.
TENTH WARD—W. B. Gray, Dr. D. Mackey, L. C. Scriven, Battie Payne.
ELEVENTH WARD—Peter Landry, Robert Ray.
ALGIERS—W. Pease. j517

Republican Meetings—PARISH EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—Republican Parish Executive Committee at Clay Hall, every THURSDAY evening.

REPUBLICAN WARD CLUBS.—First Ward Club—Terpsichore street, between Apollo and St. Charles streets, every MONDAY evening.

Second Ward Club—Corner Triton Walk and Dryades street, every FRIDAY evening.

Third Ward Club—Clay Hall, Perdido street, every SATURDAY evening.

Fourth Ward Club—Turners' Hall, Derbigny street, between Customhouse and Bienville, every TUESDAY evening.

Fifth Ward Club—Union Hall, St. Louis street, between Treme and Marais, every FRIDAY evening.

Sixth Ward Club—Economy Hall, Ursulines street, every TUESDAY evening.

Seventh Ward Club—Corner Union and Greatmen streets, every MONDAY evening.

Eighth Ward Club—Morales street, between Mandeville and Marigny, every SATURDAY evening.

Ninth Ward Club—Crescent Beer Garden, Poland street, every WEDNESDAY evening.

Tenth Ward Club—Corner St. Mary and Fulton streets, every FRIDAY evening.

Eleventh Ward Club—Corner Dryades and First streets, every MONDAY evening. je26

The German Radical Central Club—Meets every WEDNESDAY, at Carroli Hall, corner of Poydras and Carroll streets.

Grant Campaign Club No. 1 meets every WEDNESDAY EVENING at the corner of St. Mary and Fulton streets, fourth district.

All Republicans are invited to attend.

GEO. P. CARR, President,
GEO. GRINDLEY, Secretary. je21 1m

Pioneer Grant Club.—This Club meets at Carroll Hall, corner of Poydras and Carroll streets, every FRIDAY EVENING at eight o'clock. Members are requested to be present at all the regular meetings. All persons who support General U. S. Grant for the Presidency are invited to join the Pioneer Grant Club.

JOHN M. G. PARKER, President.
N. W. TRAVIS, Secretary. my28

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Reduction of Water Rent.—Waterworks Office, August 8, 1868.—By resolution of the Board of Commissioners the following reduction is made in the water rates to private families until January 1, 1869:

To a family of four persons or less, from $15 to $10 a year.

To each person over four from $1 to 75c. a year.

Application should be made to Mr. S. E. PERCY, Secretary and Treasurer pro tem., at the office of the old company.

BRAXTON BRAGG,
au8 6t Superintendent.

Dr. E. F. Wright has reduced his already low Dental charges one-half till further notice.

No. 153 Customhouse street, between Dauphine and Burgundy. my17 1aw Su

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.....NOTICE.

The Public of the Second District are respectfully informed that D. DOUGLAS, who is appointed as Inspector of Weights and Measures, has opened his office at 123 Ursulines street, where he is present at all hours. au9 2t

NOTICE—I HEREBY CAUTION ALL PERSONS not to trust my wife, MARY FAGAN, as I will pay no debts contracted by her from this date.

PATRICK FAGAN.
au9 3t* No. 220 Washington Street.

IMMEDIATE RELIEF,
AND A PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED.

THE GREAT WESTERN REMEDY

Is a Certain and Speedy Cure for NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY, SUPPRESSED, PAINFUL or EXCESSIVE PAIN and FEVER, etc.

Whole pages from influential citizens, testifying to the disease-dispelling and health-promoting qualities of the GREAT WESTERN REMEDY, will be furnished on application.

Sold by All First-Class Druggists.

PRICE:
25 cents, 50 cents, 75 cents, $1, and $1 50 per Bottle.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

AARON DAVIS, Discoverer and Proprietor,
823 Washington Street, Newark, N. J.

To be obtained of the Medicine Dealers throughout the United States, and at DEMAS BARNES & CO., and HALL & RUCKLE, Agents in NEW YORK CITY. my28

KNICKERBOCKER MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Assets.....$8,000,000.

ERASTUS LYMAN, PRESIDENT.

Branch Office, No. 50 Camp Street, NEW ORLEANS.

H. C. PAXSON, MANAGER,
J. B. GUTHRIE, GENERAL AGENT.

Policies Issued and Losses Paid at this Office.

Premiums non-forfeitable under the rules of the Company. After five years policies incontestable except for non-payment of premiums or misstatements in application.

No extra charge for residence in or travel to any part of the civilized portions of the United States or Europe. no 2

ESTABLISHED 1828.

STODART
New Scale, Overstrung, full Iron Frame
PIANO FORTES.

STODART & MORRIS,
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT
PIANO FORTES.

Our new scale Piano Fortes, in addition to their peculiar merits contain every really valuable modern improvement, rendering them the most complete and perfect instruments ever offered to the public, and for purity of tone, delicacy of touch, durability, and also standing the test of severe climates, the NEW SCALE STODART PIANO FORTE is unrivaled.

The Pianos of this manufacture have stood the test of more than a quarter of a century, and the manufacturers are at liberty to refer to over twenty-five thousand families who have had them in use in nearly every part of the civilized world. All letters will be promptly answered by

STODART & MORRIS,
my28 684 Broadway, corner of Great Jones, New York.

McFARLAN, STRAIGHT & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF
SUGARS, MOLASSES, COTTON, TOBACCO.
Pork, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, Butter, Flour.
Hams, Candies, Grain, Hay.
Starch, Soap, Oils, etc.,
44, 46, and 48 New Levee Street,
Between Poydras and Gravier,
NEW ORLEANS.

Straight, Deming & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.
de13

ALLENTOWN RAILROAD LINE

NEW, ALL RAIL, FAST FREIGHT LINE, Direct between Boston, New York, and Pittsburg, via Harrisburg, Allentown, and Jersey City, without change of Cars.

New York goods for Pittsburg must be delivered at Pier No. 14, North River, to the Agents of the "Allentown Transportation Company, and not to the agents of the New Jersey Central Railroad, at same pier.

Bills of Lading issued at the office of the Line, No. 264 Broadway.

Boston Office No. 77 Washington street.
JOHN P. HAMILTON, Agent,
au3 Office foot of Liberty street, Pittsburg.

OFFICIAL NOTICES--CITY.

MATERIALTY OF NEW ORLEANS
City Hall, July 27, 1868.

No. 941—New Series.

Resolved, That the Controller be and he is hereby authorized, after ten days notice in the official journal, to sell to the lowest bid or the contract for burying the indigent dead and conveying the indigent sick to the hospital for one year.

(Signed) A FRED KEARNY,
President Board Assistant Aldermen.
(Signed) THOMAS MARKEY,
President Board of Aldermen.
Approved July 27, 1868.
(Signed) JOHN R. CONWAY, Mayor.
A true copy:
JOHN W. OVERALL, Secretary.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
New Orleans, August 3, 1868.

Notice is hereby given that the Controller will at his office on SATURDAY, August 15, 1868, at noon, adjudicate to the lowest bidder or bidders the above contract.

PAS. LABARRE, Deputy Controller.

STREET COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
City Hall, Room No. 1, Assembly Floor,
New Orleans July 30, 1868.

SPECIFICATIONS of a contract for burying the indigent dead and conveying the indigent sick to hospital within the city of New Orleans for one year.

FIRST.

The contractor or contractors shall be bound to furnish the necessary number of horses and drivers required for the faithful performance of said contract.

The four charity wagons, the property of the city, and now used for the above purpose, to be delivered to said contractor or contractors in whatever condition they may be in, to be returned to the said city upon expiration of contract in the same order and condition as received (usual wear and tear excepted); the said contractor or contractors hereby binding himself or themselves to keep the said wagons in good order at his or their expense during the continuance of the said contract, and also to furnish at his or their expense any additional number of wagons, horses, and drivers as the emergency may at any time require.

SECOND.

It shall be incumbent on the contractor or contractors to have a wagon and driver at the police station in the First and Second Districts during all hours of the day and night.

THIRD.

The city of New Orleans is hereby bound to furnish all coffins that may be necessary for the interment of the indigent dead, deliverable at the City Morgue, and the contractor or contractors will be held strictly responsible for the number of coffins delivered to him or them for the said purpose.

The city of New Orleans also being bound for the amount of all sexton's fees, according to existing ordinances, and also to furnish the ground requisite for said burial.

FOURTH.

The said contractor or contractors are also bound to furnish, at their own expense, one competent person at the office of the street commissioner, City Hall, and one at the branch street commissioner's office, No. 35 St. Peter street, whose duty shall be to issue the necessary certificates of death and sextons' orders for hospital, under the direction of said street commissioner, and to attend to all details in connection with said contract.

FIFTH.

The city of New Orleans reserves the right of discontinuing such of the cemeteries in which the bodies of said indigent dead shall be interred, and also the hospitals to which said indigent sick shall be conveyed by said contractor or contractors.

SIXTH.

The said contractor or contractors shall comply immediately with all certificates or orders relative to the interment of indigent dead, or conveyance of said indigent sick to the various hospitals, under a penalty of ten dollars for each and every neglect, and a further penalty of the amount of doing the work so neglected by the contractor or contractors, which, in all cases, the Street Commissioner will be bound to do or cause to be done, at whatever cost he may be able to procure the necessary vehicles and labor. The amount of the fines, the wages of workmen, and cost of vehicles to be deducted out of any of the monthly payments to be made to said contractors.

SEVENTH.

The contractor or contractors shall furnish good and solvent security, to an amount equal to the amount of contract, conditioned to guarantee the faithful performance of his or their contract.

EIGHTH.

Payments will be made monthly, upon the certificate of the Street Commissioner, and the sum of ten per cent shall be retained for each certificate in guaranty until the expiration of said contract, which ten per cent shall then be paid, should the said contractor or contractors be found to have faithfully complied with the terms of his or their contract, by the said Street Commissioner, jointly with the Chairman of the Committee of Streets and Landings; otherwise to be forfeited for the use of the city.

NINTH.

The contract shall take effect and go into operation immediately after the adjudications are approved by the city authorities, and from the date of signing the same before the City Notary.

TENTH.

It is well understood that in case of failure by the contractor or contractors to begin or perform the above work, or in case the city authorities be dissatisfied with the manner in which the work is being performed or executed, the said city authorities shall have the right to annul the contract without putting the contractor or contractors in default, as required by article 1905 of the Civil Code, and without applying to a court of justice to annul the same, and without indemnity; and it is also well understood that in case the contractor or contractors shall at any time abandon the work, and not perform the same in conformity with his or their contract, the said contractor or contractors shall forfeit all claim they may have for any portion of the work per formed up to the date of the abandonment, and that the city shall thereby be discharged and released from any and all liability therefor, and it is also well understood that in case the work should be resold the contractor or contractors, and his or their security, shall be held and bound in solido, to make up the difference of loss and expense between the prices at which the contractor or contractors originally contracted to perform the work, and the price at which it may be adjudicated at a resale or readjudication.

Bids to be so much per year.

The contract shall be adjudicated to the lowest bidder, at the office of the City Controller, on August 15, 1868, Saturday noon.

(Signed) JOSEPH MURPHY,
Street Commissioner.
Approved: T. H. SHIELDS
Chairman Streets and Landings, Board Aldermen.
GERALD FARRELL,
Chairman Streets and Landings, Board Ass'n'nt Aldermen.
P. LABARRE,
Deputy Controller.
Registered August 3, 1868. au9 7t

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

PROPOSALS FOR TRANSPORTATION.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
Department of Louisiana,
New Orleans, La., August 8, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE, WITH a copy of this advertisement attached to each, are invited and will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. MONDAY, September 1, 1868, for the transportation of all Government Troops and Supplies that may be required by the Quartermaster's Department for a period of twelve (12) months, commencing on the first day of October, 1868, and ending on the thirtieth day of September, 1869—

From New Orleans to Galveston, Texas, or return;
From New Orleans to Brazos Santiago, Texas, or return;
From New Orleans to Brazos Santiago, Texas, or return;
From Galveston to Indianola, Texas, or return;
From Indianola to Brazos Santiago, Texas, or return.

Proposals will state at what rates bidders propose to transport to or from each of the above named points—

Officers and Enlisted Men, Cabin and Deck Passengers, each, and the following classes of freight, viz:

Horses, Mules, and Beef Cattle, each per head.
Sheep and hogs, each.
Iron, Machinery, Lead, Zinc, Tin, Copper, Nails, Rivets, Bolts, Paints, Shot, Stoves, Wire, heavy Groceries, Hollow Ware, Grindstones, Ordnance, heavy Ordnance Stores, etc., of each per one hundred (100) pounds.
Coal per ton.
Hay, Straw, Moss, and Oakum, of each per bale.
Lumber, Pine, per one thousand feet.
Lumber, Oak, per one thousand feet.
Oats and Corn, per sack.
Merchandise, Goods—Clothing, Equipage, Crates, Crockery, Furniture, Doors, Blinds, Sashes, Wagon Tongues, Mattings, Mattresses, light Casks and Pieces, Books, Stationery, etc., of each per cubic foot.
Dry Goods.—Flour, Meal, Bread, Rice, Crackers, Dried Apples, Onions, Potatoes, Turnips, White Sugar, etc., of each per barrel.
Wet Groceries.—Beef, Pork, Liquids, Lard, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Tar, Rosin, Molasses, Brown Sugar, Tallow, Grease, etc., of each per barrel.
Ambulances, Spring Wagons, Carts, and Wheelbarrows, each.
Army Wagons, complete, each.
Fruits, Jams, Jellies, Window Glass, Pickles, Extracts, etc., of each per box.
Candles, Crackers, Hard Bread, Farina, Spices, Condensed Milk, Can Meats, Soap, etc., of each per box.
Hams, per cask.
Hams, per tierce.
Ice, per hogshead.
Lard, per tierce.
Lard, per keg.
Rice, per tierce.
Pails, per dozen.
Sugar, per hogshead.
Sugar, Havana, per box.
Salt, per sack and per barrel.
Shovels and Spades, per dozen.
Tea, per chest.
Lather, per thousand.
Shingles, per thousand.
Tobacco, per box.
Hope, per coil.
Brooms, per dozen.

Freight to be delivered at any or all of the above named points at such wharves as may be designated by the Depot Quartermaster.

Bidders must be prepared to establish a weekly line of steamers between the points to and from which they propose to transport supplies, etc.

Proposals and public freight to be taken to the full capacity of the vessels proposed to perform this service when required by the Quartermaster's Department.

The ability of the bidder to fulfill his agreement must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the guarantee. The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or the United States District Attorney.

Proposals will only be received for the transportation to and from the above named points.

No bids will be entertained from parties who have hitherto failed to comply with their engagements with any branch of the government.

The United States reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Transportation," and addressed to the undersigned.

By command of Brevet Major General R. C. Buchanan.

CHARLES H. TOMPKINS,
Brevet Brig. Gen. and Chief Quartermaster,
au5 6t Department of Louisiana.

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

PROPOSALS FOR STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
Department of Louisiana,
New Orleans, La., August 8, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS ARE INVITED AND will be received at this office until 12 M. FRIDAY, the fourteenth instant, for STEAMSHIP SERVICE between New Orleans, Pensacola, Apalachicola, St. Marks, Cedar Keys, Tampa, Key West, and the Dry Tortugas.

Said service to be performed monthly, in alternation with a steamship now chartered by the United States by a good, staunch, seaworthy vessel, having good and suitable freight and passenger accommodation, which vessel is to be inspected and approved by the Quartermaster's Department.

Bids must show names of vessels offered.

The responsibility of the bidders must be proved by the written guarantee of two responsible parties known to this department.

The accepted vessel will be under the entire control of the Quartermaster's Department, and will sail and run as orders.

Further particulars can be learned on application at this office.

Bids will not be entertained from any parties who have hitherto failed to comply with their engagements with the government.

The United States reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Bids should be indorsed "Proposals for S. S. Service," and addressed to the undersigned, at his office, 204 Camp street.

By order of Brevet Major General R. C. Buchanan.

CHAS. H. TOMPKINS,
Brevet Brig. Gen. and Chief Quartermaster,
au9 5t. Department of Louisiana.

NOTICE TO LOTTERY DEALERS.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
New Orleans, August 7, 1868.

IN OBEDIENCE TO THE LAW REQUIRING all venders of lottery tickets to have the same stamped by the Auditor, I hereby notify all lottery dealers that they must comply strictly with its requirements. Any person found selling lottery tickets without being stamped will be proceeded against as the law directs.

G. M. WICKLIFFE,
au7 Auditor of State.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.

HAVING ENTERED UPON THE DISCHARGE of the duties of the office of State Tax Collector First District of New Orleans, the taxpayers of said District are informed that I have temporarily located myself at 114 Carondelet street.

F. C. MAHAN,
au5 6t First District, city of New Orleans. State Tax Collector.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
Fifth Military District,
New Orleans, La., August 4, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE ARE invited till the TWELFTH DAY OF AUGUST, 1868, for furnishing the United States Subsistence Department with the following Stores, viz:

For 1000 barrels MESS PORK. The Contractor will be required to furnish evidence that the Pork has not been run.

For 50,000 pounds of BACON, Clear Ribbed Sides, casks.

For 50,000 pounds of BACON, Clear Sides, in casks.

For 3000 Cans of SALMON, samples to be furnished.

For 3000 Cans of PRESERVED STRAWBERRIES, samples to be furnished.

For 300 pounds of LARD, in tin cans: the cans to hold 25 pounds each; samples of the Lard to be furnished. Bids will also be entertained for Lard in wooden boxes.

All articles to be of the very best quality, and put up in superior packages, and to be delivered at the Anchor Press, in this city, within twenty days after the opening of the bids.

No bids will be received from parties who have failed to comply with their engagements with any branch of the Government.

Proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Proposals."

A. BECKWITH,
Bt. Brig. General and Commissary of Subsistence,
au4 6t United States Army

SUCCESSION NOTICES.

Succession of Joseph H. Johnson.—SECOND DISTRICT COURT OF NEW ORLEANS, No. 20,220.—Whereas James G. Tucker has petitioned the Court for Letters of Administration on the estate of the late Joseph H. Johnson, deceased, intestate: Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.
au8 12 17 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of Charles F. Bryant.—SECOND DISTRICT COURT OF NEW ORLEANS.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification (if any they have or can), why the account presented by the curator of this estate should not be homologated and approved, the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
aug 5 9 14 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of Joseph Perret.—SECOND DISTRICT COURT OF NEW ORLEANS.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification (if any they have or can) why the account presented by the tutrix of this estate should not be homologated and approved, the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
aug 5 9 14 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of Bernard de Marigny—No. 30,246.—SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why