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THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

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Two	22 "	38 "	50 "	80 "	125 "
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is published every Saturday morning. Subscription $5 per annum, in advance; half yearly and quarterly, same rates. Single copies ten cents.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains.

North and East via Jackson Railroad—Leave daily at 5:30 P. M. Arrive at 1:50 P. M.

Galveston via Opelousas Railroad and steamer from Brashear—Leave foot of St. Ann street Thursdays at 4 P. M. Arrive Wednesdays at 7:30 A. M.

Coast Steamers.

For Mobile—Steamer leaves Milneburg every day on arrival of P. R. R. Pontchartrain cars.

For Mobile—Propeller steamer leaves New Basin every Wednesday and Saturday at 5 P. M.

For Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, Mississippi City, Biloxi, and Ocean Springs—Steamer leaves Milneburg Tuesdays and Thursdays on arrival of 3 A. M. train; on Saturdays on arrival of 4 P. M. train, going to Pascagoula.

For Florida ports—Steamship from foot of Calliope street on the 6th and 20th of every month.

For Madisonville, Mandeville, etc.—Steamer leaves daily on arrival of 9 P. M. train; Saturday, 4 P. M.; Sunday (excursion), 6:30 A. M.

Ocean Steamships.

For New York—Cromwell line every Saturday at 5 P. M.

For New York—Merchants' line every Saturday at 4 P. M.

For Baltimore and Havana—Steamship from Jackson Square on the 1st and 15th of every month.

For Texas Ports.

For Galveston and Indianola—Morgan line, foot of St. Joseph street, Wednesday and Saturday at 8 A. M.

For Brazos Santiago—Morgan line, foot of St. Joseph street, every Saturday at 8 A. M.

The Triple Elections.

[From the New York Commonwealth.]

The three great nations of the world are each on the eve of important elections. In France and England, as well as in America, there is a conservative (?) administration and a Liberal reaction. The English Liberals enter into the canvass with the Irish Church question as their *point d'appui*. Under the lead of Mr. Gladstone, they propose to disestablish the present church system of Ireland, and to introduce in its place voluntary religious organizations. If they succeed, the Fenian movement will be destroyed, by a cessation of the most important Irish grievance. The French party of progress wars against Imperialism, with its terrible associations of a large standing army, an enormous national debt, and agricultural prostration. It is believed that Louis Napoleon is certain to encounter a partial, if not a complete, defeat.

Here in the United States the questions on which the November election will turn, are even more important than those which will shortly convulse the British and French empires. The permanent establishment of the reconstruction policy, the absolute guarantee of the legality of the Constitutional amendments, the protection of the honor of the country from repudiation and the Pendletonian heresies—these are the issues which the Republican party grapples with—and it is to render an affirmative decision on all these great questions that it is now concentrating all its energies. Whatever may be the fate of the Liberal party abroad, in America it is certain of a large and splendid triumph.

The Silk Stockings.

Tom Corwin, when stumping the State of Ohio in behalf of gallant "Harry of the West," used to tell an anecdote that very happily hits off the gradual transition of the Democracy from its earliest anti-slavery to its latter day negro-hating principles, and which applies with still greater force to the demoralized condition of the party to-day: An old lady had a pair of silk stockings presented to her, which she prized very highly. When, however, the stockings began to wear out, as she had no silk to mend them with, she darned them with cotton thread. As this process of substituting the cotton for the silk continued as long and as often as any holes made their appearance, in the course of time very little of the original silk was left, the stockings being almost wholly cotton, and darned cotton at that! Still the old lady, in making any allusion to them, always called them her *silk* stockings! Just so the labor-hating party of to-day, after having cut out of its platform every liberal and just principle which once distinguished it, and patched up the holes with a substance totally at variance with the original material, still calls the patched and darned concern "Democracy." But, thanks to the intelligence of the people, they see the sham! It is impossible to palm off upon the reading masses of America darned cotton stockings for silk!

Beer not Intoxicating.

The Pittsburgh *Chronicle* says:

We saw the man last night who don't believe lager beer will intoxicate. He stepped us on Vine street to say, 'Mos' lum's be'ige in ev'rld. Man drink fifty glass lah'r n'ever feel it mo'n (hic) I am this min't. A man drinks whisky, an' he shows it. Drinks lager beer 'n don't sh-sh-show it, an' al'ys did! Look at t' noble Germ' pop-pop-lash'n. Never see 'em tos-tos-eated, don't ye, so am I! Lager beer has no more feet on me 'n so much wa'er. Can walk (hic) hole through la'er, or see crack in t' side-alk well 's an' other man. Bet ye two doll'n half ficun. My My house 'n find als way home with (hic) hole keg beir out?' if us. Y' say beer 'stroys mem'y. 'Bile, Member better to-day than I ever did to-mor'r. Blah for—who's that go'n'n we oom'n'd at—where was our Conven'n held? What un I?—who are you, any how? Please tell me t' seven street runs down street ra'road an' get a (hic) back'n go my way. If don't who hah'r—

We left him, satisfied that he was right, lager beer is not intoxicating. Qu ne!

After a Job.—The following from a Baltimore paper, shows that the chivalry are loud up for a job, and anxious to do any little honest turn to raise the wind:

Kimmey Brothers, of Baltimore, have withdrawn their suit against General Butler. It was brought by two rebel lawyers without their knowledge.

The editor of the Brown Gazette, the most popular paper in Brown, says that the people of the United States owe it to their honor and dignity to elect Grant and Colfax.

THE LEGISLATURE.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

Hall, Taylor, Turcaud, Walsh, Washington, Wren, Umphreys, William C. Williams, H. Williams, Yorke, Zoelly—59.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Satchell.

On motion of Mr. Cuny, of Rapides, the reading of the journal was dispensed with.

On motion of Mr. Carr, of Orleans, leave of absence for fourteen days was granted to Mr. Bennett, of Claiborne.

The Speaker called the attention of the House to a report purporting to be a report made by the Senate Committee on Registration, which, if made officially in the language and terms used as published in the REPUBLICAN of this day, he considered said report not only as an insult to himself as the presiding officer of the House, but also a gross insult to the House.

The Speaker asked that a message be sent to the Senate to ascertain whether the report as published was an official document.

On motion of Mr. Faulkner, of Caldwell, the following committee was appointed to ascertain whether the report above mentioned was officially made to the Senate by the Senate Committee on Registration.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Faulkner, of Caldwell, Kent, of St. Helena, and Young, of Concordia.

Under a suspension of the rules Mr. Demarest, of St. Mary, offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Committee on Public Printing be and hereby is authorized and required to ascertain the amount of expenses incurred up to first September, 1868, for public printing of the General Assembly, and report to the House at an early a date as practicable.

Under a suspension of the rules, Mr. Reese, of Lafourche, presented a petition of Messrs. Forstall & DeLussan, for commission as agents in effecting a loan of $300,000 for Board of Levee Commissioners in the month of March, 1866.

Referred to the Committee on Claims.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The Committee on Claims submitted the following report:

House bill No. 183, which was referred to them, be referred to the Committees on Judiciary and Federal Relations.

The report was accepted and the bill referred.

The Committee on Enrollment submitted the following report, which was accepted:

ENROLLMENT ROOMS,
House of Representatives,
New Orleans, September 1, 1868.

To the Honorable Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives:

Your Committee on Enrollment have the honor to report that the following bills have been duly engrossed, to wit:

House bill No. 150, an act relative to marriages.

House bill No. 134, an act to regulate and define the duties, and to stipulate the jurisdiction and emoluments of Coroner.

House bill No. 186, an act to regulate quarantine.

House bill No. 111, an act levying a special tax to provide for the payment of the past due interest on the bonds of the State, outstanding warrants, certificates of indebtedness and Convention warrants.

House bill No. 195, an act to provide means for the relief of the treasury of the State.

And also duly enrolled:

House bill No. 42, an act to establish the burnt records of the parish of Winn.

House bill No. 20, an act to regulate the practice and the dispatch of business with District Courts of New Orleans.

Respectfully submitted,
O. H. BREWSTER,
Chairman Committee on Enrollment.

(Signed) PAUL GUIDRY.
(Signed) W. M. HOLLAND.
(Signed) J. P. HANLON.
(Signed) JACOB MAGEE.
(Signed) MOSES STERRETT.
(Signed) OCTAVE BELOT.

The Committee on Judiciary submitted the following report, which was accepted:

JUDICIARY COMMITTEE ROOM,
September 1, 1868.

To the Honorable Speaker and House of Representatives:

GENTLEMEN—In case of Senate bill No. 125, an act to provide for taking the testimony of witnesses in suits pending in the courts of this State, your Committee on Judiciary recommend the passage of the same, with the following amendments, viz: In the eleventh section, after the word "cents" in the fourteenth line, strike out all to the word "suit," inclusive, in the twentieth line, and insert instead the words, "to be charged like other costs with the costs of the suit in which the testimony is taken."

In section thirteenth, in the fourth line, after the word "repealed," add the words "except what is contained on this subject in an act entitled an act to regulate the practice and the dispatch of business in the District Courts of New Orleans."

JAS. R. CURELL,
Chairman pro tem.;
B. C. WREN,
HARRY LOTT.

In case of Senate bill No. 124, an act to amend and re-enact article 2260 of the Civil Code of the State of Louisiana, etc., your Committee on Judiciary report unfavorably.

JAS. R. CURELL,
Chairman pro tem.;
B. C. WREN,
HARRY LOTT.

In case of House bill No. 160, your committee report favorably, with amendments, viz: by striking out the preamble and section second.

JAS. R. CURELL,
Chairman pro tem.;
B. C. WREN,
HARRY LOTT.

The amendments to Senate bill No. 125, as reported by the Judiciary Committee, were adopted, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to be engrossed.

Senate bill No. 124, reported unfavorably by the Committee on Judiciary, was agreed to.

The amendments to House bill No. 124, as reported by the same committee, were adopted, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

The Committee on Parochial Affairs submitted the following report, which was accepted:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
New Orleans, September 1, 1868.

To the Honorable the Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana:

Your committee to whom was referred Senate bill No. 133, entitled an act to authorize the Police Jury of the parish of St. James to remove the Courthouse and other parish buildings, would beg leave to report favorably, and recommend the passage of said bill.

W. J. CALHOUN,
Chairman Committee on Parochial Affairs;
J. B. LANDERS,
R. H. ISABELLE.

Bill ordered to be placed on the calendar for its third reading.

The Committee on Printing submitted the following report, which was accepted:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
State of Louisiana, New Orleans, Sept. 1, 1868.

To the Honorable Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives:

GENTLEMEN—Your Committee on Public Printing have had under consideration House bill No. 178, and would respectfully report it back with amendment and recommend its passage, viz:

Respectfully, etc.,
E. W. DEWEES,
Chairman;
R. J. MORAND,
WM. MURRELL,
L. BARRIER,
A. W. FAULKNER.

The amendment was adopted, and the bill as amended was ordered to be engrossed.

The Committee on Contingent Expenses submitted the following report, which was accepted:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Rooms of Committee on Contingent Expenses,
New Orleans La., September 1, 1868.

To the Honorable Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives:

Your Committee on Contingent Expenses have the honor to return a resolution providing for the payment of persons who gave evidence in the contested election cases, and report favorably thereon, with the recommendation that all persons who gave evidence in the said election cases, or were otherwise subpenaed as witnesses by committees, be reimbursed for their time actually devoted to the same at the rate of $2 per diem, upon the approval of the chairman of the committee before whom such persons appeared, such certificate to give the number of days of actual attendance of said witness. The said certificates to be approved by the Chairman of the Committee on Contingent Expenses, the Speaker and the Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Respectfully,
FRANK MOREY,
Chairman Committee on Contingent Expenses.

Mr. McVean, of Caddo, moved that the pay of witnesses subpenaed before the committees should not exceed $2 per day.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed.

Under a suspension of the rules Mr. Carr of Orleans, gave notice that he would, at some future day, introduce the following bill:

An act to exempt from drainage certain property in the first drainage district of New Orleans.

The following bills were introduced according to notice and were referred to their appropriate committees:

By Mr. Lott, of Rapides:

House bill No. 188, an act to incorporate the Bayou Rapides Navigation Company.

First and second readings, and referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

On motion of Mr. Noble, of Orleans, the Committee on Internal Improvements was requested to inquire of the State Engineer as to the propriety of incorporating said company.

By Mr. Pearce, of Livingston:

House bill No. 187, an act to amend an re-enact the twelfth section of an act entitled an act relative to costs and fees.

First and second readings, referred to Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. McVean, of Caddo, called up petition signed by Elliott and others, and moved its reference to Committee on Public Health and Quarantine.

Carried, and petition so referred.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

House bill No. 105, entitled an act to provide means for the relief of the treasury of the State, went through its third reading and was placed on its final passage.

Mr. Noble, of Orleans, and Mr. Kent, of St. Helena, called for the yeas and nays, which resulted as follows:

Yeas: Abbot, Alexander, Adolphe, Collins, Calhoun, Carr, Dewees, Dufresne, Demarest, Dupart, Faulkner, Guigonet, Gray, Hill Crawford, Holland, Isabelle, Kent, Leroy, Lott, Landers, Morris, Mahier, McMillen, McVean, Murrell, Melvin, Morey, Morand, Mathews, Pearce, Page, Pierce, Raymond, Reese, Rey, Hall, Sterrett, Turcaud, Washington, Wren, Umphreys, H. Williams, Yorke, Young, Heidenhain—46.

Nays: Buckingham, Belot, Brewster, Bergeron, Esnard, Garstkamp, L'Hoste, Mansion, Noble, Wm. C. Williams, Waters, N. Young, Zoelly—13.

The bill was adopted, title adopted, ordered to be sent to the Senate for concurrence.

The bill reads as follows:

An act to provide means for the relief of the Treasury of the State.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That the Governor be and he is hereby authorized to issue bonds in the sum of one thousand dollars each, bearing interest at seven and three-tenths (7 3-10) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first of September and the first of March of each year, for the total sum of two millions of dollars, the principal of said bonds to be redeemable within forty years from their date; and shall forthwith, by publication in the State paper and such other papers published within and without the State as they may deem necessary, for sixty days invite proposals for the purchase of said bonds; and on the day named for the opening of said proposals the Governor, in the presence of the Auditor of Public Accounts and State Treasurer, and with their concurrence, shall award to the highest bidder or bidders the whole or any part of said bonds.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That the bonds which may be issued under this act, with interest coupons attached shall be made payable to bearer. They shall be signed by the Governor and countersigned by the Secretary of State, with the seal of the State attached thereto, and registered in the Auditor's office. The interest coupons shall be signed or stamped by the State Treasurer, and made payable either in the city of New York or the city of New Orleans, as at the time of delivery the purchaser may select.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That it shall be the duty of the Auditor and Treasurer, on the first Monday of August and February of each year, to set apart from money in the treasury, at the credit of the general fund, an amount sufficient to pay the semi-annual interest on the outstanding bonds issued under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That to provide for the redemption of bonds issued under the provisions of this act, and for the prompt payment of interest accruing thereon, the Auditor is hereby directed within thirty days after he shall have received the assessment rolls from the several parishes and the city of New Orleans, to determine by accurate calculation what rate of taxation on the total assessed value of the moveable and immovable property in the State will be sufficient for the purpose of paying the said interest and the annual reduction of fifty thousand dollars of the said principal, and it shall, also be his duty to notify the several Sheriffs and Tax Collectors of the rate of taxation as ascertained and fixed for the purpose aforesaid; and said tax as annually ascertained and fixed is hereby annually levied upon all the movable and immovable property that may be annually assessed in this State. And it shall be the duty of the several Sheriffs and Tax Collectors to collect said tax, and the collection of said tax shall be enforced as the law provides or may hereafter provide for the collection of other taxes; and as the proceeds of the said tax shall be paid into the treasury, the same shall be placed to the credit of a fund to be known as the "Two Millions Relief Fund," which fund is hereby declared as a sacred deposit for the sole purpose of paying interest on and effecting the redemption of the bonds issued under this act.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted, etc., That it shall be the duty of the Auditor and Treasurer, at least once in every year, to give public notice for thirty days in one or more newspapers published in the city of New Orleans and New York, of the amount in the treasury applicable to the redemption of the bonds issued under the provisions of this act, and to invite sealed proposals for the sale of the same to the State of Louisiana, which sealed proposals shall be opened on the day and at the hour named in the advertisement by the Auditor and Treasurer in the presence of the Governor, or, in his absence, the Secretary of State, and the lowest bidder or bidders shall be accepted to the extent of the money in the treasury applicable to the purchase, and the bonds thus purchased shall be defaced and cancelled by the officials above named, and their proceedings reported to the General Assembly at the next session; provided, however, that no bids shall be accepted which demand more than the face of the bond and the interest earned since the last preceding coupon.

SEC. 6. Be it further enacted, etc., That the proceeds of the sale of said bonds shall be paid into the treasury, and placed to the credit of the general fund.

SEC. 7. Be it further enacted, etc., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to defray the expenses of printing and issuing the bonds under this act, be and the same is hereby appropriated, payable upon the warrant of the Governor out of any moneys in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 8. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

House bill No. 111, entitled an act levying a special tax to provide for the payment of the past due interest on the bonds of the State, outstanding warrants, certificates of indebtedness, and convention warrants, was placed on its third reading.

Mr. Gartskamp moved to lay the bill on the table.

Mr. Leroy, of Natchitoches, called for the yeas and nays, which was ordered, resulting as follows:

Yeas: Adolphe, Belot, Barbee, Bergeron, Cuny, Dufresne, Dupart, Evans, Faulkner, Garstkamp, Hill, Hanlon, Hall, Heidenhain, Isabelle, Kent, L'Hoste, Mahier, Mansion, Noble, Page, Pearce, Rey, Wm. C. Williams, Waters, Zoelly—26.

Nays: Abbott, Alexander, Brewster, Burrel, Collins, Calhoun, Carr, Crawford, Dewees, Guigonet, Gray, Holland, LeRoy, Lott, Landers, Morris, Morey, Morand, Matthews, Pearce, Raymond, Reese, Sterrett, Turcaud, Umphreys, Walsh, Washington, Wren, H. Williams, Yorke, D. Young, McMillen, Melvin, Murrel—34.

The bill being placed on its final passage, Mr. McMillen, of Carroll, called for the previous question, which was ordered.

Mr. McMillen, of Carroll, and Mr. Morey, of Ouachita, called for the yeas and nays on the passage of the bill, which resulted as follows:

Yeas: Abbott, Alexander, Brewster, Burrel, Collins, Calhoun, Carr, Cuny, Crawford, Dewees, Esnard, Guigonet, Hill, Holland, Isabelle, Lee, Leroy, Lott, Landers, Morris, McMillen, McVean, Melvin, Murrell, Morey, Morand, Mathews, Pearce, Page, Raymond, Reese, Turcaud, Umphreys, Walsh, Washington, Wren, H. Williams, Yorke, D. Young—39.

Nays: Adolphe, Belot, Barbee, Bergeron, Dufresne, Dupart, Faulkner, Gartskamp, Hanlon, Hall, Heidenhain, Kent, L'Hoste, Mansion, Noble, Pierce, Rey, Sterrett, William C. Williams, Waters, Zoelly—21.

The title of the bill was adopted, and the bill ordered to be sent to the Senate for concurrence.

The bill reads as follows:

An act levying a special tax to provide for the payment of the past due interest on the bonds of the State, outstanding warrants, certificates of indebtedness, and Convention warrants.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That a special tax of one per cent be and the same is hereby levied upon the cash assessed value of the moveable and immovable property of the State, according to the assessment rolls for the year 1867, the said tax, when collected, to be placed by the Auditor and Treasurer to the credit of an account to be designated "Redemption of State Debt," and to be applied to the payment of the past due coupons on State bonds issued previous to the passage of this day of March, 1867, outstanding warrants issued against appropriations made during the years 1863, 1867, and 1868, and for the redemption of the State certificates of indebtedness issued under act number five of 1866, and to the payment of outstanding convention warrants for mileage, per diem, and printing.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That said tax shall be collected immediately, and for that purpose it shall be the duty of the Auditor of Public Accounts to notify the several State Tax Collectors throughout the State to collect said tax in the same manner as is now provided by law for the collection of other taxes.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That the State Tax Collectors are hereby authorized to receive in payment of the tax levied by the first section of this act, all past due coupons of interest on State bonds matured and to mature on the first day of January, 1869; on bonds issued before the twenty-sixth of March, A. D. 1867; the outstanding warrants issued against appropriation, made during the years 1866, 1867, and 1868; the State certificates of indebtedness issued under act number five of 1866, and the convention warrants of 1868, whether issued for mileage, per diem of members, pay of officers, printing, or for contingent expenses.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That whatever balance may remain in the State Treasury to the credit of the convention fund, after paying all the outstanding obligations against said convention fund, shall be transferred to the credit of the general fund of the treasury.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act take effect from and after its passage.

Mr. Gray, of St. James, submitted the report of Committee of Conference on Registration recommending the passage of Senate bill No. 31.

Report was accepted.

On motion of Mr. McVean, of Caddo, the House resolved itself into Committee of the whole, to take into consideration House bill No. 117, and other bills.

Mr. Carr, of Orleans, was called to the chair. After a lengthy discussion on Senate bill No. 117, and House bill No. 172, and Senate bill No. 21, on motion of Mr. Hanlon rose to report progress.

The Speaker resumed the chair. The chairman reported that the committee had had under consideration the above named bills, and that they recommended the passage of Senate bill No. 117, without amendments; also, House bill No. 172, and recommended the reference back to Committee on Claims of Senate bill No. 21.

The minutes of the fifty-fifth day's session were corrected so as to read that the motion to place Senate bill No. 90 on its third reading by title and final passage, was made by Mr. McVean, of Caddo, instead of Mr. Demarest, of St. Mary.

On motion of Mr. Hanlon, of Orleans, the House adjourned until to-morrow at twelve o'clock M.

WM. VIGERS,
Chief Clerk House of Representatives.

Monetary and Commercial.

MONETARY.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY REPUBLICAN,
TUESDAY EVENING, September 1, 1868.

The money market seems to be without any material variation. There was a slight increase in the demand for discounts, but the movement was on an exceedingly limited scale. Prime street rates for paper are 10@12 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum on call, or for short periods, secured by satisfactory collaterals, and 12@15 ⅌ cent per annum for other paper. Exchange paper is quoted at 10@11 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum for prime, and 12@15 for second grade. The banks discount most of the approved business paper offered by their customers, and are free lenders for short periods on solid collaterals.

Gold opened at 143½@143¾, against 144¼ at New York, and after a limited movement closed at 143½@144. The sales included $5000 at 143¾ and $7500 at 143¼; $2500 and $9000 at 143½; $30,000 $17,000 $1500, $2500, $2500, $4000, $5000, and $21,000, at 143¾, and $10,000 $2000 and $10,000 at 144. The only rate reported to us in silver is $1500 in American half dollars, at 139½. We quote 139¼@139½, and 140@ for the latter, and 140@141 for Mexican dollars.

There was rather more movement in foreign exchange. The sales of sterling included £1000 Bills, At clear and £500 sight at 157; a moderate amount of bank at 158, and £1000 at the same; £500 at 159, and £500 at 160. In francs 25f 100 At commercial, (10,000, 10,000, 20,000, 60,000, and 100,000) sold at 5 25@5 20, and 5 20@5 15. We quote sterling at 158@159; for bill of lading; 159@160 for prime, and 161@162 for bank; and francs —@5 25 for At commercial, and 5 20@5 15 for bank.

Commercial exchange were on a limited scale, and rates evinced considerable weakness, although no quotable decline. The banks chosen on New York at 1 ⅌ cent premium, sold at $20,000 $2000, $4000, $5000, and $1000, at par; $2000 at ¼ ⅌ cent discount, and 20,000 at ¼ ⅌ cent premium; $20,000 at 5-16; $7000 at ⅜, and $5000 ten days' sight at ½ ⅌ cent.

In stocks we notice sales of 20 shares Citizens' Bank at $135 ⅌ share and 15 at $136.

There was a fair demand for Levee State bonds, and rates rolled higher. The sales include 5 at —, 10 at 50, and 5 at 50½.

The market for City Treasury notes was weaker. There were sales of $3000 at 34½ ⅌ cent discount; $4000 at 34 ⅌ cent; $2000 at 34¼; and $10,000 at 33, the latter showing a decline. The demand was bought the small sums offered across their counters at 33@34 ⅌ cent discount, and sold at 34@35.

Nothing was reported to us in State notes.

COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY EVENING, September 1, 1868.

COTTON—The market opened this morning with some lounging around, particularly among the samples of cotton left yesterday and to-day. There was little apparently as yet very free orders in the hands of brokers, and the bales of the new crop arrived during business hours, making the entire receipts for new to date 1020 bales, and factors evinced a willingness to meet buyers more freely, but the sales were of limited extent, embracing 38 bales, mostly of the lower grades of the old crop but including one new, on the basis of 27@27 1-2c for middling, most factors asking 28. The new crop that has arrived comes to hand compares favorably with any previous crop, and is superior to that of last year, but a good deal of it has been badly pinned, and in some instances so much cut as to materially impair its value. It consists mostly of strict low middling and middling. The quotations have to be based on sufficient extent for regular quotations, but low middling may be set down at 26@26 1-2c, and middling at 27@27 1-2 as approximating figures.

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868—bales	3 044
Arrived to-day	405
Arrived previously	none
	405
	3,449
Cleared to-day	none
Cleared previously	none—none
Stock on hand and on shipboard	3,449

TOBACCO—Is inactive. No sales of importance since our review of Saturday. Receipts per steamer days, (2 hhds.); exports, 6, (to Marseilles); stock on hand September 1, 1868, 2100 hhds. We still quote:

	per cwt.
Refused	7@ 9
Common leaf	9@10
Middling leaf	10@12
Good	14@15
Fine	15@17
Choice selections	18@20
Fine wrappers	22@30

SUGAR AND MOLASSES—Beyond a moderate jobbing and retail business there was nothing of any importance doing in sugar to-day. Prices are firm and unchanged, and there is no market for molasses.

ARRIVALS FROM THE WEST—Since our review of yesterday there have been no arrivals from the West.

FLOUR—The market was very quiet to-day. The jobbing and retail trade is fair, but in the demand for round lots there is no improvement. We record sales of 500 bbls. of which 100 superfine at $7 75; 300 double extra at $8 75; 150 treble at $10 25; 100 choice at $11; and 50 do at $11 50 ⅌ bbl.

CORN—The demand is fair but rates a shade lower. We note a good business at prices from 90c for white to $1 05 ⅌ bushel, and 2 0 yellow at $1 03 ⅌ bushel.

OAT—Are weaker. 700 sacks Illinois sold at 70c, of which 100, 250, and 150 at 65c; 100, 111, and 200 at 66c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—Is in good demand to-day. Rates are firm, regular. The sales foot up 2100 sacks, of which 200 at $1 15; 1200 and 100 at $1 17½; and 600 at $1 20; also 100 sacks shipping stuff at $1 40 ⅌ 100 lbs.

PORK—Mess in round lots is quoted at $30 25@30 50 ⅌ bbl. 300 bbls mess sold to-day at $31 buyers option, 30 days.

BACON—Is quiet and unchanged. We quote shoulders at 16@16½c; clear ribbed sides 17½c; clear sides 18½c; sugar cured hams 20@22c ⅌ ℔.

GREEN MEATS—6 casks clear ribbed sides sold at 16c ⅌ ℔.

LARD—Is quiet and prices unchanged. By retail, choice rules at 19@20 ⅌ ℔ in tierces, and 22@23c in kegs; no round lots reported.

HAY—$3 Crescent bales hay sold at $15 ⅌ ton.

BUTTER—Steady at 40@41c ⅌ ℔ for good Northern. 45@48c for choice selected. 35@40c ⅌ ℔ for Western.

MALT AND HOPS—Malt is quiet at $2 80@2 85 ⅌ bushel for American, and $2 90 for Canada. Hops still dull at 250@43c ⅌ ℔.

SALT—There is a better demand prevailing. We still quote Liverpool, coarse and fine from warehouse, $2 40@2 45 ⅌ sack; do from store $2 55@2 60; Ground Alum, $3 ⅌ 100 bushel. Cow Hair reported as a fair offering has been stored for better prices.

NAVAL STORES—Rosin is quiet at $4 ⅌ bbl for Pale No. 1; $4 50 for No. 2; and $5 for Extra Pale. Tar firm at $2 25 for eighteen to twenty gallon packages. Southern pitch is quoted at $4 ⅌ bbl. Spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 40c ⅌ gal.

CHEESE—Is quiet at 20c for Northern cream, and 16@18c ⅌ ℔ for skim, and 16@18c for Western Reserve and factory. Goshen Western sold at 19c.

CORN MEAL—100 bbls sold to-day at $4 50 and 100 at $4 60 ⅌ bbl.

UNION—45 bbls sold on the landing at $5 ⅌ bbl.

FREIGHTS—Dullness still pervades the freight market. Rates for cotton have fallen off. We note vessels; one steamer and one bark for Liverpool, and one ship for Havre, and scarcely sufficient offerings to meet the demand for tonnage. Rates are firm. There is only one steamer for New York, and higher rates are being asked to that port. We hear of no coastwise sailing vessels engaged for cotton. We quote: By steam—cot on to New York ⅛c ⅌ ℔; flour 70@75c ⅌ bbl; tobacco $7 50@8; pork and beef $1 bbl; bacon 1½c ⅌ ℔; sugar and molasses—cotton 1-16; tobacco 40c ⅌ hhd; flour 25 c. By sail to Havre, cotton, 3/16c ⅌ ℔; tobacco $12 ⅌ hhd.

We take the following from the circular of Messrs. Burke, Clarke & Trepagnier:

NEW ORLEANS, September 1, 1868.

STOCK THIS DAY.

	Total.
India Bagging	2,937 bales.
Hemp Bagging	1,000 pieces.
Gunny Bagging	500 bales.
Rope—Machine, 1,600; Hand, 70	1,670 coils.
Flax, 1,150; other kinds, 1,050	2,200 bales.
Pork—Mess, 10,375; other kinds, 1,650	12,025 bbls.
Lard	2,270 tcs.
Ham	1,267 hogs.
Bacon—clear sides, 455; clear rib sides, 115; ribbed sides, 50; shoulders, 300	1,135 casks.
Hams—sugar-cured, 1,036 tcs; plain, 15 tcs; plain, 6 casks	1,057 tierces.
Cotton—Upland, 12,330; second quality, 3,000	12,330 bags.
Salt, Liverpool—coarse, 22,621; fine, 4,715	26,334 sacks.
Salt, Bulk	16,000 bush.

Marine Intelligence.

STEAMERS LEAVING TO-DAY.

St. Louis.....CONTINENTAL, Carter, 5 P. M.
Pensacola.....RENDERER, McGrath, 8 A. M.
Alabama River.....ALMO, Muncy, 4 P. M.
Texas.....CLINTON, Beckett, 8 A. M.
Mandeville.....CAMELIA, Couzens, 2 P. M.—Cars.
Mobile.....MAIL BOAT, 2 P. M.—Cars.
Natchez.....WILD WAGONER, Richardson, 5 P M
Bayou Sara.....GREY EAGLE, Barnes, 10 A. M.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY REPUBLICAN,
Wednesday, September 2, 1868.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Reindeer, Magrath, for Pensacola
Steamship Clinton, Beckett, for Galveston
British schooner Angelina, Words, for Ulua, in ballast
Schooner Island Belle, Parsons, for Havana
Schooner Pauline, Hanson, for Pensacola

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamship I O Harris, Talbot, from Brazos Santiago via Galveston, to C A Whitney & co—1st diet
Ship Assam Sadey, Evans, from Liverpool, to Maury & co—Point
Mexican schooner Jacinto, Batista, from Yucatan, to F Camardo—20 dist 14

TOWBOATS.

Harry Wright, Wright, from the Passes—Towed down one ship and towed up to New Orleans Sadey and Schooner Jacinto.

STEAMBOATS.

Rose Franks, White, from Shreveport.
Cleons, Patterson, from Ouachita river.
Idaho Blanks, from Ouachita river.
Grey Eagle Barnes, from Bayou Sara.
Flicker, Lincoln, from Thibodaux.
Francis Blackburn, from Pilot Town.
Wild Wagoner, Richardson, from Natchez.

BELOW COMING UP.

Schooner Convenance, Royal, 8 days from Rustan Island, to master—

EXPORTS.

PENSACOLA—Steamship Reindeer—44 bbls flour 23 bbls pork 2 bbls molasses 19 cds oil 2 bbls cigars 16 sks bran 10 sks sand

GALVESTON—Steamship Clinton—600 bbls flour 15 sks bacon 12 hhds sugar 200 sks corn 200 sks salt 300 sks oats 100 bbls soap 2200 feet lumber

HAVANA—Schooner Island Belle—840 bbls flour 25 000 feet lumber

PENSACOLA—Schooner Pauline—49 bbls flour 11 bbls pork 20 bbls molasses 19 cds oil 2 bbls cigars 4 sks bacon 500 sks corn 20 sks oats 10 sks bran 3 bales hides

IMPORTS.

BRAZOS SANTIAGO—Steamship I C Harris—$24,839 in specie to C A Whitney & co—$7800 do A Polmes—$6217 Boddecker & co—$3365 do A Marks & co—$1000 do H S Woodhouse—$1200 E Pillsbury—$17 60 Seitz & Kruger—$1000 O B Graham & co—$440 to M Hartjes & co—$10,012 8 Blanchard—$10,244 600 do $230 currency Texas Express—$600 do $630 in specie to Stauffer, Kent & co—$150 in currency to Schmidt & Zeiz—$12 bales sundries 6 bbls dulce to C A Whitney & co—25 bdls hides E Pillsbury—2 bales tallow to Francke & Dancker—159 head cattle to order—1 bale cowhides to Jno Williams & Son—sundries to order

GALVESTON—Steamship Francis—99 pkgs tobacco to W Van Bentuysen & co—29 do Wockerbarth & Joseph—sundries to order

BRAZOS S