New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, APRIL 17, 1870.

THE NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY REPUBLICAN PAPER IN THE SOUTH.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

May be had of the following dealers:

George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.
A. Simon, 94 Exchange Alley.
G. C. Haley, 19 Commercial place.
C. C. D. Hoile, 61 Exchange Place.
James Ennis, Pontchartrain Railroad depot, Third District, also at depot foot of Lafayette street, First District.
John Schafer, corner Ninth and Constance streets.
J. W. Long, corner of Love and Enghein streets, Third District.
W. R. Dirks, No. 34 Annunciation street.

Mails were received all right yesterday.

A bright, cheerful moonlight last night.

Where to look for public improvements.—To the West.—*Times.*

Shreveport city bonds have been sold for eighty-two and eighty-five cents on the dollar.

The plebiscitum will be submitted to a vote of the French people between the first and ninth of May.

General Bridgland, internal revenue supervisor for Texas, was in the city yesterday, en route from Washington.

Last week of the dramatic season at the Varieties Theatre, and benefit to-morrow evening of Mr. Oliver Byron, with "Othello," "Colleen Bawn," and "Don Cæsar de Bazan."

ST. JAMES CHAPEL.—Public Sabbath services to-day, as usual, at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Preaching in the morning by Rev. Professor Tucker, of Indiana. No distinctions of race are allowed at this church.

The Sheriff of the parish of Orleans will sell at auction to-morrow, at five o'clock P. M., on the premises, No. 196 Baronne street, between Girod and Julia streets, First District, a lot of household furniture and movable effects.

Economy being the order of the day, the government seems determined to carry it out. Instructions have been issued at the Customhouse for the discharge of three day inspectors and one night inspector, to take effect from last night.

A general meeting of the subscribers for stock in the Bank of Lafayette will be held in the rooms over the store of J. A. Braselman & Co., corner of Magazine and St. Andrew streets, next Wednesday evening, for the purpose of organization.

Ladies, make your husbands smoke two cigars less per diem for three months, and give you the money. With it you can buy a first-class Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machine from Mr. M. S. Hedrick, at Nos. 87 and 118 Canal street. He sells them on credit. You will have ample time to pay.

UNIVERSITY CHAPEL.—Public services at the chapel of Straight University, corner of Esplanade and Derbigny streets, to-day, at 11 A. M., and 7½ P. M. Preaching in the morning by Rev. S. P. Sloan, of Iowa; in the evening by Rev. John Turner. Seats free. Strangers are cordially invited.

The attention of all discharged German veteran soldiers is called to the advertisement of the President of the German Republican Veteran club, in another column of our paper.

Now is the time for all old soldiers to come forward and have themselves enrolled. Therefore come on all of you. German veterans, and enlist yourselves in the good cause this club is pursuing.

Governor Warmoth has appointed Victor Gerodias, Tax Collector Fourth District of New Orleans; Robert Verrett, Public Administrator Terrebonne parish; F. Fraise, Justice of the Peace Sixth Ward, Terrebonne parish; W. D. Wylie, Notary Public, Caddo parish; Julius Bobertson, Notary Public, Iberia parish; George Armistad, Tax Collector Assumption parish; J. S. Rivers, Assessor and Tax Collector St. James parish; Reuben Nash Constable Third Ward, East Feliciana parish.

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS.—Messrs. Louis Stern & Bros., No. 16 Charters street, will sell at their store, to-morrow morning at ten o'clock, a general assortment of gentlemen's boots, shoes and brogans, and ladies', children's and misses' shoes, from the best manufactories of Philadelphia and Massachusetts. Country and city buyers will be offered an excellent opportunity to get first-class stock very low. They should not fail to be at this auction.

We have received tickets to a grand picnic and concert, to be given for the benefit of the Sunday and day school of the German Protestant congregation of the Fourth District, beginning to-morrow, at ten o'clock, to continue for two days. The place selected for the picnic, is the fine orange grove at the corner of Tchoupitoulas and Upperline streets, Jefferson. As the weather promises to be fine, a gay time among the young people may be looked for.

A RARE CHANCE TO BUY WATCHES AND JEWELRY.—Messrs. Stern & Bros. will sell on Tuesday morning at No. 32 St. Charles street, corner of Common street, the unredeemed pledges remaining at the loan office of Mr. Judah Hart. As these pledges consist of splendid diamond and other jewelry, English, French and American watches, silverware, musical instruments, guns, revolvers, Derringers, etc. A splendid chance will be offered for persons to buy cheap. When Mr. Hart's pledges were sold out before, several of our friends got great bargains, and we do not doubt but that on this occasion there will be equally good chances.

J. Dejan, Jr., auctioneer, will sell to-morrow at eleven o'clock A. M., at the head of the old Basin, between Toulouse and St. Peter streets, the schooner Sammy 21 18-100 tons, and the schooner Aimee 14 29-100 tons, for account of succession of Bernhard Weiting. At twelve o'clock M., for account of same succession, at the corner of Carondelet walk and Villere streets, the contents of a grocery store, stock, shelvings, good will, etc., in block, and at store No. 183 Gravier street, on the sidewalk, mahogany and walnut furniture, looking-glasses, pictures, etc. See advertisements.

CHURCH SERVICES.

Last Sabbath was Palm Sunday, a day celebrated by the Church to commemorate the entry of Christ into Jerusalem. In this city it is universally observed by the Catholics, for it is the commencement of the closing week of Lent. The little girls, orphans of the asylums belonging to this order of Christians, clad in white bonnets and neat pink gowns, decorated with sprigs of arbor vitæ, in imitation of palm branches, marching to the various chapels under the guidance of the meek Sisters of Charity, present a charming spectacle. The week following Palm Sunday, is called Holy Week, and memorializes the grandest event—in fact the germ of the Christian Era—the crucifiction, the death, burial and ascension of the Lord Jesus Christ.

On Holy Thursday we visited the various places of worship open to the public on that day, and saw the altars beautifully adorned with flowers of every hue, and crystal ornaments illuminated, in which the shrine of the sacred Host was made particularly conspicuous. The choirs composed of children, to whose sweet infantile voices the sacred chorals seemed especially appropriate; the throng of devout worshippers, old and young, bowing in humble adoration at the foot of the Cross; the numerous priests clad in vestments of violet hue, ready to impart absolution to kneeling penitents, crowded the various temples of worship.

On Friday—Good Friday, as it is styled, all these bright decorations were laid aside—for it memorialized the death and burial of the Saviour. The violet drapery was taken from the cross, and it appeared shrouded in sombre black, while priests and prelates replaced their gay attire with the same funereal shade, more fitting to the melancholy scene. But to-day—being Easter Sunday, on which it is supposed the Lord arose, the gardens and lawns are rifled of their richest floral stores to decorate anew each church and altar, to celebrate the Saviour's return from the dark abyss of the grave to the celestial home from whence he came.

At the the dawn of the reformation, all the holidays of the Romish Church were abolished by the Protestants, in order more definitely to signalize their utter separation from the Papel See. No days were observed by the new church, (except by the more conservative [Episcopalians), but Sundays, and now and then a day of thanksgiving or of fasting and prayer proclaimed by the Government. Latterly, however, Christmas (the birthday of Jesus) has been more universally celebrated by all Evangelical denominations, and as time progresses, His death and burial may be alike remembered.

The majority of mankind believe in a Supreme Being—in God—because they dare not believe otherwise, but few, compared to the entire population of the world, believe in His Son. Those who profess Christianity can never sufficiently impress upon their minds the grandeur of the sacrifice which committed the Son of God to an ignominious death, and the proof of His divinity which rests upon His resurrection.

Let all, then, who believe in Jesus as the Saviour of men attend church to-day, and evince by their devotion their appreciation of the glorious oblation offered by Him. There is much irreligion and infidelity in our midst, but few disbelieve in the immortality of the soul, and almost all hope to be heirs of eternal bliss, and hope to merit the favor of the Almighty. To these we would say, where can you find a better example than the perfect and spotless character of Jesus? What belief that contains so much comfort for the desolate, such rest for the weary, and the promise of such unalloyed future happiness as Christianity?

THE STATE FAIR.

Probably the busiest apartments in the city of New Orleans, these bright and beautiful April days, are those occupied by the Secretary and Treasurer of the Mechanics' and Agricultural Association of Louisiana, and his clerical assistants. The reason for this may be seen by reading a publication which Mr. Homes makes in the REPUBLICAN, of the fact that this Association with a long name, holds its next grand State Fair of nine days duration, in New Orleans, commencing on the twenty-third of April. From present appearances, this fair will be more numerously attended than any of its predecessors, by not only the practical men and women of this and adjoining States of our South-land; but by the energetic, enterprising and intelligent mechanics and agriculturists from the "lands to the north of us." The sturdy planters from the rich lands of the Attakapas will be on hand with their sugars and syrups and rice, while those from the parishes of the Red river and the Ouachita will greet with their snowy staple the workers in wood and iron and brass of St. Louis, of Cincinnati and other Northern hives of mechanical industry, who come to exchange their useful handiworks for the productions of Louisiana. Such a fair as this, such a great convention of citizens, representing the industcial interests not only of this State, but of the nation, may accomplish much good, or it may defeat its own object, according to the degree of good sense which may govern its members while here.

The directors and stockholders of the association, and their mechanical and agricultural visitors who will assemble in New Orleans during the last week of this month, can, if they will, accomplish much good in many directions. The productions of these workers—farmers, planters, mechanics—are most heavily taxed, in various ways by excessive rates of transportation, of handling while on the way to market, of storage by warehousemen, etc. Let all who attend the fair address themselves to a demand upon their Legislators—State and national—for the reduction of these and other taxes. There are many ways of practical relief from the burdens now borne by the producing classes, which should be discussed at such grand gatherings as this fair presents. Congress will still be in session during this fair, and the tariff bill, which is now before that body, proposes to reduce the duty on foreign sugars, which come in competition with the Louisiana product, while it refuses to lessen the duty on tea and coffee. If this be a grievance, or if there be others of which they have a right to complain, let the sugar planters assembled at the fair discuss it, and lay their grievances before Congress. That body has raised the tariff on brandies to three dollars, and upon wines to the almost entirely prohibition rate of fifty cents a gallon, for the benefit of California wine growers. Let Louisianians, at their State fair, say whether such a law, destroying a large branch of trade in their commercial metropolis, and causing them to pay almost double for their wines, is advantageous to them or not. Doubtless, the gentlemen of the Mississippi Valley Vine Growers' Association, who will be here with samples of Catawba and other wines from the bluffs at Hermann, Missouri, at Cincinnati, Ohio, and other portions of the upper part of our great valley, will think this tariff quite a favorable one to them, but it gores the oxen of the sugar and cotton planter. Can their owners afford to permit it without protest?

However, let the wine-growers of California and of the vine clad Missouri and Ohio bring on their wines to our fair, that Louisianians may see if they are suitable substitutes for those of the Rhine and of the Garonne, which the high tariff is shutting out from them. Come on, too, St. Louis, Cincinnati and Chicago, with your useful and beautiful wares. And, smoking old Pittsburg, float down your heavy engines. Let Philadelphia, New York, and even Boston, with his new Yankee notions, send on their wares for exhibition. If any of these, or the rest of the world, have anything new and useful to exhibit, bring it on, for here is the cash or its equivalent, cotton and sugar, to pay for all such. An appreciative community will greet all exhibitors, and sweet odors will ascend from Floral Hall that nowhere can be found in the frozen North in April, if in any other month of the year. For this is the locality the poet had in his mind when speaking of Jockey running away to the fair on sweet May day, "when nature painted all things gay; taught birds to sing and lambs to play, and gild the meadows rare."

FIREMEN'S FESTIVAL AT THE FAIR GROUNDS.

The programme of sports offered by Pelican Hook and Ladder Fire Company at the Fair Grounds to-day is sufficiently inviting to tempt a goodly number of people to attend. The weather promises to be splendid (it almost always is so on Easter Sunday), the company is popular, and the object of the entertainment highly laudable. In another column will be found the full plan of the proposed exercises. There will be races between horses, mules, men and boys; matches at base ball between some of the best clubs in the city, as well as trials by those of more moderate skill, and a balloon ascension by Professor Chevalier in his unique machine, which appears to be a cross between Winan's cigar shaped steamer and a right whale.

Appropriate prizes are offered to contestants, some of which are of considerable value. The price of admission is merely nominal, a half a dollar being sufficient to let in a gentleman and all his family, no charge being made for ladies and children. Two lines of cars, the Bayou Road and Esplanade street line (yellow cars) and the Dauphine street line (blue cars) go within a short distance of the gate.

ON CARONDELET STREET.

Gold was a little weak again in New York yesterday; but it seems to be a dangerous article to touch, at present prices, and, consequently, speculation in it has almost ceased. As this market is almost entirely governed by New York, and is, therefore, subject to the movements of the "bulls" and "bears" of Wall street, without having an opportunity of watching their proceedings, operators are very cautious in their transactions. Moreover, opinions are by no means well settled as to the general causes influencing the price of gold, and no one wants to run the risk of dangers which he can not estimate or foresee. The anticipation of the May interest ought naturally to depress gold, but if before that time gold becomes an article of export, the disbursements from the treasury will simply go forward to meet the interest on the bonds held in Europe, and the final effect will be rather to enhance than to lower the premium. The funding bill, it is now generally admitted, is destined to defeat, and that measure, therefore, ceases to have any effect on the market. The Chicago *Tribune* replies to the recent remarks of the REPUBLICAN on the funding bill as follows:

Congress has the right to amend the Banking law, but the exercise of that power with the deliberate and avowed purpose of placing one class of the public creditors in a position where they will be compelled to make an exchange of six per cent bonds for four per cent bonds, is a violation of good faith, and shows that the funding bill is a deliberate attempt at "class legislation." The government is formed for the good of the people, but if the funding bill destroys the confidence of the owners of bank capital in the good faith of the government, so that a large proportion of them would retire from the business and surrender their circulation, it would produce a contraction of the currency that would do the country a hundred times as much damage as the difference in the interest that is proposed to be saved. There seems little reason to doubt that this would be the result. Either one of these objections ought to be sufficient to condemn the bill.

It is strange that a journal usually so clear in its ideas, and so logical in its arguments as the *Tribune*, does not see that this is assuming the point in question. That it is a mere reiteration of the position to which the REPUBLICAN excepted. The question is whether the seventh section of the bill *is* a violation of good faith. The REPUBLICAN claims that it is not, inasmuch as the government has a perfect right to prescribe such conditions as it may deem expedient, as a consideration for the privileges and the monopoly which it grants to the banks. In our view no such monopoly ought to be granted; because we believe that banking, like other pursuits, should be left to the free operation of the laws of trade. It should not be fostered by special privileges, or hampered by onerous restrictions. But if privileges are granted, the government granting them has a clear right to exact conditions in return, and to alter those conditions as expediency may dictate. The question of expediency, as presented in the concluding portion of the above extract, is foreign to the point at issue, and we are not, therefore, bound to discuss it.

Yesterday was rather a busy day in Carondelet street. The brokers were considerably agitated over Slaughterhouse stock, and the transactions in it were large. The upward movement initiated on Thursday was pressed forward, resulting in an advance to 32½ at night.

Ship Island, after a season of unaccountable dullness, displayed unmistakable signs of returning animation yesterday afternoon. In the morning it was flat at 165 bid, but toward evening something of a demand sprang up, and 170 was freely bid for round amounts. Mr. Brott, the President of the company, has gone to New York to consummate some important arrangements. When he ruturns futher developments may be expected.

There was a strong and partially successful effort to depress levee stock yesterday, probably initiated by the shorts, who are evidently disgusted with the high rates paid during the last week. Several brokers offered the stock, deliverable on Monday, at 12½ and 12, and purchasers immediately hauled off to watch the movement. Very little of this stock is offering, and it is not probable that there can be large transactions in it until something more definite in regard to the prospects of the company is made known to the public.

Navigation stock sold at the board at 9, which is a slight advance on previous rates.

The Board of Brokers have just got out a new list, which contains among the "irregulars" a good many of the new stocks, such as "Barbarin Gaslight," "Frear Stone," "Levee," "Sugar Shed," "Pneumatic," "Loan and Pledge," etc.

The following were the transactions at the board last night:

	Asked.	Bid.	Sold.
Crescent City Slaughterhouse	32½	32½	32
Ship Island Canal Company	180	165	—
Carrollton Railroad Company	114½	110½	—
Crescent City Railroad	74	72½	—
St. Charles Street Railroad	—	62½	—
Canal and Claiborne Street R'k	—	44	—
Germania National Bank	—	108	—
New Orleans Bank	—	41	—
Crescent City Bank	28	—	—
Mechanics and Traders' Bank	45½	46	—
Union Bank	36	35½	—
Louisiana State Bank	17	13	—
Canal Bank	46½	45½	—
Southern Bank	—	77½	—
Citizens' Bank	15	150	—
Peoples' Bank	—	20	—
Jackson Railroad coupon bonds	80	76	—
Levee sixes	—	75	—
State warrants (old)	95	90½	—
State warrants (new)	—	87½	—
City Consolidated Bonds	71	—	—
City Waterworks bonds	58	—	—
City seven per ct. fund'g bonds	58½	—	—
City ten per cent bonds	101½	—	—
City notes	87	—	—
Mechanics' and Agr. Fair	20	21	—
Barbarin Gaslight	100	100	—
Pneumatic Company	80	5	—
Lottery	34½	—	—
Bonded Warehouse	—	—	90
Mississippi Valley Nav. Co.	—	—	9
Mississippi Levee Company	11½	—	—
Bank of Louisiana	—	—	75
Sugar Shed	—	—	22½
Germania Insurance	75½	75	—
Union Insurance	83	71½	—

The first prize, a champion silver belt; second, set of flags and bases; third prize, a set of bats, will be given to base ball clubs during the fourth Louisiana State fair. Hand engines will compete for the premium of two hundred and fifty dollars on the twenty-fourth instant, and hook and ladder companies will compete for the premium of two hundred and fifty dollars on the first of May.

The place to buy teas, coffee, and a general assortment of groceries is at the store of J. W. Platt & Co., grocers and tea dealers, 102 Camp street, corner of Poydras.

DIED:

LEWIS—On Saturday, sixteenth instant, after a short and painful illness, WILLIAM A. LEWIS, in the eighteenth year of his age.

The funeral will take place This Day, Sunday, seventeenth instant, at four o'clock P. M., from the residence of his grandmother, Maria D. Logan, No. 155 Perdido street. His friends and those of his family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

Cincinnati and Louisville papers please copy.

FOURTH LOUISIANA STATE FAIR, 1870.

Prizes given to the Base Ball Clubs during the Fair, under the management of the Captains of Clubs competing for the prizes:

First Prize—One Champion Silver Belt.
Second Prize—One Set of Flags and Bases.
Third Prize—One Set of Bats.
Fire Engine Companies and Hook and Ladder Companies:
Hand Engines to compete for the premium of $250 on SUNDAY, April 24, instant.
Hook and Ladder Companies to compete for the premium of $250, SUNDAY, May 1, proximo.

LUTHER HOMES, Secretary.
apl7 2p

A CARD.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., April 15, 1870.

To the Editor of the New Orleans Times:

In your report as published in this morning's issue, of the remarks of the President of the Pneumatic Car Company, delivered at a social gathering of the Directors and their invited guests, on the morning of April 6, the speaker states that we have skilled mechanics equal to any in the North or England, but we have not the facilities for construction. I beg to inform the many readers of the Times, that the President of the Pneumatic Car Company has been misinformed in regard to the facilities of construction. The foundries and machine shops of this city have facilities for the manufacture of useful machinery second to none in the United States or of England. There are, it is true, machine shops in the North and in England that are adapted and confined to the manufacture of special machines, such as sewing machines and printing presses, fire engines, etc., with which establishments a machine shop adapted to general work could not compete in the manufacture of their respective specialities. The sewing machine and printing press are incapable of performing any other duty than that of sewing and printing, and as equally invariable in duty are the tools required in their manufacture. It is obvious that machine shops adapted to the manufacture of special machines are special and invariable, and it is to the general machine shops we must resort for the perfection of new machinery. The skill and facilities of the machine shops of this city have been but lately taxed in the production of the present pneumatic machinery, none of them having anything whatever to do with the design or adaptation, and I have no hesitation in asserting that if the application of pneumatic power to a street car had been entrusted to either of the several foundries in this city at the time of the organization of the company, the question of running street cars by pneumatic power would long since have been settled, and the particular cut off of the present pneumatic engine. This master-piece of engineering skill—the delicacy in adjusting which could not be effected by the imperfect machinery and temporary facilities of New Orleans machine shops—would long since have yielded to the combined skill and facilities at hand, or have been rolled from the lofty position assigned it, and its contemplated duties performed by machinery, the complication of which is not in advance of the engineering capacity of the age.

apl7 1t2dp WILLIAM GOLDING.

GRENADINE BERAGES.

J. LEVOIS & JAMISON,

126 Canal Street,

will offer on Monday, April 18,

600 PIECES BROCHE AND PLAINE GRENADINE BAREGES,

AT THE

REDUCED PRICES OF TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER YARD.

FORMERLY SOLD AT FORTY AND FIFTY CENTS.

J. LEVOIS & JAMISON,
apl7 3t 126 Canal Street

HOUSEKEEPERS LOOK HERE,

YOU CAN BUY AT

No. 102 Camp Street, Corner Poydras,

Choicest MIXED TEA, (Green and Black) ..... at $1 40 ⅌ lb.
Choicest OOLONG TEA ..... at 1 40 ⅌ lb.
Splendid OOLONG TEA ..... at 1 40 ⅌ lb.
Choicest JAPAN TEA ..... at 1 40 ⅌ lb.
Choicest IMPERIAL TEA ..... at 1 60 ⅌ lb.
TEAS of every variety and grade at the lowest prices in the city.
Choice Old Government Java COFFEE, 30c. ⅌ lb.
Prime Rio COFFEE at 20c ⅌ lb.
Choice Family FLOUR at $7 50 ⅌ bbl., delivered free of drainage, and warranted to give satisfaction.
We have every article required for the table by housekeepers, at the lowest prices.

J. W. PLATT & CO.,
apl7 2dplt Grocers and Tea Dealers.

SCOTCH TWEED SUITS,

CHEVIOT TWEED SUITS,
ENGLISH MELTON SUITS,
From Fifteen to Twenty-five Dollars Each.
Made in the Latest Styles at
H. B. STEVENS',
Corner of St. Charles and Common streets.
apl7 1t 2dp

CRAVATS FOR THE MILLION.

EVERY STYLE AND QUALITY
AT ALL PRICES, AND TO SUIT ALL TASTES,
AT
H. B. STEVENS',
Corner of St. Charles and Common streets.
apl7 1t 2dp

ENGLISH MELTON SUITS

FOR ONLY
TWELVE DOLLARS
AT
H. B. STEVENS',
Corner of St. Charles and Common streets.
apl7 1t2dp

FRENCH CASSIMERE SUITS

FOR ONLY
FIFTEEN DOLLARS
AT
H. B. STEVENS',
Corner of St. Charles and Common streets.
apl7 1t2dp

FRESH BLADON SPRING WATER.

We are now receiving, and will be kept constantly supplied throughout the season, with shipments of Fresh Bladon Water direct from the Springs of James Conner & Co., Bladon, Choctaw county, Alabama, whose sole agents we are,

ISAACSON, SEIXAS & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers, 66 and 68 Common street.
N. B.—We will pay one dollar a piece for good empty Bladon Water barrels, delivered to us.
apl7 1t

CORRESPONDENCE.

NEW ORLEANS, April 2, 1870.

To Mrs. Joseph S. Pagaud, President Orphans' Home, Seventh street, Fourth District:

DEAR MADAM—Noticing the praiseworthy efforts being made by you and your lady associates to raise funds for the better protection of the poor orphan children under your charge, and in view of former pleasant associations, I desire to contribute my aid in the laudable work of charity.

To this end I respectfully tender you my services for an "Extra Parlor Concert," to be given during the spring, the proceeds to go into the funds of your association. If acceptable to you, I trust I may, in this way, add my mite toward swelling the sum required by you, and those noble spirits associated with you, for the better support of the large number of children dependent on charity for sustenance.

I remain, Madam, very truly and sincerely,
Your obedient servant,
A. B. CHASE.

[REPLY.]

NEW ORLEANS, April 14, 1870.

Mr. A. B. Chase:

SIR—Your highly esteemed favor of the second instant, tendering an "Extra Parlor Concert," to be given during the spring, for the benefit of Orphans' Home, Seventh street, Fourth District, has been received, and your liberal offer very gratefully accepted by the Board of Managers of that institution.

Your concerts have been so justly popular, the board indulge the hope that your benevolent designs may receive such cordial support from a generous public, added to previous liberal donations, as will enable you, by this entertainment, to swell the receipts of its treasury to an amount equal to what its annual fairs usually realize.

Yours, very respectfully,
MRS. JOSEPH S. PAGAUD,
President Orphans' Home.

RODGERS' MARKET HOUSE,

Corner Canal and Marais Streets,

Has on always on hand

THE FINEST KIND OF MEATS.

At the regular prices.

Give him a trial and be satisfied.

ap16 2t2dp WILLIAM RODGERS.

A GREAT IMPROVEMENT

IN

BANQUETTES, CARRIAGE WAYS, BASEMENT AND WAREHOUSE FLOORS, CEMETERY AND GARDEN WALKS, SCHOOL YARDS, ETC.

BYRNES'

IMPROVED CONCRETE PAVEMENT

LAID BY

PAGE & CO.,

98 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

The following are a few of the reasons why this CONCRETE should be used in preference to all other materials:

1. It has been tested through one of the hottest of New Orleans summers, and found not to soften by the heat of the sun.

2. Being in general use at the North, it necessarily must be proof against cold.

3. It is as durable as stone and much less expensive.

4. It is perfectly impervious to water, and consequently quickly becomes dry when wet.

5. It makes no dust in dry or mud in wet weather.

6. It does not crack or crumble, nor is it washed by the rain.

7. It is impenetrable to grass, weeds or water.

8. It prevents noxious vapors or gases, arising from the ground beneath, and affords no reservoirs for filth or festering decompositions.

9. It is laid down quickly, and ready for use when finished.

10. It is easily taken up, easily relaid, and easily repaired when necessary.

Some of the places where this work has been done, and a few of the parties who have had it put down, may be known by the following references; and most of the persons named can and will cheerfully give all of the information desired. An examination of the work is solicited:

William McCulloch,	George Horter,
Theobald Forstall,	Lafayette Square,
E. C. Palmer,	New Orleans Gasworks,
Henry Bensel,	Penn's Cotton Press,
B. McKenna,	H. S. Seward,
E. W. Burbank,	John W. Madden.

For the present, after the foundation is prepared and curbing set, Cemetery, Park and Private Walks, will be laid for from $1 to $1 25 per square yard. Private Carriage Ways, Heavy Sidewalks, Depot and Warehouse Floors for from $1 25 to $1 50 per square yard.

For all further information in relation to this business, or for the laying of this kind of work, apply to

PAGE & CO.,
mh20 2dp 98 Camp street.

FIREMEN'S FESTIVAL,

TO BE GIVEN BY

PELICAN HOOK AND LADDER FIRE COMPANY No. 4,

For the Benefit of their Relief Fund,

AT THE

FAIR GROUNDS,

ON EASTER SUNDAY, APRIL 17, 1870.

Committee of Arrangements:

FRANCIS RAWLE,	LEON BERTOLI,
F. GUERINGER,	E. J. LAWLESS,
P. A. MOINTYRE,	WM. PEMBERTON,
A. H. HARRIS,	J. P. MACHICA,

Programme:

Racing upon the main track to commence at two o'clock P. M.

Pony Race—Running half mile. Prize—Riding Saddle.

Mule Running Race—Dash of one mile. Prize—Riding Bridle.

Mile Trot Against Time—Mule with buggy; all to use the same buggy. Prize—Drag harness.

Mile Trot Against Time—Double teams of mules with float; all to use the same float. Prize—Half ton of hay.

Mile Trot Against Time—Horse with Hook and Ladder Truck. Open to all horses of the Fire Department. Prize—Silver Cake Basket.

Mile Trot under Saddle, all to start together—Open to all horses of the Fire Department. Prize—Fine Parade Bridle.

Mile Race against Time—Double Teams with Steam Engine—Horses to go to best advantage. All to use the same engine. Open for all regular teams of the Fire Department. Prize—Water Cooler.

Foot Race of Two Hundred Yards—Open to all. Prize—Silver Medal.

Foot Race of One Hundred and Fifty Yards—Open to all members of the Fire Department weighing two hundred pounds and over. Prize—Pair of Handsome Sleeve Buttons.

Foot Race of Half Mile—Open for all. Prize—Silver Medal.

Foot Race of a Quarter of a Mile—Open for all boys under eighteen years of age. Prize—A Two-and-a-half Gold Piece.

The following Sports will take place upon the field:

Match Game of Base Ball between the Southerns and R. E. Lees.

Match game of Base Ball between the Washingtons and Actives. Prize—One pair of Foul Flags.

Grand Balloon Ascent at four o'clock P. M., by Professor a Chevalier, in his sailing Balloon "l'Esperance," seventy feet in length and thirty feet in diameter, never before exhibited in this country. Parties wishing to make ascents can effect arrangements with Monsieur Chevalier, upon the Fair Grounds.

There will be a variety of Amusements, Shows, etc., upon the grounds.

The Track and Grounds will be put in the best condition possible.

Entries for the Pony, Mule and Foot Races can be made until up to the time of starting.

Companies of the Fire Department wishing to enter for the balance of the prizes are respectfully requested to make application to the undersigned on or before SATURDAY, April 16, at three o'clock P. M.

Two or more of the competitors will be required to make a race.

The Fire Departments of Carrollton, Jefferson City, Gretna and Algiers are invited to compete in the trials.

Parties wishing to purchase the privileges for Shows, Games, Exhibitions, etc., will please apply to the Chairman of the Committee.

The sale of booths for Bar-rooms, Restaurants, Cigar, Soda Water and Ice Cream Stands, and for Flying Horses, will take place at auction, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, thirteenth instant, at five o'clock, upon the Fair Grounds.

Admission—Gentlemen, fifty cents; Ladies and Children free.

FRANCIS RAWLE, Chairman.
ap 10 17 2dp No. 16 Carondelet street.

THE FOURTH

LOUISIANA STATE FAIR

WILL TAKE PLACE

IN THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS,

Commencing April 23, 1870, and continued Nine Days

The Annual Address will be delivered by the Hon. CHRISTIAN ROSELIUS.

The Exhibition Halls will be open and Machinery in full operation daily.

Exhibition in the Arena daily from twelve to two.

FIRST DAY.

Saturday, April 23.

PREMIUM $250.

HURDLE RACE—Dash of Two Miles over eight Hurdles, to rule, free for all.

SAME DAY.

PREMIUM SILVER PITCHER—VALUE $100

DOUBLE TEAM RACE—Mile Heats, to rule, owners to drive; the horses to have been owned and driven together at least sixty days prior to the date of race.

Sunday, April 24.

PREMIUM $250.

GRAND FIREMEN'S CONTEST.

Monday, April 25.

PREMIUM $300.

MILE HEATS—Three in five, to harness and rule—free for all trotters—$400 to first horse; $100 to the second horse.

Tuesday, April 26.

PREMIUM $250.

RUNNING RACE—Mile Heats, three in five to rule—$200 to first horse; 50 to the second horse.

Wednesday, April 27.

PREMIUM $300.

MILE HEATS—Three in five, to harness and rule, for horses that have never beaten 2:40 in public.

SAME DAY.

DASH of One Mile for Racking Horses, to saddle. First premium, Silver Goblet, valued $25; Second Premium, Silver-mounted Whip, valued $15.

Thursday, April 28.

PREMIUM $350.

PACING RACE—Three in five, to harness and rule, free for all pacers—$300 to first horse; $50 to second horse.

SAME DAY.

MULE RACE—Dash of One Mile, free for all riders to be in jockey costume—$150 to first mule; $50 to second.

Friday April 29.

PREMIUM $300.

TROTTING—Double Teams—Three in five, to rule—$250 for first team; $50 for second team.

Saturday, April 30.

PREMIUM $500.

TWO MILE HEATS—To harness and rule, free for all Trotters—$400 to first horse; $100 to second horse.

SAME DAY.

DASH OF ONE MILE, for Ponies not over fourteen hands high, riders not over sixteen years of age, in jockey costume. First Premium, Boy's Bridle and Saddle. Second Premium, Silver-mounted Riding Whip.

Sunday, May 1.

PREMIUM $200.

FIREMEN'S RACE.

DETACHED BALLOON ASCENSION.

Dancing on the platform daily, from 7 to 10.
Topical Balloon Ascensions daily.
Liberal Prizes will be given for exhibitions in Skating.
Prizes will be given for a Grand Tournament.

LUTHER HOMES,
ap10 2dp Secretary.

NEW ORLEANS RICE DEPOT.

A. MAUREAU,

No. 48 Peters Street,

Between Customhouse and Bienville Street.

ALWAYS ON HAND

A

LARGE STOCK OF RICE.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

3 2dp 1y

FREE VACCINATION.

OFFICE BOARD OF HEALTH, State of Louisiana, New Orleans, April 16, 1870.

The Sanitary Inspectors of this city will vaccinate free of charge, all who may apply at places named as follows:

DR. JULES A. MATHIEU, First District, at Reed's drug store, corner Poydras and Circus streets, every day from 1 to 2 P. M.

DR. F. B. ALBERS, Second District, at No. 45 St. Peter street (near Jackson Square), every day at 11 A. M.; at G. T. Fayendo's drug store, corner of Claiborne and Dumaine streets, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 11:30 A. M., and at St. Cyr Foucade's drug store, corner of Bienville and Derbigny streets, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 12 M.; also, at No. 219 Tchoupitoulas street.

DR. JAMES T. JACKSON, Third District, at No. 67 Elysian Fields street, every day from 10 A. M. to 12 M., at L. H. Von Gohnn's drug store, corner of Louisa and Dauphine streets, on Mondays and Thursdays at 12 M., and at J. Frey's drug store, corner of Annette and Claiborne streets, on Tuesdays and Fridays at 12 M.

DR. A. N. PERRY, Fourth District, at A. P. Capel's drug store, corner of Washington and St. Charles street, every day from 12 M. to 1 P. M. and at C. Fritz's drug store, corner of Dryades and Terpsichore streets, every day from 2 to 4 P. M.

DR. C. P. AMES, Fifth District, at Police Station, Algiers, on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, from 10 A. M. to 12 M., and at Police Station, Gretna, on Tuesdays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.; also, from 6 to 7 P. M. at No. 384 St. Charles street.

DR. HEBER SMITH, Sixth District, at his residence, corner of Prytania and Antoine streets; at the office of the Sanitary Inspector, late Jefferson City Hall, every day from 9 to 10 A. M., and at drug store No. 888 Magazine street, every day at 4 P. M.

C. B. WHITE, M. D.,
President Board of Health, State of Louisiana.
apl7 1m

FINISHED SOCKS AT LEIGHTON'S.

Finished British SOCKS, elastic tops, per dozen, $4 50.
Finished French SOCKS, elastic tops, per dozen, $4 50.
Finished German SOCKS, elastic tops, per dozen, $4.
Six Linen Cambric HANDKERCHIEFS, hemmed, for $2.
Six Linen Bosom SHIRTS for $9.
And Gentlemen's FURNISHING GOODS generally—all equally cheap—at the corner of St. Charles and Canal streets.
apl6 2t2dp

SIX

Good Linen Bosom SHIRTS for $9.
Six Puff Bosom SHIRTS for $9.
Six Flowing Bosom SHIRTS for $9.
Six Fancy SHIRTS for $9.
Six Colored SHIRTS for $9.
Also, a general assortment of Gentlemen's FURNISHING GOODS—equally cheap—at the corner of St. Charles and Canal streets.
apl6 2.2dp CHARLES LEIGHTON.

B. T. WALSHE,

110 ..... Canal Street 110

Begs leave to announce to his customers and the public a complete stock of new

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

And the largest assortment of

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S GOODS

IN NEW ORLEANS.

All at moderate prices, with the inducement to purchase in the goods and price, not in the change.

A CALL REQUESTED.

B. T. WALSHE,
apl0 SuWeSa 1m4dp 110 Canal street.

AFTER THE PREMIUM AGAIN.

Will be exhibited at Louisiana State Fair, commencing April 23, 1870, the

LANE & BODLEY

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

in running order. Also, the Lane & Bodley Steam Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Wood Working Machinery, Shafting, Hangers and Pulleys. Samples can be seen at the Fair Grounds, or at W. L. CUSHING'S, our agent, at No. 61 St. Charles street. Orders solicited.

LANE & BOLDEY,
Coerner of John and Water streets, Cincinnati, Ohio,
apl0 2p