

New Orleans Republican. OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES. OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

THE NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER IN THE SOUTH.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN They, he had of the following dealers: George Edin, opposite the Postoffice. A. Simon, 4 Exchange Alley. C. G. Haley, 19 Commercial place. C. B. Holtz, 41 Exchange Place. James Ellis, Pontchartrain Railroad depot, Third District, also at depot foot of Lafayette street, First District. John Schaefer, corner Ninth and Constance streets.

A full day for news yesterday, and all quiet on the Mississippi.

The publication of the Drapereau, the official organ of Ascension parish, has been suspended.

This evening at the Varieties Theatre the drama of the "Dumb Man of Manchester," and "Black Eyed Man."

The \$50,000 prize was sold in the last grand drawing. Remember the next drawing takes place on Saturday, April 23.

It was a novel sight at Jacksonville, Illinois, last Friday, to see a furious snow storm, with peach trees in blossom.

Who will win the \$50,000 prize this time in the drawing of next Saturday? Is there any one who has not yet bought his ticket?

Joseph C. Oliver has been appointed census enumerator for the right bank of St. James parish and Adolphe Turcaud for the left bank.

The British brig Carmen will be sold at the entrance of the Customhouse, Old Levee street, next to the Postoffice, at twelve 1/2, as she now lies at the levee, near the Ursuline Convent, Third District.

General West, the Administrator of Improvements, made the following appointments yesterday: Keepers of Nuisance Wharves—John McGillivray, Third District; Hugh McNeill, Fourth District; Watchman, Nuisance Boat—Douglas Brown, Third District.

Mr. Lewis Baker, having completed arrangements to become the manager of the Varieties Theatre next season, left New Orleans Monday evening for New York. He will go to Europe early in May to procure the best dramatic talent he can obtain.

Brevet Major B. B. Keeler having been assigned to duty in the department of the South, by orders from headquarters of the army, has been relieved from duty as acting judge advocate and acting assistant inspector general of the department of Louisiana.

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The Handsome Democrat understands that Ship Island is to be abandoned by the government as a military post, and that Mr. Charles Morgan has become the purchaser of the Island, which he intends as a depot and a shipping point for foreign ports. He intends opening a direct trade with Europe.

Governor Warmoth has appointed Henry Skipwith, Public Administrator East Feliciana parish; John Evans, Assessor and Collector, Tangipahoa parish; Temple S. Coons, Assessor and Collector, Madison parish; Charles L. Sweet, Tax Collector, Orleans parish, right bank; Leopold Guichard, Tax Collector St. Bernard parish.

The steamship Crescent City, Captain Norton, left this port for New York Saturday evening, and returned to the city Sunday night in distress. It is the opinion of her officers that she struck her screw on a log in going down the river, but the injury was not apparent until the ship reached Southwest Pass, when her machinery refused to work, and she was towed back to the city. She will be repaired and resume her voyage in a few days.

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PARISH BOARD OF ASSESSORS.—The State Assessors for the parish of Orleans met yesterday for the purpose of organization and allotment to Districts. Mr. John W. Swords was elected chairman of the Board, and the following allotments were made: First District—J. W. Swords. Second District—Joseph Mansion. Third District—H. L. Rey. Fourth District—Henry Heidenhain.

The work of assessing the taxable property under the new revenue law will be commenced without delay, and proceeded with with dispatch.

THE ENTERTAINMENT FOR THE PROTESTANT CHILDREN'S HOME.—We sincerely hope that all the charitable people of our city will unite in lending their aid to those noble ladies who are giving an entertainment at Odd Fellows' Hall for the purpose of raising funds to purchase provisions for the children of the Protestant Orphan's Home for the ensuing year. This charity, it appears to us, should be all the more promptly responded to because a request for assistance from this quarter is of such rare occurrence. While other institutions have frequently been the recipients of the bounty of the public, this has modestly kept in the background, and managed to struggle along, relying upon comparatively a few for support. Therefore, if its friends now come out and ask assistance, it can be relied upon that this assistance is needed. This Home is situated at the corner of Jackson and 10th streets, and is really a home to a large number of children, who are being brought up in the fear of God, and knowledge of useful occupations, so that they may prove valuable citizens. We hope that every person in the First and Fourth Districts will patronize the entertainment. On next Thursday night there is to be a grand children's ball, when it is hoped that a great number of our citizens will be present. Who will win the \$50,000 prize this time in the drawing of next Saturday? Is there any one who has not yet bought his ticket?

Without meaning to even insinuate that the Radical party or any other party is incapable of doing wrong, or that it is wrong has never been done, we shall undertake to disprove what that anti Democratic organ—the New York World—has recently said of "Radical progress" in this country. It has undertaken, by comparison, to show that this country has been going backward ever since the Republican party supplanted the Democratic party in authority; and asserts this is very well shown by a comparison of the incidents of the so-called "progress," upon which the Radical party vantage itself, with the course of events abroad.

And what, may be asked, have been the incidents of the so-called progress? The intelligent World knows, but has withheld them in order to make it appear that American Radicalism has concentrated power for no other purpose than to rob the people of the privilege of local self-government.

The leading incidents of the progress are the election of Mr. Lincoln in 1860, upon a political platform denying that slavery was national, and declaring that it should in the future be confined to the States where it then existed. The Democratic party—the World's party of progress—declared that slavery was national, and that it must go into the Territories. This was the issue upon which Mr. Lincoln was elected. Immediately after his election, the Democratic party in the States that were then known as the slave States determined to rebel against his election. They did so by forcing, first, secession in the slave States against the wishes of a majority of the people of each State, and then, forming a confederation, made war upon the government of the United States by seizing upon its forts and arsenals wherever they could. They formed a constitution, with slavery as its corner stone, and elected a so-called President and Vice-President of the so-called Confederate States, and formed, as fully as they knew how, a government with all the appendages belonging to regular governments, and, with a full determination to fight it out on that line, they made war upon freedom and in behalf of slavery; they made war upon the government of the United States, and against the Republicans thereof. They did this before Mr. Lincoln had assumed the reins of government, and even attempted plots to assassinate him on his way to the capital of the nation.

He reached there, however, and took the solemn and sacred oath required of him by the constitution. Then the war commenced in earnest. Fort Sumter was fired upon by the rebels, and the garrison forced to surrender. The general government, seeing no alternative but to resist force with force, determined to call upon the people to rally under their flag in defense of their government. Mr. Lincoln issued his proclamation for seventy-five thousand men, and the people nobly responded to his call in behalf of freedom. A cruel war was thus forced upon the people and government that refused to acknowledge slavery as national; that refused it further strength by permitting its growth in the Territories. The Republicans, as the war advanced, saw that they would have to go to the root of the evil in order to suppress the rebellion; that their cure would have to be radical in order to be effectual; that they would have to abolish slavery. This was done by Mr. Lincoln's emancipation proclamation and the successful termination of the war for the Union.

After this the Republicans were known as Radicals, and it is proper to ask the World whether it regards the abolishment of slavery as a work of progress? and if so, how it can regard Radical progress as really a retrogressive nature? But Republicanism, or Radicalism; the World may say, has not stopped here. In order to maintain the authority of the supreme Government, which is chosen by the people, it became necessary to disavow a dangerous dogma that had been contended for by the leaders of the State-rights or slave party in this country. They contended for the right of the slave States to withdraw from the Union whenever it became the slave interest that they should do so. The fate of this pernicious dogma was as much at stake in the result of the war as slavery; and for the World to say that this country is retrogressing, because a fraction of its people are not permitted to determine questions adverse to the interest of the majority is simply to aver that the majority shall not rule. The question of State rights under our republican form of government was as fully determined by the war as the question of slavery. It was decided that States had no rights in their local governments that were independent of and superior to the general government; that they could not simply by the vote of a State withdraw from the Union. And when it is considered that this decision was had in the interest of self-government it will be acknowledged that it is progressive—that it is radical progress, if that suits the opponents of true Republicanism better.

Where the people of a country are blessed, as are the people of the United States, with a constitutional government of the most liberal kind, and that government is chosen every few years by a majority vote, it is right that local governments should be subordinate thereto. If solidarity is made the guiding rule, it is made in the interest of freedom, and not in that of despotism. Therefore there can be no just comparison instituted between the government of the United States and the governments of Europe. Here supreme governmental power is not concentrated into the hands of one man, nor is it inherited and enjoyed for life. The people of the States are citizens of the United States, and as such select the chief executive officers and members of Congress; and their chief allegiance is due to the supreme government. Because the State governments are subordinate to the general government it does not follow that they are degraded into provinces. They have the rights that are secured to them by the constitution of the United States

so long as they perform rightly their part of the solemn compact entered into for the perpetuation of self-government. If a fraction of them are seduced from their allegiance, make war upon the rights of the majority, and are finally defeated and compelled to yield obedience, they cannot expect to be reconstructed otherwise than upon a loyal basis. In this, too, then, can the Republican party claim to have made radical progress, for they have given suffrage in the reconstructed States without regard to color or previous condition, and secured the same uniform suffrage, by constitutional amendment, throughout the land. There has been no centralization of power for other purpose than to perpetuate and extend the principles of rational and just freedom; and the World exhibits the weakness of its cause as well as its own unfairness when it refers to the "latest legislation of the North German Bund and the French Corps Legislatif to prove that this country's" progress under Radical rule, is really a retrograde nature.

Yesterday was characterized by rather more animation in the gold market than has been manifested for some time past, and at the board some sales of moment were made. There is, probably, very little of the speculative element in this movement, as gold has ceased to offer the attractions which it formerly held out to imaginative operators; still there are always some dealers who fancy that every upward throes of the market is a symptom of high gold and of the return of the period of large transactions. It is not probable, however, that these anticipations are to be fulfilled neither, on the other hand, is there any further talk of a speedy return to a specie basis. Most people imagine that the gold premium will fluctuate about its present point, during the summer, and fall again when the new crops come forward. After, all the return to a specie basis will depend on the productive energy of the country, and on the surplus wealth to be accumulated during the year. If we have another season like the last, the premium on gold will probably vanish altogether. The fall in gold seems to have had a more depressing influence in New York than anywhere else in the country. Many of the large gold houses have been compelled to wind up their affairs; there are four hundred stores to rent in Broadway, and below Wall street rents have fallen fifty per cent.

The principal business done yesterday in stocks, was in slaughterhouse. The market opened at 33, but suddenly collapsed, and the stock was offered down to 31. At the board it was called three times, and sales were made at 30 1/2. Ship Island seems to have a tendency to advance, probably on account of the new aspect given to the affairs of the company by its taking possession yesterday, without opposition, of the Third Drainage District—the largest and most important of all. The following were the transactions at the board last night:

THE CHILDREN'S HOME. For the Benefit of the Protestant Episcopal Church, at ODD FELLOWS' HALL, April 20, 21, 22 and 23.

THE FOURTH LOUISIANA STATE FAIR WILL TAKE PLACE IN THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, Commencing April 23, 1870, and continuing Nine Days.

The Annual Address will be delivered by the Hon. CHRISTIAN ROSS LUIS. The Exhibition Hall will be open and Machinery in full operation daily. Exhibition in the Arena daily from twelve to two.

PREMIUM \$300. HURDLE RACE—Dash of Two Miles over eight Hurdles, to run, free for all. SAME DAY. PREMIUM SILVER PITCHER—VALUE \$100 DOUBLE TEAM RACE—Mile heats, to run, over one mile every day from 9 to 4 P. M. and driving together at least six days prior to the date of race.

PREMIUM \$200. MILE HEATS—Three in five, to harness and rule-free for all trotters—\$50 to first horse; \$10 to the second horse. Tuesday, April 26. PREMIUM \$200. RUNNING RACE—Mile heats, three in five to rule—\$200 to first horse; \$50 to the second horse.

PREMIUM \$200. MILE HEATS—Three in five, to harness and rule, for horses that have never beaten 2:30 in public. SAME DAY. DASH OF ONE MILE for Hacking Horses, to saddle. First premium, Silver Goblet, valued \$25; Second premium, Silver-mounted Whip, valued \$15.

PREMIUM \$300. PACING RACE—Three in five, to harness and rule, free for all pacers—\$300 to first horse; \$50 to second horse. SAME DAY. MULE RACE—Dash of One Mile, free for all riders to be in jockey costume—\$100 to first mule; \$50 to second.

PREMIUM \$500. TWO MILE HEATS—To harness and rule, free for all Trotters—\$400 to first horse; \$100 to second horse. SAME DAY. DASH OF ONE MILE, for Ponies not over fourteen hands high, riders not to exceed sixteen years of age, in jockey costume. First Premium, Silver Goblet and Saddle. Second Premium, Silver-mounted Riding Whip.

PREMIUM \$200. DETACHED BALLOON ANSCENSION. Dancing on the platform daily, from 10 to 12. Topical Prices will be given for exhibitions in skating. The following are the names of the exhibitors: LUTHER HOMES, Secretary.

A GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN BANQUETTES, CARRIAGE WAYS, BASEMENT AND WAREHOUSE FLOORS, CEMETERY AND GARDEN WALKS, SCHOOL YARDS, ETC. BY BYRNES' IMPROVED CONCRETE PAVEMENT Laid by PAGE & CO. 25 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

The following are a few of the reasons why this CONCRETE should be used in preference to all other materials: 1. It has been tested through one of the hottest of New Orleans summers, and found not to soften by the heat of the sun. 2. Being in general use at the North, it necessarily must be durable as well as cheap. 3. It is as strong as stone and much less expensive. 4. It is perfectly impervious to water, and consequently quickly becomes dry when wet. 5. It makes no dust in dry or wet weather. 6. It does not crack or crumble, nor is it washed by the rain. 7. It is impenetrable to grass, weeds or water. 8. It prevents noxious vapors or gases, arising from the ground beneath, and affords no reservoir for filth or fetid decompositions. 9. It is laid down quickly, and ready for use when finished. 10. It is easily taken up, easily relaid, and easily repaired when necessary.

Some of the places where this work has been done, and a few of the parties who have had it put down, may be known by the following references: Most of the persons named can and will cheerfully give all of the information desired. An examination of the work is solicited: William McCulloch, George Horter, Theobald Forestall, Lafayette Square, E. C. Palmer, New Orleans Gasworks, Henry Besset, Penn's Cotton Press, R. McKenna, H. S. Seward, E. W. Bortman, John W. Madden. For the present after the foundation is prepared and curbing set, Cemetery, Park and Private Walks, will be laid for from \$1 to \$1.25 per square yard. Private Carriage Ways, Heavy Sidewalks, Depot and Warehouse Floors for from \$1.25 to \$1.50 per square yard.

For all further information in relation to this business, or for the laying of this kind of work, apply to PAGE & CO., 25 Camp Street. MECHANICS' AND AGRICULTURAL FAIR ASSOCIATION OF LOUISIANA. Will hold its NEXT GRAND STATE FAIR in New Orleans, beginning on the TWENTY-THIRD OF APRIL, 1870, and to be continued for nine days. Premium Catalogue for the Fair can be procured at the office of the Association, or through the Post office, as desired. Stockholders holding in their own names ten shares of the Capital Stock of the Association are required to call at the office of the Secretary, Mechanics' Institute, to get their tickets of admission to the Fair Grounds for the year, 1870, as an entire new class of tickets have been prepared. These tickets will admit the owners, with their families, to the Fair Grounds, and will be valid for the season, even if said ground is rented or used for special purposes. The Directors invite every good citizen to become a stockholder, and to purchase the stock thus required from the Secretary of the Association. P. S.—Choice Plants, Strawberry and Bonquets are for sale at the Fair Ground.

FREE VACCINATION. The Sanitary Inspectors of this city will vaccinate free of charge, all who may apply at places named as follows: DR. JULES A. MATHIEU, First District, at Reed's drug store, corner Poydras and Orleans streets, every day from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. DR. F. H. ALBRIGHT, Second District, at No. 45 St. Peter street (near Jackson Square), every day at 11 A. M. to 6 P. M. DR. JAYENGO's drug store, corner of Orleans and Dumaine streets, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 11:30 A. M. and at St. Cyr Foucaud's drug store, corner of Bienville and Derbigny streets, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 12 M.; also, at No. 219 Tchoupitoulas street. DR. JAMES F. JACKSON, Third District, at No. 613 Poydras street, every day from 10 A. M. to 12 M., at L. H. Von Gohren's drug store, corner of Louisiana and Dauphine streets, on Mondays and Thursdays at 12 M., and at J. Frey's drug store, corner of Annette and Claiborne streets, on Tuesdays and Fridays at 12 M. DR. A. N. PERRY, Fourth District, at A. P. Capell's drug store, corner of Washington and St. Charles street, every day from 10 to 1 P. M., and at C. Fritz's drug store, corner of Dryades and Terpsichore streets, every day from 9 to 4 P. M. DR. C. P. AMES, Fifth District, at Police Station, Algiers, on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, from 10 A. M. to 12 M., and at Police Station, Gretna, on Tuesdays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.; also, from 9 to 7 P. M. at No. 348 St. Charles street. DR. HEBER SMITH, Sixth District, at his residence, corner of Poydras and Antoine streets; at the office of the Sanitary Inspector, late J. Flouris; at the office of the Sanitary Inspector, Silver Bell, Second District, at the corner of Poydras and St. Louis streets, No. 88 Magazine street, every day at 4 P. M. C. B. WHITE, M. D., President Board of Health, State of Louisiana, April 19.

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FINISHED SOCKS AT LEIGHTON'S. Finished British SOCKS, elastic tops, per dozen, \$4 50. Finished French SOCKS, elastic tops, per dozen, \$4 50. Finished German SOCKS, elastic tops, per dozen, \$4 50. Six Lines Cambric HANDKERCHIEFS, hemmed, per dozen, \$4 50. Six Lines Boston SHIRTS for \$4.50. Also, a large assortment of FINE GOODS generally at equally cheap at the corner of St. Charles and Canal streets. April 19/70.

FOR LADIES ONLY. THE EUGENIE OR LADIES' COMPANION. This article is recommended by eminent physicians in Europe, by the Medical Faculty of this city, and is approved of and worn by the ladies generally in Europe, and in the Northern, Eastern and Western States of this country, and is exclusively for ladies use. This article, for instant cure discovered, is one of the most important ever discovered, and is only necessary to be used to be universally acknowledged in the South, as well as in every other portion of the civilized world.

FOR SALE AT No. 21 Poydras street: Mrs. M. Jenkins, dressmaker; No. 219 Magazine street, corner of Magazine street, up stairs a lady will give the following drug stores, viz: K. F. Finck's corner of Canal and Julia streets; J. Herber, No. 100 Canal street; Ball, Lons & Co., corner of Camp and Greave streets; E. K. Butler, corner of Magazine and Poydras streets; and G. V. Mating, corner of Magazine and Poydras streets. Jefferson City.

FOURTH LOUISIANA STATE FAIR, 1870. Prizes awarded to the Base Ball Clubs during the Fair, under the management of the Captains of Clubs competing for the prizes: First Prize—One Set of Base Ball. Second Prize—One Set of Base Ball. Third Prize—One Set of Base Ball. Fire Engine Companies and Hook and Ladder Companies: All companies to compete for the premium of \$200 on SUNDAY, April 24, instant. Hook and Ladder Companies to compete for the premium of \$200, SUNDAY, May 1, proximo. LUTHER HOMES, Secretary. April 22.

NEW ORLEANS RICE DEPOT. A. MAGREAU, No. 43 Peters Street, Between Customhouse and Bienville Street.

ALWAYS ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF RICE. J. LEVOIS & JAMISON, 135 Canal Street.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. A. W. ROBERTS, Attorney and Counselor at Law, No. 23 Commercial Place, New Orleans, Louisiana. Will practice in all the courts of the State of Louisiana, and will give particular attention to the collection of claims. JOHN B. HOWARD, LAW OFFICE, No. 26 St. Charles Street, Prompt attention given to civil business in the several courts of the State.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW. HENRY C. & H. M. DIBBLE, 28 Natchez Street (Morgan's Building), NEW ORLEANS. T. A. BARTLETTE, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, No. 143 Gravier Street, NEW ORLEANS. HORATIO KING, ATTORNEY, 510 R STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C. Agent for Patents, Pension, Bonuses, and all other Claims against the Government.

NEW ORLEANS SAVINGS INSTITUTION, Incorporated March 15, 1855. OFFICERS: L. F. GENERES, President. THOMAS A. ADAMS, First Vice-President. THOS. ALLEN CLARK, Second Vice-President. CHARLES J. LEBLANC, Third Vice-President. SAM JONES, Jr., Treasurer. Trustees: Dr. W. Newton Mercer, George J. Ullrich, L. F. Generes, John G. Isaacs, Thomas Adams, Daniel Schneider, Charles J. Leeds, Samuel Jameson. 1123 N St. Peter.

COTTON DUCK—COTTON DUCK. MOUNT VERNON MILLS, Baltimore. WOODBERRY MILLS, Baltimore. A large assortment of COTTON DUCK, from the above Mills, of all numbers and widths. ALSO RAVENS DUCK, light and heavy. And extra Arthropath Hemp Canvas.

ZABLE & DALTON, No. 115 Poydras Street, MANUFACTURERS OF TIN AND JAPANNED WARE. DEALERS IN Stoves, Grates, House Furnishing Goods, etc. AGENTS FOR The Times Cooking Stoves, Bramhall, Deane & Co.'s European Ranges and Boilers, American Ranges, Ashes, Bird and Animal Cages. We are now manufacturing all kinds of Bath Tubs, Toilet Ware, Water-Closets, etc., which we are selling at lowest prices.

GREAT REDUCTION IN DRY GOODS. On Account of Dissolution of the Firm, F. G. BARRIERE & CO.'S, Canal Street, 135. The undersigned offer their entire stock at great reduction prices, as they have agreed by limitation of time of sale, to their friends and the public to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere, and say themselves of the great inducements they offer.

M. FEHRENBACH, Importer of PLEYEL, ERARD AND BORD PIANOS, 55 Baronne Street. Has received, by late arrivals, a fresh supply of the above Pianos; also, American Square Pianos, for sale at the shortest notice.

PLANTATION HARNESS AT \$3 50 A SET. 200 Sets PLANTATION HARNESS at \$3 50 a set. 200 Sets BARRETT'S HARNESS at \$4 50 a set. 100 DOBLE BARRELED GUNS at \$4, \$10, \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$35, \$40, \$45, \$50, \$55, \$60, \$65, \$70, \$75, \$80, \$85, \$90, \$95, \$100. 100 Sets TABLE and POCKET CUTLERY at \$2, \$3, \$4, \$5, \$6, \$7, \$8, \$9, \$10, \$11, \$12, \$13, \$14, \$15, \$16, \$17, \$18, \$19, \$20. HARD WARE and CUTLERY at reduced prices, for sale by S. B. CHURCHILL & BRO., No. 81 Tchoupitoulas, between Poydras and Levee streets.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause, within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or claim, why the account presented by F. H. Monahan, testamentary executor of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith. By order of the Court. M. O. TRACY, Clerk. April 19/70.

Succession of Joseph Ledore Deponilly—No. 2,008. SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause, within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or claim, why the account presented by F. H. Monahan, testamentary executor of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith. By order of the Court. M. O. TRACY, Clerk. April 19/70.

Succession of Alexander Harris—No. 2,009. SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause, within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or claim, why the account presented by F. H. Monahan, testamentary executor of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith. By order of the Court. M. O. TRACY, Clerk. April 19/70.

Succession of Alexander Harris—No. 2,010. SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause, within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or claim, why the account presented by F. H. Monahan, testamentary executor of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith. By order of the Court. M. O. TRACY, Clerk. April 19/70.

MISCELLANEOUS. TO SAVE LABOR.—INSURE LARGE CROPS. Use STEW'S RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE and FINE GROUND BONE, the great Fertilizers, LOUIS STERN & SONS, manufacturers, office No. 60 Chartres street, New Orleans, Louisiana. Bone Black of all grades constantly on hand. nolly JOHN G. FLEMING, 144 Poydras Street. Has now on hand the largest, finest and best selected assortment of CHANDLER'S and GAS FIXTURES of every description—foreign and domestic—that can be found this side of Philadelphia, and which he now offers for sale at lowest prices that they can be bought in New York at retail. He also keeps constantly on hand, a large supply of Iron, Gas and Steam Pipe and Fittings, which will sell at the lowest market prices. He is also agent for the celebrated SPRING-FIELD GAS MACHINE, which he recommends as being, without doubt, the best automatic Gas Machine now in use, and he is now prepared to put them up on plantations, at factories, hotels and dwelling houses, wherever a cheap, brilliant and reliable light is required. For further assurance to the public of the merits of these Machines, he has secured a certificate of Mr. Bradish Johnston, whose Sugar house on his Woodland Plantation is lighted by one of them. Mr. Fleming is also prepared to do Gas and Steam Fitting promptly and on the most reasonable terms. Those who want such work done, would do well to give him a call before contracting elsewhere.

WOODLAND PLANTATION, Parish of Plaquemine, 1627 N. COAL. BOYD, WILMOT & CO. Coal Merchants. OFFICE 165 PONDRAIS STREET, NEW ORLEANS. Pittsburgh Coal, Anthracite COAL. Coal delivered at the lowest rates, to Steamships, Hotels, Cotton Factories, Foundries, Sawmills, etc. Office of Tugboat Service, male in.

NOTICE.—ST. CHARLES HOTEL. From and after this date, families and single gentlemen can be accommodated with board and lodging for the season, at rates ranging from \$10 to \$25 per day each person, the size and locality of the room depending on the amount of lodging, \$10 per week. New Orleans, March 20, 1870. U. E. HALL, mdr in.

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