New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES TO-MORROW.

BY G. DE FERIET, at twelve o'clock, at St. Charles Auction Exchange, lot of ground and frame house, fronting on Bayou St. John; lot of ground and house, corner of St. John, Florida and Campement streets; two lots of ground and house on Grand Route St. John; two lots of ground and house on Grand Route St. John, to effect a partition—Adelaide Cerete et als. vs. Felicite Rousseau et als.

BY SHERIFF MAXWELL, at twelve o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, two lots of ground and buildings on Canal street—James H. Jones vs. succession of Arthur W. Horlor; two lots of ground and buildings on Jersey street—Francis A. Gaston vs. Samuel L. Hill; lot of ground corner Franklin and Josephine streets—Widow C. Fabio vs Frederick Stumpf

BY J. DEJAN, JR., at eleven o'clock, at New Auction Mart, No. 183 Gravier street, near Carondelet, household furniture, etc.

BY R. M. & B. J. MONTGOMERY, at 11 o'clock, at Old Auction Mart, No. 87 Camp street, household furniture, etc.

BY LOUIS STERN & BROS., at ten o'clock, at salesroom No. 16 Chartres street, five hundred cases boots, shoes and brogans.

BY C. C. THAYER, at eleven o'clock, at residence over store No. 139 Common street, entire contents of that residence, consisting of mahogany parlor set, rosewood Victoria bed-room sets, carpets, mirrors, mahogany sideboard, china, crockery and glass ware.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

BRIEF MENTION.—The great prize fight between Allen and Mace will take place on the tenth instant, when something will occur. It is the sensation which covers all others.

See notice of a small dwelling house wanted by a good tenant.

Some bad man, who coveted his neighbor's wealth, managed to steal nearly four hundred dollars and a lot of valuable papers from F. Belden's hat store.

Thieves steal horses and wagons from the streets, so bold are they. Some fellow stole an establishment which was standing near the confectionery store corner Canal and Carondelet streets, Friday evening.

Mr. Vigers, in the third precinct, walks warmly after the contractors and violators. He has made forty affidavits against persons who have violated the city ordinance relative to nuisances.

Mr. J. Diepert is so far recovered that he has left the hospital and gone to his own home.

The three-story building, corner of Hospital and Decatur streets, is in such a weak condition that Sergeant Malone has reported it as liable to fall and crush citizens. It is owned by A. Constant and occupied as a drug store by A. Schreiner.

Property valued at $350 was stolen from the residence of George Peltz, Joseph street, Sixth District.

AN UNLUCKY DIAMOND.—Several days ago a gentleman, not as lean as a Cassius nor as lively in motion as an acrobat, while riding in one of the Carrolton cars was robbed of a splendid diamond breastpin, even while he was looking on. Two sharpers managed the matter rather clumsily, it may be because they are young in the profession. They are quite genteel in personal appearance, and few persons would mark them as anything more than tolerably fast young men. One of them sat beside the victim, pretending to peruse a newspaper; the other stood up in front, back to them, holding a strap. When all was considered ready the literary fellow, as if accidently, with one hand shoved the paper under the gentleman's face, employing his other hand to steal the diamond, immediately passing it to his confederate.

The trick was quickly consummated, but the gentleman was aware of the theft, and at once made complaint and an effort to recover his pin, but the fellows managed to escape. Some days afterward Captain Cain arrested them as dangerous and suspicious characters, and it was then that Mr. Howe informed the police that they were the parties that had despoiled him of his diamond. The offense was committed in the Sixth District, but the men were arraigned on the first charge before Recorder Houghton, when Mr. Conners, of Girod street, signed their bonds. When the case was called one of them was released from the dangerous and suspicious charge, but was immediately arrested on the car robbery.

Having tasted liberty and a few bites of free lunch in the Marble Hall, Wildy was very wroth at this rearrest, and spoke a short piece in open court, the sentiment expressed being decidedly against the fair name of our police. He was again sent from one prison to another, until his head must have become quite rattled. Finally, Wildy and Russell were sent up to Recorder Campbell for examination, but the case was continued, when an intimation was given Mr. Howcott that if he would not prosecute his property would be returned. An agreement was made, but where was the pin? That question will never be answered to the public, for it had been in several prominent hands, directly or indirectly, innocently or otherwise. However, when the time came for its delivery to Mr. Howcott's friend, it was delivered, but the stone was bare, the setting having disappeared beyond redemption.

This same brilliant, worth something like five hundred dollars, was stolen about a year ago, in a car, and in a style similar to the one just related. Captain Cain recovered it from a well known thief and gave it up to the owner. That lesson seems to have had little effect, and we would not be surprised to again hear of its loss. Three times and out.

The manner of its delivery on this last occasion would be interesting to our readers, but as there are items connected with the transaction which must remain secret, we can not gratify ourselves or our readers with details.

NOT A DUEL.—Recently an elderly gentleman living below Canal street, and who seldom or never leaves the old faubourg, accepting the fifteenth amendment, stood up in a public bar-room and touched glasses with one of our old-time wealthy Creoles of African descent. The sight was witnessed by Mr. A. Arroyo, an attorney well known and respected in the Second and Third District, but he was displeased at what he had seen. An animated conversation then sprang up between the two, which ended in an excited exchange of blows, during which a cane was badly broken. The name of the party of the first part is V. Ducoux, and although his hairs are tinged with gray, he has not lost the fire of his youth, still ready to avenge an insult. A challenge passed; accepted; weapons to be double-barreled shotguns; distance fifteen paces; seconds, names not transmitted; locality the oaks. All preparations

arraigned before Recorder Staes, the accused was charged with an intention to disturb the public peace. The court informed him that it was necessary to bind him in peace bonds of $500. This he could not furnish, he said, and stepped toward the cell. Recorder Staes then said that if he would give his word that he would not break the peace, he would be permitted to go. Mr. Ducoux sternly refused to accept the proffer, prefering a prison rather than be baulked in his intention to revenge the dishonor put on him by his opponent. Mr. Arroyo was not arrested, as he had received information that Sergeant Malone wished to see him.

INSTALLING THE NEW POLICE SUPERINTENDENT.—At noon yesterday Captain Badger, and a number of his friends, appeared before the Board of Police Commissioners to take the obligation of the important office he had been chosen to fill and to receive his commission. These formalities over, he was congratulated by those present, Captain Cain among the first. Many pleasant remarks were made by members of the board and others. The party then retired to the Superintendent's office, where was heard a fusilade which echoed rather pleasantly on the ears of those who were thirsty or anxious to shake Captain Badger's hand in his new sphere, or have a parting, kindly word with Captain Cain for memory's sake. Toasts were given to the present incumbent and to the retiring officer, and altogether the event was a notable one for several reasons.

Captain Badger has taken this important position under circumstances which will try his metal to the last extremity, for he will find mountains of crime to contend with, and just at this time our city is crowded with men of the very worst character, or no character at all, who come here entertaining a low estimate of our police system. They may try to ply their villainous profession, but it is expected that Captain Badger, if properly supported, can keep them within bounds. He will not be weighed down and shackled as was his predecessor. Much is expected of him, and we sincerely hope he will not disappoint his friends.

In parting with Captain Cain in his capacity as head of the police, we would be ungrateful in not expressing our regrets. We have ever found him ready and willing to assist us in laying news, good or bad, before our readers. Taking into consideration his position and how he was hampered, as chief, we bear testimony to the fact that few men could or would have performed as much really excellent service as he did. Indeed, for a time he was not actually commander in his own office, which could not be known to the public for obvious reasons. He is a man of good impulses and generous disposition, even to a fault, as many a wretch will testify, and he was well liked by the force generally. He will soon enter into commercial pursuits.

BOARD OF METROPOLITAN POLICE.—The board met pursuant to adjournment.

Vice-President George, in the chair, and present, Commissioners Raynal, Isabelle, Robinson, Burbank and Pierce.

The board proceeded to investigate the following complaints:

Patrolman J. Devonshire, fourth precinct. Charge, disobedience of orders; plead guilty and fined one day's pay.

Patrolman P. McEvany, fifth precinct. Charge, conduct unbecoming an officer, assaulting and insulting a citizen; found guilty and dismissed the service.

Patrolman A. Goutre, sixth precinct. Charge, absent from beat without leave; guilty and reprimended.

IN THE CRIMINAL COURT.—The dock still exists, in reference to the prosecutions previous to the first of April. Next Saturday has been fixed on as the day on which to hear arguments in the difficulty, and until that time there will be no trials except of cases dated after the first of April.

Counsellor A. Dalsheimer has taken rules in several instances, asking for cause why his clients should not be released.

Other attorneys have proceeded in a like manner, and as opinions at present exist, the attorneys will perhaps gain their points.

The grand jury returned a true bill for murder against John Vandergriff.

THE BATTLE GROUND.—Herr Henneberg, proprietor of the Diamond, corner of Carondelet and Lafayette streets, where a sudden duel was fought last Tuesday night, still continues to deal out excellent lager, having recovered his equilibrium and flattened his blonde hair, which, perhaps, recently imitated the quills on a fretful porcupine. A matutinal visit to his house will prove the assertion.

POLICE CHANGES.—Sergeant McCann has been appointed to fill the vacant captaincy in the third precinct.

In the station house it is rumored that two more offices will be vacated in a short time, and that Sergeant Gibney will fill one of them. All those who know him will say, so be it to that. From the night Gibney captured the notorious Watson in the act of robbing Mr. Lilienthal's jewelry store, he should have been placed in the way of promotion. That alone stamped him worthy of any position of trust or power, for in that transaction his credit and capacity were firmly established.

SEAMEN'S BETHEL AND READING ROOM.—We publish the following from Mr. Pease, the chaplain:

It is due to the proprietors of the city press, that a greatful recognition should be made of their continous generosity, in sending their daily issues free of charge, to the Sailor's Reading room, in the Marigny building, and that those who desire the welfare of seamen, should know that the room is a success. This acknowledgment is made to the REPUBLICAN, the *Times*, the *Bulletin*, the *Picayune*, and the *Bee*; all of whom, with no personal acquaintance with the chaplain, have favored us, without the least hesitation, and we earnestly bespeak a continuance of their favors.

Of course it is not to be expected that in the commencement of such an establishment there should be perfection, especially when we consider that formidable obstacles must be encountered in commencing, and that the responsibility, labor and expense devolve upon a single individual. It is not what it should be, nor that it will be, when the necessary funds, an appropriate building and a suitable attendant can be obtained. But as a beginning it is not surpassed. Many think that the standard of intelligence and morals is so low in the American marine that there is no demand for such an institution. Just as if that was not the very reason why the standard should be elevated and a demand created. But, notwithstanding all this, though the room has commonly been kept open much beyond the advertised time, it has seldom been open without having more or less individuals in it, the number varying from one or two to fifteen or twenty. And its practicability and utility among seamen in general, and especially among the unemployed, who are lounging about the boarding-houses, in keeping them from vile places and practices, and in imparting useful knowledge and religious truth, can not be questioned.

Now we expect, as we of course receive, the opposition of the vile. They would destroy everything that is good. But in-

ment has furnished, for gratuitous reading, the daily city papers and newspapers from various parts of the country, and religious, scientific, literary and pictorial quarterlies and monthlies, foreign and domestic, and pamphlets, tracts and the bound volumes of a library. Religious meetings on the Sabbath and on week day evenings have been regularly convened, and well attended, with manifest tokens of the presence of God's spirit in them.

From thence between one and two hundred thousand pages of tracts and religious publications, and over one hundred Bibles and Testaments have, during the past season, been gratuitously distributed throughout the shipping, along the docks, among the families in the neighborhood of the Bethel, the seamen at the boarding-houses and in the hospital, or sent to sea on departing ships. What is there in all this that deserves censure? What is there that does not deserve the cordial approval and cooperation of every citizen, with whatever nation or religious denomination or political party he may be connected?

Even in its lowest aspects, as a mere pecuniary transaction, it ought to receive their patronage, for expense is inevitable, and Bethels are cheaper than jails, and chaplains than sheriffs; and 'an ounce of prevention is worth more than a pound of cure."

I am not begging for the sailor. In the providence of God he has done too much for this country ever to be a beggar. Not of charity, but of debt am I speaking. Whatever enlargement awaits New Orleans in the future, it can be nothing except as a *commercial* city. And on the principles of common justice, the men, without whom there can be no commerce, the men who endure all the hardships, privations and risk of the sailor, in bringing and carrying that which constitutes commerce, even all our necessaries and luxuries, have an undoubted right to protection while abroad from imposition and destroying influences, and to the common privileges of citizens, to say nothing more. Both insurers and insured are interested in having their immense risk entrusted to the control of sober and reliable men. All commerce is jeopardized without reliable seamen. Whatever then tends to benefit these common carriers, who are men of all nations, every where strangers and wanderers, and every where the prey of ten thousand human vultures, tends to advance the commercial interests, and every interest of a city.

Laying aside then all appeals to patriotism, benevolence, humanity, and the most potent appeal to the christian heart; passing by the infinitely weighty considerations pertaining to the mind and heart, as connected with the life that is and that which is to come; looking at it in its lowest aspects, this cause ought to receive the hearty co-operation of every one who claims to be a man.

L. H. P.

LOUISIANA CONFERENCE OF THE AFRICAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL ZION CONNECTION.—The Conference met yesterday morning according to rule, Bishop Clinton presiding.

After the devotional exercises were concluded, the minutes of the previous session were read and approved.

Several committees made their reports, which were adopted.

Rev. Mr. Jones, pastor of Wesley Methodist Episcopal Chapel, was introduced to the Conference by the Bishop. Very encouraging remarks were made by him, in which he gave assurance that his sympathy was with the Zion Connection.

A number of new societies were presented and received.

From the reports made by the presiding elders from the different districts, it is shown that the Louisiana Conference District is in a most flourishing and prosperous condition.

The case of Elder J. Dutch was taken up and disposed of according to discipline. By the unanimous vote of the conference Elder Joseph Dutch was expelled from the Louisiana Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion Connection in America.

Religious services to-day, as follows: Members of the conference will preach at the several Zion Mission churches in the city. Services at Lee's Chapel, on Treme street, this morning at eleven o'clock. Preaching by Rev. Solomon Johnson. This afternoon, at three o'clock, the funeral sermon of Elder C. Lee will be preached by Bishop Clinton. This evening, at eight o'clock, preaching by Rev. Thomas Jones.

A missionary meeting will be held at Lee's Chapel, on Treme street, next Tuesday evening. The Daughters of Conference and the Missionary Daughters, of Bishop Clinton, will appear, in full regalia. Addresses will be delivered by Bishop Clinton, and several ministers of the Conference. A collection will be taken up for the benefit of the Conference Mission Fund.

The Committee on Devotion announced the appointments for the Sabbath.

Conference then adjourned to meet tomorrow morning, at ten o'clock.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—There was a meeting of the Board of Directors of the public schools of this city yesterday. There was very little business of a public character transacted. A few lady teachers resigned, and the Committee on Teachers was authorized to fill the vacancies, subject to the approval of the board. Applications for leave of absence were similarly referred.

RECORDER WEBER'S COURT.—Mrs. Barbet Valhaiser, charged by an officer with insulting and abusing him in the discharge of his duty, for preventing her son from appropriating to his own use the property of other persons without having returned any valuable consideration, was discharged after receiving a lecture on morality.

Miss Margaret Augustus and Miss Betsy Toby, two of the weaker sex possessing strong muscles, were required to furnish peace bonds not to go it on their muscle again for six months.

Frank Herman, mate of the steamboat Mayflower, who shot and wounded a colored deck hand on the levee, on the night of the twenty-ninth of April, for the reason that Jeff Davis, the deck hand, refused to work any longer upon the boat, was sent to the First District Court on bonds of fifteen hundred dollars for his appearance.

[Communicated.]

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:

SIR—Please ask the public taxpayers what reason the Board of Public Works has or can give for advertising certain works, viz: Bayou Vermilion and Bayou Teche, to obtain bids from contractors for the doing of the work, the bids to be received on the first of June next, since already, one month ago, the board has issued on Bayou Vermilion an estimate of $15,000, and on Bayou Teche an estimate of $5000 without advertising the same, which estimates were hawked around Carondelet street, both papers drawn to the order of George C. Cleveland, and both endorsed by him. He is a member of the Board of Public Works, from St. Mary parish. Let him explain.

PATRICK FRIZZELL,
HENRY A. PEELER.

THE BABCOCK FIRE EXTINGUISHER.—We invite the attention of our readers this morning to the card of Mr. David E. Bradley, general agent for these valuable articles, which will be found in another column. The Babcock Fire extinguisher is a small and portable machine, which more effectually extinguishes fires than could a powerful engine. It can be operated by even a child, and can always be kept handy for use in every dwelling. Costing merely a trifle compared to their value, they should

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Ladies, make your husbands smoke two cigars less per diem for three months, and give you the money. With it you can buy a first-class Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machine from Mr. M. S. Hedrick, at Nos. 87 and 118 Canal street. He sells them on credit. You will have ample time to pay.

Ladies, Mr. M. S. Hedrick, agent for Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machine, Nos. 87 and 118 Canal street, is selling those splendid machines on credit, payable in small installments. Save your pin money and buy one.

Sewing machines are now sold on credit by M. S. Hedrick, the agent of Wilcox & Gibbs, at his two stores, Nos. 87 and 118 Canal street. Here is a chance for poor sewing women.

Ladies, make your husbands smoke two cigars less per diem for three months, and give you the money. With it you can buy a first class Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machine, from Mr. M. S. Hedrick, at Nos. 87, and 118 Canal street. He sells them on credit. You will have ample time to pay.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Special Notice.—New Orleans, Louisiana, May 7, 1870.—The Board of Directors of the Metropolitan Saving, Trust and Pledge Bank are requested to meet on FRIDAY, thirteenth instant, at six o'clock P. M., sharp, at their Banking House, corner St. Charles and North streets, opposite City Hall, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year. The banking rooms are being fitted up and will be nearly ready to commence business by the above stated time. WM. H. PEMBERTON,
my8 6t President pro tem.

Special Notice.—There will be a special meeting of the General Committee on the Celebration of the Adoption of the Fifteenth Amendment, on THURSDAY, May 12, at 7½ P. M., at City Hall, Perdido street, between Liberty and Franklin streets. The members of the Finance, Ways and Means and Arrangements Committees and the Treasurer will be required to make reports. All persons having claims against said Committee are requested to present them for settlement, and subscribers are invited to pay up prior to that date.
A. E. BARBER,
my8 4t Chairman General Committee.

At an Election Held May 2, 1870, the following gentlemen were elected Directors of the LOUISIANA SAVINGS BANK AND SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY for the ensuing year: A. D Grieff, Henry Peychaud, J. S. Copes, D. Wallace, W. H. Thomas, W. Van Norden and J. S. Walton.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held at the Bank, May 4, Mr. A. D. Grieff was chosen President, and Mr. Van Norden Vice President for the ensuing year. JOHN S. WALTON.
my7 2t President.

Headquarters First Division Louisiana State Militia is open at the State House. Business hours from ten A. M. to two P. M.
W. S. MUDGET,
my8 Adjutant General, First Division.

Notice is hereby gives that all the circulating notes issued by the Merchants' Bank of New Orleans and by the late Bank of James Robb (assumed by the Merchants' Bank of New Orleans) may be presented for redemption at the office of the State Auditor, within one year from the first publication hereof, viz: from March 4, 1870, or that the funds deposited for the redemption of said notes will be given up to the said Merchants' Bank of New Orleans, pursuant to sections thirty-four and thirty-five of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, entitled "An act to establish a general system of free banking in the state of Louisiana," approved March 15, 1855.
New Orleans, March 4, 1870.
THOMAS I. DIX,
mh4 2tm 1y Cashier.

Bank of Lafayette, New Orleans, April 22, 1870.—At a general meeting of the subscribers for stock in this bank, held on Wednesday, the twentieth instant, the following stockholders were elected Directors, to serve until the first day of May, 1871:

S. Hopkins, Jr.,	J. A. Brasselman,
O. F. Theisman,	William G. Coyle,
T. Berkson,	Philip Drumm,
Gus. A. Breaux,	John P. Higgins,
John A. Watkins,	John G. Fleming,
R. L. Venables,	William H. Foster,
	Lloyd R. Colman.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Seaman Hopkins, Jr., was elected President; Thaddeus D. Van Horn, Cashier, and Thomas J. Beck, Notary.
ap23 1m eod T. D. VAN HORN, Cashier.

Louisiana State Bank, Office 37 Camp street—New Orleans, May 4, 1870.—The Board of Directors of the Louisiana State Bank having been authorized by a majority in amount of the stockholders (under the provisions of the act of the Legislature amending and continuing in force the charter of the bank), have decided to increase the capital stock of the bank not to exceed one million dollars ($1,000,000), inclusive of the appraised value of the present stock, viz: $340,000

BOOKS OF SUBSCRIPTION ARE NOW OPEN AT THE BANKING OFFICE, NO. 37 CAMP STREET, FOR $600 NEW SHARES—SAY $200,000—MAKING THE CAPITAL STOCK OF THE BANK $600,000.

The present stockholders are entitled by preference to subscribe for the new stock, in proportion to their respective shares, which privilege will be considered as waived unless exercised prior to thirtieth June proximo.

Terms of subscription—Fifteen per cent cash at the time of subscription; ten per cent payable on the first July, 1870, and the remaining seventy-five per cent in installments, as may be hereafter determined by the board, after thirty days' notice given to subscribers. No installment to exceed twenty-five per cent.

By order of the Board:
my8 2m OSCAR BERGIER, Cashier.

Louisiana State Bank, Office No. 37 Camp street, New Orleans, May 4 1870.—The Board of Directors of the Louisiana State Bank having been authorized, by a majority in amount of the stockholders (under the provisions of section two of act No. 65, of the Legislature of the State, approved March 16, 1870, amending and continuing in force the charter of the bank), have appraised and declared the actual cash value of the present capital stock of the bank to be seventeen dollars per share. Under the provisions of said act the present capital stock will be consolidated into shares of the par value of one hundred dollars, and the Stockholders are hereby called upon to return to the bank the certificates of stock now held by them, in order that new certificates of one hundred dollars may be issued, and no transfers will be made hereafter except in the certificates of the new stock.

Whenever the amount of old stock held by any Stockholder does not amount amount to the even sum of one hundred dollars, or any multiple thereof, it will be at the option of said stockholder either to receive from the bank the price of the stock held in excess of one hundred dollars, or any multiple thereof, at the appraised cash value, or to pay the difference and receive one share of full paid stock.

By order of the Board:
my6 1m OSCAR BERGIER, Cashier.

Hibernia Bank of New Orleans, May 5, 1870.—Notice to Stockholders.—Stockholders of this Bank are requested to call at the office of Mr. W. J. Castell, notary, 127 Gravier street, within ten days, and pay their first installment on their subscriptions to the capital stock, and sign stock notes for the remainder. The President or Vice President will attend daily, from ten to three o'clock.

By order of the Board of Directors
P. IRWIN, President.
T. FITZWILLIAM, Secretary pro tem. my5 10t

Bank of New Orleans, New Orleans, May 2, 1870.—Holders of coupons of matured interest on bonds of the city of New Orleans, are notified to present them for payment at the Bank of New Orleans, on the TENTH day of May, 1870.
C. CAVAROC, President,
Administrator of Floating Debt of New Orleans.
my2 2w

Office Mutual Aid and Benevolent Life Association of Louisiana, 120 Carondelet street, New Orleans, May 1, 1870.—Members of this Association are hereby notified of the death of EMILE BLOCH, who died in this city on the fourteenth day of February, 1870, and GEORGE H. MEEK, who died in this city on the eighteenth day of February, 1870, and are called upon to come forward, without further notice, and pay $1 25 on each, to meet the amount of $4508 paid out by the Association (assessments Nos. 12 and 13).
my1 7t R. W. YOUNG, Secretary.

New Discovery—Elixir J. F. Bernard, Tonique Sthenique, Anti-Dyspeptic. The several observations made by the best physicians of the Faculte de Paris, have proved that the sicknesses arising from impoverishment of the blood or nervous exhaustion, viz: Anemia, Chlorosis, Sympathisme, Phthisic, Diabetes, Albumineria, Scorbut, etc., etc. are radically cured with the ELIXIR J. F. BERNARD.

General Depot—A. BERNARD, 51 Cedar St., second floor. For sale by all respectable druggists.
mh8 eod1y

Notice—Robert J. Ker will act as my attorney during my absence from this city. Any bills against me, for building, will be settled by David D. Smith, at my residence, No. 270 Felicity Road.
ap24 JOHN M. G. PARKER.
New Orleans, April 23, 1870. ap24

FROM A. L. BRADLEY TO PROF. WILSON.—This is to certify that I have this day been cured of Tape Worm by medicine administered by Professor Wilson, who is now stopping at the St. Charles Hotel.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Eleventh Ward Republican Club.—At a meeting of the Eleventh Ward Republican Club, held May 2, 1870, it was unanimously resolved that a meeting be held on MONDAY, May 9, at the Colored Schoolhouse, corner Washington and Dryades streets, for the purpose of reorganizing the Club.

All true Republicans, residing between First and Toledano streets, are earnestly requested to attend and sign the rolls

EDWARD WILLIAMS, President.
CHARLES A. MEYERS, Secretary pro tem.
my8 1t

Notice.—John Brown Pioneer Republican Club, Third Ward.—By Special request of this Club, Dr. Robert T. Creamer will deliver an address before the club, at Zion Methodist Episcopal Church, on Johnson street, between Perdido and Gravier streets, on MONDAY EVENING, the ninth instant, commencing at eight o'clock.

The public are respectfully invited. Seats will be reserved for ladies.

Subject—"The Fifteenth Amendment," etc.
ROBERT H. BOYD, President.
JOHN BROWN, Secretary. my8 1t*

The Irish Republican Association will hold a meeting at the Mechanics' Institute, on MONDAY EVENING, the ninth instant, for a specific purpose. All whose names are borne on the rolls, and those who take the slightest interest in the association, are requested to be present, as the business to be transacted is of great importance.
JOSEPH P. MURPHY, President.
P. H. MORONEY, Secretary. my8 1t

OFFICIAL NOTICES---CITY.

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF WATER WORKS, and Public Buildings, New Orleans, May 7, 1870.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned, till TUESDAY, May 17, noon, for repairing, whitewashing, painting with coal tar, etc., the Insane Asylum Building, according to specifications on file in the office of the City Surveyor.

For supplying the patients of the Insane Asylum with Clothing, according to list on file, in the office of this Department, Room No. 23, City Hall Building.

The right to reject any and all proposals is reserved to the city.

L. T. DELASSIZE,
my8 td Administrator.

LICENSE NOTICE.

OFFICE ADMINISTRATOR OF FINANCE, City Hall, New Orleans, May 6, 1870.

THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC IS RESPECTFULLY called to the following section (92) of the license ordinance for the year 1870, viz:

"Parties acting in contravention of the provisions of this ordinance, by either doing business without any or under an improper license, or FAILING TO HANG UP OR EXHIBIT THEIR LICENSE WHEN CALLED UPON TO DO SO, or tranfering and accepting transfer of license, shall be liable to arrest, and to the payment of the amount of licenses for the year, and of the fine imposed, without prejudice to the rights of the city to any other remedy provided for by law."

One-half of every such fine to go to the informer.
JOHN S. WALTON,
my7 1m Administrator of Finance.

NOTICE.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS, Bureau of Streets, New Orleans, April 21, 1870.

The following are the offices of District Superintendents of Streets and residences of Ward Superintendents:

FIRST DISTRICT.

District Superintendent's Office Erato street; depot between Baronne and Dryades streets.

First Ward—Superintendent, J. H. Meilleur; residence No. 413 St. Charles street.

Second Ward—Superintendent, John King; residence Leonard street, near Magnolia street.

Third Ward—Superintendent, C. F. Ladd; residence No. 107 Perdido street.

SECOND DISTRICT.

District Superintendent's Office No. 36 St. Peter street.

Fourth Ward—Superintendent, John Davis; residence No. 4 Miro street.

Fifth Ward—Superintendent, Henry Weber; residence No. 106 Toulouse street.

Sixth Ward—Superintendent, P. Schulz; residence corner of Barracks and Burgundy streets.

THIRD DISTRICT.

District Superintendent's Office No. 289 Dauphine street.

Seventh Ward—Superintendent, W. J. Moore; residence, Tonti street, between Lapeyrouse and Orleans streets.

Eighth Ward—Superintendent, Alexander Armstrong; residence No. 492 Burgundy street.

Ninth Ward—Superintendent, W. C. Kinsella; residence No. 507 Chartres street.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

District Superintendent's Office No. 736 Magazine street.

Tenth Ward—Superintendent, E. P. Duclosiange; residence No. 78 Locust street.

Eleventh Ward—Superintendent, P. C. Monaghan; residence No. 223 Coliseum street.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

District Superintendent's Office No. 36 St. Peter street.

Ward Superintendent, William Pease; residence Pacific street, between Market and Jackson streets.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

District Superintendents Office over the Market House.

Ward Superintendent, M. B. McGarry; residence Dufossat street, between Jersey and Levee streets.

Ward Superintendent C. B. Augustin; residence Magazine street, between Cadiz and Valence streets.

District Superintendents are instructed to entertain and remedy all complaints; but in cases of emergency, application may be made to Ward Superintendents, at their residences.

Where such applications do not result in remedying the evil complained of, it is requested that the default be reported to the undersigned, at his office, in the City Hall.

By direction of the Administrator:
WILLIAM ROY,
ap22 10teod Superintendent of Bureau.

OFFICIAL--POUND NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE, Administrator's Office, New Orleans, May 7, 1870.

WERE BROUGHT TO THE SIXTH DISTRICT Pound, on Jersey street, between Bordeaux and Valence streets—

One (1) WHITE GOAT, with kid.
One (1) BROWN GOAT.
One (1) WHITE GOAT, with black spots and long horns.

Which, if not claimed within three (3) days, and the expenses thereon paid, will be sold at public auction at said Pound, on TUESDAY, May 10, 1870, at twelve o'clock M.
F. W. PIERCE,
No. 10—my7 3t Administrator.

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE, Administrator's Office, New Orleans, May 7, 1870.

WAS BROUGHT TO THE SIXTH DISTRICT Pound, on Jersey street, between Bordeaux and Valence streets—

One (1) Red COW, hind feet and breast white, and horns sawed off.

Which, if not claimed within five days, and the expenses thereon paid, will be sold at public auction at said Pound, on THURSDAY, May 12, 1870, at twelve o'clock M.
E. W. PIERCE,
No. 11—my7 5t Administrator.

SUCCESSION NOTICES.

Succession of Mrs. Anna Rebecca Chandler, deceased Wife of Charles H. Luzenberg—No. 33,710.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Charles H. Luzenberg, tutor of his minor children and as such administering this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
my4 9 13 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of G. A. D. Kemper—No. 33,258.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by W. Frazer Kelly, administrator of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
my3 7 11 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of J. B. Molinari—No 33,870.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by A. O. Molinari, administrator of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
my5 9 14 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of Michael Moran—No. 33,761.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans.—Whereas, Phœbe Moran has petitioned the Court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Michael Moran, deceased, intestate: Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.
my4 9 13 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of Francis Rodgers—No. 33,287

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Patrick Rodgers, administrator of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
my4 9 14 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

OFFICIAL NOTICES---CITY

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, May 3, 1870.

[No. 41—Administration Series.]

Resolved by the Council of the city of New Orleans, That the Administrator of Assessment be and he is hereby requested to report to the Council the condition in which he found the office of the late Board of Assessors, now under his superintendence, together with the condition in which he found the books, and assessment of each district, and, if necessary, that he report upon the efficiency of the former Assessors, respectively, as disclosed by the records of the office.

Adopted by the Council of the city of New Orleans May 3, 1870.
BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Mayor.
A true copy:
H. CONQUEST CLARKE, Secretary. 7

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, May 3, 1870.

[No. 42—Administration Series.]

Resolved, That the Administrator of Waterworks and Public Buildings be authorized to advertise, giving ten days' notice in the official journal for proposals—

For repairing, whitewashing, painting with coal tar, etc, the Insane Asylum building.

For supplying the patients of the Insane Asylum with clothing.

Said proposals to be made separately.

Adopted by the Council of the city of New Orleans, May 3, 1870.
BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Mayor.
A true copy:
H. CONQUEST CLARKE, Secretary. 7

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, May 3, 1870.

[No. 43—Administration Series.]

Resolved, That the Administrator of Waterworks and Public Buildings be and he is hereby authorized to make such repairs as are necessary to the roofs of the courthouse and Claiborne and Dryades markets, the cost not to exceed $500.

Adopted by the Council of the city of New Orleans, May 3, 1870.
BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Mayor.
A true copy:
H. CONQUEST CLARKE, Secretary. 7

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, May 3, 1870.

[No. 44—Administration Series.]

Resolved, That the Administrator of Waterworks and Public Buildings be and he is hereby authorized to purchase, for the use of the Insane Asylum, medicines, tobacco and tinware, a requisition for the same having been made by the Superintendent of said asylum; the cost of the articles herein named not to exceed five hundred dollars.

Adopted by the Council of the city of New Orleans, May 3, 1870.
BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Mayor.
A true copy:
H. CONQUEST CLARKE, Secretary. 7

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, May 3, 1870.

[No. 45—Administration Series.]

An ordinance to impose and levy an annual tax to establish the "New Orleans Park."

WHEREAS, By section seven of an act of the Legislature entitled "An act to establish a public park for the city of New Orleans, and to provide means therefor," approved March 16, 1870, it is made obligatory on the city of New Orleans to impose and levy, for the purposes of said act, an annual tax of one eighth of one per cent on the assessed value of all the real, personal and mixed property taxed by the city for any other purpose; therefore,

Be it ordained by the Council of the city of New Orleans, That the said tax of one-eighth of one per cent be and is hereby imposed and levied in obedience to the requirements of said act.

Adopted by the Council of the city of New Orleans, May 3, 1870, the following members being present and voting:

Yes: West, Shaw, Delassize, Emley, Pierce, Walton and Bonzano.

Nays: None.

BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Mayor.
A true copy:
H. CONQUEST CLARKE, Secretary. 7

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, May 3, 1870.

[No. 46—Administration Series.]

Resolved, That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to defray the expense of engraving the three millions of bonds authorized by the act of the Legislature entitled "An act to extend the limits of the parish of Orleans," etc., approved March 16, 1870, payable on bills or drafts approved by the Mayor and Administrator of Finance.

Adopted by the Council of the city of New Orleans, May 3, 1870, the following members being present and voting:

Yeas: West, Shaw, Delassize, Emley, Pierce, Walton and Bonzano.

Nays: None.

BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Mayor.
A true copy:
H. CONQUEST CLARKE, Secretary. 7

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, May 3, 1870.

[No. 47—Administration Series.]

WHEREAS, The Bank of New Orleans has been selected as the Fiscal Agent of the city of New Orleans and Administrator of the Floating Debt of the city of New Orleans, and,

Whereas, The terms upon which the application of the Bank of New Orleans has been made for said trusts, have been submitted to, and approved by the Council.

Be it Resolved, That the