New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, MAY 14, 1870.

THE NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY REPUBLICAN PAPER IN THE SOUTH.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

May be had of the following dealers:

George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.

A. Simon, 94 Exchange Alley.

J. C. Haley, 19 Commercial place.

G. G. D. Holle, 61 Exchange Place.

James Ennis, Pontchartrain Railroad depot, Third District, also at depot foot of Lafayette street, First District.

John Schafer, corner Ninth and Constance streets.

J. W. Long, corner of Love and Enghein streets, Third District.

W. R. Dirks, No. 34 Annunciation street.

The School Law.

In order to meet the public demand for the new school law, we have published it in pamphlet form, and have it for sale at the REPUBLICAN counting room. Price twenty-five cents.

The Rob Roy leaves to-day for all landings on Attakapas.

Madison parish now has a jail, the first inmate of which took up his abode there for mule stealing.

Miss Weatherby, the prettiest of the Lydia Thompson blondes, is shortly to be married, it is said, to a Mr. DuSalle.

Collector Casey left for Washington on Thursday, having obtained a short leave of absence from the Treasury Department.

By a dispatch to Captain Brudeau we learn that the Mary Alice and barges, from St. Louis, will arrive and clear again to-day.

Internal revenue receipts Thursday at the office of Collector Stockdale, $26,528 12. We may say of the internal revenue dues that "he gathers them in."

The stockholders of the Loan and Pledge Association will meet at the office, corner of St. Charles and Perdido streets, next Monday evening, for deliberation.

Leave of absence has been granted for three months, from June 10, to J. Morris Day, notary public, Orleans parish, who will be represented during that period by F. B. Earhart.

The St. Louis packet Continental, Captain John McCloy, and clerk Lee Hall, clears to-day. Passengers should get aboard early. She is known to be a number one boat in every particular.

Mr. John W. Davis, of Richmond, Virginia, desires to inform the friends of the late J. Newton Helm, formerly of this city, that his remains at Hollywood Cemetery should be cared for. Other city papers are requested to mention this.

Governor Warmoth has appointed General James Longstreet Adjutant General of the State Militia, in place of Captain George A. Sheridan, resigned; M. V. Bulliard, notary public, St. Martin parish, and W. H. Zeigler, Justice of the Peace, Fourth Ward, Madison parish.

The Great Republic clears for St. Louis to-day. Travelers North will need no urging to take advantage of the splendor, safety and comfort offered on this great palace. Captain Donaldson, it is suspected, never sleeps, and his vigilance is ably seconded by Messrs. Atkinson, Hurd, Adams and Floyd.

The track of the Orleans Railroad will be laid down on Burgundy street, from Canal to Ursulines, and taken up on Basin street, from Canal to St. Peter. The cars will go down Dauphine street as usual, and come up Burgundy street instead of Basin street. This change will accommodate the public and be profitable to the company.

Charles Morgan, as a stockholder of the Pontchartrain Railroad Company, has filed a bill in chancery in the United States Circuit Court, the object of which, we presume is to prevent the track of the New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga Railroad Company from being laid in the immediate neighborhood of the Pontchartrain road.

SUCCESSION OF T. L. LEMLEY.—This day at twelve o'clock M., at the St. Charles Auction Exchange, basement St. Charles Hotel, Messrs. R. M. & B. J. Montgomery will sell, for account of the above succession, a valuable piece of improved property in the Fourth District of this city, in square bounded by Jackson, Fulton, Josephine and Rousseau streets.

A flippant paragraph is going the rounds of the Democratic press, to the effect that General Longstreet rode in a carriage alone in the fifteenth amendment celebration procession, because no white men would ride with him, and he would not allow any colored man to sit beside him. The fact is that General Longstreet, Collector Casey, Deputy Collector Herwig and Captain E. P. Crampin, Corresponding Secretary at the Customhouse, all rode in one carriage.

PERSONAL.—We were pleased to meet Colonel James H. Wingfield, the popular passenger agent of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern, and the Mississippi Central railroads, in the street yesterday, looking fresh and reinvigorated after his recent jaunt to the Northern and Eastern cities. If a short trip North would prove as beneficial to others as it has to the colonel, we would advise all our readers to follow his example, as the railroads are now in splendid condition.

Captain Greathouse has succeeded in making the St. John as famous in the coast trade as he had already her several predecessors. In the St. John he has a fine and fast boat. He has always spread an unexceptionable table, and had a thoroughly disciplined crew. A trip to Baton Rouge on this little packet is a pleasure no one would soon forget. Mr. J. A. Comstock, who is supposed to have been born a coast clerk, is in the office of the St. John.

VALUABLE IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN THE FOURTH DISTRICT, AT AUCTION BY THE SHERIFF.—Particular attention is called to the sale at auction to be made this day at noon, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, by the Sheriff of the parish of Orleans, of a lot of ground, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated on St. Mary street, between Plaquemines or Collsium and Chestnut streets, Fourth District. For full particulars and terms see advertisement.

THE NEW CITY GOVERNMENT.

The new city administration moves on smoothly. Even the citizens, heretofore most hostile to Republicanism, involuntarily express their admiration. People of all classes are enabled to comprehend every item of expenditure, and approve the outlay. This community has always been noted for generosity, but to approve of or permit the squandering of public money is no sign of liberality. Hereafter it will not be necessary for the taxpayer, who may wish to get an insight into the doings at the Hall, to pick up some hanger-on, who is acquainted with the various rings, to find out what is going on. He will find in his morning's REPUBLICAN a faithful official statement of everything worth knowing—who has been employed; at what rate; what he has done to earn his money, and, above all, he will learn that the services of all employes have been dispensed with the moment they are no longer needed. On Thursday we published a detailed statement of every item of expenditure of the several Administrators for the month of April. Some items may appear to be rather heavy for an average, but it must be borne in mind that the seven gentlemen placed in power by the Republican party found themselves inheritors of a mass of ruined books and broken furniture, dilapidated and dingy rooms, exhausted stationery, and either no blanks or such as were not adapted to use under the new regime. The credit of the city has been so far restored that purchases can be made in open market at the best cash rates.

Mr. Walton has greatly simplified the arrangements in the Treasurer's office. He has torn down the various partitions erected at the public expense, and destroyed those convenient little private stalls within which business never known to the public was transacted. His clerks evidently act on the principle that they are employed to accommodate the public.

Mr. Shaw has in his office a large number of celebrities, well known to the public as accomplished accountants, including two ex-city Controllers, one ex-Treasurer, two ex-Sheriffs, one ex-Assistant United States Treasurer, and subordinate to them some very accomplished and valuable experts.

General West employs a larger force than any other Administrator. His extensive and important department occupies his whole time and attention. Nothing escapes his remarkable vigilance. His corps of assistants includes some of the best men for their positions to be found in New Orleans.

Messrs. Emley, Pierce, Delassize and Bonzano have also fairly organized their departments, and are getting things into excellent running order. It is a pleasure now to transact business with either of these gentlemen or their polite assistants.

Last, but not least, the indefatigable Flanders gives his attention to all the departments, including his own. He has a corps of gentlemen in the Mayor's office who apply themselves with diligence, seemingly working rather for the accomplishment of their duties than the old fashion of passing the time away till two o'clock.

It is more pleasing to praise than to censure, and it gives us the greatest satisfaction to point to the acts of the new government as such as will bear scrutiny, the more so as the members are of our own party, and well known to us personally to be most worthy gentlemen. It will not require longer than a year to bring the financial credit and ability of the city up the highest point ever attained, if the Administrators continue their reforms, and keep on in the good work so happily begun.

THE FRENCH PLEBISCITUM.

During the past month the dispatches from Paris have contained daily mention of the plebiscitum. The term comes to us from France in the guise of the usual French idioms, that is, its meaning is well understood in Paris, and it is hardly "the thing" not to know all about it. Unfortunately, however, we have a few people in this community who know but little of the French language and nothing at all of French politics. The word "plebiscitum" appears to have been recently coined by Louis Napoleon to christen one of his experiments in reigning over a nation that is notoriously wanting in stability or consistency. In plain English, this strange word means an appeal to the people, *a la* Napoleon, upon certain fundamental principles of government. Since the introduction of the body called the Senate into the French government, the Emperor has had an anxious time of it. At first not more than half a dozen "opposition" members were returned; but even this small squad worried the absolute successor of Louis XVI. who knows as well as any man living the fickleness of the French nation; but now that this opposition has increased to one-tenth or one-eighth of the Senate, he sits uneasily on his throne, and proposes, first a *Senatus Consultum*, a term which is no more understood by Americans than is the reason for it, under the circumstances; and now, as a final effort to defeat the schemes of the Liberals, the plebiscitum is proposed. It has been adopted by about five million majority. Another million could have been had for it if Napoleon III. had thought it necessary. Paris, however, gave forty-four thousand majority against it, thus proving that though the gay capital may be France in fashion, vice, and all the more frivolous vanities, it is quite a different thing on the plebiscitum. That our readers may know something of this wonderful instrument, we have taken the pains to condense its several propositions, thus:

1. The Senators are not to be chosen by the Emperor, as heretofore.

2. The Senate will not have the right of initiating all laws, as heretofore.

3. Every law relating to taxation must first be voted for by the Legislative body.

4. The Emperor to have the power to virtually annul the provision concerning taxation, though it will be some check upon his hitherto unlimited control of taxation and revenue.

5. The Emperor to have the right of carrying questions of difference between himself and the Legislature directly to the people.

A MUCH NEEDED ORGANIZATION.

We are glad to learn that about one hundred gentlemen of this city have united themselves together for the purpose of creating a social club, similar to those in Northern and Western cities known as "Union League Clubs." During the past five years such an organization has been talked of by prominent Union men among us, but till recently no steps have been taken to bring it into being. The organization known as the "Loyal League" has long been in existence here, but as many persons dislike belonging to a secret society of any kind, however pacific and patriotic, the gentlemen composing this social club deem it important to have some place of resort where, at any hour of the day, or in the evening, they may gather and meet, and know each other better, and where they can always invite strangers who visit our city. The first meeting will be held in this city this evening, when an organization will be effected. Among the constituent members we note the names of Governor Warmoth, Mayor Flanders, J. H. Oglesby, L. T. Delassize, B. F. Joubert, S. A. Stockdale, W. R. Fish, P. B. S. Pinchback, Judge Dibble, and other well-known citizens.

ON CARONDELET STREET.

Slaughterhouse was, perhaps, a trifle stronger yesterday, and at the board it improved say half a point over the prices fixed Thursday evening. A good deal of conjecture and speculation is devoted to the chances of a writ of error being obtained within the requisite time, and with a sufficient bond to operate as a *supersedeas*—tieing the whole matter up until the United States Supreme Court shall review the action of our State tribunals. The ten days will soon elapse within which this matter of getting the writ of error will be decided, and meanwhile all parties interested must possess their souls in patience. The managers of the company seem full of confidence, and their attorneys equally so, and while the street is puzzling itself with the legal points involved, the stock stands firm. If a reasonable share is recovered of the sums sued for by Messrs. Hornor and Hunt, as the penal sums of injunction bonds in favor of the company, the institution will have a full treasury as a consequence of the suits by which it has been thus far hampered. The only transactions in Slaughterhouse of which we heard yesterday were 35 shares, ten days, at $30, and 200 at $29.

Ship Island stood at about the same figure yesterday as upon Thursday, the only operation reported to us being 500 shares at $1 62½. At the board, however, the feeling was not so favorable, $1 59 being the asking price with no takers.

Two sales of the Louisiana Petroleum and Coal Oil Comyany's stock were made yesterday—60 shares at $67 and 40 at 69.

Nothing was done in levee or navigation during the day. In fact, scarcely any business whatever was transacted. Neither bulls nor bears cared to disturb the prevailing quiet.

The following shows what the Brokers' Board did last evening:

	Asked.	Bid.	Sold.
Levee S'eam Cotton Press	72	67	—
Crescent City Slaughterhouse	29½	28	—
Ship Island Canal Company	153	—	—
Carrollton Railroad	11½	11¾	—
New Orleans City Railroad	—	18½	—
Crescent City Railroad	73	—	—
Germania National Bank	—	115	—
Merchants' Bank	68	—	68
New Orleans Bank	—	12½	—
Crescent City Bank	27	28½	—
Mechanics and Traders' Bank	47	40	—
Union Bank	35	—	—
Louisiana State Bank	14½	—	—
Canal Bank	48	45	—
Citizens' Bank	140	135	—
Gold	115	114½	114¾
Jackson RR. first mort ge bonds	85	83	—
Jackson RR second mortgage coupon bonds	—	72	—
State levee bonds, six per cent	—	74	—
State warrants (n-w)	93	88	—
State warrants (old)	94¼	93½	—
State coupons	95	—	—
State notes	—	59¾	—
Five per cent Waterworks bonds	57½	56½	—
City ten per cent bonds	—	95	—
Metropolitan warrants	—	93½	—
Union Insurance	—	50	—

SUPREME COURT.

Effect of Revisory Laws.

The following is the concurring opinion of Chief Justice Ludeling in the case of the State vs. Brewer, alluded to in the REPUBLICAN of Thursday, when publishing the decision of the court as rendered by Mr Justice Howe. Every opinion of high authority on this important question is a matter of public interest and concern, and we deem the exposition of the law by the Chief Justice as an authority of weight in the position assumed by the REPUBLICAN, and subsequently decided by the court:

The State vs. Brewer. Ludeling T. J.—Judge Martin correctly states the law in the case of the State vs. Johnson (12 La. 552) thus: "When an act creating an offense is repealed, even after judgment in the inferior court, the judgment must be reversed if it has not been affirmed before the repeal. The reason is that a legislative pardon is presumed to have been intended."

In the cases of the State vs. King, and the State vs. Kitty, this principle of jurisprudence was recognized, and in these cases the court held that the repeal of a penal statute, pending a prosecution under it, without a saving clause, puts an end to the prosecution, although the penal statute may in the same act be substantially re-enacted. To the latter proposition I can not give my assent. The reason of the rule is stated by Judge Martin. It is because a legislative pardon is presumed to have been intended. When the intention of the Legislature is manifested to the contrary, by the express terms of the statute, there can be no room for presumptions. And this is admitted by all to be true, when this intention is shown by "a saving clause" in the act.

I think if the intention of the law makers not to abrogate the old law be clearly manifested in the act, in whatever mode it may be done, it will be equally efficacious in preserving the life or vitality of the law. In this case that intention is clearly manifested by the re-enactment of the whole law. It is the same now that it was when the accused was tried and convicted in the District Court, and at no time since the commission of the offense has it been different.

The repealing clause was not intended, and can not fairly or reasonably be held to apply to laws re-enacted in the statute of 1870. All laws, *not contained in the statute*, on the same subject matter are abrogated; but nothing contained in the body of the statute itself is destroyed. In the case of Stafford versus his creditors, Mr. Justice Lea, as the organ of the court, said: "In the case of the State ex. rel. Holmes vs. Wiltz we lately held "that the repealing clause appended to the revising acts of 1855 did not repeal such pre-existing statutory provisions as were re-enacted in the revisory statute." (11 An. 470; 11 An. 439; 14 An. 840).

And in Wright vs. Oakley, 5 Mitcalf, p. 406, Mr. Chief Justice Shaw said: "In construing the revised statutes and the connected acts of amendment and repeal, it is necessary to observe great caution to avoid giving an effect to these acts which was never contemplated by the Legislature. In terms, the whole body of the statute law was repealed; but these repeals went into operation simultaneously with the revised statutes, which were substituted for them and were intended to replace them, with such modifications as were intended to be made by that revision. There was no moment in which the repealing act stood in force without being replaced by the corresponding provisions of the revised statutes. In practical operation and effect, therefore, they are rather to be considered as a continuance and a modification of old laws than as an abrogation of those old, and the re-enactment of the new ones." 2 Wallace, 458.

In interpreting laws courts should, if possible, construe them so as to avoid making them absurd or mischievous. I do not conceive that the act of 1870 repealed the statute under which the accused was indicted; it continued the operation and effect of the old law. 21 An. 482, State vs. Kreider.

For these reasons I concur in the decree rendered by Mr. Justice Howe.

EXECUTION OF A CRIMINAL.

The following order, for the execution of a criminal, was signed by Governor Warmoth yesterday:

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Executive Department,
New Orleans, May 13, 1870.

To the criminal Sheriff of the parish of Orleans:

Whereas, John Buzar was tried and convicted before the First District Court for the parish of Orleans, of the crime of murder of one Joseph Cobez, and sentenced by the Judge of said court to suffer death, this punishment to be inflicted by hanging him, the said John Buzar, by the neck until he be dead, this sentence to be executed by the Sheriff of the parish of Orleans, within the walls of the parish prison, on such day and at such hour as the Governor of the State of Louisiana in his warrant shall direct.

Now, therefore, I do command that the sentence of hanging aforesaid be executed upon the said John Buzar on Friday, the twenty-seventh day of May, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy, at twelve o'clock M., and that you take due notice thereof and govern yourself accordingly.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State this thirteenth day of May, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-fourth.

HENRY C. WARMOTH,
Governor of Louisiana.

The Vidalia *Herald* pays a handsome compliment to the late tax collector of Concordia parish, and says:

Where there is a public officer who fulfills his duties to the letter, it is a matter of general regret if he loses that position. For the past two years our parish has been fortunate in having officers who, by their assiduity, have succeeded in bringing order out of chaos, and the removal of Mr. Bennett Hitchcock, the tax collector, is to be regretted, as he made a good officer, had become acquainted with the parish, and was ably qualified for such a responsible position.

THE BABCOCK

PATENT FIRE EXTINGUISHER

WILL SHOW ITS POWERS

UPON FIRE

BY AN ACTUAL EXPERIMENT AT THE

FOOT OF CANAL STREET,

This Afternoon, at Two O'Clock.

This Exhibition is given by consent of the city authorities, who will be present. Representatives of the Press and the Board of Underwriters will also attend as judges of the experiment.

Twenty-one Burning Tar Barrels

Will be immediately extinguished by

ONE MACHINE.

The BABCOCK owns all the patents for PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS charged with carbonic acid gas, as will be seen by the following notice:

THE NORTHWESTERN

FIRE EXTINGUISHER COMPANY

BEING THE EXCLUSIVE OWNERS

OF THE

BABCOCK PATENT FIRE EXTINGUISHER:

Also, of the Bate & Pinkham Attachment or Improvement; also, of the Laurent Patent, and also of the original patent granted to Messrs. Carlier and Vignon, of Paris—which latter patent underlies al other Portable Fire Extinguisher patents, and which patent has just been sustained by the Supreme Court (as per decision rendered by Chief Justice Fisher), for the several States of Illinois, Michigan, Indiana, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota—hereby give notice that all and every other PORTABLE EXTINGUISHER, ENGINE or VESSEL, for the purpose of applying carbonic acid gas, or water saturated with carbonic acid gas, for the putting out of fire,

Is an Infringement on the Rights of this Company,

and will be treated accordingly. The public are hereby cautioned against purchasing or using any PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHER, as above described, from any and all parties not duly authorized by us to act as agents. The possession of such machine renders any person liable, as well as maker or vender of the same.

JOHN V. FARWELL,
S. M. MOORE,
J. B. STILLSON,
B. F. JACOBS,
JAMES N. STEELE,
F. W. FARWELL.

Directors of the Northwestern Fire Extinguisher Company.

HITCHCOCK, DUPEE & EVARTS,
my14 1t 2dp Attorneys.

FURNISHED HOUSE ON PRYTANIA STREET.

For Rent During the Summer.

A handsomely furnished house, containing six rooms, kitchen, etc., situated in one of the best neighborhoods on Prytania street, in the First District; will be rented from the first of June to the first of October, at $80 per month. Address Glass Box 999, New Orleans Postoffice. my14 2tif

THE FAIR.

LEIGHTON SUCCESSFUL AGAIN.

The TWO HIGHEST PREMIUMS were awarded to him for the BEST MADE SHIRTS to-day, April 30, 1870.

One was made by Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine, and the other hand made.

Our Shirt Factory is at the corner of Canal and St. Charles streets, New Orleans. my13 2t 2dp

McKENNA'S SODA SALOONS.

No. 68 Camp Street, Opposite Commercial Place, and No. 629 Magazine Street, near Jackson Street.

Mr. B. McKENNA has the pleasure to inform his patrons of the Fourth District that he has opened a Saloon on Magazine street, near Jackson street, for the sale of SODA, MEAD and ICE CREAM. The Saloon on Camp street will be conducted as heretofore.

In both establishments PASTRY of the choicest kind and finest material will always be supplied. Also ICE CREAMS, etc. Parties desirous of obtaining attentions in his line of business, can leave their orders at either of the establishments.

B. McKENNA,
my7 Su Proprietor.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE.

A Pleasant Country Residence CONVENIENT TO NEW YORK CITY, fully furnished—and more accessible for a business man than up town—for a like residence in New Orleans, valued, with furniture, at $10,000 or $12,000.

Address glass box 989, New Orleans Postoffice. ap22 eod 3w

GRAND

TURNER MAY FESTIVAL,

To be held on the

OAKLAND COURSE AND RIDING PARK,

Near the Half-Way House,

ON

Sunday and Monday, May 15 and 16, 1870.

PROGRAMME.

The Procession will march precisely at half past eight o'clock, A. M., from the Turn-Halle, in the following order:

1. Music by Charles Jaeger's Band.
2. Rifle section.
3. Invited Turners of other cities.
4. Mayfest Committee.
5. Banners of the Turner Association.
6. Board of Officers of the Association.
7. Pupils of the Turner Association.
8. Singing Section.
9. Turner Association.

The Procession will march from the Hall on Lafayette street to Baronne, Baronne to Poydras, Poydras to St. Charles, St. Charles to Julia, Julia to Camp, Camp to Canal, Canal to Chartres, Chartres down to St. Louis, St. Louis to Royal, Royal to Canal, and Canal down to the Oakland Race Course. Arriving at the grounds, one hour's rest will be made.

Opening of the Festival by the President of the Association.

Songs by the Singing Section, Concert, Dancing, Music.

A great variety of Entertainments for the Public, Gymnastic Exercises, executed by the Turner Section,

Prize Target Shooting.

Building of Pyramids.

SECOND DAY.

Procession, as above mentioned.

Songs, by the Singing Section.

Concert, Dancing, Music.

Entertainments for the Public.

Prize Target Shooting.

Gymnastic Exercises—Building of Pyramids, etc.

The Grounds will be illuminated by gas.

The Festival will close with a

BRILLIANT PYROTECHNIC DISPLAY,

Executed by the Eminent Pyrotechnical Artist,

HENRY LAYADERE.

Admission 50 cents. Children free.

Tickets sold on the first and second will admit the holders.

No Checks will be given after six o'clock P. M.

THE TURNER MAY FESTIVAL COMMITTEE.
my13 7t

WHITE GOODS.

J. LEVOIS & JAMISON,

126.....Canal Street.....126

We will offer from this date, AT THE GREATEST REDUCTIONS IN PRICES, the largest and best selected assortment of WHITE GOODS ever imported in this city, consisting in part of

4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4 FRENCH
SWISS,
ORGANDY,
MULL,
NAINSOOK,
JACONET,
CAMBRICS,
PIQUES.

ENGLISH

MULL,
NAINSOOK,
JACONET,
VICTORIAS,
CAMBRICS,

In Plain, Plaid or Stripes.

BRILLIANTINES, DIMITY, TWILLS AND HAIR CORDS.

All to be offered at the Greatest Reductions in Price, as we wish to close them out by FIRST OF JUNE.

J. LEVOIS & JAMISON,

126 Canal Street, Between St. Charles and Carondelet. my8 2dp

ZABLE & DALTON,

No. 115 Poydras Street,

MANUFACTURERS OF TIN AND JAPANNED WARE.

DEALERS IN

Stoves, Grates, House Furnishing Goods, etc.

AGENTS FOR

The Times Cooking Stoves, Bramhall, Deane & Co.'s European Ranges and Boilers, Asbestos Roofing; Arbor, Bird and Animal Cages.

We are now manufacturing all kinds of Bath Tubs, Toilet Ware, Water Coolers, etc., which we are selling at lowest market prices.

ZABLE & DALTON,
ap6ly 3t2dp No. 115 Poydras street,

FREE VACCINATION.

OFFICE BOARD OF HEALTH,
State of Louisiana,
New Orleans, April 16, 1870.

The Sanitary Inspectors of this city will vaccinate free of charge, all who may apply at places named as follows:

DR. JULES A. MATHIEU, First District, at Reed's drug store, corner Poydras and Circus streets, every day from 1 to 2 P. M.

DR. F. B. ALBERS, Second District, at No. 45 St. Peter street (near Jackson Square), every day at 11 A. M.; at G. T. Fayendo's drug store, corner of Claiborne and Dumaine streets, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 11:30 A. M., and at St. Cyr Foucade's drug store, corner of Bienville and Derbigny streets, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 12 M.; also, at No. 219 Tchoupitoulas street.

DR. JAMES T. JACKSON, Third District, at No. 67 Elysian Fields street, every day from 10 A. M. to 12 M., at L. H Von Gohnn's drug store, corner of Louisa and Dauphine streets, on Mondays and Thursdays at 12 M., and at J. Frey's drug store, corner of Annette and Claiborne streets, on Tuesdays and Fridays at 12 M.

DR. A. N. PERRY, Fourth District, at A. P. Capel's drug store, corner of Washington and St. Charles street, every day from 12 M. to 1 P. M. and at C. Fritz's drug store, corner of Dryades and Terpsichore streets, every day from 2 to 4 P. M.

DR. C. P. AMES, Fifth District, at Police Station, Algiers, on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, from 10 A. M. to 12 M., and at Police Station, Gretna, on Tuesdays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.; also, from 6 to 7 P. M. at No. 384 St. Charles street.

DR. HEBER SMITH, Sixth District, at his residence, corner of Prytania and Antoine streets; at the office of the Sanitary Inspector, late Jefferson City Hall, every day from 9 to 10 A. M., and at drug store No. 888 Magazine street, every day at 4 P. M.

C. B. WHITE, M. D.,
President Board of Health, State of Louisiana.
ap17 1m

A VICTORY WORTHY OF RENOWN.

Great Success of the Grover & Baker Machine at the Fourth Grand Fair of Louisiana.

LIST OF PREMIUMS.

1. Highest Premium for Best Family Sewing Machine.
2. Highest Premium for Best Tuckmacker for Machine.
3. Highest Premium for Best Machine-made Shirt, entered by Charles Leighton.
4. Highest Premium for Best Machine-made Lady's Skirt.
5. Highest Premium for Best Machine-made Lady's Undersleeves.
6. Highest Premium for Best Machine-made Ornamental Work, entered by Mrs. Affron.
7. Highest Premium for Best Machine made Infant's Dress
8. Highest Premium for Best Machine made Silk.
9. Highest Premium for Best Machine-made Oil.

Better Than a Victory.

Several of the leading Machine Companies, fearing to come in competition with the Machine that received the highest award at the Paris Exposition, deemed it prudent not to exhibit at the Fourth Louisiana Fair. We consider the neutral position taken by them as a fair acknowledgment of the superiority of our Machine, which we offer, with continued confidence, as the

BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE IN THE WORLD.

GROVER & BAKER,
Sewing Machine Company.
J. H. GARDNER, Agent,
my4 3 2dp Office, 169 Canal Street.

A GREAT IMPROVEMENT

IN

BANQUETTES, CARRIAGE WAYS, BASEMENT AND WAREHOUSE FLOORS, CEMETERY AND GARDEN WALKS, SCHOOL YARDS ETC.

BYRNES'

IMPROVED CONCRETE PAVEMENT

LAID BY

PAGE & CO.,

98 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

The following are a few of the reasons why this CONCRETE should be used in preference to all other materials:

1. It has been tested through one of the hottest of New Orleans summers, and found not to soften by the heat of the sun.

2. Being in general use at the North, it necessarily must be proof against cold.

3. It is as durable as stone and much less expensive.

4. It is perfectly impervious to water, and consequently quickly becomes dry when wet.

5. It makes no dust in dry or mud in wet weather.

6. It does not crack or crumble, nor is it washed by the rain.

7. It is impenetrable to grass, weeds or water.

8. It prevents noxious vapors or gases, arising from the ground beneath, and affords no reservoirs for filth or festering decompositions.

9. It is laid down quickly, and ready for use when finished.

10. It is easily taken up, easily relaid, and easily repaired when necessary.

Some of the places where this work has been done, and a few of the parties who have had it put down, may be known by the following references; and most of the persons named can and will cheerfully give all of the information desired. An examination of the work is solicited:

William McCulloch,	George Horter,
Theobald Forstall,	Lafayette Square,
E. G. Palmer,	New Orleans Gaseworks,
Henry Bensel,	Penn's Cotton Press,
B. McKenna,	H. S. Seward,
E. W. Burbank,	John W. Madden.

For the present, after the foundation is prepared and curbing set, Cemetery, Park and Private Walks, will be laid for from $1 to $1 25 per square yard. Private Carriage Ways, Heavy Sidewalks, Depot and Warehouse Floors for from $1 25 to $1 50 per square yard.

For all further information in relation to this business, or for the laying of this kind of work, apply to

PAGE & CO.,
mh20 2dp 98 Camp street.

M. FEHRENBACH,

IMPORTER OF

PLEYEL, ERARD AND BORD PIANOS,

58 Baronne Street,

Has received, by late arrivals, a fresh supply of the above Pianos; also, American Square Pianos, for sale at low prices.

Pianos taken in exchange. Repairing and Tuning done at the shortest notice.

M. FEHRENBACH,
mh15 2m 2dp 58 Baronne street.

CHINESE AND JAPANESE GOODS.

207.....Canal Street.....207

In consequence of closing out for the summer months, having to open in the different watering places, the remainder of this splendid stock will be sold at reduced prices, in order to dispose of them in two weeks. my8 6t

CANTON MATTINGS!

CANTON MATTINGS!

ELKIN & CO.,

168.....CANAL STREET.....168

Are now receiving superior qualities of

WHITE, CHECK AND FANCY

CANTON MATTINGS,

Which they are offering, wholesale or retail, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

—A Large Stock of—

CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS
And WINDOW SHADES,

At Low Prices.

an30 2dp 1m

FOR LADIES ONLY.

THE EUGENIE OR LADIES' COMPANION.

This article is recommended by eminent physicians in Europe, by the Medical Faculty of New York, and by many eminent physicians of this city, and is approved of and worn by the ladies generally in Europe, and in the Northern, Eastern and Western States of this country, and is exclusively for ladies' use. This article, for the use and comfort of ladies, is one of the most important ever discovered, and it is only necessary to be tried to be universally adopted by every lady in the South, as well as in every other portion of the civilized world.

For sale at No. 21 Baronne street; Mrs. Mc-Jenkins, dressmaker; No. 218 Josephine street, corner of Magazine street, up stairs (a lady will be found in attendance at the above places). Also, for sale at the following drug stores, viz: T. K. Finlay's corner of Camp and Julia streets; J. Herber, No. 165 Canal street; Ball, Lyons & Co., corner of Camp and Gravier streets; Erich Brand, corner of Magazine and St. Andrew streets; E. Sauter, corner of Magazine and Josephine streets, and G. J. Matingly's, corner of Magazine and Napoleon avenue, Jefferson City. de4 6m 2dp

NOTICE TO TAX AND LICENSE PAYERS, FOURTH DISTRICT.

The taxpayers of the Fourth District are hereby notified to call at my office, corner of Adele and Tchoupitoulas streets, and pay their taxes of 1869, and licenses for 1870, which are now due, and if not paid within ten days I will proceed to collect the same according to law.

V. GERODIAS,
State Tax Collector of the Fourth District.
my10 10t

B. T. WALSHE,

110.....Canal Street.....110

Begs leave to announce to his customers and the public a complete stock of new

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

And the largest assortment of

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S GOODS

IN NEW ORLEANS.

All at moderate prices, with the inducement to purchase in the goods and price, not in the change.

A CALL REQUESTED.

B. T. WALSHE,
ap19 SuWeSa 1m3dp 110 Canal street.

LADD'S PATENT STIFFENED GOLD WATCH.

Cases at one-half or one-third the price of solid gold make, with fine movements, splendid Watches. Ask your jeweler for their descriptive circulars, sent on application to the manufacturers.

J. A. BROWN & CO.,
my1 2w2p 11 Maiden Lane, New York.

THE CHEAPEST CLOTHING IN TOWN.

FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN,

Fifty Per Cent Less Than Any Other House.

Goods Manufactured Expressly for my Sales, and of the Very Best Quality.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

LATEST STYLES AT ALL PRICES.

D. MERCIER,
Corner of Dauphine and Bienville Streets.

Give me a call. Come quick while the goods are fresh and the sizes well assorted. ap22 2dp

NEW ORLEANS RICE DEPOT.

A. MAUREAU,

No. 48 Peters Street,

Between Customhouse and Bienville Street.

ALWAYS ON HAND

A

LARGE STOCK OF RICE.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

9 2dp 1y

MARSHAL'S MONITIONS

SECTION [illegible] et als. vs. Steamboat Natchez.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, ROAD COURT, District of Louisiana, No. 9658.—In obedience to the right to [illegible] warrant to me directed in the streets, and [illegible] hereby, I have seized and taken into my tre of St. Peter [illegible] NATCHEZ, now libeled be streets, and the [illegible] cases set forth in the leges of said c[illegible] District Court of the cording to the [illegible] in the [illegible]

SEC. 2. Be it [illegible] and admonish the owner or distinctly after the [illegible] and every person or persons roads, the ORL[illegible] all and appear at a Dis- shall take up and [illegible] to have any right, title or in- Basin street from [illegible] to be said court, to be holden at the Dis- Canal street [illegible] United States, for the District and shall place the [illegible] at the city of New Orleans, condition. [illegible] MONDAY of June, 1870, [illegible] they have or can, why the said [illegible] should not be condemned and [illegible] prayer of libelants.

[illegible]'s office, New Orleans,

S. B. PACKARD,
United States Marshal.

Steamboat Wild [illegible]

[illegible] DISTRICT COURT, [illegible]iana, No. 9567.—In obedience [illegible] grant to me directed in the [illegible] have seized and taken [illegible] GONER, now libeled [illegible] cases set forth in the [illegible] District Court of the [illegible] admonish the owner or [illegible] every person or persons [illegible] any right, title, or in- [illegible] and appear at a Dis- [illegible] for the District [illegible] of New Orleans, [illegible] MONDAY of June, [illegible] have or can, why [illegible] should not be [illegible] to the prayer [illegible]

[illegible] New Orleans,
[illegible] ACKARD,
[illegible] States Marshal.

LOOK TO YOUR [illegible]

The Great [illegible]

Mrs. Whitcomb's Syrup. Cures Colic, the Bowels, the process of Teething. Mrs. Whitcomb's Syrup. Subdues Convulsions, overcomes all accident to infancy. Mrs. Whitcomb's Syrup. Cures Diarrhœa and Summer Complaint in Children of all ages.

It is the great Infant's Friend. Remedy in all disorders [illegible] other cause.

Prepared by the Grafton [illegible] Louis, Missouri.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

COAL.....FIRST PREMIUM.....COAL.

BOYD, WILMOT & CO.,
Coal Merchants,
OFFICE 168 POYDRAS STREET, NEW ORLEANS.
Pittsburg COAL.
Yard—Foot of Calliope street.
Coal delivered at the lowest market rates to Factories, Hotels, Cotton Presses, Foundries, Steamboats, etc. Office of Tugboat Steam [illegible]

TRUSSES.....TRUSSES.....TRUSSES

WITHOUT SPRINGS, BACK STEEL TRUSSES.
TERROR OF LEG STRICTURES.
H. SPILLMAN, M. D.,
Inventor and Patentee of the celebrated [illegible]
Supporter Truss, patented by Alex [illegible] Patented September 7, 1869, in [illegible] United States.

This Truss defies all competition for [illegible] general satisfaction; can be worn by [illegible] owner or well as both sexes in all periods of life [illegible] persons without a rival in this or any other country [illegible] in its short existence, won the admiration [illegible] wearers.

Also, sole proprietor for the State of Louisiana [illegible] the highly recommended

W. JOHNSON'S PATENT PAD Truss.

With these Trusses, I can promise more [illegible] provement and relief than any other [illegible] Trusses.

Also, Attachments of all descriptions [illegible] made to order.

H. SPILLMAN, M. D.,
Manufacturer and [illegible]
83 Baronne street, New Orleans.

Orders from abroad will receive prompt [illegible] State Rights for sale.

WANATA.....WANATA.....WANATA

CELEBRATED

GUACO BITTERS.

THE WANATA GUACO BITTER IS A [