New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY C. E. GIRARDEY & CO., at 12 o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, three entire squares of ground fronting on Canal, Jackson, Tonti, Rocheblave, Banks, Gasquet and Palmyra streets, subdivided into lots, and Eagle Warehouse, in Third District—succession of John Gauche; lands in Franklin parish—bankrupt estate of Philip F. Brown.

BY M. FOX, Constable Eighth Justice Court, at 12 o'clock, in front of Constable's office, five lots of ground on Plaquemine and Berlin streets—W. Watdivine vs. A. Cazabat.

BY SHERIFF MAXWELL, at twelve o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, undivided half of a lot of ground on Baronne street, and five lots of ground on L'Esperance and Union streets—Schuyler, Hartley & Graham vs. George W. Cannon; five lots of ground on Canal street—Lafitte, Dufilho & Co. vs. Louis Dufilho; right of Patrick S. Nugent to suit of P. S. Nugent & Co. vs. city of New Orleans—E. M. Rusha et al vs. Patrick S. Nugent; at five o'clock, at corner of Gasquet and Claiborne streets, contents of grocery store—D. W. Hughes vs. J. H. Tabony.

BY G. DE FERIET, at twelve o'clock, at St. Charles Auction Exchange, one lot of ground and small frame house, on Morales street—succession or Ferdinand Laporte.

BY PLACIDE J. SPEAR, at 12 o'clock, at St. Charles Auction Exchange, lot of ground and buildings, corner Claiborne and Orleans streets—succession of Guillaume Juilliat; lot of ground and frame cottage house in Lewisburg, St. Tammany parish.

BY R. M. & B. J. MONTGOMERY, at 11 o'clock, at Old Auction Mart, No. 87 Camp street, household furniture, etc.

BY J. DEJAN, JR., at half-past 10 o'clock, at Phil Liner's stable, horses, mules, etc., also buggies, harness, etc.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

DEATH OF COOLIES.—Two of the Chinese immigrants who, on the first of this month, arrived at this port from Hong Kong, died on board the steamer Bismarck, on their way up the river to their destination in Arkansas.

AN ITEM OF LEGAL INFORMATION.—Members of the bar who may at any time have occasion to make a legal pilgrimage to the remote *terra incognita* known in geography as the Fifth District (Algiers), are here reminded that their missionary efforts will bring forth no fruit in the Recorder's Court of that benighted country, unless they first make their calling and election sure by filing in the clerk's office a document, showing that they have obtained "leave to toil," by the payment of a State license.

On several occasions lately, attempts have been made by learned counsel to practice without fulfilling the requirement of law in relation to the license, fancying, perhaps, that the presiding officer might prove to be of that color procured by mixing blue and yellow together. But neither the Recorder nor the Assistant Recorder are "burners of bricks in Egypt," and so, notwithstanding eloquence and sophistry, the licenseless legally-learned found their occupation gone. *Verbum sap.* "The bearings of this observation lies in the application of it."

PICNIC BY WASHINGTON TEMPLE.—Washington Temple of Honor No. 9, Algiers, will celebrate the coming Fourth of July by a picnic at Magnolia Park, a short distance below the depot of Morgan's Railroad. There is no place more suitable for an enjoyable recreation than this park. It is extensive enough to accommodate at least a thousand people, and in no way crowd them. It is planted with splendid shrubbery and beautiful trees, many of which are large magnolias. Pure water is abundant, and in case of a shower, the cottage is a ready resort. The committee appointed by the Temple to make the arrangements, will provide a fine band of music, swings, and facilities for infantile, adolescent and virile amusements. In other respects the affair will be a "Cincinnati treat," and everybody being expected to bring their own vivers.

NEW ELDORADO CONCERT HALL.—Mr. Warner is endeavoring in his popular resort to supply desirable enjoyment without the alloy often found in similar establishments from the undesired presence of the genius loafer. To effect this an entrance fee is charged, redeemable, however, in bibulation. The plan is an ingenious one, and will, no doubt succeed. See advertisement.

CANAL STREET FERRY.—Considerable repairs and improvements have been made at the landing place of the Canal Street Ferry on this side of the river, showing a very commendable attention to public convenience. The proprietors, while paying great attention to the regular day ferry, allow no break or intermission in that which runs all night. In case of disablement in the "Little Jerry," the larger boat is put in requisition ,so that no incovenience is had.

RECORDER DUMONT'S COURT—*Fifth District (Algiers)*.—R. Heron was charged by R. M. Jones with assault and battery, in terms that would have served to describe several first-class murders. —— *montes parturient*, etc.

This was one of a large class of cases of frequent occurrence in the courts of committing magistrates, in which one, or perhaps both of the parties to some petty, contemptible quarrel, endeavor to make the machinery of the law subservient to their angry feelings, annoying friends and acquaintances with subpenas as witnesses, and perverting a court of justice into a species of dueling ground. Every one who has paid any attention to the proceedings of these witfller, courts, must have remarked the nuisance and regretted its excessive frequency. Certainly, some alteration in the laws regulating committing courts should be made so as to enable magistrates to put a stop to the evil by inflicting a fine or other proper punishment on persons who bring unfounded charges merely for the purpose of putting their antagonists to trouble and expense. In the absence of such remedy, as has been spoken of, it would be well for the ... ders and other magistrates to mulct ... s who bring charges, by condemning ... to pay the costs of proceedings. Committing magistrates have the legal power to ... and the exercise of such power will ... very sedative effect upon those who ... to use the law to gratify malice.

VAGRANTS.—The necessity for the ... ction of an alms-house, or some ... titution, wherein to confine the ... f female vagrants, whose only ... r laziness, is pretty obvious at ... ime. So overcrowded are the ... ments set apart for the colored ... oners at the Workhouse, that ... tal and male cells have to be ... to them. Hence, both sexes ... instantly together, and con... portunities exist to further ... We were present lately ... women stepped from the ... nd Captain Noble, on ob... ber, gave vent to his dissatisfaction in ... erms. To make place for them he was compelled to liberate, a day before, the full completion of their sentence, two females. Where he will place fresh arrivals is not easy to determine. He recently wrote to the Recorders, directing their attention to this fact, but has received no reply. There are not sufficient men physically competent to prepare the stones for the new buildings inside the Workhouse, and it is the intention of Captain Noble to present each woman with a stone hammer. Work of some kind would be a god-send to them, for their time is spent in idleness and ribaldry. Nearly one half of the seventy-five women who live there a life of ease with more than sufficient nourishing diet, care little for the few days or months' imprisonment. They are, with very few exceptions, women who have paid periodical visits to the Workhouse for twenty years. Dissipation and lewd associations have broken their constitutions, and vitiated their characters beyond relief, and hence a life of ease is a blessing instead of a punishment. Some institution must be provided where these vagabonds can be put to better use than to be a burden to the taxpayers as well as a curse to society and themselves.

EDUCATION FOR THE INSANE.—The annual convention of the Association of Medical Superintendents of the Insane, is now in session at Hartford, and we perceive, by the published report of the proceedings, that many facts of interest are being developed, so much so, indeed, that a Dr. Barstow gave a detailed description of the result of his labors in teaching lunatics, and even born idiots, not only the simpler but the most advanced branches of education. Dr. Barstow, who has furnished the subjoined extracts to an exchange paper, prefaces his observations with the remark that the experiment of educating the insane was first put in operation in 1855, at the Richmond District Lunatic Asylum, Ireland, where there are, on an average, from ten to twelve hundred patients. He says:

The pupils are arranged in classes and divisions, old and young, according to capacity and proficiency. Object teaching is found to be especially adapted to arouse the attention of the patients. There are also rhetorical and dramatic entertainments, and drills military and gymnastic, * * * *

The experiment of imparting elementary instruction has likewise been attended with success in the asylums of Iowa and Richmond. Dr. Ranny, of the former, said the success was at first only partial, but a decided interest was soon manifested in the common branches, reading, writing, geography and grammar.

The writer then proceeds to state that there are now regular exercises in all these subjects at the Iowa Asylum, the patients being divided into classes. Considerable proficiency has been made in these branches, and the general effect on the household in excellent.

The results which have attended the experiments in the above named establishments should lead to the adoption of like efforts in the lunatic asylums, not only of Louisiana, but all over the country. With regard to the New Orleans institution an effort should be made to alleviate the condition of the inmates. The Superintendent is admirably qualified for his position, as we have had frequent opportunities of ascertaining, but the asylum itself is more fitted for its original purpose—a jail—than for a place of detention for harmless idiots and demented humanity. Doubtless two thirds of the unfortunate inmates there could be benefited, even under existing circumstances, by having their minds diverted and reawakened through the imparting of instruction.

RECORDER WEBER'S COURT.—Charles Hart, for being over-freighted with extract of pine tops and abuse, with the latter of which he was quite too liberal with the people generally, and officer Briggs particularly, concluded to play a game of checkers with his proboscis at Swain's retreat for the next ten days, in default of the essentials.

Anthony Steeve was charged with keeping a vicious dog which bit somebody, but "the dog was dead" before Steeve made his appearance, and for his promptness was discharged.

Sarah Thomas, who "frowd dat last brick fust" at the cranium of Pauline Johnson, doing but little damage to that very useful appendage, furnished a guarantee to do so no more for six months.

Daniel Eagan has at last "come to time," and has been introduced to his honor, Judge Abell, to be dealt with according to his deserts.

Alexander Warren has been arrested on two affidavits, made by a Mr. Honeycomb, wherein he is charged with an attempt maliciously and willfully to commit arson, and threatning to put the Honeycomb in that hive from which he would never return. He has visited our friend, Captain Swain, to reflect, at his leisure, upon what demurrer to plead.

Antonio Desposito, charged by Moritz Goetzel with threats to dissect him on short notice, upon being remonstrated with upon the danger of such operation in this warm weather, furnished a bond to postpone his surgical experiment for six months, until the cold weather.

SUPERINTENDENT'S CLERK.—Superintendent Badger being deprived of the services of Mr. Herrick has placed Mr. P. H. Boyle at the clerk's desk, Mr. Herrick's health being so poor that he finds it necessary to seek another climate. Leaving, there is not a single one of his acquaintance who will not regret his departure.

BEFORE RECORDER MASICOT.—The great duck case, in which Mrs. Russell was accused of their felonious taking off, was summarily dismissed by the Recorder. One of the witnesses for the defense testified that the six ducks, the property in question, when separated from Mrs. Miller's flock, went to their former home happy together.

Jacob Levy appears to be an unfortunate huckster of calico. No less than five affidavits are now pending against him in this court, varying from insult and abuse to assault and battery. From what we hear, Levy seems determined when on entering a house to dispose of his goods to the residents at any cost. A refusal is *ausgespisldt*, hence the complaint of the charges enumerated above. Bonds were given in each case.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR BED-FELLOW.—We copy the following from the Natchez *Courier:*

Sheriff Noonan received a dispatch yesterday from the Superintendent of Police in New Orleans, announcing the capture of one Charley Thomas, one of the Cincle murderers, who broke jail on the twenty-fourth of May last; the facts of the arrest are singular: One Richard Anderson slept with the guilty Thomas on last Wednesday night, at the house of one John Flannigan, under the hill, and, in the quiet hour which often promotes confidence, the said Thomas, harrassed with the devils of conscience, disclosed his guilt, and stated he was going to Texas, urging his bed-fellow to accompany him. Anderson agreed to go, and forthwith started up the hill, as he said, for his things; but not having any things, called on the Sheriff, notified him of the facts, whereupon the Sheriff offered a suitable reward to the unoffending bed-fellow for the recapture of the guilty one. Anderson posted to New Orleans to sleep again with his "companion de lit." Joyful must have been the meeting, as Anderson embraced his late mate with the grip of handcuffs. The Sheriff has shown much energy and sagacity for the manner in which he has brought back his delinquent boarders. There now only remain three of the escaped offenders of the law at large.

A LIVELY MUNDAY.—Not one of the seven days constituting a week, but Peter Munday, a young and rather good looking person, who is in very bad grace with the police. Special Officer Bollousa passing along Chartres street,yesterday noticed the Peter's actions, which were not such as belong to a laboring man; he had an eye on a store, inside of which was Wallace, another of the same stripe. Evidently the two were arranging to perpetrate a robbery. The officer was not slow in taking Munday to prison, but on the way liberal offers of bribes were made, and not accepted by the special. Accused was taken to the third precinct station-house, and while undergoing a small bit of pumping, sought to regain his liberty by flight, for he is fleet of foot. Crossing the street and passing through Jackson Square gate, he struck his knee against the post, but he continued on until at the opposite gate, when Mr. Boullosa gathered him in safety. Two skeleton keys were found on him, also a small sum of money. All the officers at once began digging up from their minds crimes which had been cast at Munday's door, and the record is not a dull one. It was remembered that Numa Avegno's dwelling had been robbed of coin and currency amounting to a thousand dollars; that a place was robbed of a goodly sum on the day of the fifteenth amendment celebration, and that the hat store of Belden & Esmes had lost a bank box containing considerable cash.

All these items and many more were strung together, comparisons made, and an understanding arrived at, for Munday is a shrewd, bold man, and needs careful attention. His picture was necessary to the rogues' gallery, therefore he was sent to a Poydras street photographer. For temporary confinement he was imprisoned in the first precinct station house, second story. He had not been there more than two hours before it was discovered that he was rapidly working his way toward liberty, going through the floor over head, into the Recorder's courtroom, at that time vacant. As he seemed so handy with his hands he was introduced to the stocks, where he found a close fit. Judge Houghton remembers that not many weeks ago this lively fellow was before him for robbing a party on St. Thomas street, but gave bonds, and never returned. At that time he used the name G. P. Montamat. Then gentlemen connected with the hat store were sent for to identify him. This they did emphatically. The police seem to think that he is not altogether unconnected with several other bits of rascality, as also is his brother James, at present abiding in the Workhouse. It is not unlikely Peter will keep him company during the summer months.

PATROL DUTY IN A HORSECAR.—We have refrained from giving publicity to a scandalous transaction, which came to the attention of Captain Lewis, fifth precinct, last week, trusting that the Police Board would take judicious action in the premises; but the Board apparently winking at the delinquencies on the part of some of its subordinates, we give publicity to the facts as they reached us.

Last week, Corporal Engel, fifth precinct, entered a street car late at night, refusing or neglecting to pay his fare. When passing the cross streets on the line, this luxurious Corporal protruded his head from the car and blew his whistle. Of course the driver did not halt his vehicle to ascertain if the patrolmen made any response to the call or were on their beats or not. This ceremony continued until he reached the limits of his district when he withdrew from the car. The passengers were full of jokes regarding the corporal's lazy habits, and the driver subsequently reported the transaction to Captain Lewis, who forwarded charges to the Board; then, a proposition to reduce the culprit to the ranks was voted down, and he escaped with a fine of three days' pay. This, in the face of his Captain's complaint and assertion that the corporal is really inefficient, is worthy of extended remarks. It is said that accused cannot read or write the English language, or speak plainly the language of his adopted country. He is said, furthermore, to be a native of Denmark, and there are certain international reasons in the Board why he should continue to curse Captain Lewis and the police force with his presence.

BOARD OF METROPOLITAN POLICE.—At a meeting of the Board held on Friday, Hon. O. J. Dunn in the chair: Present—Commissioners George, Raynal, Isabelle, Burbank and Robinson. The following charges against officers and members of the force were tried and disposed of, to wit:

Patrolman John Faulkes, second precinct. Charge, asleep on his beat while on duty; found guilty, and dismissed the service.

F. Saltcorn, third precinct. Charge, drunkenness; pleaded guilty, and fined five days' pay.

J. Gaspard, fourth precinct. Charge, disobedience of orders; guilty, and fined two days' pay.

C. Philomen, fourth precinct. Charge, lying down while on duty; guilty, and fined one day's pay.

M. Caulfield, fourth precinct. Charge, violation of police rules; guilty, and fined three days' pay.

Corporal S. Engle, fifth precinct. Charge, neglect of duty and violation of police rules; guilty and fined three days' pay.

T. Jordan, fifth precinct. Charge, sleeping on his beat; pleaded guilty and fined five days' pay.

O. Allen, fifth precinct. Charge, sleeping on his beat; guilty and fined five days' pay.

T. J. Finn, fifth precinct. Charge, sitting down while on duty: plead guilty and fined one day's pay.

C. F. Miller, fifth precinct. Charge, found off his beat; reprimanded.

G. B. Williams, sixth precinct. Charge, conduct unbecoming an officer; guilty, dismissed the service.

W. Nash, sixth precinct. Charge, sitting down while on duty; pleaded guilty and fined one day's pay.

IN HARNESS.—A thief desiring some new harness, stole a set from Mr. E. T. Fellowes, corner St. Charles and State streets, Thursday night. The harness is new and brass mounted, the traces being cut.

RESUMED HIS SITUATION. — Carreau, deemed a criminal of large capacity, who obtained his release from the Workhouse last week on a writ of habeas corpus, but arrested immediately thereafter, was yesterday before Recorder Staes on the long charge, and there being pretty strong evidence against him, the Judge judged it right to return him to the Workhouse. Thus it will be seen that he has lost time by his using that convenient writ, for he begins his Workhouse residence *de novo*. In personal appearance he is looking poorly, quite haggard, as if close confinement effects his health. That apparently settles him for a short term.

HABEAS CORPUS.—Not many days ago, G. W. Sadler, First Justice of the Peace, consigned Christopher Aiken to prison for a term of thirty days, in default of paying a fine of fifty dollars on two charges—contempt of court and resisting the constable who made the arrest. Aiken applied for release on a writ of habeas corpus, and yesterday received his discharge from Judge Abell, who holds that Judge Sadler transcended his powers. Other people view the matter in another light.

TWO IN ONE.—Moses Jackson and Benjamin Perkins were arrested on Camp street last evening, in consequence of their running two carts under one number for the purpose of avoiding paying license.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Charles Martin, put in a plea of guilty to a larceny, in stealing a saddle from Mr. Fayssoux. Sentenced to six months Parish Prison.

Alphonse Desire, who had the choice between the Parish Prison and the State Penitentiary, would rather go to his aunt and leave the city. He had pleaded guilty on the sixeenth June, of having stolen from Frank Angello ten dollars, on the twenty-ninth May. Eight months Penitentiary.

G. W. Williams, alias Major, who had pleaded guilty to a charge of carrying concealed weapons, was remanded for sentence, as the court is anxious to hear a little more about him.

Frank Stewart, convicted of having picked the pocket of Mr. J. Cooney, on the tenth of May, 1870, on a Bayou Road car, of thirty-four dollars, was sentenced to six months Parish Prison.

Peter Jackson, alias Peter O'Hara, who was convicted with Hugh Begley and Thomas Coolahan (both sentenced to the Penitentiary), of a burglary at the store of Edward Burn, in the Fourth District, on April 8, four months Parish Prison.

John Darling, a cripple, was sentenced to $1 fine for an assault and battery.

The sentence of George Taylor, who attempted to murder his wife on the second of Obtober, 1869, was postponed until Friday next.

Henry C. Brown was discharged on a nolle prosequi from assault and battery committed on John Thoele, on the fourteenth instant.

The jury that had the case of George Williams, charged with burglary, was unable to agree. They were discharged, and accused remanded.

FIRE LAST NIGHT.—The fire last night was in the building No. 8 Spain street, occupied by Mrs. S. Anderson as a wool factory. The building and contents were quite completely destroyed, the loss of the building amounting to about $5000, partly insured—owned by Colonel Lee. The machinery was insured in the Mechanics'. For a time it seemed as if the firemen would not be able to stay the progress of the flames, but by great efforts they confined the fire to No. 8. The cause of the fire is unknown.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

At the Request of some of the Stockholders, and many citizens, who were unable to be present at the exhibition of the Refrigerating Process on Wednesday last, on board the United States and West Indies Fresh Meat Company's steamer Fire Fly, foot of Julia street, the Directors have arranged for another exhibition TO-DAY (SATURDAY), at 5 P., M, to which the public generally are invited. je25 1t

Notice.—New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company, office of the General Superintendent, New Orleans, June 24, 1870.—From and after this date there will be no change of cars at Canton, the full train going through to Humboldt. Sleeping cars to Louisville.

T. S. WILLIAMS,
je25 General Superintendent.

Notice—The Board of State Assessors' Office is at the corner of Royal and Conti streets, up stairs Office hours from 9 o'clock A. M. until 3 P. M.

J. W. SWORDS,
je23 President of the Board.

Notice to Passengers for Vicksburg, Mississippi.—New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company, Office of the General Superintendent, New Orleans, June 20, 1870.—Passengers taking the seven o'clock A. M. train are due in Vicksburg at 8:10 P. M; those taking the 4:15 P. M. train are due in Vicksburg next morning at 9:25.

T. S. WILLIAMS,
je21 1w General Superintendent.

False Colors on the Fore-Top.—Who ever saw the natural tinge renewed in gray hair by a hair dye? No one. Who can distinguish the browns and blacks brought out by Phalon's Vitalia, or Salvation for the Hair, from Nature's? No one. And mark, it leaves no stain on the skin, and is clear and transparent, and has no sediment. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. je24 1w

Office Barbarin Gas Lighting Company, New Orleans, June 22, 1870.—At a meeting of the Stockholders of the Barbarin Gas Lighting Company of Louisiana, held on the twenty-second of June, 1870, it was resolved:

That the Capital Stock of the Company be fixed at $250,000, and that the Board of Directors be authorized to open a subscription list for the sale of five hundred shares at one hundred dollars per share, payable one half upon subscription and balance in notes payable in sixty days.

Further—That said subscription list be open for ten days from date of publication, and be subject to the subscription of present Stockholders in conformity with the charter of the company, and if not all subscribed for at the expiration of said time, the remainder of said five hundred shares to be offered to the public.

HENRY PEYCHAUD,
je24 10t Secretary.

At a Meeting of the Stockholders of the Crescent City Gas Light Company, held in accordance with the provisions of the charter of said Company, on the sixteenth day of May, 1870, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors of the Company, to serve until the first Tuesday of January, 1871, viz—

Joseph H. Oglesby, Joseph Hernandez,
A. B. Long, William Creevy,
A. L. Lee, F. J. Pratt;

And at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Crescent City Gas Light Company, held May, the seventeenth, 1870, Joseph H. Oglesby was unanimously elected President, and F. W. Perkins Secretary and Treasurer of the Company.

je17 1w F. W. PERKINS, Secretary.

Erring but Noble.—Essays for young men of generous character, who having committed Physiological errors in early youth, now desire to be restored to a higher life, and a better manhood. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, Howard Association, Box P, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. je14 1y

Notice is hereby given that all the circulating notes issued by the Merchants' Bank of New Orleans and by the late Bank of James Robb (assumed by the Merchants' Bank of New Orleans) may be presented for redemption at the office of the State Auditor, within one year from the first publication hereof, viz: from March 4, 1870, or that the funds deposited for the redemption of said notes will be given up to the said Merchants' Bank of New Orleans, pursuant to sections thirty-four and thirty-five of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, entitled "An act to establish a general system of free banking in the State of Louisiana," approved March 15, 1855.

New Orleans, March 4, 1870.

THOMAS I. DIX,
mh4 2tm 1y Cashier.

Louisiana State University.—The Commencement Exercises of this institution will take place WEDNESDAY, twenty-ninth instant, at 3 P. M.

The annual address will be delivered by Charles F. Buck, Esq., of New Orleans.

The public are invited to attend.

D. F. BOYD, Superintendent.
Baton Rouge, June 9, 1870. je12 td

To the Rescue, Ho!—Gentlemen and ladies, who have had their heads contaminated with nauseating and unctuous hair dyes, are invited to try Phalon's new discovery, VITALIA OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR—clear and sweet smelling, without sediment.

Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. je11 6t

Office of the Germania Insurance Company of New Orleans.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors held on the twenty-sixth instant, it was unanimously resolved to call a general meeting of the stockholders of this company, to be held on THURSDAY, July 7, next, at half-past seven o'clock P. M., in conformity with article eighteen of the charter, for the purpose of modifying, altering or amending the same. E. MAIER, Secretary.

New Orleans, May 28, 1870. my31 1y7

OFFICIAL NOTICES---CITY.

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS,
City of New Orleans, June 23, 1870.

SEALED PROPOSALS, ADDRESSED TO THE undersigned, will be received until WEDNESDAY NOON, the sixth day of July, proximo, for constructing Banquettes on Freret street, from Calliope to Washington street, according to specifications on file in the office of the City Surveyor.

All parties making proposals for this contract are required to deposit with the Administrator of Finance, as evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication the amount of five hundred dollars, in cash, which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to sign the contract.

Bidders to whom contracts are not awarded shall have their deposits returned to them on the day adjudications are made.

No bids will be received unless the certificate of the Administrator of Finance is inclosed therewith, to the effect that the required cash deposit has been made.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Bids to be per running foot for banquettes complete, and to be endorsed, "Proposals for Banquettes on Freret street." J. R. WEST,
je24 td Administrator.

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS,
City of New Orleans, June 23, 1870.

SEALED PROPOSALS ADDRESSED TO THE undersigned will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY NOON, the sixth day of July proximo, for constructing banquettes on Locust street, from Calliope to Washington streets, according to specifications on file in the office of the City Surveyor.

All parties making proposals for this contract are required to deposit with the Administrator of Finance, as evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication, the amount of five hundred dollars, in cash, which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to sign the contract.

Bidders to whom contracts are not awarded will have their deposits returned to them on the day adjudications are made.

No bid will be received unless accompanied by the certificate of the Administrator of Finance, certifying that the required cash deposit has been made.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Bids to be per running foot for banquettes complete, and to be indorsed "Proposals for banquettes on Locust street."

je24 td J. R. WEST, Administrator.

NOTARIES, SHERIFFS, RECORDERS, ETC., TAKE NOTICE.

DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS,
City Hall, June 22, 1870.

[Extract from Act of 1855, Section 3147.]

HEREAFTER NEITHER SHERIFFS, RECORDERS or notaries throughout the State, nor other parties authorized to convey real estate by public act, shall pass or execute any act for the sale, transfer or exchange of any real estate situated within said parish unless the State, parish and municipal taxes due on the same be first paid, to be shown by the Tax Collector's receipt or certificate to that purpose.

SEC. 3148. The Recorders, Sheriffs, notaries public and others violating the provisions of the preceding section shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in the sum of not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars for each violation, to be recovered by the District Attorney, for the use of the free schools, before any competent tribunal.

The assessment books in this Department give evidence of repeated neglect on the part of notaries and others to comply with the law referred to. In future all violations of this act will be brought to the notice of the District Attorney for prosecution.

H. BONZANO,
Administrator of Assessments.
je23 6t

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE WATERWORKS AND Public Builcings,
New Orleans, June 22, 1870.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned, till MONDAY, June 27, 1870, at 12 M., for repairing, whitewashing, painting with coal tar, etc., the Insane Asylum, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Surveyor.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

All parties making proposals for this contract are required to deposit with the Administrator of Finance, as evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication, the amount of one hundred and fifty dollars in cash, which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to sign the contract.

Bidders to whom contracts are not awarded shall have their deposits returned to them on the day adjudications are made.

No bid will be received unless the certificate of the Administrator of Finance is inclosed therewith, to the effect that the required cash deposit has been made.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Repairing, whitewashing, painting with coal tar, etc., the Insane Asylum."

L. T. DELASSIZE,
je23 td Administrator.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

DEPARTMENT OF THE WATERWORKS AND Public Buildings,
New Orleans, June 21, 1870.

UNLESS SPECIALLY AUTHORIZED BY THE undersigned, no person can act in the capacity of Plumber in connection with the City Waterworks. L. T. DELASSIZE,
je22 Administrator.

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS,
City of New Orleans, June 17, 1870.

SEALED PROPOSALS, ADDRESSED TO THE undersigned, will be received at this Department until WEDNESDAY NOON, the twenty-ninth day of June instant, for the follow contract:

For furnishing and delivering one hundred and fifty thousand barrels (best quality) Bank Shells, to be delivered on the earthwork of the levee, in front of the city of New Orleans, at such places as may be designated, according to specifications on file in the office of the City Surveyor.

All parties making proposals for this contract are required to deposit with the Administrator of Finance, as evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication, the amount of fifteen hundred dollars, in cash, which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to sign the contract.

Bidders to whom contracts are not awarded shall have their deposits returned to them on the day adjudications are made.

No bid will be received unless the certificate of the Administrator of Finance is inclosed therewith, to the effect that the required cash deposit has been made.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for furnishing Shells." J. R. WEST, Administrator.
je17 td

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS,
City of New Orleans, June 16, 1870.

SEALED PROPOSALS ADDRESSED TO THE undersigned will be received until THURSDAY NOON, the thirtieth day of June instant, for the following contracts—

For repairing, reconstructing and extending the Wharves, Bulkheads, Revetments, Jetties and Mooring Posts of the port of New Orleans, according to specifications on file in the office of the City Surveyor.

The contracts will be adjudicated in four sections, to wit:

Section No. 1—From Toledano street to upper side of Jackson street ferry landing.

Section No. 2—From lower side of Jackson street ferry landing to upper side of Canal street ferry landing.

Section No. 3—From lower side of Canal street ferry landing to the upper side of the ferry landing at the foot of Elysian Fields street.

Section No. 4—From lower side of Elysian Fields street ferry landing to the lower limit of the city.

All parties making proposals for these contracts are required to deposit with the Administrator of Finance, as evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication, the amount of $2500 for each of Sections One and Two and Three, and the amount of $2000 for each of Sections One and Four, in cash, which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to sign the contract. Bidders to whom contracts are not awarded shall have their deposits returned to them on the day adjudications are made.

No bids will be received unless the certificate of the Administrator of Finance is inclosed therewith, to the effect that the required cash deposit has been made.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Landing Improvements;" naming, also, the particular section bid for on the outer envelope.

je16 td J. R. WEST, Administrator.

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS,
City of New Orleans, June 18, 1870.

SEALED PROPOSALS, WHICH SHOULD BE in duplicate, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office, until WEDNESDAY, June 29, 1870, at twelve o'clock M., for the transportation, by wagons or drays suitable for the purpose, of all public property which may be required to be hauled in the city of New Orleans and vicinity.

Bids will specify the rates proposed for hauling Hay, per bale; Grain, per Sack; Iron and Ironware, per one hundred pounds; Barrels and Boxes of miscellaneous stores, per one hundred pounds; Boxes, Barrels, Tierces and other packages of Subsistence Stores, per cubic foot; Hard Bread, per box; Clothing and Army Equipments, in boxes or barrels, per cubic foot; Wood, per cord; Coal, per barrel, and Lumber, per one thousand feet, for the distance of one quarter of a mile, and additional rates for each square exceeding that distance.

The freight to be loaded and unloaded by the contractor, and sufficient assistance to be furnished by him for the purpose, at such points as may be ordered.

Payment for the service to be made monthly, or when the department is in funds for the purpose.

Contract to go into operation on the twenty-sixth July, 1870, and continue in force until June 30, 1871.

No bids will be entertained unless they be from parties engaged in the draying business, and each proposal should be accompanied by the names of two responsible parties as sureties.

The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for land transportation," and addressed to the undersigned at his office, corner of Camp and South streets, New Orleans, Louisiana, where any information will be furnished on application.

By order of the Chief Quartermaster, Military Division of the South.

FRED MYERS,
Deputy Quartermaster General, Brevet Brigadier General, United States Army, in charge of Depot of New Orleans. je22 6t

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Executive Department,
New Orleans, June 21, 1870.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN made to me for the cancellation of the official bond of DeWitt Fordyce Bisbee as Sheriff of the parish of Jefferson, to-wit: A bond dated the twenty-first day of July, 1869, in the sum of six thousand dollars, signed by DeWitt Fordyce Bisbee, as principal, and M. Callamore, F. T. Matthews and George Heiderbrand, as securities in solido, the condition of the bond being for the faithful performance by the said DeWitt Fordyce Bisbee, of his duties as Sheriff aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the aforesaid bond to file their objections to the cancellation thereof, in writing, in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State this twenty-first day of June, 1870, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-fourth.

By the Governor: H. C. WARMOTH.
PITT CRAVATH, Assistant Secretary of State.
je21

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Executive Department,
New Orleans, May 31, 1870.

WHEREAS APPLICATION HAS BEEN made to me for the cancellation of the official bond of Richard C. Bond, as Clerk of the Fourth District Court of New Orleans, to wit: A bond dated fourteenth May, 1866, in the sum of five thousand dollars ($5000), signed by Richard C. Bond as principal, and Cuthbert H. Slocomb, and Eugene La Sere as securities in solido; the condition of the bond being for the faithful performance by the said Richard C. Bond, of his duties as Clerk of Court aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the aforesaid bond, to file their objections to the cancellation thereof in writing in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this thirty-first day of May, 1870, and of the independence of the United States the ninty-fourth.

H. C. WARMOTH,
Governor of Louisiana.

By the Governor:
PITT CRAVATH,
Assistant Secretary of State. je4 30t

UNITED STATES MAIL.

Louisiana and Florida.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, April 21, 1870.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE Contract Office of this Department until three o'clock P. M. of MONDAY, June 27, next (to be decided by the twenty-ninth), for carrying the mails of the United States from October 1, 1870, to June 30, 1874, on the following route in

LOUISIANA AND FLORIDA,

and by the schedule of departures and arrivals herein specified, viz:

6500 From New Orleans, Louisiana, by Pensacola, Florida, Apalachicola, St. Marks, Cedar Keys, and Tampa, to Key West, 988 miles, and back, once a week, in suitable and safe steamboats.

Leave New Orleans Saturday at 3 P. M.
Arrive at Key West the next Friday by 3 P. M.
Leave Key West Saturday at 3 P. M.
Arrive at New Orleans the next Friday by 3 P. M.

Proposals to run by an expedited schedule invited.

Separate proposals invited to begin service at Mobile, instead of New Orleans, on completion of the railroad between New Orleans and Mobile; and also for omitting St. Marks, when railroad connection with the Apalachicola river is completed.

Proposals invited omisting service to Tampa, reducing distance one hundred miles.

Separate proposals invited for service from Cedar Keys, by Clear Water Harbor and Manatee, to Tampa, 150 miles and back, once a week, to be run in due connection with main route.

INSTRUCTIONS,

CONTAINING CONDITIONS TO BE INCORPORATED IN THE CONTRACT TO THE EXTENT THE DEPARTMENT MAY DEEM PROPER:

The special agents of the Postoffice Department, on exhibition of their credentials, also postmaster blanks, mail bags, locks and keys, are to be conveyed without charge.

The route agents of the department, should it appoint them, to be conveyed without charge, and, for their exclusive use while traveling with the mails, a commodious apartment is to be provided by the contractor, under the direction of the department.

No pay will be made for trips not performed; and for each of such omissions, not satisfactorily explained, three times the pay of the trip may be deducted. For arrivals so far behind time as to break connection with depending mails, and not satisfactorily excused, one fourth of the compensation for the trip is subject to forfeiture. Deduction will also be ordered for a grade of performance inferior to that specified in the contract. For repeated delinquencies of the kind, enlarged penalties, proportioned to the nature thereof and the importance of the mail, may be made.

Fines will be imposed, unless the delinquency be promptly and satisfactorily explained by certificates of postmasters or the affidavits of other credible persons, for failing to arrive in contract time; for neglecting to take the mail from or deliver it into a postoffice; for suffering it to be wet, injured, destroyed, robbed, or lost; and for refusing, after demand, to convey the mail as frequently as the contractor runs, or is concerned in running a conveyance on the route.

The Postmaster General may annul the contract for repeated failures to run agreeably to contract; for violating the Postoffice laws, or disobeying the instructions of the department.

The Postmaster Gedheral may order an increase of the service by allowing therefor a pro rata increase in the contract pay. He