New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

General Sherman at the Boston Leather Exchange.

On Saturday afternoon, of last week, General Sherman visited the Shoe and Leather Exchange of Boston, by invitation of the members. The rooms were handsomely decorated in honor of the visit. Many prominent gentlemen were present, including Governor Claflin, Mayor Shurtleff, Ex-Governor Jewell, of Connecticut, members of the city government and board of trade. The president of the exchange, Mr. W. B. Spooner, warmly welcomed the General amid the clapping of hands, and then introduced him to the company. After a short time spent in social converse, Mr. F. F. Emery moved that, as General Sherman had at one time in his life been extensively engaged in "tanning" operations, he be made an honorary member. The motion was carried with much mirth. President Spooner, after a few remarks, introduced the distinguished visitor to the assembly, who cheered vociferously. The General then responded as follows:

Gentlemen and fellow-members of the association—Of course I am glad to meet so fine a body of men—a body representing one of the greatest industrial interests of this country; and I am glad, also, that it is in so informal and social a manner. I am somewhat taken aback by being called upon in this sudden manner. I had supposed that I was merely to visit one of your public exchanges—to see and hear, not to speak. I can claim to have done considerable for the boot and shoe trade during the past few years. I formed a part of your "walking army" for some time, and we wore out shoes about as fast as they could be procured. We used to get a good many good shoes and a good many poor ones. I don't believe these last came from Boston, however. Gentlemen, I can again say that I am glad to have met you. I wish you all honor and prosperity. I can conceive of no association which, in an industrial sense, is so much needed, and one which, judging from those I see before me, is so worthily represented. I will only ask you, in closing, that when you make shoes for another army, you make them good—sewed, not pegged, if you can help it. Do that, and I am your friend until that time comes when we shall all take off our shoes and go where we shall never need them more.

Laughter and cheers followed the conclusion of the speech, and the company pressed forward to grasp the hand of the visitor. The occasion was an exceedingly pleasant one, as it was entirely informal, therefore those present were beyond all restraint.

The Boston *Evening Gazette* says: "It is now an established fact that Mr. Gilmore intends to astonish ordinary comprehension by a Grand International Musical Jubilee—the World's Festival—in June, of next year. He has already received assurances of support from many of our prominent men, who are fearful lest the strong influence now at work upon Mr. Gilmore may induce him to carry his stupendous enterprise to New York, and we learn that the railroad companies have also manifested a commendable disposition to sustain the project liberally. The guarantee fund required for the enterprise must, it is said, reach a quarter of a million of dollars, but the idea at present is to continue the jubilee for thirty days, giving each of the great European bands a chance to be heard in special farewells by themselves."

One Dr. T., a Presbyterian, had a lady-love, a decided Baptist. When talking once of their approaching nuptials the Doctor said:

"I am thinking, my dear, of two events I shall number the happiest of my life."

"And what may they be, Doctor?" remarked the lady.

"One is the hour when I shall call you my wife for the first time."

"And the other?"

"It is when we shall present our first-born for baptism."

"What, sprinkled?"

"Yes, my dear, sprinkled."

"Never shall a child of mine be sprinkled."

"But mine shall."

"They shall be, hey?"

"Yes, my love."

"Well, sir, then I can tell you that your babies won't be my babies, so good night, sir."

During Mr. Fletcher's early visits to Brazil, he was surprised to find the fine ladies about him attired in heavy furs, though in the midst of fierce summer heat; but light broke upon his mind when he learned that their fashion books came direct from Paris, and in those revered pages it was declared to be the thing to wear sable capes and chinchilla trimmings from December to March. That they happened to reside south of the equator seemed to these devoted votaries no sufficient reason for setting at defiance the mandates of the Parisian oracle.

According to the Paris papers, the London theatre-goers have experienced a new sensation, which exceeds in realism and freshness the most brilliant imaginings of Boucicault. It seems that a Miss Elvira H., at a performance at the Drury Lane Theatre, was seen to totter and fall. The curtain was lowered, then presently it rang up, and the *happy event* was announced to the audience, together with the usual gratifying addendum that the mother and child were doing well, all of which was received with frantic applause.

Some years ago, a delegation of prominent Delaware Republicans called upon President Lincoln, and with a due sense of their own position, took occasion to inform him in the course of the visit that they were all influential citizens and among the "heavy men" of the upper end of the State. "So you all belong to the 'upper end' of the State?" reflected Mr. Lincoln, with a roguish twinkle in his eye, and then with a look of earnest solicitude, he inquired, "Is there no danger of the State tilting while you are away?"

The Chinese in California make gold dust out of silver half-dollar pieces, by cutting up the silver coin into particles which resemble in shape the gold dust formed in the streams. This is then colored to resemble gold, and is mixed with genuine gold dust. How the yellow color is put upon the silver is a celestial secret. The profit of the business must be great, as two silver half-dollars make almost an ounce of gold dust, worth about eighteen dollars.

An "immediately" married couple went from the bridal altar to a dry goods shop in Keokuk, the other day. After sundry purchases had been made, the ignorant clerk asked the lady to buy a hat for her boy. With queen-like dignity she responded: "No; I have only been married about twenty minutes. I have no boys yet."

An inebriated individual fell down a flight of stairs the other night, and a passer-by, fearing him seriously injured, ran to pick him up. But the man majestically staggered to his feet, and in response to the proffered aid roared out, "Now, you jes let me 'lone. Wan' no slobberin' round me. I allus come down stairs that way."

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the Second Session of the Forty First Congress.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 41.]

JOINT RESOLUTION for the relief of Helen Lincoln and Heloise Lincoln, and for the withholding of moneys from tribes of Indians holding American captives.

WHEREAS, the Kiowa Indians, on or about the fifth day of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, captured in Cook county, in the State of Texas, two female children, whose family name is unknown, aged about three and five years, after having murdered the parents and all the known relatives of said children; and whereas said children have recently been recovered from said Indians and are now in the care of J. H. Leavenworth, and are without any means of support: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby directed to reserve from any annuities due or to become due to said Kiowa Indians the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars for each one of said children, and cause the same to be placed to their credit on the books of the treasury of the United States, to bear interest at the rate of five per centum per annum, and use from time to time the income from the same in such manner as he may deem expedient for their maintenance, education, and support, during their lifetime, until they attain the age of twenty-one years, when the principal shall be paid them; and the elder of said children shall be hereafter known as Helen Lincoln, and the younger as Heloise Lincoln.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That if either said Helen Lincoln or said Heloise Lincoln should die without issue, the entire amount due the decedent shall revert to the United States, and should both die without issue, the whole sum shall revert to the United States; but if either said Helen Lincoln or said Heloise Lincoln, or both, have lawful issue, then at the death of either parent the amount due to her in her own right shall become the inheritance of her issue.

SEC. 3. And be it further resolved, That the Secretary of the Interior be authorized and required to withhold from any tribe of Indians who may hold American captives any moneys due them from the United States until said captives shall be surrendered to the lawful authorities of the United States.

J. G. BLAINE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Vice-President of the United States and President of the Senate.

Received by the President May 4, 1870.

[NOTE BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—The foregoing resolution having been presented to the President of the United States for his approval, and not having been returned by him to the house of Congress in which it originated within the time prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, has become a law without his approval.]

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 44.]

A resolution authorizing the Northern Pacific Railroad Company to issue its bonds for the construction of its road, and to secure the same by mortgage, and for other purposes.

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Northern Pacific Railroad Company be, and hereby is, authorized to issue its bonds to aid in the construction and equipment of its road, and to secure the same by mortgage on its property and rights of property of all kinds and descriptions, real, personal and mixed, including its franchise as a corporation; and, as proof and notice of its legal execution an effectual delivery, said mortgage shall be filed and recorded in the office of the Secretary of the Interior; and also to locate and construct, under the provisions and with the privileges, grants, and duties provided for in its act of incorporation, its main road to some point on Puget Sound, via the valley of the Columbia river, with the right to locate and construct its branch from some convenient point on its main trunk line across the Cascade Mountains to Puget Sound; and in the event of there not being in any State or Territory in which said main line or branch may be located, at the time of the final location thereof, the amount of lands per mile granted by Congress to said company, within the limits prescribed by its charter, then said company shall be entitled, under the directions of the Secretary of the Interior, to receive so many sections of land belonging to the United States, and designated by odd numbers, in such State or Territory, within ten miles on each side of said road beyond the limits prescribed in said charter, as will make up such deficiency, on said main line or branch, except mineral and other lands as excepted in the charter of said company of eighteen hundred and sixty-four, to the amount of the lands that have been granted, sold, reserved, occupied by homestead settlers, pre-empted, or otherwise disposed of subsequent to the passage of the act of July two, eighteen hundred and sixty-four. And that twenty-five miles of said main line between its western terminus and the city of Portland, in the State of Oregon, shall be completed by the first day of January, anno Domini, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, and forty miles of the remaining portion thereof each year thereafter, until the whole shall be completed between said points: Provided, That all lands hereby granted to said company which shall not be sold or disposed of or remain subject to the mortgage by this act authorized, at the expiration of five years after the completion of the entire road, shall be subject to settlement and pre-emption like other lands at a price to be paid to said company, not exceeding two dollars and fifty cents per acre; and if the mortgage hereby authorized shall at any time be enforced by foreclosure or other legal proceeding, or the mortgaged lands hereby granted, or any of them, be sold by the trustees to whom such mortgage may be executed, either at its maturity or for any failure or default of said company under the terms thereof, such lands shall be sold at public sale, at places within the States and Territories in which they shall be situate, after not less than sixty days' previous notice, in single sections or subdivisions thereof, to the highest and best bidder: Provided further, That in the construction of the said railroad, American iron or steel only shall be used, the same to be manufactured from American ores exclusively.

Sec. 2. And be it further resolved, That Congress may at any time alter or amend this joint resolution, having due regard to the rights of said company, and any other parties.

Approved May 31, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No. 81.]

AN ACT to establish the collection district of Willamette, in the State of Oregon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all that portion of the district of Oregon, situated above the junction of the Willamette and Columbia rivers, and drained by said rivers and their tributary waters, is hereby constituted a collection district, to be called the Willamette district, whereof Portland shall be the port of entry; and a collector shall be appointed for said district, to reside at Portland; and said collector shall be allowed a salary of one thousand dollars per annum, with the fees allowed by law; such salary and fees not to exceed in any one year three thousand dollars.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the master of every vessel entering the Columbia river from the sea, and bound for Portland, shall exhibit his papers to the collector of the port of Astoria and deposit with him a sworn copy of the manifest of cargo; and if said vessel be laden with domestic merchandise or merchandise in bond for Portland, the collector at Astoria shall permit her to proceed to her place of destination; but if she shall have dutiable merchandise on board not bonded, he shall cause a customs officer to proceed on board said vessel to Portland, who shall see that no goods are landed from such vessel before her arrival and entry at the latter port. And the necessary expenses, including the per diem of such officer and the expense of his return to Astoria, shall be paid by the master of such vessel to the collector of customs at Portland, for the use of the United States, before permit shall be given to unload.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all vessels clearing from Portland, and bound to sea, shall on arrival at Astoria report to the collector, and the master of every vessel so reporting shall leave a copy of his manifest, including any additional cargo taken on board after leaving Portland, with the collector at Astoria, and thereupon shall be allowed to proceed to sea. And the master or other person in charge or command of any vessel entering the Columbia river from the sea, or clearing from Portland and bound to sea as hereinbefore described, who shall neglect to exhibit his papers or to report to the collector or to deposit his manifest as herein required, shall forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred dollars.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That when a vessel shall arrive at Astoria from sea having merchandise on board for that place and also for Portland, such vessel shall enter at Astoria and discharge such portion of her cargo as is destined for that place, whereupon the collector shall cause her hatches to be closed and sealed and shall then permit her to proceed to Portland in charge of a customs officer as hereinbefore provided.

Approved, June 14, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No. 83.]

AN ACT to provide for the appointment of an assistant treasurer of the United States at Baltimore.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in addition to the officers provided for in the fifth section of the act approved August six, eighteen hundred and forty-six, entitled "An act to provide for the better organization of the treasury, and for the collection, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursement of the public revenue," there shall be appointed an assistant treasurer of the United States, to be located in the city of Baltimore, in the State of Maryland, and such assistant treasurer shall be appointed in like manner, for like time, and be subject to all the provisions of law to which the other assistant treasurers provided for in said fifth section are subject.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be prepared within the Customhouse of the city of Baltimore, in the State of Maryland, suitable and convenient rooms for the use of the assistant treasurer herein authorized, and sufficient and secure fire-proof vaults and safes for the keeping of the public moneys collected and deposited with him; and the said assistant treasurer shall have the custody and care of said rooms, vaults, and safes, respectively, and of all the public moneys deposited therein, and shall perform all the duties required to be performed by United States assistant treasurers in reference to the receipt, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursements of such moneys: Provided, that the rooms and vaults now used by the United States designated depository at Baltimore shall be set apart for the purposes named in this section, as far as they may be applicable.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That upon the appointment and qualification of said assistant treasurer, the Secretary of the Treasury shall revoke the designation as a United States depositary of the collector of customs at Baltimore, and shall direct the transfer of all the books, accounts, vouchers, property, and public moneys in the office of said depositary to the office of said assistant treasurer.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the assistant treasurer directed by this act to be appointed shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum, to be paid quarter-yearly at the treasury of the United States; which salary shall be in full for all his services, and a sufficient amount to pay said salary until June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, is hereby appropriated.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the United States assistant treasurer herein provided for, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may appoint the same number of clerks and messengers in his office, and at the same compensation, as is now provided by law for the office of United States depositary in Baltimore; and all unexpended balances of moneys heretofore appropriated, or that may hereafter be appropriated, for the payment of the clerks and messengers in the office of said depositary, shall be applied to the payment of the clerks and messengers appointed in the office of the assistant treasurer under this act.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appropriated and paid, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury in such repairs and additions as may be necessary to put in good condition, for immediate use, the office, rooms, vaults, and safes herein mentioned, and in the purchase of any necessary additional furniture and fixtures, and in defraying any other incidental expenses necessary to carry this act into effect.

Approved, June 15, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No. 82.]

AN ACT to regulate credits to prisoners for good behavior.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That prisoners who are now or who may hereafter be confined in prisons of any of the States, as punishment for crimes of which they have been convicted and sentenced by courts of the United States, shall hereafter be entitled to the same system of credits for good behavior as other prisoners confined in the same prison. And hereafter the act approved March two, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, entitled "An act in relation to persons imprisoned under sentence for offenses against the United States," shall only apply to such persons as are confined in prisons where no credits for good behavior are allowed.

Approved, June 14, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No. 74.]

AN ACT concerning divorces in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in addition to the causes for which the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia may now grant divorces from the bond of marriage, such divorce may be granted for—First. Habitual drunkenness for a period of three years on the part of the party complained against. Second. Cruelty of treatment endangering the life or health of the party complaining. Third. Willful desertion and abandonment by the party complained against of the party complaining for the full uninterrupted space of two years.

Approved, June 1, 1870.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Francois Lacroix vs. Martin Doe.

SEVENTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Parish of Orleans, No. 3150.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed by the Honorable the Seventh District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on SATURDAY, July 30, 1870, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to-wit—

THREE CERTAIN LOTS OF GROUND, together with all the rights, ways, privileges and advantages thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, situated in the First District of this city, designated by the numbers thirty-seven, thirty-eight and thirty-nine, in square number six hundred and one, bounded by Broad, Gravier, Perdido and White streets, on a plan made by Castaing & Celles, architects, on the twentieth March, 1866, and deposited in the office of A. E. Bienvenu, notary public, in this city. Said lots having American measure, the following dimensions, viz: lots numbers thirty-seven and thirty-eight, each thirty-one feet five inches and two lines front on Gravier street, and lot number thirty-nine thirty-one feet five inches and three lines front on Gravier street, all by one hundred and twenty feet in depth. Lot number thirty-nine forming the corner of Broad street.

Being the same property acquired by defendant by purchase from plaintiff, per act before said notary, A. E. Bienvenu, dated eighteenth June, 1866.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS L. MAXWELL,
je28 jy15 30 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

D. S. Macarty vs. Francis Mooney.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans. No. 24,054.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed by the Honorable the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on FRIDAY, July 15, 1870, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, viz—

TWO CERTAIN LOTS OF GROUND, situated in the Second District of this city, in the square number six, bounded by Dumaine, St. Philip, Kerlerec and Dorgenois streets, which lots are contiguous and designated by the numbers one hundred and four (104) and one hundred and five (105) on a plan of G. A. de Armas, surveyor, dated seventeenth of April, 1852, and deposited in the office of Joseph Cuvillier, notary public in this city, and measure each, English measure, thirty feet front on Dorgenois street, by a depth of one hundred and forty-nine feet one inch and four lines; together with the buildings and improvements thereon, and all the rights, ways, privileges and advantages thereunto belonging.

Said lots were acquired by the defendant by purchase from Henry Michel per act passed before Joseph Cuvillier, notary public in this city, on the twenty-seventh of February, 1865.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—This being the second and last auction, the property will be definitely adjudicated to the highest and last bidder, for whatever it will bring, at twelve months' credit, the purchaser furnishing bond, with good and solvent security, bearing eight per cent interest per annum from date, and special mortgage on the property sold until final payment.

Said purchaser shall have to deduct and pay in cash the printing, Sheriff and clerk's fees, etc., which amount to about $260, and furthermore, the State, parish and municipal taxes, the amount of which is not yet ascertained.

THOMAS L. MAXWELL,
je28 jy7 15 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Mrs. C. Abney vs. Alfred Mauroy.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans, No. 24,160.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed by the Honorable the Fourth District Court for the Parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on WEDNESDAY, August 3, 1870, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to-wit—

THE UNDIVIDED ONE-HALF OF FOUR LOTS OF GROUND, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate in the First District of the city of New Orleans, in the square bounded by Tchoupitoulas, Magazine, Julia and Notre Dame streets, and designated as lots numbers, one, two, three and four.

Lot number one measures one hundred and three feet four inches, more or less, front on Julia street (but by an act of sale one hundred feet), ninety-eight feet seven inches on the side line toward number two, and a front on Tchoupitoulas street of twenty-two feet two and a half inches.

Lot number two measures twenty-two feet four inches front on Tchoupitoulas street, by a depth on the line toward lot number one of ninety-eight feet seven inches, and ninety-four feet six inches on the other side line toward Notre Dame street.

Lot number three measures thirty three feet five inches front on Julia street, by a depth of forty-four feet six and a half inches on the line toward lots numbers one and two, and an irregular depth on the other side line, and opening on the rear line of thirty-seven feet six inches

Lot number four measures thirty-three feet nine inches front on Julia street, by a depth of forty-five feet six inches on the line toward Magazine street, and an irregular depth on the line toward lot number three, opening on the rear line, thirty-eight feet.

As will more fully appear by reference to an act passed before William Shannon, notary public in this city, dated the fifteen h November, 1866, purporting to be a sale of said property to defendant by William E. Leverich.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS L. MAXWELL,
jy216 au3 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Mrs. A. M. Jennings, Executrix, vs. John Ridge and Thomas Farrell.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans, No. 23,894.—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Honorable the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on MONDAY, July 25, 1870, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

ONE LOT OF GROUND in the First District of this city, in a triangular portion of ground bounded by Derbigny, Josephine and Melpomene streets, designated as lot number two, which measures twenty six feet eight inches front on Derbigny street, by one hundred feet in depth, between parallel lines.

Being the same property purchased by defendant (Thomas Farrell) from the Carrollton Railroad Company, et al., by act before Selim Magner, notary public, in this city, on the seventh of March, 1866. Also,

ONE UNDIVIDED HALF OF TWO LOTS, on batture of Faubourg Livaudais, Fourth District of this city, in square bounded by Second, Third, Levee streets and Public Landing, designated by numbers one and two, on a plan made by A. Mudesset, architect, on the twenty-sixth of February, 1846, and deposited in the records of G. R. Stringer, late a notary public in this city. Lot number one forms the corner of Levee and Second streets, measuring twenty-five feet seven inches and six lines front on Levee street, by a depth and front on Second street of seventy-five feet, and on line of lot number two of seventy-six feet one inch and three lines, and twenty-five feet five inches and three lines in width in the rear. Lot number two measures twenty-five feet seven inches and six lines front on Levee street, by a width in the rear of twenty five feet five inches and three lines, and a depth on the line of lot number one of seventy six feet one inch and three lines, and on the other side of seventy-seven feet two inches and six lines; acquired by Thomas Farrell from R. Fossein, January 3, 1868. Together with the buildings and improvements on said lots of ground.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS L. MAXWELL,
je22 jy16 24 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

M. A. Winchill and George Palfrey vs. Mary Todd and Margaret Todd, wife of James E. Stephens.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans, No. 23,942.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed by the Honorable the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on MONDAY, July 18, 1870, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

TWO CERTAIN LOTS OF GROUND, situate, lying and being in the Fourth District of this city, in the square bounded by First, Magazine, Camp and Philip streets, measuring each twenty-six feet front on Magazine street, by a depth, between parallel lines, of one hundred and twenty-one feet and one inch, and are composed of the whole of lots numbers fifteen and sixteen and the rear portion of lot number twelve; which lots are described on a certain plan drawn by B. Buisson, Surveyor, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of April, 1842, and deposited for reference in the office of T. Tureaud, late a notary public in this city, and also designated by the same numbers on a plan drawn by T. Petingam, bearing date the seventeenth day of March, 1847, and deposited as plan number fourteen, in the office of G. R. Stringer, late a notary public in this city.

Together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, rights, ways and advantages thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Being the same property which the defendants acquired by purchase from Judah Hart, per act passed before W. J. Castell, notary public in this city, on the twelfth day of October, 1866.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS L. MAXWELL,
je16 30 jy17 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

John Geddes vs. Richard Clague.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE parish of Orleans, No. 24,169.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed by the Honorable the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on SATURDAY, July 30, 1870, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Second District of the city, designated by the number eighteen, of square number thirty-three, which is bounded by Conti, St. Louis, Galvez and Johnson streets, measuring twenty-eight feet six inches front on St. Louis street, by one hundred and four feet, eight inches deep between parallel lines, as per plan drawn by Allen Duffemscourt, late surveyor, dated the sixteenth of July, 1853, and deposited in the office of P. C. Cuvellier, notary public, in this city, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, without exception or reservation.

Being the same property acquired by defendant by purchase from ——, per act passed before ——, notary public, in this city, nated ——, 18—.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS L. MAXWELL,
je29 jy15 30 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

MONITION.

MONITION—MONITION.

UNITED STATES CUSTOMHOUSE, COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, New Orleans, July 1, 1870.

THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED GOODS HAVING BEEN SEIZED FOR VIOLATION OF the Revenue laws, as herein set forth, notice is hereby given that unless the persons claiming the same shall appear and file their claims according to law, within TWENTY DAYS from date hereof, the goods will be advertised and sold at public auction, as prescribed by sections eleven, twelve, thirteen and fourteen, of the act of Congress approved July 18, 1866.

DATE. 1870.	MARKS AND NUMBERS	MERCHANDISE.	VESSEL.	VIOLATION.
April 6	No mark	16 demijohns rum, 500 cigars	Maria	Sec's 21 and 68, Act March 2, 1799
April 7	No marks	16 boxes (1600) cigars, 4 packages cigarettes	Lavaca	Section 68, Act March 2, 1799
April 10	No mark	1 case bitters, 22 bottles	Lavaca	Section 24, Act March 2, 1799
April 16	No marks	1 bundle cigars and cigarettes, 8 boxes (800) cigars	Hanover	Section 68, Act March 2, 1799
April 19	No mark	18 rolls cigarettes	Lord Lovell	Sec's 24 and 68, Act March 2, 1799
April 21	No mark	3 boxes (300) cigars	Lord Lovell	Section 68, Act March 2, 1799
April 21	No mark	22 fire brick	Unknown	Section 68, Act March 2, 1799
April 22	No mark	8 rolls cigarettes	Unknown	Section 4, Act July 18, 1866
April 23	No mark	700 cigars	Beaufort	Sec's 24 and 68, Act March 2, 1799
April 26	No mark	10 boxes (1000) cigars, 9 rolls cigarrettes	Liberty	Section 68, Act March 2, 1799
April 27	No mark	12 Panama hats	Jacinto	Section 68, Act March 2, 1799
May 6	No mark	13 boxes (1300) cigars, 47 rolls cigarettes	Margaret	Sec's 24 and 68, Act March 2, 1799
May 7	No mark	244 cigars	Margaret	Section 68, Act March 2, 1799
May 16	No marks	9 boxes (900) cigars	Cuba	Section 4, Act July 18, 1866
May 17	No mark	2120 cigars	Cuba	Sec's 24 and 68, Act March 2, 1799
May 18	No mark	2300 cigars	Florida	Section 50, Act March 2, 1799
May 25	No mark	3 bags coffee, 330 pounds	Linda	Section 4, Act July 18, 1866
May 28	No mark	1800 cigars	Lavaca	Section 64, Act March 2, 1799
May 30	F & C No. 98	1 case gin, 9 bottles	Princess	Section 68, Act March 2, 1799
June 1	No mark	10 boxes (1000) cigars, 50 rolls cigrrettes	Lucy Willitson	Sec's 24 and 68, Act March 2, 1799
June 17	No mark	97 rolls cigarettes	Margaret	Section 24, Act March 2, 1799
June 26	No mark	14 boxes (1400) cigars	Unknown	Section 64, Act March 2, 1799
June 28	No mark	10 boxes (1000) cigars	Unknown	Section 4, Act July 18, 1866
June 30	No mark	2 boxes (200) cigars, 13 rolls cigarettes	Beaufort	Section 50, Act March 2, 1799

je 2 10 20 JAMES F. CASSY, Collector.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Mrs. Amanda Reynolds vs. Martin Carey

Mrs. Johanne Hayden, wife of Edward Bayles, duly authorized and assisted, vs. the same.

SEVENTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans, Nos. 1502 and 1503.—By virtue of two writs of fieri facias to me directed by the Honorable the Seventh District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the the above entitled causes, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on WEDNESDAY, August 0, 1870, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit: The one undivided half interest of defendant, Martin Carey, in and to

1. A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, and appurtenances thereto belonging, situate in the First District of this city, in the square bounded by Thalia, Melpomene, Liberty and Benton streets, designated as lot number thirteen, on a plan drawn by C. A. Tuedie, architect, dated March 20, 1853, and deposited in the office of T. J. Beck, late a notary public in this city, and measures thirty-one feet three and one-half inches front on Thalia street, by a depth of ninety-six feet, being a portion of the same property which was acquired by defendant Martin Carey, by purchase from Asa Payson, by act passed before William Shannon, notary public in this city, on the eighth of August, 1859.

2. A CERTAIN PORTION OF GROUND, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon and appurtenances thereto belonging, situate in the First District of this city, in the square bounded by Thalia, Melpomene, Liberty and Benton streets, commencing at a distance of sixty-four feet from the corner of Thalia street, and measures thirty-two feet front on Liberty street, by a depth of sixty-four feet six inches, and is composed of the rear portion of the lots numbers eleven and twelve, on the plan hereinabove referred to, being a portion of the same property which was acquired by said defendant, Martin Carey, by purchase from Asa Payson, by act passed before William Shannon, notary public in this city, on the eighth of August 1859

3. A CERTAIN PORTION OF GROUND together with the improvements thereon and appurtenances thereunto appertaining, situated in the same District and square, composed the whole of the lot designated by the number six on a plan drawn by A. Inglehart, dated the sixth of April, 1849, and deposited in the office of W. Christy, then a notary public in this city, as plan number fifty six of Book of Plans No. 2, and the rear portion of a half lot of ground designated by the number six on a plan drawn by George T. Dunbar, late Surveyor of the Second Municipality, deposited in the office of A. Mazureau, a notary public in this city. Said portion of ground measures about thirty-one feet seven inches front on Thalia street; about thirty-two feet seven inches in width in the rear, by about one hundred and fifteen feet in depth.

The lot designated by the number six, on the plan in the office of W. Christy, late a notary as aforesaid, was acquired by the said defendant Martin Carey, by purchase from Carl Kohn, by an act passed before Paul Fossier, a notary public in this city, on the tenth of April 1852, and the lot designated as the number "six," on the plan in the office of A. Mazureau, a notary public in this city, as aforesaid, was acquired by the said defendant Martin Carey, by purchase from Henry Cassidy, by an act passed before said W. L. Poole, notary public in this city, on the twenty-third November, 1850, all of said property being community property, and belonging to said defendant Carey, and his deceased wife, Bridget Cais, the whole being liable for the judgment herein rendered.

Seized in the above suits.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS L. MAXWELL,
jy9 16 au10 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

B. F. Wire vs. Mrs. C. McGuire.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARish of Orleans, No. 23,253.—By virtue of an alias writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Honorable the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on MONDAY, July 25, 1870, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, No. 143 St. Joseph street, situate, lying and being in the First District of the city, in the square bounded by St. Joseph, Julia, Magazine and Camp streets, designated as number four, on a plan drawn by L. Surgi, late surveyor, dated twenty-eighth of May, 1848, and deposited in the office of Philip Lacoste, late a notary public in this city, a copy of which is annexed to an act before P. C. Cuvellier, notary public in this city, dated thirtieth January, 1862. The said lot measuring, in American measure, thirty-one feet ten inches front on St. Joseph street, by ninety-one feet in depth, between parallel lines, with the use of an alley on the side next to Magazine street, opening on St. Joseph street, five feet in width; being the same property which the defendant acquired from Mrs. Margaret Hickey, wife, separated from bed and board of M. Gernon, per act passed before William J. Castell, notary public in this city, dated seventeenth July, 1866.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS L. MAXWELL,
je22 jy10 24 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Robert Schell vs. George C. Bogert.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE parish of Orleans, No. 1678.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed by the Honorable the Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on SATURDAY, July 30, 1870, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

THREE CERTAN LOTS OF GROUND, together with all the rights, actions, ways, privileges and advantages thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining, situate in the Second District of this city, in the square bounded by St. Peter, Broad, Orleans and Dorgenois streets, designated by the numbers three, four and five, on a plan made by Castaing & Celles, architects, on March 21, 1866, and deposited in the office of A. E. Bienvenu, notary public in this city, as plan No. 66.

Said lots adjoin each other, and measure each, in American measure, thirty-one feet eight inches and four lines front on each of St. Peter and Orleans streets, by one hundred and fourteen feet one inch and two lines in depth, between parallel lines; being the same property acquired by the defendant from Daniel Sullivan, by act passed before E. Kuhn, notary public, in this city, dated the fourteenth day of February, 1868.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS L. MAXWELL,
je29 jy15 30 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Chester Bisbee, Administrator of the Estate of Mrs. Evelina L. Green vs. Mrs. Louisa A. Kendall.

SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, PARish of Jefferson, No. 2685.—By virtue of a pluries writ of seizure and sale to me directed by the Honorable the Second Judicial District Court, parish of Jefferson, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on SATURDAY, July 23, 1870, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to-wit—

TWO CERTAIN LOTS OF GROUND, situate in the city and parish of Jefferson, designated by the numbers one and two, of square comprised within Magazine, Bordeaux, Live Oak and Lyon streets, on a plan drawn by W. T. Thompson, late Surveyor, dated thirteenth May, 1850, and deposited in the office of H. B. Cenas, late a notary public in New Orleans.

Lot number one forming the corner of Magazine and Bordeaux streets, and measures thirty feet front on the former, by one hundred and twenty-four feet in depth, and front on the latter.

And lot number two measures seventy-two feet six inches front on Magazine street, by one hundred and twenty-four feet in depth, between parallel lines.

Together with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

Being the same property acquired by the defendant by purchase from the succession of E. L