dred and sixty-seven, entitled "An act to punish illegal voting in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," and joint resolution approved March twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, entitled a "joint resolution relative to the payment of expenses incurred by the judges of election for the cities of Washington and Georgetown, District of Columbia," be, and the same are hereby amended so as to prevent any officer or employe of the corporation of said cities of Washington and Georgetown, from serving either as a judge or commissioner of election; and no person who is a candidate for office at the time shall serve as judge or commissioner of election.

Approved June 21, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No. 94.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act fixing the compensation for the bailiffs and criers of the courts of the District of Columbia," approved February twenty-two, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act the marshal shall pay to each bailiff and crier who shall be required to attend upon the district, circuit, [and] criminal courts of the District of Columbia, three dollars and fifty cents for each day such bailiff or crier shall attend upon either of said courts.

Approved June 21, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No. 95.]

AN ACT relating to the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the several general terms and special terms of the circuit courts, district courts, and criminal courts authorized by the act approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, entitled "An act to reorganize the courts in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," which have been or may be held, shall be, and are declared to be, severally, terms of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia; and the judgments, decrees, sentences, orders, proceedings, and acts of said general terms, special terms, circuit courts, district courts, and criminal courts heretofore or hereafter rendered, made, or had, shall be deemed judgments, decrees, sentences, orders, proceedings, and acts of said Supreme Court: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall affect the right of appeal as provided by law.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the supreme court of the District of Columbia shall hereafter consist of a chief justice and four associate justices; and for this purpose there shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an additional justice of said court, with the like powers, to take the same oaths, to perform the same duties, and to receive the same salary, as the other associate justices of the court.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That whenever, at a session of the court in general term held by four of the justices, the court shall be equally divided in opinion upon the question involved in any cause argued or submitted to the court, such division of opinion shall be noted upon the minutes of the court; and thereupon, and within four days thereafter, either party in such cause may file with the clerk of the court a motion in writing to have such cause reargued before the five justices; and such reargument or rehearing shall be had as soon thereafter as conveniently may be.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all the powers and jurisdiction by law now held and exercised by the Orphan's Court of Washington county, in the District of Columbia, shall hereafter be held and exercised by the justice holding the special term of the said supreme court for that purpose, subject always to the same provisions as are contained in the fifth section of the act of Congress entitled "An act to reorganize the courts in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-three.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the orphans' court of Washington County, District of Columbia, be, and the same is hereby, abolished; and all laws and parts of laws relating to said orphans' court, so far as the same are applicable to said supreme court, are hereby continued in force in respect to said supreme court, and all other laws and parts of laws relating to said orphans' court are hereby repealed. Provided, however, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to abolish the office of register of wills for said county.

Approved June 21, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No. 97.]

AN ACT to establish the Department of Justice.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That there shall be, and is hereby, established, an executive department of the government of the United States, to be called the Department of Justice, of which the Attorney General shall be the head. His duties, salary, and tenure of office shall remain as now fixed by law, except so far as they may be modified by this act.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be in said department an officer learned in the law, to assist the Attorney General in the performance of his duties, to be called the Solicitor General, and who, in case of a vacancy in the office of Attorney General, or in his absence or disability, shall have power to exercise all the duties of that office. There shall also be continued in said department the two other officers learned in the law, called the assistants of the Attorney General, whose duty it shall be to assist the Attorney General and Solicitor General in the performance of their duties, as now required by law.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That from and after the time when this act takes effect, the solicitor of the treasury and his assistants, the solicitor of internal revenue, the solicitor and naval judge advocate general, who shall hereafter be known as the naval solicitor, and the clerks, messengers, and laborers employed in the office of the Attorney General, and in the offices of the solicitor of the treasury, naval solicitor, and solicitor of internal revenue, and the law officer in the Department of State, now designated as the examiner of claims in said department, shall be transferred from the departments with which they are now associated to the Department of Justice; and said officers shall exercise their functions under the supervision and control of the head of the Department of Justice.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That questions of law submitted to the Attorney General for his opinion, except questions involving a construction of the Constitution of the United States, may be by him referred to such of his subordinates as he may deem appropriate, and he may require the written opinion thereon of the officer to whom the same may be referred; and if the opinion given by such officer shall be approved by the Attorney General, such approval so indorsed thereon shall give the opinion the same force and effect as belong to the opinions of the Attorney General.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Attorney General deems it necessary, he may require the Solicitor General to argue any case in which the government is interested before the Court of Claims; and as to cases coming by appeal from the Court of Claims to the Supreme Court of the United States, it shall be the duty of the Attorney General and Solicitor General to conduct and argue them before that court as in other cases in which the United States is interested. And the Attorney General may, whenever he deems it for the interest of the United States, conduct and argue any case in which the government is interested, in any court of the United States, or may require the Solicitor General or any officer of his department to do so. And the Solicitor General, or any officer of the Department of Justice, may be sent by the Attorney General to any State or district in the United States to attend to the interests of the United States in any suit pending in any of the courts of the United States, or in the courts of any State, or to attend to any other interests of the United States; for which service they shall receive, in addition to their salaries, their actual and necessary expenses while so absent from the seat of government, the account thereof to be verified by affidavit.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That whenever a question of law arises in the administration, either of the War or Navy Department, the cognizance of which is not given by statute to some other officer from whom the head of either of these departments may require advice, the same shall be sent to the Attorney General, to be by him referred to the proper officer in his department provided for in this act, or otherwise disposed of as he may deem proper; and each head of any department of the government may require the opinion of the Attorney General on all questions of law arising in the administration of their respective departments.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the duties enjoined upon the Auditor of the Postoffice Department by the fourteenth section of the act entitled "An act to change the organization of the Postoffice Department, and to provide more effectually for the settlement of the accounts thereof," passed July two, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, shall hereafter be performed by some officer of the Department of Jurtice, to be specially designated, under the direction of the Attorney General, who shall also have the care of prosecutions for mail depredations and penal offenses against the postal laws.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the Attorney General is hereby empowered to make all necessary rules and regulations for the government of said Department of Justice, and for the management and distribution of its business.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the several officers hereinbefore transferred from the other departments to the Department of Justice shall hold their respective offices until their successors are duly qualified; and the Solicitor General, and whenever vacancies occur, the assistants of the Attorney General, and all the solicitors and assistant solicitors mentioned in this act, shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. All the other officers, clerks, and employes in the said department shall be appointed and be removable by the Attorney General.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the following annual salaries shall be paid to the officers hereinbefore mentioned: To the Solicitor General, seven thousand five hundred dollars; to each of the assistants of the Attorney General, five thousand dollars each; to the solicitor of the internal revenue, five thousand dollars; and to the other officers the salaries and fees now allowed by law; and the Attorney General shall be allowed a stenographic clerk, with an annual salary of two thousand dollars, and he may appoint three additional clerks of the fourth class.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That all moneys hereafter drawn out of the treasury upon the requisition of the Attorney General, shall be disbursed by such one of the clerks herein provided for the Attorney General as he may designate; and so much of the first section of the act making appropriations, passed March three, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, as provides that moneys drawn out of the treasury upon the requisition of the Attorney General shall be disbursed by such disbursing officer as the Secretary of the Treasury may designate, is hereby repealed.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Attorney General to make an annual report to Congress, in January each year, of the business of the said Department of Justice, and any other matters appertaining thereto that he may deem proper, including the statistics of crime under the laws of the United States, and, as far as practicable, under the laws of the several States.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the superintendent of the treasury building shall provide such suitable rooms in the treasury building as may be necessary to accommodate the officers and clerks of the said department, or, to the extent that that may be found impracticable, to provide such rooms in some other building in the vicinity of said treasury building.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the Attorney General may require any solicitor or officers of the Department of Justice to perform any duty required of said department or any officer thereof; and the officers of the law department, under the direction of the Attorney General, shall give all opinions and render all services requiring the skill of persons learned in the law, necessary to enable the President and heads of the executive departments, and the heads of bureaus and other officers in such departments, to discharge their respective duties; and shall, for and on behalf of the United States, procure the proper evidence for, and conduct, prosecute, or defend all suits and proceedings in the Supreme Court of the United States and in the Court of Claims, in which the United States, or any officer thereof, is a party or may be interested. And no fees shall be allowed or paid to any other attorney or counsel[l]or at law for any service herein required of the officers of the Department of Justice.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That the supervisory powers now exercised by the Secretary of the Interior over the accounts of the district attorneys, marshals, clerks and other officers of the courts of the United States, shall be exercised by the Attorney General, who shall sign all requisitions for the advance or payment of moneys out of the treasury, on estimates or accounts, subject to the same control now exercised on like estimates or accounts, by the First Auditor or First Controller of the Treasury.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That the Attorney General shall have supervision of the conduct and proceedings of the various attorneys for the United States in the respective judicial districts, who shall make report to him of their proceedings, and also of all other attorneys and counsel[l]ors employed in any cases or business in which the United States may be concerned.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Secretary of either of the executive departments to employ attorneys or counsel at the expense of the United States; but such departments, when in need of counsel or advice shall call upon the Department of Justice, the officers of which shall attend to the same; and no counsel or attorney fees shall hereafter be allowed to any person or persons, besides the respective district attorneys and assistant district attorneys, for services in such capacity to the United States, or any branch or department of the government thereof unless hereafter authorized by law, and then only on the certificate of the Attorney General that such services were actually rendered, and that the same could not be performed by the Attorney General, or Solicitor General, or the officers of the Detorpartment of Justice, or by the district attneys. And every attorney and counsel[l]or who shall be specially retained, under the authority of the Department of Justice, to assist in the trial of any case in which the government is interested, shall receive a commission from the head of said department, as a special assistant to the Attorney General, or to some one of the district attorneys, as the nature of the appointment may require, and shall take the oath required by law to be taken by the district attorneys, and shall be subject to all the liabilities imposed upon such officers by law.

SEC. 18. And be it further enaced, That the Attorney General shall from time to time cause to be edited and printed an edition of one thousand copies, at the Government Printing Office, of such of the opinions of the law officers herein authorized to be given as he may deem valuable for preservation, in volumes which shall be as to the size, quality of paper, printing, and binding, of uniform style and appearance, as nearly as practicable, with the eighth volume of said opinions, published by Robert Farnham, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, which volumes shall contain proper head-notes, a complete and full index, and such foot-notes as the Attorney General may approve. Such volumes shall be distributed in such manner as the Attorney General may from time to time prescribe.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy.

Approved June 22, 1870.

[PUBLIC—No. 98.]

AN ACT to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to issue a register to the schooner "Cavallo Marino."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorised to issue a register to the schooner "Cavallo Marino," a vessel now lying in the harbor of Indianola, Texas, and owned by Samuel Marx.

Approved, June 22, 1870.

## MEDICAL.

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SWEET QUININE IS A RECENT IMPROVEment; replaces the use of the Bitter Sulphate Quinine, with which all are familiar. Dose for dose, it is warranted fully equal in every way to Bitter Quinine, and like it, is the one

GREAT, POSITIVE AND UNFAILING CURE

For all diseases of malarious origin.

FEVER AND AGUE,
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CHILL FEVER,
REMMITTENT FEVER,
BILLIGUS FEVER.
DUMB AGUE,

And the long train of disorders following these when neglected.

SWEET QUININE

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Of the Back and Womb.

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And relieve the Head, Back and Loins of those distressing pains and aches.

Will check

**Menorrhagia or "Excessive Flow."**

Will cure

"WHITES"

And Falling of the Womb, when it is the result of relaxation or bad health.

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## CORPORATIONS.

CHARTER.....CHARTER.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans, }

Be it known, that on this second day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the ninety-fourth; before me, William Joseph Castell, a notary public, in and for the parish of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, duly commissioned and qualified, and in the presence of the witnesses hereinafter named, and undersigned, personally came and appeared, Patrick Irwin, Archibald Montgomery, Hugh McCloskey, Adam Thomson, Edward Conery, John Henderson, Thomas McKenna, Thomas Fitzwilliams, Edward Burke, William Hart, Nicholas Burke and Thomas Gilmore, of this city, and the parties whose names are hereunto subscribed:

Who declared that, availing themselves of the provisions of the act entitled, "An Act relative to banks, the establishment of a general system of Free Banking, in the State of Louisiana, and the duties of Auditor and Treasurer, in relation thereto, approved on the fourteenth day of March, 1870, they have agreed, and do by these presents agree and bind themselves, and those they represent, to form themselves into, and constitute an association or corporation for the objects and purposes hereinafter specified, and under the stipulations following, to-wit:

ARTICLE I.

The corporate name of the association shall be the HIBERNAN BANK OF NEW ORLEANS.

ARTICLE II.

This association is formed for a period of twenty years.

ARTICLE III.

The object of this association is to carry on the business of banking by discounting bills, notes and other evidences of debt, receiving deposits, buying and selling gold and silver coin, bullion, bills of exchange, real estate; loaning money on real and personal security, and to exercise all such incidental powers as now are or may be hereafter authorized by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The place of business and legal domicil of said association, shall be the city of New Orleans.

ARTICLE V.

The capital stock of this association shall be five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000), divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars ($100), each, ten per cent of which shall be payable at the signing thereof, ten per cent every thirty days thereafter until the whole is paid up.

Should any subscriber neglect to pay punctually his or her share, or installment of his or her share or shares, as they fall due, the subscriber shall be charged interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum therefrom till paid.

Any subscriber neglecting or refusing to pay the installment or installments within the delay of ninety days after the time fixed for the payment of the same and in the manner aforesaid, the Board of Directors, after thirty days' notice, shall declare the same forfeited to the Bank, including all previous payments that may have been made thereon.

The capital stock of this Association may hereafter be increased to any sum not exceeding one million dollars ($1,000,000), divided into shares of one hundred dollars ($100) each, whenever such increase shall be authorized by two-thirds of the stockholders, and provided thirty days' notice of the same shall have been given in two newspapers published in the city of New Orleans, within which time stockholders shall have the privilege of taking additional shares in proportion to the number of shares held by them respectively.

Shares not taken at the expiration of said time may be sold by the Board of Directors at not less than par for the benefit of the association.

ARTICLE VI.

This association shall commence operation after the payment of the second installment of the capital stock by the shareholders, or when one hundred thousand dollars ($100,0000) are paid in.

ARTICLE VII.

The device and seal of the association shall be an Irish harp with "Hibernia Bank of New Orleans" engraved around it.

ARTICLE VIII.

All powers of the association shall be vested in a board of directors, consisting of twelve persons, each of whom shall at all times hold in his own right at least twenty-five (25) shares of the stock of this association.

ARTICLE IX.

On the third Monday of January, 1871, and annually thereafter, an election of directors by the stockholders shall be held at the banking house of the association.

A majority of votes then and there given shall elect.

Previous notice of at least thirty (30) days of said election shall be given in at least two newspapers published in New Orleans.

ARTICLE X.

The following named persons are hereby chosen, and shall compose the first Board of Directors, to serve until superseded by the new board, to be elected on the third Monday of January, 1871:

| | |
|---|---|
| Patrick Irwin, | Archibald Montgomery, |
| Hugh McCloskey, | Adam Thompson, |
| Edward Conery, | John Henderson, |
| Thomas McKenna, | Thomas Fitzwilliam, |
| Edward Burke, | William Hart, |
| Nicholas Burke, | Thomas Gilmore. |

ARTICLE XI.

The Board of Directors shall, at their first meeting, elect one of their members to be president, and one to be vice-president of the association.

Provided, said president and vice-president receive not less than a majority of the votes of the whole board.

All citations or other legal process shall be served on the president or, in his absence, on the vice-president.

The duty of the president shall be to preside at all meetings of the board, and in case of absence or inability to preside, the vice president shall preside, and in case of his absence or inability to act the directors may elect, from their number, a president pro tempore, who shall, for the time being, exercise the full powers of the president or vice president.

ARTICLE XII.

The number of directions necessary for discounting notes and drafts, and purchasing bills of exchange, and for the transaction of general business, shall be determined by the general by-laws of the association.

ARTICLE XIII.

The Board of Directors shall have full power to make by-laws, appoint all officers of this association, and fix their salaries.

That said appointments be made annually, and held subject to removal at the pleasure of the board.

They shall fix the security to be given by the officers respectively.

They may also change the by-laws whenever the interest of the association demand it, and appoint agents within and out of the State, under rules to be prescribed by the board.

ARTICLE XIV.

The Board of Directors, after paying all the expenses of the association, shall, twice or oftener in each year, if the ppotits of the business justify it, declare and pay such dividends out of said profits as they may deem expedient.

Notice of the same shall be published in at least two newspapers published in the city of New Orleans.

ARTICLE XV.

The Board of Directors shall have power to fill any vacancy that may occur in the board.

ARTICLE XVI.

Vacancies in the Board of Directors may be declared in consequence of death, resignation, defalcation, insolvency or absence without leave for ninety consecutive days.

ARTICLE XVII.

Every transfer of any share or shares of capital stock shall be made on the books of the association, and shall be signed by the shareholder or his attorney, but no stockholder shall have the right to transfer his stock unless his matured obligations to the bank are paid or secured.

ARTICLE XVIII.

The Board of Directors may close the transfer book as often as convenience may require, but for no longer than ten consecutive days at any one time.

ARTICLE XIX.

No certificate of stock shall be issued unless all the installments have been paid in full.

ARTICLE XX.

The failure, from any cause, to elect directors on the day when such election should have been held, shall not dissolve the association.

The directors then in office shall hold over, but it shall be their duty to appoint another day for such election, notice of which shall be given as provided in article nine, until the election shall have been held.

ARTICLE XXI.

Each shareholder shall be entitled directly or by proxy, at all elections for directors, or on any matter, at any meeting of the stockholders, to one vote upon each share, provided no stockholder shall vote in his own name over one (100) hundred votes, and provided also, that after the first election he shall have owned the stock at least three months previous to voting.

ARTICLE XXII.

Every election of directors of this association shall be by ballot and conducted by three inspectors to be appointed by the board, at least one week prior to any election. No two partners shall be eligible at the same time, as directors of this bank, nor shall a director of any other bank, or his partner, be a director of this bank.

ARTICLE XXIII.

A majority of all the directors elected may provisionally accept any additional power or privilege that may hereafter be conferred on this association, either by amendment under the act by which it was formed, or by any new act or enactment, and may amend these articles of association; but the final adoption and acceptance of such additional power or privileges shall be by a vote of the stockholders in the manner provided by law.

ARTICLE XXIV.

The president and cashier shall sign all contracts, notes, certificates of stock and evidences of debt of this association.

ARTICLE XXV.

Minutes of all proceedings by the board of directors shall be kept by the cashier, and certified to by the president or vice-president.

ARTICLE XXVI.

The liquidation of the affairs of the association shall be made by three commissioners, elected by the stockholders at a meeting convened for that purpose, after thirty days previous notice in, at least, two newspapers published in the city of New Orleans, each commissioner to be a resident of the State, and not indebted to the association.

At such meeting stockholders may cede to such commissioners all power necessary to the liquidation of the affairs of the association, may fix their term of office, limit the period for liquidation, fix their compensation, define their duties, and the manner in which said commissioners may be removed and their term of office renewed.

ARTICLE XXVII.

The stockholders shall not be responsible for losses or damages incurred by said association beyond the amount of capital stock held or owned by him or her respectively.

Thus done and passed in my office, at New Orleans aforesaid, the day, month and year first above written, in the presence of Lawrence McCormack and Harris Murphy, witnesses, of lawful age, domiciliated in this city, who hereunto sign their names with the parties, and me, the said notary, after the reading of these presents.

| | Shares. | | Shares. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Patrick Irwin | 100 | Edward Burke | 100 |
| A. Montgomery | 25 | Adam Thomson | 50 |
| Hugh McCloskey | 110 | Smith & McKenna | 55 |
| John Henderson | 100 | John McWhirter | 5 |
| William Hart | 50 | E. Conery | 50 |
| John Douglas | 50 | Nicholas Burke | 50 |
| Thomas Markey | 10 | Edward Sweeney | 50 |
| J. H. Williams | 50 | Thomas Gilmore | 25 |
| Martin Glynn | 10 | J. H. Nicholson | 25 |
| Mrs. John Gauche, per M. Dietrich | 100 | John Pasley | 50 |
| J. L. Levy | 10 | Thomas H. Shields | 5 |
| William Goldenbow, Joseph Kelly | 5 | Joseph Kelly | 5 |
| Martin Finnerty | 10 | L. M. Hausen | 5 |
| Thomas Gill | 5 | Charles Strahan | 25 |
| Frank McGloin | 5 | James Keating | 5 |
| W. C. Madden | 10 | P. Dwyer | 20 |
| William Massey, per J. A. Blaffer | 50 | Dominick Madden | 20 |
| T. Fitzwilliam | 50 | J. A. Blaffer | 20 |
| John H. Ihley | 3 | C. Schneider, per J. A. Blaffer | 10 |
| B. O'Connell | 5 | Charles Strahan | 10 |
| Ferdinand Marks | 10 | E. M. Houghton | 10 |
| George McCloskey | 5 | Small & Co. | 25 |
| Irby, McDaniel & Co. | 50 | Richard McCloskey | 5 |
| George W. Dell | 50 | John Hennessy | 10 |
| Joseph Donaldson | 10 | C. Kohn | 10 |
| N. J. Estera | 10 | Christian Mehle | 50 |
| S. Hopkins, Jr. | 20 | Samuel Gilmore | 5 |
| Michael Hahn | 50 | John A. Gilmore | 1 |
| James Dwyer | 5 | Henry Thole | 10 |
| Miss Heloise E. Freret per G. J. Freret | 2 | Daniel Lonegan | 5 |
| P. Halpin | 10 | Patrick Coyle | 5 |
| B. J. Berkery | 10 | John A. G. Fisher | 15 |
| Charles H. Heck | 10 | Jose Domingo | 25 |
| Susan W. McConnell per P. F. H | 10 | Simon Haber | 15 |
| Nicholas A. Baumgarden | 20 | Charles Picasants | 10 |
| Louis Stein | 10 | P. F. Hoxie | 10 |
| Jane L. Brand | 20 | William Creevey | 10 |
| E. J. Springbett | 5 | Margaret Haughery per N. Burke | 50 |
| M. Wheelahan | 5 | F. Roder | 10 |
| George Heck | 20 | John M. Bach | 5 |
| Peter C. Mandel | 20 | Peter Glaser | 20 |
| John F. Simpson | 2 | J. T. Gibbons | 20 |
| Thomas McDermott | 10 | James Timory | 5 |
| John G. Fleming | 10 | N. R. Pepin | 20 |
| Mrs. J. H. Nicholson | 25 | Thomas Mangan | 5 |
| Thomas Hasan | 20 | James Moulton | 5 |
| D. Urban | 25 | David McCoard | 10 |
| Thomas O'Neill | 50 | Catherine O'Connor, per Wm. Creevy | 5 |
| Morris L. Lawrence | 3 | John L. Vincent | 25 |
| Claude Florance by Benjamin Florance | 2 | Robert Cary | 25 |
| John J. Carey | 5 | Paul F. Tricou | 5 |
| Richard S. Venables | 30 | Benjamin Florance | 5 |
| W. N. Buddendorff | 10 | John G. Ong | 5 |
| William Conway | 5 | L. F. Barrett | 2 |
| Henry J. Budington | 10 | Hugh Cassidy per L. Dwyer | 5 |
| Joel J. McGinnis | 50 | J. A. Douglas | 10 |
| McIntyre & Applegate | 10 | G. B. Ittman | 50 |
| William Joyce | 2 | Edward S. Wurzburger | 10 |
| Mrs. Marian B. Jones | 15 | John R. O'Connor | 5 |
| I. H. Lengsfield | 15 | John McGinty | 20 |
| W. G. James | 10 | Michael Lyons | 5 |
| Thomas G. Rapier | 2 | Matt McEnerny, by T. G. Rapier | 2 |
| Benj. Albertson, Sr. | 5 | Mrs. Mary Doban, per Hackett | 10 |
| J. J. Barton | 7 | Thomas P. McDavitt | 20 |
| Henry T. Washington | 5 | B. T. Walshe | 10 |
| John B. James | 10 | J. McCaffrey & Co. | 10 |
| James M. Foster | 50 | Almira Bach, per J. C. Bach | 5 |
| Miner W. Smith | 4 | Joseph Cooper | 25 |
| James Hagan | 5 | Joaquin Marambell | 5 |
| Joseph Torres | 10 | Wm. Maynard Todd | 5 |
| John O'Reilly, by N. Burke | 3 | S. J. Flatlow | 10 |
| A. J. Fitzpatrick | 10 | Thomas Dunn | 25 |
| P. Harnan | 10 | J. O'Brien | 4 |
| John P. Casey | 15 | J. Avet | 20 |
| Maunsuel White, Jr. | 20 | James Buckley | 6 |
| G. M. Parker | 10 | John O'Neil | 10 |
| Richard H. Hooper | 5 | John Daly | 5 |
| Edward Prophet | 10 | John Henderson, Jr. | 5 |
| C. Connell | 20 | E. Regney, for Atlantic Insurance Co. | 100 |
| Henry Gormly | 20 | P. B. O'Brien | 50 |
| Ephraim McDonnell | 10 | Jacinto Bunot | 10 |
| Andrew Downey | 5 | W. P. Sinnott | 15 |
| K. Sherry | 20 | John G. Ryan | 10 |
| Felix Saron | 10 | Thomas Sefton | 10 |
| Mrs. Teresa J. Sewell | 10 | C. A. Miltenberger | 10 |
| Michael T. Golden | 10 | C. A. Miltenberger, Jr | 1 |
| Fred Del Bondio | 50 | Henry A. McGregor, by C. A. Miltenberger | 5 |
| G. F. Miller | 10 | John Saddler | 10 |
| Robert Pringle | 10 | James McFeeley | 15 |
| C. Taylor Gauche | 5 | S. K. Russ | 3 |
| Mrs. X. Gauche, per C. Taylor Gauche | 5 | Mrs. E. W. Brown, by C. A. Miltenberger | 5 |
| Mrs. Mary L. Steele, by G. F. Miller | 10 | Joseph Hanlon | 20 |
| J. H. Phelps | 5 | Michael Egan | 10 |
| John Ward | 10 | Samuel McClelland | 10 |
| M. L. Feehan | 5 | Hay & Mehle | 5 |
| James Coyle | 10 | A. F. Wrotnoski | 10 |
| T. Lee Shute | 2 | Wm. D. Henderson, by John Barkley | 5 |
| James Reynolds | 10 | J Davidson & Hill | 50 |
| Mrs. A. F. Wrotnoski | 5 | —— Malier | 2 |
| John Barkley | 10 | Folger & Co. | 10 |
| John P. Nobles | 2 | John McNulty | 50 |
| Thomas Mulligan | 10 | E. Boumeing | 3 |
| Delgado & Co. | 10 | D. Moriarty | 20 |
| M. Duffy | 10 | H. Herbst | 4 |
| John S. Tweney | 2 | Patrick Norton | 5 |
| Jennie Ellen Carey, per R. Carey | 10 | Charles H. Dolsen | 5 |
| Mary A. Van Houten, per C. L. VanHouten | 2 | Simon Maher | 5 |
| Charles F. Buck | 5 | Charles Picasants | 10 |
| J. H. Maloney | 20 | George Oakes | 1 |
| George Rice | 5 | Thomas Beecham | 15 |
| Mrs. Louisa Castell | 1 | M. J. Nugent | 2 |
| Thomas Anderson | 10 | E. S. Keep | 10 |
| Gab Schwartz | 25 | Lawrence Hart | 10 |
| Gustave Kohn | 5 | R. M. Buford | 5 |
| John & J. Lockhart | 20 | C. Roselius | 50 |
| E. J. Hart & Co. | 10 | James E. Zunts | 10 |
| L. B. Cain | 25 | Mrs. Ella Hamilton, per J. D. Hamilton | 10 |
| H. & C. Tyler | 10 | F. F. Frans, per Mr. McCloskey | 30 |
| A. D. Grieff | 10 | Lawrence Dowling | 10 |
| W. E. Murphy | 20 | Jules Cassard | 10 |
| L. R. Simmons | 5 | Rosenberg, Scherck & Berkson | 10 |
| P. J. McGrath | 15 | McCloskey, Bigley & Co. | 10 |
| P. Gannon | 5 | Richard Flower | 10 |
| Francis Johnson | 5 | Marie Rapier | 10 |
| Martin McCormack | 5 | H. B. McMillan | 10 |
| Behan & Thorne | 25 | Joseph Ellison | 10 |
| Patrick Keenan | 5 | Mrs. B. A. Grethouse | 5 |
| C. B. Keep | 2 | Michael L. Suther | 5 |
| James Cook | 2 | J. B. Cotton | 5 |
| C. Reilly | 5 | John Purcell | 5 |
| Margaret Ann Garvey | 10 | Emile Gamet per J. Bouduc | 5 |
| P. Blake | 20 | Peter O'Donnell | 20 |
| Boyle J. Henderson | 10 | Louis Schneider | 10 |
| Henry Bensel, Jr. | 5 | Mrs. Lydia M. Clark, per John Henderson | 50 |
| J. Bouduc | 10 | Mrs. Kate Kelly, per John Henderson | 5 |
| Bridget Kelly, per J. Bouduc | 5 | H. T. Vennard | 10 |
| Robert Strong | 10 | L. L. Levy | 5 |
| Evelina Pujos | 10 | Kasper Auch, Jr., per John Henderson | 10 |
| Thomas L. Maxwell | 20 | Jean Bertein | 15 |
| Kasper Auch | 30 | J. H. Keller | 10 |
| Mrs. S. A Houghton, per J. Henderson | 5 | William L. Cushing | 10 |
| M. McAuley | 25 | W. H. Cantzou | 5 |
| Noemie L. Freret | 5 | Patrick Farrelly | 5 |
| A. F. Olmstead | 3 | James J. Tarleton | 2 |
| H. W. Olmstead | 3 | John Farrell | 10 |
| A. Robinson | 40 | Glynn & Wintz | 20 |
| L. Macready | 10 | James B. Sinnott | 5 |
| W. N. Rogers | 5 | Edward Dore | 10 |
| John B. Fox, per W. H. Cantzou | 5 | Chas. G. Southmayd per T. R. Southmayd | 5 |
| John C. Rogers | 10 | D. Brady | 5 |
| P. McCann | 10 | B. F. Peters | 7 |
| Ann Canby | 10 | T. A. Lulling, per Emile Hermann | 50 |
| Mrs. A. Sinnott | 10 | Melicert Archinard, per A. Archinard | 1 |
| E. M. Rusha | 10 | D. Galbraith | 10 |
| Block Brothers | 10 | P. Comfort | 5 |
| Hull & Briggs | 10 | Edward Hayden | 2 |
| T. Moroney | 5 | James Murphy, per William Dillon | 10 |
| John B. Henderson | 2 | P. Newhall | 20 |
| Edward Watson | 10 | W. A. Smith | 2 |
| John L. Adams & Co. | 10 | Mrs. Catherine Burke, per John Henderson | 2 