153

NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

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VOLUME IV—NO. 87. NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN, SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1870. WHOLE NUMBER 1029.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE NEW EL DORADO, 59 ST Charles street, the most popular and enjoyable Concert Hall in New Orleans; Mr. B. R. Warner, Manager; open every night. Look at this array of talent: Miss Alice Mitchell, comic songs and facy dances; Mlle. Sarah, slack wire performer; Sandy Dolan, Ethiopian, Dutch and Irish comedian; Tony Benton, Irish character, vocalist and comedian; Master St. George, the accomplished clog dancer; Professor Cooke, characteristic vocalist. Admission twenty-five cents; said ticket good for refreshments. The bar will be always supplied with the finest brands of imported liquors. je25 1m

WANTED.

WANTED--SOME TEN COMPETENT MALE Teachers for public schools in a neighboring parish. Address lock box 522, New Orleans Postoffice, stating full name, number and street of residence, if in the city, and postoffice address if in the country. jy29

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE to sell the AMERICAN KITTING MACHINE, the only practical Family Knitting Machine ever invented. Price, $25. Will knit 20,000 stitches per minute. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE COMPANY, Boston, Massachusetts, or St. Louis, Missouri. ap29 3m ltaw

WANTED.—AGENTS—$75 to $200 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $13. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1000 for any Machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; Boston, Massachusetts, or St. Louis, Missouri.

CAUTION.—Beware of all agents selling Machines under the same name as ours, unless they can show a certificate of agency signed by us. We shall not hold ourselves responsible for worthless Machines sold by other parties, and shall prosecute all parties either selling or using Machines under this name to the fullest extent of the law, unless such Machines were obtained from us or our agents. Do not be imposed upon by parties who copy our advertisement and circulars, and offer worthless Machines at a less price. ap29 3m ltaw

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—THE DESIRABLE TWO-STORY Residence 159 Calliope street, between St. Charles and Camp streets, with all the modern improvements. Rent moderate. Cars running to and from Canalstreet, and only ten minutes walk to Canal street. Apply at 157 Calliope street. je21

ROOMS AND BOARD.—A NUMBER OF pleasantly situated and well furnished rooms to rent, with or without board, at No. 177 Lafayette street, between Baronne and Carondelet streets. myl 3m

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD. For families or gentlemen, at 240 Gravier street, between Franklin and Liberty. je9

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ABOUT 10,000 ACRES OF THE best sugar lands, situated in the parishes of Lafourche, St. James and Assumption, between the Mississippi river and Bayou Lafourche, near College Point and Thibodaux, three miles from Morgan's New Orleans and Texas Railroad, and about the same distance from the Chattanooga Railroad.

The owner being anxious to dispose of these lands would sell the whole or only a portion at an extremely low figure.

For further particulars apply to H. M. ROBINSON, Real Estate Agent, 22 and 24 Commercial Place. jy24

FOR SALE.—A SPLENDID SUMMER RESIdence, situated in the town of Biloxi, fronting the sea shore. This place has a grove of sweet orange trees, yielding from 60,000 to 100,000 oranges annually; also peach, plum, fig and cherry trees; a magnificent wharf and bath-house, everything in perfect order. For particulars address lock box No. 77, Postoffice, New Orleans. jy16 1w

FOR SALE.—A PLEASANT AND VALUAble property in Lewisburg, two hours run from New Orleans; cottage house, out-houses, wharf and bath-house, and spacious grounds. Will be sold very cheap. For price and terms apply to George H. Penn, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, No. 33 Exchange Place, room No. 18 second floor, or to Captain Robert S. Kirk, Mandeville, Louisiana. jy16 tf

FOR SALE—A NEAT FRAME COTTAGE AND three large lots, with stable and outbuildings, in the Sixth District, two squares from St. Charles avenue; front aside. House built by present owner of best material, by the day. Large garden stocked with great variety of fruit trees. Will be sold at a bargain and on reasonable terms, on account of immediate departure. Enquire at this office, or of Captain W. G. HODGES, United States army, corner of Camp and South streets. jy9

FOR SALE—ON REASONABLE AND ACcommodating terms.—A splendid Sea Shore RESIDENCE, situated in the town of Biloxi, near the Lighthouse. For price and conditions of sale, apply to G. DE FERIET, Auctioneer, je12 Office 50 Royal street.

FOR SALE.—ABOUT ELEVEN THOUSAND ACRES, in different tracts, of the finest Sugar lands in the State. A large portion of these lands is covered with magnificent forests of red cypress, and portions are near the river, Morgan's Texas Railroad, and the line of the Chattanooga and Texas Railroad—contiguous to an inexhaustible market for lumber and wood—and are very valuable. The whole, or an interest, will be disposed of at extremely low rates, as the owner is about leaving the State in consequence of ill health. For full particulars apply to Colonel J. O. Nixon, No. 106 Gravier street, up stairs, corner Bank place, between the hours of nine and eleven o'clock A. M., or to Messrs. Davis & Freret, Real Estate Agents, No. 35 St. Charles street, or to Mr. Placide J. Spear, No. 46 Exchange Place. my6

LOST.

NOTICE—LOST OR MISLAID—CHECK NO. 660 of the Merchants' Bank of New Orleans, on Messrs. Tallant & Wilde, San Francisco, California, dated September 14, 1869, and payable to the order of Mrs. Frances Salmont, for two hundred dollars.

Payment of the above having been stopped, the public are cautioned against negotiating for the same. je29 jy18 30

BOARDING.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

196 .....Camp Street.....196

EDWARDS HOUSE.

Very pleasant, cool, and well ventilated rooms with excellent board, at very reasonable summer prices. Also a few transient and day boarders accommodated. je21 3m.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

COPARTNERSHIP.—MR. C. H. HYAMS HAS this day been admitted a partner in our house. The firm heretofore carried on in the name of Thomas Janney & Co., will be continued under the name of Moore, Janney & Hyams.

THOMAS JANNEY,
ROBERT MOORE.
New Orleans, July 19, 1870. jy20 10t

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF CAMMACK & Hyams is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. C. H. Hyams is charged with the liquidation of the business of the firm.

MORGAN CAMMACK,
C. H. HYAMS.
New Orleans, July 19, 1870. jy20 10t

NOTICE.—I WILL CONTINUE THE BROKERage business in my own name and for my own account at No. 25 Carondelet street.

MORGAN CAMMACK.
New Orleans, July 19, 1870. jy20 10t

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership, under the name and style of PACKWOOD BROTHERS & CRIPPEN, for the purpose of carrying on the business of the late firm of WILLIAM H. HENNING & CO., at Nos. 95 and 97 Camp street.

R. T. PACKWOOD,
G. H. PACKWOOD,
J. H. CRIPPEN.
New Orleans, Louisiana, July 1, 1870. jy1 30t

NOTICE—THE FIRM OF WILLIAM H. HENNING & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. W. H. HENNING retires from said firm. The remaining partners assume all liabilities of the late concern.

W. H. HENNING,
R. T. PACKWOOD,
J. H. CRIPPEN.
New Orleans, July 1, 1870. jy1 30t

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. The partnership heretofore existing between W. K. Spearing and J. A. Patmor, under the style and name of W. K. Spearing & Co., is herewith dissolved by mutual consent. W. K. Spearing continues the business from this day, for his own account and in his name.

New Orleans, June 28, 1870. jy14 3teod

STOLEN.

STOLEN—FROM THE RESIDENCE OF THE undersigned, during the year 1868, the following certificates:

1. A CERTIFICATE of thirty shares of the Bank of New Orleans, to the name of P. L. Bernard.
2. A CERTIFICATE of twelve shares of the Bank of New Orleans, to the name of P. L. Bernard.

Application has been made for new certificates.

P. L. BERNARD,
Corner St. Louis and Rampart streets.
ap7 2tam 6m

RAILROADS.

TRAVELERS, ATTENTION!

THE NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN.

AND

MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL RAILROADS,

Run their Passenger Coaches and Baggage Cars, their combined length without change.

The 7 A. M. Train,

Makes close connections for Vicksburg, Memphis, St. Louis, Chicago, Louisville, and all points beyond. Sleeping cars at night, Canton to Grand Junction and Humboldt.

The 4:15 P. M. Train,

Makes close connections with Lightning Express trains, to all points NORTH, EAST and WEST. Carries the great Northern Mail.

Time to New York, 70 Hours.

New and elegantly fitted up Sleeping Cars run through to Humboldt, Tennessee, Cleveland, Tennessee, and Louisville, Kentucky.

Express Train South arrives at 2:40 A. M.
Mail Train South arrives at 11:05 A. M.
Ticket office, Galveston, Iron Building.
Ticket Offices, New Orleans, Corner Camp and Common streets, and at Depot.

T. S. WILLIAMS, General Superintendent;
J. B. MOREY, General Ticket Agent, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad.
E. D. FROST, General Superintendent;
D. B. MOREY, General Ticket Agent, Mississippi Central Railroad.
S. W. SCOTT, General Passenger Agent.
jy22 3m

NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

Office of the General Superintendent, New Orleans.

TO EXCURSIONISTS:

Regular Fare is Five Cents Per Mile.

Excursion tickets good to go on Saturday night, and return on Sunday, or on Monday, at or before 11:05 A. M., are furnished at the following rates:

Kenner and return	50
Frenier and return	$1 15
Manchac and return	1 90
Pontchatoula and return	2 40
Tickfaw and return	2 90
Amite and return	3 40
Tangipahoa and return	3 90
Osyka and return	4 40
Magnolia and return	4 90
Summit and return	5 40
Brookhaven and return	6 40

For Sunday excursion tickets see advertisement.

J. B. MOREY, General Superintendent.
General Ticket Agent.

P. S.—Passengers who buy tickets in the cars will be charged twenty-five cents extra. All station offices will be open for the sale of tickets one-half hour before the departure of trains. jy20 23

NEW ORLEANS,

JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD

Excursion Tickets to Magnolia and Intermediate Stations,

On and after SUNDAY, July 17, Excursion Tickets good on the seven A. M. train North on Sunday, and on trains South, arriving in New Orleans at 2:40 A. M., and 11:05 A. M., Monday following, will be sold at following rates:

New Orleans to Kenner, and return free	50
New Orleans to Frenier, and return free	$1 25
New Orleans to Manchac, and return free	1 90
New Orleans to any station between Manchac and Magnolia, and return free	2 00
New Orleans to Magnolia and return free	2 00

Tickets good on Saturday evening train at one regular fare to go and return on Sunday and Monday following.

T. S. WILLIAMS,
jy15 8d4t General Superintendent.

PASSENGERS GOING EAST,

VIA LOUISVILLE OR CAIRO.

Should purchase Tickets by the

ERIE AND ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

Forming the best and most comfortable Line to New York, Boston and Northern and Atlantic cities, with magnificent Palace Combined Day and Night Coaches, through to New York without change.

Three Lightning Express Trains Daily.

This is the only Line from Cincinnati to New York under one management; the only Line from Cincinnati to New York without break of gauge; the only Line whose trains run through to New York without change; the only Line running coaches through without using compromise wheels; the only Line running Palace Broad Gauge Coaches through without change.

If you desire prompt time and certain connections, finest scenery on the Continent, most comfortable cars in the world, most magnificent dining halls and ample time for meals, and the safest, best and most comfortable route, go to New York by the

Erie and Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

Tickets by this Line for sale at all tickets offices through the South.

WILLIAM R. BARR,
General Passenger Agent, New York.
W. B. SHATTUC,
General Southern Agent, Cincinnati, Ohio.
fe2 1y

TO THE EAST.....TO THE EAST

Via Louisville and Ohio and Mississippi Railway.

The completion of the Louisville Division of this road, and the splendid equipment for passenger travel, makes this the

BEST ROUTE TO CINCINNATI,

AND

ALL POINTS EAST AND NORTHEAST.

THREE TROUGH TRAINS DAILY,

With direct connections from the south for Cincinnati

WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

Be sure and ask for tickets via Louisville and the Ohio and Mississippi Railway, for sale at all principal ticket offices in the South, and in Louisville at the General Office of the Company, corner Fourth and Main streets, also at Galt House and Louisville line and Willard Hotels.

N. B.—Tickets to Cincinnati and points East, via this line, are good on mail line steamers, and Mail line tickets are good on this road.

CHARLES E. FOLLETT,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Louis.
J. L. GRISWORD,
General Superintendent, St. Louis.
THOMAS DORWIN,
jy5 1y General Southern Agent, Louisville.

BANKS AND BANKING.

RICHARD C. BOND,

(T. F. FISHER).

STOCK AND NOTE BROKER.

162 .....Common Street.....162.
jal1 1y

ST. CHARLES LOAN OFFICE.

15.....St. Charles Street.....15

ST. L. DESTEZ,

SUCCESSOR OF A. MARCHAND.

Money loaned on furniture, clothing, jewelry, diamonds, etc. ap2 1y

SPECIE AND EXCHANGE OFFICE

OF

BRUNO & WARNER,

145 Gravier Street, near St. Charles.

Pay the highest prices for all kinds of American and Foreign GOLD, SILVER, BULLION and PAPER MONEY.

Buy and sell GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and COMMERCIAL NOTES. Draw SIGHT and TIME DRAFTS on New York, and all the principal cities of Europe, in sums to suit. de19 1y

BAKERS.

PREMIUM BAKERY.

O. M. REDON, PROPRIETOR.

131 Rousseau street, Fourth District.

This long established Bakery continues to vindicate its right to the name. The FIRST PREMIUM FOR WHITE BREAD was awarded to Mr. Redon at the Fair of 1870, being the third mark of distinction of this kind received by him in four years.

His superior Steamboat Bread is famous wherever it has been used.

Especial attention given to making Cakes, Pies, Crackers, etc., and furnishing orders on short notice. ap29 6m

OUR IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO GERMANY.

Extent of Our Commercial Interest in the War.

We copy this from the New York *Tribune:*

The statistics contained in the following statements supply information which must prove of the highest interest, by showing the extent to which our commerce will be interrupted if the French-German conflict continues, and the German ports are blockaded:

IMPORTS.

Our imports from the States in the Zollverein, which embraces nearly all Germany, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, amounted to $21,569,988, and were received from the following States in the quantities given:

Prussia	$11,586,576
Saxony	5,660,384
Bavaria	1,897,314
Other German States	2,425,714
Total	$21,569,988

These imports were received in the following quantities through the ports of the countries named:

England	$1,803,631
Bremen	10,243,934
Hamburg	4,876,220
France	170,248
Belgium	1,103,256
Holland	396,151
Not specified	6,498
Total	$21,569,988

The principal items in these imports are given in the following table:

IMPORTS.

Books	$279,201
Bristles	171,584
Buttons	289,757
Analine	52,418
Cotton hosiery	2,522,232
Laces	684,202
Cotton sundries	110,223
Clothing	815,090
Embroideries	146,298
Beads	374,890
Pipes	101,778
Toys	216,156
Dolls	126,614
Furs, undressed	146,553
Furs, dressed	410,323
Furs, hatters'	342,686
Glass	377,531
Hops	333,686
Iron, manufacturers'	68,710
Penknives	133,326
General cutlery	75,432
Steel sundries	235,815
Pig lead	546,046
Calfskins, tanned	323,078
Skins, tanned, all upper leather	107,610
Gloves	177,390
Musical instruments	272,326
Paintings	167,450
Writing paper	89,745
Paper sundries	125,350
Pencils	104,066
Velvets	596,155
Ribbons	636,458
Dress and piece goods	276,206
Laces	167,436
Silk	713,707
Spirits and wines	421,656
Willow ware	125,863
Cloths	3,342,612
Woolen sundries	436,924
Shawls	60,560
Hosiery	134,953
Woolen and worsted yarns	325,383
Worsted sundries	161,890
Women's dress goods	851,127
Webbings	663,555
Zinc	100,583

EXPORTS.

Our exports to Germany during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1869, amounted to $39,427,403 (including gold), and appear in the official returns as having been divided as follows—the ports of Bremen and Hamburg, as will be seen, being the great distributing points for all Germany:

Prussia	$949,138
Hamburg	15,190,798
Bremen	23,284,467
Total	$39,427,403

Cotton, petroleum, lard and tobacco are the chief products we sell to Germany, but as there is a large indirect trade in these and other commodities, transacted through the English markets, the figures below do not represent the full extent to which we find purchasers in Germany for our productions. The following table gives the value of the principal products which we export to Germany:

	EXPORTED. Hamburg.	Bremen.
Bark	27,392	24,150
Indian corn	45,211	13,734
Rice	224,260	260,971
Copper, pig, etc	255,766	.....
Cotton	1,792,347	11,335,231
Dye woods	273,413	157,710
Furs	177,689	63,904
Gold (bullion)	1,623,469	39,200
Gold (coin)	4,167,131	721,380
Silver (bullion)	3,007,033	.....
Silver (coin)	248,934	.....
Hides	76,290	55,199
Muskets and rifles	134,092	257,935
General machinery	129,933	3,493
Sewing machines	377,006	.....
Rosin and turpentine	156,697	246,423
Petroleum (benzine)	8,961	.....
Petroleum (crude)	29,677	113,373
Petroleum (refined)	2,572,431	24,369
Beef	139,745	.....
Lard	340,677	1,059,678
Tallow	91,400	14,653
Tobacco (manufactured)	39,637	102,954
Tobacco (unmanufactured)	269,134	4,730,900
Whalebone	119,145	192,726

SHIPPING.

The number of vessels and their tonnage which cleared for German ports in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, was as follows:

	American Vessels.	American Tons.	Foreign Vessels.	Foreign Tons.
To Prussia	2	606	42	11,707
To Hamburg	3	1,894	96	144,842
To Bremen	24	31,836	241	271,057
Total	29	34,236	379	427,606

The number of vessels and their tonnage, entered during the same time, was as follows:

	American Vessels.	American Tons.	Foreign Vessels.	Foreign Tons.
Prussia	..	...	2	334
Hamburg	..	...	97	155,338
Bremen	16	30,971	187	242,924
Total	16	30,971	286	409,026

FRANCE.

Our exports to France during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1868, amounted to $45,945,864, of which $43,386,384 was to Atlantic, and $2,559,480 to Mediterranean ports. Our imports from France amounted to $26,921,951, of which $3,444,815 was to Atlantic and $3,477,136 to Mediterranean ports. The tonnage was as follows:

	ENTERED. American Tons.	Foreign Tons.	CLEARED. American Tons.	Foreign Tons.
France on the Atlantic	64,923	71,673	114,512	73,523
France on the Mediterranean	11,365	9,753	27,649	4,086
Total	76,438	85,336	140,161	77,609

Southern Germany.

The New York *Commercial Advertiser* says:

Advices thus far received from Europe leave but little doubt that the Confederate States of Middle Germany will side with Prussia in the coming conflict with France. This will be an acquisition of no little importance to Frederick William. These States comprise Bavaria, Wurtemberg, Baden, Hesse, and Lichtenstein, numbering in all nearly ten millions of people. Bavaria has a population of about five millions. Her permanent army numbers fifty thousand, and her army of reserve thirty thousand. Wurtemburg has a population of one million eight hundred thousand. Her army on a peace footing numbers fourteen thousand one hundred and fifty men; on a war footing thirty-four thousand four hundred. The population of Baden is about one million souls. The army, while on a peace footing, numbers between seven and eight thousand men; exceeds twenty thousand on a war footing. Hesse has a population of about a million people, and some eight thousand troops. Litchtenstein has eight hundred thousand souls, but no army. Assuming that these States act in accord with Prussia, the population of the two great belligerent powers will be about the same.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

The following decisions were rendered by the Supreme Court, on Monday last, at Monroe. We copy from the Monroe *Intelligencer:*

By Chief Justice Ludeling.—Isam J. Sims vs. Parish of Jackson. Appeal from Eleventh District Court, parish of Jackson. Judgment of the lower court affirmed.

William M. Sale vs. J. A. May, Tax Collector. Appeal from the Parish Court, parish of Bienville. Judgment o the lower court avoided, and judgment rendered dismissing the suit.

B. C. Frazier vs. N. J. Sandin, District Attorney et al. Appeal from the Eleventh District Court, parish of Claibone. Judgment of the lower court reversed and suit dismissed.

W. R. Ward vs. D. B. Douglass Sheriff et al. Appeal from the Fourteenth District Court, parish of Morehouse. Julgment of the lower court avoided and reversed, and injunction perpetuated. Mr. Justice Howe dissenting.

Pinckard, Steele & Co. vs. William Hampton. Appeal from the Fourteenth District Court, parish of Richland. Judgment of the lower court affirmed.

State of Louisiana ex rel. S. Belden, Attorney General and John R. Clay vs. O. C. Blandin. Appeal from the Eighth District Court, parish of Orleans. Appeal dismissed.

By Justice Taliaferro—E. Landers vs. T. H. Tuggle. Appeal from the Eleventh District Court, parish of Claiborne. Judgment of the lower court annulled, avoided and reversed, and the case remanded to be tried on the plea of prescription.

A. P. Murphy vs. Smith & Nicholson and R. P. Dawson, sheriff. Appeal from the Eleventh District Court, parish of Claiborne. Judgment of the lower court affirmed.

A. S. Hathcock vs. Elbert Gray. Appeal from the Eleventh District Court, parish of Claiborne. Judgment of the lower court affirmed.

Tutorship of the minor Mattie E. Davis; account of tutrix, and opposition thereto, of Mattie E. Davis and Eugene Soniat, executor. Appeal from the Parish Court, parish of Morehouse. Judgment of the Parish Court annulled, avoided and reversed. Amount decided to be due the emancipated minor, Mattie E. Davis, $1339 85.

William G. Ashley vs. L. G. Sholars. Appeal from the Eleventh District Court, parish of Jackson. Judgment of the lower court affirmed.

D. R. Carroll & Co. vs. Chamberlain & Hardy. Appeal from the parish Court, parish of Ouachita, on rehearing. Parish Court declared to be without jurisdiction, and case ordered to be reinstated on the docket of the District Court. C. J. Ludeling recused.

By Justice Wily.—M. J. Miller, vs. J. H. Wisner, Sheriff, et al. Appeal from the District Court, parish of Ouachita. Judgment of the lower court affirmed.

Nelson Morris vs. Gentry Warren. Appeal from the Eleventh District Court, parish of Claiborne. Appeal dismissed.

Pierre A. Dubuys vs. P. A. and W. W. Farmer. Appeal from the Fourth District Court, parish of Ouachita. Judgment of the lower court affirmed.

State of Louisiana ex rel. Simeon Belden vs. F. C. Mahan. Appeal from the Eighth District Court, parish of Orleans. Appeal dismissed.

H. H. Heard vs. Joel R. Wynn. Appeal from the Thirteenth District Court, parish of Richland. Judgment of the lower court affirmed.

By Justice Howe.—H. Block & Co. vs. Varner, Bridger & Co. Appeal from the Twelfth District Court, parish of Caldwell. Judgment of the lower court affirmed.

L. Titche vs. Amanda M. Lee, administratrix and executrix. Appeal from the Twelfth District Court, parish of Franklin. Judgment of the lower court, so far as it is a personal one against Amanda M. Lee, avoided and reversed; in all other respects affirmed.

F. M. Smith, administrator, vs. J. A. Coon, administrator. Devolutive appeal from the Fourteenth District Court, parish of Ouachita. Judgment of the lower court reversed.

Bank of New Orleans vs. James M. Frantom. Appeal from the Fourteenth District Court, parish of Ouachita. Judgment affirmed.

Bres & O'Brien vs. S. C. & J. A. Cowan, R. Faulk, intervenor. Appeal from the Fourteenth District Court, parish of Ouachita. Judgment of the lower court affirmed.

Thomas H. Brown vs. A. H. Brown, James W. Wilson, administrator intervenor. Appeal from the Eleventh District Court, parish of Claiborne. Judgment of the lower court avoided and reversed and cause remanded for a new trial.

C. A. McCay, wife, vs. James W. Boatner, husband, et al. Appeal from the Fourteenth District Court, parish of Morehouse. Judgment of the lower court reversed, and plaintiff decreed to be the possessor of certain lands in her own right.

Succession of J. P. Bitzer, deceased, account of administrator and opposition of Bell, tutor, to account. Judgment of the lower court amended so as to decree to W. W. Washburne, the tutor of the minor Ida Bitzer, the sum of $2700 as her pro rata share.

On Tuesday, Mr. Justice Taliaferro delivered the decision in the case of A. McCranie vs. J. & J. Murrell. Judgment of the lower court affirmed.

Washington Dispatches.

We copy the following special dispatches from Washington, July 19, to the St. Louis *Democrat:*

AMERICAN NEUTRALITY PROCLAMATION.

Our government has not yet received official notification of the existence of war, but the President has had under consideration the question of issuing a neutrality proclamation, and will probably put it in shape before leaving the city, so it can be issued if occasion arises. He has already sent neutrality instructions to some of our agents abroad.

PRIVATE PROPERTY ON THE OCEAN.

The State Department has received notice from the King of Prussia that his ships will not seize private property on the ocean. This insures the safety of the French line of steamers, and persons here are advised that departures will be made on the days advertised, until further notice. The last one of the Bremen steamers that left New York, having on board Samuel Bowles and other Americans, reached Southampton at noon to-day. Her passengers for Germany will have to go forward to their destination on English steamers, unless Napoleon follows Bismarck in exempting private property from seizure.

THE FOREIGN MAIL.

The Postmaster General has made arrangements to send our foreign mail by the English lines, without any increase of rates, though they have doubled their rates for freight. No offer to carry the mails has yet been made by any American company, though assertions to this effect have been put out by the New York papers. They will be restored to the North German lines, if Napoleon takes such action as will render that course safe.

ANOTHER EXPLORATION OF THE COLORADO RIVER.

Major Powell, the Colorado river explorer, leaves in a day or so for Illinois, on his way to make another run through the canons. He has received such encouragement from the War Department and a promise of aid from the military posts in Colorado as will enable him to make a very thorough summer and fall exploration. One of the appropriation bills contained an item of $1200 for his benefit.

RAISING WOMEN'S SALARIES.

Effect was to-day given to a recent act of Congress, authorizing the appointment of women to clerkships at the same rate of pay men receive. Two ladies in the Treasury Department, who have long held responsible positions, were this afternoon put on duty at $1200.

THE COURTS.

Eighth District Court.

State of Louisiana ex rel. Francis Feray vs. Hugh J. Campbell, State Land Register.—In this case Judge Dibble rendered the following decision, on the eighteenth instant:

This is an application for a mandamus to compel the Register of the State Land Office to enter certain tracts of public lands. The petitioner avers that the relator in his own behalf, and as agent for other persons named, applied to the respondent to enter various tracts of land described, but that the respondent refused to comply with his request. He avers that it is the duty of the Register to so permit him to so enter the said land upon his complying with certain forms, which has been done.

The respondent makes return that the mandamus ought not to issue, because the law regulating the duties of his office expressly vests him with discretionary powers in the premises. He specially avers that the relator did not and has not furnished the necessary affidavits and evidence prerequisite to the entry of the land desired by him.

A large amount of testimony was taken on trial, enabling me to see clearly the propriety of the view I have taken.

The law under which the relator proceeds is found in section fourteen of an act to reorganize the Land Office, etc., approved March 16, 1870. It reads as follows:

SEC. 14. Be it further enacted, etc., That the public lands donated by Congress to the State of Louisiana, which are subject to regular tidal overflow, designated as "swamp or overflowed lands," within the intent of the several acts of Congress relating thereto, which have been approved to the State of Louisiana by the general government, as swamp and overflowed lands, shall be subject to entry at the rate of twenty-five cents per acre; provided, That satisfactory proof be filed with the register of the State land office, that any land sought to be purchased under the provisions of this section is subject to regular tidal overflow.

The controversy between these contestants arose from the fact that the respondent refused to enter the lands sought by relator because, he alleges, he was not satisfied with the proof presented. The section above recited certainly vests the Register with discretionary power to determine the sufficiency of the proof offered. He insists that he can not be controlled in this discretion by judicial process.

It is the general rule laid down in the books that the writ will not go to an officer charged with a public duty to compel him to do an act when the law vests him with discretionary power. This rule was broadly stated in the case of Louisiana College vs. State Treasurer, 2d La. 394. There the court say that the officer can not be compelled to do an act contrary to his opinion when the law says that opinion is the guide he must follow. But, perhaps, this rule has, and should have its exceptions. The discretion vested in ministerial officers should not be considered arbitrary; it should be a judicial discretion. Our constitution provides that the courts shall remain open to the citizens of the State, who shall have adequate remedy for injury to their lands, persons or reputations. It therefore seems the better doctrine that a ministerial officer might be compelled by writ of mandamus to perform an act, though the law has vested him with discretion, if he has exercised that discretion in an arbitrary and unwarrantable manner, and the complainant has no other adequate remedy.

But the evidence I have examined does not make out such a case. It appears that this respondent had been but recently appointed when this difficulty occurred. He found, or believed that he had found irregularities in the manner of entry and sale of swamp lands. The usual form of application and affidavit upon which the office had been accustomed to enter lands did not seem sufficient to him. He, therefore, deliberated and got up a new blank, with a view to requiring stricter proof of the condition of the lands sought. This additional caution seems to be justified by the evidence of irregularities in the office offered by the respondent.

Soon after the respondent was appointed, this relator applied to him to enter and purchase the several tracts described in his petition. This application was made in the form, and was accompanied by the affidavit formerly used. The Register declined to act at once; subsequently he required the use of the new form, and the production of the additional proof thought by him to be necessary. The relator was dissatisfied, and sought relief in this court.

There was no irregularity shown in the proceedings of relator. It is simply his misfortune to have offered proof which he had reasonably supposed would be sufficient, but which proved not to be so, by reason of the change I have detailed. But it is not a case for mandamus against the respondent, who seems to have a desire to act in the best interests of the State.

It is therefore ordered, adjudged and decreed, that the peremptory writ of mandamus be refused at relator's costs.

Suit for Damages.

William Hickord vs. Richard Behan.—In this case, plaintiff alleges that on the fourteenth of April, 1870, Arthur Behan, the minor son of Richard Behan, struck and thrust the sharp point of a pair of scissors into the right eye of William Hickord, petitioner's son, by which the eye was put out, although he had the best medical attendance. It is alleged that the sufferings of the boy were very intense, and fears were entertained that he would also lose the other eye. For this the plaintiff claims in his own person, damages in the sum of $5000. Petitioner further claims, in right of his injured son, the sum of $10,000 damages, making the full amount of $15,000, for which he asks judgment.

VALUABLE IMPROVED REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION BY THE SHERIFF.—Particular attention is called to the sale at auction to be made this day at noon, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, by the Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans. Said sales comprise:

1. Four lots of ground, with the buildings and improvements thereon, known as the Delta warehouse, situated in the First District, in the square bounded by Fulton, Lafayette, Front and Girod streets.

2. Two lots of ground, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the late parish and city of Jefferson, on Magazine street, between Bordeaux and Lyon streets. One of the said lots forms the corner of Bordeaux and Magazine streets.

Also, at the same hour and place, the unexpired term of the lease of the premises No. 523 Magazine street, between Felicity and St. Mary streets.

For full particulars and terms see advertisements.

REAL ESTATE AND STOCKS AT AUCTION.—Messrs. Nash & Hodgson, auctioneers, will sell, at twelve o'clock M. to-day, at the St. Charles Auction Exchange, for account of the succession of E. G. Bridge, thirty-five shares Louisiana State Bank stock, ten shares Mechanics and Traders' Insurance Company stock; for account of the succession of H. & C. Rehm, one cottage and lot on Sixth street, between Laurel and Annunciation streets; for account of the succession of Michael Moran, cottage house and lot on Palmyra street, between Priear and Johnson streets. For full particulars see the advertisements.

The Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans sells at auction this day at ten o'clock A. M. all the furniture and movable effects contained in the premises situated at the corner of Canal and Baronne streets, First District.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS

FUNERAL OF THE FRENCH MINISTER

THE PRUSSIAN MINISTER ATTENDED IT

"There is no War After Death."

NEW ROUTE TO THE PACIFIC

MONTREAL TO BRITISH COLUMBIA

Confession and Execution of a Murderer

LONE STARS LEAVE FOR ST LOUIS

DIPLOMATIC AGENTS OF FRANCE

Circular from Minister Foreign Affairs

SKIRMISHING ON THE FRONTIER

BOLD DASH OF A GERMAN SOLDIER

The Prussian Line of Defense

FROM COBLENTZ ALONG THE RHINE

Domestic and Foreign Markets

WASHINGTON.

Internal Revenue Receipts Yesterday—Sheridan Sails on the Cuba for Europe—Refusal to Exempt North German Steamers from Capture—No War After Death.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Internal revenue receipts to-day, $675,000.

The Prussian minister, Baron Gerolt, attended M. Paradol's funeral to-day.

General Sheridan sails on the Cuba to observe the European war.

Official advices have been received that the French government refuses to exempt the North German steamers from capture; except those ignorant of the war entering French forts.

Responding to an invitation from the French minister, Berthemy, reaching him through Secretary Fish, to attend M. Paradol's funeral, Baron Gerolt, Prussian Minister, replied: "Certainly, there is no war after death."

NEW YORK.

Death of the Austrian Consul General—Governments Firmer, with Improved Demand—Excitement in the Gold Room. Southerns Nominally Unchanged—Sudden Drop in Gold—Marked Absence of Panic Reports.

NEW YORK, July 22.—General C. De Loasey, Austrian Consul-General, is dead.

Evening—Money closed easier. Exchange almost nominal. Governments opened firmer with improved demand. During the afternoon strong and higher. Sixes of 1881, with coupons, 112½; 62s, 108⅝; 64s, 108⅝; 65s, 108⅝; new, 107½; 67s, 107⅝; 68s, 107¾; 10-40s, 106½.

The gold room was the scene of considerable excitement this morning. The market opened at a very early hour strong at 119½. At this juncture advices from London were more favorable, consols being quoted at 90¾; 5-20 bonds at 82. This was the signal for a ruch to sell gold, under which the market declined suddenly to 18. Later in the day London telegrams quoted a reaction in securities, consols falling to 90, and 5-20 bonds to 81.

This started the market on an upward turn, and the price advanced to 19¾. During the afternoon the gold room was quite lively. There was a sudden drop in the price to 18½ on reports being received from Europe that Napoleon was too sick to go to the front. To-day, there has been a marked absence of any reports of panics at London and Frankfort, but, on the contrary, bonds are higher there, and better feeling prevails. Gold closed weak at 118½ @ 118⅝.

Southern securities opened heavy. During the afternoon almost nominal, closing nominally unchanged. Tennessees 62¼, new, 60; Virginias 60, new 60; Louisianas 65, new 64; levee 6s 65, 8s 87; Alabama 8s 98, 5