New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

NEW ORLEANS, SEPTEMBER 10, 1870.

THE NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN

HAS THE

LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY REPUBLICAN PAPER IN THE SOUTH.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

May be had of the following dealers:

George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.

A. Simon, No. 94 Exchange Alley.

C. C. Haley, No. 19 Commercial Place.

E. G. D. Holle, No. 61 Exchange Place.

James Ennis, Pontchartrain Railroad depot, Third District, also at depot foot of Lafayette street, First District.

John Schafer, corner of Ninth and Constance streets.

J. W. Long, corner of Love and Enghein streets, Third District.

E. S. Marks, opposite Jefferson market, Sixth District.

W. R. Dirks, No. 34 Annunciation street.

The Democrats hold their primary elections in the several wards to-day.

The Baton Rouge packet St. John leaves at five this afternoon.

Morning services will be resumed at Straight University to-morrow. Preaching by Rev. Professor Tucker.

Independence Lodge No. 23, I. O. O. F., will give a grand festival to-morrow and Monday, at the Fair Grounds.

A private dispatch informs us that Hon. Thomas W. Conway, Superintendent of Public Education, will arrive here on Sunday.

Bids will be opened on the twenty-sixth of September, at twelve o'clock M., by the Mayor of the city for $50,000 consolidated bonds.

Hon. Anthony Sambola, editor of the *Heptasoph*, while recently angling in the Merrimac river, hooked up a large tablespoon.

Mr. Charles A. Baquie, a highly educated and intelligent colored man, has been appointed assistant entry clerk in the New Orleans Customhouse.

Governor Warmoth has appointed Jesse Key Justice of the Peace for St. James parish, and Prince King and G. F. Roman deputy constables for the same parish.

The new Red river steamer Fontenelle, Captain John Shaw and clerk John Brooks, leaves for Jefferson and Shreveport at five this evening.

A Brussels dispatch says Napoleon surrendered only after receiving a message from Trochu that such a step would relieve the country and strengthen the cause.

That was a huge tape-worm spoken of by Mr. McKnight in his card in another column. Dr. Lockwood, whose office is at 230 Carondelet street, persuaded the thing to leave the patient.

Charles Clinton, Esq., United States Assistant Treasurer, arrived home yesterday, after a visit of several weeks in the North and Northwest. Like most of our returned tourists, he is greatly improved in health and appearance.

George P. Carr, Parish Judge of St. John the Baptist, has been indicated by Governor Warmoth to perform the duties of Supervisor of Registration in place of J. Kennedy, Registrar for Concordia parish, who is disabled by sickness.

The Democrats of Caddo parish have nominated Dr. J. S. Wise, of Greenwood, and J. C. Moncure and Aleck Boorman, of Shreveport, as candidates for the Legislature, Judge David Cresswell for Parish Judge, Colonel T. R. Vaughn for Sheriff, and J. W. Arnold for Coroner.

We had a call last evening from Captain R. W. Francis, and his associate, Mr. Wilson, of the Terrebonne *Patriot*. Captain Francis has been absent some time, and returns with the determination to make the *Patriot* one of the best country papers in the South. He can do it.

The *Courier-Journal* says that a negro man who was beat before a Republican convention in New York, was offered a situation as nurse in a small-pox hospital. Even this is better than the Democrats would do, for they would not allow him to enter the hospital as a subject much less as a nurse.

The New York *World* is using its ten editors and four power presses to prove that a man can vote ten times in New York without running any risk of punishment from the law of Congress. All that we say is just what the old darkey said at the baptising, "Somebody will get hurt at this kind of foolin'."

The Rapides *Gazette* says cotton picking has already commenced in that parish, and that some of the planters declare that a visitation of the caterpiller at this time would be a great auxiliary, the growth being so rank and the foliage so dense that the pickers can hardly get through it. From all accounts the cane crop is a splendid one.

We have received complimentary tickets to the second grand railroad excursion and promenade concert, to-morrow, on the New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga railroad, to Live Oak and Magnolia Grove, twenty-one miles from the city. The excursion and concert are under the auspices of the Benevolent Association of Louisiana, for the benefit of their tomb fund.

The Vermont State election was held on the sixth instant. The result is the election of the entire Republican State and Congressional tickets. The Senate is almost unanimously Republican. In the first Congressional district an effort was made to defeat Willard for Congress, by running another Republican, but Willard was elected by a handsome majority.

Mr. Simeon Toby, New Orleans freight agent for the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railway, gives notice, in another column, that the system heretofore in use, of delivering freight by means of the transfer company, has been abolished. Hereafter freight will be delivered at the depot, after payment. Consignees will receive a notification of the amount of freight, and by settling at the main office, on Camp street, will receive orders for the delivery of the freight. All over charges, damages, or deductions of any kind will be settled at the main office before delivery.

THE REPUBLICANS AND THE CAMPAIGN.

We understand that the wisest members of the Republican party recommend that the present campaign be conducted with as little fuss and noise as possible. Parading through the streets in torch light processions and making night hideous with coarse yells and shrieks are not very convincing or calculated to impress an intellectual man with the justice of a cause. The effectual discipline promoted by the club organizations is in itself an element of strength superior to any bonfire tactics for which the Democracy are so famous. Besides the clubs afford protection to their members, shield them to a great extent from personal violence, and are a great safeguard against imposition at the polls.

The Republican party of the parish of Orleans is now in a thorough state of organization. This will be kept up till the election. We are receiving accessions to our ranks every day from the most substantial and active element of the Democratic party. Even the leading organ of that party laments their loss, and acknowledges, in substance, that their desertion forbodes overwhelming defeat for the so-called Conservatives. Able and active men have taken hold in earnest, and they will make no mistakes. With the well-known principles of our party, as set forth in the Republican platform, for a guide, and an inflexible determination to conquer, the hosts of the people will rally at the polls on the seventh of November, and secure a certain victory. All this is to be done with the dignity befitting a free people in the discharge of their highest prerogatives. Mr. Hatch may coquette with Brown, and unprincipled knaves may seek to blacken the character of Republicans whose shoes they are not worthy to blacken, and the Hancock Club may set its free lunch for the hungry retainers that hang around the premises, but no deep impression will be made. These are mere expedients, necessarily temporary in their character and altogether unsatisfactory. A reference to the principles of Democracy is so nearly akin to burlesque, that it is made as infrequently as possible, and never fails to raise a laugh all round. And as there are not fat offices enough to give all a place, they will fall short of votes enough to elect any of their candidates.

The people of the State and city are actually too poor to afford a term of Democratic misrule and pillage. It will require some years of the strictest economy to place us in the prosperous condition we enjoyed before the war. It will require a longer time to efface the memory of that Democratic measure from the memory of the people. And as the mind contemplates the history of the State since, and scans the scenes of 1865 and 1867, when the Legislature was overwhelmingly Democratic, and the City Council almost unanimously so, and the public indebtedness accumulated to the tune of three or four millions a year, the case is concluded against the heartless, selfish plunderers, whose only religion is to fleece the public. Unless we are mistaken and read the signs of the times amiss, more than half of the whites voters and nineteen-twentieths of the colored men will support the Republican ticket. Already the more undecided of the Democracy are beginning to make professions of attachment to Republican principles, and are looking about them for an opportunity to come in. The more decided, out-spoken and honest have given in their adhesion, and are willing to work in any rank where they can be most useful.

We have thus the double advantage of being right, and at the same time popular. We have the numbers, the discipline, the ability and the determination to succeed and nothing short of a miracle (which is not a modern occurrence) can prevent it.

THE EMPEROR NAPOLEON'S "RESIDENCE."

Wilhemshoche, formerly called Weissenstein, and during the Westphalian Kingdom, Napoleonshoche, is a rural chateau, distant three miles from the city of Cassel, and was the usual summer residence of the late reigning Electors of Hessen. The parks and waterworks at this place, equally charming by their natural beauty and the effects of art, owe their origin, in 1701, chiefly to the landgrave Karl. An avenue of linden trees extends from Cassel to the foot of the hill, where the parks begin. These rise gradually to the summit of the Habichtwald (hawks-wood), and afford magnificent views into the valley extending across the river Fulda to the Sochre mountains, in the midst of which the chateau is situated. The chateau Wilhelmshoche was built in the olden style of architecture, by the Landgrave, afterward Elector William I. It consisted, originally, of a main building, connected with two wing-pavillions by covered galleries. The Elector, William II, connected the three principal parts by massive buildings in the same style, so that the whole now forms a continuous arch of seven hundred and fifty feet in length and mostly from sixty to seventy in height. The central building is surmounted by a cupola, making its entire height upwards of one hundred feet. From the southwest wing a deep valley opens, traversed by a creek, foaming over a rocky bed, which enters a lake studded with islands covered with flowers and shrubbery. Beyond the lake is seen the village of Mulang, built in the Chinese style, and having a pagoda.

To the westward, at the foot of the mountain, is the Lowenburg (Lion's Castle), an artificial ruin, built by William I in 1793, which contains his tomb. On the height is the Reisenschloss (Giant's Castle), also called, from its shape, the Octagon. Beneath it are the reservoirs for the cascades. Seen from Cassel, this Octagon forms the crown of the view formed by the front of the principal chateau and the avenue of lindens. It contains three stories of arched vaults, and has a diameter of two hundred and eighty-four feet.

A pyramid, one hundred feet, constructed of large blocks of granite, surmounted by a statue of wrought copper, of the Farnese Hercules, thirty-one feet high, arises from that part of the platform of the castle, which opens toward the cascades. The club of this Hercules, also of wrought copper, can accommodate eight or ten persons; from a window within this club we have an unobstructed view of the Insel mountains, near Gotha and the Brocken mountain. The cascades, six hundred feet long and forty broad, gradually slope down from the Giant's castle. Among the waterworks deserving special mention, are the Steinhafer falls, a wild, romantic forest cascade, the falls of the devil's bridge; the acqueduct, representing the ruins of a Roman acqueduct, from the delapidated termination of which a stream of water precipitates into a gorge hundred feet deep, whence it enters a large basin, separated from the western front of the palace by a magnificent meadow. From this basin arises a jet d'eau, one foot in diameter at the battom, to the height of a hundred and ninety feet; then the new falls, constructed in a different style from those of Steinhafer, but exceeding these in magnitude. All the water-works, which, for a time, were partially suspended, are again in perfect operation.

It bothers Governor Hendricks, of Indiana, that the administration, in paying off the national debt, did not steal the premium on gold. He admits that the debt has been reduced $150,000,000, but he says that if this gold had been sold it would have paid $17,000,000 more, and thus the reduction would have been $163,000,000. That is a good Democratic argument, but it will not suit Republicans. Promises are slowly made but surely kept by the Republican party; but the Democrats promise with readiness, but fulfill by renewing their paper. It would have been desirable to save $16,000,000, but as it could not be done honestly, dear Governor, the government concluded to forego the pleasure. Perhaps Hendricks, if he improves in this kind of politics, will say by-and-bye that the administration could save the State some money if it robbed a safe and applied the proceeds to paying the debt. Who knows?

What did Samuel Weller live for? The *Times* declares that there is no earthly show for an honest man to obtain a nomination at the Democratic clubs to-night, and yet it earnestly appeals to honest and sober citizens to wedge themselves into the rum holes to-night among the "scurvy politicians" and political bummers in order to take a hand in a little game where all the trumps have been stolen out of the pack. The honest citizen may well refer to Pickwick, and doing as Captain Cuttle did, make a note of that sage remark of the elder Weller on the subject of matrimony, "Vat's the use of goin' through so much for so little."

According to the understanding of the constitutional fire-flies in Rapides, the country is burdened with a series of unjust and unconstitutional taxes. As Rapides can not show a decent bridge in her entire borders, and as she never moved a peg ahead with all these taxes imposed upon her, and which were expended by her Democratic police jury, she had better take a back seat in giving advice on subjects where honest and useful officers are being discussed. People have got to be old to credit the owl with wisdom because he hides in the backwoods and hoots at the railroad that disturbs his solitude.

A missionary ought to be sent to Rapides at once, for the benighted Democracy of that parish are at least ten years more ignorant than similar rum holes are anywhere else. At a distracted meeting on the third of September the Democracy solemnly declared that the "Republican party had well nigh brought the republic to the verge of destruction." If Preacher Palmer's Presbyterian Public and Private Professors of Prosody can spare a school teacher for Rapides, it would be an act of charity to send him at once.

As the mongoose eats a well known vegetable when it is bitten by a serpent, in order to counteract the virus, so the Louisiana *Democrat* advises the Democrats to take Stomach Bitters after they have swallowed the venomous address made by the Central Democratic Committee. The trouble, it is feared, is, that the Democrats take too much stomach bitters already, and are now so thoroughly callous to the influence of the remedy that they are past its saving efficacy. *Mon* goose is good, however. It suits.

ON CARONDELET STREET.

Yesterday the brokers, with an audacity that was almost sublime, resolved on business at all hazards. Grown desperate at their long and weary inaction, appalled by the prospect ahead of them in case this state of things should continue, they simultaneously rushed upon the street, and in frantic unison demanded "trade!" The world owed them a living, and all the extras that when combined make life comfortable, and a living they might, could, would and should have. All France's mitrailleuses, and all King William's landwehr would have been insufficient to keep them from their long-waited-for commissions. The European war had delayed their legitimate income long enough, and they went in, determined to conquer, whether Paris was captured or not. Under these conditions, in the bright lexicon of Carondelet street, there was no such word as fail. The brokers traded with each other without remorse; and every stray holder of stocks and securities, every chance proprietor of a bank account, was pounced upon and forced to business. We briefly record the results of this notable day's work, while awarding full measure of praise to the participants in the victory.

Quite an amount of new State warrants were captured; $10,090 were taken upon private terms; $3600 and $2500 were delivered up at 73½; $1800, $2300 and $3500 at 74; $3700 went for 74¼, and $3000 were bagged at 74½.

The prices of city seven per cent (fiscal agency) certificates vary with the dates of their issuance, from which dates interest runs. For instance, $800, dated yesterday, sold at 83½; $3000, bearing interest from eighteenth ultimo, brought 84¼; a small lot with July dates realized 84¾, and $500 with interest from July 16, were disposed of at 85¾. A parcel of $4000, dates not reported, was sold at 85. The onty sale of city bonds that we heard of was $1000, new seven per cents, at 71¼.

Twelve thousand dollars levee warrants were disposed of at the plump rate of 85.

An unusually large amount of Slaughterhouse changed hands. 100 shares went at $17 12½; 200 at $17 37½ (the rate for some days), and 100 at $17 50. A lively time is anticipated with reference to this stock, as soon as the busy season fairly opens.

There seems to be but a small amount of Ship Island offering, with an improved demand. Thursday evening 175 shares were bought at our last quotation (30 cents on the hundred dollars). Yesterday a lot of 1800 found a purchaser at the same rate.

Fifty shares Bank of New Orleans sold at the advanced price of $40 25, and 150 shares Mechanics and Traders' Bank brought $39 50.

The wires are laying for several new joint stock corporations, to be brought into life when the Legislature assembles, over the ruins of some of the airy fancies that amused the street, and hurt a good many pockets, last winter. We wish the projectors all the success they deserve, and if any of their schemes should prove swindles, we shall continue to express that desire. Possibly, after the lapse of a generation or two, the public may recognize the fact that something more than an act of the Legislature is necessary to make a trustworthy corporation, and that behind a magnificent list of directors there may be resting a high old lot of paying humbug.

The New York gold prices yesterday were as follows: At ten 113¾, at half-past 113¾, at noon 113¾, at three 114¼. Here dealers bought a quarter under New York rates and sold at the figures telegraphed.

One good turn deserves another. The *World* says that the great reduction on the public debt is to be published for effect on the elections. Precisely so, for as the reduction has had such a good effect on the national credit, why should it not have a pleasing effect on the nation itself? Let us all rejoice that we have a good thing, and that we know how to keep it.

The largest glass ever put up in this country is in a Broadway establishment, where the size of each plate is in inches 189 by 104, or nearly sixteen feet in height by nine in width. These windows have attracted a great deal of attention, and the wonder is not so much how the plates are made, as how such a large surface of glass can be transported so far in safety, and handled so many times without damage.

SALE CONTINUED.—The sale by the Sheriff, of naval stores, paints, oils, etc., at No. 62 Magazine street, will be continued to-day at half-past ten o'clock A. M. on said premises.

DIED.

WETMORE—On Friday evening, September 9, at four o'clock, R. H. WETMORE, aged forty years, a native of Brooklyn, New York.

His funeral will take place This Evening, at half-past three o'clock, from his late residence, on Jena street (Sixth District), between Coliseum and Chestnut. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS, Room No. 15, City Hall, September, 4, 1870.

The assessment of real estate and personal property within the city, for the year 1870, will remain open for correction in the office of the Department of Assessments, Room No. 15, City Hall, until the sixteenth instant.

All complaints must be made before that date, as the rolls will then be made and handed to the Administrator of Public Accounts.

Owners of real estate who have made a return of the description and value of their property in the notice left by the Assessors, are especially requested to call, as the assessment made by the Assessors will in all cases be final, unless complaint is made and re-examination and reductions ordered by the Administrator of Assessments.

H. BONZANO,
Administrator of Assessments.
se4 tse16

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No. 115 Poydras Street,

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AGENTS FOR

The Times Cooking Stoves, Bramhall, Deane & Co.'s European Ranges and Boilers, Asbestos Roofing; Arbor, Bird and Animal Cages.

We are now manufacturing all kinds of Bath Tubs, Toilet Ware, Water Coolers, etc., which we are selling at lowest market prices.

ZABLE & DALTON,
ap6 1y 3t2p No. 115 Poydras street.

QUARANTINE.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department, New Orleans, May 23, 1870.

WHEREAS, An act of the Legislature, approved March 15, 1855, entitled "An act to establish quarantine for the protection of the State," provides that the Governor of the State shall issue his proclamation, upon the advice of the Board of Health, declaring any place where there shall be reason to believe a pestilent, contagious or infectious disease exists, to be an infected place, and stating the number of days of quarantine to be performed by the vessels, their passengers, officers and crews, coming from such place or places.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provision of the act aforesaid, I issue this, my proclamation, and declare the places hereafter named to be infected places, and that all vessels, together with officers, crews and passengers, and cargoes, arriving from such places, or having touched or stopped at any of them shall be subject to a quarantine of not less than ten days, or for a longer period, as may be considered necessary by the Board of Health, to take effect from and after the FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870. Any violation of the quarantine laws, as here proclaimed, will be severely punished.

The places which are hereby declared infected as aforesaid are the following, to wit: Havana, Matanzas, Trinidad, Cardenas, St. Jago, all on the Island of Cuba; Port Royal and Montego bay, on the Island of Jamaica; Jacmel and Port-au-Prince on the Island of San Domingo; the Islands of St. Thomas, Martinique and Gaudaloupe; Campeachy, in Yucatan; Belize, in Honduras; Vera Cruz, Alvarado, Tampico, Matamoras and Tuspan, in Mexico; San Juan, in Nicaragua; Chagres, Aspinwall and Porto Bello, in Central America; Maracaibo, in Venezuela; Laguayra, Island of Trinidad, Rio de Janeiro, Para Cayenne, in South America, and Nassau, New Providence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this thirtieth day of May, 1870, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-fourth.

H. C. WARMOTH,
Governor of Louisiana.

GEORGE E. BOVEE,
Secretary of State. my25

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We would call the particular attention of the Mercantile and Business Community to this Department of our Establishment, as we have made to it extensive additions in the very

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To run by hand or power.

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9. It is laid down quickly, and ready for use when finished.
10. It is easily taken up, easily relaid, and easily repaired when necessary.

Some of the places where this work has been done, and a few of the parties who have had it put down, may be known by the following references, and most of the persons named can and will cheerfully give all of the information desired. An examination of the work is solicited:

William McCulloch,	George Horter,
Theobald Forstall,	Lafayette Square,
E. C. Palmer,	New Orleans Gaswerks,
Henry Renaud,	Penn's Cotton Press,
B. McKenna,	H. S. Seward,
E. W. Burbank,	John W. Madden.

For the present, after the foundation is prepared and curbing set, Cemetery, Park and Private Walks, will be laid for from $1 to $1 25 per square yard. Private Carriage Ways, Heavy Sidewalks, Depot and Warehouse Floors for from $1 25 to $1 50 per square yard.

For all further information in relation to this business, or for the laying of this kind of work, apply to

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100 REVOLVERS, at $10 each.
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MISCELLANEOUS.

TO THE PUBLIC.—IT AFFORDS ME GREAT pleasure to bear testimony to Dr. J. S. LOCKWOOD'S skill as a good Physician. After often hearing of his skill in Chronic Diseases, I was induced to place my wife under his treatment for Tape-worm, with which she had been sorely afflicted for one year and six months. On the twenty-fifth of August she went under the Doctor's treatment; on the fourth of September she passed it. It is twelve feet in length. It can be seen by any one in the Doctor's window, at his office, No. 230 Carondelet street.

P. S.—Any one wishing any further information can call on me, Jackson, between Liberty and Howard streets.

JOHN McKNIGHT.
se10 1t*

THE NEW DIRECTORY FOR 1871

Will be issued in due time, and we caution the people of New Orleans against giving aid or countenance to any and all directory experiments, and urge their support to the Regular, Official and Standard New Orleans Directory, for the past fifteen years issued by Charles Gardner, and now by the Southern Publishing Company. By so doing, they will secure a work that can be depended upon, and one every way worthy of our great city.

TO ADVERTISERS.—As the Directory is a standard book of reference throughout the year, and perused by hundreds of thousands of citizens, strangers, and men of business, it is the cheapest advertising medium that exists. Just think of the number of people who use the Directory in one day at one of our prominent hotels, and then consider its utility and value as an advertising medium for Merchants, Manufacturers and Business Men of every class.

SOUTHERN PUBLISHING COMPANY,
5 Commercial Place, New Orleans.
Publishers of Mobile, Memphis, Vicksburg, Louisville and St. Louis City Directories, etc.
RICHARD EDWARDS,
se8 1m Managing Director.

NOTICE.—FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE A charge of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER BALE will be made by the LOUISIANA PRESS on all ship-marked cotton hauled to any Press for compressing. No charge will be made on cotton delivered to the yards by which it was received into the Press, if hauled the day it is weighed.

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se6 6t* Proprietor Louisiana Press.

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R. M. PASTEUR & CO.,
se6 5t Fire Proof Press.

PHŒNIX HOUSE,

NO. 96 ST. CHARLES STREET,

(Next Door to the Academy of Music.)

This old established and popular Refreshment Saloon, having (during the summer months) been thoroughly refitted, will open on

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Great care has been taken to furnish each department with the best material that can be purchased.

The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public

se4 6t D. BIDWELL.

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ARMSTRONG'S
FOUNDRY AND BOILER MANUFACTORY,
Corner of Erato and New Levee Streets,
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.
W. J. J. ARMSTRONG, Manager.

Manufacturer of Vertical and Horizontal Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, Draining Machines, Saw Mills, Cotton Screws and Gearing, Iron Columns and Fronts of Buildings, Furnace Mouths, Grate Bars, Bone Black, Revivifiers, Gas Retorts, Railroad Frogs, etc; Low Pressure Locomotive Flue and Cylinder Boilers of all kinds; Filters, Juice Boxes and Clarifiers, etc. ap14 6m eod

GEORGE CRONAN,
(Successor to Bennett & Lurges,)
SOUTHERN ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS,
Corner Magnolia and Erato streets,
Near Jackson Railroad Depot,
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Blacksmithing and Housework in general, Vaults, Store Fronts, etc., made to order at the shortest notice.

Office at the Foundry. au23 1y

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THE NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN,

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BAGGAGE CHECKED FROM RESIDENCE TO DESTINATION.

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J. H. MOREY, General Ticket Agent, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad.
E. D. FROST, General Superintendent;
D. D. MOREY, General Ticket Agent, Mississippi Central Railroad;
S. W. SCOTT, General Passenger Agent.
jy22 3m

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