NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

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VOLUME IV—NO. 156. NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1870. WHOLE NUMBER 1070.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Monday Evening, October 10, 1870.

EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY MOON.

Entire change of

GAIETE COMIQUE SPECIALTIES.

First night of the Sensational, Fairy, Musical Burlesque Extravaganza, which has met with decided success in London, Paris and New York, entitled

THE WHITE CAT AND KING PIPPIN,

Replete with New Scenery, Appointments, Properties, Wardrobe, Music, etc.

Family Matinee on Saturday at 12 M. oc9

SECOND ANNUAL CELEBRATION

OF THE

DISCOVERY OF AMERICA

BY

CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS,

BY THE

Italian Society—Tiro al Bersaglio,

ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1870.

There will be a Grand Procession of the Society, with the Bersaglieri in grand uniform, through the principal streets of the city.

The Society will repair to the Lyceum Hall (City Hall) at two o'clock P. M., where

DISTINGUISHED ORATORS

Will address the audience in the Italian, English and French languages.

NOTICE.—Parties wishing to hear the Orations will please apply to any of the members of the Committee. oc12

FOR SALE.

INDUCED BY THE RAPID INCREASE of my business, I have divided it into departments, and employed a responsible head for each department, as follows:

One for the First and Fourth Districts of New Orleans;

One for the Second and Third Districts of New Orleans;

One for the Sixth District of New Orleans;

One for the Fifth District and Carrollton;

One for the Sugar Plantations;

One for Lake Shore and other county property.

I hope, with my personal supervision over the whole, to make it to the interest of every one to consign his property to my charge.

J. J. ALSTON,

oc11 3t Real Estate Agent, 32 Carondelet street.

CHOICE BUILDING SITES FOR SALE.—The whole of the beautiful square, bounded by Prytania, Pitt, Marengo and Constantinople streets, in parcels and on terms to suit purchasers. Price, $750 per lot.

J. J. ALSTON.

oc11 3t No. 32 Carondelet street.

ST. CHARLES BUILDING SITE FOR sale.—Four beautifully situated lots, on St. Charles street, corner of Peniston, surrounded by the most elegant mansions in the Sixth District. Price for all, $4500.

J. J. ALSTON.

oc11 3t No. 32 Carondelet street.

FOR SALE—LOTS ON BROADWAY, GREENville, in square bounded by Broadway, Elizabeth, Pine and Ferdinand streets. Price $200 to $300, according to location. Apply to

JOHN M. GOULD.

se27 No. 8 Magazine street.

FOR SALE—ABOUT 10,000 ACRES OF THE best sugar lands, situated in the parishes of Lafourche, St. James and Assumption, between the Mississippi river and Bayou Lafourche, near College Point and Thibodaux, three miles from Morgan's New Orleans and Texas Railroad, and about the same distance from the Chattanooga Railroad.

The owner being anxious to dispose of these lands would sell the whole or only a portion at an extremely low figure.

For further particulars apply to

H. M. ROBINSON,

Real Estate Agent, 22 and 24 Commercial Place.

jy21

FOR SALE.—A PLEASANT AND VALUABLE property in Lewisburg, two hours run from New Orleans; cottage house, out-houses, wharf and bath-house and spacious grounds. Will be sold very cheap. For price and terms apply to George H. Penn, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, No. 35 Exchange Place, room No. 18 second floor, or to Captain Robert S. Kirk, Mandeville, Louisiana, or to H. M. Robinson, Real Estate Agent, No. 24 Commercial Place. No yellow fever was ever known to prevail at this place. jy16 tf

FOR SALE—ON REASONABLE AND ACcommodating terms.—A splendid Sea Shore RESIDENCE, situated in the town of Biloxi, near the Lighthouse. For price and conditions of sale, apply to

G. DE FERIET, Auctioneer,

jel2 Office 50 Royal street.

FOR SALE.—ONE OF THE FINEST SECTIONS of unimproved Sugar Land in the State, in the parish of Iberville. It is about nine miles from the Mississippi river, and that section of country has never been overflowed. The Chattanooga Railroad, now in rapid process of construction in the immediate vicinity, runs between two and three miles in front of this land, while the Opelousas Railroad passes its rear some six miles distant. It is undoubtedly the most valuable tract of unimproved Sugar Land in the State, and as to soil, timber and locality it is unsurpassed. For particulars, apply to

H. M. ROBINSON,

Real Estate Agent, 24 Commercial Place.

au15 tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—THE VERY NEAT AND DESIrable cottage house situated on Columbus street, between Dorgenois and Broad streets, containing four large rooms, with gallery on the south side and back, with a large cabinet, kitchen, servant's room, coal shed, poultry house, wash room, etc., convenient to three lines of cars—Esplanade street, Dumaine street, and Ursulines street. Possession given immediately. Apply to

E. L. BERCIER,

oct 1w Corner of Columbus and Dorgenois streets.

FOR RENT.—PLEASANT AND COMFORTABLE furnished rooms, without board, to rent at prices varying from ten to fifty dollars per month. Apply at No. 114 St. Charles street, corner of North. au9 2m

FOR RENT—THE GROUND FLOOR OF STORE No. 32½ St. Charles street, opposite St. Charles Hotel. Apply to Edward Barnett, No. 18 Royal street, New Orleans. se16

FOR RENT.—THE DESIRABLE TWO-STORY Residence 159 Calliope street, between St. Charles and Camp streets, with all the modern improvements. Rent moderate. Cars running to and from Canalstreet, and only ten minutes walk to Canal street. Apply at 157 Calliope street. je21

FOUND.

FOUND.—A NEWFOUNDLAND DOG, LARGE size, to be seen at the second precinct police stationhouse. The owner can have it by proving property, and paying charges. oc8 3t

STOLEN.

STOLEN—FROM THE RESIDENCE OF THE undersigned, during the year 1868, the following certificates:

1. A CERTIFICATE of thirty shares of the Bank of New Orleans, to the name of P. L. Bernard.

2. A CERTIFICATE of twelve shares of the Bank of New Orleans, to the name of P. L. Bernard.

Application has been made for new certificates.

P. L. BERNARD,

Corner St. Louis and Rampart streets

ap 2tam 6m

BUSINESS CHANGES.

NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS day entered into copartnership, under the style and firm of SMITH & WINGFIELD, for the transaction of the Coal and General Commission Business, at 162 Common street, New Orleans.

JOHN E. SMITH,

JAMES H. WINGFIELD.

September 12, 1870.

We are fully prepared to fill all orders for steamships, steamboats, railroads, hotels, foundries, cotton presses, restaurants, manufactories, steam mills, families, etc.

All orders left at our office, and at No. 25 Commercial Place, and No. 625 Magazine street, will meet with prompt attention. se27 1m

LOST.

LOST—WARRANT NO. 231, JEFFERSON CITY, issued May 12, 1869, for $65, and payable to M. R. Golden or bearer, has been lost. All persons are cautioned against purchasing it, as it belongs to the undersigned, and payment has been demanded of the city. The finder will please return it to

M. R. GOLDEN,

oct2 3t Care Republican Office.

LOST OR MISLAID.—A CERTIFICATE bearing No. 5631, dated thirteenth May, 1862, for sixty-six shares of the capital stock of the Louisiana State Bank, in the name of Christoval Toledano. Notice is given that application will be made to said bank for a new certicate in ninety days after this date.

New Orleans, October 4, 1870.

oct lawów C. CAVAROC, Administrator.

A YELLOW FEVER SENSATION

ITS RAVAGES IN GALVESTON

Three Thousand Deaths a Day

We copy the following American Press Association dispatches from the Memphis *Sun*. Somebody had a big scare, and evidently wanted to frighten others. We believe there have not been more than five yellow fever deaths a day in Galveston this season. Three thousand a day would depopulate the city in about four days. This is the dispatch:

WASHINGTON, October 8.—Letters which have been received here represent the gulf or coast of Texas as being in a deplorable condition, owing to the ravages of yellow fever. Three thousand (Galveston has but 10,000 population) deaths have occurred at Galveston in one day. The people are attempting to leave the city, but they have no means of transportation. Refugees from Galveston can not approach a house back in the country without being warned off with double barreled shot guns, as the enforcement of warning. People are perfectly demoralized.

Increased Cost of Coal.

CINCINNATI, October 8.—An adjourned meeting was held at the Chamber of Commerce to consider the subject of the bridge over the Ohio, at Newport. John A. Gano took the chair, and stated the object of the meeting to be to hear the report of the committee, and to ascertain if the bridge was being built according to law. The report of the committee was read. Theodore Cook was called for. He said if the gentlemen were opposed to bridging the Ohio in such a way as would not obstruct navigation, he was not in sympathy with them. He had always favored offering every facility to the men whose interest was to bridge the river. He was sure bridges could be built over the Ohio, 400 feet span and 100 feet above low water mark. He gave some facts in reference to the Ohio river commerce, showing that the building of this bridge as proposed would increase the cost of coal so as to drive manufacturers away from Cincinnati, which could not rely on the railroads for coal, for one tow on the river could bring as much coal as a train of thirteen hundred and forty-four cars. He had been told that they were building this bridge in accordance with the law; if so the law must be changed. The whole interests of the country demand that it should be changed. If not, tear down those bridges and make them build new ones. (Applause.) G. Lester Taylor spoke in the same strain. The moment people allowed such a structure as this narrow, low bridge to be built, we would have them all along the river. The eastern lines would be running out here, and we would have a series of draws that would make a mere canal of the river without the safety of a canal. This company claim that they are acting on legal rights and are going to build this bridge. He favored, as the bridge company claimed to be proceeding in accordance to law, an injunction. See if it was so, and if so, have the law changed, and not allow such a bridge to be built under our nose. The company had made a draw, because to build it higher would compel them to buy more ground about the Miami depot. It was a mere matter of dollars and cents. W. D. Moore, of Pittsburg, spoke of the great value of the steamboat and towing interests which would be destroyed by this bridge. The ignorance and greediness of the railroad companies alone would kill the towing interest, to the great disadvantage of the whole Mississippi river. Colonel Switzer, George F. Davis, and Judge Fox also made remarks, after which a resolution, offered by George F. Davis, to appeal to the Chamber of Commerce, the Board of Trade, and Common Council of Cincinnati to take such action as is necessary to prevent further work on the bridge, as at present being built, was adopted, and the meeting adjourned, subject to the call of the chairman.

Mrs. E. A. Pollard.

A Washington, special to the New York *Herald* says:

Mrs. E. A. Pollard, a lady who acquired considerable notoriety in Baltimore, a year or two ago, in connection with a shooting affair, in which she seriously injured a gentleman who refused to inform her of the whereabouts of Mr. Pollard, was yesterday sent to the Government Asylum for the Insane, upon the order of Judge Otto, Acting Secretary of the Interior, two physicians certifying to her mental condition, and two citizens to her being without means for her support. Thus this once proud and beautiful woman, and happy wife and mother, is now an inmate of a lunatic asylum, the recipient of the charities of the government. She has hardly reached the prime of life. The cause of Mrs. Pollard's insanity is said to be a scandal with which she was mixed up at the St. Cloud Hotel, in this city, a short time since. It seems what purported to be the facts in the case got into a flash paper in New York, and her grief on that account assumed such a violent form that she became crazed.

Tobacco Keg Stamps.

Representation having been made to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue that some manufacturers of plug tobacco have been using small kegs so entirely covered with hoops as to render it impracticable to attach the stamps to the sides of these kegs according to the mode prescribed in regulations, series five, number eight, and that, consequently, they have, with the knowledge and consent of the local revenue officers, stamped each keg upon one of its heads; and, further, it having been represented that several seizures have of late been made of these kegs, in consequence of having been stamped as above, the Commissioner notified parties interested that upon application he will order the release of all such kegs so stamped by the consent of local officers and removed from the place of manufacture prior to October 1, provided this is the only cause of such seizure; but hereafter, as these manufacturers have already been informed, all kegs used in packing plug or other descriptions of chewing tobacco must be so constructed as to allow the stamps being attached to the sides prescribed in the regulations.

Railroad Horror.

The following dispatch gives brief but thrilling details of a railroad horror:

NEW YORK, October 8.—A New York express train on the Northern railroad, ran off the track this morning between Englewood and Lonia. The engine, tender and three cars were badly broken and thrown across and off the track. Mr. Oscar Dike had two teeth broken, and a Mr. Kirby was injured on the hip. The train was going at full speed. The engineer did not see that the switch was misplaced until close upon it. He whistled down the brakes and reversed the engine, but it was too late. The switch was but a few yards from a bridge over a creek. The engine and two cars were dragged over the beams of the bridge, but the timbers being very stout, resisted the shock. The engine dashed off the sleepers, and the next car was thrown into a ditch. The floor was badly broken, and the trucks and other works were smashed. Two more cars were entirely thrown off the track and broken. The train was filled with passengers, and it is wonderful that no one was seriously hurt.

The New York *Tribune* Washington special is responsible for this:

In consequence of certain dissensions in the Republican party in Texas, and to secure greater harmony among the members thereof in that State, a general change of office holders is meditated, and it is probable some important removals will occur in a few days. General Clarke, Representative of the Third (Galveston) District, arrived here yesterday, and has received very late advices from that State.

CITY COUNCIL.

Mayor Flanders presiding; and present Administrators West, Shaw, Delassize, Pierce, Bonzano and Walton.

A communication from the gentlemen comprising the Commercial Convention delegation from this city, informed the Council that they were ready to report. On motion of Mr. Shaw, the Council will receive the delegates next Monday night.

Administrator West offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

That the United States Surveyor General for the District of Louisiana is hereby requested to furnish the Council with a copy of his recent report to the Department of the Interior on the Wilder survey of the Daniel Clark claim. Also, a copy of all the maps and other evidence which he sent with said report, which influenced him to ask that said survey be annulled.

A communication from Governor Warmoth, strongly recommended construction of a back levee, and one adverse to something from the Board of Public Works.

A petition from steamboatmen, praying for more wharf room, was referred.

Claim of Timothy Canon for damages caused him at the Jefferson riot, was referred.

Mr. Delassize stated that, in consequence of the extended drouth, he had ordered the Waterwork's pumps to be kept going night and day, for the purpose of furnishing suffering citizens with a partial supply of water from the plugs.

A petition from Coroner Roche asked that his accounts be looked into, and the demands granted. Referred.

The claim of Dr. Southworth was allowed.

A resolution granting Hitchcock & Co. permission to lay a section of Kidwell patent vulcanite pavement at the head of Poydras street, as a kind of trial, was adopted.

A resolution making the city subscribe a small sum to Mr. Williams' map of the Sixth District was adopted.

A large number of bills were ordered to be paid.

The Meeting at Clay Square.

The meeting in Clay square on last Saturday night surpassed any previous meeting for completeness of arrangement. In the early part of the evening a rain occurred, which appeared as if it might last for hours; and that kept away several clubs, as well as other citizens. But the numbers who appeared showed that the care of the committee of arrangements had not been in vain. To insure success, every matter was so divided in relation to the preparation that each member of the committee had his special allotment of duty; for instance, on orators, W. H. Burroughs; on platform, Colonel William Roy; on decorations, William Aikman; on fireworks, William Hodgkins; on torches and transparencies, George Dupassan; on chairs, tables, etc., E. L. Bowen; chairman of committee, W. H. Burroughs; master of platform, J. H. Bowen. This is the way to do business, and it is not surprising that, notwithstanding the threatening weather, so large a portion of the intelligence and respectability of the Fourth District was at this mass meeting.

Banner Presentation.

The Second Ward Radical Republican Club had a grand time last night, on the presentation of a banner by the ladies of the Second Ward to the club. After organizing, headed by Kelly's Customhouse Band, the club left their hall, on Erato street, and marched to the house of Captain Isabelle, Commissioner of Police, on Baronne street. Here they were presented with a costly banner by Miss Annie Henderson, in the name of the ladies of the Second Ward. The young lady's remarks were eloquent and inspiring, and were received with loud and continued cheers. Judge Dibble received the banner as President of the club, and made one of his happiest speeches on the occasion.

The banner was not only costly but was also one of the most tasty affairs of the kind we have ever seen. The material alone, regardless of the labor expended on it, was valued at nearly $100. The banner was on a ground work of white silk, richly decorated with trimmings of gold, and bore on one side the head and bust of Governor Warmoth, and on the other that of Lieutenant Governor Dunn. They were both life-like representations of these gentlemen. The legend was simply "Second Ward Radical Republican Club." The banner had been made entirely by Mrs. James Isabelle, and reflected the highest credit on that lady's skill and taste.

After the presentation the club returned to their hall and listened to able speeches from a number of well known orators. Among the rest Colonel Lowell gave an account of his experience at Baton Rouge, on the trip from which he has just returned, and Colonel James Lewis made a most scathing speech at the expense of the "bolters" and "sore heads" who have recently nominated a set of men to run against the regular ticket.

Academy of Music.

There was a good audience at the Academy last night, and the variety company succeeded admirably in pleasing the spectators. The Punch and Judy show, a decided improvement on the old fashioned affair, met with all the applause it deserved. The conversation was witty and original, and the machinery was in excellent working order.

The ballet, "Diamonds of the Valley," has, evidently, been carefully prepared, and is a complete success in every point of view. It reflects the highest credit on the young ladies whose grace and skill render it so attractive.

The burlesque, "White Cat," is well put on the stage. The costumes are *au fait* in every particular, and the stage effect, generally, is all that could be desired.

IMPROVED REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION BY THE SHERIFF.—Particular attention is called to the sale at auction to be made this day at noon, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, by the Sheriff of the parish of Orleans, of two valuable improved lots of ground, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate on Eighth street, between Levee and Fulton streets, faubourg Livaudais, Fourth District, late city of Lafayette. For particulars see advertisement.

Brigadier General Mudgett of the militia organization, was temporarily relieved from duty yesterday by Colonel Street, Inspector General, General Mudgett having been disabled by an accident.

YELLOW FEVER IN ST. LANDRY.

We copy this from the Opelousas *Journal:*

The following report was furnished by J. O. Trainor, president of Relief Association of Washington, to F. A. King, president Opelousas Howard Association, giving number of deaths from yellow fever, in and about Washington, up to the second instant:

Whites: Mrs. Mark Budden, Mrs. De Laforce, Miss Anna Pitre, Mrs. Joseph Hennelly, James Noles, daughter of F. L. Pitre (near Washington), Mrs. Euphemia Dubuisson, Mrs. Onez Lebeuf, John Saunders, Mrs. Monillieu, Miss Coreil, William Smith, three children of Mr. Smith, Pierre Lecompte, John Rousette, child of H. Millspaugh, James Donavon, Captain W. W. Foard, Mrs. Alfred Reed (in Moundville), child of W. Gibson, Mrs. Claude, Mrs. O. Veillon, M. Dacier, child of M. Dacier, Oliver Lee, Miss Powers (at Powers' plantation), Mr. Smith, Celestin Vancinneaux, child of Z. Bordelon, Dr. J. Leigh, George Allen, Gilbert Guillet (near Washington), James Barlow—35.

Colored: Child of Charles Keller, Miss Motte, Richard Hardy, John—4.

Dr. J. L. Eslorge wrote in Opelousas, the third instant, to the President of the Opelousas Howard Association:

DEAR SIR: You have had published under my signature, in the *Journal* of last Saturday, a report on the sanitary condition at Barre's Landing. To the few lines I had briefly sketched at your office, an erroneous addition has been made, from which it appears that nineteen deaths have occurred at that place, including the whole number of colored persons who had the yellow fever—whilst really *ten* persons died, all white. The disease has proved, as usual, very mild on the colored persons, and *not one* of them has died.

I would, therefore, respectfully ask of you to have this error corrected, by publishing the report that I gave you exactly as I wrote it down at your office, that is in the following terms:

There have been forty-eight cases of yellow fever at Barre's Landing, up to this day, twenty-ninth of September. Out of that number ten have died, four of which received medical attention too late, that is, during the twenty-four hours preceding death; and one (at Close's mill) never saw a physician. The two last cases under treatment are now out of danger. Out of the forty-eight cases, nine were colored (two mulatoes and seven negroes). Black vomit has been noted in eleven cases, ten of which died, and one is now perfectly well.

Dead: Alexis Lagiie, his two eldest sons and two daughters; Mrs. Joseph Dubourdine, Miss Lucille Dejean (at Deshotel's), Giles Dejean (at Deshotel's), Napoleon Leger, Felix Young, a nephew of François Louis Coulon (at Close's mill).

The Opelousas *Courier* says of the yellow fever:

This terrible disease seems to have left Washington and Barry's Landing (where it attacked nearly everybody who had never had it before), to begin its ravages in Ville Plate, where three persons have already yielded to its attacks. Indeed, Washington and Barry's Landing are now nearly free from the disease, and we have not heard of a single death at either place this week. The few who still have it are now convalescent.

At Ville Plate several deaths have occurred this week, Mr. Onezime Tate and his wife being among the number. One child is all that is left of the family.

Mrs. Prosper Daire, of the same town, is also among the victims.

We of Opelousas can fortunately still congratulate ourselves upon being exempt from the disease.

Seizure of Silk and Satin Dresses from the Steamship Ville de Paris—General Wade Hampton Said to be the Consignee.

The New York *Herald* of a late date says.

As the baggage belonging to the passengers of the transatlantic steamship Ville de Paris was being disembarked on Wednesday last, two Customhouse Inspectors, Rabineau and Sparks, who were placed in charge of the vessel, perceived that the stewardess of the ship was intently watching a large black trunk, bearing neither name nor address.

After all the other boxes and baggage had been removed she came out on deck and demanded this one as being hers, and containing some articles of clothing belonging to her daughter. The inspectors asked her to open the trunk in the usual way for examination, and on looking into it they found it contained a large quantity of silks and satins and other property which aroused the suspicion in their minds that something was wrong. Inquiries were made as to the position the stewardess' daughter occupied, and it was established to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that it did not warrant her in possessing or using for her own personal use the splendid articles contained in the trunk.

The stewardess was threatened with imprisonment for smuggling, and she then admitted that the goods did not belong either to herself or her daughter. She said the goods were purchased in France at the instance of General Wade Hampton, late of the rebel army, and that she was to deliver them to a Mr. Baxter, whose address she refused, who acted in New York as an agent for General Hampton.

The contents of the trunk were two black silk and two blue satin dresses, with wrappers and trimmings to match, of the most costly description, a large quantity of ladies' underclothing, marked with the initials "F. A. H.," some ladies' hats, as worn in Paris, and several pairs of rich kid gloves, the whole valued at about $1,000.

It transpired that the initials on the underclothing were those of one of General Hampton's daughters. The Steamship Company have agreed to discharge this woman on account of this circumstance, and the inspectors have seized the goods.

Eighth Ward Radical Republican Club.

At a meeting of this club held on Tuesday evening, October 11, the following resolutions, offered by McK. Richards, were unanimously adopted, and ordered to be printed in the New Orleans REPUBLICAN:

WHEREAS, The Republican Auxiliary Committee has by communication to this club tendered to it substantial aid; therefore be it

Resolved, That we accept the same, and do hereby return our sincere thanks to Messrs. John Lynch, J. R. West, M. A. Southworth, Thomas Isabelle and P. F. Herwig, Esq., of the committee, for this pleasing act of kindness, and that the above named gentlemen be enrolled as honorary members of this club. Also,

Resolved, For the material assistance received by us from our worthy candidates, Hon. B. F. Flanders, Hon. H. Bonzano, Hon. S. C. Emley, Hon. J. S. Sauvinet, Hon. Aug. Banck, our gratitude is due, and on the seventh of next November we shall redeem our debt to their perfect satisfaction.

A. G. ARMSTRONG, President.

S. A. MAURICE, Secretary.

The Ganuchaud Christian Republican Club, at a meeting held at the "Cut-Off," in the lower part of the Fifth District, on Saturday evening last, by a resolution emphatically indorsed the State administration, with Governor Warmoth at its head, and the action of the late Republican State and parish nominating conventions. The action of the club was unanimous.

Some of the savings banks in New York city receive deposits of $10,000 from a single individual, and allow interest from the first of each month.

The danger of a yellow fever epidemic this season has passed. Deaths by yellow fever, according to latest report, four in one day.

Stormy at Washington and Wilmington yesterday. Pleasant and warm at New Orleans.

THE COURTS.

Eighth District Court—Writ of Mandamus.

The petition of Joseph Hernandez represents that he is the owner and holder, by purchase and assignment from John Coleman & Co., of a registered certificate of the city of New Orleans for the sum of $4131 16; that said certificate was issued in obedience with resolution No. 1467 of the Common Council of the city of New Orleans, approved May 19, 1869; and said certificate, in favor of said John Coleman & Co., is by them indorsed; that it was issued by the proper authority of the city on the tenth of January, 1870, in pursuance of ordinance No. 2975, approved August 14, 1856, as a floating obligation of the city of New Orleans, and for the purpose of enabling said Coleman & Co., by negotiation, to obtain payment of the same by such to third persons in consequence of the embarassed condition of the city treasury; that said certificate was entered and approved as correct by the Finance Committee of the said city on March 1, 1870, and in that condition was placed on the market by said Coleman & Co., and purchased by relator.

That relator, in compliance with the provisions of the section No. 7 of the extra session of the Legislature of this State, approved sixteenth of March, 1870, has presented such registered certificate to the Mayor, the Administrator of Finance and the Administrator of Public Accounts of the city of New Orleans, with the view of having the same entered on the statement required by section forty of said act, as a matured obligation of the city, so as to enable relator to obtain a certificate from the Administrator of the Floating Debt of said city, as specified in said section forty of said act, but said Mayor, Administrator of Public Accounts and Administrator of Finance refuse to recognize said registered certificate as an obligation of the said city, or place the same as such on the statement required by law to be furnished to the Administrator of the floating debt.

Wherefore, relator prays that a writ of mandamus issue to B. F. Flanders, Mayor of said city, Alfred Shaw, Administrator of Public Accounts, and John S. Walton, Administrator of Finance, of said city, commanding them to enter and place the said registered certificate, dated tenth January, 1870, in favor of John Coleman & Co., and by them indorsed, issued in pursuance of resolution No. 1467, for the sum of $4131 16, as a matured obligation of said city, due relator as holder thereof on the statement required by section 40 of said act No. 7, of the extra session of the General Assembly of this State, approved March 16, 1870, to be furnished to the Administrator of the Floating Debt of said city for settlement, or show cause to the contrary, on some day to be fixed by this court, and relator prays for all general relief.

Judge Dibble ordered a writ of mandamus to issue as prayed for, returnable on Friday next.

Eighth District Court.

William H. Cooley vs. Orleans Railroad Company—In this case the plaintiff enjoined the Orleans Railroad Company from tearing up the street and digging the earth with a view to laying down a railroad track, the plaintiff alleging that thus turning up the soil, and exposing it to the action of the sun, was productive of yellow fever.

The matter came up for examination on a rule to set aside the injunction. Judge Dibble held that the petition set forth no cause of action, and dissolved the injunction.

The Bagnio on Common Street.

C. L. Walker vs Bowman and Hattie Hamilton—This is a case wherein Bowman was enjoined from renting a house in a respectable neighborhood to Miss Hattie Hamilton, a fair cyprian, who, it was alleged, designed to use the house for disreputable purposes. The case came up for examination, and the court ordered that the injunction be set aside, on the defendant's giving bond in the sum of $2500.

Base Ball.

The following is the score of a game of base ball played last Sunday, on the Washington grounds, for the champion flag, between the champion Lone Star, Jr., and the famous Buckeye clubs, which resulted in a gallant victory for the Champions, scoring fifty-two to nineteen. If the old Third District ball tossers are not able to hold senior championship they can hold the junior. Below we append the score:

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total.
Champions	14	4	3	0	10	6	7	2	1	52
Buckeyes	0	2	4	1	2	1	6	1	2	19

Time of game, two hours and a half.

Umpire: A. Lebar, Esq., Surprise base ball club.

Scorers: For Lone Star, Jr., E. Dobson; for Buckeye, ——.

Look out for squalls next Sunday.

A Big Steamboat.

This is a Louisville dispatch of the eighth instant:

The largest steamer ever constructed on Western waters, was launched this evening at the ship yard of Howard, at Jeffersonville, Indiana, for Captain George Pegram, for the St. Louis and New Orleans trade. She was named at the launch the James Howard, in honor of her builder, and her flag was hoisted by his grandson, Claude Howard, assisted by a son of Captain B. R. Pegram and a son of Mr. H. Walton. The launch was magnificent, and over five hundred persons were on the boat at the time, and one thousand in the yards. The length of the hull is three hundred and thirty feet; width fifty feet beam, and her deepest draught now is two feet nine inches. She classes as number one. She will be completed by the first of December.

SOLEMN TEMPERANCE LECTURE.—Recently George Cary was sentenced, in Syracuse, New York, to expiate a brutal murder on the gallows, by Judge Foster, who, in the course of the sentence, made use of these memorable words:

I will not dwell longer on the circumstances of the case. You stand here, an awful specimen of the results of the use of intoxicating liquors. The use of intoxicating liquors is one of the greatest vices and sins of this country: it stirs up all that is bad in our natures, and calls forth and lends vitality to the exercise of the passion and lusts of its victim. You stand here a solemn and awful warning to all who know of this trial, to let the cursed cup alone, lest you bring gray hairs in injury and disgrace to the grave; lest you plant thorns in the breasts of relatives, there to rankle while they live; lest wife die broken-hearted; lest the aspirations of children be blasted, and they made outcasts; lest he himself, like you, stand convicted of murder, to be executed by an ignominious death on the scaffold.

We copy the following just as it appears in the Chicago *Republican:*

The Christy wing of the Republican party in New Orleans, on Thursday, nominated O. A. Dumas, colored, for Mayor, and S. A. Falsh for Congress from the Second District.

The Christian Republicans and Mr. J. A. Walsh will hardly know what and who are referred to.

Neatly the Austin *Republican* compliments a former Texan:

Colonel George W. Carter is made a judge in Louisiana. We knew Colonel George in other days, when as presiding elder we loved to hear his dispensation of the word of God, and we hope that justice will be meted out by him now in his new province as well as he then brought sinners to repentance. But, Colonel, don't you think it is more profitable to serve God than it is to serve the Radicals?

BY TELEGRAPH.

[Special Dispatch to the Republican.]

GOVERNOR WARMOTH AT VIENNA

GREAT RUSH TO SEE AND HEAR HIM

ASSURANCE OF A REPUBLICAN VICTORY

VIENNA, October 11, 1870.

Governor Warmoth and General Sheridan spoke at this place to-day. The people for miles around left their cotton picking, their stores and offices, and gave up a day from business to meet and see their young Governor.

At the meeting to-day most of the audience was white. They listened to the Governor, who addressed them for about an hour, in an earnest and impressive manner, with great attention and evident satisfaction.

General Sheridan followed in his characteristic style, and was greeted with applause at the close. Wherever the Governor has appeared he is cordially welcomed by the people and eagerly listened to. From present indications, the Republicans will sweep North Louisiana in November.

O. D. B.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS

Reports of Elections Yesterday

REPUBLICAN GAINS IN PHILADELPHIA

EXCITING CONTEST IN NEBRASKA

Large Republican Gains in Ohio

PARTIAL RETURNS FROM INDIANA

Republican Victory in Newark

EXECUTION OF A WOMAN IN LONDON

DEFEAT OF ARMY OF LOIRE

THE PRUSSIAN CAVALRY IN PURSUIT

Germans Closing In on Thionville

ANXIETY TO EFFECT RELIEF FOR METZ

IMMENSE WAR MATERIAL THERE

REPORT OF FREDERICK CHARLES' DEATH

Conflict of Power in Honolulu

NAVAL COMMANDANT AND CONSUL

[Associated Press Dispatches.]

WASHINGTON.

Full Cabinet Meeting—Weather Wet—Telegraph Slow—Pardon of a Texas Prisoner—Raining Heavily.

WASHINGTON, October 11.—There was a full Cabinet meeting to-day.

The weather is wet; telegraph slow.

The President has pardoned Ludwig P. Alford, the last of the Jefferson, Texas, military prisoners.

It is raining heavily.

NEW YORK.

Old Mortgage Renewed Must Be Paid in Gold—New York Associated Press Meeting—Steamship Arrivals—Gold Steady. Closing Dull—Jerome Park Races—The Winning Horses—Election of Erie Railroad Directors—Past Management Approved.

NEW YORK, October 11.—Arrived: Livingston and Zodiac.

Evening—Gold steady all day, closing dull. '62s 112¾; '64s 111½; '65s 111¾; new 110⅝; '68s 110½; 10-40s 106¾. Tennessees 62¾; new 60¾; Virginias 62½; new 66; Louisianas 70; new 66@68; levee sixes 76@78; North Carolinas 48¾. Stocks active.

Jerome Park—The first race was won by Sanford's Niagara; time 1:49½. The second race was won by Sanford's Madam Dudley; time 1:50½. Third race—King Fisher walked over the course. Fourth race—Felicity won; time 1:20½. The fifth race was won by Judge Curtis; time 3:12½.

The Erie stockholders elected Horner Ramsdell, Justin D. White and Charles G. Sisson directors for the next five years.

A resolution was adopted approving of the present management and all its official acts for the past two years.

Judge Bond decides that a mortgage made in 1858, but renewed in 1866, must be paid in gold, a renewal not being equivalent to a new contract.

[Office of the New York Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, October 11.—At a special meeting of the New York Associated Press, held this day, all the members being present, the following preamble and resolution was adopted:

WHEREAS, False reports have been published by the *Tribune* charging upon several members of this Association the theft, or improper use in a mutilated form, of special dispatches to that paper, it is hereby

Resolved, That this Association authorizes the contradiction of this report in the papers of the Association. No members of the Association can have an exclusive right to a dispatch of this character, and all who print the whole, or any part, as they choose, have an equal right to consider them as their own.

It was ordered by the association that the foregoing be signed by the President and Secretary of the New York Associated Press, and transmitted for publication to the members of said association, and to all newspapers receiving dispatches from this organization.

DAVID M. STONE,

President.

ISAAC W. ENGLAND, Secretary.

LONDON.

Defeat of the Army of the Loire—Prussians Capture One Thousand Prisoners and Three Guns—Prussians Repulsed at Cherizy—They Rally, Capture and Burn the Town—Clerical Party Refuse to Fight Under Garibaldi—Muss With Gustave Flourens—Germans Closing in on Thionville—War Material Shipped From Liverpool—Prussian Cavalry in Close Pursuit of the French—Liberals in Convention at Stuttgardt—Russia Not Making Unusual Military Preparations—Woman Hung in London—French Iron-Clads Passing Dover—Advice From Garibaldi.

LONDON, October 11.—A detachment from the army of the Crown Prince defeated a portion of the army of the Loire, near Orleans, yesterday, taking one thousand prisoners and three guns. The French fled in disorder.

The Prussians have abandoned their purpose of shooting the town officers of Ablis, in consequence of the threat to shoot an equal number of Prussian prisoners.

The Prussians were a second time repulsed at Cherizy, but they rallied, captured and burned the town.

The French say the Prussians have burned several villages in the plains of Beauce.

The clerical party in France, especially in Brittany and La Vendee, refuse to fight under Garibaldi.

Ten thousand men of the National Guard, under Gustave Flourens, demand chassepots, and that changes be made in the practice of opposing, in every battle-field, one Frenchman to three Prussians.

The answer of the government was unfavorable, and Flourens has resigned.

Among the documents found in the Tuileries, is a deed dated immediately prior to the marriage of Napoleon with Eugenie, in which nearly six million francs are settled by the Emperor on Miss Howard and her son, Comte de Beauregard.

The Germans closing on Thionville have been largely reinforced, and are receiving siege guns from Strasburg.

The King of Saxony has instituted a new order, that of St. Henry, solely to honor the King of Prussia. The new decoration was delivered on the ninth to King William, who, in response to the honor received, complimented the Saxon troops for their gallantry.

War material is shipped daily from Liverpool, in large quantities, supposed to be for France.

LATER—At the last accounts from the scene of yesterday's battle at Artenay, near Orleans, the Prussian cavalry was in close pursuit of the French.

The Liberals in convention at Stuttgardt, yesterday, adopted resolutions in favor of the union of Germany, with common legislation, a united army and diplomatic representation in common.

Russia denies all the reports that she is making unusual military preparations. The entire press declare the government wants peace.

Margaret Waters, the notorious baby farmer, was hung to-day. She died protesting her innocence.

Five French iron-clads passed Dover to-day, going eastward.

Garibaldi advises the people of Savoy and Nice to discontinue agitation at present, as it only embarrasses the French in their struggle against Prussia.

ROUEN.

Anxiety to Effect Relief for Metz—People of Rouen Lacking in Pluck—Republicans Leaving Spain to Offer Services to France—Bad Aspect of Affairs in Portugal—Threatened Invasion of the United States by French Artistes and Models.

NEW YORK, October 11.—A special to the *Times*, dated Rouen, eighth, states that the provisional government is more anxious to effect relief for Metz than even Paris, for Metz, it has reason to know, contains 85,000 chassepots, immense quantities of ammunition and other stores.

The people of Rouen are lamentably lacking in pluck, but may possibly show fight under Commandant De Faley, a redoubtable fire-eater, who has promised to defend the city. It is noticeable that the Rouen journals are growling at the reception of Garibaldi, because of his former oath to take Nice from the French.

A correspondent, writing under the date of the sixth, states that republicans are leaving in numbers from all parts of Spain to offer military aid to