

New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY A. PLATTNER, Constable First Justice Court, at 12 o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, lot of ground on Prier street—James O'Hara vs. Charles F. Giam...

Local Intelligence.

DAILY MORTUARY REPORT.—Dr. S. C. Russell, Secretary of the Board of Health, reports that the whole number of deaths for the twenty-four hours ending at six o'clock Thursday evening, was thirty-six.

Those who died of yellow fever were: Margaret Fomer, 306 Old Loyve street, aged nineteen years, a native of Germany.

Mrs. A. L. Gibson, 65 St. Joseph street, age and nativity not stated.

John Westport, 7 Delord street, sixty years of age, a native of England.

R. W. Hawkins, 319 1/2 Liberty street, twenty-eight years of age, nativity not stated.

Peter Bullock, Charity Hospital, thirty-five years of age, a native of Ireland.

August Monan, Charity Hospital, twenty-seven years of age, a native of France.

John Badaker, Charity Hospital, twenty-two years of age, a native of Germany.

Thomas McKernon, Charity Hospital, twenty-one years of age, a native of England.

Joseph Bevan, Charity Hospital, twenty-four years of age, a native of Western Islands.

THE HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—On the twenty-fourth of September, about four o'clock in the morning, Bertrand Barras, residing on the corner of Giro and Gasquet streets, in company with one of his employes, was proceeding to the Claiborne Market, where he retails meat.

A day or two ago, a Spaniard, living on Royal street, Third District, called on the Doctor and informed him that he had purchased two city bonds which he thought were of the stolen lot, and he was correct.

Special officer Malone was entrusted with the case, and only a short time elapsed before the road was open. He obtained the number of the house where the man lived who sold or pledged the two bonds to the Spaniard.

THE SLAUGHTERHOUSE HOMICIDE.—Coroner Roche held an inquest on the body of John Kissinger, shot and killed at the Slaughterhouse by Charles Williams, last Thursday evening.

The following testimony, given by John Thomas, is the most direct: Accused and deceased were standing against a fence by the hog pen, accused asked what beat that was at the landing with cattle; deceased said the Lee was beat the Natchez; accused said the Lee was not made to beat her, putting his hand into his jacket pocket, inside, taking out a bit of tobacco, he took a chew, and replaced the tobacco; he was pulling his hand out when the report of a pistol was heard; witness saw deceased fall; accused exclaimed, "Oh, I have shot Johnny," stooping down and raising him, wiping the blood from his face; some of the carpenters then arrested Williams, taking his pistol from him; there was no resistance.

William Quested and Robert Washburn gave evidence, but which amounts to less than that of Thomas. The jury did not agree on a verdict, concluding to wait until to-day.

HEAD END OF GIRO STREET.—This thoroughfare, from Magazine street to the river, still holds to its old reputation for hatred to law and order. Patrolmen on that beat must not be spring chickens or infirm men. Cast iron nerves are required to deal with the fellows, and women, too, who frequent that sweet-scented locality.

When a rumour occurs these officers find great trouble in securing offenders, as the very persons who are injured combine to outwit the police. Patrolmen are considered lucky if they get their prisoners off without a clip or two.

Last evening James Lane and Thomas Shore inclined to battle, rough and tumble, with an earnestness worthy of a good cause. Lane's strong arm wielded a bar of iron so manfully that Shore's funeral did not appear very distant. His personal appearance, after the fracas, would have gladdened the eyes of a prize fighter. Shore was so completely used up that it was necessary to send him to the Charity Hospital, while Lane took a turning into Captain Schreiber's innermost sanctuary.

WHOSE TURN NEXT?—Such was the question we asked some days ago when the third attaché of Recorder Houghton's Court had met with personal accident. The query is answered, for Wednesday night the Judge himself came near losing his life by the carelessness of workmen on St. Charles avenue. He was horseback, riding along at a round pace; at the corner of Second street his speed was checked by another opening, by which was no light or other indication that travelers should be careful. The horse tumbled in, partly falling on the Judge, bruising him badly. Being unable to see anything, his situation was critical, and most likely he would have been crushed to death had the animal had power to move. After a few moments he

released himself and procured a bucket of water for half a dollar and washed himself, again mounted and rode home, bruised, but able to attend to his duties the following day. Only one member of that court has escaped bodily injury of some kind recently, and it is hourly expected that Mr. James will meet with a disaster before a month. It seems inevitable.

Annie Barbieri, the waiter girl who was so badly burned by some one firing her water-fall, Thursday night, in No. 59 St. Charles street, was a pitiful sight yesterday. Her face was in an awful condition, one side being literally cooked, and her head badly swelled. It is not known who applied the match.

By making a false step, Thomas Long fell down the side stairs of an establishment on St. Charles street, last night, and injured himself seriously, cutting a long gash in his forehead. He was picked up, totally insensible, and sent to the Charity Hospital.

We reproduce the following from the Times, as it contains information likely to prove serviceable to all who eat and drink: My attention has been directed to a substance sold largely by dealers, under the name of sugar drops, and afterward retailed as golden syrup, which, upon investigation, appears to be a triumph of science over nature, since it contains no sugar at all, but is produced by the destructive action of strong sulphuric acid (oil of vitriol) upon starch.

As some prefer giving their young ones syrup made from sugar-cane, the old-fashioned way, I will state a method for distinguishing the difference: Dissolve a teaspoonful of the "golden syrup" in a wine-glass of rain water, then add a few grains of tannic acid, when it will turn black as ink if the article is spurious. If not convenient to procure tannin, make a cup of strong tea (which contains tannin), and add a teaspoonful of the "golden," and a fair quality of ink will appear.

Very respectfully, JOHN H. POPE, Druggist.

The conflict of authority between the Workhouse warden and the Recorders is still unsettled. The real and first cause of the trouble is the refusal to recognize the Captain Noble refusing to recognize the order for release sent by Judge Heidenheim was, that no inmate answered to the name on the paper—Hutchins. There was a man named Hutchinson, committed for vagrancy, supposed to be the person sought, but the Warden stood on the name as written. Besides, the person who called with the release was not an officer, and some one had said that over one hundred dollars had been paid an attorney to obtain accused's liberty. Captain Noble still contends that the Recorders have no right to issue orders for release, when once a prisoner is in his custody. Let us have peace.

RECOVERY OF VALUABLES.—Arrest of the Culprits.—Not many days ago, Dr. Morcer's residence, on Canal street, was entered and robbed of four city bonds, one thousand dollars each, some Texas Beef Company bonds and three hundred dollars in currency. So quietly was the theft accomplished that no one could make a rational guess as to who the robber was.

A day or two ago, a Spaniard, living on Royal street, Third District, called on the Doctor and informed him that he had purchased two city bonds which he thought were of the stolen lot, and he was correct.

The Doctor informed an acquaintance, who sent Mr. J. Farrell on the track, when there was a conference held with Superintendent Badger.

Special officer Malone was entrusted with the case, and only a short time elapsed before the road was open. He obtained the number of the house where the man lived who sold or pledged the two bonds to the Spaniard. This person proved to be Charles Livaudais, in whose house lived another party. There a clue was obtained which soon after ended in the arrest of the other party, whose name we withheld. The inmates had seen him handling the bonds and coupons, and knew that his pockets were well lined with money, an unusual occurrence. That party was not at home at the time, but an officer was left to keep close watch and capture him on sight, which was done about midnight. He was taken to the Elysian Fields street stationhouse. A trunk searched his person but found nothing. Malone, that old reliable, and Farrell were there soon after and held a short conference with the accused, who denied all knowledge of the robbery, asserting that he found the bonds on some street.

Being closely pressed he finally admitted that he "took the trick," and had the remaining bonds and coupons on his person when locked up, and had dropped them into a nuisance tub in the cell, but had made no effort to prevent the turkey finding them when undergoing a search, as he carried the bundle in his vest pocket. The tub was emptied, washed, and his story verified, for there were the remaining valuables, two one thousand dollar city bonds and the Texas bonds. This completed the recovery, excepting the currency, which has gone glimmering. Malone yesterday made affidavits against the party, whose name we are requested to suppress, as principal, and Livaudais, for having stolen property knowingly; the latter had given up several coupons that had been detached. A fine seal was also recovered from the Spaniard, who had purchased it for three dollars from the unnamed party.

CONGRATULATIONS.—Between ten and eleven o'clock Thursday night, a one-story house, owned and occupied by Mrs. Ann Stub, on Union, between Roman and Derby streets, was totally destroyed. Insured in the Germania for eight hundred dollars.

The alarm, the same night, about eleven o'clock, was caused by the burning of a kitchen attached to the premises of Mr. B. Decourt on Napoleon avenue. The loss was not great.

Robert Hopkins, carpenter on the steamboat Grand Era, accidentally fell from the wheelhouse and was seriously injured.

Two women entered Mr. Schalk's shoe store, No. 14 Chartres street, pretending to make some purchases. One of them, Octavia Wilson, alias Malvina Garridel, was seen to slip a pair of gaiters into her pocket, and was at once arrested by Officer Dumas. She was or twice did the State some service in times past. Recorder Stas gave her a hearing without delay, and in a few minutes forwarded the papers to the Criminal Court. Shoplifting is her best hold.

The officers and members of Jackson Fire Company, No. 18, presented Mrs. Sierra a set of silver as a token of friendship for that lady. The occasion was indeed a pleasant one. She received the present in a neat speech.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Benjamin Davis, convicted of wounding less than mayhem, on the eighth of September, Police Officer Ar-

mand Delle, of the Algiers precinct force, on the first of the Penitentiary.

Ben Clessor, convicted of having stolen, on the fifteenth of September, from Josephine Carter, one sow and six pigs, valued at thirty-two dollars, ten days in the Parish Prison.

Charles Reynolds, convicted of entering the store of H. Melgens, on the second of September, in the day time, with intent to steal, three years hard labor.

On the motion of Judges Semmes and Cazabat, counsel for the old man Valen Larche, for arrest of judgment, Judge Abell, in a lengthy decision, denied the motion.

The accused was charged with perjury, having sworn before Justice Montanot on the second of December, 1868, that he was an enlisted soldier of the United States army in 1814 and 1815, and entitled to the veteran pension, having been a private in the company of Captain W. Johnson, in the United States arsenal, under command of Major Barrett, during the battle of New Orleans, December 23, 1814, and January 8, 1815.

The charge against Charles H. Roberts, with having committed perjury on the twenty-second of January, 1868, before Recorder Julian Neville, aggravating unjustly one John B. Pollingne, was dismissed on a nolle prosequi.

The case of J. B. Pollingne, who, with Achille Gajac, was charged with embezzling from Charles H. Roberts, in the twenty-fourth of May, 1868, \$1600 in seventy-four bonds, was disposed of in the same way.

John Nelson alias Cochon, who was arrested on a charge of larceny, stealing on the sixteenth of July, from an old man named Charles Jania, about \$100, and who jumped bail and was re-arrested, was arraigned, and pleaded not guilty. His associate in the above crime, Edward Bell, has been convicted, and sent for two years to the Penitentiary. The old man, whom they believed had left town, is here to present.

Mario Louise Dubray, who was convicted of cutting off the hair of a young girl, Kitty Felt, was too sick to appear for sentence.

Mrs. Ed. Donnelly, and the stepson of Ed. Donnelly, who is charged with murdering Dennis Callagher, at the corner of Laurent and St. Andrew streets, on September 27, were brought up on a motion of Judge M. A. Doolley, to admit Mrs. Donnelly and the boy to bail. The boy was admitted to \$500 bail.

The Louisiana battalion of artillery, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel C. W. Squires, was on parade last night, and were reviewed by General Longstreet in Lafayette square. Mayor Flanders and other prominent gentlemen were present at the review. In passing our office they paid us the compliment of a "carry."

Last evening, as William Gasler, seven years of age, was landing from a skiff at the Crescent City Slaughterhouse, accidentally stumbled, when a sharp-knife which he had in his pocket was forced into his abdomen, inflicting a deep wound that may prove fatal. Dr. Ames attended him, and thought that there was no immediate danger.

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETINGS, First Congressional District.

New Orleans (Congo Square), Saturday, October 22.

Greenburg, Tuesday, November 1.

Franklin, Thursday, November 3.

General J. H. Snyper and other distinguished speakers will be on hand to address the people.

By order of the Sub-Executive Committee of the Republican party of Louisiana, WILLIAM VIGERS, Secretary.

Appointments by the Governor and General Sheridan.

Upon his return from his trip to the north part of the State, Governor Warmoth, accompanied by General George A. Sheridan, will visit and speak at the following places:

Thibodaux, Thursday, October 27.

Houma, Friday, October 28.

Franklin, Saturday, October 29.

New Iberia, Monday, October 31.

Vermillionville, Tuesday, November 1.

Opelousas, Thursday, November 3.

ASYLUM FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS.

Circular of the Disbursing Officer.

The Board of Managers of the National Asylum for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers give notice that the list of names of the beneficiaries under either of the branches near Augusta, Maine, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, or at the Central Asylum near Columbus, Ohio.

The requirements are: First—An honorable discharge from the volunteer service.

Second—Disability by wounds received or sickness contracted in the line of duty.

If the applicant is unable to travel, or if for other sufficient cause, relief will be furnished under the direction of the manager to whom application is made.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

Proclamation by H. C. Warmoth, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

Whereas, Representatives to fill vacancies in the Forty-first Congress, and Representatives to the Forty-second Congress, are to be chosen in this State on MONDAY, the seventh day of November next, as provided by law, as follows, to wit:

One Representative to the Forty-second Congress, and one Representative to serve the unexpired term of the Forty-first Congress, from the First Congressional District, composed of all that portion of the parish of Orleans, on the right bank of the Mississippi river, and so much of the left bank as is situated above and below the Canal street, in the city of New Orleans, comprising the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Representative Districts of the parish of Orleans, and the parishes of St. Bernard, Plaquemine, Tangipahoa, Washington, St. Helena, Livingston and Tangipahoa.

One Representative from the Second Congressional District, composed of all that portion of the parish of Orleans on the left bank of the Mississippi river above and west of Canal street, in the city of New Orleans, comprising the First, Second, Third and Fourth Representative Districts of the parish of Orleans, and the parishes of Jefferson, St. Charles, St. John the Baptist, St. James, Lafourcade and Terrebonne.

One Representative from the Third Congressional District, composed of the parishes of St. Mary, St. Martin, Assumption, Ascension, Vermilion, Calcasieu, Lafayette, St. Landry, Bertrille, East Feliciana, East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, Iberville and Cameron.

One Representative from the Fourth Congressional District, composed of the parishes of West Feliciana, Iberville, St. Landry, St. Martin, St. James, Natchitoches, De Cade, Bossier, Winn and Grant.

One Representative to the Forty-second Congress, and one Representative to serve the unexpired term of the Forty-first Congress, from the Fifth Congressional District, composed of the parishes of Calcasieu, Calumet, Bienville, Jackson, Iberville, Morehouse, Carroll, Ouachita, Madison, Caldwell, Franklin, Tensas, Catahoula, Concordia and Richland.

Whereas, It is necessary on the day aforesaid, that there shall be elected an Auditor of Public Accounts to fill the place of George M. Wickliffe, impeached for malfeasance in office and removed therefrom.

Whereas, It is provided by law, on the day aforesaid, that there shall be elected a State Treasurer; and Whereas, It is provided by law that on the day aforesaid there shall be elected State Senators from each of the following Senatorial Districts to fill the places of those whose term of service has expired, and the vacancies occasioned by the death of Senators Deane and Francois, to wit:

Three Senators from the district composed of the First, Second and Third Representative Districts of New Orleans.

One Senator from the district composed of the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Representative Districts of New Orleans.

One Senator from the district composed of the Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Representative Districts of New Orleans and the parish of St. Bernard.

One Senator from the district composed of the parishes of Jefferson, St. Charles and St. John the Baptist.

One Senator from the district composed of the parishes of Ascension and St. James.

One Senator from the district composed of the parishes of Assumption, Lafourcade and Terrebonne.

One Senator from the district composed of the parishes of Vermilion and St. Mary.

One Senator from the district composed of the parishes of Calcasieu, Lafayette, St. Landry and Cameron.

One Senator from the district composed of the parishes of Pointe Coupee, East Feliciana and West Feliciana.

One Senator from the district composed of the parishes of Bossier, Bienville and Claiborne.

One Senator from the district composed of the parishes of DeSoto, Natchitoches and Sabine.

One Senator from the district composed of the parishes of Catahoula and Winn, to serve the unexpired term occasioned by the death of Hon. J. D. Beards.

And whereas, It is also provided by law that on the said first Monday of November next there shall be elected throughout the State Representatives to the Forty-second Congress, and one Representative to each of the parishes of Grant, River, Richland, Tangipahoa and Cameron one Representative each is to be elected, whose right to a seat in the House of Representatives will be determined by that body.

And whereas, It is also provided by law that on the aforesaid first Monday of November next there shall be elected to the State except the parish of Orleans.

And whereas, It is provided that on the same day a Sheriff and a Coroner shall be elected in each parish of the State except the parish of Orleans, where two Sheriffs and two Coronors are to be elected.

And whereas, It is provided by law that Justices of the Peace and Constables shall be elected on the same day in the several parishes of the State, and at the same time, certain amendments to the constitution of the State are required by law to be submitted to the people for ratification or rejection, to wit:

An amendment providing that no person who has been officially a defaulter to the State government shall be eligible to office until he shall have obtained a discharge from such liability.

The tickets of all persons voting on this proposed amendment shall have written or printed thereon the words:

"For the amendment making defaulters ineligible to office."

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An amendment providing a substitute for article ninety-six of the constitution.

The tickets of all persons voting on this proposed amendment shall have written or printed thereon the words:

member next; said election to be conducted and the returns there made in all respects according to the provisions of the constitution and of the law.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State on the twenty-third day of October, 1870, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-fifth.

By the Governor: H. C. WARMOTH, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

By the Secretary: P. CHATELAIN, Assistant Secretary of State.

Special Notices.

New Orleans Insurance Association.

Secrete de l'Association et d'Assurance.

Getting Married.

Office New Orleans City Railroad Company.

Crescent City Bank, New Orleans, October 22, 1870.

Union Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans, October 22, 1870.

Notice is hereby given that all the circulars of the Bank of New Orleans, October 22, 1870.

Bank of New Orleans, New Orleans, October 22, 1870.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Board that the capital stock of this bank should be increased to the sum of one hundred thousand dollars.

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POLITICAL NOTICES.

Constitutional Amendments.

For the amendment making defaulters ineligible to office.

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

CANCELLATION OF BONDS.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Constitutional Amendments.

For the amendment making defaulters ineligible to office.

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