

SINGLE COPIES: TEN CENTS.

VOLUME IV—NO. 169.

NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1870.

TERMS: \$16 00 PER ANNUM.

WHOLE NUMBER 1083.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. The eminent actor DOMINICK MURRAY.

Wednesday Evening, October 26. The exciting drama of ALLEN AROON.

Thursday, October 27. First time here of the Comic Drama written for DOMINICK MURRAY.

DOMINICK MURRAY AS MICKY AND JEROME MCKAY.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

The management is pleased to announce a brief engagement with ROBERT MCWAD.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE. BENEFIT OF THE LEE MONUMENTAL FUND.

OLLEANS DRAMATIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION. Friday, October 28, 1870.

ROBBERS. To conclude with the farce MY NEIGHBORS WIFE.

MISS VAUGHN has kindly volunteered. Tickets \$1. Doors open at seven.

SECOND GRAND MASQUERADE AND FANCY DRESS BALL.

Ivanhoe Lodge, No. 1, Knights of Pythias, at Odd Fellows Hall.

Thursday Evening, November 24, 1870.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS. F. O. Hunt, F. E. Myers, Thomas H. Whittington, J. H. Jones, J. P. Foster, etc.

John G. Green, Chairman; F. E. Myers, H. W. Canby, J. W. Maden, C. A. Haley, F. E. Barhart, W. Mack, Henry Brown, etc.

Tickets: \$2 00. Gaucher's Celebrated Band has been engaged.

FOR SALE. A DESIRABLE PIECE OF PROPERTY, on Claiborne street, near Esplanade.

FOR SALE. A DESIRABLE PIECE OF PROPERTY, on Claiborne street, near Esplanade.

FOR SALE. SEVERAL SQUARES OF GROUND, on St. Charles street, near Esplanade.

FOR SALE. A VALUABLE SUGAR PLANTATION, situated in the parish of Plaquemine.

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THE COURTS.

An Attorney Charged with Embezzlement. Yesterday, Judge Louis C. Perret, who charged that he had been swindled out of \$20,000 belonging to an estate of which he was administrator.

Personally appeared before me, the undersigned authority, Louis C. Perret, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says: That he is the administrator of the estate of the late Charles A. Murrey, deceased.

That in his said administrative capacity he has been acting as administrator and counselor at law, to attend as such to the administration of said estate, one Auguste Lavison, who then held forth in the city of New Orleans and parish of Orleans.

Affiant avers that, in the year 1863, said Auguste Lavison collected from one V. Laurent, then Sheriff of the parish of St. Charles, the sum of one hundred dollars.

That in his said administrative capacity he has been acting as administrator and counselor at law, to attend as such to the administration of said estate, one Auguste Lavison, who then held forth in the city of New Orleans and parish of Orleans.

Affiant avers that, in the year 1868 and 1869, he frequently wrote letters to, and therefrom demanded, in manner aforesaid, said money, but it was never received.

Affiant further declares and says that he has received said money, by virtue of said decisions of said Supreme Court, and the order given him by said affiant, said Lavison absconded from and left the State of Louisiana, and fled to the State of Mississippi.

That said A. Lavison, after having fled from justice and absconded from the State of Louisiana, not only evaded but refused, and still refuses, to be recognized by me, as administrator of said estate, and to answer the written demands of affiant for said sums of money by the said Lavison, collected as aforesaid.

Dependent further says that he has received said money, by virtue of said decisions of said Supreme Court, and the order given him by said affiant, said Lavison absconded from and left the State of Louisiana, and fled to the State of Mississippi.

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IMPORTANT POLITICAL DISCUSSION.

Heidenhain the Challenger—T. G. Noel Accepts. It will be seen by the following challenge and acceptance, that Hon. Henry Heidenhain, who was one of the most eloquent and logical members of the Louisiana General Assembly, has challenged any member of the so-called Christian Republican party, or any other bolter, to discuss the merits of the bolting party, and that the bolting party, and that the challenge has been accepted by that fearless champion of the Christian Republican party, Colonel T. G. Noel.

When the time and place for the discussion are fixed, we shall report the speeches, which will abound with interest to general readers and the community at large.

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MEETING IN FRANKLIN PARISH.

On the twenty-second instant, the Hon. John Ray addressed a large and attentive concourse of the citizens of Franklin parish, assembled in the courthouse in Wabashborough. The house was full—many Democrats, among them were the leading men in the parish, were present. The attendance of our colored citizens was unprecedented.

While the Democrats had had several meetings, to which they had been specially invited, I do not think over twenty ever attended; but on this occasion they occupied, closely packed, one entire side of the courthouse, and most of the floor on that side, so solicitous were they to hear the speaker.

For about an hour, logically, clearly and forcibly did the speaker attempt to disabuse the minds of the audience of the erroneous impressions inculcated by Democratic organs and speakers, as to the acts and principles of the Republican party, drawing illustrations from the legislation of 1860, 1867 and 1868, and demonstrating, by facts and figures, that the people of Louisiana are indebted to the Democratic, and not to the Republican party, for the onerous debt of the State.

Without attempting to controvert Mr. Ray's arguments or deny his facts, Dr. William E. Rapp, on call of the Democrats, answered Mr. Ray.

The Doctor made a strong appeal to the interest of the colored citizens to vote the Democratic ticket, if they wanted the Democrats to be their friends; that it was their interest to do so.

Now, last Saturday, the fifteenth instant, a Democrat was heard stating to a colored man, "if you vote the Radical ticket, you won't get anything to do." As if capital was not as much dependent on labor as labor on capital.

Mr. Ray made an eloquent rejoinder: "Great God! has it come to this that if a man don't vote to please me I must be his enemy?" Then turning to the colored people, he urged them to follow their own judgment and dictates; that he would not be their enemy if they chose to vote the Democratic ticket.

Dr. Rapp disclaimed the idea that he meant they would be the enemies of the colored man if he would not vote their ticket.

The meeting was concluded throughout pleasantly and harmoniously, and on principles of independent thought and speech, and manly, christian courtesy and bearing. So many it was said.

Secretary Cox's Rules. We copy the following special from the Chicago Tribune:

WASHINGTON, October 22.—The following is the circular sent by Secretary Cox to the heads of the bureaux in his department.

Washington, 10th Oct. 22, 1870. Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst., in relation to the examination of candidates for appointment. The system had been highly successful in operation for some months previous; but in order to meet the constant demand that persons should be appointed upon the shortest notice, it seems not to have been published among the regulations of the department.

It is in order to increase the efficiency of the clerical force of this department, and to elevate the standard, I have determined, in future appointments, to establish the system of competitive examination, by which the names of candidates shall be placed in an envelope which will be sealed and not opened until the names of applicants under his assumed name shall have been determined. The maximum standard will be 100 and minimum 40, which latter number will be attained to secure an appointment.

Each question, together with the letter of applicant, will have a certain power in the scale, to be determined by examiners, and the department. Proper experience in the examination is to be made, together with two others to be selected by the different heads of the department. I desire that you will select and report to me the name of the candidate in your office, who is thoroughly conversant with knowledge of the work of your office, and on general subjects, to act in connection with yourself, and some other to be selected by the different heads of the department proper where vacancies occur. The Secretary will issue designations to the class for examination, and persons passing the test on scale will receive the appointment. Proper experience in the census office, I am convinced that if this system is strictly adhered to, from the class of persons who apply for office only those will be selected who are thoroughly competent, and that the transaction of public business will be greatly improved.

Very respectfully, J. V. COX, Secretary.

Not a Bolter. NEW ORLEANS, October 26, 1870. EDITOR REPUBLICAN: Please announce that while I tender my thanks to the kind friends who have placed my name before the public as a candidate for First Justice of the Peace of this parish, I do not consent to be a candidate.

Respectfully, JOHN P. BECKER.

The Shreveport Southwestern very gravely says: "We are personally cognizant of the fact that Sheridan, in Carroll parish, established a paper called the Elton English, which had no other means of support than a public printing, and on this venture alone he established the basis of the princely fortune he now possesses." This is a high compliment to General George A. Sheridan, and a public recognition of his "princely fortune."

One of our prominent Republicans saw yesterday, in a business house on Carondelet street, a subscription to the Lee monument fund,