New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

NEW ORLEANS, DECEMBER 15, 1870.

THE NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY REPUBLICAN PAPER IN THE SOUTH.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

May be had of the following dealers:

George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.

A. Simon, No. 91 Exchange Alley.

C. C. Haley, No. 19 Commercial Place.

C. G. D. Holle, No. 61 Exchange Place.

James Ennis, Pontchartrain Railroad depot, Third District, also at depot foot of Lafayette street, First District.

John Schafer, corner of Ninth and Constance streets.

J. W. Long, corner of Love and Enghein streets, Third District.

E. S. Marks, opposite Jefferson market, Sixth District.

W. R. Dirks, No. 34 Annunciation street.

A mail for Shreveport will leave daily by the Jackson Railroad.

Hon. D. H. Reese, of Lafourche, was on Carondelet street yesterday.

Senator Kellogg has placed us under obligations for a number of favors.

Mr. Rivers, Assessor and Tax Collector of St. James parish, is now in the city.

Governor Warmoth has appointed F. R. Wright Recorder of St. Charles parish.

Lieutenant Governor O. J. Dunn left this city on last Tuesday evening for Washington, to look after some appointment and confirmation matters.

So enormous is the railroad traffic of London that about a train a minute, on an average, enters and leaves that city during the entire twenty four hours of the day.

The Department of Waterworks is advertising to sell, for the term of one year, the right to take water from the city plugs for the purpose of watering the streets.

Stockholders of the Hibernia Bank of New Orleans are notified that an election for directors will be held at the banking house, No. 47 Camp street, on the sixteenth of January.

Judge Edward Moore and Hon. B. L. Lynch have been appointed by the State Board of Public Education school directors for the parish of Iberville. These are excellent appointments.

The Circuit Court of Chicago has struck a severe blow at one of the chief business interests of the city, by making a rule requiring the personal attendance in open court of parties to a divorce suit, and their witnesses.

The thermometer yesterday morning at seven o'clock was 53° at New Orleans, 36° at Cincinnati, 39° at Nashville, 40° at Augusta, 43° at Lake City, 51° at Mobile, 43° at Montgomery, 40° at Washington, 42° at Fortress Monroe, 42° at Chattanooga, 42° at Natchez, and 60° at Houston.

We republish this morning, on the sixth page of the REPUBLICAN, the report of the divorce suit instituted by Josephine Fiddes Murray against her husband, Mr. Dominick Murray, the well-known actor. We deeply regret this most unfortunate domestic disagreement, for we had reason to esteem both parties very highly, and can not close this notice without expressing the hope that an adjustment and reconciliation may yet be made.

H. S. McComb, President of the Jackson Railroad Company, is expected to arrive in the city to-day. He has been for several days inspecting the track, rolling stock, stations, etc., and has made such arrangements and given such orders as will secure the rapid movement of cotton to this market. No consignment will be permitted to remain at any station longer than twenty-four hours. This will be very gratifying news to shippers along the road.

Lafayette square, although it is not the leafy and flowery time of year, puts on a gay appearance of a winter-like soberness, however. The trunks of the trees have been whitewashed up to a height of nine or ten feet, and the iron fence that surrounds the square is freshened up by a coat of coal-tar paint. Yesterday morning workmen were busy in painting the fence of Jackson square in the same manner; and we believe that all the public squares in the city will get their share of the same freshening.

The provision committee of the French Bazar now in progress at the St. Louis Hotel, have been so very bountifully supplied by the citizens with meats, delicacies, etc., that Mr. E. F. Denechand, the popular proprietor of the Lake End Hotel, who is acting as chairman of that committee, has been compelled to make arrangements to open a private market in the basement of the St. Louis hotel, to sell the various provisions meats, game, etc., that have accumulated beyond the wants of the Bazar.

When the Varieties Theatre was burned, it became a subject, among others, of great regret, that the fine theatrical company engaged there for the season would no longer delight the play-goers of our city. It is gratifying to know that this regret will be at least partially obviated, for the Varieties company have been engaged, through their late leader, Mr. Lewis Baker, by Messrs. Spalding, Bidwell & McDonogh, to give a series of representations at Mobile, Memphis, St. Louis and this city. The company will commence their engagement at Mobile on Monday next, and, after playing at the places named, will reach New Orleans in the course of the season, where they will, we know, be heartily welcomed.

The first of the series of concerts in connection with the French Bazar, at the St. Louis Hotel, took place last evening. We do not attempt to particularize the performance, which was very fine throughout. The first piece, executed by Mlle. O. Romey, was a splendid piece of harmonic adaptation. The "Marseillaise" was played with the right hand, and the "Bonny Blue Flag," arranged to harmonize, was played with the left hand. The concert saloon was crowded to excess, although there was not sufficient room for the multitudes who thronged the Bazar.

The splendid square Chickering piano used at the concert, was selected by Mr. G. Collignon, from the large stock at Blackmar's Temple of Music.

AN OLD ACQUAINTANCE.

Dr. Samuel A. Bard, whilom of Louisiana, then of Georgia, then of Tennessee, then of Idaho, and now again of Georgia, sometimes a lawyer, occasionally a medicine man, again an editor, but always a noisy admirer of himself, has completed the circle of opinion by delivering himself up to the Democracy, from whom he took a departure at the close of the war. The reconstruction of the orbit or ring which he has been engaged in perfecting, occurred within the last forty-eight hours, and is now known to the public through his own flatulence, and by the contrivance of the idiot in charge of the telegraph office at Atlanta, Georgia. Dr. Bard's receipt for departure is written in the shape of a farewell address to President Grant, and it is margined by a disreputable scrawl that shows bad handling by the way. He has evidently not had a smooth time of it among his late associates, and to justify his hunt after better appreciation, he finds it profitable to forstall an assault from behind, by calling those who are in a position to pursue him all sorts of bad names. As abuse is his best holt, he indulges in it like a fishwoman. Unfortunately, like a fishwoman, his malignant vulgarity is of that too common order to be accepted as worthy of much consideration, except in quarters where nothing else is palatable.

Dr. Bard was once a resident of this State. To say that he was also an office-holder would seem to be almost a work of supererrogation, since for him to be a resident is synonymous with his being an office-holder. Some folks have the happy faculty of finding place and fatness at their disposal wherever they go, they being born place-men. This, in Bard's case, should have made him grateful, for since he only succeeded in fixing himself for one term, his dismissal was not accompanied by any severe remarks on his official short comings. He had too much mouth and too little muscle. Even Slidell could not stand a man who could talk all day without turning over a single leaf on the credit side of the ledger. Still, he was not condemned by any utterances that might have impeded his advancement elsewhere, and when he turned up in Tennessee the innocent people of that State, nor yet those of Georgia, where he also escaped from official life as a mere incompetent, did not know why he had been released from public service in this State. This silence on our part ought to have insured his silence, for gratitude is not inconsistent with weakness and volubility. His treatment in Louisiana merited better return than it has received, for Bard has turned upon the hand that warmed him, and in his epistle declaring his apostacy to Republicanism, he has been weak and mean enough to repeat a slander against Governor Warmoth which might have been believed two years ago by people filled with prejudice, but which is now stale, and of known falsity. What does Bard know of Louisiana since he fled from her flesh pots? And what right have the telegraphic operators of this country to be hunting this fugitive up, and seducing him into a prolixity of scandal and oratory, without any other purpose than to advertise his own defection from principle, because he has failed to accomplish a fraud? Let the telegraph men answer.

THE OFFICE OF ADMIRAL.

A prominent Republican paper in Massachusetts proposes, with great probability that the proposition will be successful, that the office of admiral be left in the keeping of the American people until another man like Farragut shall arise to merit it as a reward for his services. For reasons that seemingly do not satisfy the lower house of Congress, Vice Admiral D. D. Porter has been nominated to the vacant office of admiral, and a resolution has been passed in that body to abolish the office. This is evidently a double-edged motion. Its first design is to declare that the people desire to hold in their own hands some reward with which to honor the highest patriotism hereafter. If the office of admiral, which was created to distinguish a great and heroic chieftain, should be continued in perpetuity, when another Farragut arises the republic would have to create a new and higher grade if it ever felt like testifying its gratitude and admiration by promoting a more than ordinarily meritorious officer.

President Grant finds the office in existence and vacant, and he necessarily proceeds to fill it. His choice has fallen on the Vice Admiral, who has been in charge of the Navy Department under Secretaries Borie and Robeson. This act of promotion has not been ratified by the voice of the people, nor by the votes of their representatives. It is the universal sentiment that the office should expire; and even those who lately felt inclined to let things take their regular course in the promotion of Porter, now join hands with the mass that demands the extinction of the dignity. The position which D. D. Porter has fallen into lately is not favorable to his reputation. The letter which he wrote to Secretary Welles in 1865 is accepted as an ebulition of feeling that almost any man of nervous temperament might have written. If it had been gracefully acknowledged and politely treated as a mistake, the good sense of the public would have passed it by as a mistake, not to be remembered against the author. But when Mr. Porter entered on his prevaricating course in the first place, and then descended to the weakness of calling in question the honesty of his own utterances, the country felt that he had forfeited his claim to be considered a worthy successor of the naval hero who had been honored with the title of Admiral. Porter has never been a favorite, either with the army or the navy. His record is one of pretension and contention. In several instances he has quarrelled with his associates, and sometimes with his superiors, about rank and services. But these things have not been remembered against him, and would not be now, except to justify Congress in refusing to confer the title of Admiral upon him.

NOT ON THE FREE LIST.

We are in favor of the strictest economy in the administration of public affairs. We intend to require of our officials that they shall expend as little of the public funds as possible, and always pay the lowest cash prices. But we can not expect them to get things for nothing. If services or material are required for public use, they should be paid for, and promptly, too. For this reason we dissent from the views expressed in the following extract from the *Times'* report of the Council proceedings:

A bill of W. R. Fish, Recorder of Conveyances, who charges the Council fifty cents for each certificate of conveyance given, although he is required by article 3164, Revised Statutes, to furnish a monthly free account of such, brought Mr. Bonzano to his feet, who stated that the city paid in this manner $150 or $200 per month. The bill was referred.

We give, to illustrate the case, sections 3163 and 3164 of the Revised Statutes, by which it will be seen that there is no requirement that the Register of Conveyances shall discharge the duty imposed upon him free of charge:

SEC. 3163. The Register of Conveyances of the city of New Orleans shall be entitled to the following fees of office, and no other or greater fees shall ever be received or demanded by him: For each registry of a conveyance, one dollar; for each alienation, *or any other certificate* required of him, fifty cents.

SEC. 3164. It shall also be the duty of the Register of Conveyances, every month, to transfer to the Board of Assessors of New Orleans, a list of all conveyances recorded in his office during the month.

Here we have in two consecutive sections a fee bill and an order to discharge certain duties every month under it. The Register receives no salary from the city or the State. Neither, therefore, can impose duties upon him without compensation. In the discharge of their official duties, the assessors of New Orleans require prompt and accurate information of the transfers of real estate. The law has imposed the duty of furnishing this information upon the Register, who is a responsible official, and under bonds for the faithful performance of all his duties. He must furnish certificates of conveyance of real estate to all applicants, under penalty of paying any damages that may be sustained. Any demand for a certificate is mandatory upon him, and he can not refuse. The obligation to pay his fees by applicants is quite as binding on them, however, and he is as clearly entitled to demand pay for his services as any other person who gives his time for the benefit of the city.

THE NEW FRENCH MINISTER.

Mons. the Viscount de Treilhard, the new French Minister at Washington, waited on the President on Friday last, when presenting his credentials, in a plain suit of citizen's clothes, such as we Republicans wear. He did not know positively what form of government he represented, since he accredited himself as the Minister of the National Defense; but he accepted the idea that he stood before the republic of the United States as the representative of the republic of France, because he dressed to suit that character. He was clothed in conformity with the simplicity of republican institutions, and the President received him as the Minister of France.

Viscount de Treilhard succeeds M. Paradol, who, as the minister of Napoleon, would have taken leave of the President in an elaborate fit-out corresponding to his imperial office. Gold lace and decorations would have flecked his clothing from head to heel, and the footman at the door of his carriage would have been more highly adorned than the envoy who now holds intercourse with our government as the representative of France. What next may well be risked in this connection? Will Mons. the Viscount, continue to wear his plain clothes for six months, and shall the summer sun of the fast approaching new year see him replaced by a new minister, all lace and tinsel? Washington society, no doubt, would prefer the change, but is the revolution in France strong enough to hold its own and supply us with a minister and a viscount in plain clothes.

THE RISE IN THE OHIO.

At last we have good news from the Ohio river. The dispatches report seven feet at Pittsburg, and rising, with water enough to let out coal. We have been in danger of a coal famine here. Some dealers endeavored on the first November to put the price up to $1 25, but were defeated by the firmness of less grasping men. More recently $1 50 has been named as the price they ought to receive, and it would have come to that before spring if the Ohio river had remained low. We are specially indebted to two large firms for the privilege of buying coal during the past six weeks at $1. And now the river is up, and a fleet of coal barges ready to start, down the river, we hope prices here will fall at once. The article can be had at fifty cents per barrel from the barges, within a month. There is now on sale in this city enough to last the winter through, and hence dealers will do a wise thing to unload before the price falls below a point where profit begins.

A DOMESTIC PROSPECT.

A very proper way to settle a serious matter was developed in Chicago last week, when the wife of a man who had eloped with the servant girl pursued the flying lovers with success, and, coming up to them at a wayside tavern, thrashed the erring female until she consented to forget and forego the captive husband. This part of the business being arranged, the gallant wife conveyed her husband back to his deserted home, and made him agree to stay there.

This results from the enlarged sphere which has been demanded for woman. She is contending for her rights in full, and what greater privilege can she have than to reclaim an erring husband from a life of misery and guilt? The full perfection of this new idea would suggest the proper education of the female sex in the muscular text. A virtuous and indignant wife, with her muscle in good training, would be more than a match for any waiting girl, who might guiltily corrupt and seduce from his own home the lord of the premises.

ON CARONDELET STREET.

After a quiet morning yesterday, a sudden movement in Slaughterhouse stock sprang up in Carondelet street during the afternoon. The stock had seemed weak, the day before, at 23¾, and was offered yesterday morning at 21, without finding purchasers. Later in the day a well-known operator appeared on the street, and in less than ten minutes had quietly gobbled up more than eight hundred shares. His purchases were as follows: 500 shares at 24, 100 at 24 1-16, 9 at 24¼, 50 at 24, 200 at 24, and 47 at 24; total, 906 shares. This large purchase, of course, excited much comment, and many speculations were indulged in as to the views of the bold operator. Many theories were formed, some of which are probably correct. If so, a few days will suffice to develop the truth. At the board, fifty shares were sold at 24¼, and, after the board, about 120 more at 24.

During the last few days there has been much discussion between the brokers and the lawyers as to the liability of banks on certified checks. The question arises out of the recent frauds of the enterprising Western whisky house of Clayton, Williams & Co. It will be remembered that the Louisiana State Bank sent a check to the Germania to be certified. The certificate was given, and the check paid by the Louisiana State. But the check was a forgery, and it is understood that the Germania claims to be released from responsibility in consequence. The brokers almost unanimously take the ground that the certificate is a guarantee and an indorsement, which make the certifying bank liable. The lawyers, on the contrary, maintain that the certificate assumes the check to be genuine, and is only an agreement to pay the amount called for by the person purporting to draw the check. In other words it is a certificate that that person's check, so certified, is good for the amount for which it is drawn. But if the check is a forgery, it is not his check, and hence has not been guaranteed. It is absurd, the lawyers say, to suppose that a bank can indorse a forged check. At last accounts the controversy was very warm, and both parties adhered to their respective opinions with great tenacity.

Gold sold yesterday at 110⅝. Among the sales of stock were one share of Barbarin at 185.

The second instalment of $5 per share on ordinary Calcasieu Sulphur stock is payable to-day. The anticipation of this payment has made the stock a little weaker during the last few days.

The following were the bids and offers at the board last night:

	ASKED.	BID.
Ship Island Canal	20 00	24 25
Calcasieu Sulphur Mining Company (preferred)	—	—
Barbarin Gas Light Company	170 00	22 00
Louisiana Lottery Company, buyer 30	90 00	80 00
Lottery, cash	85 00	— —
New Orleans City Railroad	169 50	168 00
Crescent City Railroad	— —	65 00
Merchants' Bank	60 00	— —
Crescent City Bank	— —	19 25
Mechanics and Traders' Bank	58 25	— —
Louisiana State Bank	— —	95 00
Canal Bank	44 00	— —
Gold	1 10⅝	1 10½
Jackson Railroad first mortgage bonds	— 60	— 65
Jackson Railroad second mortgage coupon bonds	— 60	— 70
State North Louisiana and Texas Railroad eights	— —	— 30
State warrants, new	— 72	— 77
City seven per cent funding bonds, new	— 69½	— 69½
City ten per cent bonds	— 98½	— 95
Bank of New Orleans city certificates	— 83	— —
Mississippi Valley Navigation Company	3 75	3 50

Have Your Printing and Binding Done at the Pelican Job Office, Corner Camp and Poydras Streets. oc29 1y

FRENCH BAZAR.

In pursuance of arrangements made with several of the city railroad companies, and during the continuance of the Bazar, additional cars of the following lines will leave their respective stations, on Canal street, as follows:

Magazine, Prytania, Dauphine, Bayou at 12:15, 12:40; 1; 1:20 A. M.

Annunciation, Jackson street, Carrollton (as far as Napoleon avenue only), Claiborne at 12:20, 12:40, 1; 1:20 A. M.

By order of the President:

G. L. FEVRE, Secretary.

d e18

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS

E. A. TYLER,

WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE,

115.....Canal Street.....115

NEW ORLEANS,

Has now on hand the most beautiful and complete stock of goods suited for

HOLIDAY GIFTS

Ever offered to the public. General attention is directed to the

WATCHES, of all the best makers;

CHAINS, TRIMMINGS, of all kinds;

DIAMONDS, STONE CAMEOS, CORALS, PEARLS, EMERALDS, ETRUSCAN, and other fine sets;

Lockets and Medallions; Bracelets in great variety; Gold Pens and Pencils, Thimbles, Crosses, mantle and office Clocks, real and imitation Bronzed Statuettes, and ornaments in Parian, Artificial Flowers, and a great variety of fine FANCY GOODS.

New and beautiful patterns in SILVERWARE.

SILVER TABLE WARE of every description.

PLATED WARE from all the best manufactories, at factory prices.

Diamonds reset and Jewelry made to order.

Watches and Clocks Repaired.

de4 2dplm

FERTILIZERS,

LIME, CEMENT, PAINTS, OILS, ETC.

Thomaston, Alton, Cape and Sugar LIME.

Rosendale and Louisville CEMENT.

LARD OIL, COTTON SEED OIL.

Lubricating and Tanners' OILS.

PAINTS, COLORS, VARNISHES and PAINT OILS.

TAR, PITCH, ROSIN and COAL TAR.

FINE BONE DUST.

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

SULPHATE OF LIME and OIL CAKE MEAL.

A full supply in store and for sale by

LOUIS BERNOS, Agent,

de7 3m 1t 2dp 39 Natchez street.

CABINET PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAITS,

TAKEN BY WASHBURN, No. 113 Canal Street.

FULL LIFE SIZE

On his new Mammoth Solar Camera, and COLORED IN OIL, WATER COLORS OR INDIA INK.

They are exactly done to Nature, and will endure forever.

Call and see them. de10 su we sa 1m2p

LATEST NOVELTY.

Work-Box Sewing Machine within the Reach of all.

PRICE FIFTY DOLLARS,

Made by the celebrated Grover and Baker Sewing Machine Company. Office and salesroom 183 Canal street. no25 2dpSuWeSalm

THE NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN PRINTING COMPANY'S STEAM BOOK AND JOB Printing Establishment,

94.....Camp Street.....94

We have purchased from George Bruce, New York, entirely new type for the REPUBLICAN.

Also from T. H. Benoir, agent, a new

CAMPBELL BOOK PRESS,

with all the late improvements, which, in addition to our previous supply of Printing Machinery, will enable us to turn out work with dispatch, and in a style that can not be excelled in the South.

We have also in operation three first-class

GORDON PRESSES

of assorted sizes. These are considered in New York the Best Presses that are made, for the rapid and superior execution of work. We employ skillful workmen, who will at all times be properly informed as to the latest and best styles of work.

We would call the particular attention of the Mercantile and Business Community to this Department of our Establishment, as we have made to it extensive additions in the very

NEWEST STYLES OF POSTER AND GENERAL JOB TYPE,

PRESSES, ETC.,

WHICH ENABLE US TO EXECUTE EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING,

SUCH AS

MAMMOTH POSTERS,

FANCY SHOW CARDS,

RAILROAD WORK,

LAWYERS' BRIEFS,

BOOK WORK,

STEAMBOAT WORK,

BUSINESS CARDS,

PROGRAMMES,

HANDBILLS,

and all kinds of MERCANTILE WORK.

The facilities we have in the way of

STEAM, CARD AND HAND PRESSES

ENABLE US TO EXECUTE WORK

RAPIDLY, NEATLY AND CHEAPLY.

RULING AND BOOK-BINDING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION EXECUTED WITH DISPATCH.

STEAMBOAT PRINTING.

Steamboat Officers will find it to their INTEREST TO CALL AT OUR JOB OFFICE AND LEAVE THEIR ORDERS.

We have made special provision for Steamboat Printing, and have NEW FONTS OF BEAUTIFUL TYPE FOR

COLORED BILLS,

AS WELL AS SOME OF THE FINEST COLORED INK TO BE HAD.

POSTERS AND HANDBILLS IN BLACK AND COLORED INKS, AND OF EVERY SIZE

Our Facilities for Printing

BLANK WORK,

are unequaled by any establishment in this city

BILL HEADS ON ANY QUALITY OF PAPER,

Prices Accordingly.

INSURANCE POLICIES AND BLANKS.

RAILROAD TICKETS, TIME-TABLES,

In fact, all kinds of JOB PRINTING can be executed at this Office—not only with dispatch but on accommodating terms.

THE MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

Capital, Over $6,000,000.

Annual Income, Over $2,000,000.

OFFICERS:

H. STOKES.....President.

C. Y. WEMPLE.....Vice-President.

J. L. HALSEY.....Secretary.

HENRY Y. WEMPLE.....Assistant Secretary.

S. N. STEBBINS.....Actuary.

Important New Features in Dividends and Modes of Insurance.

SMALLEST RATIO OF MORTALITY.

Expenses Less than Any Cash Company.

LIBERAL MODES OF PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS.

Insurers Receive the Largest Bonus Ever Given.

DIVIDENDS MADE ANNUALLY ON ALL POLICIES.

Policies Incontestable.

ALL KINDS OF NON-FORFEITING AND ENDOWMENT POLICIES ISSUED.

All Policies After Two Years Non-Forfeiting.

GOOD SOLICITORS AND STATE AGENTS WANTED.

B. MORDECAI & SON,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR LOUISIANA,

NO. 140 Gravier Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

nov1 2p34k3m eod

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TO

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FROM

No. 9 Camp Street.

GLYNN & WENTZ,

Manufacturers and Dealers IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

TRUNKS, VALISES, AND BAGS,

Respectfully give notice that they have removed to the large and centrally located store

No. 167 Canal Street,

Near Dauphine.

no27 3m3t2p

NEW ORLEANS SAVINGS INSTITUTION.

187.....Canal Street.....187

INCORPORATED MARCH 15, 1855.

Officers:

L. F. Generes, President.

Thomas A. Adams, First Vice President.

Thomas Allen Clarke, Second Vice President.

Charles J. Leeds, Third Vice President.

Sam Jones, Jr., Treasurer.

Trustees:

Dr. W. Newton Mercer, L. F. Generes,

George Jonas, Thomas A. Adams,

Thomas Allen Clarke, Charles J. Leeds,

Christian Schneider, Carl Kohn,

David Urquhart, John G. Gaines,

Samuel Jamieson.

de10 2p 2m

SELLING OFF AT COST.

Large Stock of Ready Made Clothing.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.

In the very best style.

CHARLES LAMM,

de10 1m Nos. 192 & 194 Poydras street.

TEUTONIA NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, December 10, 1870.

In accordance with the requirements of the eighteenth section of the national currency act, I publish herewith the certificate of authority issued to the "Teutonia National bank of New Orleans." J. M. WAGNER, Cashier.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Office of Controller of the Currency, Washington, December 5, 1870.

WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the TEUTONIA NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ORLEANS, in the city of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans, and State of Louisiana, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act.

Now, therefore, I, Hiland R. Hulburd, Controller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the TEUTONIA NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ORLEANS, in the city of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans, and State of Louisiana, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this fifth day of December, 1870.

HILAND R. HULBURD, Controller of the Currency.

No. 1747 de10 2m

ZABLE & DALTON,

62.....Camp Street.....62

MANUFACTURERS OF TIN AND JAPANNED WARE.

DEALERS IN

Stoves, Grates, House Furnishing Goods, etc.

AGENTS FOR

The Times Cooking Stoves, Bramhall, Deane & Co.'s European Ranges and Boilers, Asbestos Roofing, Arbor, Bird and Animal Cages.

We are now manufacturing all kinds of Bath Tubs, Toilet Ware, Water Coolers, etc., which we are selling at lowest market prices.

ZABLE & DALTON,

ap6 1y 3t2p No. 62 Camp street.

NEW ORLEANS RICE DEPOT.

A. MAUREAU,

43.....Peter Street.....43

Between Customhouse and Bienville streets.

ALWAYS ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF RICE.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

fe19 2p 1y

NEW ORLEANS SILVER WARE MANUFACTORY.

Attention is particularly directed to my SILVER TABLE WARE, such as

SPOONS, FORKS, ETC.

Prices as low as at any Northern manufactory, and CHEAPER THAN IN ANY HOUSE IN NEW ORLEANS. Quality and style equal to any. Full guarantees given in all cases. Every description of Medals, Badges, Military Belt-plates, Sword Mountings, etc., manufactured in the most artistic manner and at low prices.

A. HIMMEL, Proprietor,

de1 1y 2p No. 188 Poydras street.

FINE WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

S. SILVERSTEIN,

186.....Poydras street.....186

(Corner of Carroll street.)

DEALER IN

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, FINE CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES, EYE GLASSES, ETC.

Would respectfully inform his old customers that he has reopened at the above location. His stock being entirely new, and consequently, are all of the latest styles, warranted to be equal to anything in the city. Having bought for cash, he can sell for almost any other house in the city, and will favor of quick returns and small profits, guarantee bargains to all customers. Call and see his goods.

Watches and Jewelry repaired in the best manner and at the shortest notice.

UNION LEAGUE CLUB HOUSE

32.....Royal street.....32

The rooms of this Club are open daily to members and their guests from 7 A. M. to 12 M. Lunch will be served daily from 12 M. to 3 P. M.

no29 1m2p

I. C. LEVI,

108.....Canal street.....108

Having removed to his New Store, No. 108 Canal street, three doors from the corner of Bienville street, would respectfully invite examination to his elegantly fitted up establishment and beautiful stock, which consists in part of

JEWELRY, DIAMONDS, WATCHES, SILVER WARE AND PLATED WARE, ETC.

His assortment of Marble, Vents and Fancy Work is also very beautiful and in Bronze, Mantel and Hall Ornaments, etc., can not be surpassed in the South.

All kinds of precious stones set to order. Ware made to order. WATCHES and CLOCKS REPAIRED BY THE BEST WORKMEN.

Having secured the services of Major W. Driver, so well known in connection with the jewelry business of this city, he asks the attention of the friends of that gentleman to his stock.

Mr. Louis Kaufman still presides over the Watch Department of the house.

STANDARD FIRE AND WATER PROOF ROOFING.

SOUTHERN PLASTIC SLATE ROOFING COMPANY

Office—No. 184 Peters Street, Between New Levee, above Julia.

NEW ORLEANS.

This Roofing is adapted to every style of roof, Roofs, as well as Steamboat Roofs, Verandas, Ceilings, etc.

Costs less than that of any other standard roofing. Plastic Slate is likewise a most excellent covering for metal roofs of all kinds; it preserves the metal, dispenses with painting, and checks contraction and expansion. Plastic Slate and Felt and American Felt for sale in quantities to suit. For full particulars send for circular.

THE CHEAPEST STORE IN TOWN.

D. MERCIER,

Corner of Dauphine and Bienville Streets,

Is now in receipt of his fall stock fresh from the manufactories at the North, consisting of

MEN'S BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS,

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS,

MEN'S UNDERCLOTHING, SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,

HATS, CAPS, UMBRELLAS AND CANES.

He also has just opened a splendid assortment of

FRENCH, GERMAN AND ENGLISH CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES, in the piece,

WHICH HE WILL MANUFACTURE TO ORDER at the shortest notice, in the latest styles.

His prices are still fifty per cent cheaper than those of any house in the city.

Come and look at the stock.

no20 1t2p tjal

REOPENING.

SEWING MACHINES—ALL KINDS.

The public have long desired the establishment of a Mart, where all kinds of Sewing Machines, Sewing Machine Findings could be had; where they could see and compare the workings of one machine with another, and select from the different kinds the machine best suited to the use to which it is desired to apply it. To such a Mart we begin at 159 Canal street. Agents wanted.

no22 2ptf M. S. HEDRICK, General Agent.

DR. A. CRANE,

153.....St. Charles Street.....153

DR. A. CRANE, founder of the Bronchial Hospital inhalation treatment in America, Physician for the cure of throat and lung diseases, consumption, cancer, catarrh, asthma, the eye, ear and all chronic and female diseases, can be consulted at 153 St. Charles street, between Lafayette and Gironde streets, New Orleans, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

GOVERNMENT SALES OF COTTON FOR DECEMBER.

OFFICE OF UNITED STATES ASSISTANT TREASURER, New Orleans, November 30, 1870.

Sealed proposals for the purchase of Government cotton will be received at this office upon the following days, to twelve o'clock noon:

TUESDAY, December 20..... 100 bales

TUESDAY, December 27..... 100 bales

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids.

CHARLES CLINTON, Assistant Treasurer.

de1 2 4 6 11 13 18 20 25 27

FREE SCIENTIFIC LECTURES FOR THE PEOPLE.

DR. A. CRANE, 153 St. Charles street, will lecture at the Lyceum Hall (City Hall) every WEDNESDAY EVENING at half-past seven o'clock. First lecture December 7, 1870. Subject of lectures: Electricity, Life and Death, Anthropology, Phrenology, Physiology, Comparative Anatomy, Education, the Philosophy of Man, the Laws of Health, Mental Inhalations, Personal Character, the Character of our Great Men, State and National Characters, Character of Nations.

MONEY CAN NOT BUY IT!

FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS!!

BUT THE DIAMOND SPECTACLES WILL PRESERVE IT.

THE DIAMOND GLASSES,

Manufactured by

J. E. SPENCER & CO., NEW YORK,

Which are now offered to the public, are pronounced by all the celebrated Opticians of the world to be the MOST PERFECT. The SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLE on which they are constructed brings the core or centre of the lens directly in front of the eye, producing a clear and distinct vision, as in the natural, healthy sight, and preventing all unpleasant sensations, such as glimmering and wavering of sight, dizziness, etc., peculiar to all others in use.

They are Mounted in the Finest Manner,

In frames of the best quality, of all materials used for that purpose

EDWARD LILIENTHAL,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN,

Is sole agent for New Orleans, Louisiana,

No. 95.....Canal Street.....No. 95

From whom they can only be obtained. These goods are not supplied to peddlers, at any price.

He also keeps constantly on hand a very large and well selected stock of

Watches, Jewelry and Silverware.

All of which is of the very best quality, and fully guaranteed. oc23 6m 3t 2p

C. H. MILLER. P. W. DIELMANN.

MILLER & DIELMANN,

(Formerly C. H. Miller & Co.).

50 and 52...New Levee street...50 and 52

Corner of Natchez alley.

LARGEST ESTABLISHMENT IN THE SOUTH.

FIRST PREMIUM

Steam Candy Manufactory

AND

WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERY.

Awarded the HIGHEST PREMIUMS and GOLD MEDALS at the Louisiana Mechanics and Agricultural Fairs in 1866, 1868, 1869 and 1870 for STICK and BARBER POLE CANDIES, FANCY CANDIES, GUM DROPS, DRAGEES, ORNAMENTED WORKS, ICE-INGS, SYRUPS, and different other candies.

Importers of FANCY ARTICLES, CREAM OF TARTAR, ESSENCES and ESSENTIAL OILS.

Depot of all kinds of FIREWORKS.

Agents for CALIFORNIA WINES and LIQUORS.

All above mentioned goods will be sold at the lowest figures, and delivered to city and country customers, free of charge, at steamers and depots.

MILLER & DIELMANN,

oc16 2m 3t3dp