

New Orleans Republican. OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES. OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS. NEW ORLEANS, DECEMBER 16, 1870. THE NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY REPUBLICAN PAPER IN THE SOUTH.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN May be had of the following dealers: George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice. A. Simon, No. 84 Exchange Alley. C. C. Haley, No. 19 Commercial Place. C. G. D. Holle, No. 61 Exchange Place. James Ennis, Pontchartrain Railroad depot, Third District, also at depot foot of Lafayette street, First District. John Schaefer, corner of Ninth and Constance streets. J. W. Long, corner of Love and English streets, Third District. E. S. Marks, opposite Jefferson market, Sixth District. W. R. Dirks, No. 34 Annunciation street.

Governor Warmoth has appointed John Wetherill, auctioneer, in Cameron parish.

New Mexico wants no unwarmed Christian ministers, because they spend so much time on dress.

Only once in the last twenty years has the upper Mississippi been open so long for navigation as this season.

Dilatory employes in customhouses are to be suspended or reported to the Secretary of the Treasury for dismissal.

Messrs. Louis Stern & Brothers will sell this day, at ten o'clock, at No. 16 Chartres street, 800 cases boots, shoes and brogans.

The constitution of Michigan is now in accord with that of the United States, the word "white" having been stricken out by a vote of the people at the recent election.

A correspondent of the Boston Traveller says that if women were particular in the choosing of a virtuous husband as men are in the choosing of a virtuous wife, a moral reformation would be soon begun.

A Cleveland woman asked her husband for money right before folks, which made him so ashamed that he was obliged to chastise her with two charges from a revolver. When will women learn better than to rouse the lion in men!

The Woodruff sleeping car patent is to be extended seven years longer, because it was shown to the satisfaction of the Acting Commissioner of Patents that, owing to the expense of introducing it, the proprietors had not yet realized \$30,000 on the patent.

James Mace was the star attraction at Niblo's during certain evenings of the past week, the house being crowded when he appeared, while the attendance was light on his "off-nights." James seems equally capable of making a hit on and off the stage.

The thermometer yesterday morning at seven o'clock was 48° at New Orleans, 31° at Cincinnati, 27° at Nashville, 35° at Augusta, 40° at Lake City, 46° at Mobile, 39° at Montgomery, 25° at Washington, 36° at Fort Monroe, 33° at Chattanooga and 39° at Natchez.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals at Washington, D. C., has lately been engaged in waging war against a new instrument of torture for the horse, in the shape of a stiff piece of sole-leather, in which are fastened from twenty to thirty needles, projecting an inch from the surface of the leather.

Massachusetts boasts a larger proportion of preachers to population, a more complete system of free schools, and a greater consumption of playing cards than any other State in the Union. It is not contended, however, that these several excellences stand to each other in the relation of cause and effect.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in a recent conference with Collector Murphy of New York, intimated an intention to order the adoption of a uniform for customs officers. Blue cloth and the navy cap were suggested as the most suitable. The Collector is much in favor of the plan, and says that it is carried out.

The Lafayette, Indiana Journal takes the following rather singular way of announcing that a prominent friend has been gathered into the fold: "A well-known gentleman, at the top of the ladder in the judiciary of the State, went to church Sunday, for the first time in thirty-seven years. Dr. Carver was the minister honored with his presence."

Judge Portly says the liveliest time he ever experienced was on issuing the first number of a newspaper in a Western town. The people wanted something stirring. He published the personal history of the leading politicians, as furnished by their friends. The Judge says that for the first hour they all rushed for the paper; the second hour they went for him.

Joe Howard, of the New York Star, has recently been to Boston, where he attended the Globe. He says in private life Mr. Fechter smokes a briar-wood pipe, lives at the St. James Hotel, Boston; wears a blouse in his study, and is as jovial as a boy of sixteen. He is precisely forty-six years of age, and calls himself Fechter. Young ladies and hair-partied-in-the-middle critics, who indulge in Fechter and Faechter, please take notice.

The Duxbury, Plymouth and Kingston, Massachusetts, light will be a tower twenty-five feet in diameter at the base, with a height of fifty feet focal plane. It will be founded in two feet of water at low tide, and will be of concrete, faced with iron. The run of ice is very severe from Plymouth harbor, and to resist it and the heavy seas by which it will be assailed, the tower will be built in one solid mass to a height of fifty feet above the water.

About ten o'clock this day, Placide J. Esch, auctioneer, will continue the sale of unencumbered pledges at the loan office No. 15 St. Charles street, between Common and Canal streets. We earnestly call the attention of the public to the article that will take place to-day, as the articles to be offered consist particularly of diamonds of every description, watches of the best make and silverware of the heaviest and most modern patterns. Every article offered yesterday was knocked down at unheard-of low prices. Those in search of Christmas and New Year presents at great sacrifices will do well by attending the sale of the loan office No. 15 St. Charles street.

A LOCAL DIAGNOSIS. When thieves fall out honest men recover their safety. The Shreveport Bulletin has fallen out with the white folks of Caddo parish, and with the same independent pen that has been so often used to defend the Republican party, it now turns upon the gentlemen who have ceased to follow its disreputable prejudices. In accounting for the success of the Republican ticket in Caddo parish, which we attributed to the better understanding of the people, taught them by Governor Warmoth, concerning the principles of the Republican party, the Bulletin merrily rushes into the wildest doubts as to the honesty, capacity and civility of the white people of that prosperous community. They are afraid of the free negroes, they are dastardly cowards, who stand in dread of losing a few dollars; they are miserable, timid, self-hating people, who refused to take part in the election because they were afraid of losing the labor of a few negroes; they are fence-straddlers, whose greed of gain swallowed up every manly or generous principle, and made them adapt their actions so that which ever party triumphed they might claim the benefits of office and patronage. This is the language which the Shreveport Bulletin applies to the white people of Caddo parish since the election. It is a shameless and scandalous prostitution of language, thought and printing ink, we are constrained to affirm, but then it is the natural life and the consequential dogmatism of that class of people who have no principles. Prejudice and hate always use these weapons to attack their enemies or their dissenting partners. No man can ever part company with a drunkard or a blackguard without laying himself liable to be abused.

It will be seen from the spirit which dictated the editorial to which we have alluded, that our conclusion concerning the effect of Governor Warmoth's tour through Northern Louisiana was correct, although the Bulletin sets out to dispute it. When the Governor left New Orleans Caddo parish was distracted by two Republican nominations for Congress, and by unalloyed divisions of opinion concerning most of the local officers. The same discord existed in other parishes, and the party was given over to defeat by its most earnest supporters. The Democracy already counted on carrying Northern Louisiana at least, not through its legitimate vote, but through the weakness and divisions of the Republicans. The white people were rallied in a solid mass in support of Ryan and his demoralizing precepts and prejudices. This is a fair coloring of the situation on the first of October.

The Governor, acting with the members of the auxiliary committee, took the field about the middle of October. The plan of the campaign had been quietly perfected, and its execution was directed by discretion and boldness. The Democracy was caught as General Scott was caught in Kentucky. It had no time to prepare for the onslaught. The people were free to be impressed with sense and truth. They had not been doctored into staying away from the polls, nor had their hearts been fired with lessons of disorder and turbulence. The Governor caught them when they were willing to listen. He appealed to their honest judgment for justice to his own party and for liberality in all things. He showed them figures that could not be disputed, and started them with sentiments that had never been uttered in their presence before. He manifested the old way and the new, and told the country how it had been neglected for the sake of men. He disproved the falsehoods of the Democracy, and commended the honest truths of that republicanism which makes all the world of kin. Blood is thicker than water. The truth may be slow, but it is sure. Error writhes in chains, when clear and unspotted sincerity arrests its terrible progress. Hundreds who had believed the man to be devil, and his ideas to be devilish, found their wisdom when they found their sight. They at once drew off from that reckless opposition which had made them disloyal to peace in the name of Democracy. Being satisfied that they had gone astray, the voters returned from their error.

This is the result which makes the Bulletin mad. It has lost its leadership by being caught in the act of cheating the country. It is now powerless because its reputation for judgment and honesty is gone. It can no longer mislead, and in its anger it finds relief in abusing those who have departed from its councils. Being thankful for its voluntary testimony that our conclusions were correct, we shall now rest at ease until the Bulletin fails, or finds a change of heart.

A WEAK SUGGESTION. Of all the great big booby papers printed in the interest of the Democracy, the St. Louis Republican is certainly the biggest and the boobiest. Not content with supporting universal suffrage while denouncing the negroes as worthless and incapable; not satisfied with declaring the certainty of ruin in the presence of peace and plenty; not willing to be liberal, while demanding amnesty, it has added to its list of inconsistencies the weakness of assuming that because certain Republicans have been displaced by other Republicans in Missouri, the Republican party must perish unless this thing is changed. That is, a party which founds itself on principles and which seeks office only to carry out these principles, must be dissolved and disbanded, because the office is not placed to suit the partialities of certain men. Principles are the first consideration in this country, and parties to enforce them are the second. The friends of free trade, or the advocates of free farms to the homeless, unite to secure the triumph of what they consider to be the true policy of a republican government. Here we have a principle and a party, and so long as the measure is practicable and wise its advocates will stand united in its support. As an incident of success they must secure the offices of government, for through them alone can the idea be put into suc-

cessful operation. Office is a mere incident. It is a means to an end—an agency by which men carry through their aims and measures. Its extinction would not affect the men nor the measures of a day. And yet because three men who are personally distasteful hold three offices that are coveted, perhaps, by three other men, the principle which is applicable to millions of people must be disregarded by the men who uphold it, until these three men are dispossessed of what they hold in favor of three men who are empty-handed. Everything turns upon the office. The more incident of parties and of government is made the arbiter of men, measures and States. The St. Louis Republican should change its name. Sensible men might take it to be the organ of a party which sticks to principles by reading its title, in which event they would be excused if they declared the party a fraud. The Republicans do not propose to divide and dissolve because three men hold three offices which three other men want.

WANTED—CONFIDENCE. Jordan and Ryan have gone South to ship their eleven hundred recruits, Jordan refusing to enlist any but old Confederates.—Special dispatch to the Times.

Jordan begins to show some sense. He served on Beauregard's staff long enough to find out that a commander can do but little unless he enjoys the confidence of his troops. He is about to go on a raid against a power with which our government is on friendly terms. There is more than ordinary risk attending his adventures. He naturally, therefore, looks around him for men who will accept him as a military leader in time of danger, and is too sensible to expect any old Union soldier to take any stock in him. A letter of recommendation from Jeff. Davis would be of service to him, as it would satisfy the "old Confederates" that "the President" has forgiven Jordan for his letter that was published in Harper's Magazine. Go for the old Confederates, Jordan, but keep clear of the Union veterans; they would laugh at you.

CHANGE OF RANGE. It is a source of sincere gratification to the REPUBLICAN that the Shreveport Bulletin has changed the range of its Chinese artillery, so as to rake the white people of Caddo parish, rather than ourselves. It shows that there has been an emende in the Democratic camp, and that the decent people are giving trouble where they have heretofore been the passive aiders and abettors of hate and prejudice. If the good citizens about Shreveport now feel the stink-pot bombardment and the bronzed-gong assault, they will be in a situation to realize before many moons how much bile and confusion has been wasted on the Republican party by partisans who thought that nastiness and noise were good political weapons.

ON CARONDELET STREET. By a typographical error yesterday morning, we were made to say that Slaughterhouse stock had been offered the day before at 21. The figures should have been 24. The promise of an active movement in this stock was not realized yesterday, but nevertheless, the price remained firm, and even had an upward look. There were no offers at less than 24, and no bids higher than 24, so that the day passed without transactions. Almost the same thing may be said of all other stocks. Literally nothing was done in them. Calveson stock has been very quiet, indeed, scarcely heard of for a week. The second assessment is payable to-day, and no doubt, will be met with promptness by the stockholders. All the information received from the mine is favorable, and flattering results are anticipated within a comparatively short time.

In regard to the "resumption of specie payments," the circular of the house of Henry Claws & Co., dated December 5, has the following paragraph: "The growing public sentiment in favor of the earliest possible resumption of specie payments may be expected to find expression in the proposal of measures looking to that end; but it is questionable whether, with the existing financial conditions, Congress on the method to be adopted, really practicable scheme will be reached. At the same time, the earnest discussion of the subject, with a common sympathy with the end in view, has had an important influence on the premium. At the present time, the amount of gold actually on the market is comparatively light, and the supply of specie is very limited. The requirements for export and for the payment of customs duties are likely to reduce the supply materially during the month, and may expose borrowers of gold to the exaction of high rates of interest, until the payment of the January interest on the public debt. Contrary to general expectation, the report of Secretary Boutwell throws no light on his future policy respecting the disposal of the government surplus of gold, from which it would seem reasonable to infer that he favors continuing the sales of gold at about the late rate, viz: four to five millions per month.

The only sales at the board last night, were two lots of gold at 110 1/2, and ten shares Lafayette Bank at 28.

Table with 3 columns: Name, Price, and Bid. Lists various stocks and bonds such as Crescent City Slaughterhouse, Ship Island Canal, and various bank shares.

The Mobile Tribune, of Wednesday, says: Yesterday the first shipment of cotton that ever went by rail from Mobile to New Orleans was made by the proprietors of Walker's press, Messrs. Marston & Sons. The shipment of cotton, an old and highly respectable citizen of Mobile, has perhaps been longer in the compressing and storage business than any other pressman in Mobile, and his experience in the business is so well known, that he is regarded by the zeal and energy of his two sons, whom he has lately taken into copartner-

The following nominations of consuls have been sent to the Senate, Benjamin H. Farnham, of Massachusetts, at Bombay; Henry Fox, at Plymouth; Thomas J. Brady, of Indiana, at St. Thomas; D. H. Bailey, of Ohio, at Hong Kong; R. Abercrombie, of Pennsylvania, at Tunis; R. W. Jewell, of Mississippi, at Canton; Henry Houben, at Guatemala; H. H. Houghton, of Illinois, at Pernambuco; William R. Page, of Virginia, at Port Said; James W. Taylor, of Minnesota, at Winnipeg; John H. Stuart, of Pennsylvania, at Leipzig; G. L. Struve, of Wisconsin, at Quebec; C. S. Matton, of Ohio, at Honolulu; A. Livermore, of New Hampshire, at London; William H. Townsend, of Rhode Island, at Cork; William H. Veasey, of District of Columbia, at Nice; William J. Wright, of Santos, at Santos; Brazil; and A. N. Young, of Kentucky, at Santiago de Cuba.

Governor Warmoth, yesterday, appointed the following gentlemen to official positions in Cameron parish: Phineas E. Smith, parish recorder; James B. McCall, district clerk; James E. Rogers, assessor and tax collector; James M. Lacy, administrator; James D. Farque, justice of the peace, Fourth Ward; John Smith, constable, Fourth Ward.

Have Your Printing and Binding Done at the Pelican Job Office, Corner Canal and Poydras Streets. oc29 ly

PIANOS. LOUIS GRUNEWALD, 129 Canal Street. Would respectfully call attention to his large and complete stock of first-class

PIANOS AND ORGANS, which he offers at greatly reduced prices. STRYWAY PIANOS, unequalled in tone and touch; KRAMER PIANOS, celebrated for their superiority; HAINES PIANOS, reliable, good and cheap priced; FLETCHER PIANOS, just received from the factory. Every piano fully warranted for five years, and satisfaction guaranteed. Sold at the lowest possible prices for cash or on time payments.

HAISON & HAMILTON ORGANS. The best and cheapest Cabinet Organs manufactured. Prices greatly reduced.

SMALL MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. such as Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Flutes, Accordions, etc. BEST ITALIAN STRINGS for all instruments. The trade supplied at Northern prices. Catalogues and price lists sent free to any address. Pianos and Organs tuned and repaired.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST. Improved Wilson Shuttle Sewing Machine, unrivaled for its Simplicity, Durability and Beauty, on easy terms, at twenty dollars less than machines sold by the Monopoly Agency, No. 139 Canal street, corner of Burgundy street. Agents wanted. oc16 ly 2p

MRS. GOODALE, 221 Canal Street. AT THE STORE OF MRS. A. M. PARRISH, Assisted by Mrs. Lincoln. Fine on hand, and constantly arriving from the well known factory of A. Goodale, New York, ready made Ladies' Underwear, including collars, cuffs, dresses in Reys, Alpaca, and all desirable materials of the latest patterns. Infants' Clothing, Hats, Wrappers, etc. Wholesale and retail made at short notice and in the latest fashions. oc16 ly 2p

FRENCH BAZAR. In pursuance of arrangements made with several of the city railroad companies, and during the continuance of the Bazar, additional cars of the following lines will leave their respective stations, on Canal street, as follows: Magnans, Puyfaut, Douville, Bayou at 12:15, 12:45, 1:20 A. M. Annunciation, Jackson street, Carillon (as far as Napoleon avenue only), Claiborne at 12:20, 12:45, 1:20 A. M. By order of the President: G. L. FEVRE, Secretary.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS. E. A. TYLER, WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE, 115 Canal Street. Has now on hand the most beautiful and complete stock of goods suited for

HOLIDAY GIFTS. Ever offered to the public. General attention is directed to the WATCHES, of all the best makers. CHAINS, TRINKETS, of all kinds. DIAMONDS, STONE CARBOON, CORALS, PEARLS, EMERALDS, FRUSCAN, and other sets. Lockets and Medallions, Bracelets in great variety. Gold Pens and Pencils, Thinkers, Crosses, medals and other Clocks, red and imitation Bronze, Statuettes, and ornaments in Porcelain, Artificial Flowers, and a great variety of other FANCY GOODS; New and beautiful patterns in SILVERWARE, SILVER TABLE WARE of every description. PLATED WARE from all the best manufacturers, at low prices.

Diamonds reset and Jewelry made to order. Watches and Clocks Repaired. oc24 3pm

FERTILIZERS. LIME, CEMENT, PAINTS, OILS, ETC. Thomaston, Aton, Caps and Sugar LIXE. Rosendale and Louisville CEMENT.

LARD OIL, COTTON SEED OIL. Lubricating and Tanners' OILS. PAINTS, COLORS, VARNISHES and PAINT OILS. TAR, PITCH, ROSIN and COAL TAR. FINE ROSE DUST. SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME. SULPHATE OF LIME and OIL CAKE MEAL. A full supply in store and for sale by LOUIS BERNOS, Agent, oc7 3m 12 2p

CABINET PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAITS. TAKEN BY WASHINGTON, No. 112 Canal Street. FULL LIFE SIZE. On the new Mammoth Solar Camera, and COLORED IN OIL, WATER COLORS OR INDIA INK. They are exactly like Nature, and will endure forever. Call and see them. oc10 3m 12 2p

LATEST NOVELTY. Work-Box Sewing Machine within the Reach of All. PRICE FIFTY DOLLARS. Made by the celebrated Greener and Baker Sewing Machine Company. Office and show-rooms 129 Canal street. oc25 2p 1/2

BABCOCK FIRE EXTINGUISHER. BEST PROTECTION FROM FIRE. WON A GREAT VICTORY AT THE LATE TRIAL Fire on Canal street.

AWARDED THE FIRST PREMIUM. A BEAUTIFUL SILVER MEDAL At the Texas State Fair Over Two Competitors. DAVID E. BRADLEY, General Southern Agent, No. 26 Carondelet street, New Orleans.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND APPLY FOR AGENTS. L. A. GUILLOTTE, Agent for New Orleans, No. 28 Carondelet street. oc17 11 2p 25 25 2p

TO THE PUBLIC. The undersigned citizens and merchants of New Orleans have seen with regret that a petition, bearing date December 1, 1870, signed by J. H. Oglesby, J. D. Warren and others, has been presented to the Common Council of this city, praying for the extraordinary privilege of a franchise set forth in the following words: "We ask to be permitted and guaranteed the right to enter upon said wharves and levees, including as well the wooden structures as all other portions of the public levee between said streets in the control of the city, with the right of constructing and maintaining thereon suitable fire-proof sheds or structures in no manner interfering with any of the public streets, or any parts of the city may have heretofore made any corporation or individuals, to hold the right of maintaining such sheds for the period of twenty years, and further, that such sheds be exempt from municipal taxation upon the value of the improvements and the capital embarked in the erection of the sheds and maintaining the wharves."

We also ask a reasonable guarantee against any future municipal ordinance or discriminating municipal legislation, and that we may be permitted to collect and receive a small charge upon articles of merchandise exhibited and protected under the sheds, etc. Now, to the fact that your honorable body may be led to believe that the petition referred to represents the desires and commercial interests of the business men and taxpayers of the city, we hereby solemnly enter our protest against the passage of any ordinance creating any such association as that proposed in said petition, because: 1. It would create a large monopoly. The grantee would thus possess the entire wharf in front of the business part of the city, between St. Joseph and Common streets, where the great thoroughfares of commerce converge. It would compel all merchandise intended for or shipped from that portion of the city to be landed in remote and inconvenient places, or to be placed under the custody of this pet corporation, and when the goods were placed there they would be at the disposal and under the direction of the managers, who could, and would, doubtless, police their own premises, allowing and refusing them to enter their convenience, and always in subordination to their pecuniary interests; and such a hypothesis can be safely based upon the known infirmity of human nature. This we can readily see that they would be enabled to agree from an unwilling consignee or carrier, and to charge the consignee with the expense and inconvenience of the many, creating an odious monopoly. Monopolies are the growth of tyranny and favoritism, and have always been the enemies of trade.

Already the wharves of the city have been too much appropriated to private uses. The immemorial customs of all nations have considered the banks of navigable waters as public property, and most particularly should this be so in large cities, where the wharves are proposed to be converted into a contracted mall, road, leading through the gates of a highly favored monopoly, in passing which it would inevitably have to pay a regular toll. It would be laying an additional burden on commerce, and in effect a retribution of commerce between the States. A vessel would have to leave her accustomed and convenient moorings, or be forced to pay for covering her cargo when she would prefer to avoid that expense. Nor are stores of property and daily necessities in our mild and temperate climate. Nor is our system of police as utterly useless as would seem to be indicated. Nor are the receivers and guardians of merchandise on our levee so irresponsible and careless. Under the old system, our commerce has not languished and lost, and the wharves from the past monopolies, no flattering vista of increased prosperity opens up to our view.

And lastly, what is the real meaning of this petition? It is, in effect, a modest request that the city of New Orleans will give to the petitioners the right of occupying the wharves in front of the most valuable portion of the city, to enable them to carry on an immensely lucrative private business, without taxation or competition.

It would be necessary to state the great and increasing value of the better property, not to suggest the immense gain the sale of such property would be to the city, nor to point out upon the former the most valuable and useful storeshouses of our city have been recently erected, nor to show the revenue derived from the annual license paid by the proprietors of this former business property, nor to point out to your intelligent body that many worthy citizens who pay for their licenses to carry on their occupations of receivers on the levee would be thrown out of employment.

For these and many other reasons, we have and do protest against the proposed ordinance. We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the wharves in front of the most valuable portion of the city, to enable them to carry on an immensely lucrative private business, without taxation or competition.

Trusted: Dr. W. Newton Moore, L. F. Gezeve, George Jones, Thomas A. Adams, Charles J. Leeds, Third Vice President, Sam Jones, Jr., Treasurer.

SELLING OFF AT COST. Large Stock of Ready Made Clothing. CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER. In the very best style. CHARLES LAMM, 609 1/2 St. Charles Street.

TEUTONIA NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ORLEANS. NEW ORLEANS, December 10, 1870. In accordance with the requirements of the eighteenth section of the national currency act, I publish herewith the certificate of authority issued to the Teutonia National Bank of New Orleans.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY. Washington, December 5, 1870. WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the TEUTONIA NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ORLEANS, in the city of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans, and State of Louisiana, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act.

THE TEUTONIA NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ORLEANS, in the city of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans, and State of Louisiana, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this fifth day of December, 1870. HILARD H. HILBERT, Controller of the Currency. oc10 2m

ZABLE & DALTON, 62 Canal Street. MANUFACTURERS OF TIN AND JAPANESE WARE. DEALERS IN Stoves, Grates, House Furnishing Goods, etc.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS! NO AUCTION SHOES, NO PAPER SOLES OR PASTE-BOARD HEELS. B. OPPENHEIM, 350 Magazine street. oc10 2p

LADIES' FAMILY SHOE STORE. Where he has on hand and is constantly receiving New York, Paris and Philadelphia and New York manufactures, a full and varied assortment of Ladies', Misses', Boys' and Children's Shoes. Which he offers at LOW and REASONABLE PRICES, and guarantees to give general satisfaction. He also on hand, and constantly receiving, a large assortment of CHILDREN'S GOLD, SILVER AND COLORED SHOES at exceedingly low prices.

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