New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

NEW ORLEANS, JANUARY 21, 1871.

THE NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY REPUBLICAN PAPER IN THE SOUTH.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

May be had of the following dealers:

George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.

A. Simon, No. 94 Exchange Alley.

C. C. Haley, No. 19 Commercial Place.

C. G. D. Holle, No. 61 Exchange Place.

James Ennis, Pontchartrain Railroad depot, Third District, also at depot foot of Lafayette street, First District.

John Schafer, corner of Ninth and Constance streets

J. W. Long, corner of Love and Enghein streets, Third District.

E. S. Marks, opposite Jefferson market, Sixth District.

W. R. Dirks, No. 34 Annunciation street.

The weather yesterday was pleasant and moderately warm.

We shall publish to-morrow a selection of poetry from the writings of the immortal Burns.

Edwards' New Orleans City Directory for 1871 can be obtained at all the principal stationers.

The committee on tickets for the American Union Club Ball will hold nightly sessions at the office of Judge Houghton.

Dan Rice's great circus will astonish the Mobile people next week, and will give the initial performance at the Mobile Theatre next Monday evening.

Mr. Luke Dillon, mail route agent between Mobile and New Orleans, has our thanks for the Mobile *Register* and Mobile *Tribune* of yesterday morning.

The Committee on Invitations of the American Union Club Ball will hold nightly sessions at the office of Recorder Houghton, corner of St. Charles and Lafayette streets.

Attorney General Akerman, at the Supreme Court in Washington, last Monday, found himself surrounded by his predecessors, Cushing, Black, Speed and Stanberry.

We call attention to the political card of J. J. Gutierrez, Esq., in another column in relation to the organization of the Henry Clay Warmoth Guards, of the Sixth District.

The *State Journal* is published at Baton Rouge by N. Underwood & Co., proprietors. The editors are George W. Ragan and John S. Chapman. The *Journal* is conducted with energy and ability.

A special meeting of the Board of Managers of the American Union Club Ball will be held at the office of Judge G. P. Houghton this evening. All the members of the club are urgently requested to attend.

The nomination of Hon. John L. Lewis, of Minden, as Judge of the Eleventh Judicial District, has been confirmed by the Senate. This will be gratifying to the political and personal friends of Judge Lewis.

An agency for the New York Medical University Medicines has been established at No. 69 Royal street, New Orleans, where the popular remedies of the University can be had, wholesale or retail, at New York prices.

Governor Warmoth yesterday made the following appointments: Dr. W. H. Hire, member of the Board of Health for the city of New Orleans; Jacob Hawkins, reporter of the Supreme Court for the State of Louisiana.

There will be a gay assembly at the Deutsche Company's Hall, corner of Bienville street and Exchange place. A polite note before us informs us that there will be a calico soiree, to which representatives of the REPUBLICAN are invited.

We learn that a series of lectures on the subject of temperance will be given at the Ames Methodist Episcopal Church, on the corner of St. Charles and Calliope streets. The first of these lectures, by Rev. L. C. Matlack, will be given to-morrow evening.

Mr. C. L. Sweet, State tax collector in the Fifth District (Algiers), notifies, in another column, the taxpayers to settle within twenty days after the first day of the coming February, under penalty of proceedings as the law directs, more stringent than pleasant.

The American Union Club ball will take place at Odd Fellows' Hall on the second of next month. Members of the club are requested to hand in their lists for ladies invitations and tickets as soon as practicable to G. P. Houghton, chairman of the executive committee.

The Sheriff of the parish of Orleans sells at auction this day, at five o'clock P. M., at his warehouse, No. 74 St. Ann street, between Royal and Bourbon, Second District, twenty-seven barrels whisky, sixteen barrels vinegar, two boxes candles, one letter press and one platform scale.

Mr. Tye Kin Or, an intelligent native of China, has just returned from that flowery land, bringing with him two hundred and fifty of his countrymen, who will work on plantations in the South. Mr. Tye Kin Or, who was the pioneer teacher of colored schools in Ascension parish, will resume his duties near Donaldsonville.

Mr. S. D. Richardson, was appointed on the sixteenth instant by Governor Warmouth, as Assessor and Tax Collector for St. Helena parish, in place of G. W. Hatch, resigned. It has been reported that Mr. Richardson had been appointed tax collector of St. Tammany parish; but this is totally incorrect, as Mr. Alexander Chevalon continues to hold the latter office.

The Two Consciences: or, Conscience the Moral Law, and Conscience the Witness, is the title of an essay just received from the publishers, Messrs. Claxton, Remsen & Haffelfinger, Philadelphia. It is a small book, containing about eighty pages, but is the result of close, logical reasoning, founded upon intelligent observation. The subject of conscience and its influence upon the actions of men, is discussed in easy and familiar language, and, although the name of the author is not given, he shows evidence, of being a ready reasoner and fluent writer. The book comes to us through the bookstore of J. A. Gresham, 92 Camp street.

LEGAL REFORM.

There seems to be no doubt that among other reforms required in this State, there is none more necessary than that connected with its courts. Some of our contemporaries have referred to a very prominent feature of this subject, which, in consequence of the enormous abuses that now exist, ought to receive the prompt attention of our Legislature. The Code of Practice which now prevails does not appear to be sufficiently comprehensive in relation to the details that enable suitors to obtain speedy and prompt action from the courts wherein they seek redress.

It is a crying evil that there is no regular or well defined moderate rate of charges for services in our courts. Serious objections have been urged against the present Code of Practice and Civil Code, and a majority of the members of the bar of this city consider that there should be a change made in the system of practice pertaining to the conduct of suits in the courts of this State. According to the present arrangement there is very little, if any chance, afforded to poor suitors against the more wealthy wrong-doers, to obtain that redress which they should have for any injustice which may have been done to them or to their property. Besides this, attorneys and counsel have little knowledge of what becomes of the documents connected with their cases except from information derived from the clerks of the court in which the suit may have been instituted. In New York and other States all the documents, papers and notices connected with a cause are carefully prepared, and copies are kept in the office of the attorney and counsel in whose hands a case may have been placed for prosecution or defense. In this way the counsel is enabled to study up and prepare his case, before it is presented to a judge for adjudication.

The evidence is also well considered and arranged in order, before the advocate appears in court to try the cause before a court or jury. There is no use for a clerk, except to file the papers or judgments in a cause before a particular court, and for these services he receives the fees usually fixed by law.

The Sheriff may or may not be required to serve the summons and complaint, or citation and petition, as they are called here. All the necessary preliminaries, from the commencement of a suit to the trial of a cause, are conducted under the eye and supervision of the lawyer employed to prosecute the cause, and his office is the place from which all necessary notices and papers emanate.

There is nothing dependant upon the whim or caprice of a clerk of a court, and for which he is to receive fees according to the system in vogue here. The clerk of a court under the New York system has no power to call upon a suitor for a deposit, as the lawyer in a given case does the work, either by himself or his clerks, for which, according to a liberal fee bill, he receives a compensation by a recovery from the party mulcted, and added to the judgment which may be rendered in the case. In a majority of cases, a liberal allowance is granted by the court or judge before whom a cause is tried, in addition to the costs, which, with the latter, makes a fair and reasonable compensation for the services rendered.

It is said that here clerks of courts oftentimes impede the business of suitors by a refusal to perform some trivial duty connected with the cause, for the "want of funds," or a deposit, without informing the attorney in the case, which oftentimes unnecessarily delays the interests of parties who desire a speedy determination thereof. According to the system of conducting cases as regulated by the New York Code of Practice, there is nothing loose and undefined in the preparation of pleadings, or interlocutory motions or proceedings, as is the case under the system which prevails here. All the papers, such as complaints, answers, affidavits, motions and documents of every nature, contain all the facts, clearly and specifically set forth, from which the court or judge is enabled to glean the true nature or state of the case upon which it is called to determine and adjudicate. The cases or bills of exceptions are made up by the stenographer, who takes accurate minutes of testimony and all the points, rulings, speeches and charges or prosecutions of law which the judge is requested to charge, so that there need not be any error of statement from the beginning to the end, of a trial at nisi prius. The proceedings supplementary to execution for the discovery of a debtor's property, under the New York practice, is far more summary and searching for the collection of judgments than the garnishee process is here. In respect to the former method, the examination is personal and under oath, while under the system here there is very little, if any, hope of recovery if the debtor makes a fraudulent disposition of his property, intending to cheat his creditors.

The loose and imperfect manner that pertains to the preparation of rules, as they are called, for the trial of all motions and other interlocutory proceedings incidental to causes in all the courts of this State, lead to a frivolity and irrelevancy that often assume a ridiculousness unworthy the solemn consideration of a court. Of this absurdity of practice, that Erskine of our bar, S. S. Prentiss, once said, that upon a rule in a Louisiana court a party might sue for a jackass and recover a house.

No doubt there are many good things in what is called the Civil Code and the Code of Practice, now extant, but the time has passed, especially in view of Anglo-Saxon progress by which the flimsy and idealistic codes, with their theoretic abstractions, must give place to the solid and enduring fabric of the system of English and common law, as adopted in almost all the other States of the Union. One system is ephemeral and has performed its mission, while the other is permanent and will exist while grass grows and water runs.

Let the Legislature now in session take this subject in hand by the passage of a law authorizing the appointment of commissioners to prepare a Civil and Penal Code, and a Code of Practice, with annotations and a digest, and report the same to the next session of that body for action and adoption. We want a change, and the sooner the better for our State that she should have a system of laws and practice for her courts in full accord with the other States of the Union, and not stand isolated as she now does, almost a foreigner in language, laws and habits.

OAKES AMES, OF BOSTON.

"Crucify him!" The business of crucifying men did not cease when the insensate world trembled before the fearful wrong of Calvary. Human nature has gone on to imitate the error, and in every age some worthy man falls because mankind does not understand his teachings. The mountebank escapes where the Samaritan is stoned. We consent to be cozzened and cheated by cheap patriots, while the true interpreter of State craft is allowed to pass away into an unknown grave. Louis XIV surrendered France to all the horrors of war, and he is remembered as a soldier, while Louis XVI never injured a soul, and is only mentioned to be denounced.

Oakes Ames, of Boston, is the latest victim of this unreasoning perversity. Notwithstanding that his vast ability has been expanded to benefit distant communities, no sooner is he arrested by the centurions of trouble that throng all along the pathway of enterprise, than he is beset and crowned with thorns by the mob whose weakness he has strengthened. He was one of the main instruments in carrying through the Pacific railroad, and although he reaped largely from the enterprise, yet in its beginning, and for a long time afterward, there were but few that envied him the speculation. It was said that the mountains would prove too expensive in their grading, that the snows would arrest the cars, that the Indians would destroy the road, that the business would not pay interest on the capital. Now that it is finished, it is libeled as a swindle, because it has made money where bankruptcy was predicted. This wonder of the world is connected with the name of Oakes Ames as a grand swindle, by the very parties who declared at the outset that it was to be the ruin of those who put their capital into its construction. Monsieur de Lesseps is decorated with orders for a similar enterprise in Africa.

He made Louisiana the next object of his energy and enterprise. We were under the heel of Morgan's monopoly, and he built us a road to Mobile, and proposes to give us a competing line to Washington and the North. It is true he obtained assistance at our hands, but it was such aid as we were only too glad to offer. We could have paid better to have been relieved sooner of the cold man of the sea, whose hands have throttled us for years in the gateways of our eastern and our western commerce. Not only this but he proposes to assist in uniting us in an iron marriage with Texas and the Pacific. We are helping him still, but the burden of the work rests on his shoulders, and when he comes to pay, the work ceases to unfold itself.

Is this a man to arrest and bind with the dull and stupid eyes of slumbrishness? Because he is now pressed with responsibilities that are incident to all enterprising men and all enterprises, is it fair our mouths to utter his crucifixion?

The suspension of Oakes Ames in Boston, which is made the subject of a tribe in the New Orleans Times, was explained at length in the REPUBLICAN on Sunday. He is not broken, as the writer wickedly asserts, but is only embarrassed, and his solvency is so manifest, that his creditors, who ought to understand the matter, have desisted from seizing his property and have granted him an extension, simply demanding interest for the delay. His assets are stated at eight millions of dollars over and above his liabilities, and experts declared that this showing was based on a depreciated estimate of the value of his securities. It is altogether possible that he is worth, over and above all his debts, ten millions of dollars, which is an amount that exceeds the wealth of any twenty citizens in New Orleans. To say that such a man is defeated and bankrupt, is to put printing ink to a stupid use. To whistle him down the winds" is an undertaking that we need not characterize.

EXTENSION OF THE CITY LIMITS.

We learn that a bill has been prepared for the consideration of the Legislature, which has for its object, among other things, the extension of the city limits. According to the project, which we have not yet examined very carefully, it is proposed to extend the municipal boundaries so as to include Carrollton and the town of Shrewsbury, a short distance above, thus taking in all the left bank of the parish of Jefferson, except a narrow strip, which will be attached to St. Charles parish. Also beginning at a point a short distance above Chalmette, on the right bank, and running back one mile from the river, so as to include all the inhabited portion of the right bank, and going down to the lower limits of Algiers, now the Fifth District, in order to consolidate all the little villages opposite here with the great city. The rural portion of Orleans parish, right bank, is to be annexed to Plaquemine. Below the city, an extension is proposed that will put Bayou Bienvenu, from its source to its outlet into Lake Borgne, within the city limits.

There are many good reasons for this extension, and we dare say we shall also hear of some opposition. But the principle of extension was pretty thoroughly adopted by the Legislature last winter, when Jefferson was annexed. We believe it is the general sense of the people that that was a step in the right direction, and the change that is now proposed is simply intended to perfect the original plan. Until the corporation of New Orleans is vested with the jurisdiction of the natural water courses leading from the ridges into the lakes, no permanent and satisfactory system of drainage can be established by it. This being a subject of the gravest importance, other considerations may well be made to yield to it. And basing our judgment on this ground alone, we can readily give our assent to the leading idea of the proposed amendment to the charter.

There are other matters embraced in the bill, affecting to some degree the powers and duties of the City Council and the Mayor, which will be presented in due time. It is probable that so soon as the amendment has been more fully considered by the members of the City Council and the committees of the two houses, it will be published officially for the consideration of the public. At all events, we shall keep the readers of the REPUBLICAN fully advised of the contents and progress of this important measure.

ON CARONDELET STREET.

The street was calm yesterday. Scarcely a ripple disturbed the placid serenity of its surface. There were no excitements or agitations, and business was reduced to mere conversation and discussion. As usual of late, the prospects of the levee bill constituted the chief topic, and, if the state of the market may be considered an indication of opinion, the situation must have improved. The day before the scrip was sold at 60 cents, while yesterday there was a fair demand for it at 90 cents, and, in the evening, sales were made at $1. Upon what this advance is based, no one seems able to say, unless it be that the bill really has a chance of success, in spite of the strong influences arrayed against it.

Slaughterhouse was, perhaps, a little stronger yesterday, and sales were made at 24¾ to 24¾. If the recent rise was due to a purchase of stock in view of the approaching election, the movement must by this time have reached its limit. It is understood that the result of the transfers of stock has been to settle the interests which will prevail in the election, and it is likewise stated that some very strong men will go into the new board. Among these is a well-known wealthy young banker, who has just made his debut as a purchaser of Slaughterhouse stock.

Among the sales yesterday were a few shares Sugar Shed at 20¼, and a small lot of Sanitary and Fertilizing at 22¼.

The following were the bids and offers at the board last night.

	ASKED.	BID.
Levee Steam Cotton Press	60 00	50 00
Crescent City Slaughterhouse	25 00	24 75
Ship Island Canal	— —	— 12
Calcasieu Sulphur Mining Company	12 50	10 00
Louisiana Lottery Company	80 00	— —
Sugar Shed Company	28 50	25 00
New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad	5 00	2 50
Carrollton Railroad	110 00	107 50
Pontchartrain Railroad	60 00	— —
New Orleans City Railroad	— —	107 00
Crescent City Railroad	— —	20 50
Orleans Railroad	70 00	70 00
Germania National Bank	145 00	— —
Teutonia National Bank	— —	50 50
New Orleans Bank	58 00	58 00
Crescent City Bank	27 00	19 00
Mechanics and Traders' Bank	51 50	51 00
Union Bank	32 50	1 00
Louisiana State Bank	60 00	47 50
Citizens' Bank	150 00	— —
Hibernia Bank	— —	111 00
Gold	1 10½	1 10¼
American silver halves	— —	1 07½
Jackson Railroad second mortgage coupon bonds	— —	— 11
Opelousas Railroad first mortgage bonds (due 1898 M)	— —	22 50
Jefferson city bonds	— 61	— 56
State warrants	— —	— 70
City consolidated bonds	— —	— 75½
City five per cent Waterworks bonds	— —	— 54½
City bonds in lieu of railroads	— 70	— 68
City seven per cent funding bonds	— 65	— 63
City scrip-interest certificates	— 65	— 70
Bank of New Orleans city certificates	— 57	— 50
Factors and Traders Insurance Company	— 85	— 81
Mississippi Valley Navigation Company	75	— 55
Mississippi Valley Trust Company	— 4	— 3

The one hundred and eleventh anniversary will be celebrated by a Burns' birthday festival at Minerva Hall, No. 138 City street, next Wednesday evening. The festival will be for the benefit of the widows and orphans' fund of the New Orleans St. Andrew Society, of which Mr. Alexander Hay is president. We are indebted to the courtesy of Mr. Hay for an invitation to be present.

Have Your Printing and Binding Done at the Pelican Job Office, Corner Camp and Poydras Streets. de 24 1y

DR. CHARLES E. KELLS AND DR. S. P. CUTLER, DENTISTS, No. 11 Dauphine Street, Second Door From Canal. No pain in Gas administered. ja 17 6m

JACOB OTT, BUILDER, 184.....Delord Street.....184 (Third Circle.) NEW ORLEANS. Stoves furnished with dispatch. Jobbing promptly attended to. jn 12 2dp 1y

AMERICAN UNION CLUB BALL, February 2, 1871. The Committee on Tickets hold nightly sessions at the office of Judge G. P. Houghton, corner St. Charles and Lafayette streets. GARDNER BANKS, Chairman. Jan 20 2dp

EDWARDS' NEW ORLEANS CITY DIRECTORY FOR 1871, is now ready and for sale at all the principal stationers. 25

A CARD. I beg to call attention to my former business relationship I have associated myself in business with Mr. W. A. Whitmore, under the firm and style of WHITMORE & BARRINGER, at Nos. 112 and 114 Front street, New Orleans, where we are prepared to do all kinds of Boiler, Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Work in the most improved manner and style at the lowest cash prices. And in thanking my friends for their former liberal patronage, and in asking a continuance of the same to the new firm, I would say to all that are in want of any thing in our line they will find it to their interest to give us a call before placing their orders elsewhere. JOHN L. BARRINGER. New Orleans, January 11, 1871. ja 14 4m 2p

JEWELRY, WATCHES AND SILVERWARE. THE MOST MAGNIFICENT STOCK in The Southwestern States. E. A. TYLER, No. 113 Canal Street, Has now fully opened his new goods consisting in part, as follows: Diamond Sets, Diamond Bracelets, Brooches and Rings. Pearl, Emerald, Ruby, Opal and Coral Rings. Jacot Watches, in the finest gold cases. Ladies' and gentlemen's Gold Watches, all celebrated makers. Silver Tea and Table Sets. Silverware of all kinds. Fancy Goods, Bronze Clocks, and Mantel Ornaments of the most beautiful description, etc. The public is invited to call and examine. ja 10 2dp 1m

J. B. KNIGHT, 76.....Carondelet street.....76 Sells all kinds of MACHINERY. General Southern Agent for Watertown Steam Engine Company, Builders of Excelsior Patent Portable Engine, with Cylinder in Dome, Locomotive Boilers, Plantation and Farm Engines, Mounted on Wheels, with Spark Arrester. STATIONARY ENGINES Of all Sizes, With Fire, Tubular or Locomotive Boilers. Improved Reversible Circular Saw Mills, Can be set up either Right or Left Handed, without altering any part of Mill or Carriage. J. D. BROOES' Improved Jointed Turbine Water Wheel, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Car Wheels, Mill Work. All the above are built under the personal supervision of MR. G. BRADFORD, the Pioneer in Portable Steam Engine Building, Which enables them to produce MACHINERY UNSURPASSED BY ANY. SOUTHERN COTTON GIN, Manufactured by J. E. CARVER & CO., Bridgewater, Massachusetts. These Gins have been in use for many years, and received the Highest MEDAL awarded at the Paris Exposition, And are built under the superintendence of Mr. J. E. Carver, The only person of the name who is engaged in the manufacture of COTTON GINS. J. B. KNIGHT, Agent, No. 76 Carondelet street. Also the following from the BEST MAKERS. Sugar Mills, Evaporators, Sugar Kettles, Portable Cotton Presses, Newell Screws, Corn and Wheat Mills, Seed Carriers, Horse Powers, Belting, Saws, Broom Corn Threshers, To run by hand or power. Broom Corn Scrapers, Wood Working Machinery, and all Varieties of Mill and Plantation Machinery. W. H. SEAMAN. J. B. KNIGHT, No. 76 Carondelet street. je 16 1y 2p

PELICAN JOB PRINTING OFFICE, BINDERY AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY. The undersigned having lately received new MACHINERY and TYPE of the latest and most improved patterns, and a large assortment of Paper, Cards, etc., is now prepared to receive and execute the following with dispatch, and at very low prices, guaranteeing superior workmanship and first quality paper and material: BILL HEADS, BILLS OF LADING, DRAY RECEIPTS, ACCOUNT SALES, BANK CHECKS, BILLS OF EXCHANGE, LETTER HEADS, CATALOGUES, BUSINESS CARDS, PLANTATION TICKETS, ORDERS, BILLS OF FARE, BY-LAWS, PAMPHLETS, POSTERS, TAGS, BRIEFS, WEDDING CARDS, BALL CARDS, PROGRAMMES, VISITING CARDS, MONTHLY STATEMENTS, ETC. Having long experienced the want and benefit to my customers of a FIRST-CLASS BINDERY in connection with my PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, I have, at great expense, fitted up one, with all the latest and most improved machinery, which will enable me to compete with Northern manufactories. Employing the best workmen, I guarantee my work to be superior in finish and durability to that usually furnished. Business men can now avoid the trouble of correspondence for getting a set of Books from Northern manufactories, by giving their orders to me, and seeing sample of PAPER AND RULING of same before being bound up. My rates are STRICTLY NEW YORK PRICES. The following are some of the books that can be manufactured at the shortest notice. CAP BOOKS, Half Bound, Three-quarter Bound, Full Bound, Full Bound Corners, Ends and Bands, Full Russia. DEMY BOOKS, Half Bound, Three-quarter Bound, Full Bound, Full Bound Corners, Ends and Bands, Full Russia. MEDIUM, ROYAL BOOKS, SUPER ROYAL, IMPERIAL, COPYING BOOKS, DAY BOOKS, PASS BOOKS, BILL BOOKS, RECEIPT BOOKS, INSURANCE BOOKS, TRANSFER BOOKS, CHECK BOOKS, SHIPPING RECEIPT BOOKS, NOTE AND DRAFT BOOKS. ERNEST TURPIN, Proprietor, ne 23 8m 1m Corner Camp and Poydras streets.

THE NEW REVISED STATUTES OF 1869 AND 1870 Is now ready and for sale at 60 Camp street. WILLIAM BARRETT 25

NEW ORLEANS SAVINGS INSTITUTION. 187.....Canal Street.....187 INCORPORATED MARCH 15, 1857. Officers: L. F. Generes, President. Thomas A. Adams, First Vice President. Thomas Allen Clarke, Second Vice President. Charles J. Leeds, Third Vice President. Sam Jones, Jr., Treasurer. Trustees: Dr. W. Newton Mercer, L. F. Generes, George Jones, Thomas A. Adams, Thomas Allen Clarke, Charles J. Leeds, Christian Schneider, Carl Kohn, David Urquhart, John G. Games, Samuel Jameson. de 10 2p 3m

DR. GEORGE J. FRIEDRICHS, DENTAL SURGEON, 155 St. Charles Street, Corner Gired Street, one square above City Hall. de 7 2p 8ly

NEW ORLEANS SILVER WARE MANUFACTORY. Attention is particularly directed to my SILVER TABLE WARE, such as SPOONS, FORKS, ETC. Prices as low as at any Northern manufactory and CHEAPER THAN IN ANY HOUSE IN NEW ORLEANS. Quality and style equal to any. Full guarantees given in all cases. Every description of Medals, Badges, Military Belt-plates, Sword Mountings, etc., manufactured in the most artistic manner and at low prices. A. HIMMEL, Proprietor, de 4 1y 2p No. 186 Poydras street.

KRUG & CO., RHEIMS. In a card dated May 1st, 1870, Messrs. Krug & Co. of Rheims, gave notice that from and after the first of September the wax around the neck of their Champagne bottles would be suppressed, and a plain tin capsule bearing the seal of their firm substituted to it. Said modification having been interfered with to a certain extent by the war in France, we beg to inform the public that the wine now shipped by Messrs. Krug & Co. is put up as well under the old wax style as under the new one with capsules. We also bring to the knowledge of our customers that owing to the difficulty of obtaining baskets they are sometimes replaced by boxes. A. ROCHEREAU & CO. New Orleans, January 16, 1871. ja 17 6t

HAVANA CIGARS. Just Received per Steamship, A large lot of the CHOICEST HAVANA CIGARS AND CIGARETTES, HAVANA TOBACCO AND SMOKERS' MATERIALS. FERNANDEZ & VILLA. ja 3 1m Corner of Royal and Customhouse streets.

REOPENING. SEWING MACHINES—ALL KINDS. The public have lang desired the establishment of a Mart, where all kinds of Sewing Machines and Sewing Machine Findings could be had; where they could see and compare the workings of one machine with another, and select from the different makes the machine best suited to the use to which they desired to apply it. To such a Mart we invite you at 159 Canal street. Agents wanted. no 22 2p tf M. S. HEDRICK, General Agent.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST. IMPROVED WILSON SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Unrivaled for SIMPLICITY, DURABILITY and BEAUTY. Easiest to learn and manage. On easy terms of payment, at TWENTY DOLLARS LESS than machines controlled by "the monopoly." Warranted to do perfect work. Rooms at No. 109 Canal street, corner of Burgundy street. AGENTS WANTED. de 16 8s Su & Tu 1y

DOUBLE-BARREL GUNS AT $8 AND $10 EACH—GREAT BARGAINS. 500 Double-Barrel GUNS at $8 and $10 each. 200 Fine English GUNS at $15, $16, $20 each. 500 dozen Table Knives and Forks at $1 and $2 per dozen. 200 Fine REVOLVERS at $8 and $10 each. For sale by S. B. CHURCHILL & BRO., No. 81 Tchoupitoulas street, Between Poydras and Lafayette streets. de 22 1m dp

NEW ORLEANS RICE DEPOT. A. MAUREAU, 43.....Peter Street.....43 Between Customhouse and Bienville streets. ALWAYS ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF RICE. ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. fe 18 2p 1y

THE MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK. Capital, Over $6,000,000. Annual Income, Over $2,000,000. OFFICERS: H. STOKES.....President. C. Y. WEMPLE.....Vice-President. J. L. EALSEY.....Secretary. HENRY Y. WEMPLE.....Assistant Secretary. S. N. STEBBINS.....Actuary. Important New Features in Dividends and Modes of Insurance. SMALLEST RATIO OF MORTALITY. Expenses Less than Any Cash Company. LIBERAL MODES OF PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS. Insurers Receive the Largest Bonus Ever Given. DIVIDENDS MADE ANNUALLY ON ALL POLICIES. Policies Incontestable. ALL KINDS OF NON-FORFEITING AND ENDOWMENT POLICIES ISSUED. All Policies After Two Years Non-Forfeiting. GOOD SOLICITORS AND STATE AGENTS WANTED. B. MORDECAI & SON, GENERAL AGENTS FOR LOUISIANA, NO. 140 Gravier Street, NEW ORLEANS. no 1 2p 3m 3m eod

REMOVAL. GLYNN & WINTZ. 167.....Canal Street.....167 FROM No. 9 Camp Street. Manufacturers and Dealers IN BOOTS AND SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, AND BAGS, Respectfully give notice that they have removed to the large and centrally located store No. 167 Canal Street, Near Dauphine. ja 17 3m 3p

ZABLE & DALTON, 62.....Camp Street.....62 MANUFACTURERS OF TIN AND JAPANNED WARE, DEALERS IN Stoves, Grates, House Furnishing Goods, etc. AGENTS FOR The Times Cooking Stoves, Bramhall, Deane & Co.'s European Ranges and Boilers, Asbestos Roofing, Arbor Bird and Animal Cages. We are now manufacturing all kinds of Bath Tubs, Toilet Ware, Water Coolers, etc., which we are selling at lowest market prices. ZABLE & DALTON, ap 6 1y 3p No. 62 Camp street.

A CARD. NEW ORLEANS, January 12, 1871. We certify that we have made a critical examination of the Official Map of Louisiana, published by T. S. Hardee, Special Engineer, and recommend it, not only as a work of art, but one which will be found useful to every merchant and householder having any interest in the State. G. T. BEAUREGARD, WILLIAM J. McCULLOH, Former Surveyor General of Louisiana. M. JEFF THOMPSON, Chief Engineer Board of Public Works. J. A. D'HEMECOURT, Deputy City Surveyor of New Orleans. HENRY VAN VLECK, Chief Engineer New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga Railroad. W. H. BELL, City Surveyor. B. H. GREENE, Chief Engineer New Orleans, Baton Rouge and Vicksburg Railroad. JOHN LYNCH, Surveyor General of Louisiana. CHARLES A. WHITNEY & CO., Agents. JAMES T. TUCKER, General Agent Illinois Central Railroad. PIKE, BROTHER & CO. EDGAR STEEL, Publisher, 22 St. Charles street, Third Floor. ja 15 6t 1t 2p

FURNITURE, UPHOLSTERY, DECORATION AND WALL PAPER. P. MALLARD, Corner of Royal and Bienville streets. MR. P. MALLARD, having just arrived from Europe and the North, where he selected a fine stock of goods in his line, also a large assortment of Wall Papers of the newest patterns, which he will sell at the lowest figures. He keeps always on hand Parlors, Bed-rooms, Dining-rooms, Library, Reception-rooms, and Halls, all the best finished work, at very reduced prices; also a large assortment of Ornaments, Bronze and Biscuit figures, fine China Dinner, Tea, and Washstand services, finely decorated. Also French and Venetian Mirrors, Curtain materials, Shades and Cornices, Rugs, Mattings, etc. Decorations made and orders filled at the shortest notice. All jobbings, upholstery, and furniture made at low price for best work. de 20 1m 4dp 1t

FERTILIZERS, LIME, CEMENT, PAINTS, OILS, ETC. Thomaston, Alton, Cape and Sugar LIME. Rosendale and Louisville CEMENT. LARD OIL, COTTON SEED OIL. Lubricating and Tanners' OILS. PAINTS, COLORS, VARNISHES and PAINT OILS. TAR, PITCH, ROSIN and COAL TAR. FINE BONE DUST. SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME. SULPHATE OF LIME and OIL CAKE MEAL. A full supply in store and for sale by LOUIS BERNOS, Agent, 6 07 3m 1t 2dp 39 Natchez street.

FINE WATCHES AND JEWELRY. S. SILVERSTEIN, 195.....Poydras street.....195 (Corner of Carroll street), DEALER IN GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES, EYE GLASSES, ETC., Would respectfully inform his old friends and customers that he has reopened at the above named location. His stock being entirely new, his goods, consequently, are all of the latest styles, and are warranted to be equal to anything in the market. Having bought for cash, he can sell lower than almost any other house in the city, and being in favor of quick returns and small profits, he will guarantee bargains to all customers. Come and see his goods. Watches and Jewelry repaired in the very best manner and at the shortest notice. oc 23 6m 1t 2p

MONEY CAN NOT BUY IT! FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS! BUT THE DIAMOND SPECTACLES WILL PRESERVE IT. THE DIAMOND GLASSES, Manufactured by J. E. SPENCER & CO., NEW YORK. Which are now offered to the public, are pronounced by all the celebrated Opticians of the world to be the MOST PERFECT. The SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLE on which they are constructed brings the core or centre of the lens directly in front of the eye, producing a clear and distinct vision, as in the natural, healthy sight, and preventing all unpleasant sensations, such as glimmering and wavering of sight, dizziness, etc., peculiar to all others in use. They are Mounted in the Finest Manner, in frames of the best quality, of all materials used for that purpose. EDWARD LILIENTHAL, JEWELER AND OPTICIAN, Is sole agent for New Orleans, Louisiana, No. 95.....Canal Street.....No. 95 From whom they can only be obtained. These goods are not supplied to peddlers, at any price. He also keeps constantly on hand a very large and well selected stock of Watches, Jewelry and Silverware. All of which is of the very best quality, and fully guaranteed. oc 23 6m 3t 2p

TEUTONIA NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ORLEANS. NEW ORLEANS, December 16, 1870. In accordance with the requirements of the eighteenth section of the national currency act, I publish herewith the certificate of authority issued to the "Teutonia National Bank of New Orleans." J. M. WAGNER, Cashier. TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Office of Controller of the Currency, Washington, December 5, 1870. WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the TEUTONIA NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ORLEANS, in the city of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans, and State of Louisiana, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act. Now, therefore, I, Hiland R. Hulburd, Controller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the TEUTONIA NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ORLEANS, in the city of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans, and State of Louisiana, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this fifth day of December, 1870. HILAND R. HULBURD, Controller of the Currency. No. 1747 de 10 2m

STANDARD FIRE AND WATER PROOF ROOFING. SOUTHERN PLASTIC SLATE ROOFING COMPANY. Office—No. 184 Peters Street, formerly New Levee, above Julia. NEW ORLEANS. This Roofing is adapted to every style of House Roofs, as well as Steamboat Roofs, Verandas, Awnings, etc. Costs less than that of any other standard roofing. Plastic Slate is likewise a most excellent covering for metal roofs of all kinds; it preserves the metal, dispenses with painting, and checks the contraction and expansion. Plastic Slate and Irish and American Felt for sale in quantities to suit. For full particulars send for circular. se 18 6m

STYLISH BOOTS AND SHOES, AT MARTIN'S OLD STAND, 113.....Canal street.....113 The best stock of Leathers always on hand, and a fit guaranteed. Custom made goods for Ladies, Children and Gentlemen, in every variety. Give me a call. J. POWERS, de 11 8u 2p 3m 113 Canal street.

CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS. PORTRAITS. TAKEN BY WASHBURN, No. 113 Canal Street. FULL LIFE SIZE On his new Mammoth Solar Camera, and COLORED IN OIL, WATER COLORS OR INDIA INK. They are exactly done to Nature, and will endure forever. Call and see them. de 10 su we sa 1m 2p