

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE. In consequence of the severe indisposition of Mr. JOSEPH K. EMMET, the management has been compelled to change the performance for this (Tuesday) evening.

Tuesday Evening, March 14, 1871. Will be presented the romantic drama of the THREE GUARDIEN. Lady de Winter, Mrs. Mary Mit-hell Alburgh Athol.

THE WATER SPIRITS. Gotten up with due regard to scenery, wardrobe, &c.

CRESCENT CITY MUSEUM. Nos. 40 and 42 St. Charles street. Now on exhibition, a large and attractive series of LIVING WONDERS, ANIMALS, RARE PAINTINGS, &c.

100,000 Curiosities. From every part of the world. ALL FOR ONE PRICE OF ADMISSION.

SECOND GRAND SUBSCRIPTION. FANCY DRESS AND MASK BALL OF THE GERMAN THEATRE COMPANY.

NATIONAL THEATRE. On St. Joseph's Night, March 15, 1871. SUBSCRIPTION—THREE DOLLARS.

SECOND ANNIVERSARY OF THE HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT AND MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATION OF LOUISIANA.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 17, 1871. In the following order: Hibernian Benevolent and Mutual Aid Association, Branch No. 1, will constitute the First Division, which will meet on the north side of Canal street, head resting on Royal street, extending east, under the supervision of JOHN O'SHEA, Esq.

Hibernian Benevolent and Mutual Aid Association, Branch No. 2, will constitute the Second Division, which will meet on the north side of Canal street, head resting on Royal street, extending east, under the supervision of WILLIAM EHRHART, Esq.

Hibernian Benevolent and Mutual Aid Association, Branch No. 3, will constitute the Third Division, which will meet on the north side of Canal street, extending east, under the supervision of C. C. WILLIAMSON.

ROUTES. The Procession will form in line at the position indicated, precisely at half past nine o'clock.

THE Aids to the Grand Marshal will report to him promptly at nine o'clock A. M., at the City Statute.

EDWARD SWEENEY, Grand Marshal. John McPhelin, Aid to Grand Marshal.

THIRD DIVISION. HIBERNIAN B. and M. A. A.—BRANCH NO. 1. Grand Marshal, WILLIAM BERTH.

HIBERNIAN B. and M. A. A.—BRANCH NO. 2. Grand Marshal, JOHN O'NEILL.

HIBERNIAN B. and M. A. A.—BRANCH NO. 3. Grand Marshal, JOHN O'NEILL.

HIBERNIAN B. and M. A. A.—BRANCH NO. 4. Grand Marshal, JOHN O'NEILL.

HIBERNIAN B. and M. A. A.—BRANCH NO. 5. Grand Marshal, JOHN O'NEILL.

HIBERNIAN B. and M. A. A.—BRANCH NO. 6. Grand Marshal, JOHN O'NEILL.

ST. NICHOLAS VARIETIES. No. 109 St. Charles Street. New and singular attractions this week.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL MASK BALLS. A series of SIX GRAND DRESS AND MASK BALLS will be given in the spacious ball room of the St. Louis Hotel, as follows:

On St. JOSEPH'S NIGHT, March 15. These balls will be the continuation of the grand entertainments given every year at the New Orleans Hotel, where their order and decorum have rendered them justly popular.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

MONEY CAN NOT BUY IT. BUT THE DIAMOND SPECTACLES WILL PRESERVE IT.

THE DIAMOND GLASSES. Manufactured by J. B. SPENCER & CO., NEW YORK. Which are now offered to the public, are pronounced by all the celebrated Opticians of the world to be the MOST PERFECT.

EDWARD L. LEITCH. JEWELER AND OPTICIAN. No. 95 Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Watches, Jewelry and Silverware. All of which is of the very best quality, and fully guaranteed.

FINE WATCHES AND JEWELRY. S. SILVERSTEIN. 195 Poydras street, corner of Carroll street.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES, EYE GLASSES, ETC.

Watches and Jewelry repaired in the very best manner and at the shortest notice.

COLEMAN'S. LATEST IMPROVED INDULATOR. Corn and Wheat Mills.

These Mills are so well and favorably known, having been before the public for over twenty years, that a description of their peculiarities and advantages is unnecessary.

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THE MERIDIAN MASSACRE.

STATEMENT OF J. AARON MOORE. His Escape and Arrival in Jackson.

[From the Jackson Pilot, March 11.] J. Aaron Moore, the member of the State Legislature residing at Meridian, and who was reported as being the disturber of the peace occurring in that place last Monday, arrived safe and sound, except being prostrated with excessive walking in Jackson yesterday morning.

Moore at the boarding-house in the afternoon, and took down in full the following statement of the incidents connected with the affair as far as he is cognizant of the same.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS. THE FRENCH SPOILATION CLAIMS. SUMNER AND CAMERON. QUESTIONED SENATORIAL CREDENTIALS.

Tea, Coffee and Coal on the Free List. SUBSCRIPTIONS TO NEW LOAN. Blanchard's Nomination Withdrawn. SHIP'S OFFICERS WASHED OVERBOARD.

Proceeds of French Relief Lecture. REDUCTION ON WESTERN FREIGHTS. CONFERENCE ON EASTERN QUESTION. Its Close and the Treaty.

WASHINGTON. No Southern Nominations—Mr. Sumner and French Spoilation Claims. Questioned Credentials—Joint Resolution to Adjourn Wednesday.

Passed the House—Coal, Tea and Coffee on the Free List—Western Report—Eight Millions Subscriptions to the Committee on Elections and Privileges.

Non-Resignation—Bill to Amend Texas Pacific Railroad Bill. WASHINGTON, March 13.—There were no Southern nominations to-day.

Colonel George Brown has been appointed Treasury Agent, Vice Major James Belger, who resigned in consequence of a resolution to rejoin the army.

W. D. Gallagher was confirmed as Pension Agent, Vice John W. Adams, who resigned in consequence of a resolution to rejoin the army.

Sumner asked his successor to take kindly charge of the French spoliation bill, and press it to its passage. Mr. Cameron thought it hardly fair to expect the new committee to accomplish in one session what had failed the late committee during two sessions.

Questioned credentials were referred to the Committee on Elections and Privileges. The names referred were Messrs. Vance, Goldwater, Blodgett, Hamilton and Reynolds; also, Abbott's claims.

The Cincinnati and Southern railroad bill was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

House—A vast number of bills were introduced to-day, most of them old acquaintances. A joint resolution to adjourn on Wednesday at noon passed by a vote of 152 to 60.

The bill placing salt on the free list passed by a vote of 145 to 46. The bill placing coal on the free list passed, 132 to 57.

The bill placing tea and coffee on the free list passed, 141 to 49. These bills were passed under a suspension of the rules, and take effect upon their becoming acts.

WEATHER REPORT.—The following is the synopses for twenty-four hours: Clear and fair weather has prevailed since last evening south of Pennsylvania and the Ohio valley.

Clouds with occasional light showers have moved from the West. A very sudden fall in the barometer, with a great increase of temperature and brisk southerly winds, are reported from the Western plains.

Fair weather will probably prevail on Tuesday in the South and middle Atlantic States, moderating weather on the Gulf and in the Eastern States. The storm is now approaching from Nebraska and will probably be felt on Lake Michigan Tuesday.

Subscriptions to the new loan reach \$200,000. The President sent a message to the Senate to-day, withdrawing the nomination of B. P. Blanchard as Postmaster at New Orleans.

In the Senate to-day, Mr. Kellogg introduced a bill to amend the Texas Pacific bill by changing the eastern terminus from Marshall to the eastern boundary of Texas, east from Mr. Sumner's removal. The gauge of the whole road shall be uniform.

NEW YORK. Washed Overboard from Steamship Eternity—Interference of English Diplomats—Receipts on Western Freights—Dry Goods Failure—Proceeds of Wendell Phillips' French Relief Lecture—Death of a Princess—Governments Very Dull—Southern Dull—Speedy Trial for General Gordon Asked—Heavy Receipts on Western Freights—Letter on the Roman Question.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Captain McDonald, first officer, and Davis, third officer, were washed overboard from the steamer Europa, on the fourth day of her voyage. A fearful sea prevented the launching of a boat to rescue them.

Secretary Fish, in a letter to the Post, denies the reported interference of the English diplomatists in Sumner's removal. A failure in dry goods of \$500,000 is reported.

The proceeds of Wendell Phillips' Lecture for the relief of the French is over \$1400. Frances Leopoldina, daughter of the Emperor of Brazil, and wife of the Duke of Saxe, is dead.

Evening—Money closed very easy. Steels 108 1/2; Gold 111 1/2; Consols, 87 1/2; Government very dull; five-twentieths, 112 1/2; Southern dull; Virginia very strong; North Carolina, little off; Tennessee 64 1/2; new, 64 1/2; Virginia 67; new, 68 1/2; Louisiana 68; 68; levee stock, 72 1/2; rights, 85; Alabama rights 100; new, 89 1/2; Georgia, 81; new, 81; South Carolina 78; new, 69 1/2; Prime silver, 162 1/2; Gold coin all old; 1862, 112 1/2; 64, 112; 68, 112; new, 110 1/2; 68, 111 1/2; 68, 111 1/2; ten-forties, 108 1/2.

Benjamin N. Phelps, counsel for General Thomas Jordan, in a letter to the Post, denies the neutrality laws in fitting out an expedition against Spain, asked a speedy return of the present position of the Pope, before a crowded congregation. After referring to the present position of the Pope, he said he had watched the course of the Italian government since its formation, and no government, ancient or modern, had gained its position so much by bribery, falsehood and treachery. Like Prussia, now leading power of Europe, it attained its present strength by corruption, and its present disunion by robbery of Italy.

On the 13th inst., the Pope was crowned in St. Peter's. The Italian government has robbed both the Church and private individuals, and not content with robbery, was doing all in its power to undermine religion and morality. Newspapers containing immoral and infidel teachings were published under its auspices, and immoral and disgusting pictures were exhibited at the shop windows. Liberty is only truly understood in the United States, and if Americans better understand the nature of what is called, liberty in Europe—freedom from restraint, and the right to commit crimes against society—they would show no sympathy for its champions there. He denounced Garibaldi as a self-admitted pirate, who, he said, had one idea in his mind, the sacred of priests. He concluded by prophesying that the Pope would soon again rule in Rome.

Father Farwell, pastor of the church where the ceremony of the coronation recently caused so much sensation, thanked the large congregation for their attendance on so stormy a night.

London. Conference on the Eastern Question Closed—Treaty Signed at the Foreign Office—Emperor William's Return to Berlin—The Black Sea Conference—Two Radical Members in the Cabinet Proposed—MacMahon Returned to France.

LONDON, March 13.—In the House of Lords, to-night, Lord Granville announced that the conference on the Eastern question had closed. The treaty was signed at the Foreign Office. It suggested the restriction on admission to foreign men-of-war into the Dardanelles and Bosphorus. The Porte, in times of peace, may admit into those waters any of the men-of-war of any nation, whenever needed to enforce the treaty of 1856. The Danubian Commission is prolonged twelve years. The protocol expressly declares that no power can release itself from the obligations of a treaty without the consent of all the signatories.

Emperor William has set out on his return to Berlin, accompanied by a large and brilliant retinue. He will be accompanied by army and representatives of the German governments. The party reached Epernay with great enthusiasm, and were received with great honours by the retaining troops, with whom the city was crowded.

Marshal MacMahon has returned to France. The Black Sea conference was in session to-day, all present, including Duke de Broglie. All matters have been arranged; this will probably be the last meeting. (Special to the New York World.)

LONDON, March 13.—Hoping to strengthen the government against impending disaster, Gladstone proposes to introduce into the cabinet two radical members, viz: Holmes, member from Hockney, other's name unknown.

PARIS. Montmartre Tranquil—Placards of the "Reds" Demanded. PARIS, March 13.—Montmartre is perfectly tranquil. A fraction of the national guards, however, still hold possession of a number of houses, and refuse to deliver them to the authorities.

The Journal des Debats denounces the placards circulated by the "Reds" as inciting the army to revolt.

THE MERIDIAN MASSACRE.

Meeting of the City School Board. At the meeting last evening the board was called to order by the president, Judge Dibble, the following members being present: Messrs. Boothby, Cooper, Clay, Hahn, Jackson, Joubert, Longstreet, Lynn, Matlack, Pierce, Finckback and Toy.

Governor Hahn, from the committee appointed at the previous meeting to report upon an estimate of the expenses of the present year, in accordance with section seven of the act creating the present board, made a report satisfactorily as follows: Pay rolls of teachers and porters, \$360,000; ordinary expenses, 25,000; school books and stationery, 50,000; buildings and repairs, 95,000.

Total, \$530,000. Of which the January roll has been paid out of funds received from the State, about \$30,000. We may expect from future appropriations of the State, 100,000. And will require from the city of New Orleans, 350,000.

Total, \$480,000. The report was accompanied by the following resolution: Resolved, That the estimate of the amount of funds necessary to carry on the public schools under the charge of this board for the current year be fixed and adopted at \$480,000, of which \$350,000 will be required of the city of New Orleans by assessment and levy on the taxable property of the city, and that the same be reported to the Board of Administrators of the city of New Orleans accordingly.

The report was received, and the accompanying resolution was adopted. An additional resolution was offered by Governor Hahn, that an official notification be forwarded to the city administration in time for their session to-morrow evening.

Mr. Boothby, on behalf of the Committee on Rules and Regulations, made a partial report, comprising the rules for the regulation of the Board of Directors. The report, so far as prepared, was on motion, received and ordered to be printed, and a copy to be laid before each member previously to the next meeting.

The board then adjourned, to meet in the Council room on Friday evening next.

Mutilated Currency Receivable in Payment of Postage Stamps. A Tennessee postmaster inclosed to the United States Treasurer a slip cut from a recent North Carolina paper, setting forth that the postmaster at Hillsboro, North Carolina, has been fined two dollars and ninety cents for refusing to receive mutilated currency in payment for postage stamps, and says that since the appearance of this article in print his office has been flooded with mutilated currency, and desires to know whether he is compelled to take or may refuse the money so presented.

Treasurer Spinner replies, stating that under the rules of the Treasury Department postmasters are authorized to receive such currency for its full value, in payment of postage stamps, when, in cases of United States notes, not more than one-twentieth of the note is missing, and in cases of fractional currency, when not more than one-tenth is missing. When such notes and fractional currency are mutilated beyond the standard referred to, no one is compelled to receive them for any part of their value, and the only place where such notes may be redeemed is at the United States treasury.

We learn from our contemporary, the Times, that letters just received from Liverpool announce that there is now a regular demand for ramie there at the rate of fifty-six pounds per ton. The supply is by no means equal to the demand, and is taken up as soon as offered. The rate above given is for the bark of the plant in its crude state. If bleached and properly cleaned the price would be more than doubled.

The real estate sales this day by Messrs. C. E. Girardey & Co., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, on Royal street, will be in the matter of Francis Mounay, bankrupt, by virtue of an order of the honorable the United States District Court; the property is situated in the First and Second Districts, and will be sold without appraisement, to the highest bidder, for cash, payable at the time of adjudication. The list is as follows, viz:

1. Three lots on Banks, between Rocheblave and Dorgenois streets, in square adjoining the Colognes street railroad depot.

2. A large building lot on Dumaine, between Rocheblave and Dorgenois streets.

3. The double front and attic frame cottage, with three lots of ground, forming the corner of Dumaine and Dorgenois streets.

4. The elegant and commodious one-story and attic frame cottage on Dorgenois, between Dumaine and St. Philip streets.

5. Two choice building lots, forming the corner of St. Philip and Dorgenois streets.

6. Five large lots, with small cottage, on Dumaine, between Broad and White streets. The whole property is well situated, in neighborhoods fast improving, convenient to city cars and every family comfort.

On about June 1, next, the Postoffice Department will issue a circular to postoffices throughout the country, requiring each postmaster to keep an account of the total amount of stamps canceled in his office during the six months beginning July 1, 1871, and ending December 31, 1871. Also, the amount collected on unpaid letters, on newspapers and other private matter, and for box rents during the same period. Postmasters are also to be instructed to make out, on the first day of January, 1872, and forward to this department immediately thereafter, a sworn statement of the amounts arising from each of the above named sources. This will be done to enable the Postmaster General to review and adjust salaries, from and after July 1, 1872, upon a proper basis.

The "Water Sprites of Boston" take well at the Academy of Music. The views of Boston—the State House and church spires; of Bunker Hill monument and Charlestown, are exceedingly accurate. The combination at the Academy is superb, but next Monday evening another troupe will be added, consisting of ten artists, and then Monsieur D'Alatie and Mile. Angela will have left the Academy boards for the present.

The weekly coffee statement of Messrs. Small & Company, for last week, is received. The Southern Express Company has again placed us under obligations for the New York Tribune of the latest date.

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