New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY SHERIFF SAUVINET, at 5 o'clock, on Elysian Fields street, four cows, five hogs, lot of pigs and chickens.

BY WILLIAM DE LACY, at 12 o'clock, at St. Charles Auction Exchange, lot of ground and improvements corner of Orange and Peters streets; lot of ground and buildings corner of Josephine and Constance streets—succession of Wilhelm Schaeffers.

BY F. KELLER, at 7 o'clock, under St. Charles Hotel, books of various kinds.

BY CHARLES E. PORTIER, at 12 o'clock, at Royal street Auction Exchange, two lots of ground and buildings Nos. 192 and 194 Carondelet walk—succession of Louis Renvier; lot of ground and buildings Nos. 200 and 202 St. Ann street—succession of A. J. Guiret.

BY R. M. & R. J. MONTGOMERY, at 12 o'clock, at Old Auction Mart, No. 87 Camp street, a general assortment of new and second-hand furniture, pianos, etc.; at 12 o'clock, at St. Charles Auction Exchange, lot of ground and buildings No. 35 Bourbon street—succession of Aaron Harris.

BY G. DE FERIET, at 12 o'clock, at St. Charles Auction Exchange, lot of ground and buildings No. 180 St. Charles street, extending through to St. Mary street—succession of Harvey Guild.

BY HAHN & HODGSON, at 12 o'clock, at St. Charles Auction Exchange, three lots of ground and building No. 436 St. Charles street; seventeen lots of ground and buildings in square bounded by Third, Fourth, Clara and Willow streets—succession of Patrick H. Cummings.

BY A. J. DAVERN, Constable Second Justice Court, at 11 o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, all the right, title and interest of Albert Robert in succession of Francis Robert, consisting of contents of hardware store No. 214 Chartres street, and lot of furniture.

BY NEVILLE & VAN SOLINGEN, at 12 o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, lot of ground and building No. 140 Prytania street.

BY H. A. DESLONDE, at 12 o'clock, at Merchants' and Auctioneers' Exchange, eight lots of ground on Prytania and Fourth streets.

BY PLACIDE J. SPEAR, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 66 Exchange alley, gold and silver watches, ear-rings, breastpins, gold sets, gold bracelets, diamond cluster and single stone pins, rings, etc. At 11 o'clock, one single stone white diamond pin, costing $3000 in gold; one diamond pin, with eleven rose diamonds around.

Local Intelligence.

THE FISHING SEASON.—One of the most natural and rational amusements mankind can indulge in is fishing. The season has arrived when amateurs can indulge their inclinations profitably. There are several good resorts in this section not far from our city, the best one being in Bayou Barataria, a stream easily and quickly reached by passing through Harvey's canal. Our friends who are unacquainted with the route may readily become familiar with details by crossing the river head of Louisiana avenue, calling at Harvey's depot, where good skiffs may be procured from the engineer, Mr. Ira Bostick, for a small sum of money, hiring a horse to cordelle you down to the bayou, a distance of nearly six miles. Once in the bayou, perch in vast numbers are ready and willing to be hooked.

Just now these pan fish are as fine as can be desired, and if the fisherman chooses he can take frying pan, lard, and other necessaries, and indulge in a fry, which will be relished with extraordinary appetite, as fresh air and change of scene have a healthy influence on one's stomach. A day can be passed pleasantly and at trifling expense. We guarantee that all who take the excursion will thank us for the suggestions, which are given for the benefit of those unacquainted with the locality. Several leading members of our bar recreate their wearied bodies down there one day out of the seven.

It is necessary to take lunch and water, as these articles can not be procured after leaving the river. As to bait for fish, purchase shrimps at one of the markets before starting. Failing in this, take a scoop-net to catch minnows, which will prove quite as good as shrimp; or cut up a perch, as their kindred bite freely at the white meat.

ABOUT TOWN.—When the fire took place last Wednesday morning on Canal street, not far from the levee, and several boutiques were destroyed, pity for honest folks was somewhat mollified by thankfulness that the "Snake Show" was gone also. For the fire occurred in the square on one corner of which is that grand menagerie of Zoology, Iethyology, and other ologies, the principal ology being that of roping in the verdant and the silly, and getting possession of their money. The place is familiar to the hundreds who daily and hourly pass up and down in the neighborhood, by the works of pictorial art that ornament the walls, within which are hidden wondrous mysteries, dimly indicated by the tones of a nondescript musical instrument. The symbolical paintings are all of the loudest and most stunning style of art. There is portrayed the monocular, cyclopic female of the bovine genus, the multicorn and the quintuped—astonishing to the beholder, but not near so astonishing in itself as the intensity of open-eyed surprise and wonder expressed by the spectators which, on the picture, surround the marvelous animal.

On another part of the wall is extended another large canvass, on which is painted a concatenation of animal life in all parts of the globe, from the tropics and the poles, fraternizing amid impossible vegetation. Then there is a picture of the king of beasts, the lion, which, to judge by surrounding objects in the picture, must be at least seventy feet long, engaged in combat with a titan-like hero, the tightness of whose ultra-marine blue garments suggests the idea that his clothes are made of sheet tin. To give zest to this feast of vision, the ear is regaled by the droning of a hurdy-gurdy organ, playing tunes in a manner marvelously like the progress of a drunken man, sometimes slow, and anon a rickety gallop. At the door, like Giant Pagan in the "Pilgrim's Progress," sits one of the keepers, all day long, apparently indifferent, but keenly watchful, ready to accost and pounce upon any passer by who hesitates a second in his walk, and whose appearance indicates the requisite verdancy.

When the day is warm the locality is indicated by a stench of which no idea can be given by words. How is it that the sanitary authorities have never found this out?

Coroner Jackson held an inquest on the body of Levy Dixon, aged forty-five years, who died at the corner of Robertson and St. Bernard streets, from inflammation of the intestines and internal injuries received by falling from a horse.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Lizzie Owens, convicted of one of the many cases of larceny of which she was accused, and her confederate, Caroline Simmons, who stole together, from Titus Biber, on New Year's eve, forty dollars and several other articles, were sentenced to six months Parish Prison.

Alonzo Hardy, who pleaded guilty to breaking into the barroom of Adam Fray, under the National Theatre, was sent to the Penitentiary for three years.

Paul Robinson pleaded guilty to a petty larceny, stealing an accordeon, and was sentenced to two months in the Parish Prison.

The affidavit charging R. B. Lane with obtaining money under false pretences was dismissed.

Also the affidavit charging Mrs. Angeline Dubarry with cutting and wounding a boy named Abraham Veale.

ARRESTED.—Officer Campbell, yesterday, arrested Major Robinson, the man who, it is charged, murdered his wife Henrietta Hughes, by kicking her while she was enceinte, on Thalia street. Robinson is, or was, a steamboatman. A coroner's jury returned a verdict that he murdered her. He was locked up in the second precinct.

Mr. E. Cook, who, by an unfortunate accident or misstep, was injured by a large stick of timber falling on his feet on the levee, died in the Charity Hospital a day or two ago. The accident occurred on the twentieth ultimo. It was not ascertained who or what he was.

A colored woman, walking on the Jackson railroad track, near the six-mile post, failing to stand aside, was struck by a locomotive and almost instantly killed. Her name was not ascertained, but the Coroner of Jefferson parish will hold an inquest to-day and obtain particulars.

BEFORE RECORDER LECLERC.—Mrs. Dan Clifford, a tongue lasher, gave bonds to keep the peace for six months, so far as the family of Mr. Holgrave is concerned. From what we can learn, it appears that about five months ago the husband of the accused, who was a cotton screwer, was accidentally killed in a ship's hold by the falling of a bale of cotton. Since that time the accused has persistently attributed his death to Mr. Holgrave, and on several occasions threatened not only his life, but the lives of his family.

Annie Lewis, an attractive demoiselle, after a full hearing on the charge of having stolen from Mrs. Elizabeth Lumly articles of feminine wearing apparel sufficient to stock a small millinery store, was sent to the Criminal Court under $250 bonds for further investigation.

An old shellback named Thomas Thomas being scant of clothing, was unselfish enough to appropriate his messmate's clothing, for which offense he was remanded to the Parish Prison for further investigation.

For making a public display of his person "Chinee" Si-Man will spend the next fifteen days in Masicot's mansion to learn the art of decency.

Levees and High Water.

This is copied from the Elton *Eagle:*

We regret to announce that the levee has given way on the Airlie place, above Goodrich's, and that the efforts to stop it have thus far proved unavailing. Captain Rhodes has gone to the city for help, and we trust will be able to procure means to stop the break.

On Sunday morning at daylight the run-around at Elton gave way, but our citizens (thanks to their energy) repaired the break, and no danger for the present is apprehended there.

We were mistaken last week in stating that the appropriation of the police jury for levee purposes was expended. We learn that only about $1600 has been expended on the run-around, and that the work has since been taken hold of by Judge Benham and assistant engineer W. C. Sanford, and is now being carried out under an appropriation from the State by these gentlemen. A permanent levee is to be built back of the run-around, which will be paid for by the State.

The energy and liberality displayed in securing this important and dangerous place is worthy of all praise.

We learn that the Bolivar levee has given way, and this, in connection with the fact that no heavy rains are reported above, gives us the hope that the worst is past. All the back country is overflowed, and the water is seriously encroaching on the back lands of Lake Providence and upper Bunch's Bend.

The Pullman Southern Car Company.

We copy the following from the Louisville *Ledger:*

Within the last few years the manifold improvements in the equipments of railroads have rendered them not only the most expeditious, but the most pleasant and comfortable method of transportation. The fertile minds of the inventors have transformed the disagreeable trip by rail into a pleasure tour, more to be sought for than to be avoided. By their ingenuity the traveler is furnished with all the comforts of a pleasant home. But few of our Southern railroads have kept pace with the progressive spirit of our more Northern neighbors, and it is with pleasure that we hail the advent of a new era. Months ago negotiations were commenced, looking to the consolidation of the several Southern sleeping-car lines under one organization and management. These negotiations were carried to a successful termination, and have resulted in the organization of the "Pullman Southern Car Company," under a charter granted by the Legislature of this State.

The new company commences active operations on the first of April, and have already ordered twenty new palace cars that will be placed on their lines as soon as they can be completed. In the directory of the company we notice the names of George M. Pullman, of Chicago; Thomas A. Scott, of Philadelphia; H. I. Kimball, of Atlanta, Georgia, and W. R. Hamilton and W. F. Harris, of this city. The officers of the company are as follows: George M. Pullman, president; E. H. Paine, vice president and general manager; W. B. Hamilton, treasurer; S. M. Lemont, secretary.

The general office of the company will be in this city. George M. Pullman, president of the company, is also president of the Pullman Palace Car Company, and has probably contributed more to the convenience, comfort and pleasure of railway travel than any other person in the country. In fact, his name is a household word with the traveling public. E. H. Paine, the general manager of the company, has been identified with the sleeping car interests of the South for the last thirteen years, being the first person who ran sleeping cars under contract on any railroad in the Southern States. Incidental to this, we note that the "City of Galveston," a new palace car belonging to this company, leaves the Louisville and Nashville depot at nine o'clock Monday morning, twenty-seventh instant, and will go through to Savannah, Georgia, with the delegates to the general ticket agents' semi-annual meeting, to be held in that city Wednesday, March 29.

The palace car "City of Galveston" is intended, we believe, for the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroad and its connections.

At a California fair, recently, several bottles of strained honey were put on exhibition, when a chap put a bottle of castor oil with the rest. The opinion of all who tried it was that the bee that laid it was a fraud.

When Professor Moses Coit Tyler visited the once home of Coleridge, in 1863, he found the plain, two-storied brick house he used to occupy to let. He flattened his nose against the parlor windows, and peered into the vacant rooms.

Amusements.

Academy of Music.

This is positively the last matinee at which the children, accompanied by their parents or others, can have the opportunity of witnessing the gymnastic performance of the Walhalla troupe, and all the other attractions of the present combination, including the "Fenian's Oath." This evening the same elegant bill, and in order to get a seat application should be made early. Next Monday evening, the distinguished actress, Mrs. D. P. Bowers.

St. Charles Theatre.

Mr. Edwin Adams, as *Enoch Arden*, played to a magnificent house last evening, on the occasion of his first benefit. To-day at twelve o'clock, Professor Adams' matinee, when "Enoch Arden" will be produced with Mr. Adams in the title role and Mary Mitchell Albaugh as *Annie Leigh*. This evening "Enoch Arden" once more. Monday evening Mr. Adams as Hamlet.

The Belle of Alton.

The St. Louis *Democrat* gives the history of the Belle of Alton, burned here a few morning's since:

The Belle of Alton was built at Jeffersonville, Indiana, by Howard, and finished in St. Louis, April, 1868. Measurement tonnage 349 and carried 633 tons. Her length on deck was 227 feet, beam 34 feet, floor 31 feet, hold 6 feet. She had four boilers; her cylinders were seven feet stroke and twenty-four and a quarter inches diameter. The machinery was previously on the Southwestern. The original cost of the Belle of Alton was $60,000. Last September, the underwriters valued her at $50,000. She was built to run in the St. Louis and Alton trade, and did run there most of the time. She was a rapid and fine vessel, and therefore, being well adapted to the Southern deep waters, she was taken down and put into Red river. Business becoming dull in that river, she, in common with others, was withdrawn to wait for better times, a suitable boat having taken her place in the St. Louis and Alton trade. The Belle of Alton was insured for $34,500, as follows: Cincinnati offices, $20,000; Wheeling offices, $6000; Pittsburg offices, 8500.

"Lady Audley's Secret."

The St. Louis *Democrat* says of Mrs. Bowers, who makes her *debut* at the Academy of Music here next Monday evening:

Mrs. D. P. Bowers' admirers, whose name is legion, assembled last evening in goodly numbers to witness her rendition of the title role in the drama of "Lady Audley's Secret." The lady appears to be improved in her acting on each successive visit to our city, and it would have rejoiced the heart of Miss M. A. Braddon to have seen last night's performance of the dramatization of her splendid novel. Mrs. Bowers rendered her trying role in a manner that must have evoked the unqualified admiration of every person present, and this was manifested not only by frequent applause, but by calling the lady before the curtain at the close of each act. Miss Braddon's novels being read by all readers of fiction, it is needless to give the plot of the play, as it very closely follows the story. Very few of the sensational parts are omitted from the drama. Mrs. Bowers was particularly good in her scenes with *Robert Audley*, (Mr. J. C. McCollom), who rendered her very efficient support.

Murder in Indiana—Case of Deliberate Shooting.

An Indianapolis dispatch of the twenty-seventh, to the Cincinnati *Gazette*, says:

The muder of Ringsdorf, at Shelbyville, Indiana, Saturday night, has created great excitement in that village. The murderer and his victim had been associating and drinking together for two or three days. Saturday evening Ringsdorf came into Benjowsky's drug and grocery store, and asked his wife for a little wine. She said she knew of none about the premises; that if her husband kept any wine she was not aware of it. Just then Benjowsky came in at the back door and approached Ringsdorf, the former putting out his hand as if to guard himself from an anticipated attack from the latter.

Benjowsky went to a glass case, took out a revolver and deliberately commenced firing at Ringsdorf, discharging one ball into his bowels and another into his hip. He was arrested and lodged in jail. Some persons are circulating the report that Benjowsky has been crazy for the past seven years. This is a dodge to screen the murderer. He has been an active business man during the past seven years, and has managed by fair means and foul to accumulate considerable property. He has a mean, bull dog disposition, and is reported to have whipped his wife at times when in a passion, but his lunacy has not been of that kind to make him in any wise irresponsible for the horrible crime he has committed.

The Madison *Journal* says:

We saw General Jeff Thompson the other day on his way to Goodrich's Landing, in Carroll parish, where he goes to stop the crevasse, as he informed us. We are told that the crevasse is about one hundred and fifty yards wide and about three feet deep, with a powerful current. We understand the General took up a large quantity of lumber, and a corps of engineers, of which he is the head. The General may find some practical use for his lumber in securing the ends of the levee from washing, but he won't stop the crevasse, nor wouldn't if he had all the lumber in Louisiana, and all the engineers in Louisiana and Missouri both to aid him.

When General Thompson has expended a few hundreds of thousands of dollars in attempting to stop crevasses on the Mississippi river that are one hundred and fifty yards wide and three feet deep, with a rising river, he will be wiser than he was the day we saw him last.

We copy this from the Cincinnati *Gazette:*

A prominent dry goods jobber informed us yesterday that he had just purchased, through a commission house here, Southern brown sheetings of a splendid quality, which he could sell at a profit to his customers, who would get them one-half cent per yard less than the same quality of New England goods was selling in New York to the jobbers. He very justly remarked that he was not only permitted to sell them at less than the wholesale prices in New York, but was saving the entire freight from the East to Cincinnati. Is not this one of the important signs of the times? It is more than the dawn of a day which is to work mighty changes in the distribution of the business of the country. It will not be many years before Cincinnati will be a distributing depot for certain classes of goods, particularly of cottons, that will surprise even the most sanguine.

A Washington dispatch to the Memphis *Sun* says:

There is a fact now stated which indicates pretty plainly what has not heretofore been believed: that Sumner has not only turned his back upon the administration, but that he aims his attack on the Republican party as well, and that he intends to keep up the fire so long as there is any prospect of the renomination of Grant. Buckingham is said to have gone to him and entreated him to include a paragraph in his speech disclaiming any purpose or feeling of hostility toward the Republican party. Sumner next day absolutely declined to do so. Buckingham foresaw that unless Sumner drew in his speech a contrast between the party and the administration, the effect of the speech would tell powerfully against the party in the election in Connecticut next Monday.

They explained that the perfectly undeviating consistency of Markiss' character for thirty years towered aloft as colossal and indestructible testimony that whatever statement he chose to make was entitled to instant and unquestioning acceptance as a lie. And they furthermore stated their belief that he was not dead, and instanced the strong circumstantial evidence of his own word that he was dead—and beseeched the coroner to delay the funeral as long as possible, which was done. And so in the tropical climate of Lahainia the coffin stood upon for seven days, and then even the loyal jury gave him up. But they sat on him again, and changed their verdict to "suicide induced by mental aberration," because, said they, with penetration, "he said he was dead, and he was dead; and would he have told the truth if he had been in his right mind? No, sir."—*April Galaxy.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Chamber of Commerce.—The regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, on MONDAY, April 3, at 12 M.

WILLIAM M. BURWELL, Secretary Chamber of Commerce.
ap2 1t

Office of the New Orleans Insurance Association—New Orleans, March 31, 1871.—In conformity with a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors, on the sixteenth instant, notice is hereby given that a general meeting of the stockholders of the New Orleans Insurance Association will be held on WEDNESDAY, April 12, 1871, at the office of the association, No. 16 Exchange alley, from ten o'clock A. M. to two o'clock P. M., to decide by vote, as required by article eleven of the charter, on the propriety of liquidating the New Orleans Insurance Association.

G. LANAUX, Secretary.
mh31 1t

Office of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company, New Orleans, March 31, 1871.—An election for eighteen Directors of this company will be held at the office of the company, on Camp street, opposite Lafayette square, on MONDAY, April 17, 1871, from nine to three o'clock; provided, a majority of the stock of the company is represented at said election. But, if a majority of the stock be not then represented, the election will be held on Monday, April 24, 1871, at same hour and place.

R. S. CHARLES, Secretary.
ap1

Office of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company, New Orleans, March 31, 1871.—Notice is hereby given to the holders of the Second Mortgage Bonds of this company that their coupons, due first of April, 1871, will be paid on presentation at the Crescent City Bank.

R. S. CHARLES, Treasurer.
ap1 6t

Office Upper Red River Raft Company, No. 36 Perdido street, New Orleans, Louisiana, March 26, 1871.—Notice is hereby given that there will be a regular monthly meeting of the incorporators and associates of the Upper Red River Raft Company at the office of the company on the FIRST TUESDAY in April, 1871, at 6 P. M. By order of the Board of Administrators.

J. B. LEWIS, Vice President Presiding.
DE WITT C. BROWN, Secretary. mn30 5t

Office Germania Insurance Company, No. 124 Common street, New Orleans, March 23, 1871.—Notice is hereby given that an election for twenty-four directors will be held at the office of this company, on Monday, April 10, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

EMILE MAIRE, Secretary.
mh28 12t

Notice.—Calcasieu Sulphur and Mining Company, New Orleans, March 24, 1871.—The stockholders of the Calcasieu Sulphur and Mining Company are hereby notified that an installment of five dollars per share on the ordinary stock of the company has been called for by the Board of Directors, and made payable on the FIRST MONDAY of April next, at the office of the company, No. 13 Carondelet street.

ALEXANDER BONNEVAL, Secretary.
mh24 9t

Notice.—French Society of Benevolence and Mutual Assistance.—All persons having claims against the kitchen building lately erected on the ground of the association are hereby notified to present them to the Council of Administration, the contractor having delivered said building and made application for final payment.

The Secretary.
BARBIER.
mh29 ap1 5*

Office of New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company—New Orleans, March 22, 1871.—Public notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at their office on Camp street, opposite Lafayette square, on MONDAY, April 10, 1871, at 12 M., in conformity with the charter.

R. S. CHARLES, Secretary.
mh23

Sozodont.—All dentifrices had their drawbacks until the salubrious bark of the soap tree was brought from the Chilian valleys, to perfect the fragrant Sozodont, the most wholesome, reliable and delightful article for the teeth that a brush ever dipped into.

"Spalding's Glue" always up to the sticking point.
mh25 3teod

Bank of New Orleans, New Orleans, March 3, 1871.—The stockholders of the Bank of New Orleans are notified that there will be held a general meeting on MONDAY, April 3, 1871, to take the sense of stockholders upon the propriety of converting said bank into a National Bank, under the National Currency Act.

R. AUGUSTIN, Cashier.
mh3 1m eod

Avoid Quacks.—A victim of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow sufferers. Address J. H. TUTTLE, 78 Nassau street, New York.
ja26 eod6m

Special Notice.—Notice is hereby given that four weeks after date application will be made to the Register of the State Land Office at New Orleans, for patent to issue upon certificate No. 1689, in my name, for lot number sixteen, in township sixteen, south of range sixteen east, in the southeastern land district of Louisiana, the original certificate having been lost or mislaid.

LOUIS PALMS,
Per pro LOUIS BUSH.
mh11 18 25 ap1

Knights of Pythias.—To the officers and members of Bayard Lodge No. 4, Knights of Pythias: You are respectfully informed that there will be a meeting of the lodge MONDAY EVENING, April 3, at seven o'clock sharp, at Teutonia Hall, corner of Exchange alley and Customhouse street. All members of the lodge are expected to attend, as business of importance will be brought before the lodge. Brothers of sister lodges in good standing are respectfully invited to attend.

R. H. CHADBOURN, W. C.
ap1 1t*

Office of the Carondelet Street and Carrollton City Railroad Company, No. 76 Carondelet street, New Orleans, March 7, 1870.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of this company until twelve o'clock M. MONDAY, April 3, 1871, for constructing the Carondelet Street and Carrollton City Railroad, according to plan to be seen at the office of the company, No. 76 Carondelet street. The company reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

CHARLES W. SQUIRES, Secretary.
mh9 26t

Office of the Upper Red River Raft Company of Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas, New Orleans, Louisiana, No. 34 Perdido street, March 17, 1871.—According to a resolution adopted by the Board of Administrators of the Upper Red River Raft Company of Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas, all of the incorporators and associates of said company are hereby required within thirty days after the publication of this notice, to subscribe at the domicile of the company to ten thousand dollars of his pro rata of capital stock of the company.

A. W. FAULKNER, President.
DEWITT C. BROWN, Secretary.
mh17 19 eod30d

Getting Married.—Essays for young men, on great social evils and abuses, which interfere with marriage—with sure means of relief for the erring and unfortunate, diseased and debilitated. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
je14 1y

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Headquarters German Republican Central Committee.—The members of the above committee are requested to meet TO-NIGHT, April 1, at seven o'clock, at the Bismarck, up-stairs.

S. SCHMIDT, President.
H. CLARENCE, Secretary. ap1 1t*

Crescent City Republican Club.—At a meeting of this club held at the Mechanics' Institute on March 29, 1871, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The Hon. B. F. Blanchard, State Registrar of Voters, has been nominated by President Grant for the position of Postmaster of the city of New Orleans; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Crescent City Republican Club of New Orleans, that we heartily indorse the nomination of Mr. Blanchard as a just recognition of his faithful, energetic, and invaluable services as a prominent and devoted member of the Republican party, as well as a proper tribute to his character, both in public and private life.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the Senators and Representatives of the State of Louisiana now in Congress, with the earnest recommendation of this club that they endeavor to secure his early confirmation by the Senate of the United States; and

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the New Orleans Republican.

LOUIS GASTINEL, Acting President.
C. G. LAURANT, Secretary. ap1 1t

CONSTABLES' SALES.

Mrs. Watkins vs. Mrs. Nelson—Sixth Justice Court, parish of Orleans.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Honorable Sixth Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I shall proceed to sell at public auction, at my warerooms, No. 231 St. Andrew street, on MONDAY, April 10, 1871, at twelve o'clock M—

A LOT OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash in United States currency.

JAMES MOORE, Constable.
mh31 ap6 10

E. C. Palmer & Co. vs. J. J. Daly—First Justice Court, parish of Orleans, No. 456.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Honorable H. M. Dibble, First Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at my warehouse, No. 139 Julia street, on MONDAY, April 10, 1871, at twelve o'clock M.—

Two thousand SHINGLES.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot in United States treasury notes.

DANIEL CROWLEY, Constable.
ap1 5 9

William Wooderson vs. Alfred Robert—Second Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, No. 10,772.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Hon. W. L. Evans, Second Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I shall proceed to sell at public auction, on SATURDAY, April 1, 1871, at eleven o'clock A. M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, on Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, the following described property, to wit—

ALL THE RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST of the defendant in and to the succession of Francois Robert, No. 34,363 of the honorable the Second District Court, said defendant being the only heir, and entitled to one undivided half of said succession, the widow in community being entitled to the other undivided half. Said succession consists of the effects of hardware store No. 214 Chartres street, a lot of furniture (or the hoard therefor) and certain real estate in the parish of Jefferson and elsewhere, moneys, credits, rights, etc., including the whole of defendant's said rights in said succession of F. Robert.

Seized in the above entitled suit.

Terms—Cash.

A. J. DAVERN, Constable Second Justice Court.
mh 3 15 29 ap1

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF WAREHOUSES AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS, New Orleans, March 29, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until FRIDAY, April 7, 1871, at 12 M., for erecting a market-house in the Fifth District (late Algiers), according to plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Surveyor.

All parties making proposals are required to deposit with the Administrator of Finance, as evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication, the amount of five hundred dollars in cash, which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to sign the contract.

Bidders to whom the contract is not awarded will have their deposits returned to them on the day the adjudication is made.

No bid will be received unless accompanied by the certificate of the Administrator of Finance, certifying that the required cash deposit has been made.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for erecting a Markethouse in the Fifth District."

L. T. DELASSIZE, Administrator.
mh30 8t

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

STATE TAX COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, Sixth District, New Orleans, March 27, 1871.

THE TAXPAYERS OF THE SIXTH DISTRICT are hereby notified that the office for the collection of State taxes and licenses is now open on Magazine street, between Napoleon avenue and Berlin street, and they are requested to make immediate payment of same.

F. J. HERRON, State Tax Collector, Sixth District.
mh28 20t

PROPOSALS FOR FUEL AND FORAGE.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, San Antonio, Texas, January 3, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE, UNDER the usual conditions heretofore published, will be received at this office, and also at the office of the United States Quartermaster, at the several posts named below, until twelve M., on MONDAY, the first day of May, 1871, for furnishing supplies from the first day of July, 1871, to the thirtieth day of June, 1872, at the following military posts in the department of Texas, viz:

FORT BLISS, TEXAS.
200 cords of Wood.
65,000 pounds of Corn.
35,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
150,000 pounds of Hay.

FORT BROWN, TEXAS.
1,500 cords of Wood.
500 bushels of Charcoal.
520,000 pounds of Corn.
270,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
1,100,000 pounds of Hay.

FORT CLARK, TEXAS.
1,400 cords of Wood.
1,200 bushels of Charcoal.
825,000 pounds of Corn.
250,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
1,050,000 pounds of Hay.

FORT CORCHO, TEXAS.
2,000 cords of Wood.
1,000 bushels of Charcoal.
1,500,000 pounds of Corn.
750,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
3,000,000 pounds of Hay.

FORT DAVIS, TEXAS.
1,500 cords of Wood.
1,200 bushels of Charcoal.
1,350,000 pounds of Corn.
650,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
2,500,000 pounds of Hay.

FORT DUNCAN, TEXAS.
800 cords of Wood.
400 bushels of Charcoal.
460,000 pounds of Corn.
320,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
980,000 pounds of Hay.

FORT GRIFFIN, TEXAS.
1,500 cords of Wood.
500 bushels of Charcoal.
1,250,000 pounds of Corn.
650,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
3,400,000 pounds of Hay.

FORT McINTOSH, TEXAS.
300 cords of Wood.
900 bushels of Charcoal.
360,000 pounds of Corn.
180,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
700,000 pounds of Hay.

FORT McKAVETT, TEXAS.
1,200 cords of Wood.
1,000 bushels of Charcoal.
800,000 pounds of Corn.
400,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
1,600,000 pounds of Hay.

FORT QUITMAN, TEXAS.
800 cords of Wood.
500 bushels of Charcoal.
700,000 pounds of Corn.
350,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
1,200,000 pounds of Hay.

FORT RICHARDSON, TEXAS.
2,500 cords of Wood.
1,500 bushels of Charcoal.
2,500,000 pounds of Corn.
1,250,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
4,600,000 pounds of Hay.

FORT STOCKTON, TEXAS.
800 cords of Wood.
1,500 bushels of Charcoal.
780,000 pounds of Corn.
390,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
1,400,000 pounds of Hay.

RINGGOLD BARRACKS, TEXAS.
800 cords of Wood.
800 bushels of Charcoal.
430,000 pounds of Corn.
215,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
845,000 pounds of Hay.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
3,000 cords of Wood.
3,000 bushels of Charcoal.
1,900,000 pounds of Corn.
650,000 pounds of Oats or Barley.
2,650,000 pounds of Hay.

BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA.
500 cords of Wood.

FORTS JACKSON AND ST. PHILIP, LOUISIANA.
500 cords of Wood.

FORT PIKE, LOUISIANA.
200 cords of Wood.

JACKSON BARRACKS, LOUISIANA.
1,000 cords of Wood.

The above are the estimated quantities that will be required at each post, according to the present distribution of troops, but the government reserves the right to increase or diminish the same at any time during the continuance of the contract.

Separate bids should be made for each post, and for each class of supplies.

Contracts will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidders for each post and each kind of supply.

It is desired to purchase in the vicinity of each post, from the products of the neighboring ranches and farms, and bids for any portion of the specified supplies will be considered.

Blank proposals, and any additional information, can be had on application to the undersigned.

JAMES A. EKIN, Chief Quartermaster, Department of Texas.
mh28 10t

NOTICE TO CITY TAXPAYERS.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, March 28, 1871.

TAXPAYERS OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS are hereby notified that the bills for the tax of 1870 are now ready for delivery at this office. Persons owning more than one piece of real estate will save themselves much trouble and delay by making an accurate list of the same, as bills have been made for the tax on each piece of property separately.

JOHN S. WALTON, Administrator of Finance.
mh 29 11t

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS, New Orleans, March 28, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS ADDRESSED TO THE UNdersigned will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY NOON, April 5, 1871, for grading and shelling Frenchmen street from Marigny canal to Lake Pontchartrain, and collecting tolls therefrom for a period of fifteen years, according to specifications on file in the office of the City Surveyor.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

All parties making proposals for this contract are required to deposit with the Administrator of Finance, as evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication, the amount of five hundred dollars in cash, which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to sign the contract.

Bidders to whom contracts are not awarded shall have their deposits returned to them on the day adjudications are made.

No bid will be received unless accompanied by the certificate of the Administrator of Finance certifying that the required cash deposit has been made.

Two classes of bids will be received: one for the privilege of collecting the tolls for fifteen years, and the other without the privilege.

Bids to be endorsed, "Proposals for shelling Frenchmen street."

H. BONZANO, Administrator ad-interim.
mh29

TO CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE Board of Supervisors of Yazoo county, Mississippi, for the various work and material required to erect a new courthouse at Yazoo City.

Plans and specifications prepared by Charles M. Oates, architect, can be seen in the Chancery Clerk's office of said county from the twenty-eighth day of March to the thirteenth day of April, 1871, by which day proposals must be delivered, the same to be indorsed "Proposals for Courthouse."

Good and sufficient security will be required for the faithful performance of the contract.

The committee reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

F. P. HILLIARD, Chairman Building Committee.
S. GALLINGER, Secretary. mh31 tap10

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION IN TEXAS.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS, Chief Quartermaster's Office, San Antonio, Texas, January 3, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS, IN TRIPLICATE, OF THE form furnished by the undersigned, will be received until MONDAY, the first day of May, 1871, at twelve M., for the transportation of army supplies from the first day of July, 1871, to the thirtieth day of June, 1872, on the following routes, viz:

Routes Numbers One, Two, Three, Four, Five, Six and Seven.

Details and requirements will be furnished by the undersigned, to whom all proposals are to be addressed.

JAMES A. EKIN, Chief Quartermaster.
mh18 18t

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

CUSTOM HOUSE, GOVERNMENT STORES, New Orleans, March 31, 1871.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH ORDERS FROM THE Treasury Department, the following condemned property will be sold at public auction, at warehouse No. 1, Customhouse building, on MONDAY, April 10, 1871, at twelve o'clock M.—

Twenty-one Chairs, one Desk, one Stove and Pipe, one Bandsaw, thirty Podlocks, etc.

Terms—Cash in United States currency.

JAMES F. CASEY, Collector.
ap1 3

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, San Antonio, Texas, March 15, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE WILL BE received at this office until twelve o'clock, M., on WEDNESDAY, May 10, 1871, for furnishing the fresh beef required by the Subsistence Department, United States army, at the following posts in the Department of Texas, viz:—

Austin, Fort Bliss, Fort Brown, Fort Clark, Fort Concho, Fort Davis, Fort Duncan, Fort Griffin, Fort McIntosh, Fort McKavett, Fort Quitman, Fort Richardson, Fort Stockton, Jefferson, Ringgold Barracks and San Antonio, Texas; Baton Rouge and Shreveport, Louisiana.

Contracts to be in force twelve months, commencing July 1, 1871.

Proposals to be made distinctly for beef on the block, or cattle on the hoof, each net weight.

Information as to condition, quality of beef, payments, etc., can be obtained by application to

SAMUEL T. CUSHING, Captain and Commissary of Subsistence.
mh30 6t

NOTICE.

UNITED STAT